SIXTEEN PAGES--PART ONE--Pages 1 to 8

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1897. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

PRICE POWER!

Is making this store a busy place. It is price power attached to good, reliable goods which are shown in immense variety in these large, light show rooms.

If you pay higher prices than ours you pay too much. If you pay less you get inferior goods.

Carpet Bargains.

In connection with the general low prices on our Carpet stock we offer a few special bargains way below value.

A large line of Body Brussels, a yard	90c
Two patterns rich Velvet, with borders, and sold elsewhere for $1.15, a yard	75c
All wool Ingrains, a yard	45c
Extra Heavy Wool Carpets, a yard	55c
Heavy Oil Cloth, a yard	25c
Fair Oil Cloth, a yard	18c
Linoleum, a yard	50c
Jute Art Squares, 9x12 feet	$2.00

Drapery Department

In this line we show some wonderfully stylish and attractive things for very small expense.

Dainty Curtains, delft blue, forest green, yellow, rose color, fringed top and bottom, a pair	98c
Same goods by the yard (for bed spreads, bureau covers and drapery) at	15c
White Enameled Screens, filled complete in pretty stikoline	$2.50
Rope Curtains, for 5 to 6 foot openings (price in other stores $5.00) at	$2.50
Same for 6 to 7 foot openings (price elsewhere $7.00) at	$3.75

Haviland China.

In this beautiful ware we are showing a charming line of patterns, probably double the number shown by any other store here, consisting of ten open stock patterns and as many styles of sets.

100-piece Haviland & Co.'s set	$24.00
113-piece Haviland & Co. set	$28.00
Tea Sets and smaller assortments of Haviland ware, range in price up from	$6.50

Round Dining Tables

Are the latest style, and they certainly give a dining room a very cosy and attractive appearance.

We sell one like cut which seats ten people for $12.50

Others ask $16 50 for the like.

Other tables $2.50, $3.75, $5 up

Children's Carriages

Only one kind sold here and that the celebrated "Heywood." Every carriage warranted and the name is on the plate. Always look out for a carriage which the maker is ashamed to put his name on.

Terms Cash or

$25 worth of Goods— $5 down and $5 a month
$40 worth of Goods— $8 down and $6 a month
$50 worth of Goods—$12 down and $7 a month
$80 worth of Goods—$15 down and $8 a month
$75 worth of Goods—$18 down and $9 a month
$100 worth of Goods—$20 down and $10 a month

Special and Favorable Arrangements for Larger Amounts.

French & Bassett.

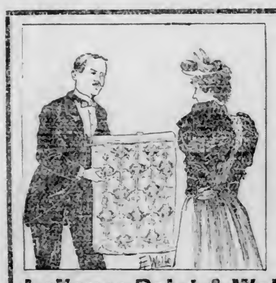
STEINWAY PIANOS!

Are recognized as the best in all civilized countries of the world.

SOLD EXCLUSIVELY IN THE NORTHWEST BY

DULUTH MUSIC CO. E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

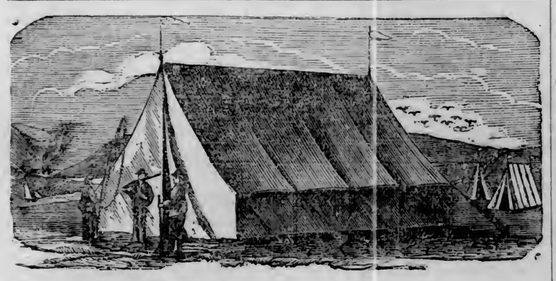
SALESROOMS -Phoenix Block—2nd floor; Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.



Educated and Artistic Tastes

in wall papers and decorations is one of the nineteenth century accomplishments. It isn't necessary to purchase the expensive grades, the designs and colors are just as artistic in the cheaper grades, if they are not so rich. For those who wish to cover the walls of a vine-covered cottage, or decorate a palace, go to

LaVaque Paint & Wall Paper Co., 12 W. Superior St



Summer Sports.

Don't forget that there is a place in this city where you can get anything you want in the way of

Summer Sporting Goods, Fishing Tackle, Base Ball Goods, Lawn Tennis Goods, Foot Balls, Kodaks, Running and Tennis Shoes, Hammocks

and many other things too numerous to mention. Our line of

Bicycles and Sundries is always complete.

Tents for sale or for Rent.

We have the largest and best equipped REPAIR SHOP for doing all kinds of work at lowest prices. Umbrellas recovered while you wait, also repaired.

City Gun Store, R. C. Kruschke Prop.

TELEPHONE 681. 402 W. SUPERIOR ST.

UNCLEAN

Married Woman in Baltimore Afflicted With Genuine Leprosy.

Contracted the Loathsome Disease While Lecturing In the Tropics.

Physicians Treated Her For All Sorts of Skin Ailments Unsuccessfully.

Baltimore, May 29.—There is a female leper at the Johns Hopkins hospital in this city. She was taken to the institution several weeks ago suffering from a skin eruption, but after a careful diagnosis of her case it was discovered that the woman was a victim of the terrible disease of leprosy. The unfortunate woman was then isolated from the rest of the patients and in that condition she will be kept at the hospital until arrangements can be made with the health authorities to remove her elsewhere.

The woman is a native of this city and it is thought contracted the terrible malady a number of years ago while in the West Indies. After lecturing in the tropics she went to live in Allegheny City and recently returned to this city. It was about that time she noticed a few small eruptions on various parts of her body. Gradually they grew in size and the physicians whom she visited treated her for a number of ailments. She was given medicine internally and applications of various kinds were used on the eruptions, but they were of no avail and they continued to increase.

Her husband prevailed upon her to go to the Johns Hopkins hospital. She did so and it was several days before the physicians discovered the fact that a leper was in their midst. For the meeting last night Dr. William Oster was assigned to read a treatise on "Leprosy" and in addition to that the woman was brought before the doctors. Dr. Oster discoursed on the disease in its many forms and particularly dwelt on the form affecting the woman, which it is stated is rather a mild one.

MODERN WOODMEN.

Great Gathering of the Order at Dubuque.

Dubuque, Iowa, May 29.—The biennial meeting of the head camp of Modern Woodmen of America, to be held here June 1 to 7, promises to be one of the most important and largest attended ever held by the order. Many matters of vital importance to the organization are to be considered, and there will be lively fights about some of them. This is especially true regarding the proposition to again order the headquarters removed from Fulton, Ill., to Rock Island. The Fulton people by means of injunctions and other legal proceedings prevented the removal, but the passage of a bill by the Illinois legislature recently authorized a change of location, and the general impression is that the convention next week will act in accordance therewith.

The reports of the head officers show that, since the meeting at Springfield in 1890, the membership has increased from 90,000 to 240,000, and the number of camps from 1,900 to 4800; that the death rate has decreased from 5.11 in 1893 to 4.60 in 1896, and the cost of management from $1.62 in 1889 to 61 cents in 1896. The total insurance now in force is $550,000,000. The increase in membership during the last biennial period has been 127,113 and in the number of camps 1858. There is a balance of $74,270 in the treasury to the credit for the benefit fund, and $175,000 in the general fund.

OBJECTS TO ANGELL.

The Porte Inquires About Dr. Angell's Record.

Washington, May 29.—Certain inquiries that have been propounded by the Turkish government as to the record of Dr. Angell, who has been appointed successor to Mr. Terrell as minister to Turkey, have led to the erroneous conclusion that formal objection has been made to the minister or in other words that our government has been informed that Dr. Angell is persona non grata. At the state department it is firmly denied that any such objection has been made to the reception of the minister, but it is the fact that some time ago Mr. Terrell was acquainted by the porte with the fact that the Turkish government would be pleased to know whether certain ideas of the qualities and record of the new minister were well founded.

This is said to be a right the Turkish government has always claimed, but it cannot be learned whether or not this right has always been exercised before in the case of an American minister. In Dr. Angell's case the inquiries are supposed to be based upon his connection with some religious organization which the porte suspects of peculiar antipathy to the Mohammedan faith. The state department does not question the right of a country to decline to receive an obnoxious minister, in fact the precedents on that point are in one direction, in our diplomatic history furnishing some strong instances of assertion of right.

While in Dr. Angell's case there was no formal complaint, it was the belief of the officials that it would be best at once to meet the suspicions, apparently founded on error and to present the truth. To this end the Turkish minister here, Mustafa Bey, has been consulted and explanations have been made by the state department to the Turkish government as to the minister's fitness for his post and his acceptability to the Turks. Dr. Angell himself has been in Washington recently in consultation with the state department officials respecting the matter and left Washington last evening, probably for his home at Ann Arbar, Mich., though he did not leave his address. He stated that he could not say when he would leave for his post, but it is known that he has taken passage from New York on the steamer of June 11, and if he fails to carry out this agreement it will be only because the state department's explanations are regarded as insufficient by the Turkish government.

MAKING GREAT SPEED.

Tariff Will Be in Conference Within Two Weeks.

Washington, May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Never before in the history of tariff legislation has such speed been made in the senate as is the case with the present bill, and it is predicted that it will be in conference within two weeks.

So far Wisconsin and Minnesota industries have been well taken care of. It is believed the $2 rate on lumber will stand. There will be no change in the liberal protection given barley, potatoes, eggs, flax and other agricultural products. The chances are that the inequalities in the beer tax will be corrected in conference.

Altogether the outlook is bright for the new tariff law being on the statute books at an early date.

NELSON'S MODEST REQUEST.

Wants $175,000 For Building at Fergus Falls.

Washington, May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Nelson today introduced a bill to appropriate $175,000 for a public building at Fergus Falls.

NO BANKRUPTCY LAW.

Czar Reed Will Not Permit Action This Year.

Washington, May 29—(Special to The Herald.)—A delegation, consisting of Congressmen Morris, Tawney and McCleary and A. L. Warner, of Duluth, today called on Congressman Henderson, former chairman of the judiciary committee, and requested that he take some action toward securing the passage of a bankruptcy bill at this session.

They were practically informed that there would be no bankruptcy legislation until the regular session, as Speaker Reed was opposed to the Nelson bill and desired to confine the work of this session to matters connected with the tariff.

TURKISH TROOPS MOVE.

And Greece Makes Protest to the Powers.

Athens, May 29.—The Turks have occupied a position at Tsopanatos in the neutral zone. The Greek government has protested against this movement to the representatives of the powers.

COWARDLY CROWN PRINCE.

Paris, May 29.—The Athens correspondent of the Journal asserts that Crown Prince Constantine after the retreat from Domokos attempted to commit suicide with a revolver on learning of the intense feeling against him. The correspondent adds that the prince was prevented by his officers from taking his life.

WILL BE CHANGED.

Palladio Building to Be Known as the Randolph.

Phillipps J. Greene, of Chicago, who recently purchased the Palladio building, arrived in the city today with the plans and specifications for the remodelling of the structure. The name will be changed to Randolph building when the alterations are completed. The rooms on the ground floor will be transformed into stores and the entrance will be in the center, with a long hall leading directly back to the elevators, which will do away with the necessity of ascending a flight of stairs to go to the upper floors of the building. The entrance from Fourth avenue will not have a flight of stairs descending to the ground floor, but will also afford access to offices on the second floor. Many other improvements have been provided for which will make the "Randolph" one of the most desirable office buildings in the city.

A BIKER'S FUNERAL.

A New Jersey Innovation That is Startling.

Elizabeth, N. J., May 29.—An innovation in funeral corteges has startled the people of this place—a bicycle funeral procession. The hearse was followed by the mourners, men and women, on wheels. The funeral was that of Mrs. Jane Shea. There were two carriages and fifteen bicycles. There were not quite as many women as men on the bicycles. They rode slowly and silently.

At the church the bicycles were left in the yard, while the riders listened to the service. Then began the ride to Evergreen cemetery and hundreds of persons lined the sidewalks and gazed at the strange procession until it was out of sight.

SPAIN'S POLITICAL CRISIS.

Madrid, May 29.—The political crisis here continues. The ministers assert that the premier, Senor Canovas Del Castillo intends to suspend the sittings of the chamber next week in order to postpone until October the overthrow of the ministry. The Heraldo publishes a pessimistic article declaring that the United States is preparing to "intervene with perfidy in Cuba," and asking if the Spanish national party will swallow the pill, and what will be the consequences of the sad denouement of the question.

BRYANT'S BAD RECORD.

Los Angeles, May 29.—A search of the police records of this city has developed the fact that the old soldier, W. T. Bryant, who claims to have evidence of Pastor Gibson's complicity in the Lamont murder, was once sentenced to serve two years' for burglary in Los Angeles. At the time of Bryant's conviction here he gave his name as A. J. Crittenden. In San Bernardino in 1897 he was sentenced for two years for larceny. His real name is said to be Sid Brown.

AT CHESS

English and American Statesmen to Fight Over Kings and Queens.

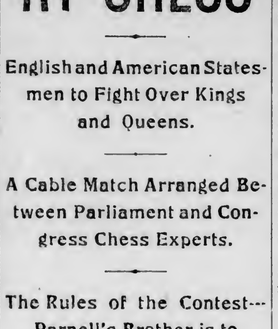
A Cable Match Arranged Between Parliament and Congress Chess Experts.

The Rules of the Contest---Parnell's Brother is to Play.

Washington, May 29.—Preparations are practically completed for the chess match next week by cable between members of the British parliament and the members of the American house of representatives. The match is the result of

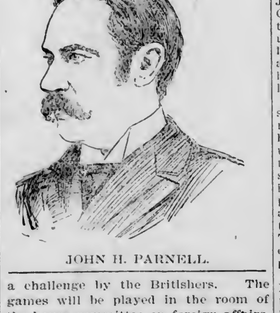
JOHN H. PARNELL.

a challenge by the Britishers. The games will be played in the room of the house committee on foreign affairs. A special wire connecting with the Atlantic cable will be run into the room. The house team of five players will be selected from the following members:



HON. H. C. PLUNKETT.

Shannon, New York; Shafroth, Colorado; Bodine, Missouri; Plowman, Alabama; Cousins, Iowa; Handy, Delaware; De Armond, Missouri; Wheeler, Alabama; Pearson, North Carolina; De Graffenried, Texas; Beach, Ohio; Parker, New Jersey; Bennett, New York; Foote, New York; Swanson, Virginia; Spalding, Michigan; Henderson, Iowa; Reed, Maine; Weymouth, Massachusetts, Mr. Hay, the United States ambassador, will represent the house of



CONGRESSSMAN PEARSON.

CONGRESSMAN FOOTE.

representatives at the games in London, and Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador, will represent the house of commons here. Congressman Pearson has conducted the negotiations on this side of the water.

The British team will be: F. W. Wilson, author of "Our National Debt," and president of the Newspaper society; Hon. Horace Curzon Plunkett, Mr. Atherley-Jones, author of "The Miners' Manual;" John Howard Parnell, eldest brother of the late Irish leader; Arthur Strauss, a London merchant. A special wire will run from the house of commons lobby direct and play begin at 5 p. m., Greenwich time, which would be noon in Washington.

The rules for the match include these provisions: Fifteen to twenty moves per hour; no consultation between players; arrangements to prevent onlookers advising; errors of transmission to be ratified by replacing the pieces if possible; unfinished games or disputes to be decided by Pillsbury, Showalter or other American chessmen of note; American team to be arranged according to strength and paired accordingly; one game to be played by each player. After two and a half hours' play an hour's rest will be taken for refreshments.

Arthur Walter, of the London Times, who is a chess player, has offered a handsome trophy to the winners of the match.

POSTAL ROBBERS.

Gang Arrested Before They Had Commenced Operations.

Portland, Ore., May 29.—A conspiracy involving a plot to rob the registry department of the United States postoffice in this city has been revealed. As a result Julian E. Epping, superintendent of the registry department of the Portland postoffice, has been placed under arrest charged with conspiracy, and later in the day George T. Watson, a deputy sheriff attached to Justice McDevitt's court; Charles A. Watson, city jailer at the police station; John Simpson, a blacksmith, and Charles W. Holsapple, of the city detective force, have also been arrested upon similar charges. The arrests have caused a great stir. The conspiracy was revealed to the postal authorities by Eugene Gautier, who claims to be one of the conspirators.

The plan was that whenever a large sum of money was passing through the registry office, Epping was to inform his associates, who were to hold Epping up and rob his safe. The blowing of the safe was to be the part of Simpson. Gautier alleges that it was the intention of the conspirators to have put their plan into operation sometime ago, but that some of the men were distrustful of Simpson. Postal Inspector Thrall claims to have a large amount of incriminating evidence against Epping.

Gautier recently came here from San Francisco and brought himself into notoriety by placing his young wife in the "Open Door," a refuge home for fallen women. He also figured conspicuously as an informer in the trial of George Powers and a Chinese accused of forging Chinese certificates.

ARMY PROMOTIONS.

New Brigadiers Cause a Great Change of Ranks.

Washington, May 29.—The appointment of Col. James F. Wade, Fifth cavalry; Col. William M. Graham, Fifth artillery, and Col. J. K. Milsener, Tenth cavalry, to be brigadier generals will result in the following promotions in the army:

In the cavalry: Lieut. Col. Henry E. Noyes of the Second, to be colonel of the Fifth; Maj. R. Chaffee of the Ninth, to be lieutenant colonel of the Second; William C. Forbush of the Fifth, to be major of the Ninth; First Lieut. H. J. Goldman of the Fifth, to be captain of the Fifth; Second Lieut. L. J. Fleming of the Tenth, to be first lieutenant of the Fifth; additional Second Lieut. L. Parsons of the Ninth, to be second lieutenant of the Tenth.

In the infantry: Lieut. Col. Guy V. Henry of the Third, to be colonel of the Tenth; Maj. Michael Cooney of the Fourth, to be lieutenant colonel of the Third; Capt. J. A. Augur of the Fifth, to be major of the Fourth; First Lieut. A. C. Macomb of the Fifth, to be captain of the Fifth; Second Lieut. J. J. Hornbrook of the Second, to be first lieutenant of the Fifth; additional Second Lieut. E. P. Orton of the Ninth, to be second lieutenant of the Second.

In the artillery: Lieut. Col. John I. Rogers of the Second, to be colonel of the Fifth; Maj. W. L. Haskin of the First, to be lieutenant colonel of the Second; Capt. J. M. Ingalls of the First, to be major of the First; First Lieut. C. L. Best of the First, to be captain of the First; Second Lieut. E. F. Glauch, Jr. of the Fifth, to be first lieutenant of the First; additional Second Lieut. Lloyd England of the Third, to be second lieutenant of the Fifth.

THE ROAD RACE.

All in Shape Except the Weather---The Handicaps.

The preparations for this afternoon's road race were all perfect except the weather. The rain made a slightly heavy track, so it was not considered likely that last year's record would be paced down much if any. The entries, as had been expected, were more numerous than ever before, and it included a number of swift men from outside. The handicaps were arranged last night and announced this morning, and the forty-nine riders who were present were arranged to start as follows:

Scratch—John R. Todd, Minneapolis; Irving Dugan, Duluth; D. F. Carmichael, St. Paul; George Sudheimer, St. Paul; George Griebler, Minneapolis; John L. Locking, Duluth; Walter Murphy, Duluth; J. R. Zweifel, Duluth; J. P. Burnett, Superior; Dave Burnett, Superior; Richmond Smith, Superior; Charles E. Benson, Duluth.

One minute—Fred W. Smith, St. Paul; T. L. Bird, St. Paul.

One minute, thirty seconds—H. A. Carmichael, St. Paul.

Two minutes—H. Perkins, Duluth.

Three minutes—Frank Ford, Ashland; T. Henley Dickinson, Ashland; O. W. Cook, Duluth; Ed Sudheimer, St. Paul; Fred Perkins, St. Paul; H. . Eldred, Superior.

Three minutes, thirty seconds—William G. Close, Duluth; Richard Close, Duluth; Fred W. Johnson, Superior.

Four minutes—Edward McLaughlin, Duluth; W. E. Hall, Cloquet; Walter C. Watrous, Duluth; Bert Erieson, Duluth; Sam Y. Palmer, Duluth; Harry C. Greenlee, St. Paul; H. J. McArthur, Superior.

Four minutes, thirty seconds—S. M. Linander, Duluth; S. A. Pickett, Duluth; Harry Gifford, Duluth; Ed W. Smith, Superior; Henry E. Schipper, Duluth; John Roth, Duluth.

Five minutes—Harry Carroll, Duluth; E. R. Briggs, Duluth; Dick Johnson, Superior; J. N. Seaman, Duluth; E. R. Paddock, Superior; Albert Seitz, Superior.

Five minutes, thirty seconds—H. J. Jeronimus, Duluth; Erney Linn, Superior.

Six minutes—T. W. Cross, Duluth.

Seven minutes—E. Sattler, Duluth.

COLLIDED

Canadian Steamer Shickluna at the Bottom of Lake Erie.

She Was Struck By the Steamer Tecumseh Off Long Point.

The Carnegie Aground at the Encampment in the Sault River.

Port Colborne, Ont., May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Canadian steamer Lewis Shickluna was sent to the bottom of Lake Erie off Long Point last night by collision with the steamer Tecumseh. The crew had just time to get into the small boats, and although quite a sea was running, managed to keep afloat until daylight this morning, when they were picked up by the Tecumseh, which had been searching for them all night. The shipwrecked mariners arrived on board the Tecumseh at noon today.

Capt. Tailor, who was in command of the lost steamer, says the Shickluna was bound for Luva and without cargo. When about three miles off Long Point the Tecumseh, which was bound down from Lake Superior, struck the Shickluna abreast of the boiler room. It was seen at once that the boat was doomed, and the crew had just time to launch the lifeboat and get away from the wreck before it went down.

From the time of the collision until morning the crew drifted around the lake, battling bravely with the sea. When morning came they sighted the Tecumseh, which had remained near the scene of the disaster, and all were taken aboard that vessel.

The Shickluna is in comparatively deep water and is a total loss. She was built in 1870 and measures 445 tons. She was 135 feet long and 26 feet beam. Her value was about $15,000. The Shickluna was the property of Sylvester Bros., of Toronto, and has been engaged in the upper lake trade for many years.

THE CARNEGIE AGROUND.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Carnegie, with her record-breaking cargo of grain from Duluth, is reported to have grounded at the Encampment, in the Sault river. Lighters have gone to her assistance.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Harlem, 19 last night; Linden, 12:20 a. m.; A. A. Parker, 7; McWilliams, 8:30; Business, 9:20; Oades, Red Wing, San Diego, 19; Specular, Magnetic, Corallia, Peerless, 11. Down: Castalia, Northern Light, 1:20 a. m.; Carnegie, 2; Uganda, 3; Watt, Jenney, Bangor, 5; Penoscot, Portage, 6; New York, Grandy, Golden Rule, Roberts, 7:20; Marina, Cort, Russell, 7:40; Bessemer, Nasmyth, 10; Gratwick (steel), Frontenac, 11:20.

Later—Up: Stephenson, Bell, 1 p. m.; Colgate and whaleback, Victory, 2:30. Down: Maritana, 11:30 a. m.; Pratt, Ash, 1:30 p. m.; Alaska, Arabia, 2.

Up yesterday: Lansing, Nicholas, 3:30 p. m.; Naples, 4:40; Montana, 6; Colorado, 8:40. Down: Northern Queen, North Star, 2:20 p. m.; Selwyn Eddy, 8; Tyrone, 10.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Bannockburn, 10:20 last night; Siberia, 11; Avon, 2:30 a. m.; Oriska, 3; Rees, 5:30; Mecosta, 6:15; Yakima, 7:10; Nyanza, 9:20.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Oglebay, 12:30 a. m.; Parnell, 12:40; Yale, 1:40; Emerson and consort, 3:15; Ketchum, 4:50; Rosedale, 5:15; Venice, 6:30; Runnells, 10.

Down yesterday: Vega, 11:20 a. m.; Porter Chamberlain and consorts, 12:40 p. m.; North Wind, 1; Roman, 3; Glidden and consorts, 3:20; Crescent City, 4:45; Ford, 7; Rhoda Emily and consorts.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Port Colborne—Up: Bannockburn, Fort William; Street and consort, Duluth.

Ashland—Arrived: Glasgow. Cleared: Wetmore, Brunette, Griffin, Lake Erie ports.

Buffalo—Cleared: Appomattox, Algeria, Rappahannock, Waldo, Sauber, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Choctaw, Portage.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Maritana, Marina, Cleveland.

Erie—Cleared: Fairbairn, Savona, Duluth.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—S. R. Kirby, Lake Erie, light for ore; City of Traverse, Chicago, pass and mdse; Nimick, Zenith City, City of Paris, Lake Erie, coal; Peshtigo, Brightie, Brading, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Northern King, Mahoning, Buffalo, mdse; Dixon, Port Arthur, pass and fish.

Departed—Wilson, 127, Gratwick (wood), Lake Erie, ore; Servia, Ewen, Buffalo, grain; Ward, Buffalo, flour.

LAND OFFICE MAPS.

Washington, May 29.—After an investigation that has been in progress some time, the bids for supplying photographic maps, plats, etc., for the general land office during the next fiscal year have been rejected and new bids have been called for to be submitted June 15. The action is the result of a determination of Commissioner Hermann that bids submitted should be on an understanding that photo-lithographs should be made from pen and ink tracings directly and not from photo-lithographic copies, which are usually worn and defaced.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

LONDON

Queen's Birthday Party at Lord Salisbury's Was Very Brilliant.

Pope's New Latin Poem Has Eighty Verses Which Are Charming.

Gossip From All Sources---Jubilee Plays and Their Promoters.

London, May 29.—(Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.)—The cold weather continues. The marquis of Salisbury gave a full-dress banquet to the ambassadors and ministers plenipotentiary at his residence, 20 Arlington street, on Wednesday last, in honor of the queen's birthday. The prince of Wales was among those present. The banquet was followed by a reception at the foreign office, for which more than 3000 invitations were issued. It was one of the most brilliant functions of the season and is generally regarded as launching the long list of festivities which will be in full swing until after the jubilee. The display of diamonds was really magnificent and the brilliancy of the scene was heightened by the fact that all the men were either uniformed or dressed in court dress. Col. John Hay, the United States ambassador, accompanied by Mrs. Hay, were among the members of the diplomatic corps present.

The jubilee preparations at present are in a state of more or less chaos. The queen has not yet finally approved any of the program. Sightseers' stands are going up at every possible place from the basements to above the roofs. Many of the seats are only twenty inches wide and are on the faces of steep buildings. It is estimated that 1,000,000 seats now line the route, but their sale is not lively and prices are falling as the arriving Americans are not eager to buy at top prices.

A genuine fire scare prevails on account of the flimsy stands erected everywhere. An expert who was connected with the fire department for twenty years, has written a letter to the newspapers pointing out the danger from fire and especially to the priceless treasures in the National gallery, which is now surrounded by a huge pine structure, several tons of resinous wood being stacked closely against the building.

The list of jubilee honors is definitely closed and notice has been given to aspirants that their names cannot, under any circumstances, be added to the list. It is stated semi-officially that the kings of Wurtemburg and Portugal, Arch Duke Franz Ferdinand of Austria, and Grand Duke Sergius of Russia, will be made knights of the garter, and that the Prince Albert of Prussia and Prince Rupert of Bavaria, will be made knights of the grand cross of the bath. The marquis of Salisbury, the marquis of Tweedale and the marquis of Londonderry will be made dukes and Sir John Lubbock and Sir John Gerst will be elevated to the peerage. The honor of knighthood will be conferred upon hundreds of people, including the premier of Canada, Wilfred Laurier, and Alfred Harmsworth, proprietor of the Daily Mail, the Evening News and sixteen other journals.

The Duc D'Alencon, whose wife lost her life during the charity bazar fire in aPris on May 4 last, will it is said, take holy orders and retire to a monastery.

The pope has just completed a Latin poem of eighty stanzas pointing out the duties of frugality and the evils of gluttony. The poem is full of charm and quiet humor. His holiness says: Pay attention before all to cleanliness, that the table appointments be spotless, the glass bright, and napery immaculate, and that from the cellar comes the purest wine of the Albanian hills, "which exhilarates the spirits and keeps away trouble, but don't trust Bacchus, so don't be frugal in diluting wine with water." He continues: "Obtain from healthy grain well-cooked bread. Eat sparingly of chicken, lamb and beef, which are most nourishing to the body. Meat should be tender and without abundant sauces or root vegetables, which spoil it.

"Fresh eggs are excellent, whether raw or slightly cooked. Drink an abundant quantity of foaming milk. It nourishes infants and assists old age. Also honey, that celestial gift, but of this frugally. Add to these sweet herbs, fresh vegetables and garden supplies. Add ripe fruit according to season, especially tender apples which, with their pink tints, brighten the banquet. Lastly comes drink, which in hard seeds of Mocha sends you sipping black liquor that comforts the heart." The pope adds that by following these precepts a man may live to a healthy, strong and good old age.

The second part of the poem consists in a graphic description of a banquet which is largely composed of oysters, high-spiced venison, pate de foie gras, etc., "at the end of which there is sometimes strife and contention and almost bodily disorders."

Oscar Wilde has written a three-column letter, published in the Chronicle, regarding the dismissal of a warden of Reading jail for giving biscuits to a hungry child prisoner. Wilde says: "The cruelty practiced day and night upon children in English prisons is incredible, except to those who have witnessed it. The contaminating influence of English prisons is not that of the prisoners. It is that of the whole system. Governor, chaplain, wardens, lonely cell, revolting food, the rules of the prison, the commissioners, the mode of discipline, etc." Wilde further says that at Reading a youthful prisoner is being made mad by the system, adding: "At present it is a horrible duel between himself and the doctor, the doctor fighting for his theory and the man fighting for his life."

Aubrey Beardsley, who has been in bad health for some time, is rapidly improving.

Professor Andree, the Arctic balloonist, has left Gothenburg for Spitzbergen, whence he will renew his attempt to reach the North Pole, or rather to pass over it by balloon. Professor Andree is accompanied by Messrs. Strindberg, Swendenberg and Twenket. They hope to reach Spitzbergen on June 1 and to be ready to start on their aerial voyage by June 20, five weeks later than last year. They take a number of carrier pigeons with them and firmly believe that this time they have every chance of success.

The arrival here of the famous brothers Jean and Edouard De Reszke, who are almost as popular here as they are in New York, has given a much-needed impetus to the opera season.

The success of "Secret Service," now at the end of its second week at the Adelphi, continues unabated. Charles Frohman expresses himself as more than pleased with the way the British public and critics have received the piece. He is now looking for another theater in which to produce it, as he must give up the Adelphi on June 12 to Sarah Bernhardt. If he can arrange to cancel his dates for the coming season in America, Mr. Frohman will remain with his company and play "Secret Service" through the summer and ensuing fall and winter.

It has now been arranged that "Settled Out of Court," the new comedy-drama by Estelle Burney, will be produced at the Globe next Thursday at a matinee.

"The Land of Nod," Albert Chevalier's comic opera, will have its premier at Lincoln next week. Chevalier has written the libretto and lyrics and the music is by Mr. West, the accompanist, who was with Chevalier in the United States, but was not allowed to accompany the singer at Coster and Bial's.

The attraction next week will be a production on Tuesday of "A Maid of Athens" at the Opera Comique. It is a musical comedy in two acts.

SALVATION ARMY.

Arrested For Street Disturbances in Evanston.

Chicago, May 29.—The controversy between the Evanston authorities and the Salvation Army of that suburb in regard to the latter's street service culminated last evening in the arrest of seven members of the religious order and one of their supporters. For a long time the mayor has sought to limit the activities of the Salvationists, assigning them to a certain portion of the city.

The ban was done at the request of citizens, who have complained of the annoyance due to drum-beating and the sound of horns and tambourines. The Salvationists not complying with the mayor's order, their arrest followed. The hearing of their cases was set for Tuesday next. The men were released on their own recognizance.

FOR WOMEN ONLY.

An Expert Diagnosis Made Free and Brought to Every Home.

Many women are sick. More than one-half of the women are at least not well. The great majority of these can find no permanent cure. Only those fortunate enough to have access to the most skillful diagnosis can hope to find a cure. Only a small majority of women can do this. Either their means or distance from an eminent physician prevent it. One of the most eminent physicians in this line is Dr. Hartman, of Columbus, Ohio. During the hot months Dr. Hartman treats diseases of women free. On receipt of a letter explaining the particulars of the case he prescribes medicine that can be obtained at the nearest drug store. Each patient is expected to report once a month, when she will receive such additional instructions as may seem necessary. All letters strictly confidential.

Mrs. George B. White, of Petoskey, Mich., writes: "I will now say that I have not been as well in eight years as I am at present. For eight years I have not been able to attend church, but this summer I have walked to church, also down town and back, without stopping to rest, which is about a mile. I keep the Pe-ru-na near me, and if I do not feel well I take a little. I can not thank you and Pe-ru-na enough. Had you seen me one year ago, and then see me now, you would not think I was the same woman."

If, for any reason, an affected woman should prefer not to write Dr. Hartman a private letter, she should get a bottle of Pe-ru-na at once and take it according to directions. This remedy is Dr. Hartman's favorite prescription for such cases.

For free book, address the Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing company, Columbus, Ohio.

A few sterling silver shirt waist sets 75 cents, now 25 cents at Regil's. Over Power & Settle's.

With the coming of night women are careful to bar the doors of their homes against the intrusion of robbers and assassins. There are more dangerous enemies than either the burglar or murderer against which few women take proper precautions. A woman may own the most magnificent jewels and the costliest plate, but after all is said and done, her health is her most precious possession.

It is this that she fails to guard against the dangers of weakness and disease of the distinctly womanly organism. Nearly every complaint from which women suffer has its inception in troubles of this nature, and is continually aggravated by them.

An unfailing remedy for all weakness and disease of the organs distinctly feminine, and the multitude of ills that follow in this train is found in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly on these organs and makes them strong and healthy. It prepares for happy, healthy wifehood and capable, almost painless motherhood. Over 90,000 women have testified to its wonderful merits. No honest druggist will offer something else as "just as good."

"While I was living at Eagle Rock, Botetourt Co. Va.," writes Mrs. G. A. Connor, of Alleghany Spring, Montgomery Co., Va., "a lady friend came to me and said: 'My daughter, aged 15 years, has repeated hemorrhages at the nose, and she has never the necessary indispositions of womanhood.' I advised her to get Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The lady purchased one bottle and it cured her daughter. She was well and happy when I left there."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is a physician that is always in the house, ready to give advice and assistance any moment, day or night. It contains 1,008 pages, 300 illustrations and several chapters devoted to the reproductive physiology of women. Over a million women own and value it. A new edition is just ont and for a limited time copies will be given away absolutely FREE. If you want a copy in a heavy manilla cover, send 21 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing *only*, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. If you prefer a fine cloth binding, send 10 cents extra, 31 cents in all.

MYSTERY

Woman Found Hanging In Nevada, California, Was Probably Murdered.

Some Very Peculiar Facts Regarding Her Exit From Life.

Skull Fractured in Four Places---Other Wounds Deepen the Mystery.

Nevada City, Cal., May 29.—For nearly six hours the dead body of a woman which was found hanging in a woodshed at the rear of the National hotel lay on a table at the city hall. Shortly after George Gehrig, a prominent brewer of this city, identified the body as that of his wife who left him and their six children last Wednesday. The tragedy is most mysterious. The fact that her domestic life has been unhappy ever since she came here in the early '80s with her husband, and that on Wednesday last she had sent to the Transcript a rambling letter complaining of her treatment, added to her sensational flight from home, would indicate that she had taken her own life, but the officers who have been investigating industriously think they have many and strong grounds for suspecting that murder has been committed.

Late Wednesday evening Mrs. Gehrig came to the hotel and registered as Miss Frances Hettler and paid in advance for a night's lodging. Next morning she failed to appear and it was noon when a chambermaid found her still in bed and asked her if she was ill. Instead of replying the woman began to sing.

Yesterday morning about 6 o'clock as Officer Carr was passing through the woodshed he found her hanging by the neck from a high roof by a clothes line that had been fastened to a nail driven in the side of the shed. She was cold and stiff. There were several gashes in her head, a pool of blood thirty feet away, and at another point a pile of split wood was bespattered with blood, two or three sticks having the appearance of having been used for clubs. There were bruises on the head ranging from half an inch to an inch in length. The skull was fractured in four places.

From the nature of the wounds it hardly seems probable that the woman could have hanged herself afterwards, had she inflicted them. Her wrists have the appearance of having been grasped tightly.

RUSSIAN PEASANTS.

Small Crowd of Big People Arrive Here.

New York, May 29.—A party of Russian peasants, the first, as far is known, that ever came to this country, passed through New York last evening on their way to Winnipeg, Man., where the British government has granted them an extensive tract of land. They were dressed in their national costume. The Russniks, or Ruthemans, as they are also called, are the inhabitants of the semi-independent duchy of Bukowina, of which the emperor of Austria is the hereditary archduke. The language of the people is a Slav dialect. Their religion is a form of Roman Catholicism.

The party consists of nine men, ten women and twenty-five children, all of magnificent physique. Not one of the men was less than six feet tall and two or three were more than seven feet. The women were also tall and well formed, and the children seemed to be healthy and intelligent. None could speak English except the leader of the party. He said that the members of the party were farmers and goat herders. They were induced to emigrate by an agent of the British government.

Temperance Meeting.

Tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock the temperance mass meeting is to take place at the Mission church at Twentieth avenue west and Second street, under the auspices of the Scandinavian Union Christian Temperance committee of Duluth. Rev. A. G. Hultgren is to deliver the principal address. There will be songs and music by the Choral union of the Mission church. Recitations will also be given.

Rooms are quickly rented when advertised in The Evening Herald. It costs but 1 cent a word.

2 lbs. Counterfeit
Same Price
1 lb. Genuine.

Hundreds of imitators of the genuine Postum Cereal Food Coffee have sprung up with no idea of food value.

Some are drugged to give the coffee taste. The U. S. Court has called the makers of Grain-O to account.

Grocers who persist in giving out imitation "Cereal Coffee" in packages infringing the U. S. trade mark of the genuine Postum will court trouble for themselves and the condemnation of every lover of pure and honestly made food and drink.

Customers are requested to send name and address of grocers who offer imitation "Cereal Coffee."

Look for the name Postum Cereal, Battle Creek, Mich., and the red seals.

POSTUM CEREAL CO.
LIMITED.
Battle Creek, Mich.

$0,000,000.

The addition of "1" to the above row of ciphers makes them represent $10,000,000—ten million dollars! Just one figure transforms nothing into something.

Weak, worn out men and women need only one thing to make them healthy and vigorous—that is, strength. When the system is run down from any cause nothing so quickly restores lost strength as

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.

It takes away tired, languid feelings, overcomes exhaustion and cures debility. It makes rich, pure blood, quickens the circulation and soothes irritable nerves. It increases the power to assimilate food, prevents indigestion and nourishes the whole body. Its effects are speedily shown in improved looks and better health.

Tell your druggist or grocer you will have only Duffy's.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Collins C. Swift and three other young men from London, England, arrived in Jamestown yesterday, on their tour of the United States on bicycles. They left New York in January. They will visit the Yellowstone, go south to Salt Lake City and to San Francisco, and then return to New York by way of the Southern Pacific country. The Atlantic coast is to be reached again by Christmas. Their baggage is sent ahead by train. Mr. Swift said that between Chicago and St. Paul the party was stopped by tramps who went through them and got $8. The party wallet was slipped down Mr. Swift's back and so escaped capture.

The unsettled status of the half-breeds who occupy lands outside of the Turtle Mountain reservation is a constant source of trouble. The breeds pay no taxes and yet when they get into trouble, which is frequently, invoke the aid of the courts for protection. As they put Robetie county to expense to defend them it is only justice that they should assist in defraying the costs. This applies not only to Rolla county, but also to Rottineau.

Arrangements are being made for a general old settlers' picnic to be given in June at Spiritwood Lake by the old settlers of Stutsman and Barnes counties.

Eva Prentis, a young girl 14 years old, living near Yorktown, was found hanging in the barn with a halter around her neck. The supposition is that it is a case of suicide.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

After attending a school picnic at Waubay Thursday afternoon, Edna Provan, 16 years old, started on foot for her home, about four miles in the country. When half way she was met by three half-breed Indians who insisted on her mounting a horse they had with them. Either through fear or from force she was placed upon the horse, with saddle and only a halter for reins, and shortly afterwards was found by neighbors staggering around on the prairie insensible. She was thrown from the horse and dragged some distance. She has not recovered sufficiently to give a clear statement of the incident. Miss Provan was to have taken a prominent part in a school entertainment and closing exercises here last night.

Ray Palmer, 15 years old, and claiming to hail from Wisconsin, was placed in jail at Miller, charged with stealing a horse near Brookings.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Winners at the Latonia track horse races in Cincinnati yesterday were: Lockhardt, High Jinks, Paros, French Gray and War Bonnet.

The banquet to the commercial clubs which are visiting in Cincinnati was a brilliant affair last night. Among the speakers were Secretary Gage, Elihu Thompson, Wayne McVeigh, and the presidents of the various clubs.

Arthur Jeston Secretan and a Mrs. Fowler, prominent and wealthy residents of Toronto, Canada, came to Cleveland in October, 1895, and were quietly married. Lately they went to England and have been followed there from Toronto by Secretan's first wife, who at once had him arrested for bigamy. The case is in the high court in London. Secretan produced documents to show that he had been granted a divorce from his first wife, but yesterday it was discovered that the document was a clever forgery, as were also his naturalization papers.

An engine and five cars on the Pennsylvania railroad were derailed last night in Philadelphia, causing the death of Martin Furlong, fireman, aged 25, of Green Tree, Pa., and George W. Taylor, engineer, aged 45, of Philadelphia. Mrs. Douglass, of Ardmore, Pa., a passenger, was slightly injured. The accident was due to the breaking of a switch rod.

At Lansing, Mich., the Improved Order Knights of Pythias won a final victory yesterday in its controversy with the supreme lodge Knights of Pythias. The latter sought to enjoin the former from using the rituals and jewels of the order, and from using the name Improved Order Knights of Pythias. The court sustains the circuit court in Detroit in dismissing the bill for an injunction.

Ezra P. Whitney, late treasurer of Harlan county, Nebraska, who ten days ago was convicted of embezzlement of $11,000 and brought to the penitentiary under a two and a half years' sentence, was released yesterday by order of the supreme court on his tender of a satisfactory bond for $6000. The merits of the case will be argued before the supreme court later.

Desire Bruno, the well-known bicyclist, was killed last night by a fall from his wheel in Chicago. While Bruno was riding home carrying around his neck the frame of a bicycle, the front forks of his wheel broke, he was thrown violently to the ground and received injuries from which he died shortly afterward.

PROTECT THE SYSTEM FROM MALARIA.

It is possible to do this even in regions of country where miasma is most rife, and where the periodic fevers which it causes assume their most formidable types. The immense popularity of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is very largely attributable to the fact of its efficacy as a remedy for chills and fever, bilious remittents, and as a preventive of the various forms of malarial diseases. In those portions of the West and South where complaints of this nature prevail, and in the tropics, it is particularly esteemed for the protective influence which it exerts and it has been very widely adopted as a substitute for the dangerous and comparatively inefficient alkaloid, sulphate of quinine. Physicians have not been among the last to concede its merits, and the emphatic professional indorsements which it has received have added to the reputation it has obtained at home and abroad.

A few sterling silver shirt waist sets 75 cents, now 25 cents at Regil's. Over Power & Settle's.

A NEW DEPARTURE

That should be popular with the traveling public is that of the South Shore train for the East at 6:30 p m., beginning Sunday, May 30 (daily except Saturday). Train arrives at Marquette at 4:30 a. m. and Sault Ste. Marie and St. Ignace same time as at present, making direct connections for all points East. Westbound train will arrive at 8:5 0a. m., except Sunday.

Watches Cleaned For $1.00.

Main spring put in for $1. All work guaranteed. E. E. Esterly, 105 West Superior street, room 6, over Power & Settle.

MORRIS CHOSE THEM.

Two Postmasters in the Sixth District Appointed.

Washington, May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Two fourth-class postmasters were appointed in the Sixth Minnesota district today on recommendation of Representative Morris. John Sitzman was appointed at Buckman, Morrison county, in place of John Schmalke, removed, and C. F. Searle, at Milaca, Mille Lacs county, in place of A. J. Barrett, removed.

Representative Morris has recommended R. P. Townsend for postmaster at Rutledge, Pine county. He has also secured a pension for Paul Diebtch, of Forrester.

A. L. Warner, who is a candidate for either register or receiver at the Duluth land office is here. It has been settled that one of these positions will be given Senator Culkin, but Congressman Morris has not definitely decided whether or not he will endorse Warner, as there are several other candidates for the place whose claims must be considered. The senators have conceded to the representatives all the land and postoffice appointments in Minnesota.

CAPT. HIBBING DIFFERS.

His Opinion of a Reduction of the Royalties.

Capt. Frank Hibbing, who negotiated the leases of the Lake Superior group of mines on the Mesaba range between the owners of the fee and the Consolidated, fails to recognize the consistency of the arguments made by the Rockefeller representatives, favoring a reduction of ore royalties and opposing a reduction of ore freight rates. To an Evening Herald reporter he said, while speaking of the effort being made by the Consolidated to obtain the consent of fee owners to a reduction of royalties on properties operated by the company:

"Mr. Olcott and Mr. Gates claim that if a reduction in freight rates is made the price of ore in Cleveland will be reduced by exactly that much. If that is true, a reduction in royalties ought to have a similar effect on the market, and no one except the furnace men would be benefited by it. If the Minnesota ranges were the only ones from which the ore supply was being obtained it would not matter to mine owners whether the freight rate was 80 cents or $2 a ton, but unfortunately for the position taken by Mr. Olcott, there are other sources of supply, and the railroads which haul ore from them have made radical reductions in freight rates, while the roads to the Minnesota ranges maintain the same schedules as were in vogue when ore was bringing big prices. If a reduction in freight rates will only result in a reduction of the price of ore, the reduction of royalties cannot fail to have a similar effect. It seems to me that if the Consolidated would use its influence with the Duluth, Missage & Northern Railroad company to make a cut in freight rates to correspond with that recently made by the Michigan and Wisconsin ranges, it would be successful, and that it would not then be necessary for the owners of iron property to cut their royalties in two."

Independent mine owners argue that if the Rockefeller agents are sincere in their claim that there would be a larger output of Mesaba ores if royalties were reduced, they should be willing to assist in attaining this object by reducing freight rates as well as seeking to cut royalties. Perhaps the fact that they are paying royalties and are receiving pay for freight has something to do with their apparently anomalous position.

BEESON'S DIRECTORY.

Volume For 1897 Eclipses All Previous Ones.

Beeson's Marine directory for 1897 is out and the delivery of the vast number which are in constant use at the head of the lakes has been completed. Ten years ago Beeson started his directory in a little pocket edition with manila paper covers and the present volume with its magnificent statistical matter, its valuable and comprehensive fund of information and its well-patronized advertising pages is the outgrowth. It takes a "hustler" to keep up with the requirements of the lake marine, but Beeson and his directory fill the bill which is the reason for the popularity of the compiler and the utility of his really splendid work.

Zeniths vs. West Duluth.

Baseball park Sunday at 3 p. m.

$29.00.

TO SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, ETC.

St. Paul & Duluth railroad will sell June 29 to July 3, one way, tickets to San Francisco at rate of $29.00. Choice of routes. Account Christian Endeavor convention. Particulars at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

Sent Free to Men.

INDIANA MAN DISCOVERS A REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR LOST VIGOR.

Samples Will Be Sent Free to All Who Write For It.

James P. Johnston, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., after battling for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood has found the exact remedy that cures the trouble.

He is guarding the secret carefully but is willing to send a sample of the medicine to all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful ignorance, premature loss of memory and strength, weak back, varicocele and emaciation. The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act directly giving needed strength and development wherever needed. The remedy cured Mr. Johnston completely of all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the naturally ordained functions and is said to be absolutely reliable in every case.

A request to Mr. James P. Johnston, Box 1001, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you would like a sample of his remedy for men, will be complied with promptly and no charge whatever will be asked by him. He is very much interested in spreading the news of this great remedy and he is careful to send the sample securely sealed in a perfectly plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity.

Readers are requested to write without delay.

FREE This Silver-plated TEASPOON

with every large size cake of

White Cloud Soap

Made by the NONOTUCK SILK CO.

FREE—A SPOOL, containing 20 yards of the best sewing silk with every small size cake **WHITE CLOUD SOAP.** The cost of this spoon and spool of silk comes out of our pocket entirely—it's one of our ways of advertising. We want you to get acquainted with the whitest floating soap on the market. If your grocer can not supply you send us his address.

MADE ONLY BY JAS. S. KIRK & CO., CHICAGO.
THE LARGEST SOAP MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD. ESTABLISHED 1839.

THE TRADE OUTLOOK.

Dun Sees Prosperity and a Great Trade Boom.

New oYrk, May 29.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade today says: People are actually doing more business than they realize. They reckon by values, but these are much lower than in any previous week of prosperity and leave little margin for profits. In quantity there is almost as much business doing as the years of greatest prosperity, and though the increase in population would call for a material expansion the comparison is not discouraging. The recovery is slow, hesitating and gradual, but more has been done on the whole in May than in April while returns of April showed the volume of business only 10 per cent smaller than that of the best year heretofore. Yet hesitation is doing its work every week and multitudes are waiting that ought to be filling the demand for labor and the products of labor because of possibilities at Washington.

Events have proved that the crop of wheat coming out is much larger than any of the markets expected and Western receipts for the week were 20 per cent larger than last year, while Atlantic exports have been for four weeks 6,315,329 bushels, flour included, against 4,886,577 last year. At this season actual receipts count rather than predictions and the truth is that the country has exported an extraordinary quantity of wheat and flour and yet has so much to spare that the May option has declined almost a cent for the week. Besides the outgo of corn largely taking the place of wheat in foreign consumption is far beyond precedent or expectation and for four weeks has been 8,200,000 against 6,00,385 bushels last year. With liberal interior supplies the price has declined a fraction. Cotton is unchanged, at this season exports are insignificant.

Manufacturers have suffered especial causes of delay owing to the possible competition of foreign goods largely imported but there has been no setback in prices, although cotton goods are dull without large demand and print cloths are at the bottom price. It is evident that production far beyond the consuming demand has forced the industry into waiting attitude. The woolen mills are producing more than they have done for years, though much less than they could or would like to produce, and manufacturers are doing almost nothing in the wool market though speculation has kept the sales large, in four weeks of May 28,805,600 pounds against 20,139,250 in the corresponding weeks of 1892.

The iron manufacture gains in spite of the closing of some furnaces. The production of pig exceeds consumption and is decreasing somewhat while the consumption has gradually gained this week in part because of several structural contracts including 5000 tons for this city alone and in part because of the agricultural implements works have made larger demands and also because of the proposed leasing of almost all the rod mills in the country which has caused some buying. Pig iron shows no change in price, but it is noteworthy that an advance of 25 cents in the British price of American pig is considered a relief as lessening the urgency to sell Southern pig in Northern markets. Cotton ties at 50 cents per bundle have quite shut out foreign competition. Tin and copper are stronger, but the tinplate makers have agreed upon an advance and yet the best grade sells as before at $3.20 against $3.80 for the foreign.

Failures for the week have been 210 in the United States, the smallest in any week since September, 1895, against 259 last year and 22 in Canada against 20 last year.

WHAT BRADSTREET SEES.

New York, May 29.—Bradstreet's today says: Results of the spring trade in staples, which is now over, are disappointing. The volume of seasonable merchandise distributed is less than expected without taking into account an improvement in business compared with a year ago. Almost all Central, Western and Southern trade centers report business very quiet. Dry goods continues depressed, cotton products selling with difficulty, some varieties only on concessions. The announcement of reduced or passed cotton mill dividends and that several large establishments will shut down to enable consumption to overtake production, when coupled with the comparative indifference of consumers to the lowest prices on record for iron and steel would appear to sufficiently characterize the actual condition of general trade.

The most favorable features are relative activity among woolen goods manufacturers who are working on old orders; improved demand for shoes and leather; a continuance of the comparative activity of the general demand at Savannah, Memphis, St. Louis, Omaha, Sioux Falls, Minneapolis and St. Paul, the better demand for lumber at the West and in the trade outlook in Louisiana, Mississippi and Arkansas. Increased imports are reported from Pacific coast ports, but there is comparatively little gain in domestic trade here except in cattle, wool and hardware at Portland.

Among twenty of the more important staple products only two—hides and wheat—have advanced, while one-half the number—cotton, lumber, coal, Bessemer pig iron, steel billets, steel rails, print cloths, sugar, pork and coffee—are unchanged, although there is a nominal advance in the asking price for Bessemer pig and steel billets. Now that wool manufacturers have stocked up, wool is off as are cotton goods when sold in quantity. Rosin is lower, and among cereals, flour, Indian corn and oats, to which may be added lard and petroleum.

Exports of wheat—flour included as wheat—from both coasts of the United States and from Montreal this week amount to 2,981,226 bushels, compared with 2,655,000 bushels last week, 2,064,000 bushels in the week a year ago, 2,426,000 bushels in the week two years ago, 2,401,000 three years ago, and as compared with 3,253,000 bushels in the like week of 1893. Exports of Indian corn also show a falling off amounting to 2,185,933 bushels this week, against 3,190,000 last week. There are 257 business failures throughout the United States this week, a moderate increase compared with total corresponding periods in preceding years. The aggregate last week was 245, compared with 227 in the fourth week of May a year ago, 183 in the like week of 1895, a similar total in 1894, and 214 in the corresponding period of 1893.

There are 20 business failures reported from Canada this week, against 25 last week, 25 in the week a year ago, and 36 two years ago.

POSTAL RULES CHANGED.

Washington, May 29.—The rescinding of the order issued by Postmaster General Bissell on July 27, 1894, which modified section 453 of the postal laws and regulations as to the appointments and duties of superintendents of mails in the various cities, is contemplated. The change, if made, will require the selection of superintendents to be made from the railway mail service, instead of from among the carriers and clerks of postoffices, as at present.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Chicago, 8; Philadelphia, 11.
At New York—New York, 8; St. Louis, 2.
Rain prevented the games at Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Louisville and Cleveland.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 11; Indianapolis, 3.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 14; Detroit, 2.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 3; Grand Rapids, 9.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 2; Columbus, 9.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	38	24	.750
Cincinnati	39	19	.633
Pittsburg	26	16	.615
Boston	38	17	.607
Cleveland	37	17	.607
Louisville	37	14	.589
Brooklyn	38	14	.500
Philadelphia	30	14	.467
New York	24	11	.458
Chicago	39	11	.367
Washington	26	8	.308
St. Louis	29	6	.207

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
St. Paul	33	25	.758
Milwaukee	30	19	.633
Indianapolis	28	17	.607
Columbus	33	18	.556
Detroit	29	13	.448
Minneapolis	32	12	.375
Kansas City	32	11	.344
Grand Rapids	29	9	.310

HOSPITAL STEWARDS WANTED.

Washington, May 29.—The United States civil service commission announces that on June 8, an examination will be held at Washington and other cities to establish an eligible register for the grade of hospital steward in the United States marine service. There are now several vacancies, one of which is at San Francisco. All of these vacancies will be filled with the eligibles resulting from this examination. The salary of the position ranges from $480 to $720 per annum with subsistence, quarters, fuel and light. Unmarried men or men with small families are preferred.

INDIANS CAUSE TROUBLE.

Winnipeg, Man., May 29.—A message from Prince Albert states that Almighty Voice, and another Indian wounded Napoleon Venne, a rancher, and were pursued by the mounted police. The Indians fired, wounding Capt. Allan and Sergt. Raven. The Indians are now on a bluff, which the police are surrounding.

LIEUT. LANGHORN'S POST.

Washington, May 29.—At the personal request of Bellamy Storer, the new minister to Belgium, the secretary of war has detailed Lieut. Langhorn of the Second cavalry as United States military aide at Brussels. Lieut. Langhorn is at present stationed at Fort Meyer, Va., near this city recovering from a broken leg.

GONE TO WEST POINT.

Washington, May 29.—Secretary Alger and Adjt. Gen. Ruggles left Washington at 8 o'clock this morning for West Point to participate in the ceremonies attending the dedication of the battle monument.

No. 10.

Homeopathic Cure for DYSPEPSIA

Indigestion, Weak Stomach.

No. 10 corrects the Digestion.
No. 10 tones up the Stomach.
No. 10 makes the appetite keen.
No. 10 prevents distress after eating.
No. 10 relieves smoker's heart-burn.
No. 10 steadies the Nerves.
No. 10 removes liver spots.
No. 10 gently assists nature.
No. 10 promotes health.
No. 10 is only equaled in merit by

"77" FOR COLDS

All druggists, or sent for 25c. 50c, or $1.00.
MEDICAL BOOK.—Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of all diseases mailed free.
Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

If you wish to drink a Choice glass of Lager call for—
FITGER'S BEER.

DECLINED

Trading in the Wheat Market This Morning Was Very Dull.

The Fact That Monday Is a Holiday Made Traders Cautious.

Cables Were Somewhat Bullish But Crop Reports Were Favorable.

The fact that Monday is a holiday made wheat traders cautious and the narrowness of early speculation gave promise of a dull session. July opened under last night's close and ruled dull and weak. Cables were substantially unchanged, which was considered rather bullish, and the world's shipments were expected to be smaller. On the other hand crop reports along the lines of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy and the Northern Pacific were very encouraging. Northwest receipts were 405 cars against 454 last week. Chicago received seventeen carloads, and 91,-684 bus were inspected out of store. The clearances for foreign ports from both coasts for the week were equal to 2,081,-000 bus against 2,655,000 bus the week before, and 2,064,000 bus the corresponding week of 1896. Argentine shipments to Europe were 640,000 bus against 800 bus last week and 48,000 bus the like week of last year. Being a short day in the business world, both here and abroad, there is seldom any business done in wheat for shipment Saturdays and little was reported today.

Trading was very dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened 1¢ lower at 71¾c, but only four trades were made at that or any other figure up to within half an hour of the close. The last sale was at 71¾c, and the close was with buyers at that figure, being 1¢c lower than yesterday's last quotations. Shippers bought 15,000 bus of cash stuff at ¾c over July, and the mills took three cars at 1¢c over July. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 73c; May, 73c; No. 1 northern, cash, 72¼c; May, 72¼c; July, 71¾c bid; September, 69¾c asked. No. 2 northern, 69¾c. No. 3, 65@66c. Rejected, 49½@61¾c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 73c; No. 1 northern, 72¼c. Rye, 28¾c. No. 2 oats, 21c; No. 3 oats, 20½c. Flax, 76c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 152; oats, 24; rye, 1; barley, 25; flax, 10. Receipts—Wheat, 337,682; oats, 29,956; rye, 7763; barley, 13,635; flax, 7693. Shipments—Wheat, 269,490; oats, 174,671; barley, 631; flax, 29,700.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, May 29.—Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 32,680; shipments, 5076. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 3254; shipments, 1981. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 7245; shipments, 880. Estimated receipts hogs for Monday, 43,000. Estimated receipts hogs today, 28,000; left over, 2500; market active and steady to shade higher. Light, $3.45@3.62½; mixed, $3.45@3.60; heavy, $3.25@3.57½; rough, $3.25@3.35. Cattle—Receipts, 200; quiet and unchanged. Sheep—Receipts, 3000; steady.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, May 29.—Close—Wheat: Quiet; July, 5s 8½d. Corn: Firm; May, 2s 7¼d; June, 2s 7½d; July, 2s 8d.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, May 29.—Wheat, dull and steady; May, 70c; July, 69½c; September, 67¾@67¾c; No. 1 hard, 72c; No. 1 northern, 70½c. Receipts, 253 cars.

NEW YORK BANKS.

New York, May 29.—Weekly bank statement shows the following changes:

Reserve, increase	$ 617,150
Loans, increase	2,397,100
Specie, increase	487,700
Legal tenders, increase	891,600
Deposits, increase	3,648,600
Circulation, decrease	76,800

The banks now hold $46,096,100 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 207 Board of Trade, Chicago, May 29.—Wheat again declined and closed at the put price. For one entire week now the market has sold under puts every day. The trade had figured on a rally today, due to covering by the smaller traders, who, it was thought, would not like to remain short over the two holidays, but no such rally came. About the only items of encouragement were that Northwest receipts show indications of a marked decrease, and exporters figure that our market is now almost upon a shipping basis with France. St. Louis reported some inquiries from Paris, and if they are going to require as much wheat from here as was predicted last week, any further decline in our market would put them to the test. The general sentiment here seems to favor declining prices. In June last year we made the lowest price on that crop, and unless something happens soon to start foreign buying we will be in the midst of a new crop, which will be 100,000,000 bus larger than the old one, and our dwindling supplies of old wheat will no longer alarm short sellers.

Corn weak on large estimated receipts. The trade was largely local, but some good buying is attracted by the low prices. Oats steady on reports of decreased acreage in Nebraska and Iowa.

Provisions weak early, but steadied by liberal buying by packing interests.

Puts, July wheat, 67¼@67¾c.
Calls, July wheat, 68¾@69c.
Curb, July wheat, 68¾c asked.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky				
Atchison	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Sugar Trust	118¾	116¼	118¾	116¼
Canadian Southern	47¾	48½	47¾	48¼
C., B. & Q.	76¾	77	76¾	77
St. Paul	75¾	76	75¾	75¾
Chicago Gas	83	83½	82¾	83¾
D. L. & W.				
General Electric	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾
Omaha	59¾	59¾	59	59
Reading	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¼
L. & N.	45½	46¼	45¾	46¾
Manhattan	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾
Missouri Pacific	14¾	15	14¾	15
Tobacco	71½	71¾	71½	71¾
C. & N. W.	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾
N. P. Preferred	38½	38¾	38¾	38¾
Rock Island	65¾	66¼	65¾	66¾
Union Pacific	7	7	7	7
Western Union	79¾	80¾	79¾	80
Leather				
Lake Shore				

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, May 29.—Close—Wheat: May, 68¾c; June, 69¼c; July, 68¾c; September, 17¾@17¾c. September, 17½c. Pork: May, 23c; June, 23¼c; July, 23¼c; September, 24c. Oats: May, 17¾c; June, 17¾c; July, $7.92; July, $7.95@7.97; September, $8.00. $7.92; July, $7.95@7.97; September, $8.00. Lard: May, $3.55; July, $3.62; September, $3.60. Ribs: May, $4.35; July, 4.35; September, $3.35. Cash—Wheat: No. 2 red, 75@80c; No. 3 red, 75@78c; No. 2 spring, 69@70c; No. 3 spring, 66@68c; No. 2 hard, winter, 68@70c; No. 3 spring, 65@67c; No. 1 northern, spring, 71@73c. Corn: No. 2, 23c; No. 3, 22½c. Oats: No. 2, 17@18c; No. 3, 16@18c.

Smouldering fires of old disease

lurk in the blood of many a man, who fancies himself in good health. Let a slight sickness seize him, and the old enemy breaks out anew. The fault is the taking of medicines that suppress, instead of curing disease. You can eradicate disease and purify your blood, if you use the standard remedy of the world,

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Barley—Cash: No. 3, 25@32c. Rye—Cash, 28c; May, 33c; July, 32½@32¾c; September, 33c. Flax—Cash, 76½c; cash Northwest, 77c; May, 76½c; July, 76¾c; September, 77½c. Timothy—Cash, $2.70; August, $2.67½; September, $2.25½.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Duluth broke its berry record this morning in jobbing of strawberries. The first full carload of the season was received from Lacoxie, Mo., by Fitzsimmons-Derrig company, and the 600 cases which it contained were sold to various retailers in thirty-five minutes after unloading. All the dealers had nice berries and plenty of green stuff, and prices fell away down.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—the quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.			
Cream., separators, fancy..	16	@	17
Dairies, fancy, special make	13	@	15
Packing stock	8	@	9
Dairy, fair	12	@	13
CHEESE.			
Twins, flats, full cr'm, new	11½	@	12½
Full cr'm, Young America	11	@	12
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12	@	12½
Brick, No. 1	10		
Limb., full cream, choice..	9	@	10
Primost	6		
EGGS.			
Candled, strictly fresh	8	@	9
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	12½	@	13
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½		
Golden rod	11½	@	12
Dark honey	11	@	11½
Buckwheat, dark	11	@	11½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per pound	11		
Ohio, per pound	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	90	@	1 00
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	2½	@	3
NUTS.			
Soft shell almonds, per lb..	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb..	12		
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	11		
Brazils, per lb	8		
Pecans, per lb	9	@	11
Filberts, per lb	11		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
Raw peanuts	4½	@	5½
VEGETABLES.			
Sweet potatoes, per lb	85		
Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl	2 25	@	2 50
Carrots, per bus	35	@	40
Beets, per bus	40	@	50
Onions, per bus, new	1 35	@	1 50
Turnips, per bus	40	@	50
Asparagus, per doz	35	@	40
Wax beans, per bus	2 00	@	2 25
Cucumbers, per doz	40	@	50
New beets, per doz bunches.	45	@	60
Green peas, per bus	1 50	@	1 75
Mobile cabbage, per crate..	3 50		
Pie plant, per 100 lbs	1 00	@	1 25
Potatoes, per bus	25	@	27
Mint, per doz	35		
Parsley, per doz	30		
Parsnips, per bus	55	@	60
Cauliflowers, per doz	2 25	@	2 50
Horse radish, per lb	5	@	7
California cabbage	4 00	@	4 50
Florida tomatoes, basket	50	@	55
Oyster plant, doz bunches..	50		
Green onions, doz bunches.	12	@	20
Spinach, per bus	45	@	60
New beets, per doz bunch..	65		
Spanish onions, per crate..	2 25		
Bermuda onions, per crate	3 50		
Lettuce, per box	1 00	@	1 25
Horse radish roots, per bbl	4 00	@	4 50
Long radishes, per doz	25	@	45
Round radishes, per doz	25	@	45
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	1 90	@	1 10
Medium, hand picked, bus.	90		
Brown beans, fancy, bus.	90		
Green and yellow peas	75	@	90
Green peas, bus	65		
FRUITS.			
Arkansas, Missouri strawberries, per crate	1 50	@	1 75
California cherries, per case	1 50	@	1 75
California navel oranges	3 25	@	4 00
Seedling oranges	3 25	@	3 50
Bananas, per bunches	1 00	@	2 50
Lemons, per box	3 00	@	3 25
Cocoanuts, per doz	70		
Cranberries, per bbl	4 50	@	5 00
Cranberries, bus	1 75	@	2 00
Figs, per lb	12	@	15
Pineapple, per doz	1 50	@	1 75
Dates, per lb	9	@	10
APPLES AND CIDER.			
Apples, per bbl	3 00	@	4 25
Mich. sweet cider, per keg..	2 50	@	2 75
Fruit juices, per keg	4 50		
DRESSED MEATS.			
Veal, fancy	7	@	7½
Veal, heavy, coarse, thin..	6		
Mutton, fancy dressed	6	@	6½
Pork	5½	@	6
LIVE POULTRY.			
Live turkeys	10	@	11
Spring chickens, per lb	9	@	10
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb	12½	@	13
Chickens, per lb	10	@	11
Geese, per lb	10	@	11
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.			
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks included	9 50	@	10 50
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc..	10 00		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc..	9 00		
Red dog	12 00		
Ground feed No. 1	10 00	@	10 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 00	@	10 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.			
Choice south. Minn	7 50	@	8 50
Northern Minn	4 00	@	6 50
Medium	4 00	@	6 50
Tame, ton, choice timothy	8 00	@	9 00

NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, May 29.—Butter, steady; Western creamery, 11@15½c; Elgins, 15½c; factory, 7½@10½c. Eggs, steadier; state and Pennsylvania, 10½c; Western, 9¾@10½c; Southern, $2.40@2.55 per ten dozen cases.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 29.—Butter, steady; creameries, 11@16c; dairies, 7@12c. Eggs, steady; fresh, 8½c.

PHOEBE COUSINS INDIGNANT.

St. Louis, May 29.—Phoebe W. Cousins is indignant over the connection of herself with the Fair will case and as the result of a dispatch from San Francisco, stating that letters written by the late Senator James G. Fair to Miss Cousins were in existence, she sent the following telegram to Judge Flack before whose court the case is being tried: "Judge Charles Flack, superior of probate court, San Francisco, Sal.: No person in your city possesses any letters of mine in the Fair will case. I repudiate the use of my name and correspondence. (Signed)

"PHOEBE W. COUSINS."

EL PASO FLOODS RECEDING.

El Paso, May 29.—The river fell seven inches last night and the water in the flooded districts has fallen off. The water entering the district will be cut off today and turned back into the river channel. If no further rise occurs in the next few days, the river front will be strengthened so as to prevent a repetition of Wednesday night's disaster. All the destitute and sick have been provided for and there is no suffering.

WEST END

West Duluth and Zenith City Baseball Teams Will Play Tomorrow.

Ice Dealers Form a Combination That is Hard to Beat.

The Health Inspectors Have the Spring Cleaning Practically Completed.

Baseball cranks are greatly interested in the games scheduled for this afternoon and tomorrow between the West Duluth and Zenith City clubs. The West Duluth club has been putting up a splendid game this season, having won four of the five games played. The only game it has lost was won by the Proctorknotts, but it has beaten that club in two games out of the three played. The Zenith City nine is also composed of good material and good games are expected.

MUST PAY UP.

A novel combination has been effected among the ice dealers in the West End. It not only regulates the price of ice, but it also declines to deliver ice to anyone who is in arrears for ice purchased last season. Before orders will be filled old bills must be settled, regardless of the particular dealer to whom they are due. It is evidently the intention of the ice men to start no new accounts until old ones are liquidated.

RECEIPTS ARE NOW LIGHT.

The West End health inspectors have done their work of spring house cleaning so thoroughly that there is little left to be done, except to keep a watchful eye over the district and prevent the accumulation of filth. The receipts of garbage at the dump near the Marinette works are now very light, and it is expected that they will fall off stillfurther in the near future.

THEY ARE ON TO HIM.

Frand Freddell, the West Duluth jailer, who is now engaged in collecting the dog tax on West End canines, finds this work very difficult to perform. The owners of dogs fight shy of him, and the dogs themselves appear to have learned that it is safe to give him a wide berth. His experience is teaching him that there are not as many dogs owned in West Duluth as he had been led to suppose.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The movement for the reorganization of the West Duluth Carpenters' union has been abandoned. There is so little activity in building in the West End that it was found difficult to arouse the interest of carpenters in the organization.

The forty-hours' devotion service will commence in St. James' church, West Duluth, Monday morning at 9 o'clock and will close Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock with a grand high mass in honor of Father Mackey's silver jubilee in the priesthood. Several priests have signified their intention of being present.

The Sawmill Workers' Protective union held a very successful open meeting in Great Eastern hall last night. The attendance was large and the addresses were unusually interesting and instructive.

Memorial services will be held in the Norwegian Lutheran church, on Fifty-seventh avenue west, tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. Addresses will be delivered in the Scandinavian tongue by Rev. J. Sether and Rev. A. F. Elmquist.

Ring up tel. 3060, West Duluth Steam laundry.

The pupils of the Longfellow school and the principal, Miss Ensign, sent two large washbaskets full of the most beautiful flowers and a number of smaller baskets also filled with lovely blooms to the memorial decoration committee. The ladies and members of the G. A. R. were excessively well pleased with these evidences of patriotic feeling which cannot but augur well for the donors of these flowery gifts.

Is "Dr." Barrett Now.

Fred Barrett, M. D., of Tower, was at the St. Louis today. He is on his way home to visit his mother, and in a few weeks he will leave for Montana and practice his profession in that state.

The doctor is the eldest son of the late Dr. Fred Barrett, of Tower, and has just taken his degree at the Rush Medical college at Chicago, where he has been for the past three or four years, having studied previously with Dr. Harwood in the hospital at Soudan. He graduated with a class of over 200, and passed out not far from the head.

$100 REWARD, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."

A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free, sealed, in plain envelope, on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 Niagara St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

ONE CENT A WORD!

WANTED--FEMALE HELP.

WANTED— FIRST-CLASS DINING room maids. Apply St. Louis Hotel company.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good cook required. 229 Fifth avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL 16 OR 17 YEARS OLD to help around house. 1422 Jefferson.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 222 Second avenue east.

WANTED—AT ONCE, EXPERIENCED waitress at St. James hotel.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at Hunter's Park. Apply at Herald office.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK AT 1632 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 205 West Third street.

WANTED—COOK FOR BOARDING house. 120 First avenue west.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and girls can always find good places at the cheap and first quality of hair goods and the oldest and most reliable employment office. 225 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEMAN to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED--MALE HELP.

WANTED — DAIRYMAN — EXPERienced man, a hustler, on or before June 2. Must be honest and temperate, and a good milker. Apply at 2020 John avenue, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—SALESMAN FOR DRUGGIST sundries, $100 per month and expenses; experience unnecessary. Address J. L. Armstrong, 20 Burling Slip, New York.

WANTED—ENERGETIC AND INTELligent men to canvass and collect, on salary or commission. References required. Apply at rooms 304-305 Burrows' block.

WANTED—ONE SALESMAN, SALARY and commission, $60 to $100 per month can be made. No experience needed. Work in the city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's Drug store.

LOST.

LOST—FRIDAY EVENING—BUNCH OF keys on harp-shaped ring. Finder please return to Herald.

FOUND.

FOUND—NEAR ST. LUKE'S HOSpital, gold rimmed spectacles. Owner can have same by paying small reward.

CARD READING.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED FOR 10 cents; pictures of your future husband or wife 25 cents. Address Madame De Zoe, P. O. Box 30, Duluth, Minn.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING—MINNESOTA IRON COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Minnesota Iron Company for the election of directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented at said meeting, will be held at the office of said company, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Monday, the 7th day of June, 1897, at 11 o'clock a. m.

Chicago, May 8th, 1897.

C. P. COFFIN, Secretary.

Duluth Evening Herald, May 10 to 31.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage as interest thereon, according to the terms of two certain interest coupon notes, accompanying said mortgage, for the sum of twenty-four dollars ($24.00) each and payable on the 1st day of November, 1886, and the 1st day of May, 1897, respectively; which said mortgage was duly executed and delivered by Henry A. Walseth (unmarried) mortgagor, to Marion E. Bacon, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of October, 1896, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 27th day of October, 1896, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 127 of mortgages, on page 208.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Marion E. Bacon, mortgagee, to Benjamin Sharpless by written assignment dated the 15th day of December, 1896, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 17th day of December, 1896, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 108 of mortgages on page 169.

And whereas the said Benjamin Sharpless, the assignee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred fifty-two and 68-100 dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots numbered thirty-seven (37) and Thirty-eight (38), of Morris Park Division of Lakeside (now Duluth), according to the recorded plat thereof, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 16th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred fifty-two and 68-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 27, A. D. 1897.

BENJAMIN SHARPLESS, Assignee of Mortgagee.

DANIEL WAITE, Attorney, Offices 706-8 Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-27-June-3-10-17-24-July-1.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Cufic, from Liverpool.

ITALIAN EARTHQUAKES.

Rome, May 29.—Earthquake shocks were felt at midnight here, at Messina, Ischia and other points.

WANT A McKINLEY VISIT.

San Francisco, May 29.—In view of the fact that President McKinley contemplates a visit as far West as Salt Lake, the chamber of commerce of this city has forwarded a letter of invitation requesting him to extend his trip to the coast.

Banjos, mandolins, violins at "Coon's."

ONE CENT A WORD!

SITUATIONS WANTED.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL WANTS A respectable place in a boarding house or restaurant; has experience. Address 21 Second avenue west.

WANTED—PLACE IN PRIVATE FAMILY by neat girl. Address R 61, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG lady stenographer would like use of typewriter, in payment of which she would be willing to take care of office and do typewriting. Please address A. K., general delivery, city.

MAN AND WIFE WANT WORK—(man a cook)—out of town, or on farm in Dakota preferred. C. E., 505 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER WOULD like to have some family sewing. Good work done and prices reasonable. Miss H. Johnson, 211 Third avenue west.

MARRIED LADY WOULD LIKE DAY work in restaurant or laundry or as janitor in a building. Can furnish reference. Will work reasonable. 2331 West Superior street H. K.

WORK WANTED BY A MAN THAT IS willing to do anything, is willing to do small odd jobs, but something permanent is preferred. Please call or address 1020½ East Fourth street.

AN ENGINEER OF TWENTY YEARS' experience, is open for an engagement. Capable of taking care of any stationary engine. Good references and willing to leave city. Address R. Brewis, West Superior, Wis.

FOR SIX MONTHS I HAVE BEEN looking for work. Am 16 years of age and willing to do almost any kind of work, though office or store preferred. Will work for $1 a week or more. Can furnish very best of city references. Does anybody want me? Address C 18, Herald.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING SCRUBbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 290 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A HIGH GRADE '97 bicycle. 1515 East Second street.

FOR SALE—A BUSINESS PAYING $500 to $750 annually; no experience required. About $600 cash will take it. Satisfactory reasons given for selling. Address R 69, Herald.

Eggs for Hatching.

White Plymouth Rocks, Autocrat Light Brahmas, Silver Gray Dorkings, Pearl Guineas, Turkeys, Etc.

Book Orders in Advance and save time. Enclose Stamp for particulars.

G. HOOD THOMPSON, Glen Avon Poultry Yards, Duluth, Minn

FOR SALE—A NUMBER OF FRESH milch cows. 302 West Exeter street.

TWO-CHAIR BARBER SHOP FOR sale. Shop will pay for itself in three weeks. Good investment for anybody. Address R 55, Herald.

CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive at West Duluth, June 1. Fifty-ninth avenue and Raleigh street. No. 222. John H. Markuson.

FOR SALE—AT A GOOD BARGAIN, Saratoga restaurant, with complete outfit in first class condition. Place has been closed only one week; good opportunity to open a restaurant at an old stand. James Wanless, assignee, 510 Lonsdale building, Duluth, Minn.

CIGAR AND CONFECTIONERY STORE doing a good business on Superior street, will be sold at a bargain if taken soon. Owner leaving city. Address Broker, care Herald.

FOR SALE—BICYCLES. WESTMINster ladies or gents', fully guaranteed, only $38 cash, at J. W. Nelson, 1801 West Superior street.

MARKUS MISFIT CARPET AND FURniture company. Dealers in furniture, carpets, stoves, crockery. Special sales every day. All kinds of household goods exchanged, 20 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—BARBER'S COMPLETE outfit. Will sell cheap or rent. Inquire 112 East Superior street.

TYPEWRITER FOR SALE OR RENT. Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, 323 West Superior street.

NEW LAUNDRY.

426 E. FOURTH ST. ALL WORK GUARanteed first class. Dress shirts, 10c; ladies shirt waists, 15c; collars, 2c; cuffs, 2c; undershirts, 6c; handkerchiefs, 2c. Laundry called for and delivered. H. B. Coon.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING.

PROMPT, ACCURATE, CONFIDENtial work; minutes, briefs and circular work. Stenographers furnished upon call. Depositions; notary public. Harry H. Lemont, 601 First National bank.

WANTED--TO BUY.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE, A SECONDhand top buggy. R 62, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, YOUR OLD clothing. The great old clothing buyer will remain until June 1. Will pay you these prices: Pants, 50 cents to $1; coats and vests, $1 to $5. Send postal at once to G 59, Herald, and will call for goods.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND tools of all descriptions. Tell what you have. R 63, Herald.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

SPRING GARDEN—FIVE AND TEN acre tracts for sale by George H. Crosby.

SPIRITUAL MEDIUMS.

NATURE HAS GIFTED PROF. ANFIN with a clairvoyant power unusually strong, and he has never made it subject to falsehood and deceit. He does not deal in charms or other humbuggery, but gives good and true advice on business, social and matrimonial affairs or any other subject of importance. His advice, if followed, and his help, if desired, shows everyone the road to happiness and prosperity. 129 Sixth avenue west, parlor up stairs.

SALE OF HORSE.—

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., May 28, 1897.

Notice is hereby given that there will be sold by public auction at 10 o'clock a. m., June 1, 1897, at the East End Livery barn, corner Washington avenue and Superior street, one brown mare about 8 years old and foal 3 weeks old, said animals being the property of the city of Duluth. The sale will be for cash.

Board of public works.

W. H. SMITH, President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON, Clerk.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TO RENT--HOUSES

SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE FOR rent. Inquire 111 West Second street.

HOUSE FOR RENT—917 EAST SEVenth.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE FOR three months. Cascade park and First avenue west. Address George L. Tupper, city.

$7.00 FIVE ROOM BRICK HOUSE. Twentieth avenue east near Fourth street.

HOUSES AND ROOMS FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—HOUSE 503 SECOND AVEnue east. City water. Apply to A. P. Wilson, 6 West First street, or Lucas & Co.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, 1007 East Second street; all modern improvements. Inquire 1013 East Second street.

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE, NINE rooms, modern, 2105 East First street. Apply Dr. Schiffman, Burrows block.

HOUSES FOR RENT IN VARIOUS parts of the city at reasonable prices. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

1713 EAST SUPERIOR STREET, EIGHT rooms; hot water heat all modern improvements. Rent May 1. Only responsible tenant need apply. E. P. Alexander, Torrey building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT--FLATS.

FOR RENT—FINEST MODERN 5-room flat in the city. 210 East Third street.

FOR RENT—NICE 5-ROOM, MODERN brick flat. Volk, Palladio building.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT, NEW FOUR and five room flats, $6 to $10, including water. W. J. Holmes, 504 Palladio.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE FLATS AND rooms at low rent. 1102 West First street. Inquire No. 21 Eleventh avenue west.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER, HAS REmoved to 404 West Superior street. Money to loan on articles of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook.

TO RENT--ROOMS.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM FOR RENT —518 West Second street.

AN INSURANCE CLERK WHO IS A good general office man, wanted at Room 12, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, WATER service, furnace, for housekeeping; rent reasonable. Apply 150 St. Croix avenue.

LARGE WELL FURNISHED ROOMS; electric lights, bath. 720 West First street.

FOR RENT—BARGAINS IN FURnished and unfurnished rooms and flats, houses, stores, etc. Rental Agency, 26 Mesaba block.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 421 East First street; all modern conveniences.

ROOMS WITH BATH, $3.50 AND $5. 416 Lake avenue north.

FOR RENT—FOUR OR FIVE DESIRable rooms, three on first floor. Apply at 322 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms for housekeeping in Mason flats, for man and wife. A, 8nap. Address P. O. Box 526.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM WITH alcove, bath etc. Location pleasant and central. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED and unfurnished rooms; all modern conveniences. 121 West Second street.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE FURnished rooms, modern conveniences. 12 West Second street.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

TRANSIENTS CAN HAVE BEST ACcommodations at 329 West Second street. $1.50 per day.

PILES Williams Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for PILES. It absorbs tumors. Stops itching. GIVES RELIEF. 50c and $1. At Druggists.

FINANCIAL.

Money to loan on Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry in any amount without delay at a low rate of interest. All business strictly confidential.

Collateral Loan Bank, 319 West Superior Street.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 31, 1897. Work, First degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Monday, May 24, 1897. Work, First degree. F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 21 R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 26, 1897. Work, degree. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, June 1, 1897. M. M. Gasser, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

WANTED--TO RENT.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE FURnished rooms for light housekeeping by newly married couple. Must be centrally located. Address with price and give location, R 15, Herald.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—ARE YOU GOING TO MOVE or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehou

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room—324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK

Every Evening. Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD:
$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), May 29.—Fair weather has continued in all reporting districts, except in the vicinity of Duluth, Winnipeg and Detroit, where light showers have occurred. Rain continued at Duluth at 7 o'clock this morning, and cloudy weather then prevailed in Northern Minnesota, the conditions in this section being dominated by a barometric depression which has moved rapidly from the Saskatchewan since yesterday, and now extends from Lake Superior to South Dakota, while the pressure has increased decidedly in the region north of Montana, causing a shift of winds to cooler northerly in that section and Manitoba.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 52; maximum yesterday, 65; minimum yesterday, 41; rainfall, .02 inch.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Cooler tonight; southwest winds veering to northwest and north, and becoming brisk to high by tonight.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 29.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Partly cloudy with showers in central and north portions tonight; Sunday fair; fresh west to north winds. For Minnesota: Partly cloudy with showers this afternoon and showers and cooler in extreme northeast portion tonight and Sunday; Sunday warmer in south and west portions; west winds.

THE SUGAR SCANDAL.

Senator Tillman of South Carolina always is a target for the mud batteries of the party organs. Sometimes the Democratic organs take a rap at him, and again the Republican organs train their guns on him, but the shots pass lightly off the senator's back, and he pays but little attention to their snarling and yelping. It is true that the senator is not disposed to use choice language at times to express his sentiments, and he is impulsive and hot-headed, but there is no doubt of his sincerity and of his honest desire to expose corruption which he believes to exist in high places. What is more, the people believe as he does, that there is widespread corruption in congress, and that a thorough investigation should be made into the charges which have been published affecting the integrity of certain senators in connection with tariff legislation.

The sugar schedule of the Wilson-Gorman tariff bill was prepared by the Democratic majority of the senate finance committee under circumstances which gave rise to charges of rottenness and corruption. The sugar schedule of the present tariff bill has been submitted by the Republican majority of the senate committee, and again charges are made and published that certain senators have been profiting by speculations in sugar stock because of their early knowledge of what the schedule would provide. It has also been charged that senators have been in conference with officials of the sugar trust, and made the schedule to suit the trust. These are charges affecting the integrity of the senate, and Senator Tillman is right in demanding that the senate shall take action to demonstrate their truth or falsity.

In view of the farcical character of the previous investigation, Senator Tillman made his demand yesterday as strong as possible by having read to the senate extracts from the newspapers containing the latest charges. This is what some of the servile organs call "a tirade" and "another pitchfork oration." There are some things that can be handled only with pitchforks, and the senate's rottenness is in this class. It is a time for plain talk.

Senator Aldrich, who is the chief defender of the sugar schedule, followed Mr. Tillman yesterday, and denied that any person connected with the sugar trust at any time or at any place influenced the framing of the sugar schedule or received information as to its character. Yet a member of the house ways and means committee stated the other day that the sugar schedule presented by the senate committee is an exact copy of the schedule submitted by the sugar trust to the house committee, which refused to adopt it. Perhaps Senator Aldrich can explain this singular coincidence, and if he is as anxious as he pretends to be for a full investigation, let him support Mr. Tillman's resolution and give evidence himself as to the scandalous schedule now pending, which grants to the boodleizing sugar trust more protection even than the Gorman-Brice gang dared to give in 1894.

A FIELD FOR GENIUS.

There is a field for the inventive genius in connection with the good roads movement as wide as that which was afforded at the beginning of railroad building. A hasty comparison of the railroad and its train of sixty years ago with a modern "limited" tells in some degree of that field in which the inventor has wrought during that time. It is so apparent that time need not be taken in calling attention to it in detail.

It is true that the inventive genius of the country has been at work in behalf of good roads, but that which it has already accomplished compared with that which it will bring about during the next ten of fifteen years, is so little that it will look exceedingly small in comparison. The roller, the crusher, and various other articles now brought into use in making better roads will be vastly improved upon, and numerous other implements to be used in all of the different branches of road building will put in an appearance. We need not be surprised at the production of new materials, materials today unthought of, whose use in road building will be pronounced marvelous both in the character of the road they produce and in their cheapness.

Twenty years ago, yest less than twenty years ago, the man who said that nearly every large city in the United States would in 1897 possess systems of electric railroads would have been counted fit for a madhouse. Ten years from now, maybe five years, possibly a year, science and the genius of the inventor may convert the hill or the mountain into material which can be applied to roadbuilding that will answer the purpose as well as anything yet introduced, as well as asphalt, macadam and so on. Of one thing the public may be sure, that when the right sentiment has been created, and all classes, or nearly all classes at the present time are, to a greater or less extent engaged in making that sentiment, the necessary means will present themselves for the construction of the roads so long needed and that will be worth so many hundreds of millions of dollars to the United States even running up to billions every decade.

Let the inventor turn his eyes, his mind, his heart in the direction of good roads, the necessity for them, the great value of them, and then apply himself in creating inventions that will be invaluable in the work of supplying them. There are millions in it for him and billions in it for his country. In the meantime agitate, talk good roads, preach for good roads, write for good roads, teach for good roads, plan for good roads, organize for good roads, and be sure that good roads will come.

THE STATE FAIR.

The Minnesota state fair last year was the most successful in the history of the state, and judging from the preparations which are being made by the officers of the society, this year's fair, to be held at Hamline from Sept. 6 to 11, will be in advance of all its predecessors. The great practical value of these annual exhibitions can hardly be overestimated. As object lessons upon the vast and varied resources of the state, as well as upon the intelligence, enterprise and public spirit of its people, they are of inestimable value.

The Herald has received a copy of the premium list for this year's fair. The list has been revised with a generous hand, and the offers made are more liberal and comprehensive than any yet announced by the society. The large amounts offered for horses in other years are repeated, with additional classes and prizes for harness and saddle horses. Additional classes have been opened for cattle, increasing the competition among breeders and the general interest in the department. The usual large offers are made for sheep, swine and poultry, with some additions. The exhibit of live stock will be comprehensive, affording an opportunity to inspect, compare and study the characteristics of the various breeds of all the domestic animals. The amount offered for creamery butter has been increased from $100 to $250, while other liberal offers of a year ago in the dairy department are repeated. Premiums for farm and orchard products are also increased, thus giving a new impetus to the exhibition of dairy, agricultural and horticultural products. The machinery, honey, forestry and mineral exhibits will each be given even greater prominence than in the past. The woman's department will be made unusually attractive, and the main building will be filled with a wonderful profusion of miscellaneous exhibits. Special attention is called to the amount ($1200) offered for county exhibits, an increase of $500 over the amount given last year. Additional prominence is given to this feature in order to individualize and give special prominence to the products of the different localities. St. Louis county should be well represented and an effort made to capture a prize and effectually refute the erroneous idea that we have no agricultural land here.

THE NATION'S HEROES.

Memorial day falls on Sunday this year, and by the direction of the commander-in-chief of the Grand Army the exercises in connection with the annual tribute to the memories of the nation's heroes are being held today by the surviving veterans. This is and should be the most impressive of all our national holidays, and it is a subject of deep regret to those who view the day aright that it should have been turned largely into an occasion for sports and amusements. It is not surprising, therefore, that there should be a movement on foot to change the date of Memorial day and have the first Sunday in June designated as the day upon which to commemorate the deeds of the brave men who left their homes and families to fight in defense of the Union. In this way it is believed that to a great extent the desecration of the day by sports and merry-making will be prevented and that it will then become in fact a solemn and sacred occasion.

The brave men whose graves were covered with flowers today will live always in the hearts of the living. By the sacrifices of the patriots who went forth to battle at their country's call, the Union was kept intact and liberty was preserved. As long as the Union remains, their deeds will be remembered by the grateful millions who enjoy the institutions which they maintained.

Rev. Dr. J. K. McLean, of San Francisco, said before the Congregational club of that city recently that "there are 100 churches too many in the state of California, and if they should die off it would be the best thing for the Kingdom of God." The club voted unanimously to establish a state commission which shall make efforts to have evangelical churches located with direct reference to the population and needs of the community.

The Boston Journal discovers a foreign "conspiracy" to throw at least a year's supply of European goods into America before the new tariff takes effect; and the foreigners are assisted in this conspiracy by "the free-trading, free-coining senators." This causes the Springfield Republican to remark: "Reference here must be made to Aldrich, Allison and Platt of Connecticut. They are the only senators who have held back the tariff bill to date."

The Milaca Times should not believe the irresponsible and false statements regarding The Herald which are written by the callow youth who runs the political columns of the Minneapolis Journal. So far as the "iron barons" are concerned, the Times will discover, by making inquiry in the proper quarters, that The Herald is not regarded as friendly to any of their schemes which clash with the people's interests and that consequently their love for this journal is not very great.

The Papyrus club, of Boston, has given $1000 to the Boston public library, to be expended for the purchase of books to serve as a memorial collection to the late John Boyle O'Reilly. The Duluth public library is prepared to receive donations, and if any club or individual desires to follow the Boston example the gift will be welcomed.

Reports are pouring in of the fabulous sums earned by Paderewski, which may make Mrs. Calve and the other vocal stars raise their too modest prices. At a recent benefit recital in Paris the tickets were $6, and nearly $3000 was taken in. In London he asks (and gets) $5000 an evening for playing at private parties.

The trade review issued by the Dun commercial agency this week is of a very encouraging character. It says that, while the margin for profit is small, there is almost as much business doing today, so far as quantity is concerned, as in the years of greatest prosperity.

The Boston Transcript thinks there ought to be nothing surprising in Mr. Rockefeller's edict against Sunday labor by the men employed on his ore docks, because most people would be satisfied with what he makes six days in the week.

The city of Brooklyn advertised the other day for a loan of $400,000, 3 1-2 per cent gold bonds, forty years, exempt from local taxation. Responses to the extent of $3,800,000 were received and one firm offered $418,107.54 for the $400,000 bonds.

There is a considerable resemblance between the Illinois legislature and the Austrian reichsrath. The members of both bodies are given to throwing inkstands and books in order to emphasize their remarks.

The Omaha Bee says: "The greatest opportunity of the century yawns for a man capable of leading a successful crusade in favor of a specific duty on tariff speeches." Why not make the duty ad valorum?

The story that Jesse Grant intends to run a lottery in Mexico was denied several days ago, and its repetition by the morning paper today is therefore inexcusable.

The Superior Leader confesses that it is a profane journal. And yet it has always been suspected that Editor Flagg was of a religious disposition.

Alleghany county, Md., is doing very well politically. It is now furnishing a governor, a United States senator, and a United States sub-treasurer.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

The wish to shine makes men fools.

Don't try to impart ideas by your feelings.

The war is not over because we have lost a battle.

Make a call too short, rather than be yawned out.

Some would rather face a cannon than their own evils.

The man who can tell all he knows of religion knows very little.

The man who knows how to live well will not have to learn how to die well.

Nature is God's; botany and geology are man's; so religion is divine, theology, human.

The Creator expends so much force in sunsets and apple blossoms that there must be some great use in mere beauty.

God never made the world for an apothecary shop or a chemical labratory, but for a temple; the final word of nature is spiritual.

A BACHELOR'S REFLECTIONS.

New York Press: Sooner or later the world comes to respect a man who never takes the trouble to give a reason for anything.

The liberty which a man hates most to give up when he gets married is the liberty to love other women.

Very few married ministers ever preach from the text that says there is no marriage in heaven without trying to explain around it some way.

When the devil got into the garden of Eden he probably told Eve he had been sent to fix the gas meter.

The average woman would a good deal rather see her husband bitten by a mad dog than kissed by another woman.

A girl's idea of being unhappy is to be at a pathetic play and find she has only got an old hemstitched pocket handkerchief.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

PASSING PLEASANTRIES.

Chicago Record: "None but the brave deserve the fair."

"Yes, but they don't always get them. I know a man on a small salary who has proposed to seven rich girls."

Truth: Mrs. Brown—I am the mother of seven boys. Do you wonder that I am a bread maker?

Mrs. Jones—I am the mother of seven girls. Do you wonder that I am a matchmaker?

Washington Star: "So that yaung man says he would lay his fortune at your feet?"

"Yes."

"But he hasn't done so."

"N-no."

"And perhaps you can tell why?"

"I guess, father, that he hasn't had it told yet."

Indianapolis Journal: "Hurrah!" shouted the Spanish officer; "we have achieved some more victories!"

"How?"

"I have just put to ignominious flight two lunch wagons and a banana peddler!"

Chicago Post: "This article," she said, putting down the magazine, "purports to give two views of a woman."

"Only two?" he exclaimed. "Then you don't begin to really see her, do you?"

He was the same man who once said that the average woman was so many-sided that she was octagonal.

Cincinnati Tribune: Mr. Man—My dear, the editor won't print that paper of yours if you write on both sides of the paper.

Mrs. Man—But he said he wanted me to cover both sides of the question, and the question was on paper.

Washington Star: "You want to take charge of my culinary department?" said the hotel manager.

"Yes, sir."

"Have you ever prepared dinners for people of wealth and refinement?"

"I should say I have. Why, I used to be the chef in the District of Columbia jail."

Chicago Tribune: Wigginheim is in great luck. He's assistant foreman of construction on a brick and steel structure they are building down the street.

"I can't see that it's such a tremendous piece of luck. They do that kind of work very fast nowadays. It will only furnish him employment for about three months."

"Three months. It'll last him three years. It's a government job."

WHY BANKS DON'T BREAK IN CHINA.

They send no glittering statements out,
When a bank goes to smash in China.
To show 'tis solvent beyond a doubt,
When a bank goes to smash in China.
No pitying tears you see them shed;
But they take a big cheeseknife instead,
And amputate the president's head;
And banks never break in China.
—Financial News.

CHEAP SAMPLE FLOUR.

Visitors to the produce exchange often call attention to the great number of pasteboard boxes filled with flour, which are arranged on the marble-topped tables on the floor of the Exchange, says the New York Sun. Each one of these boxes contains a sample of a particular brand of flour which some broker has for sale. The prospective customer walks up to a broker, and the flour is inspected. A small portion is taken from a box, and, with the addition of a little water, the broker makes a small dough ball, to show how that particular brand of flour acts. This operation over, the dough ball is put into a large tin pan, with which every table is supplied.

None of this flour goes to waste. Every bit of it is sold in the store down in the basement to people who come every morning to buy the flour. They get it for a cent a pound, and they can purchase two pounds or as many hundred pounds. The store opens at 6 o'clock in the morning, and remains open until the supply of flour is exhausted. It is located in a room in the basement, on the Stone street side of the Exchange. Every day, after the close of business, all the flour in the blue boxes, of whatever grade, is gathered up and brought down to the store, where it is put into a large bin and thoroughly mixed. It is said that the mixing of all these grades makes the most nourishing flour that can be produced. The annual income from this source is more than $7000, the money going to defray the expenses of the flour inspection bureau. The dough balls are gathered up daily, and sold to a paste manufacturer. From their sale about $300 a year is realized.

The buyers of the flour comprise almost every nationality. Italians are the largest buyers. They come to the store, both men and women, in parties of from four to a dozen, bringing huge bags or sacks, which they fill with from one to two hundred pounds of flour. Another regular customer is the pretzel baker, who comes around about twice a week and buys up the entire supply of flour for one day which he uses in making pretzels. This leaves the regular purchaser of the flour out in the cold for that particular day, and they have tried to induce the clerk to drop the pretzel man as a customer.

BICYCLE MUDGUARD.

A proof of how easily inventors may wander away from the straight path is seen in the evolution of the bicycle mudguard, says the Providence Telegram. Manufacturers have for years been endeavoring to find a way of disposing of the mud after it was thrown from the wheel. The idea of taking the mud off the wheel seems never to have struck them. That is what an inventor has done, and the problem on which so much gray matter has been expended is solved with a simplicity especially mortifying to those whom it has so long baffled. The new guard consists of a sheet of metal plate carrying a thin rubber strip, which brushes the mud off the tire and prevents it from flying on the clothing of the rider. The guard is held in position by V-shaped carriers of wire which straddle the wheel, being secured to the forks of the bicycle. The guard plate has a spring tension fitted upon the carrier, and the brush can be thrown on or off the tire by touching the plate with the foot. The brush, which is renewable, is about one-sixteenth of an inch thick, and when in use it bears upon the tire so lightly that the friction is inappreciable. It keeps the mud from both the rider and the wheel.

No Summer Vacation.

There will be no vacation at the Business University during the summer. Those who anticipate entering soon for either a commercial or stenography course will find Monday, June 2, an excellent time to enter.

ACROSS THE TEA TABLE.

May has been a bit "teary 'round the lashes" these latter days of her reign, but we have welcomed the showers with glad hearts knowing that "all nature rejoices as a strong man to run a race" under this genial influence. The bits of green which push themselves above the brown earth in search of sun and air are the seeds we planted with tender care a month ago. Those who have dared to brave the harsh winds have had misgivings over plants set out in the garden, but look upon the showers as a saving grace; and the flowering shrubs in glen and field send us their sweetest messages in the damp mist of these May evenings. One night this week I stood at my window in the dusk and felt the message the earth gives to each and all of us at this season. It was something indescribable and yet such a potent spell upon one's spirit. The damp air was laden with the odor of a thousand things, fresh, sweet, delicious, the spicy balsam odor of the poplars, the newly-mown lawns, the delicate leaves, and the wild flowers and ferns growing almost at our doorsteps. It was spring spiritualized into an odor and carrying with this spiritual presence the suggestion of associations and memories felt under no other influence. May's flower jewels are delicate, fragile, dainty blossoms with a sweet evasive perfume. Verging toward June they become more vivid in color these wild things which acknowledge only nature's fostering care, and their color and perfume become more pronounced. By this we know that the "airy tread" of spring has passed over the earth and the reign of summer, her strong, vivid, glowing sister has begun. These pale shadowy landscapes of misty greens, and soft grays, and mingled blues, and browns, and yellows, of water, earth and sky are like impressionist pictures and the artistic soul of every painter of that school has found in such influences as these the inspiration of his art, and art, as John Stuart Mill puts it, is but the employment of nature for an end. The sordid things of life should never weigh us down with the influences which lie all about us, and like "the meanest flower that blows can give thoughts that do often lie too deep for tears."

* * *

The last days of May have a different meaning to many in retrospection, but time's soft hand has wiped away the bitterness of saddened seasons, and memory holds but the glory of great deeds. Memory hangs a wreath of flowers over the grave of tragedy and every loyal heart thrills now to the thought "the blot from our scutcheon gone." Memorial day comes to us with a double meaning this year by reason of the dedication of the tomb of Gen. Grant, the monument not alone of one man, but of many, for in this splendid mausoleum lies all that remains of one of our greatest heroes, but his hand was powerless to subdue had he not been upheld by marching thousands ready and willing to do his bidding, and those who helped to dedicate this beautiful memorial with a pomp and pageantry, which was but an expression of the feeling of our great united nation, memorialized there "those piteous nameless graves" which dot the fair Southern land. Those cities of the dead which are scattered here and there through the South and where lie the mortal remains of many a nameless Northern hero thrill the heart of a wanderer through their gateways with a sad and tender melancholy. They are kept in spotless order by the nation, and one wishes that the spirit of those who lie there could be glad the body found so beautiful a resting place. Through the stately marble arch of one of these national cemeteries I wandered with a companion who said: "One sees no sad funeral trains, no grief-bowed heads in a national cemetery, and one breathes the spirit of an epic illied with the echoes of drums and bugles, the booming of fatal cannon, the clash of opposing swords. The sunlight sleeps quietly above the larch branches, the Cherokee roses twine thickly over the old stone walls, and on the older of an hour comes a feeling of infinite peace." The peace, which in spirit breathes over all of us on Memorial day, and should whisper the gentle thought of forgiveness, for no anniversary of the year is more solemn and beautiful in its suggestions or should be met with such a tender reverence as this one in memory not of one man, but of a whole nation.

* * *

The question often arises in the mind of the thoughtful as to the tendencies of our age for good or evil. Is it for good that we wipe out the reverence we should have for sacred things. In the liberalism of the present day, the equality and fraternity claimed, the abolishing of the dignity which should hedge many acts and seasons, are we not also eliminating regard for the finer and nobler sentiments, and banishing true grace ad courtesy from all of our acts. Iconoclastic tendencies in this nineteenth century are to blame for much of this. The beautiful faiths of old time wither under the search light of materialism, and sentiments which are woven in with the best and finest in human nature are daily shocked by contact with a gross want of regard for the feelings of others. Is it for good or evil? When it becomes necessary for undertakers to protest against the brutal conduct of teamsters and drivers of vehicles, is it not time to call a halt and teach the courtesy due this sad ceremonial. The American traveler in foreign lands is always impressed by the reverence displayed by passersby for a funeral procession. No matter what the day or the hour, the pedestrian, be he humble or renowned reverently uncovers his head; if a Catholic, makes the sign of the cross, and whispers a prayer; every man, woman or child respects the grief of those in that train, and endeavors in his conduct to show that feeling. The passing of a soul is no small matter, and must awaken serious thoughts even in the most coarse and sordid mind, and it is high time that a show of respect and reverence should be demanded, if things have come to such a pass in our midst, that professional stress is laid upon the matter. It is not too much to demand that arrest should follow the wanton act of driving across a funeral procession, or indeed causing the slightest thrill or alarm or anxiety to those who pay a tribute to the dead.

* * *

The subject of manners in public places is always more or less interesting, and an observer of women said to me not long since: "Why is it that women always crowd and push each other out of place near the doorway of a car when the upper end of the car is unoccupied?" That is something inexplicable, I know. It is modesty or timidity I doubt not. But the masculine mind accepting this phase of shrinking from public view on the part of the feminine, takes his place at the far end of the street car. This division is so closely followed now that it argues considerable courage for a woman, during the hours when street cars are crowded, to take advantage of the unoccupied space in the upper end of the car. She who does so is treated to undisguised astonishment on the masculine countenances, and contempt and surprise at this temerity on the feminine. She feels as if she were bold to a degree, and rather than encounter this she meekly crowds in between her sisters. Thre is a beautiful, unconsciousness of self and surroundings which can be cultivated in a public vehicle, and yet my sense of humor is sometimes stirred to a risible degree as I realize the situation. We get into a car, seat ourselves and settle our packages, and look up to find mild curiosity exhibited by our neighbors. eW may never have seen them before, but we are thus thrown into a personal contact with them, and it is impossible to ignore their presence. Surrounding scenery is only viewed over the heads of those opposite, and human feelings of curiosity are bound to be developed. Humanity in an impersonal sense is always more or less interesting to a great many people, and the curiosity develops into a stare which is bound to nettle the victim. Well, there is one consolation in it all; being brought into daily contact with numbers of unknown people is sure to teach one who is not saturated with self, humility of spirit and the realization that one is an infinitesimal atom in the great universe However, I suppose we will go on separating the sheep from the goats in our street cars until women recognize the utter selfishness of crowding into the small space usually offered near the door, and learn to cultivate that quick observation, the gift of the woman of the world, who takes a situation in at a glance, and whose good judgment will always lead toward the proper solution of a problematic position.

* * *

That woman of the world has her small fads and foibles, and if she has a distinct leaning toward the accessories of dress she is sure to start out in modest fashion to make a collection of some sort, laces, diamonds or fans. A collection of fans is more interesting than anything else, they seem so much more identified with the personality of an owner than either of the other two The history of the fan must be coincident with that of the race. Who can imagine a time when leaves flapping in the wind did not suggest a fan? Oriental nations are so skillful in the arts of fan decoration, and such ancient specimens are known to exist among them, that one must believe they are very, very old as additions to the personal belongings. Who can imagine the queen of Sheba or Cleopatra minus the fan-bearer, waving a gorgeous plume of peacock feathers above her? And in spite of an old superstition, peacock feathers are quite the latest thing. The soft black plumes and the natural gray ones of the ostrich find in them a rival for "my lady's fan." The one most in use now is the tiny little empire fan in paper or silk; these have been very popular for the last two years, and probably find favor because they are to be tucked away in a corner of that jeweled-top bag which "my lady" loves to carry. The "Tsarina" is a fan of fern-green silk with sticks of violet wood, sweet and odorous; the silk is decorated with hand-painted bunches of Russian violets, the whole an exquisite symphony in purple and green, for the violet wood sticks are stained a delicate light green, the color of the under side of leaves of trees in the spring. Jeweled tortoiseshell sticks, rare old lace on the wind part, painted vellum, and that chicken-skin which Austin Dobson apostrophised on a fan, "delicate white;" satin fans with medallions in gauze, and wooden sticks with miniatures inserted in them, bejeweled, bepainted, laced and feathered; in fact, everything that ingenuity or luxury can suggest to those who pander to the tastes of extravagance goes to make up the fan of the present day, just as it did in the days of Elizabeth or Mary of Scots, or La Pompadour, for whom Greuze and Watteau painted; and Marie Antoinette, poor, ill-fated queen, whose fans must have been as the sands of the seas, if we can judge by the ever-present one in the case of the fan collector. The carved ivory sticks with decorated paper wind performed fans which were brought home by old sea captains 100 years ago and more, in the days when New England's ships went sailing round the world, and they can be found in many a cabinet in quaint old New England towns and are prized by their present owners. though fair, fragile, feminine hands may never have tossed them to and fro, and puritan maids, unused to the coquetries of the fan, may have eyed them wistfully with a sense of possibilities hidden there. Make your fans, or anything so much a part of your personality, bear a distinct character; identified with yourself they cannot fail to have about them that individuality with which a strong character endows even the smallest belonging.

* * *

There are always beauty doctors who thrive on that craving women have to possess "the fatal gift;" a craving as old as the race, no doubt, and the worst of it is that the rules and recipes laid down for diet, exercise, sleep and food are such alluring reading and so convincing as to their power of producing this gift of the gods. Every woman owes it to herself to be just as good-looking as nature made possible. She should neglect none of the cardinal principles of her being, and she should consider herself from the point of view of an artist, value all of her good points, show them off to the best advantage, recognize her limitations and subdue the bad points as far as she is able. These spring days are fine to teach one the value of outdoor exercise, the daily bath, the use of vegetable foods and the acids of fruits which the system craves so in the spring. If you are not sensitive as to odor, and are careful to respect the sensitiveness of others, onions are said to possess a fine tonic quality and are good for the blood. A tart lemonade taken before breakfast in the morning is a fine thing in the spring for some people, and the window down from the top these sweet spring nights ought to bring blissful and healthful slumbers. Relishes of all kinds are said to be good for growing delicate girls, with carrots and parsnips in generous diet for flesh-producing powers. Those who are wise know that a mixed diet is the best, plenty of vegetables and fruit in the spring; but as you value strength and solidity, use meat, not as generously as in the winter, but plenty of meat is necessary to overcome the effect of certain qualities of our climate, and grain foods are a positive demand, especially the foods produced from grain indigenous to our soil. Nothing is so good as rich, fresh corn meal muffins or corn bread at this season. The use of corn meal will keep liver troubles at bay. Physicians say that there are few people in our light, dry climate, with its effect on the nerves, who can digest the heavy oatmeal, so use wheat and corn foods as cereals. Fresh fish is so good and healthful now, as also lamb, chickens, eggs, good milk. In this land of plenty it would seem that we should all be beautiful if we use what is just at hand and, as I said, observe the demands of our being as to air, exercise, sleep and good food. Well, some day there will be no necessity to instill these principles; we'll all be as beautiful and perfect as the "Martian" in the millenium.

—AGATE.

SHOTS AT THE PULPIT.

Chicago Post: There is said to be a great overproduction of clergymen, but certainly there are not too many good ones.

Kansas City Star: Dr. John H. Barrows, the eminent Chicago minister who has recently returned from an extended tour in India, in the course of which he preached Christianity and advocated a unity of religions, declares that the Hindoos are losing faith in Buddha. It is not improbable that the intelligent priests of Buddha who visited this country in the World's fair year returned to India with much the same sort of opinion regarding the Christians in America.

Chicago Chronicle: A clergyman in a Chicago suburb has decreed that in the future women attending his church will uncover themselves. He says that he does not propose to have the theater more civilized than the church. "Why," he exclaims, "I recently attended a city church, but could not see the preacher because of three high hats worn by women who sat before me." He thinks that the church of the future will have dressing-rooms to accommodate the headgear of women who attend. The church of the future will be a fearful and wonderful place if all the crank clergymen have their way.

Chicago Tribune: Probably few pastors have enjoyed a greater or more embarrassing popularity among their flocks than Rev. Father Gratza, of Berlin, Wis. He was invited to Flintville a few weeks ago to take charge of a church and accepted the call, but when his parishioners heard of his resolution they promptly refused to let him go and kept him a prisoner in his house for two weeks to think the matter over. Whenever he tried to get out it appears he always found a strong guard ready to veto his plans, and such was the love of his people that it was only by the utmost strategy that he was able finally to escape to his new chosen field. This opens up a new field of trouble for ministers of the gospel. Pastors have been deposed at various times and they have been the victims of rival factions and subjected to a great variety of annoyances, but this is the first time on record that a pastor has become so perniciously popular as to be kept under lock and key to prevent his getting away. Pastor Gratza may find it prudent in his new position to cultivate just a suspicion of ill-will in order to avoid similar duress in case he should ever again want to make a change.

A MEETING AFTER YEARS.

He met her where the green boughs hung
In graceful curves above!
When he was callow, slim and young
He'd given her his love;
But she more world-wise then, than he,
Had stroked his curly head;
"Ah, no. Some day you'd censure me,
Were I to yield," she said.

"You love me now, and I love you—
Above all other men;
But you are young; the world is new,
Some day you'll love again—
Some day, when you are in your prime,
You'll think of me and say:
'How hard I tried, once on a time,
To throw myself away!'"

And as she said the words, she wept:
He swore she did him wrong;
His vows would be forever kept,
His love was deep and strong!
But still she wept and said him nay.
She would not wreck his life:
"In years to come you'd curse the day
That I became your wife!

"Go out into the world and take
The place I know you can—
Go with my prayer that you may make
Yourself a useful man.
And when you've won, and loved again,
And praise is sweet and free,
I beg that you will sometimes, then
Think kindly things of me."

Poor, stricken boy! He went away
With anger in his heart,
And spite impelled him, from that day,
To play a lofty part.
He strove and rose, until his name
Was known through all the land—
He loved again and to him came
A maiden's heart and hand.

* * * * * * *

He met her where the green boughs hung
In graceful curves above;
When he was callow, slim and young
He'd given her his love;
Now, as they passed, their glances met;
And then they looked away—
Did she love yet? Did he regret
That distant parting day?

—S. E. KISER in Cleveland Leader.

OLD PEOPLE.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whisky nor other intoxicants, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER,
L. N SCOTT, Manager.

Wednesday June 2,
26th Annual Tour,

PRIMROSE AND WEST'S
BIG MINSTRELS

Presenting their GRAND DOUBLE COMPANY, Whites and Blacks. 2 Brass Bands. Regular Prices.

DETROIT AND RETURN $12

Leave Duluth 6:30 p. m. June 4th.
Return limit June 13th.

Via D. S. S. & A. Ry

Office: 426 Spalding Hotel Block.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the Matter of the Assignment of B. Liden, Insolvent.

It appearing to the court that the assignee herein has converted the assigned estate into money, and has filed his account, and prays that the same be allowed:

It is ordered, that said account be brought on for hearing before this court, at a special term thereof to be held at the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 19th day of June, 1897, at 9:30 a. m.;

That a copy of this order be delivered to insolvent and to all creditors who have filed proofs of claim, by mailing a copy thereof to said insolvent, and to each of said creditors, and by publishing a copy thereof once each week for three successive weeks, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper published in said county.

Dated May 22, 1897.

J. D. ENSIGN,
Judge of said Court.

Duluth Evening Herald, May 29-June-5-12.

In Duluth's Social Circles.

The hopes of the Company G men were more than realized last evening, for their annual ball was the most elaborate and brilliant social function that Duluth has ever seen. Everything was arranged on a sumptuous scale and was carried out to perfection. It truly deserves to be called a magnificent ball.

The hall decorations were superb. The bare brick walls of the Armory were lost in a maze of bunting and flags. The music platform was at the north end and above it was draped an immense American flag. Along the gallery bunting was draped and the lights were colored. Bunting was draped along the sides near the lower floor, and overhead was a mass of bunting. Cozy little lounging corners were arranged near the music platform, and around these and over the music platform was a great number of palms and plants, while the floor was covered with handsome rugs.

The programs were very neat. They bore a very pretty, cute design by C. F. Naughton, one of the members of the company. Dancing began about 9:15 o'clock and there were twenty numbers.

And the music! Everybody raved over it. The full Duluth City band, led by Ernst Meier, played the two-steps and several of the waltzes, and an orchestra of twenty pieces played the balance of the numbers. This was the first opportunity Duluth people have had to dance to the music of the band, and it was agreed to be delightful. At midnight the band played "America" and the audience and company sang two verses.

The scene in the ball room was a beautiful one. The members of the company wore white duck trousers and fatigue coats, and the blue and white of their uniforms, the brilliantly colored gowns of the ladies and the black dress suits of the men moving through the dances made a picture which was more than fascinating.

During the intermission the members of the company met to elect a captain in place of E. H. Cooke, resigned. C. C. Teare was chosen within a very few moments and the militiamen gave three cheers for their new commanding officer.

Among those present from out of the city were: Mrs. Jean McClure, of St. Cloud; Miss Kelly, of St. Paul; Miss Mamie Cross, Miss Stella Cross, Miss Jessie Miller and Miss Hammond, of Superior; Miss Sadie Van Dusen, of Chicago; Miss Kalman, of St. Paul; Maj. A. P. Goss, of Eveleth; Miss Josie Bell, of St. Paul; Miss Copeland, of Pembroke, Ont.

Among the others present were:

Mr. and Mrs. Renwick B. Knox, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Wolvin, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Lucas, Mr. and Mrs. John Promberger, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Harper, Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Upham, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Howard, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Black, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Knapp, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Bagley, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Thornton, Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Fitzgerald, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. McManus, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Hoopes, Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Totman, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Elder, Dr. and Mrs. A. E. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Howard, Mr. and Mrs. David Buchanan, Mrs. D. G. Cash, Mr. and Mrs. Parker Paine, Dr. and Mrs. F. N. Phelan.

Misses Dickinson, Bradley, Strayer, Ingalls, Spencer, Fitzgerald, Reeser, Mann, Mary Scott, Hilda Willoughby, Margaret Graff, Allen, Lillian Ingalls, Olive Kemp, Bowers, Macdougall, Hille, Davidson, Skuse, Dora Swan, Ada Lautenschlager, Gertrude Wallace Bailey, Sellwood, May Parker, Mabel White, Williams, Alice Wigdahl, Biren, Lottie Norris, Eaton, Halling, LaVaque, Magoffin, Bull, Lydia Poirier, Jennie Magoffin, Clara Bull, Eva Sinclair, Alda Michaud, Josephine Michaud, Florence Halling, Julia Davis, Clara Heeter, Jeanette Morey, Maud Wigdahl, Vida Baragser, Brower, Black, Simonds, Craig, Everington, Comstock, McLeran, Frazer, Livingstone.

Messrs. O. C. Hartman, Geggie, W. R. Peyton, Dalrymple, L. Mendenhall, E. H. Cooke, Ames, Murray Peyton, Martin Watrous, Sellwood, Niles, G. H. Reeves, E. Martin, Robson, Ginder, Porter, Barnard, Jones, Preston, McKay, Abbott, Boehner, Walter Watrous, Noyes, Macdonald, Williamson, Reichert, Stocking, C. P. McCormick, Hale Horton, Davis, W. McCormick, Telford, Denning, Patterson, Sullivan, McPhail, Hilliard, Mitchell, McDermott, Maj. Bidwell, Capt. C. C. Teare, Lieut. Watson, Wigdahl, Haines, Eastman, Merring, McCabe, Poirier, Naughton, Sinclair, Smith, De Vohn, Chapman, Applehagen, Clarkson, Farmer, Nixon, J. McLaren, Totman, Cash, Marvin McLaren, Bywater, Good, Cook, Reed, Doran, McClure, Arthur Geggie, Baldwin, Spencer, Shepard, Hudson, Sargent, Ryan, Walbank, Sanborn, Slocum.

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On Tuesday evening, June 8, at the Lyceum the presentation of Gibson's pictures for the benefit of the Women's Home and Hospital will be given. It will be a delightful evening's entertainment, not an exhibition of the persons who are to take part, but an artistic presentation of the choicest drawings of this famous American artist. The pictures will be carefully arranged and made as perfect as possible. Those who are to take part are:

Mesdames Homer Collins, A. H. Comstock, D. H. Day, Robert Dowse, Morris Fischbein Gamble, G. G. Hartley, R. B. Knox, B. F. Myers, J. Promberger, G. Ripley, V. Stearns, Misses Bradley, Bradshaw, Bull, Clara Bull, Julia Chapin, Comstock, Crowley, Fitzgerald, LaVaque, Gridley, Magoffin, Jennie Magoffin, McLaren, Martha Peyton, Josephine Peyton, Lydia Poirier, Sellwood, Spencer, Strayer, Messrs. Baldwin, Bassett, Dalrymple, R. Davis, De Groat, R. Dowse, Geggie, Gilbert, A. W. Hartman, O. C. Hartman, Hartley, Laurence Horton, Hale Horton, Hugo, Dr. Jones, C. P. McCormick, D. R. McLennon, Murray Peyton, W. R. Peyton, J. Promberger, Robson, Shepard, Stearns and "Cupid."

The list of pictures is as follows: "A Cabinet Meeting."

"Her Nightmare."

"That Delicious Moment."

"Lenten Confession."

"A Little Story (by a sleeve)."

"They Don't Even Know Tommy Atkins."

"Why is it Always Thus?"

"Puzzle: Find the Girl Who Has Just Been Kissed."

"Puzzle: Find the Man Who is Paying for the Dinner."

"The Kindergarten: After Dinner."

"Golf is Not the Only Game."

"The American Girl."

"Not the Same."

"At the Summer Hotel."

"Puzzle: Find the Wife of the Man Telling the Story."

"Dick Swiveller and the Marchioness."

"Tom Pinch and His Sister."

"Their Presence of Mind."

"A Summer Flirtation."

"All's Well That Ends Well."

"The Old Tune."

"The Last Guest."

Some of the patronesses are: Mesdames J. H. Upham, A. W. Ryan, Beriah Magoffin, C. H. Graves, L. A. Barber, A. H. Comstock, A. M. Miller, Walter Ayers, W. R. Stone, Walter Thrle, H. M. Peyton, Moses O'Brien, Clinton Markell, A. L. Ordean, J. D. Ray, M. J. Forbes, G. G. Hartley, F. W. Paine, D. G. Cutler, G. G. Barnum, J. D. Ensign, E. W. Markell, Clark Fagg, W. S. Bishop, A. D Thomson, H. T. Abbott, George Rupley, F. R. Webber, E. E. Collins, R. C. Ray, George Spencer, W. C. Sargent, W. J. Olcutt, G. Y. I. Brown, J. F. McLaren, J. L. Snapp, Homer Collins, J. T. Hale, R. B. Knox, Thomas D. Merrill, J. H. Crowley, W. T. Bailey, W B. Silvey, F. A. Patrick, O. H. Simonds, G. A. French, Sterling Smith, Page Morris, A. M. Marshall, J. H. Dight, Giles Gilbert, W. M. Prindle, J. B. Weston, H. C. Marshall, F. E. Searle, George D. Swift, Misses Markell, Hubbard, Taylor, Spencer, Moon, Simonds, Strayer, Ensign and Frazer.

* * *

Miss Elizabeth Spencer entertained the Young Ladies' Card club Monday afternoon at her home 302 Sixteenth avenue east. Miss Sellwood won the prize and euchre was the game. Those present were: Miss Bradley, Miss Comstock, Miss Martha Peyton, Miss Sellwood, Miss Frazer, Miss La Vaque, Miss Dickinson, Miss Strayer, Miss Eaton, Miss Belle Simonds, Miss Livingstone and Miss Crowley.

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Miss Dickinson, of 1523 East First street entertained the Young Ladies' Luncheon club Wednesday at her home. Miss Dickinson chose yellow as the color for the decorations and the table was very prettily arranged. Dainty cards were given. Those present were: Miss Sellwood, Miss Bradley, Miss Frazer and Miss LaVaque.

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The annual meeting of the Somerset Y will be held Saturday, June 5, at the residence of Mrs. A. W. Bradley.

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The Nineteenth Century club will meet with Miss Minnie MacLean, of 3 East Fourth street Saturday evening, June 5. "Cuba" will be the subject for discussion and Miss Wright will lead.

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Mrs. T. C. Dymond entertained a large number of the little friends of Misses Blanche and Bessie Costello on Tuesday afternoon from 5 to 8. There were about fifty present, among them being: Misses Eva Willcutts, Lucile Patton, Florence Brown, Jessica Marshall, Rebecca Bailey, Marie Craig, Edith Searle, Louise Chappel, Bessie Bailey, Cora Monahan, Lena Monahan, Marie Clark, Beulah Denham, Helen Mooney, Agnes Poirier, Jennie McLaren, May Van Buskirk, Elsie Smith, Ansel Smith, Edna Monahan, Marguerite McBride, Minerva Broughton, Stella Maher, Cleo Phelan, Florence Eaton, Daisy Lutes, and Masters Olmstead Grady, Norman Van Brunt, Clay Smith, Otis Smith, Willis Derby, J. Monahan, Lyttel Pierce, Jack Craig, Stewart Poirier, Charles Kelly, Walter McCarthy, Harry Fuller, Joe Clynnes, Mark Clynnes, Tom Wilcox and Willie Muellen.

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On Monday afternoon the nurses at St. Luke's hospital were given a drive over the boulevard in Totman's big buckboard.

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This afternoon a recital was given by Miss Margaret A. Ryan and Miss Helen K. Loman, pupils of Mrs. John Loman, at No. 205 Tenth avenue east. Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward sang.

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On Monday evening a novel and charming entertainment will be given at the Catholic Association hall on West Fourth street. A series of living pictures commemorative of war times is being prepared by the young ladies, which will include a representation of Seymour Thomas' famous picture "An Innocent Victim," Alfanto's "Justice," "Goddess of War," "Columbia," "Tenting Tonight" and others. An excellent musical and literary program will also be given during the evening, with numbers by Mrs. Charles Thornton, Miss Costello, Miss Heath, Miss Louden, Messrs. Cox, Benson and others. Those who take part in the pictures are: Mrs. John Promberger, Mrs. Phelan, Misses Stringer, Killorin, Bailey, Mary McHugh, India Willcutts, Lydia Poirier, McNulty, J. Lynn and six soldiers.

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A recital was given at the Bethel last evening by the pupils of Gerard Tonning. Mrs. d'Autremont, Morris Freimuth and Miss Elsie Thiel assisted.

* * *

The Shakespearean musicale at French & Bassett's last Monday was a novel and pleasant entertainment. "The Seven Ages of Man," read by Mrs. d'Autremont and illustrated by musical numbers, was very interesting. Those contributing the musical selections were: Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward, soprano; Mrs. John A. Stephenson, pianist; Mrs. James McAuliffe, mezzo-soprano; Professor Woodward, baritone; Miss Olga Lawitzky, soprano; C. E. Bassett, aeolian numbers, and Messrs. Cook, Gilbert, Hugo, Gearhart, Walbank and Chapman, banjo and guitar selections.

* * *

A birthday surprise party was given Charles E. Norman, of 111 East Fifth street, Monday evening by a number of his friends. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Chellew, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Harrington, Mr. and Mrs Walter Evered and mother, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Rathbun, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Fedge, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bayha, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Dorner, Mr and Mrs. Ed Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Kern, Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Russell, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Wigginton, Mr. and Mrs. Chan Smith, Messrs. Henry Folz, C. J. Hector, George Ebert, Cordy Edwards, George Summerton, Mesdames J. J. Mintle, Cox, H. Bridgman and the Misses Dresser and Rose.

* * *

Tuesday was the golden wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Ellison, of 420 Sixth avenue east, and in honor of the event they entertained about 150 friends and relatives.

* * *

The Daughters of Erin, the ladies' auxiliary of the A. O. H., gave a delightful dancing party at Odd Fellows hall, Wednesday evening. About 100 couples were present and danced to their hearts content. The committees were as follows: Arrangments, Mrs. J. Hallen, Mrs. S. Boulger, Miss Maggie Harney, P. J. Murphy, S. McCarthy; reception, Mrs. Wright, Mrs. Tynan, Mrs. Sullivan, Mrs. Beers, Mrs. Corcoran; floor, Messrs. Murray, McCathy, Muphy and Beers.

* * *

Miss Pearl Wilsey and Joseph A. Pringle were married Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock at No. 2 West Second street. Rev. Dr. Humason performed the ceremony, and a large number of friends were present. A reception followed. Mr. and Mrs. Pringle will reside at No. 2 West Second street.

* * *

The first of a series of social entertainments was given Tuesday evening by the Loyal Mystic Legion of America, at Brown's hall. A musical was given, and after that there was dancing.

* * *

The ladies of the Danish Sisterhood will celebrate their nation's independence day next Saturday evening at Kalamazoo hall. There will be speeches, music and a grand ball.

* * *

Fidelity lodge A. O. U. W. gave a basket social Thursday evening.

* * *

A dancing party was given Thursday evening at Masonic Temple hall by Courts Central, Northern Star and Eastern Star and about seventy-five were present.

* * *

A dancing party was given Thursday evening at Harmonia hall at Lester Park, and about twenty-five couples were present. Flaaten's orchestra played.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Kalman, of St. Paul, is the guest of the Misses Moon, of East Superior street.

Harold E. Mitchell, editor of the Daily Tribune at Hammond, Ind., is spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Mitchell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Rowley left Thursday for a visit in Minneapolis.

Mrs. George R. Laybourn and two children returned Thursday from Paxton, Ill., after an absence of five months.

Miss Alice Jones has returned from the Minneapolis university.

Miss Vial is visiting friends in Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Saunders, of St. Paul, were visiting in Duluth this week.

Mrs. John C. Eden, of St. Paul, who has been in Duluth on a visit to friends, returned home Wednesday.

Mrs. E. R. Jefferson, accompanied by her two children, left Thursday for a year's absence in California.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Wright, Miss Daisy Butchart and T. W. Wahl, who have been fishing at Deer lake, have returned.

S. L. Frazer has returned from a six weeks' trip in the East.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Harrington, of Minneapolis, were in the city in the early part of the week and visited Mr. and Mrs. Clark Fagg.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. McClure, of Saginaw, Mich., were visiting in the city this week.

Mrs. Lansing R. Robinson has gone to Chicago on a visit to friends.

Mrs. P. Martineau has gone to Chicago.

Miss Fanchon Barrett, of Tower, was in Duluth Tuesday on her way to Chicago on a visit to friends and relatives.

Mrs. A. M. Fowler has gone to Seattle.

Mrs. Samuel Stewart Bradley, who has been spending several weeks in New York and the East, has returned home.

Mrs. C. P. McClure, of St. Cloud, is visiting friends in Duluth.

Miss Fitzgerald returned yesterday from St. Paul, where she has been visiting. Miss Kelly, of St. Paul, returned with her and will visit two or three days.

F. H. Sabin, of St. Paul, was visiting here last Sunday.

A. J. Trimble has returned from an Eastern trip.

Mrs. R. M. Weyerhauser, of Cloquet, Mrs. A. H. Lindeke, Mrs. William Lindeke, of St. Paul, and a party of ladies, were here in the early part of th week.

The state normal school at St. Cloud closed yesterday. The following students were expected home for the summer vacation today: Miss Mattie G. Irvine, of Duluth; Miss Nellie Mahoney, of Virginia, Minn.; Miss Anna Wold, of Duluth; Miss Margaret Doran, of Grand Rapids; Miss Catherine Shearer, of Duluth.

Miss Maye Greene, of 31 East Fifth street, is visiting friends in Minneapolis.

Miss Cora Colbrath has gone to Baltimore to spend the summer. Her parents accompanied her as far as Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Day returned yesterday after a two months' tour of the South.

Mrs. H. H. Scobie and daughter, of Hazlewood Park, are visiting for a week with friends at Brainerd.

Miss Cullyford returned yesterday from Minneapolis, where she has been attending the university.

WEST DULUTH SOCIAL.

A number of West Duluth young people Thursday to visit friends for a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Mitchell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Rowley left Thursday for a visit in Minneapolis.

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Can't Eat

This is the complaint of thousands at this season. They have no appetite; food does not relish. They need the toning up of the stomach and digestive organs, which a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla will give them. It also purifies and enriches the blood, cures that distress after eating and internal misery only a dyspeptic can know, creates an appetite, overcomes that tired feeling and builds up and sustains the whole physical system. It so promptly and efficiently relieves dyspeptic symptoms and cures nervous headaches, that it seems to have almost "a magic touch."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

HAIR HUMORS

Itching, irritated, scaly, crusted Scalps, dry, thin, and falling Hair, cleansed, purified, and beautified by warm shampoos with CUTICURA SOAP, and occasional dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollients, the greatest skin cures.

Cuticura

Treatment will produce a clean, healthy scalp with luxuriant, lustrous hair, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.

"How to produce Luxuriant Hair," mailed free.

SKINS ON FIRE with Eczema instantly relieved by CUTICURA REMEDIES.

PAYMENT OF TAXES.

Monday the Last Day Before the Penalty Attaches.

Monday will be the last day on which the property owners can pay taxes into the county treasurer without paying a penalty of 10 per cent. Tuesday, June 1, the penalty goes on all taxes. The treasurer's office was not open today for the receipts of taxes, but it will be open Monday from 8 to 6, and a heavy rush is expected.

"While we have been rushed in a more than ordinary manner," said Deputy Treasurer Williamson yesterday, "we do not know yet whether or not the whole payment will exceed last year's or not. From the manner in which inquiries came in we fancied that it would, but as the taxes are lower and so many of those who are paying are small taxpayers, there is some doubt whether the whole amount received will be much larger than last year, if it is any larger."

Operated By Hand.

The Ohio, the latest acquisition of the Consolidated on the Mesaba range, is being operated by hand, although it is what is commonly called a steam shovel mine. Over fifty men are employed there in loading cars with ore, although the same amount of work could be accomplished with a steam shovel manned with a small crew at much less expense. There are many idle men in and about Hibbing, and it was to give employment to as many as possible that Mr. Olcott determined not to use a steam shovel there at present.

MERIT MAKES IT FAMOUS.

The Only Remedy in the World, Except a Surgical Operation, That Will Certainly Cure Any Form of Piles.

The study of physicians, the experiments of chemists, the loudly advertised pretensions of quacks, have been for years expended in one direction; to find a pile cure that would cure.

The results have been a number of harmless and in most cases useless ointments, suppositories and even internal remedies, which the public have weighed in the balance of experience and found wanting; nearly all of them gave some relief, but nothing approaching a radical cure resulted from these preparations.

The remedy required is one which will immediately stop the pain so severe in many cases of piles, and then by contracting the small blood vessels (capillaries) to their normal size, produces a radical cure by reducing and finally absorbing the tumors and healing the inflamed, raw mucous surfaces.

Until two years ago, no such remedy had been produced, but at that time a suppository was placed upon the market, which has since proven itself to be the long sought permanent cure for this common and distressing trouble; it has rapidly become famous throughout the United States and Canada, and is now sold by nearly all druggists under the name of the Pyramid Pile Cure.

It is now the best known, because its merit and safety have advertised it wherever used. It has been advertised by word of mouth, from one sufferer to another; people who had tried everything else, even submitting to painful and dangerous surgical operations without avail have finally found that piles may be cured without pain and without expense, practically, as the Pyramid Pile Cure is sold for the nominal price of 50 cents and $1 per package.

The Pyramid instantly stops all pain and at the same time contains no cocaine, morphine or narcotics; the acids and healing properties contained in the remedy speedily remove, cause a healthful, natural contraction and absorption of the tumors; it will cure any form of rectal trouble except cancer and advanced fistula, which, by the way, nearly always result from neglecting proper and timely treatment for piles.

As above stated, can furnish you with the Pyramid Pile Cure at 50 cents for ordinary size or $1 per large package.

A book on cause and cure of piles sent free by addressing Pyramid company, Albion, Mich.

CHURCHES

Memorial Vesper Service at First Presbyterian Church Tomorrow Evening.

Administration of Lord's Supper at the First Methodist Church Tomorrow.

Rev. Wilson Aull, Dr. Forbes and Dr. Salter Will Preach. Memorial Sermons.

At the First Presbyterian church the pastor, Rev. T. H. Cleland, will preach tomorrow morning and evening. Morning theme, "The Avowal of God." At the evening services memorial vespers will be held and the sermon will be on the "Christian Soldier." The program will be as follows:

Funeral march .....

"Sleep Thy Last Sleep" .....Barnaby

Chant—"The Lord is My Shepherd"

"Hark! Hark! My Soul" .....

Solo by Miss Calverly.

"Life Will Conquer Death".....Gounod

Solo by Miss McKay.

The vocal selections will be rendered by Miss McKay, Miss Calverly and Messrs. Scott Rex and Horace Brown. Mrs. John H. Stephenson will be organist.

* * *

Dr. Humason will administer the Lord's supper in the First M. E. church tomorrow moning at 10:30 o'clock. He will preach in the evening at 8 o'clock on "Conscience." A new trio is expected to sing at the evening service. Love feast at 9:30 a. m., Sabbath school at 12 m., Junior league at 3:30 p. m. The Epworth league services will begin at 6:45 p. m. and will be conducted by W. F. Dunlop. Subject, "A Hint to the Social Department."

* * *

Memorial day will be observed at the Glen Avon church tomorrow morning. The pastor, Rev. Wilson Aull, will preach a sermon appropriate to the occasion, the topic being "In What Does and Should America's Greatness Consist?" The church will be decorated with flags and flowers and the service will be of special interest.

* * *

Tomorrow services will be held in Pilgrim Congregational church at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. In the morning the pastor, Rev. C. H. Patton, will preach upon "A Flying Goal." In the evening he will deliver a discourse on "The Message of Ian Maclaren as a Religious Thinker."

* * *

At the First Baptist church, 1026 East Second street, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Rev. W. H. Skemp will preach both morning and evening.

* * *

At the Unitarian church, corner of Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. P. C. Southworth will preach at 10:45 a. m. on "The Function of Worship in Modern Life." Sunday school at 12 m.

* * *

Dr. Forbes will preach in Asbury church at 10:30 a. m., and 8 p. m. will give a Memorial day address. He will preach at Proctorknott at 2:30 p. m.

* * *

At the Bethel tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. Rev. George Shorter, the evangelist, will preach. At the evening service at 8 o'clock Rev. C. C. Salter will address the Grand Army and there will be special music. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Junior Endeavor at 4 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

At the branch Bethel Rev. George Shorter will preach at 7:45 p. m.

* * *

At St. John's English Lutheran church tomorrow Rev. S. W. Kuhns will preach at 10:30 a. m. on "Bearing Witness." Vespers with sermon at 8 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m.

* * *

At the First Christian church, corner of Fourth street and Fifth avenue west, there will be preaching by the pastor, Rev. Robert Grieve. Topic at 10:30 a. m., "Keeping Ourselves in the Love of God," and at 7:45 p. m., "Christ Our Mediator." Bible school at 12 m. and Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m.

* * *

At St. Paul's Episcopal church services will be as follows tomorrow: Holy communion at 8 a. m., Sunday school at 10 a. m., morning prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m.

* * *

At Morley Congregational church tomorrow morning Rev. P. E. Smith, of Pennsylvania, will preach. There will be special music. Sunday school and Bible class at noon.

* * *

At Plymouth Congregational church in West Duluth Rev. W. W. Newell will preach tomorrow evening at 7:45 on "One Picture of Christ."

* * *

The First Church of Christ, Scientist, will hold services on the fifth floor of the Masonic Temple at 11 a. m. Subject, "Faith Must be Proved by Christ-like Works."

* * *

At the Nineteenth avenue west Baptist church services tomorrow will be as follows: Sunday school teachers' meeting, 9:30; morning service, 10:30; Sunday school, 12 m., Young People's society at 5 p. m. Evening service at 8 o'clock, preaching by the pastor, Rev K. A. Lundin.

* * *

At the Second Presbyterian church there will be preaching at 10:45 a. m. by Rev. T. M. Findley on "The Value of God's Ordinances Variously Estimated," and at 7:45 p. m. on "The Uncrowned Queen of the Field." Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. and pastor's Bible class at 10 a. m.

* * *

At Hazelwood Presbyterian church there will be preaching tomorrow at 3 p. m. by Rev. T. M. Findley. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

* * *

At the Oneota Methodist church on Forty-sixth avenue west Rev. R. H. Craig will preach at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Epworth league at 7 p. m.

* * *

At Grace Methodist church, corner of Twenty-second avenue west and Third street, Benjamin Haskins will preach tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and Rev. J. M. Heard at 8 p. m. Class meeting at 9:30 a. m., Sunday school at 12 m., Epworth league at 7:15 p. m.

To Benefit Others.

The Editor of The Bloomfield Iowa Farmer Writes of the Good Done by DR. MILES' NEW HEART CURE.

THERE ARE a great many unselfish men and women who wish others to know what has restored them to health and happiness. Mr. C. F. Davis, publisher of one of the best newspapers in Iowa, writes from Bloomfield Ia., Aug 18 1896. "My desire to benefit others prompts me to write this. We have used Dr. Miles' Remedies in my family for nearly two years with most gratifying results. We would'nt now do without them. My wife had been weakly and down nearly every summer for the past fifteen years. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is exactly what its name implies; a sure cure for a weak, fluttering, palpitating heart, and Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills are most excellent."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

BERNHARDT TESTIFIES.

Declares Her Health Benefited By Paine's Celery Compound.

The enthusiasm and the curiosity provoked by Mme. Sarah Bernhardt has never been equalled in the history of the stage. One talks vaguely of genius, temperament, quick intelligence, passion, nervous mobility, grace, smile, voice, charm, poetry—Mme. Sarah Bernhardt has them all.

Bernhardt is today as enthusiastic in her profession as though her career were before her. She works as assiduously during rehearsals as though each performance were her "first night."

No one is more conscientious in all matters pertaining to her life work. She knows the incalculable value of health, strength and high spirits as thoroughly as she comprehends the terms of her contracts, and no one knows better than she how essential to her artistic success is a vigorous nervous system.

Mme. Bernhardt writes the following letter:

"I beg leave to state that, according to your instructions, I have used Paine's celery compound, and I am convinced that it is the most powerful nerve strengthener that can be found.

"It is with the greatest pleasure that I send you my sincere testimonial,

Truly yours,

SARAH BERNHARDT."

Good health is within the reach of every one, not only the wealthy and famous, but the poor as well, who will rely on Paine's celery compound.

Ill health and disease are not natural. One should not compromise with them. No one should give in to neuralgia, rheumatism or heart trouble, when Paine's celery compound is vouched for to drive them entirely out of the system. It has done so in thousands of carefully observed cases.

The nervous debility, sleeplessness and kidney disorder that seems so threatening and disheartening lose their hopeless, desperate character when one takes Paine's celery compound to drive them out of the system.

Many a woman worn out by exciting, anxious work, will find her strength brought back in a wonderful manner, and her overtaxed nerves regulated and nourished by the use of Paine's celery compound. Paine's celery compound braces and invigorates the relaxed nervous system and eradicates harmful humors from the blood. It makes the appetite hearty and the digestion thorough; it permanently cures indigestion, a sluggish action of the liver, and drives out rheumatism, neuralgia and blood impurities. Every trace of nervous exhaustion or kidney or liver weakness is removed by Paine's celery compound.

There are no more striking examples of the great practical value of Paine's celery compound than is heard from the lips of women who have been made well by its vitalizing action.

It increases the volume of the blood in the arteries and makes it more capable of feeding the body. It creates a hearty appetite and urges upon the tired nerves and brain the nourishing elements they lack, but are slow to extract from the blood when it is in a sluggish, unhealthy condition.

The blood becomes ruddy and pure; its circulation is hastened, and every function of the body—the brain among the first—feels the fresh impulse of returning health from the use of Paine's celery compound.

New Telephone Directory.

The Duluth Telephone company will issue their midsummer directory on July 1. New subscribers desirous of having their names appear in this issue should place their orders before June 10, as the book goes to the printer on that date.

Y. M. C. A. Cycle Club.

The Y. M. C. A. Cycle club met last evening at the club rooms and discussed matters of interest to the club, the most important being the series of club races to be given. It was decided that the first race should be held three weeks from today on the fair grounds track, if possible. There will be four races, the first three open to all club members and the fourth to the men who get the first three places in the first three races. A gold medal will be the first prize, and it will become the property of the winner of the fourth race. A committee has been appointed to solicit other prizes from merchants.

Have The Herald in your homes; 45 cents a month.

Francis E. Woodward, Baritone, Emily Ellis Woodward, Soprano, OF BOSTON, MASS.

Have opened a

SCHOOL OF MUSIC

In the rooms formerly occupied by Prof. Baker, Mesaba block, Duluth.

SBRIGLIA METHOD OF VOICE PRODUCTION.

The Sbriglia school has for its exponents the great-st living artists; viz: Jean and Edouard de Reszke, Plancon Dome, Mme. Nordica, Sanderson, Adini and others For voice or piano, call at Mesaba block. Voices examined free.

DETROIT AND RETURN $12

Leave Duluth 6:30 p. m. June 4th.
Return limit June 13th.

Via D. S. S. & A. Ry

Office: 426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

MEMORIAL

The Battle Monument at West Point to Be Dedicated Monday.

Names of the Enlisted Men of the Regular Army inscribed.

The Shaft Placed on Historic Ground --Is an Artistic Gem.

West Point, N. Y., May 29.—This quiet little place is rapidly assuming the bustle of a city as trainload after trainload of strangers are arriving to witness the dedication of the Battle monument. The unveiling will take place Monday, but the visitors to this cradle of the nation's defenders are viewing the historical points of interest. Ex-President Cleveland is expected, as are other distinguished men of political and military prominence.

The monument was built by private subscription, and is intended to commemorate the deeds of officers and soldiers of the regular establishment who lost their lives in the civil war. The monument project was started immediately after the close of the war. Every surviving soldier and officer in the regular army was assessed for the expenses. The late Maj. Gen. George B. McClellan took an active part in making the preliminary arrangements and dedicated the site. Immediately after the dedication the project was dropped and the money collected was placed in bank. Five years ago the scheme was revived by Gen. Wilson.

The monument stands on historic grounds. Old Fort Shelbourne, a revolutionary relic, built by the distinguished Kosciusko, stood where the monument now stands. Just beneath it is old Siege Battery, a few yards beyond is old Fort Clinton, another revolutionary relic, and close by it is Trophy Point, where are located all the famous old cannon captured during the war of 1812 and in the Mexican conflict; and there is also part of the chain which crossed the Hudson at West Point to prevent the British fleet sailing up the river to aid Burgoyne's army. It commands a magnificent view of the Hudson and is plainly visible to tourists going up or down the river.

The shaft of granite is eighty feet high. Surmounting this, perched on a large granite ball, is a winged draped figure of Fame, with a trumpet in her hands, about to spread abroad the glad tidings of peace. This figure is one of Macmonnies' conceptions, and replaced his figure of "Victory," which was objectionable to the military art critics at the academy. The distinguished feature of the monument is the bronze tablets which encircle the base of the shaft. These tablets contain the name of every soldier and officer of the regular army who was killed in the war. To compile these, some thousands of names were necessary. Detail has been made in the matter, and the list is said to be complete. Many of the names were found on the rolls of the regiments, but a large number had to be looked up. Many of the men who fell in battle were buried where they fell, and their graves were unmarked. Many of the men who died in hospital were buried in the cemeteries of the towns where the hospitals were located. Many of the men who died in prison were buried in the prison cemeteries. Many of the men who died in battle were buried in the cemeteries of the towns where the battles were fought

JUNKET

Details of McKinley's Trip to the Nashville Exposition Made Public.

Several Members of the Cabinet and Their Families Will Go.

Party Will Be Absent From Washington For Five Days.

Washington, May 29.—The president signed today the commission of Whitelaw Reid as special ambassador to represent him at the approaching queen's jubilee celebration in London. Mr. Reid has signified his intention of sailing with his secretary, Ogden Mills, on the steamer of June 22, from New York.

The details of the presidential trip to the Nashville exposition have been practically completed, and they were announced today at the White House. A special train will be provided by the Chesapeake & Ohio, consisting of a private car for the president and Mrs. McKinley, one for the cabinet members who attend and their families, a car for the newspaper men, and dining and smoking cars. The start will be made from Washington at 9 o'clock on the morning of Thursday, June 10, the first stop being at Hot Springs, Va., about 4 o'clock the same afternoon. There the party will remain over night, and at 10 o'clock the next day the trip will be resumed via Louisville for Nashville, which point will be reached about 6 o'clock Saturday morning.

Saturday will be spent in viewing the exposition, and Sunday in resting and driving about the town. The return journey will begin very early Monday morning. The return trip will be over the line of the Southern Railroad company, which will also provide special cars and accommodations. Chattanooga will be reached about 6 o'clock Monday morning, but no stop will be made until Ashville, N. C., is reached, about 2 o'clock that afternoon. Several hours will be spent at the famous resort, and a visit will be paid to the great Vanderbilt estate. About 6 or 7 o'clock in the evening the trip will be resumed, and no stop will be made until the train reaches Washington at 8:30 a. m. on Tuesday.

The personnel of the party is not definitely known. Besides the president and Mrs. McKinley, there will be Mrs. Saxton, Dr. and Mrs. Bates, the president's physician; Secretary Alger, Secretary Wilson, and probably Secretary Gage, and perhaps some other members of the cabinet circle and the ladies of their families; Mr. and Mrs. Porter and a dozen or fifteen newspaper men.

MORE OFFICIAL PLUMS.

Two St. Louis County Postmasters Are Appointed.

Washington, May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—The nominations of William D. Ellsworth for postmaster at Eveleth and A. M. Chisholm at Hibbing were sent to the senate today. They were made on the recommendation of Congressman Morris.

The president has appointed Thomas H. Baker to be postmaster at Louisville, Ky.

Other postmasters appointed are: Montana—Charles Burg, Livingston; Ada M. Bennett, Miles City. Wisconsin—Fred W. Keifer, Antigo.

TO THE GALLEYS FOR LIFE.

Rome, May 29.—Pietro Accirito, the anarchist who on April 22 last attempted to stab King Humbert while the latter was on his way to the races, was sentenced today to the galleys for life.

CAPT. BOYD IS DEAD.

Peoria, Ill., May 29.—Capt. Thomas A. Boyd, who represented the Peoria district two terms in congress, died last night at his home at Lewistown, Ill.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, May 29.—Today's condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balances $231,993,500; gold reserve, $144,261,249.

A TOUGH PRISONER.

Salt Lake, Utah, May 29.—Richard Harvey, recently from California, was convicted of burglary last Monday and today sentenced to prison for three years. While being handcuffed in the court room today he made a break for liberty, knocked down several bailiffs and was finally shot and dangerously wounded by Deputy Sheriff Burt.

PACKING HOUSE BURNS.

Utica, N. Y., May 29.—The plant of the Utica Packing and Provision company in Deerfield was destroyed by fire today. Loss will be not far from $100,000.

OVERWORK KILLS

How Some Callings in Life Invite and Encourage Kidney Disease.

Floorwalker Lacroix Tells How He Was Afflicted and What Cured Him--The Remedy For All Kidney Ills is Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Minneapolis, May 28.—More men wear themselves out by overwork than ever die of idleness. The trouble with many of us is that we burn the candle at both ends, so to speak. Take a man who has to use his brain constantly. He should not be obliged to do work that also calls for great muscular endurance. But take the clerk or the floor-manager, especially. He is on his feet constantly supervising the work of others. Using his brain and his feet, he doubly works and wears himself out.

Such are the people that have kidney disease. Many of them do not know what ails them. They know that they are half sick. But they are not sick enough to go to bed and they hope that they will get better. They might get better if they would get their kidneys right. But the kidneys are not right only by using a medicine that acts directly and potently upon the kidneys.

The best of modern medicines is Dodd's Kidney Pills. It is the only medicine that relieves all kidney ailments.

Many a clerk will be glad to know that what will take away "that tired feeling." They ought to know that it is their kidneys that are ailing. Take the case of A. N. Lacroix, floor-manager for the shoe department of S. E. Olsen & Co., this city:

Dodd's Medicine Company:

Gentlemen: I have been troubled for a year with kidney disease. I bought a box of Dodd's kidney pills, and after taking part of the box, all pains have left me. I highly recommend them as a first-class remedy. I can say truly that I give you leave to publish this if it will benefit others similarly afflicted.

A. N. LACROIX.

Fifth street and First avenue south, Minneapolis.

MANKATO FAILURE.

Hubbard Milling Company Forced to the Wall.

Minneapolis, May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—A special to the Journal from Mankato, Minn., announces the failure of the Hubbard Milling company and R. D. Hubbard of that city. Hubbard estimates his liabilities at $500,000 and assets not over $350,000. The failure was brought about by heavy and long-continued decline in National Linseed Oil company stock of which he held an amount valued a short time ago at $550,000; also of cattle losses of $150,000 on ranch at Miles City, Mont.

The Hubbard Milling company and Hubbard's personal property owns a 1200-barrel flour mill and is doing a profitable business and will be continued by the assignee.

YALE VS. WISCONSIN.

New Haven, Conn., May 29.—Conditions in the early part of the day were favorable for a fine contest between Yale and the university of Wisconsin boat crews on Lake Saltonstall this afternoon, but at 2 o'clock a high wind was blowing. The oarsmen finished their training yesterday and spent the time today in their respective headquarters resting for the supreme struggle which is scheduled to begin at 3:30 p. m.

PLEVA WAS POISONED.

Milwaukee, May 29.—It develops that Michael Pleva, the Hungarian tanner, who died at Kenosha, Wis., under peculiar circumstances yesterday, was the victim of a murderer. Physicians found poison in his stomach and an arrest will undoubtedly be made this afternoon.

REDUCED RATES VIA B. & O.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE GERMAN BAPTISTS, FREDERICK, MD.

The Baltimore & Ohio railroad will sell round-trip tickets from all points on its lines west of the Ohio river, for all trains May 21 to June 2 inclusive, valid for return passage until June 30. The rate from Chicago will be $17.25, and correspondingly low rates from all other points on its lines. Tickets will also be placed on sale at all coupon stations throughout the West and Northwest.

The Baltimore & Ohio operates a double service of fast express trains from Chicago to Frederick, with through Pullman sleeping cars. The scenery along the line of the Baltimore & Ohio is unequaled on the American continent and is seen at its best at this time of the year.

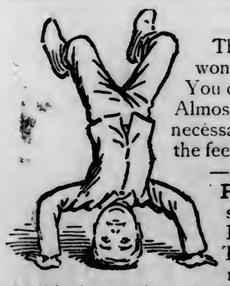
For further information address B. N. Austin, G. P. A., Grand Central station, Chicago, Ill.

PORTABLE WELL.

Atlanta Constitution: A Gordon county man recently brought suit in a justice court against a former landlord to collect $9 for digging a well.

"What yer got to say erbout it?" asked the court of the landlord.

"Wal, your honor, I'll jest say I didn't authorize him to dig no well. He dug bit of his own free will for his own use, an' konsequently hit's his well an' he can jest take the blamed thing an' go with hit to Texas fur all I keer."



Doing "stunts."

That seems to be the case with the women who are washing in the old way. You can stand on your head, for instance. Almost everyone could do it, if it were necessary or desirable. But standing on the feet is more natural and more sensible—and easier. So with soap and **Pearline**. Everyone can wash with soap—many do. But washing with **Pearline** is easier and more sensible. The hard work of soap is neither necessary nor desirable. Everyone should give up the use of soap and should use **Pearline**. 562

Look Out Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled; if your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—*send it back.* JAMES PYLE, New York.

MEETING AGAIN.

From the Danish of Catharine Nellsen.

We crossed in our boat on the sea in view
For a living my father turned
Shoes out of wood, and a trifle, too,
By washing my mother earned.

I was but a small, a daring lad,
On the beach all day I strayed,
I swam and ducked and, rosy and glad,
In the shining sunbeams played.

O, happy those hours of long ago!
A pity so quickly they passed!
Too early I found a world of woe:
The days of sorrow came fast.

A war broke out, and my father left,
One day, our land to defend;
In battle he fell, and, of him bereft,
On others we had to depend.

We lived on trust, our only relief;
That, too, soon stopped, and, beside,
My mother drooped with sickness and grief;
Ere long in the poorhouse she died.

And now with strangers my lot was cast;
They themselves had little to spare;
In rage and tatters each day that passed
Some one kicked me and pulled my hair.

I worked and plodded in my clogs:
In lying I soon found my joy;
I teased the children, fought with the dogs,
And grew a very bad boy.

I was at war with the whole wide world;
Made mischief wherever I could;
All seemed to hate me, names at me hurled,
All said that I was no good.

"Oh, wait! Some time I'll return each blow!"
In rage I oft used to whine;
"You'll taste the fists that are sure to grow
On these sinewy arms of mine."

I had reached the age of sixteen years,
When a wonder happened one day,
So that to me it clearly appears
That Providence guides our way.

One Sunday morning I left my home;
Though hungry, the richest meal
Could not lure me back. I would rather roam
Through the land and beg or steal.

A villa I reached; sweet lilacs in bloom
In front of it covered the ground;
I sneaked my way to the drawing room,
But nowhere I heard a sound.

Softly on tiptoe I walked the floor,
And looked and peered, like a spy,
In every nook, till I stopped before
A picture that caught my eye.

"O, this is a dream; I've lost my wits;
Our little house by the sea!
And there's my mother, she stands and knits;
There's no mistake! It is she!

"Yes, that's my mother! Her lovely face!
Her mouth, and her eyes mild and blue.
The apron she wore on all holidays,
And her red-striped jacket, too.

"She looks at me! What is it that stirs
Within my bosom, while kind
And pleasant thoughts and sayings of hers
Again are filling my mind?

"I feel as if I had moved away,
Away to my childhood's joys;
I see you, mother, watching me play,
And again I hear your voice.

"I hear you calling me 'dear little chap;'
I see how with motherly care
You used to hold me upon your lap;
And kiss me and smooth my hair.

"Your kindness how could I ever forget;
My soul must have been asleep,
Dear little mother, you must not fret,
Because I stand here and weep.

"I feel it eases my heart to let
These tears burst forth, for they say
I might become a good fellow yet
If I saw you every day."

So, deeply moved, I spoke and cried,
When a hand on my shoulder was laid.
Pale as a ghost to escape I tried,
A rush for the door I made.

But a friendly voice said, "Don't be afraid!
Now I wish to have a word:
I saw you come in and all you said
At the window I overheard.

"The mother I heard you praising so
And the home you thought so good,
I painted almost ten years ago,
While I stopped in that neighborhood.

"And many here and from foreign lands
Have called it splendid and fine;
But, so full of life as now it stands,
I ne'er saw that picture of mine.

"You've put around it a frame of love
From memory's treasury, and
It gives it a value far above
What others can understand.

"And ever hereafter, twice as dear
As before to me it will be;
But tell me, my son, what brings you here?
Is it me you have come to see?"

"I know not," I said, "I know not why
I came. Till while outside I stood,
I resolved to go in, yes, go in and cry
If I could, if I could—yes, could.

"But when I saw my mother was near,
I knew it would cause her pain,
I think 'twas God that brought me here.
To meet with her once again."

He answered: "Yes, that might well be said,
And now you had better stay
With her, and let us thank God who led
You home, when you went astray."

Since then a good many years have gone;
A painter myself I became,
And like my teacher I, too, have won
A host of good friends and fame.

But, next to God, to my mother I owe
That ever I reached the mark;
She took my soul, that had sunk so low,
To the sunlight out of the dark.

All cold, hardened thoughts, like ice and snow
That melt in the sun and the rain,
Melted away with the tears in the glow
Of love, when I met her again.

—JOHN VOLK.

A POOR KIND OF JOKE.

Chicago Times-Herald: "The most thrilling incident I ever saw in a court room," remarked a Western attorney the other day, "was in Southern Kansas. The senior lawyer of the county bar was a distinguished-looking and courteous gentleman 'of the old school,' who had little patience with the joking always going on during court recess. He was exceedingly near-sighted, but had a habit of laying his glasses on the table during his speeches to the jury. One day, as his back was turned toward the other lawyers, one of them picked up the glasses, and with a bit of mucilage fastened to the lenses pieces of tissue paper which exactly covered the glass—not particularly noticeable, but at the same time preventing vision through them. Soon the owner of the glasses came back to the table to examine some papers for reference in his address. He put on the glasses, looked at the paper, adjusted them again—and then a pallor overspread his face that was pitiful to see. He staggered to a chair.

"'My God, gentlemen, I am blind! I have feared it for years,' he exclaimed, and dropped his head on his hands.

"For an instant the court room was hushed. Even the practical joker must have felt remorse at the evident suffering of his victim. Before anyone could speak or the sheriff rap for order the attorney lifted his head, took off the glasses and had his sight again. His face flushed as he rubbed the tissue paper from the lenses and he stood up, an angry and excited man.

"'If I knew who did that dastardly trick, if I knew who had brought that minute of grief to me,' he broke out, 'I swear I would kill him.' He left the court room and the judge adjourned the session for the day. I never want any more practical joking."

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore an excellent advertising medium. Advertisers in The Evening Herald always get full value.

PIPES

Ancient Romans Were Known to Have Been Assiduous Smokers.

Some of the Curious Pipes of Smokers Long Since Dead.

Amber Getting Scarce and America Only Sees the Poorest.

Archaeologist J. D. McGuire of the national museum has thrown a small bombshell into the scientific camp. He announces his discovery of the fact that the ancient Romans smoked, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. Of course, they knew not tobacco, which is a plant native and peculiar to the new world, but they used several other herbs, and of these four have been definitely identified by Mr. McGuire. This news upsets the long-accepted story that the practice of smoking was invented by the American aborigines and was unknown elsewhere in the world until after the landing of Columbus.

Unquestionably smoking had already been practiced by the Indians for centuries when Columbus first reached these shores. It was with them to a great extent a form of religious ceremonial. Dr. Daniel G. Brinton, the famous ethnologist, thinks that it had its beginning in the blowing tube of the medicine man, ignorant savages are disposed to regard the human breath as possessing magical properties, and it may be supposed that burning leaves were introduced into the tube for the purpose of making the breath visible. The Indians smoked many kinds of plants, such as sumac, red-willow bark and the leaves of the kinnikinic or bearberry, and tobacco doubtless was the discovery resulting from a selection of the fittest.

Before the National museum will publish a very interesting monograph on the subject of ancient pipes, by Mr. McGuire. It will be based on the collection of pipes owned by that institution, which is the most remarkable and extensive in existence. Some of them, obtained from the mounds in Ohio, are the finest specimens of native American art extant. They are ornamented with carved animals of various species, and two of them, bearing what seem to be representations of the mammoth or mastodon, have given occasion for much dispute among scientists, some of whom are inclined to regard them as modern forgeries. The pipes composing the collection described are mostly of soapstone and slate, both of which materials are soft and easily carved when freshly quarried. But the substance most highly prized by the Indians for such use was catlinite.

This catlinite is a beautiful red stone that is found nowhere save in a certain locality in Southwest Minnesota. There it was quarried in ancient times by the Indians, and pieces of it were distributed by aboriginal traders over a great part of North America. Some very remarkable pipes are made nowadays by the Haida Indians of the Northwest coast. They are of a peculiar kind of slate, which has a very fine grain and is quite soft when newly quarried. Because of this material is largely utilized by the Haida Indians for all sorts of carvings, and their pipes are more elaborate than the most costly meerschaums, representing steamboats, rows of houses and all sorts of queer things.

The earliest Indian pipes were simply tubes, in one end of which the tobacco or other dried leaves were put. Mr. McGuire finds that the pipes used by the ancient Romans were made on the same plan, the bowl being an invention reserved for a comparatively recent day. It is worth mentioning incidentally that the cigarette is an invention of the Indians. They made cigarettes just like those now in use, with wrappers of the thinnest corn husk. In Mexico at the present time great quantities of cigarettes with corn-husk wrappers are manufactured. There is a popular notion, by the way, that paper used for modern cigarettes is destructive to health and apt to be saturated with drugs. Facts do not warrant this idea, inasmuch as the best cigarette paper is quite harmless, being made out of new linen rags, from the refuse left over in the manufacture of shirts and other linen garments. There is no such thing as rice paper; what is known as such is the pith of a plant cut in thin slices and used by the Chinese for painting pictures.

News comes that the greatest deposit of amber in the world is on the point of exhaustion, so that this substance, so largely used in connection with pipes, is likely to rise greatly in price before long. The deposit in question is on the Samland peninsula, which juts out into the Baltic sea. In that locality many thousands of years ago there were great forests of huge, cone-bearing trees, long since extinct as a species. From their bark exuded quantities of gum, which formed accumulations about the roots of the trees. Though the trees themselves disappeared, the gum was preserved in fossil shape. How extraordinary was the amount of it yielded by the trees to be kept over through the ages may be judged from the fact that the mines of the Samland peninsula have yielded during many years past an annual harvest of about 400,000 pounds. The diggings are below the sea level and the amber is found in small and large lumps, the biggest ever discovered weighing thirteen pounds. Along the shores of the Baltic nodules of the gum are so thickly scattered that many vessels are engaged in dredging for them by means of chains of buckets dragged along the bottom. Much amber also is obtained by divers.

When the gum was fresh and soft, it was very sticky, like that of modern trees of the pine family. Insects were caught in it, and thus it comes about that bugs of numerous species are found inclosed in the lumps of amber. In the same way fragments of twigs, leaves, buds, flowers and even pollen grains of plants are embraced in the substance of the fossil gum. There has been found a piece of amber that contains a catkin of an oak tree as distinct and perfect as when it grew. Likewise the hair of animals and the feathers of birds when caught in the sticky rosin now and then, and a woodpecker and a squirrel have been identified as contributors.

Pieces of amber which contain insects or fragments of plants bring fancy prices for mouthpieces of pipes. But the finest specimens do not reach the United States; they go to the East, where rich Arabs, Turks and Persians are willing to pay extraordinary prices for them. The ruby-colored amber is very precious, and the green also is particularly valuable. The bluish and perfect yellow are highly appreciated by amateurs. In the fourteenth century amber was made into knives and forks with one prong, which were used by princes and church dignitaries, the gum fetching more than its weight in gold. At present it is worth from $2 to $50 a pound, though exceptionally large and beautiful pieces bring almost any price. The mouthpieces for pipes are made with a turning wheel and a very sharp chisel. The dust and scraps are melted and supply the "amberine" of commerce.

Just as the catlinite, which furnished the finest Indian pipes, was obtainable only from a single locality, so the meerschaum, which is recognized as incomparably the choicest of materials for modern pipes, is obtained from one place and is found nowhere else. The only known deposit of meerschaum in the world is in the province of Eskischia, in Asiatic Turkey. Alleged discoveries of meerschaum in France and elsewhere have excited great interest at times, but they have all proved bogus. The true meerschaum is a silicate of magnesia—a peculiar kind of clay. It is dug out of the earth, being found in lumps of all shapes and sizes up to the bigness of a cubic foot. Mining for it is conducted on somewhat primitive principles, diggings being made to a depth of about thirty feet, from which galleries are run like burrows in every direction.

In the Orient the material is valued for its beauty, and such articles as bowls and goblets are made from it, but in that part of the world it is not utilized for pipes. Nobody ever sees a Turk smoking a meerschaum pipe. Pipes of meerschaum were first introduced in Europe near the end of the eighteenth century, and there was much speculation as to the nature of the substance. By some authorities it was alleged to be a paste made of eggshells, with some peculiar oil. From 8000 to 10,000 boxes of meerschaum, fifty pounds to the box, are exported from the province of Eskischia annually. The bulk of the product goes to Vienna, which is the great center of the meerschaum carving industry. The rough blocks of the stuff are soaked in water to make them soft, when they may be cut as readily as cheese. The discovery of the process of boiling the material in wax was a lucky accident. This gives to the pipes a sort of enamel, preventing them from absorbing moisture and dirt. In its natural state meerschaum quickly becomes soiled, being so porous that it takes up the moisture from the hand or any impurity that comes in contact with it. The wax fills the pores. In order to color a meerschaum pipe properly it must be smoked very slowly, so as not to overheat the bowl of the pipe. The bowl should be permitted to get cool after each pipeful.

The writer is indebted for much of this information to A. Novotny, of New York city, who declares that pipe smoking is an art that can only be acquired by long study. He says that there is no such thing as a young pipe smoker, in the scientific sense of the term. To begin with, a man who proposes to learn ought to provide himself with at least twelve pipes. They may be corncobs if he chooses, but the number should not be less, because it is necessary that the pipes should be dry when taken up for use. No pipe can be thoroughly enjoyable if it is moist. One should provide himself, then, with a dozen pipes, and use them in turn, one each day. When the time has arrived to go back to No. 1 it will be perfectly dry and ready for employment.

The ways people have of smoking are as varied as any other human habits. The Turkish narghileh sometimes has as many as half a dozen tubes, so that a single pipe may be enjoyed by five or six persons. The narghileh is a big bottle of glass filled with scented water. At the top is a bowl of meerschaum or briar root, which contains the tobacco, and there is an arrangement of tubes of such a kind that the smoke passes through the water on its way to the mouth. The hookah, or bubble-bubble, is a slightly modified narghileh, used in India commonly. But the common pipe of Turkey is the chibouque, the mouthpiece of which is not put in the mouth at all, but just pressed to the lips, so that the saliva may not enter the stem. Chinese pipes have small bowls and exceedingly long stems, and only a few puffs are taken at a time. Often opium is mixed with the tobacco.

The best corncob pipes comes from Missouri, where they are turned out in immense quantities. Hence the term "Missouri meerschaum," applied to them jokingly. The material for briar-root pipes is imported from Europe; it is the root of a shrub, and sometimes is nearly as big as a man. In Austria all sorts of freak pipes are manufactured. One pattern represents a billiard table, with three players. One of the players is a cigarholder, another a cigarette holder, and the third a pipe bowl. Each of them may be smoked with the billiard cue, which serves as a stem. Another style is three darkies seated on a bench. They may be detached and used like the billiard players. Some German pipes are of porcelain, with glass bulbs below the bowl to catch the nicotine. Tobacconists in this country sell walking sticks which are pipes in disguise, the ferule unscrewing and revealing an amber mouthpiece. Japanese pipes are saucer-shaped, and nearly flat, holding a small quantity of fine-cut tobacco.

The world consumes about 1,000,000 tons of tobacco annually, and of this quantity the United States produces one-fourth. The Dutch are the greatest consumers, averaging 100 ounces a year for each man, woman and child in Holland. The average for the United States is sixty ounces. Some of the Latakias, produced in Turkey, are so precious that the Vanderbilts could not buy them. They are consumed exclusively by crowned heads.

A TALKING ROBIN.

About a year ago a robin's nest was broken up in the neighborhood of No. 38 Wooster street, and one of the young birds fell from the nest to the ground, says the Hartford Courant. It was too young to fly and was at the mercy of rats, dogs, boys and other mortal enemies of birds, when Miss Edith Bartlett came to the rescue and took the bird into the house. It was provided with comfortable quarters in a cage, and the family became so attached to it that when it reached the flying age it was decided to keep it for a pet rather than to turn it out into a cold, unfeeling world in the dry season when worms were scarce.

The bird showed remarkable intelligence, and apparently took an interest in what was going on in the family. When the windows were open in the fall the robin began to imitate the notes of the birds outside and the whistle of the boys. Miss Bartlett began to teach the bird certain whistles and it became an adept. It was then given lessons in speech, and now has mastered the phrase "Hurry up! hurry up!" which it enunciates with quite as much distinctness as a parrot or other talking bird. It continues to pick up new styles of whistling and imitates other birds by the hour.

STORY OF A MANUSCRIPT.

Atlanta Constitution: A story is told of a certain Southern author who had a manuscript accepted by a Northern periodical that only pays on publication, but he has never had the pleasure of seeing his production in print. Finally he went North, and, getting hard up, called on the editor, who would neither return his manuscript nor guarantee him a day of publication. He repaired to his hotel and wrote the editor a threatening letter, in which he mentioned pistols and coffee, etc. Shortly after he was arrested and taken to the station house, where he remained all night. The next morning he sent the following message to the editor:

"I didn't know the rules up here. For heaven's sake, come down and pay my fine and take the manuscript as security."

The editor was unmoved by this appeal and replied briefly:

"We cannot violate the rules of our office. We will pay your fine when we publish your story. We wish you well."

AN INCIDENT OF THE WAR.

Tammany Times: At the battle of Norris Bridge Col. Bill Snort, C. S. A., was standing quite near a drummer boy, whose brains were dashed out by a piece of shell. Col. Snort gazed on the horrible spectacle for some moments in silence.

"Colonel, what are you surprised at? Such things must happen in war," said Maj. Tom Brockenridge, who was present.

"I know it," replied Col. Snort, "but what astonishes me is that a boy with so much brains should be here at all."

A RISKY UNDERTAKING.

Washington Star: "I don't suppose the foreman was to blame for getting things mixed up a little bit," said the newspaper proprietor, thoughtfully. "But it was a terrrible confusion."

"I'm glad to see you taking things so philosophically," replied the managing editor.

"It's largely our own fault. We ought to have known better than to try to run a map of the war and a pattern for a bicycle skirt and a diagram of a masse billiard shot all in the same issue."

The Mild Eyed Goddess

of the home—the loving wife and mother

Drinks **Blatz** The STAR Milwaukee Beer . . .

to give rich, nourishing quality to her baby's food and to keep herself in the pink of health.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., Duluth Branch. Tel. 62

Our line of Spring Goods is complete and the prices we are naming cannot be beat. We have some special prices to name you on White Mountain Ice Cream Freezers. See our window display for prices. Our stock of Hammocks is large and well selected. They range in price from 90c to $6.00.

KELLEY HARDWARE COMPANY.

GENTS, Buy the BEST and SAVE MONEY. **GO TO EHLE'S**

Where you can find the finest assortment of Men's fine and medium grade **"CUSTOM-MADE" "NO SHODDY" FOOTWEAR** at the lowest possible prices. Buy from a man that knows what he is selling you. **Experience** and **expense** tells the story. **"Small expense, small profits."**

All work warranted at

EHLE'S

214 East Superior Street.

HORNED TOADS WANTED.

Catching horned toads for the Honolulu market is one of the growing industries of "Old San Diego," better known as "Mexican Town." Mexicans and Indians go out upon the desert and catch these little horned reptiles and sell them to the sailors and shipping houses for shipment to Honolulu to be utilized in eating flies, says the Philadelphia Times. That country is overrun with the pests, and as the toads live upon flies and eat them for mere amusement, they are in great demand. They are shipped in boxes partly filled with sand and fed on flies during the voyage. The toads are sold at about 25 cents each.

Mexicans do a good business also in selling horned toads to tourists. They are great pets with ladies, especially the chapisettes, who belong to the smart set and affect the latest fads. They are charged from 50 cents up for each toad. The chapisettes amuse themselves by parading the toads on the hotel piazzas during the lazy afternoons, and watch them swallow flies. Small bets are made on the ability of their favorite toads to swallow the greatest number of flies in a given time. The swallowing contest is watched with much interest by the attendant chappies, who take sides and pay the bets, or rather forfeits, as it is politely called. Toads are also boxed up and taken East as curiosities. Catching horned toads is one of the leading industries of "Old Town."

'FRISCO'S DIGNIFIED PRESS.

Boston Post: One of the principal troubles with the San Francisco papers is that they are too dignified. For instance, the San Francisco News-Letter says: "Rev. W. D. Williams, D.D., who for some years has been doing his clerical sprinting toward the pearly gates via the Congregational road, has shaken the creed that shackled him and turned his ministerial toes into the Episcopal path of righteousness, along which he purposes to cavort hereafter."

FOOLED THE BUTCHER.

New York Weekly: Butcher—Dot Mr. Wiseman is von vool. He came to me und he give me dose handsome new steelyards vor dose rusty old vons I use so many years. He say he collect brickback."

Customer—How long had you used the old steelyards?"

"I sell meat mit dose steelyards twenty-five years."

"Mr. Wiseman is a customer of yours, I suppose?"

"Yah."

"Don't you know that the older steelyards get the weaker the springs become and the less meat they give to the pound?"

"Mein gracious! Dot Mr. Wiseman is von scoundrel!"

THE MISSISSIPPI TRAMP.

Atlanta Constitution: The tramp who "lost everything in the Mississippi floods" is now abroad in the land. One of them approached a benevolent old gentleman in Atlanta Sunday.

"And you say," said the old gentleman, "that your children were drowned in the flood?"

"Yes, sir," replied the tramp, wiping his eyes with his coat sleeve; "seventeen of 'em, sir!"

"God bless me!" exclaimed the old gentleman, "you are a young man, scarcely 30, and—"

"I know it, sir," interrupted the weeping tramp, "but they wuz all twins."

PARK POINT.

Subscribers to The Evening Herald who intend camping on the Point this summer can have the paper delivered to their camp by notifying this office.

An astonishingly low price for a fine large polished oak or mahogany finish, Embossed Leather Rocker, like this would be

$2.25

We will sell a limited number at this figure during the coming week.

Note Our Easy Terms for June

A payment down of only..... $12.00 buys $100 00 worth of goods.
A payment down of only..... $10.00 buys $75.00 worth of goods.
A payment down of only..... $6.00 buys $50.00 worth of goods.
A payment down of only..... $5.00 buys $25.00 worth of goods.
Only small weekly or monthly payments required for the balance.

Stewart Steel Cooking Ranges

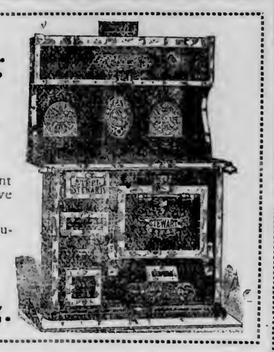
Are the talk of the town.

Combine every improvement known to the art of stove making.

They can be purchased in Duluth only at our store.

12 styles ranging in price from

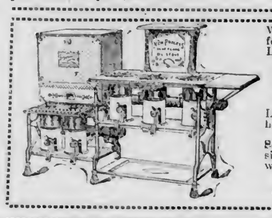
$25 to $55.



Our CARPETS

Bid for the admiration of the entire family. Such beautiful figures and colors are woven into carpets this season that everybody can be suited. The least expensive carpets are not behind the best in style or coloring either. Look us up before you buy.

Splendid Ingrains for per yard..... 40c
All Wool Ingrain, per yard..... 50c
Good Wearing Brussels, per yard..... 75c
Straw Matting, per yard..... 12½c
Oil Cloths, per yard..... 30c



We are sole agents for the Standard Lighting Co.'s

BLUE FLAME KEROSENE OIL STOVES.

Let us show you how they burn.

See that family size Refrigerator we sell for only

..$9.25

We have the largest stock of

Furniture, Carpets, Cooking Ranges Table China.

We have the largest stock of everything in the home furnishing line in the city of Duluth.

A lot of Mahogahy fine

Piano Stools...

To be sold at $2.00 each, worth $3.50.

Remember

We give a beautiful

Parlor Rocking Chair

With every purchase of $30.00 or over.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.

TRIBUTES

Services of the G. A. R. at the Graves of the Fallen Heroes.

Beautiful Flowers Contributed By Children and Others For Decoration.

Address By Dr. Cleland on the Lessons Taught By the War.

The skies participated in the Memorial day exercises today. When those who expected to take part in the observances of the day arose this morning, they say a dull, gray sky and lines of falling rain, and these conditions raised fears for the success of the exercises. Later, however, the rain ceased, the sky grew a trifle brighter, continuing so until about noon, and hopes revived proportionately. Those who were to go to Forest Hill cemetery met at the Masonic Temple shortly after 9 o'clock and from there they proceeded to Woodland by carriages, and street cars.

The ladies of Garfield circle, G. A. R., Logan circle, and the Women's Relief corps were early in attendance at the Masonic Temple block to attend to the distribution of the flowers for decorating the soldiers' graves. They worked hard yesterday afternoon receiving and sorting the donations of flowers and in making up the wreaths, etc., and the results of their labors were very apparent this morning in the many beautiful combinations of flowers and foliage.

Mrs. Davey, of the Garfield circle, received the flowers from the various schools. The Longfellow school sent the most and the Jefferson, Madison, Lakeside and Lester Park scholars contributed masses of beautiful wild flowers, cut blossoms and trailing vines. Among the individual donations the most noticeable was that of Master Leon Hammel, who presented the ladies with a large box of lovely cut flowers, and the largest was from Seekins' greenhouses at Tenth avenue east. Garfield circle, G. A. R. furnished a shield with the inscription "Unknown" upon it, which was composed of red carnations, white cape jasmine and blue lupins, and Logan circle G. A. R. contributed a quantity of cut flowers. The ladies of the G. A. R. and the Women's Relief corps also sent a large quantity of potted plants to the cemetery. These will be placed upon the graves and the ladies will tend and take care of them through the summer.

The veterans assembled promptly at 9 this morning and a few minutes afterwards a firing squad with a bugler from Company C, Second regiment M. N. G., marched from the Armory and formed outside in the street. A short meeting was held in the post room at which comrades from Gorman, Culver, and Hayes posts attended and shortly after 9:30 the veterans each having loaded himself with floral tributes, fell in behind the colors, and escorted by the militia, marched to the corner of Second avenue west and Second street, where they took a train of four cars for the cemetery.

Each veteran's coat was decorated with a bunch of cape jasmine, a great box of these fragrant blossoms having been obtained for the occasion from Galveston, Tex.

There was a good attendance at the cemetery considering the weather, and all the posts of the Grand Army of the Republic turned out full representations. Instead of the usual parade and public exercises, the party went direct to the cemetery, where the exercises were scheduled to begin at 10 o'clock. The cemetery was reached in good time and the exercises were commenced with reasonable promptness. The usual ritualistic services of the G. A. R. took place, both at Forest Hill cemetery and at the Catholic cemetery, where a delegation went to decorate the graves of the veterans of that faith. At Forest Hill the principal address was made by Dr. T. H. Cleland of the First Presbyterian church. In substance, he said:

"The place where we stand is holy ground. Every sentiment of patriotism, religion and humanity combine to make this scene sacred and the hour impressive. We are in the city of the dead, amid the profoundest stillness, but nowhere else do our hearts beat so loudly or is thought more aroused. We are not a solitary group. From the Statue of Liberty to the Golden Gate, and from the shores of Lake Superior to the gulf, the proudest nation of the earth stands reverently uncovered, with faces upturned to the God of battle. We give Him praise for the heroes, dead and living, by whose sacrifices we are today a nation united and free. If we are to inspire the generations to come with the faith that it is noble to live and sweet to die for one's country, we must prove that republics are not ungrateful.

"It is a matter of sentiment to us, but it was a dread reality to our dead heroes. They were peace-loving men, unaccustomed to the shock of battle and the pangs of hunger, fatigue and exposure. But they were brave enough and devoted enough to face bullets, hardships, prisons and death itself, to leave a country united and free. Dare we ever be base enough to enjoy the fruits of their struggles and yet forget the sacrifices they made? Ours is a nation filling all profitable latitudes, cradled between two oceans, with resources in their infancy; ours is a people jealous of its liberties, hospitable to religion, learning and art; ours is a population inventive, energetic, buoyant and daring in all enterprises of progress; all made possible by the sufferings of the soldiers of 1861 to 1865.

"If these heroes could rise they would tell us that we could best do them honor by cherishing the ideas for which they laid down their lives. The first of these is the imperial consciousness that we are a solidified nation to endure, and not a loose confederacy to fall apart at the whim of any section. Akin to this, let us recognize the establishment for all time of the authority of government and the peril of resistance to law. We have no room for anarchy. A voice comes to the nation from the heroic dead and their surviving comrades, proclaiming that nothing is settled until it is settled right. Our civil and economical life cannot be peaceful and healthy if one class grows rich and powerful and fattens on the disabilities of another. If we protected the black men then in their rights, we will not be indifferent to the rights of those who are white. For the attainment of equal rights we need not resort to violence, but that same courageous persistence our soldiers showed in the war.

"But I would especially emphasize the development of the national character received and moral heroism attained in that fearful school of carnage and blood. The world knew our gifts at government building, our inventive genius, etc., but it did not know that we were willing to pour out six and a half billions of dollars and half a million lives for an idea. More men were killed in this struggle than in all the wars of England since the time of William the Conqueror.

"We are here today to strew flowers over the graves of those who have brought us the consciousness of honor at home and respect abroad. We shall never forget the heroism of the American women, who cheerfully gave up their husbands, sons and fathers on the altar of the country; what trials and hardships and suffering they endured that the men might be spared to fight on the field of battle. The soldiers themselves will never forget their generous and loving service in the field, in the hospital and in the camp. Far removed be the day when we forget the valor of soldiers who followed the flag through the leaden hail, over the ramparts and into the jaws of death; who endured the fatigues of marches, who patiently accepted as their duty cold and heat, hunger and thirst, and of those who perished in prisons and died in hospitals. And all that we and our posterity might enjoy a country forever free and united. But what worthy tribute shall we offer to the 143,000 unknown and unmarked graves? We should not forget the names made illustrious by this war, and of those especially the two which will outlive all the rest—Abraham Lincoln and Ulysses S. Grant.

"Let a grateful people who have received a dearly-bought heritage not only testify their homage to the bravery and endurance of our soldiers and sailors by strewing their graves with the spring flowers, but by imitating their loyalty and devotion in expounding the glory of this republic as liberty's leader of humanity, preserve its flag as the ensign of truth and righteousness for the race. Let us leave this place with new gratitude to the heroes living and dead, who have purchased us this priceless inheritance, and with a devout and thankful prayer to Almighty God that this government of the people, for the people and by the people may never perish from the earth."

With the impressive rituals of the Grand Army of the Republic, flowers were plentifully scattered on the last abiding places of the nation's dead. A military salute was fired over the graves by a detachment from Company C, and the exercises were over.

The best Ten-Cent Union Cigar EVER MADE.

MANUFACTURED BY H. T. DINHAM,

21 West Superior Street.

Furnish Electric Current

COMMERCIAL LIGHT and POWER Co.

Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.

For Light and Power. OFFICES—Rooms 4-5-6. 216 W. Sup. St. Duluth.

L. MENDENHALL. Established 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

Duluth Steam Carpet Cleaning Works,

F. S. KELLY, Prop. Telephone 581. All work guaranteed.

Office 524 West Superior Street.

Carpets Taken up, cleaned, laid and made over at moderate prices.

All the late Books Soon as Issued.....

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore. 323 West Superior Street, Duluth.

EXCURSIONS TO TWO HARBORS

SUNDAY, MAY 30.

Stmr. H. R. Dixon

Will leave Booth's Dock at 10 a. m. and

Stmr. Hunter at 2 p. m. Returning leave Two Harbors 5 p. m.

FARE 50c ROUND TRIP.

ONE BARREL OF THIS FLOUR

WILL MAKE MORE THAN 300 LOAVES OF THE BEST BREAD YOU EVER ATE.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Table delicacies in green vegetables and strawberries for Sunday dinner at lowest prices in the city. Rathbun's, 5 East Superior street.

Professor Ourat has secured Forest Home Pavilion at Lester Park for the summer, he will open it next week.

Miss Hannah Carlson died at St. Mary's hospital yesterday morning at 5 o'clock of typhoid fever. The remains were taken to C. O. Nelson's undertaking rooms. The deceased has no relatives in this country. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Nineteenth avenue west Baptist church.

The first maternity case on record at the poor farm occurred last week.

In the police court this morning Mike Mahar, a plain drunk, and George Crockett, a street beggar, were allowed to go under suspended sentence.

The Duluth postoffice will observe Monday as Memorial day and the carriers in the business district will make all the usual deliveries up to 12 o'clock noon, in the outlying districts only the early morning delivery will be made. The money order and registery departments will be closed all day, but the stamp and general delivery windows will be open from 8 a. m. until noon.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Relief society will be held at the residence of Mrs. A. M. Miller, 417 West Second street on Monday at 2 p. m. The presence of members is requested.

The Epworth league of Grace Methodist church will give a literary entertainment and social Tuesday evening and will serve ice cream and strawberries.

Next Tuesday is membership day at the Central W. C. T. U. The meeting will be held at 3 p. m. in the First M. E. church parlors. The Superior ladies will visit the union here and furnish the program.

Memorial day was celebrated at St. Anthony's church school today. The children attended service and then went to the school where speeches were made and exercises were held.

A mothers' meeting will be held by the kindergartners at the Jefferson school Tuesday at 3 p. m. This will be the last meeting until fall.

The commencement address at Maynard hall will be delivered by Bishop Morrison, of this city, on June 11.

Ladies' Knox sailor hats at Big Duluth.

Another Dividend.

Receiver W. E. Lucas of the Marine National bank is to declare another 10 per cent dividend to the creditors. The checks were sent today to the comptroller for signature, and they will be distributed in about two weeks. Mr. Lucas is up to the date he had fixed for his dividend, and he expects to be equally prompt with the third.

Good renting pianos at "Coons."

Next Week's Concert.

The program for the grand musical soiree to be given Wednesday evening at the Armory is as follows:

"Echoes of the Metropolitan Opera House" ..... Tobani.
Professor J. H. Flaaten's orchestra.
"Kerry Dance" .....
Aeolian Quartet.
Reading, "Edith Dombey," scene of "Dombey and Son" .....
Miss M. Finnegan.
Duet, selected .....
Mrs. James McAuliffe and C. H. Thornton.
"Heaven Hath Shed a Tear"....Gounod
Miss Susan McKay.
Flute obligato .....
A. Hoelscher.
Quintet, "Elgie" .....Ernest
Messrs. J. H. Flaaten, Gust. Flaaten, J. Sodahl, E. Liewald, A. Hoelscher.
Selected .....
Temple Ladies' Quartet.
"Let All Obey," from opera "Enchantress" .....
Arthur Lahey.
Reading, selected .....
Miss M. Finnegan.
Flute solo .....
A. Hoelscher.
Mrs. A. Hoelscher, accompanist.

In Memoriam.

In the columns during the past week it has been the sad duty of the news gatherer to record the death of one of the brightest of Duluth's young society men, Eugene I. Silberstein, youngest son of E. Silberstein. In his untimely taking away the uncertainty of life was vividly exemplified. Young, vigorous and full of hope for a bright future, coupled with a particularly lovable and companionable disposition he had endeared himself to all of those with whom he came in contact. Young as he yet was, he had already displayed remarkably good business ability. The hosts of friends who attended the funeral testified to the esteem in which he was held. Company C, of the Third regiment, of which he had been a member, turned out to act as an escort and a large delegation from the Endion club, of which he was also a member, attended. For the near relatives who are left to mourn his loss, the deepest sympathy is expressed by everybody.

A good driving horse wanted in exchange for a piano or organ. 106 West Superior street.

See the Crescent tandem at Trott's.

PERSONALS.

J. Monteith, a lumber buyer of Rockford, Ill., is at the St. Louis.

Capt. W. C. Brown of the North Land arrived in the city from his home in St. Clair, Mich., today to take charge of his ship, accompanied by Capt. George A. Minar, of Mason, Mich., of the North West.

C. S. Davies came up from St. Paul this morning and registered at the Spalding.

Ex-Senator D. M. Sabin, of Stillwater, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

H. D. Waite, a Minneapolis insurance man, is at the Spalding.

F. P. Thompson, A. Woodward and Frank C. Poole, of Cloquet, are registered at the St. Louis.

William L. Cain, the Barnum lumberman, is among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

Capt. James Bale is down from Ely today a guest at the St. Louis.

R. M. Weyerhauser, of Cloquet, is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

John E. Newell, of Cleveland, is at the Spalding.

W. S. Black, of Erie, Pa., is a late arrival at the Spalding.

A. Johnson, of St. Paul, is at the St. Louis.

Capt. George A. Scott, of La Pointe Indian agency, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

Peter Phalen, of Fond du Lac Indian reservation, arrived in the city today and registered at the St. Louis.

J. A. Danielson, of Lake Park, Minn., is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

G. A. Potter, of Necedah, Wis., is registered at the Spalding.

F. A. Hoyt, of St. Cloud, is a guest at the Spalding.

Thomas L. Bird, the St. Paul wheelman, is here today taking part in the road race. He has many friends here and always receives a warm welcome when he comes up.

L. McD. Rothermel left for his home in Roslyn, Wash., after a month's visit with his brother, S. H. Rothermel.

R. A. Pomroy, formerly of Duluth, who went to Buffalo with the Northern Steamship company, arrived in the city at 6 o'clock this morning on one of the Northern boats. The object of his trip was to attend last night's military ball, but owing to head winds off Whitefish Point he arrived a few hours too late.

Mrs. N. B. McNulty returned from Minneapolis yesterday after a month's absence.

D. W. Scott and James T. Hay left this afternoon on the United Empire t attend the mining convention at Rat Portage.

WORK AT THE MINES.

Shipping More Than Six Hundred Cars Daily.

The Biwabik Mining company began loading cars with ore yesterday, and will now ship about seventy-five cars daily. The Commodore mine, belonging to Corrigan, McKinney & Co., began shipment several days ago of fifteen cars a day. There are now five mines on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern shipping ore daily. They are the Ohio, fifty cars a day; the Oliver, 190 cars; the Mountain Iron, 200 cars; the Ohio, fifty cars; the Biwabik, seventy-five cars, and the Commodore, fifteen cars, making a total of 620 cars, or 15,500 tons daily that is being received at the ore docks in this city. Corrigan, McKinney & Co. are reported to have sold recently 50,000 tons of Commodore ore.

Leather belts with sterling silver buckles $1.75 to $2.50, now $1 at Regli's, 105 West Superior street, second floor.

Some good second-hand pianos at $5 per month at "Coon's."

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

A WONDERFUL MACHINE.

A Successful Invention Added to Duluth's Industries.

Some months ago the patent and all rights pertaining to an instrument called "Cameron's Fabric Turfing Machine" were quietly secured by a company of Duluth gentlemen. Of course all new inventions are a doubtful speculation, but this one has proved a remarkable success. Agents have already secured a large territory, and the entire United States and Canada will be parceled out as rapidly as possible.

The reporter who saw the little machine operated cannot but believe that it will eventually become a necessity in every household. Women who have seen it are enthusiastic about it. It is safe to say that every woman who sees it, and knows of its usefulness, will make her husband's life a burden till he buys her one.

It is very much smaller and even more simple than the sewing machine, and does the work which the sewing machine cannot do. Just imagine! with it women and children, in their spare hours, can make all kinds of rugs, lounge covers, caps, cloaks, scarfs, mittens, tidies, quilts, lap-robes, covers for the table, the piano, the foot-stool, and everything conceivable of a like nature. It uses old rags, discarded cloths and ravelings from ingrain and other carpets, or it works upon satin with the finest of silk. Like the sewing machine Another great thing in its favor is it is equally useful to rich and poor, that its price makes it within the reach of all.

Their agents are having remarkable success. With the excellent opportunity to earn money by selling these machines, it would seem that little excuse existed for men and women seeking employment to remain idle.

The company have opened offices in New York and Minneapolis. Their home office is 45-46 Exchange building.

The Borgstrom Case.

The testimony in the case against Register of Deeds Borgstrom was all in yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, and the case was continued to Monday morning for argument. After the defendant had left the stand there were no other witnesses in his behalf. A deposition by ex-Register Amos Shephard was introduced, in which he supported Borgstrom's statement that he had instructed him to pursue the course he took regarding certified copies.

$18.75—EXCURSION RATES—$18.75.

DETROIT MICH., AND RETURN.

Via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, June 5, 6 and 7. Round trip Detroit, Mich., and return, $18.75, via Grand Trunk, or $19.25 via Michigan Central from Chicago. Particulars at City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Providence building.

Court Filings.

Lisi Puska yesterday began divorce proceedings against Nikolai Puska on the ground of desertion. They were married at Ishpeming, Mich., in 1891, and the desertion is alleged to have taken place after they had lived together for two years. The plaintiff asks the court for permission to resume her maiden name of Setula.

Receiver W. B. Silvey of the estate of E. P. Emerson yesterday afternoon filed his statement of the business of the Spalding hotel for April. It shows a loss for the month, the receipts being $6899.68, and the disbursements $7740.01.

The assignee for Anna B. Benjamin yesterday afternoon filed a statement showing assets of $458.43 and liabilities of $1247.666.

Given a Verdict.

The jury in the case of Joseph Andre against the St. Paul & Duluth railroad came in last evening with a verdict of $125 for the plaintiff. Andre sued for $329 for injuries alleged to have been received by his team and wagon at the Garfield avenue crossing, where they came into contact with a St. Paul & Duluth locomotive. He claimed that the team was thrown forty feet. The case was given to the jury yesterday morning.

No Summer Vacation.

There will be no vacation at the Business University during the summer. Those who anticipate entering soon for either a commercial or stenography course will find June 2 an excellent time to enter.

Do You Wish for a Clear Complexion?

To be free from Wrinkles, Blackheads, Freckles and Moth Patches, call at

KNAUF SISTERS, 101 W. Superior St., Over Smith & Smith's Drug Store.

...STEAM YACHT NAUTILUS...

Will leave Duluth at 8 a. m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, for all points on the North Shore between Duluth and Chicago Bay, landing passengers at all points and stopping for them as they may wish. This gives pleasure seekers and FISHING PARTIES an opportunity to avail themselves of fishing in the streams on the North Shore and a delightful trip on the lake. For further information enquire on board of boat at dock.

FOOT OF SIXTH AVENUE WEST.

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MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, JAMES T. WATSON.

Patent Lawyers, Solicitors and Experts. Established 1861. Washington, D. C. 407 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn. (Inventors guide book free.)

ADVICE GIVEN FREE

All matters treated confidentially.

Benson's Detective Agency. Offices in Exchange Building.

Great Sale

Of everything for the garden....

40,000 plants of all kinds.
To clean out, we have cut the prices on all our large plants one third. On bedding and basket plants we have cut the price clear down and you can make your places gay for almost nothing.

The lowest prices ever made in Duluth

Come to the greenhouses (in the morning if you can) and see for yourself. Everything of the best.

LINDSAY'S GREENHOUSES, 52d Avenue East.

Lakeside cars stop at the door.

Imported Hand-Made English Lace

Mrs. R. W. Wright, formerly located on Tower avenue, West Superior, has removed to 1820 Belknap street, near Spicer-Fanning's dry goods store, and has a large assortment of Imported Hand Made English Lace, which will be sold at a discount of 20 per cent from now until July 1. At home all day Tuesdays and Thursdays and Saturday mornings.

ST. JAMES HOTEL

Cuisine First-Class.
Excellent Service.
Newly Refitted Throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests. $1.50 per day.

PART TWO-

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1897.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

IN THE GOLD REGIONS.

Navigation Open on the Lake of the Woods and All Is Activity Again.

BOUNDLESS RICHES IN SIGHT | WHO WILL GET THEM?

Regions Destined to Contain the Greatest Gold Camps the World Has Seen.

Rat Portage and Its Trade.

Rat Portage, Ont., May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Navigation has opened on the Lake of the Woods and all is activity again. During the winter months transportation and travel were possible over the ice. For several weeks past, however, that has been impassable for teams and loads and highly unsafe for dog sledges or foot travelers. But now the boats are running and the season is wide open. Tons of freight lodged for weeks in warehouses and on docks are now being hurried with all possible speed to camps and mines. Carloads of machinery and supplies arrive by each freight train, and every passenger train bears larger and larger numbers of those in search of gold or business made possible thereby. The people of Rat Portage and the Lake of the Woods district are standing on the tiptoe of expectancy and hope beams bright for the prosperous future that will here center the eyes of the world.

That gold in paying quantities exists in Ontario has been demonstrated beyond all dispute. The only question now is, who will reap the benefit from the boundless riches hidden here in the bosom of old Mother Earth. These regions are destined to contain the greatest gold camps that the world ever has seen. The chief considerations now are time and money. The time depends materially upon the amounts of money that are invested here in the immediate future, the wisdom with which they are invested and the sources from which they come.

Those who have furnished the faith and hope in the long, weary years gone by have a deep interest in what this season will bring forth. They have sowed carefully and honestly, and now invite others who have not known of this field or have had no confidence in its fruitfulness to come in and help garner the golden harvest.

The questions of the hour are, Will many people come here this season? Will much capital be invested here? Will there be a boom?

These questions cannot be fully answered. The indications are that the gold-seekers will enter this Canadian Eldorado in numbers that will throw all past records into the shade. The outlook is not unfavorable to heavy additions to capital already invested. With the dissipation of European war clouds, English and continental capital will, slowly, perhaps, but very steadily, turn this way. Large syndicates and companies will here be able to recoup millions lost in Australian and South African enterprises. Several already have set about with brilliant prospects to that end. Canadian capital already is enlisted, and heavy increases will be made from time to time. American dollars, hoarded up in groaning vaults, will turn this way just the same as they turned toward the gold fields of British Columbia. American labor will find a little relief here and American manufacturers of mining machinery will get their share of the shining gold bricks. Skepticism, born of blighting speculation, will give way to confidence as facts and figures and—gold bricks are presented on Uncle Samuel's side of the line.

NO IMMEDIATE BOOM.

I see no prospect or likelihood of a "boom" this year. Probably there will be none next year. Canadians are not prone to boom, anyway. That accounts for the huge, solid foundations found over here in business and matters financial. But the boom is bound to come some day, and when it does it will be a record-breaker. Values will rise, stocks will abound on every hand. The whole world will rush and crush, scramble and tumble, push and crowd to get a finger into the pie. That time will not be particularly desirable, but it will be less harmful than most other booms, for the reason that there will be so much back of it and to warrant it. The large size, great richness, easy accessibility and cheapness of operation and production will bring surer, safer and greater profits on investments here, if judiciously and wisely made, than any gold-producing regions known in the world today. If that be not so, then all signs fail and men's observations and judgment are worthless.

While there seems to be no prospect of a boom, in the American sense of that word, there will be many new and rich discoveries, a considerable trade in properties, an amazing amount in development work and a surprising increase in the number and value of gold bricks produced. Without doubt, there never will be a better time to get in on the ground floor, and those who come early will not only avoid the rush, but will see the "whole show," so to speak.

These are my deductions made after five weeks of earnest, careful and faithful investigation. I give them for what they are worth. I am no financier and am aware that I lack commercial instinct, but, thanks to a decade spent in seeking facts and motives and drawing conclusions, I think I can see through a ladder after a part of its rungs have been knocked out. What I have said and what I shall say is not to decide this great question for the world, but simply to cause it to believe as I believe —that these Ontario gold fields are wholly worthy of a careful personal investigation.

That part of Western Ontario now being so actively explored and developed for gold comprises an area 500 miles long and from eighty to 100 miles wide. It extends from Jackfish bay, on the north side of Lake Superior on the east to the Manitoba line on the west and from the international boundary on the south to the Canadian Pacific railroad tracks on the north. No one knows, however, how far it reaches to the northward, as it has not been explored. It may run to Hudson's bay. Good finds have already been made as far north as Lac Seul and this season will see explorations pushed still farther.

For convenience this rich region may be divided into five districts as follows:

The Jackfish Bay district.
The Sawbill Lake district.
The Seine River district.
The Manitou country.
The Lake of the Woods district.

It is my purpose to confine this article chiefly to the Lake of the Woods district. Discoveries were made in it first and, partly owing to that and partly to its accessibility, it has seen the most development and possesses the greatest number of properties well known and that have brought high prices. The Manitou country yields to none in the number and richness of its properties, while in point of bullion producers the Seine River and Sawbill Lake districts are forging ahead as strong rivals to the older Lake of the Woods districts.

LAKE OF THE WOODS DISTRICT.

The Lake of the Woods district is an ideal mining country. In Rat Portage the district possesses an admirable distributing center independently of the mines that surround it. Rat Portage has a big lumber trade, a large and profitable fish industry, while the flour mills of the adjoining village of Keewatin are the largest and most complete of any in Canada. Rat Portage is already a town of considerable importance. Its population is between 5000 and 6000. When the gold mines were discovered in Red Mountain it was necessary to establish a town to do business connected with the mines. The Lake of the Woods district has its town already established. Every kind of business necessary for the carrying on of the mining industry is already in existence. Rat Portage has its banks, its supply stores, its hotels, its municipal government, its electric light and all the other requisites of a business center. The town is on the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway and has daily connection by rail with both the East and West. It has its postoffice, its telegraph office, its newspapers, its steamboat services. The town is fully able to take care of a big mining business as well as attend to the trade that already exists.

Probably no country in the world possesses such admirable facilities for the prosecution of mining as the Lake of the Woods district. Supplies are cheap. Wages are just about one-half of what they are in British Columbia or the United States. The means of communication between Rat Portage and the mines could hardly be improved. Supplies can be taken by boat within a few yards of almost all the mines and prospects in the district. When navigation closes communication is kept up by sleighs over the ice on the lake. There is only a couple of weeks in spring and a similar period in fall when communication between Rat Portage and the mines is difficult. This slight interruption causes very little inconvenience. The Lake of the Woods district proper requires no additional railways, for the present at least, for the development of its mines. The chief things wanting are capital, brains and muscle, to be applied in the development of the mines themselves.

The Lake of the Woods district is divided by both mining men and nature into several belts or areas. Of these I will first mention the "Scramble" belt, which ends at Black Sturgeon lake, eight miles eastward from Rat Portage. Among the first is Kobald property—also several not yet named. Then there is the noted Scramble mine, the Muriel, Princess, El Diver and Black Sturgeon. These have shafts of various depths and similar development features. Five years ago J. H. Webster, of Cleveland, had a shaft down 110 feet on the Muriel and a small stamp mill in operation. One night the mill burned down, probably due to incendiarism, and the owner, who was somewhat erratic, took a notion that his enterprise was not appreciated, so stopped operations and deserted it until a more opportune time.

PINE PORTAGE DISTRICT.

The Pine Portage district lies eight miles to the east and extends from Heenan's Point to Rossland on the Candian Pacific railroad, a distance of about five miles. In this group are the Pine Portage, Triumph, King, Cleopatra, Gold Brick and Treasure mines. Two miles from these and close to Rossland are the Sweden, Norway and Bad mines, which I described in my third letter. The Pine Portage, in the early days of the history of this district, was developed to the extent of sinking a shaft 110 feet. The property, which embraces 400 acres, made a fine showing, but dissensions caused a suspension of operations. The mine is now being pumped out and a deal for its purchase is on.

The Triumph is on the north of the Pine Portage and comprises 320 acres and shows thirty distinct veins bearing gold quartz. A shaft is down to a considerable depth and a stamp mill capable of caring for twenty tons of rock a day has been operated enough to test the property. Work has been stopped until a larger capital can be secured, as operations have been carried as far as can be with a small capital. One interesting geological feature is that the line of contact between the Huronian and Laurentian formations extends around three sides of the property.

The Treasure mine is north of the Triumph and a 60-foot shaft is on a 7-foot vein of a rich character. Near the surface the ore made sensational showings.

Southeast of the Pine Portage group are the Gow Hill, Master Jack, Black Jack, Gold Hill, Golden Gate, the old Keewatin on Hay island, and the Heenan properties. These properties make an excellent showing and are considered first-class. South of this group on Battle, Witch and Andrew boys, eighteen miles from here and slightly to the southeast, is a large number of properties, but as yet, they have seen small dvelopment.

Jumping to the southeast from this group in the Whitefish bay region, is found the rich Mascotte and Trojan mines as well as the Regina, on an arm of the lake running east of Whitefish bay. This exhausts the principal regions on the east side of the Lake of the Woods. In the lake, of course, are many island properties, among which are Shoal and Hunter islands, now seeing development work with rich results.

On the west side of the lake in the northwest corner, is Clear Water bay, with a number of promising properties, but no development. The Victoria is among these. South of and parallel to Clear Water bay is Ptarmigan bay. This region has picturesque scenery, clear water and good fishing. A peculiar feature of the western side of the lake is the clearness and coldness of the water and the presence of lake trout. Twenty miles from the railroad is the Nonesuch mine with a 60-foot vein and a cross cut that shows a vein 41 feet wide. This vein runs for 4000 feet on this property and has been traced for fully four miles. Near the Nonesuch are the Mineral Point and Standard properties, with considerable development and good-sized bodies of ore. Echo bay, an expansion of Ptarmigan bay, has a large number of promising prospects, and on Rush bay and Crow Duck lake, are numerous locations with large strong veins, but no development.

Passing through Ash rapids comes Shoot lake and the Mikado mine on the line of contact of a great granite dome, four by five miles in area and surrounded by slates and traps. Here are found the Monarch, Gold Coin, Cornucopia, Yum-Yum, Nan-ki-poo and several not named. Many other promising properties are found in the vicinity of Shoal lake. Shoal lake narrows and Labyrinth bay with splendid showings of free gold. Dead Man's Portage has some rich properties and the north part of Shoal lake, the islands and main land, enjoying the same conditions.

Many of the finds in the Shoal lake region were made last fall and surveyed while the winter snow was on, hence there has been no opportunity for development work. There promises to be very much this summer, however.

THE SULTANA MINE.

The history of the discovery of these gold fields and their development reads like a romance. It is a story of mistakes, failures, hardships, disappointments, delays, skepticism and then—success. I lack space to tell it as it should be told, but a few lines concerning the Sultana mine cannot be omitted. The history of that alone, would make a volume and an interesting one, too.

In 1880, on Hay island, ten miles from Rat Portage and two miles south of the now famous Sultana mine, three men engaged in cutting hay for teams engaged on Canadian Pacific railroad construction work, found specimens of rock which they thought might contain precious metal. Knowing nothing about minerals, however, they submitted the samples to an old Black Hills miner who after a careful examination pronounced them rich in gold.

Then followed the scramble that always attends the discovery of yellow gold. A dozen different parties rushed to Winnipeg for surveyors. The Canadian Pacific railroad covered only one half the distance, yet in three weeks, a dozen claimants were back on the ground disputing over the location. Owing to the unsettled question as to provincial jurisdiction, no titles could be secured, so no one obtained a favorable decision at that time.

The next year, Western mining men came and looked over the field with experienced prospectors. The result was that the Winnipeg Consolidated, Argyle and Pine Portage properties were located and development commenced.

In 1881, some employes of the Keewatin Lumber company brought samples of gold bearing quartz into Rat Portage. They supposed, however, that they had found only silver ore. Charles Moore and Jake Hennesey told the men that they thought the mineral was only galena, but that the specimen might contain gold and silver. Obtaining knowledge as to the locality, these two men quietly and quickly made a canoe trip to it. Samples were found to pan richly and steps were promptly taken to secure the field. The dispute as to which province controlled that region made it impossible to secure a title.

In 1883, Mr. Moore sought to enlist capitalists in Duluth on the strength of specimens and assays. After many efforts Enghart & Barr were induced to take the property for $15,000, on condition that they be allowed to inspect and test it systematically. They spent several weeks with an assayer and mining expert but meeting with no encouragement from the crown land department as to securing title, they decided that they could not safely invest any money and the deal fell through.

The further history of that property is highly interesting, but too long to give in detail here. In 1887-8, after various moves and schemes, title was secured in the names of Henry Bulmer, Jr., Charles A. Moore, Dr. S. S. Scoville and Jacob Hennesey. The property was transferred to G. F. and J. Galt, of Winnipeg, and Messrs. Bulmer and Hart, of Montreal, who later on arranged to have Sir A. T. Galt, who was then high commissioner in England, float a company in London. With this end in view a mining expert was sent from New York to report on the property. This was in 1887. After spending two weeks in examination of the property, which consisted of only twenty-seven acres, he condemned it, and advised the owners to dispose of it as soon as possible, as it consisted only of a mass of lenticular deposits of segregated quartz, having no deposit or continuity on the surface. This expert was C. M. Rolker, of New York. Dr. Selwyn, at that time at the head of the Dominion geological department, also condemned the Sultana and the whole district. He discredited the country generally. He staked his reputation that the district would never amount to anything as a gold producer, and he warned people against wasting their money in trying to develop its alleged mines. In addition to these pessimists there were other alleged experts who pronounced the ore of the Sultana to be highly refractory and incapable of reduction on a commercial and profitable basis. In the face of these discouraging reports and ominious predictions, J. F. Caldwell, a Winnipeg druggist, bought the property and gave evidence of his confidence in the Sultana by starting at once to develop the property.

MR. CALDWELL'S EXPERIENCE.

But Mr. Caldwell had an experience that would have caused a less determined man to give up in despair. He spent every dollar he had and then sold his drug store. Relatives besought him not to ruin himself over what they thought was a profitless hole in the ground, but he turned a deaf ear. Money all gone, he borrowed from friends. When that was impossible, he ran on credit. At one time he owed John Gardner, of Rat Portage, $7500 for supplies. Gardner became unable to carry Mr. Caldwell, so asked the Winnipeg wholesalers to do so. They finally became skeptical and notified Mr. Gardner that Caldwell never would succeed, and that it was folly to bother further with him. Gardner had faith, however, and insisted that all would come out right.

In 1892 Mr. Caldwell finished his stamp mill and commenced operations. He then owed—no one knows how much. Report has it that the sum was near $75,000. People had considered him insane. Gold bricks commenced to appear regularly, despite the fact that a cyanide process for treating concentrates proved a failure. A chlorination plant was substituted with great success. Every Monday morning now Mr. Hunter, manager of the Sultana, deposits in the Imperial bank gold bricks ranging in value from $1500 to $4000. Today the work is down 400 feet, and night and day shifts are employed on a vein ranging from fifty to seventy feet in width. The plant comprises adequate boiler and engine, air compressor, roasting furnace and chlorination works for treating concentrates, and excellent quarters for the men. This season the 10-stamp mill will be increased to fifty stamps and other improvements made.

Mr Caldwell has paid every dollar of indebtedness incurred during his long, bitter struggle, and today owns every bit of the mine. There is not a dollar of stock, and an offer of between $1,000,000 and $2,000,000 for the property was refused last season. The statement was made a few months ago by the manager of the mine that the property today is paying a profit equivalent to 8 per cent per annum on $1,500,000.

Thus, briefly, is the story of the first really successful gold mine in the Ontario gold fields. Today it is, in fact, the only bullion producer in the Lake of the Woods district. Several others have been fully tested, and with new machinery and enlarged plants will be in operation before the summer is over. In a few months there will be a dozen or fifteen bullion producers in the Ontario fields, and that will speak words for them that will be heard with wonder and willing ears clear around the world.

Strong English companies are coming in. The South African Development syndicate, limited, with headquarters in London, lost $1,000,000 in South Africa. Its representative, Col. Engledue, last season purchased the Mikado, thirty-two miles southwest of Rat Portage. Several mill tests were made. The first run, 114 tons, produced 417 ounces of gold. A few days later twenty-two tons of quartz yielded 110 ounces of gold—five ounces to the ton and about $7512 in all. Since then enough ore has been mined to pay for the original cost of the property—$25,000. Another test gave 442 ounces of gold from 200 tons of rock—$2200 in round numbers. Col. Engledue reports to his company that he has every confidence that this one mine will recoup the syndicate for every dollar lost in South Africa. A 50-stamp mill now is going in and will be in operation in a short time. A few months ago Col. Engledue purchased at one time 65,000 acres of land from the Ontario government. Among other things in his report Col. Engledue said:

COL. ENGLEDUE'S OPINION.

"As the Lake of the Woods gold mining district is but little known as yet to English investors, a brief description of the locality may interest you. The lake, with its numerous islands and extensive shores, occupies an area of about 80,000 square miles, and only became known to prospectors when the advent of the Canadian Pacific railway opened up communication. Little progress in gold mining, however, was made until six years ago, when the settlement of the boundary disputes and the discovery of the successful Sultana mine and the opening up of the Regina mine and other rich properties in the Seine and Rainy Rivers caused a general influx of explorers, with the result that in every part of the lake's shores and in spots widely apart, numerous gold-bearing lodes have been discovered. The district generally is served from Rat Portage, a town of about 5000 inhabitants on the Canadian Pacific railway, and every part of the lake is easily accessible by steamer, rendering the carriage of machinery and supplies easy and cheap. Since the discovery of the Mikado the whole of the immediate neighborhood has been prospected and a large number of rich properties have been located. Considerable American capital has been attracted, and the coming spring will see widely-spread developments in the rich area. I may here mention that we have been lately approached to take up other properties on the Lake of the Woods, and it is quite possible the directors may appeal to the shareholders to give them a chance of sharing in what are likely to be very valuable concessions. There are very few localities in the world where mining can be carried on under better economic conditions than in the Lake of the Woods. The climate is excellent, supplies are plentiful, labor is cheap, machinery, etc., can be easily transported, and properties can be effectively supervised from England, as the journey from London only occupies eleven or twelve days. The board trusts that the acquisition of this valuable Mikado property will more than compensate you for the disappointing result in South Africa, and hope in another six months to show good results producing substantial dividends."

PROSPECTING.

If you do not have quite enough money to purchase a mining property that some one else has found, the next best thing is to scape up enough nerve and cash to go prospecting. If you have no money at all, but know something about minerals, you can hustle and find some one willing to furnish a "grub stake." In that case the good angel supplies the outfit and supplies and the pospector hunts for the gold. If he makes a find the grub stake man then advances money to pay for the official survey and the patent to the land and both hold equal interests in it.

In some cases the prospector receives his outfit and expenses and a smaller interest in all locations made. I know one, for example, who gets $100 a month, all expenses and a one-fifth interest in all properties taken. If the capitalist does not think a find is worth tuking up, then the prospector is at liberty to dispose of it elsewhere if he can.

In the majority of cases prospectors in this country, where there is an abundance of streams and lakes, need a canoe. A Peterboro is a favorite. A good one can be secued for $30, but a large one, 17 1-2 feet long, 16 inches deep and 35 inches wide, capable of carrying 2000 pounds, or ample room for three men, costs about $42. If you desire an Indian birch bark it will cost from $7 to $12, according to size and circumstances.

If you are going out for business after a canoe you need a tent. One 7 by 7 feet with two-foot walls can be had for $7.50. Next comes an ax. Then you will need a shovel, pole pick, a one-quart mortar and pestle, sieve and a gold pan. In this country with its fine milling gold, prospectors pan all their finds. In this country with refractory ores, they have to depend upon an assayer to find out whether a discovery is worth keeping. A pocket compass and magnifying glass must not be forgotten and a little dynamite comes in handy if you are determined to go farther than surface indications. The tin baker, plates, knives and forks, spoons, frying pan, cups, a nest of tin buckets and basins all are necessities. Such an outfit will cost from $20 to $25, including the tent. Of course each man will need a pack sack and blankets and a revolver for game and fishing tackle come in very handily. Provisions for two men cost about $10 for a month.

Aside from the clothing worn, a change of underwear, an extra shirt, handkerchiefs, possibly some towels and heavy woolen socks should be taken. Heavy prospectors' boots or shoes should be used and a pair of heavy slippers or light shoes are luxurious at night around the camp fire. A waterproof coat is another luxury. Everything has to be packed on the back when it cannot be carried on water in the canoe, so great care must be taken not to overload.

For the inner man who always is strongly in evidence on a prospecting trip, flour, bacon, salt, sugar, baking powder, tea and coffee are necessities. Matches must not be forgotten and, if you use the weed, see to it that you have enough tobacco for the whole trip.

The experienced pospector usually makes a camp and works from that until he has enough of the adjacent country prospected to make another move necessary. He does his cooking in the evening and in the morning while the dew is on, pans the samples of rock found the day before. If the vein is of proper size and appearance and the rock pans gold, he considers he has found something of value, but, ordinarily if he gets no "color" in his pan, he passes it up. About 8 o'clock, at the latest, the prospector starts out. One of the best and most successful discoverers of gold in Western Ontario works as I have described and also takes a lunch along so that he does not have to return to camp for dinner. He does not spend much time at noon and moves fast enough so that he often feels warranted in returning to camp at 4 p. m. He then cooks, performs other camp duties, eats supper and prepares for the next day. Some prospectors carry their heavy packs and outfits on their backs all day and camp right where night catches them. That is hard work and ordinarily does not pay. They soon learn better and stop it.

TAKING MINING CLAIMS.

Within the past few weeks the Ontario government has amended the laws governing the taking of mining claims. There are some material changes over the former law which every one should know. At my request, D. H. Cooper, one of the leading attorneys of Rat Portage, who has a wide practice in mining matters, gave me a synopsis of the more important points in the new law, in common every day language, which is easier for ordinary mortals to understand than bewildering legal phraseology.

When a prospector makes a find of mineral and wishes to secure title to the location, he first must mark the same. That usually is done by blazing a tree in one or two conspicuous locations and then making an inscription something like this:

I claim —— acres.
May 17, 1897. John Smith.

After the location has been marked, the prospector immediately sends in an application for any number of acres he may desire, not less than forty nor more than 320, however. The application must be accompanied by an affidavit that he has discovered valuable mineral thereon and the date on which he discovered it.

The office for receiving applications for mining locations is at present in the city of Toronto and all parties who wish to apply are required to send their applications to the commissioner of crown lands, Toronto.

Within sixty days of the application he must pay to the department one-quarter of the sum necessary to purchase the location, according to the size that he requires or pay in one-fourth of the first year's rental to the department of crown lands, and within three months after the date of the application, must pay in the balance of the sum required by the department. He must also within four months file with the department of crown lands proper plans and field notes certified to by a properly authorized Ontario land surveyor.

These official surveyors are allowed $8 a day from the time they start until they return and one day more for making the plans. They have to have help and supplies and that must be paid by the applicant for the land. These assistants run from two to five in number, according to circumstances and receive from $1.50 to $2 per man.

No person shall, within one calendar year be entitled to apply for more than 320 acres within a radius of fifteen miles, nor shall any firm, partnership, syndicate or incorporated company, apply for more than 640 acres within a radius of fifteen miles.

The price to be paid for lands is as follows: Where the land is within six miles of the railway, $3 an acre; if elsewhere in surveyed territory, $2.50 an acre; if within six miles of a railway, but in unsurveyed territory, $2.50 per acre; if situated elsewhere in unsurveyed territory, $2 an acre.

The prospector or explorer who is the first discoverer of valuable mineral shall be entitled to a free grant of one location of 40 acres, where the vein is not less than ten miles from the nearest mine or vein of the same metal, but he is required to produce evidence to the satisfaction of the commissioner of crown lands that he is the first discoverer, and of the distance from the nearest known vein of the same metal.

The grantee or owner of any mining location acquired by patent or lease from the government is required to expend at least $1 per acre during the first two yars in stripping or opening up the mines, in sinking shafts, or other actual mining operations, and not less than $1 per acre during each remaining year for seven years. In default of such expenditure during the first two years, or during any subsequent year of the seven years, the location may be forfeited to the government.

In case there are several co-owners, or co-lessees of a location, and any of them fails to contribute his or their proportion of the expenditure or of the rental necessary to hold such location, the co-owners or co-lessees who have performed the labor or made the improvements or paid the rent, as required by the statute may, at the expiration of the year, give such delinquent co-owner or co-lessee, or his or their personal representatives, in case of death, personal notice in writing, or notice by registered letter addressed to his or their last known place of abode, calling upon him or them to make the necessary payment, and unless the delinquent fail to contribute his proportion within three months from such notice, the commissioner of crown lands may order that his interest in the location shall cease and become the property of his co-owners or co-lessees.

The new law gives the lieutenant governor power to withdraw from sale, location, or exploration, as being valuable for pine timber, or for any reason, and anyone who violates that withdrawal by prospecting or exploring thereon, shall be liable to a fine of $20.77. This provision in the law is much criticized, and many consider that such an arbitrary and complete power never should be given the lieutenant governor, as it may be too easily abused.

WILL MINING PAY?

Naturally all whose attention is called to the Ontario gold fields want to know if mining there can be carried on at a profit. They want to know all about accessibility, cost of mining and milling, richness, quantity and extent of the ore and all that. These questions of location, nature of the ore, cost of treatment and management and all that, have more to do with the question of profit than the assay value itself.

The great Homestake mine's free milling ore averages $4 a ton in value, and dividends to the amount of $6,150,000 have been paid.

The Alaska Treadwell, in the few years it has been in operation, has paid $3,100,000 in dividends. Since 1888 240 stamps and 96 concentrators have been employed. From 500 to 700 tons have been milled and concentrated per day, with an average value of $3.75 per ton. The average cost of mining and milling in 1892 was $1.50 per ton on an average product of 16,000 tons a month.

Up to 1891 the noted Comstock lode had produced 7,000,000 tons of ore, with a bullion value of $306,000,000. The average value per ton was $43.86, and the treatment cost $35.71 per ton.

Different conditions make different cost. Each district and each property must be considered independent of all others. The main thing to find out at present in the Ontario fields is, what are the conditions and surroundings. Here we have cheap milling and extraction, thanks to free gold, large deposits and accessibility, etc. The manager of the Sultana mine, the only one actually producing bullion at the present time, some months ago asserted that the Sultana is paying the equivalent of 8 per cent on an investment of $1,500,000.

Sultana ore runs $20 to the ton. Its 10-stamp mill will handle 25 tons a day, 650 tons a month, or 7800 tons a year. The work now is nearly all development, making the cost of production greater than it will be later. At $4 per ton the expense of mining and milling for one year, 7800 tons, is $31,200. At $20 a ton, 7800 tons are worth $156,000. That sum less $31,200 expenses leaves $124,800, or $28,000 more than 8 per cent of $1,500,000.

Were the Sultana terating 5000 or more tons a month, it probably would cost half as much per ton as now, as ten times the present amount could be handled with the same superintendent, foreman, engineer, bookkeepr, mining captain and head amalgamator. That would reduce the cost per ton to $2. Now look at this table:

Mine.	Total value per ton.	Cost of treatment.	Profit.
Sultana	$20 00	$2 00	$18 00
Alaska	3 75	1 50	2 80
Homestake .	4 00	2 62	1 38
Comstock ..	43 86	35 71	8 15

The proportion of values consumed in production then would be: Comstock, 80 per cent; Homestake, 65 per cent; Alaska, 40 per cent; Sultana, 10 per cent.

Even at $4 per ton, the Sultana would consume only 20 per cent. The Homestake and Alaska-Treadwell may be cheaper now, but even at $1 for their ore the Lake of the Woods district would have the advantage from 20 to 40 per cent. JOHN L. MORRISON.

SUBAQUEOUS MINING AND DRILLING.

Not the least interesting feature of the local mining in this district is the locating by means of diamond borings of an immense lode of gold quartz lying under thirty or forty feet of water in Bald Indian bay near Rat Portage. This lode is a continuation of the celebrated Sultana lode, now being worked so successfully at the Sultana mine on the shore of the bay. The lode is very rich in gold and is of the interbedded character and is of a width of from twenty-four to thirty-six feet.

Boring operations were carried on the whole of the past winter, the machinery and plant, as wel las the camp, being set up on the ice 150 feet away from the shore. The boring was carried on from the ice and the lode located accurately for a distance of more than a mile. The eight bores wer put down varying in depth from 150 to 350 feet.

Burly Smith, who discovered formed in Ottawa to operate on separate portions of the run of the lode, two on islands on the bay, and one, the largest, on that part of the lode lying wholly under water.

Three distinct companies have been this lode and who has carried out the boring so successfully, is now preparing plans for the caissons to be sunk in the lake where the main working shaft is to be put down. Work is to be begun immediately and it is expected that the shaft will be completed down to the lode is about three months from date. Meantime all the plant and machinery required are on the way and the owners expect to have the mine in full work within six months.

Burley Smith is an English mining engineer of some thirty years' experience in mining of all kinds in all parts of the world. He has made a special study of this method of locating lodes or veins whether of gold or other minerals, and by his systematic methods has been very successful in discovering and establishing the positions of deposits which would in all probability otherwise have remained an unknown quantity for years to come.

Notwithstanding the considerable opposition he met with from more orthodox and conservative gold mining engineers in the Dominion of Canada, he steadily persevered in advocating the use of the diamond drill in testing auriferous quartz veins by systematic series of borings and has undertaken many risky contracts for work of this kind, proving beyond a doubt that there is no other known method of locating or testing the width, depth, continuity and value of any kind of gold quartz lodes which can compare with that of diamond boring tests either in economy of time and cost or efficiency.

Whether the lode be hidden away under the folds of igneous trap rocks, or in the lenticulated masses of interbedded veins, or at the bottom of a river or lake, or the deep sea, Burley Smith is prepared to find it, measure its cubical contents, and lay down the results on a chart, so that at any time a shaft may be sunk with absolute certainty of being in the right place, in the best position for mining the ore and with the dead certainty of striking the lode at the depth estimated. Today he is in receipt of applications from all parts of America asking him to bring his plant and find mineral deposits under rivers and lakes, and even the ocean.

Not only does Mr. Smith claim to be able to calculate from the profiles or cross-sections, the quantity approximately, of the ore available, but the value of the deposit and thus in a great measure remove the element of risk in mining.

Not only is he able to show that a lode is a profitable investment, but also to save the mining adventurer from following the Jack-o'-Lantern of lodes which could never under any conditions pay to work, where often so many companies have been led to the swamp of ruin—from the "another fifty feet down," "another fifty feet of cross cut," and the lode will be sure to widen or grow richer," and so on.

Not only does the diamond drill show you if you have a good mine, but also if you have a bad one. Burley Smith always makes it a rule to examine the surface of a property before undertaking any contract for boring, and will not on any account or at any price carry out his system diamond boring on a doubtful property, and he has observed that the owners having questionable properties to sell never ask him to locate their lodes for them. At the Yum-Yum gold mine, on Shoal lake, Mr. Smith has stripped and uncovered three fine lodes for a distance of 1000 feet or more and is now going to test these in depth by diamond drill borings.

When asked his opinion on the general outlook of the gold prospects in this district Mr. Smith replied, "Everybody can see the gold on the surface in abundance and I know from borings actually put down to a depth of 400 feet that it continues in depth and is just as good below as on the surface."

THE BULLION MINING CO.

The Bullion Mining company, of Ontario, limited, is a strong Rat Portage institution incorporated under the laws of Ontario, with an authorized capital stock of $300,000, divided into 300,000 shares of $1 each. The officers of the company are:

President, George Barnes, ex-mayor of Rat Portage; vice president, D. C. Cameron, president Rat Portage Lumber company; manager, Robert Rogers. The directors are: Angus Carmichael, general merchant; C. W. Chadwick, insurance agent; Hugh Armstrong, manager Northern Fish company; A. J. Parsons, postmaster, all of Rat Portage; A. McDonald, wholesale grocer, Winnipeg; W. Hamilton Merritt, M. E., of Toronto, and Lionel H. Shirley, C.E. M. E., Montreal, are the consulting engineers. F. W. Burnett, of Rat Portage holds the position of mining engineer, and John H. Chaloner ably fills the office of secretary. H. Langford, crown attorney, is solicitor, and the bankers are the Imperial Bank of Canada.

The Bullion Mining company, of Ontario, was incorporated in July, 1896, for the purpose of acquiring, developing, selling and working gold-bearing properties, and more especially in the Lake of the Woods and Rainy River districts. It is organized by the leading business men of Rat Portage, all thoroughly acquainted with these districts, and who have followed the development of their mining resources year by year, and knowing all the prospectors personally, they have a wide range of properties to choose from and the opportunity of buying them at exceptionally low prices. Since the company has been in operation several very valuable gold-bearing properties have been acquired and options have been taken over several others. These may be divided into five groups, namely: The Monarch, Northern Light, Master Jack, French Portage and Camp Bay.

The Monarch group is on the eastern side of Shoal lake, twenty-three miles from Rat Portage. It embraces lot S 105, 40 acres; lot S 106, 80 acres; lot S 107, 40 acres; lot S 108, 40 acres. These properties adjoin the Mikado mine, which today could not be purchased for $250,000, and the Cornucopia, which sold for $100,000. Several thousand dollars have

been spent in development work, and on lot S 106 a 50-foot shaft ends in ore that has average assays of $14.50 per ton.

The Northern Light group comprises lot D 262. 55 acres, on Long lake, about ten miles from Rat Portage. The vein has been traced 600 feet. A shaft exposes a body of quartz seven feet wide, but as the hanging wall has not been found, the width must be much wider.

The Master Jack group, with a total of 143 acres, has been sold to the Rat Portage Gold Mining company to excellent advantage, and development will be extensively prosecuted. Several hundred feet of shafting and drifting have been completed. The vein has widened from four to seven feet and the assay value has increased with the depth.

The French Portage group is about twenty-eight miles from Rat Portage at the head of Lake Inlet, Lake of the Woods, and comprises locations Mack 26, 27, 28 and 29, a total of 181 acres. A vein eight feet wide crosses all these locations, with assay results from $6.50 to $11. The Bullion company has acquired a half interest and other lots on the same vein have been acquired.

The Camp Bay group is situated at the head of Whitefish bay, on the peninsula between Camp bay and Grassy bay, about forty-six miles from Rat Portage. They are in the vicinity of the Mascotte and Trojan properties and have a large vein. Just recently an application of the Bullion company was allowed by the department for 1000 acres, and other valuable properties will soon be added.

The stock of the Bullion Mining company is non-assessable and is now worth 60 cents per share. Only 50,000 shares are now offered, and after that issue is sold it is not likely any more will be offered.

The proper officers of the company will promptly and cheerfully attend to either written applications of those desiring stock or wishing to buy or sell mining properties. The head offices of the company are in the Hilliard House block, Rat Portage. Stock also is for sale by Arthur Ross, stock broker, Montreal, Quebec.

THE SCRAMBLE MINE.

The man who visits Rat Portage and fails to see the "Scramble" mine misses much. This famous and interesting property comprises 160 acres and is situated five miles east of Rat Portage and about half a mile north of the C. P. R. It is reached by a good government road.

There are eight finely mineralized and, with one exception, well-defined veins. Visible gold abounds and all of the rock will pan gold. Vein No. 1, or the "Scramble" vein, which has made the property famous, is from twenty-five to thirty-five feet wide, and runs diagonally through the property for over 3500 feet. It is composed of quartz and chloretee slate, well mineralized with fine pyrites of iron and copper. It develops into a purer quartz of a dark blue color with narrow bands of light gray as depth is reached. Gold is so thoroughly disseminated through the ore in the vein that an ounce of rock taken at any point from wall to wall, at any point in shaft or crosscut, will 95 times in 100, show gold by panning.

The formation in which the vein lies is green hornblende schist, with the Laurentian rock so close to the southeast that the vein is in the contact. The other veins are very rich and interesting.

Five assays made by R. A. Williams gave an average of $16.60 per ton. The second assays were made by Ricketts & Banks, of New York. They were seven in number and averaged $17.17 per ton. The third test was from two and a half tons common grade ore tested by Ricketts & Banks at the reduction works at Waverly, N. J. Great care was taken to select only the poorest grade rock for the test, and the result was $12.60 per ton. Assays from high grade ore gave averages of $102.40, $102.76, $188.81, $83.60, $126.71. From thirteen assays and mill tests of low grade ore the average was $16.60. From nine tests of high grade ore the average was $146.45. The average of the twenty-two tests was $64.60.

This remarkable property is owned by the Scramble Mining company, of Ontario, limited, with a capital of $1,000,000, consisting of 1,000,000 shares of non-assessable stock of $1 each. The officers comprise the following well-known men:

President and general manager, L. W. Partridge, director chamber of commerce, Detroit, Mich.

Vice president, John Coates, M. I. C. E., president Ottawa Gas company, Ottawa, Ont.

Secretary, H. H. Beck, Winnipeg, Man.

Resident manager, S. V. Halstead, mining agent, Rat Portage, Ont.

In addition to the above named the board of directors comprises R. H. Agur, Winnipeg; Col. J. D. Crawford, Montreal, Que.; E. D. Williamson, Detroit, Mich.

The head office is in Rat Portage, Ont. Branches are maintained as follows: Agur & Beck, Winnipeg; Col. J. D. Crawford, 78 Temple building, Montreal; L. W. Partridge, Majestic building, Detroit, Mich.; R. H. Temple, 9 Toronto street, Toronto, Ont.

The company now has up several splendid buildings and a shaft house. The company's plan is to open up a large body of ore by shafts and drifts and crosscuts. Mining is now going on actively and scientifically. A milling plant will be put in when development is sufficiently advanced to keep one with a capacity of 100 tons a day steadily running.

At the bottom of shaft No. 1 ore recently was struck that undoubtedly will assay $200 to the ton. No. 2 shaft is down thirty feet and growing constantly richer. Twenty-four men are engaged at present and new camp quarters have just been completed.

Originally 4000 or 5000 shares of stock were placed in the treasury. Some time ago 60,000 shares were offered at 40 cents in blocks of not less than 250 shares. All that has been sold and all now offered will be preferred stock, 6 per cent dividend basis. The holders of the capital stock waive the right to participate in dividends on 287,000 shares of the issued stock until the purchasers of treasury stock at the present price of 40 cents a share receive 15 per cent on their investment.

This is a wonderful property, and under the able and conservative management of those now in charge, is bound to be a highly profitable one. One writer, in describing, says: "This main vein of the 'Scramble' is the backbone of the district, having already been traced eight miles, from the Lake of the Woods to Black Sturgeon lake."

THE CORONADO GOLD MINING COMPANY.

The Coronado Gold Mining company not only is strictly composed of Rat Portage men, but it is a glittering financial success. The syndicate was formed in May, 1894, comprising Messrs. J. M. Savage, J. W. Colcleugh, George Girard and George Drewry. Ever since from one to five prospectors have been in the field, which abundantly warrants the claim and belief that this company today holds more first class claims under absolute title in the Lake of the Woods, Manitou and Seine River districts than any other company operating in those districts. At the time the Coronado company was organized and had the most prospectors and explorers out, very few others were looking for mineral. Very naturally, therefore, the cream of the country, and that alone, was secured.

It was under the auspices and in the interest of this company that the first explorations were made in Camp bay, where the extremely rich and famous La Mascotte mine is situated. This property belongs to the Colcleugh Mining company, but the Coronado company owns adjoining properties, as well as a number of promising claims in that vicinity. A partially developed property in the Manitou belt recently was sold to a strong English company, which will work it on a large scale. George Girard, the discoverer of La Mascotte mine, insists that big things will be heard from this property.

The officers of the Coronado Gold Mining company are: President, J. M. Savage; secretary-terasurer, J. W. Colcleugh; vice president, George Drewry; superintendent development and exploration work, George Girard.

The company has no stock for sale, and already is a dividend payer.

THE QUEEN'S HOTEL.

A well-rounded, smiling, genial, accommodating landlord is the best recommendation that a hotel can have. The Queen's hotel, of Rat Portage, has just such a landlord in the person of W. G. Cameron. Anyone who knows him needs no further information or guarantee as to the house he keeps. But as there are a few people, especially in the states who have not heard his name or fame, a few words here will not be out of place.

To start with, Mr. Cameron has the distinction of being a son-in-law of Uncle Jake Henesy, the pioneer prospector and mining man of the Lake of the Woods district. Another personal attraction is Harry Herrick, formerly of Duluth, who has charge of the Queen's bar, and who has no superior as a mixologist and a judge of liquors and beverages, the most likely to suit the tastes of the public.

The Queen's hotel maintains a free bus to and from all trains and steamboats, and transfers all baggage free of cost to guests of the house. The building has forty comfortable rooms, electric lights, a central location and a table and service unequaled for the money. The rates range from $1 to $2 a day, according to the accomodations desired.

W. R. MONTGOMERY'S PROPERTIES.

Despite his busy work in the cattle business, W. R. Montgomery has found time to give a little attention to mining matters. As a result, he has a number of exceptionally good properties which are open to buyers. One of the best of the lot is the Martin Woodward property, situated on Witch bay, near the valuable holdings of the Ontario Western Development company; also near the Black Jack and W. McCarthy's properties. Location MCK 58 D 540, comprises eighty acres. Two veins join and continue as one, with a solid mass of quartz, showing free gold. Assays have given results ranging all the way from $1.67 to $102. The vein is clear and distinct, and measures twelve feet in width. The deeper you go into the ore the better it gets. Mr. Montgomery proposes to test this splendid property very soon. He has full confidence that it will stand all tests and prove to be something far above the average. It is ally twenty miles from Rat Portage to the property, and the distance can be very quickly and easily covered by boat.

Three properties that adjoin the one described above show continuation of the same remarkable vein, with a width from 7 to 8 feet wide.

On the southwest side of Shoal lake, in a first class locality, Mr. Montgomery has another property of forty acres that shows up well. He also has another in the Seine River country, concerning which he will be pleased to furnish particulars to anyone interested enough to make inquiry.

R. T. JOHNSON O. L. S.

R. T. Johnson, Ontario land surveyor, only surveys mining claims and makes reports on them, but he makes a specialty of blue print maps of the Manitou district, the Minnietake district, which is a continuation of the Manitou belt, north and east of the Canadian Pacific railroad track, the Sawbill Lake district and the Shebandowan Lake district. These maps are kept fully up to date and will be mailed postpaid to any address for $1 each.

Mr. Johnson, while he has not resided in Rat Portage as long as some of his fellow members in the profession, has attained a splendid reputation and patronage as he is a thorough surveyor. He served his apprenticeship and then took a theoretical course in the Toronto school of practical sciences. His practical experience has been in the nickel and gold districts around Sudbury and in the newer districts of Western Ontario, particularly the Manitou and Lake of the Woods districts.

ROBINS & BURDEN MINING BROKERS.

Robins & Burden, mining and real estate brokers, together with insurance and loans, have one office in Rat Portage and another at No. 38 Victoria street, Toronto. The firm, thanks to broad experience, is a hustling one and will play an important part in the development of the gold fields of Western Ontario. They own and represent a large list of mining locations which are on the market at reasonable prices. Reliable reports from competent engineers and experts can be furnished and any one really wishing to do business can be accommodated.

Within a few short weeks Messrs. Robins & Burden will have on the market the townsite of Ingolf, thirty miles west of Rat Portage, on the Canadian Pacific railroad. This place is the natural entrance to the Hawk and Shoal Lake districts and is bound to attain much importance. This firm also has recently acquired the exclusive agency of 500 first class residence lots in Rat Portage which are offered at $50 and upwards each.

A DIAMOND DRILL COMPANY

The Rat Portage Diamond Drill company has a new drill of latest improved pattern and is prepared to test mineral veins, bore artesian wells, etc. A complete sample is removed, thereby showing the various strata passed through. When required a complete plan of the work will be furnished. Correspondence is solicited and the Imperial Bank of Canada is offered as a reference.

H. W. Kennedy, one of the most responsible men in Ontario, is business manager and F. E. Smith, mechanical engineer, is superintendent. Mr. Smith has had eighteen years experience and probably has bored as many miles into the earth as any man in Ontario. He has had experience in Michigan, the phosphate district in Ottawa and for the past two years the Lake of the Woods district. He has had flattering success with this class of work and probably cannot be excelled in it.

A PIONEER BUSINESS MAN.

W. A. McLeod, exclusive dealer in boots, shoes, mitts, gloves and rubber goods has been a Rat Portage merchant for fifteen years. He makes a specialty of miners' and prospectors' shoe packs and boots and has a trade that taxes his utmost capacity. He also is exclusive agent in the district for George T. Slater & Sons, boots and shoes.

Mr. McLeod is a director in the Rat Portage Electric Light company, a member of the local board of trade, as well as a member of the town council. At present he is treasurer of the Independent Order of Foresters and financial secretary of the Sons of Scotland. He is a loyal, enterprising citizen and has the confidence of all.

Like every up-to-date resident of the metropolis of the gold fields, Mr. McLeod has several good mining locations which are in the market. They are located in the Shoal Lake, Witch Bay and Storm Bay regions.

A PUBLIC SPIRITED CITIZEN.

One of the most liberal and public-spirited men in Rat Portage is W. McCarthy. He came to the metropolis of the gold fields eighteen years ago and has the distinction of erecting the second house in the place. He has extensively followed the business of contractor and by his industry and honorable dealings accumulated a goodly bit of this world's goods. He has a comfortable and handsome home on a picturesque island as well as some valuable lands and blocks in town.

Mr. McCarthy, of course, has, with his business foresight, secured some valuable mining properties which are open to purchase. Four of these are near the famous Sultana property and six others are on Bottle bay, opposite the well known Gold Hill property. One of these has a 50-foot shaft sinking and has assays showing over $200 a ton. Six more are in the phenomenally rich Shoal Lake country and still four others are on Black Sturgeon near the Scramble mine.

A SELF MADE MAN.

A. Carmichael was raised on a farm in Eastern Ontario, but his business life has been largely spent in the general merchandise business. For thirteen years he has resided in Rat Portage, with the result that he is a prominent figure in all the affairs of the town. He has made his own way in the world and today owns a large and profitable general merchandise trade, is one of the principal owners of the electric light plant, the agent of the New York Life Insurance company, as well as the possessor of various other interests. His chief public position is that of major of the Ninety-sixth Algoma Rifles.

Of late Mr. Carmichael has become a heavy owner of mining properties. As a result, anyone desiring to purchase an established business and a large stock of general merchandise may find it to his advantage to open communication with him. Mr. Carmichael now has about twenty-five choice mining properties. Some of these he has placed on the market and others he will develop himself.

A PROMINENT LEGAL FIRM.

Prominent in Rat Portage legal circles is the law firm of Boyce & Beairsto. In 1885 Arthur C. Boyce was articled in the office of Frank Kiefer, a prominent barrister at Port Arthur. After serving five years, in 1890 Mr. Boyce was called to the bar. In 1893 he came to Rat Portage, where he has attained a successful practice in both civil and criminal business that allows him no idle moments.

In 1896 a partnership was formed with William Beairsto, a gentleman of flattering attainments who formerly was a member of the firm of Munson & Allan in Winnipeg, and also for a time was connected with the office of the C. P. R. solicitor.

Messrs. Boyce & Beairsto are solicitors for the Bank of Ottawa, the Canadian Permanent Loan and Savings company and a number of very strong Canadian and English mining companies. They are as prominent in social and public life as in the business world, and are doing valiant service in bringing Rat Portage up to the position it is destined to occupy.

CAMPBELL BROS. PROPERTIES.

One of the best known and best patronized groceries in Rat Portage is the Maple Leaf," owned and conducted by Campbell Bros. The active member of the firm is F. A. Campbell, who also has charge of a long list of mining properties.

The mining interests of this hustling firm are chiefly in the Manitou country. Of these, G 44, comprising 42 acres, is located on Three Hundred lake. It is a very promising property and is near the government road running between Upper and Lower Manitou lakes. It also is near Olson's stopping place.

Cornering on the Neepewa on the same line of veins are locations H W 28, H W 68 and H W 69. Good pannings have been made from this lot and their owners have every confidence in them.

Locations H W 31 and H W 35 are situated between the Little Manitou and Manitou stretch. Here development work will be commenced as soon as ice and weather permit.

Campbell Bros. carry a complete line of the best groceries and supplies and make a specialty of supplying both mines and prospectors as well as summer campers and cottagers. The store is conveniently and prominently located at the southeast corner of Main and Second streets, directly opposite the Hilliard and Russell houses.

LANGFORD & COOPER, BARRISTERS.

Henry Langford and D. H. Cooper, or the firm name of Langford & Cooper, barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc., stand in the front rank of their profession in Rat Portage. Mr. Langford is one of the oldest practitioners in the place. He is a graduate of Victoria university, Toronto, and bears the honor of being district crown attorney and clerk of the peace. Mr. Cooper, before locating here, attained a flattering eminence at the Manitoba bar. Messrs. Langford & Cooper are solicitors for the Imperial bank and a number of prominent mining companies. All branches of business in the legal profession are given attention and those needing legal services in mining matters of any kind will find this firm able, successful and satisfactory.

THOS. DEACON, C. E., O. L. S.

After a prospector locates a vein of precious gold-bearing quartz he needs the services of a land surveyor, and Rat Portage has a number who belong to that profession. Chief among them is Thomas R. Deacon, C. E., O. L. S.

Mr. Deacon is a graduate of the School of Practical Science of Toronto, and has been engaged in general engineering and surveying for ten years. Five years ago he came to Rat Portage and since then has probably done more work on mining locations, timber limits and township divisions than any other man in Ontario. He has been in every part of the district and is universally well posted on the general lay of things. Not only has he seen the longest and most extensive service of any one in his profession in the district, but he bears an unquestionable and highly flattering reputation for conscientiousness and reliability. As a result he has a prosperous business, a staff of five assistants being necessary at the present time.

Mr. Deacon is town engineer of Rat Portage, engineer for the Lakeside Mining company, vice president of the Rainy River Mining company, a member of the local board of trade and a director of the Rat Portage mining exchange. He has implicit faith in the district, has invested extensively and possesses a number of first-class properties. Any information within his power will be furnished free of charge to any who may inquire of him.

RICE BROS. & RANDALL.

Those desiring high-class gold mining properties in either the Lake of the Woods, Seine River or Manitou districts will do well to communicate with J. E. & D. H. Rice and W. F. Randall. They are the lucky possessors of seven properties in the matchless Shoal Lake country. Location S 147, the Emerald Isle, has a quartz rich in free gold, with numerous pockets especially rich. A shaft 8 by 8 feet is down thirty feet, and at that depth the vein has increased to eight feet in width from twenty-two inches at the top.

Locations S 161 and S 163, with a combined area of 140 acres, have a vein eight feet wide. One vein is solid quartz eight feet wide that assays $17 per ton. Three test pits are also down seventeen feet each. Locations S 148, S 149, S 166 and S 181 also belong to Messrs. Rice and Randall. This group is near the Mikado, Cornucopia and Yum Yum mines, properties which are not for sale, have no stock for sale and valued at immense sums.

Over in the Seine River country they have H P 87 on the Bad Vermilion lake. Then come 253 K, 254 K, 681 H P, 889 H P, all of which have been prospected. These properties were all located by A-No. 1 prospectors and are first class.

In the Manitou district on Mud lake, H P 376 and S 28-29. These last are among the best properties in the district. On H P 376 two shafts are down twenty-five feet each, with rich showings.

Messrs. Rice & Randall hold their properties at prices ranging all the way from $3000 to $25,000. Correspondence and personal inspection are invited.

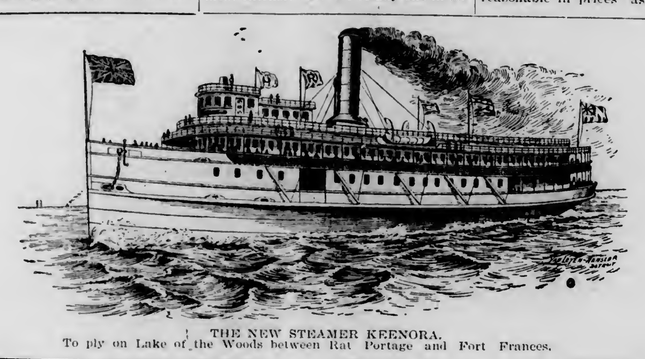
RAT PORTAGE LUMBER CO.

The Rat Portage Lumber company, Ltd., organized under its present name in 1893, but it really is the successor of six companies, dating back in time of organization to 1882 and 1883. Business is done under a charter from the Ontario government, with a capital stock of $500,000, and officers as follows: President, D. C. Cameron; secretary and treasurer, William Robertson; directors, John A. McRae, of Niagara Falls; William R. Dick, of Winnipeg; H. W. Kennedy, J. M. Savage and Walter Ross, of Rat Portage.

At the present time the company is concentrating its business and operating three mills, with a capacity of 25,000,000 feet each per season. A stock of close to 60,000,000 feet is carried, extensive manufacturing of sashes, doors, box shooks, etc., carried on.

From 400 to 600 men are employed, according to the season and condition of trade. Half a dozen tugs are kept in service in season, and logging operations extensively carried on during the winter season. Considerable timber is cut each year in Minnesota, but the major part, of course, is obtained in Ontario.

The company's principal trade is in Manitoba, but thanks to the large amount of building, mine development and other improvements now going on, the local trade is increasing to a most pleasing extent. A yard has been established at Wabigoon, and it is expected that a good market will be found from this on in the Seine River country.



THE NEW STEAMER KEENORA.
To ply on Lake of the Woods between Rat Portage and Fort Frances.

R. H. AHN & CO., MINING BROKERS.

One of the most progressive and broad-gauged firms in Rat Portage is that of R. H. Ahn & Co. In connection with a general mining brokerage, a specialty is made of taking up properties and introducing capital in large amounts from the outside and foreign countries.

This firm now owns the Rat Portage reduction works. This enterprise was established some years ago by Powers & Lind, who secured a bonus of $10,000, expended $40,000 on a shell with experimental machinery, and then quietly went to where the woodbine twineth. Charles Brent next tried his hand, spending $10,000, but accomplishing nothing, as the result of machinery and processes that were failures. The plant then remained dormant until R. H. Ahn & Co., with English capital, took possession and introduced practical methods and machinery. Twenty stamps are now available for use, with a capacity of forty-five tons of ore a day. Whenever business demands it, the number of stamps will be increased, and chlorination works and the cyanide process introduced.

The value of properties can be established by the treatment of large amounts of ore at these works. The reputation and genuineness of this district was established at these works by two runs made by the Mikado mine last year. Five ounces per ton were secured from 125 tons of ore, and the second run gave four ounces per ton from 240 tons.

Messrs. R. H. Ahn & Co. in addition to their own interests, represent several of the strongest and best known English companies. They recently disposed of seventy-five properties, and are acquiring and developing properties continually. They are well posted, enterprising, honorable in all dealings, reasonable in prices asked, and will gladly supply all information in their power to any who desire it enough to ask for it.

F. E. BURRITT, ASSAYER.

A booming mining camp without its numerous assayers and mining experts would be worse than the play of "Hamlet" with Hamlet left out. Rat Portage is fortunate in having several members of these professions who stand high in ability and the confidence of those needing services in that line. Prominent among the number is F. E. Burritt, who makes a specialty of assaying and examining and reporting properties. Mr. Burritt is a young man and a son of Canada, but he has had a wide and valuable professional experience in the United States, particularly in Colorado. He also has had practical experience in British Columbia, and for a year past has done creditable work in Rat Portage and tributary localities. Mr. Burritt is engineer for the Bullion Mining company, and also holds the agency for the Canadian Rand drill. His office is directly opposite the post-office, and any who may call will be cordially received.

SHAW'S NEW HOTEL.

Shaw's hotel, a new house just opened for business, is a needed and welcome addition to the hotel accomodations of Rat Portage. The owner and builder is W. A. Shaw, an experienced man in the business.

The new structure is located on Chipman and Fourth streets, one block from the depot, and an equal distance from the water front of the picturesque Lake of the Woods. The building is 90 by 78 feet in area, and pleasantly faces the westward. It is three stories high, contains fifty large, comfortable rooms and will easily accommodate 100 guests. The walls are of brick, and furnace heat and electric lights are pleasant features.

The front faces the west. On the right is a broad hallway, with stairs leading to the ladies' parlor on the second floor. Next to that, entered by a wide and commodious door, is a roomy office. To the left, in a conveniently arranged room, is the bar, which will possess the best beverages known to thirsty wayfarers, and which will be in charge of only the most expert mixologists. Back of the office is a hallway leading to the toilet rooms, with a door leading to a dining room, 26 by 48 feet. Back of that is located a kitchen, modern and convenient in all its equipments.

The rooms will possess "steel" ceilings, and the walls will be hard finished in white. The wainscotings are of pine, with natural finish. The furniture and furnishings are all new and of the best. Rates will range from $1 to $2 a day, according to accommodations, and great pains will be taken to give a service and accommodations that will make every guest feel more than satisfied.

A SUCCESSFUL YOUNG MAN.

One of the young men in Rat Portage who has made a success in mining properties is Thomas Walsh. When all others refused to take any stock in the Gold Coin property, he secured it for a song almost. He and his associates, Messrs. McVeigh and Gagne, recently sold that rich property to C. E. Markell, of Duluth, for a large sum. Development was carried on all winter and 80 feet of sinking has been done. The lowest assay is $4.50 per ton, while the majority run over $100.

Walsh is interested in the Trojan mine on Camp bay with Messrs. Sterling and Wright. This valuable property adjoins the Mascotte. One shaft is down 50 feet, and another on vein No. 2 is down 40 feet. This vein is nearly eight feet wide at that depth and has an assay average of $18. Some of the veins on this property assay as high as $130 and $140 in gold per ton. Mr. Walsh and his associates own seven other locations in this locality. Camp bay properties have a contact of granite and trap and the locality is one of the most promising in the Lake of the Woods district. The Trojan, by the way, is a continuation of the Mascotte vein and the 128 acres in the property bear five or six other large and strong veins.

Mr. Walsh and associates have locations ranging in price all the way from $2000 to $50,000 each and correspondence is invited from those who desire either information or to purchase first-class properties.

A STRONG PARTNERSHIP.

Richard Hall and Edwin Seager are two old residents of Rat Portage who recently have formed a partnership. Mr. Seager will represent the firm in all work connecting with land surveying, locating and examining mining properties, making sketches, plans, etc. Mr. Hall is an expert mechanical engineer and invites opportunities to effect contracts for putting in mills and mining machinery. He also has several good mining properties which can be purchased at reasonable figures. One is near the famous Regina mine and others are on Camp bay and the rich Shoal lake district. Estimates will gladly be furnished and all inquiries cheerfully and promptly answered.

POSSESS VALUABLE MINES.

J. W. Humble, a prominent citizen and business man of Rat Portage, has not failed to secure title to some excellent mining properties for which he will entertain propositions to purchase or develop. One of these is located in D 223, which adjoins the famous Mikado mine. Then, on Breakneck lake, adjoining the favorably-known Sweden mines are five locations. Test pits have brought about favorable showings and development work will be continued. A. Woods, chief of police for Rat Portage, has an interest in this group of properties.

Location W 2, on Whitefish bay, near the Regina is owned by Mr. Humble, as also are several valuable properties on Storm bay. He also has an interest in a very promising group in the Seine River country. Some choice town property has also been placed on the market by Mr. Humble and associates at very reasonable prices. Inquiries, either as to mining properties or real estate will be given prompt and faithful attention.

RAT PORTAGE HARDWARE COMPANY.

The Rat Portage Hardware company, limited, began business in Rat Portage more than a dozen years ago. Today, one of the largest and most complete stocks west of the large cities of Eastern Canada is carried at prices most reasonable. A general hardware business is conducted and a specialty made of mining and steamboat supplies. Figures on mining outfits will gladly be furnished. The business occupies a large, solidly constructed and handsome brick block of two stories, and is personally conducted by C. E. Neads, secretary-treasurer and manager of the company. Mr. Neads not only has the full confidence of the business public, but he is a member of the board of trade as well as a member of the executive council of that body. He holds a membership in the mining exchange and also renders valuable public service as a member of the town council. Mr. Neads is above all, a liberal, progressive gentleman and any stranger or newcomer in Rat Portage may feel assured that he will be splendidly treated by him.

M. W. HOPKINS, B. A. S. C., O. L. S., A. M. C. S. C. E.

M. W. Hopkins, B. A. S. C., O. L. S., A. M. C. S. C. E., since his residence in Rat Portage has devoted himself chiefly to land surveying, but now is opening up an assay office and will make a specalty of examining and reporting on mines. Mr. Hopkins is an honor graduate of McGill university, Montreal. He took a post-graduate course in chemistry and, during his regular four years' course, for two years under Sir William Dawson, stood first in chemistry and mining. He has seen important practical service in Montreal and Hamilton and for ten years has had charge of much structural work on railways and in mines. He was sent to Rat Portage to report on an important mining proposition, and finding so much to be done in his line, remained permanently. His surveying work in the district has given him an excellent chance to become familiar with geological formations and mining locations, and his past connections with Eastern capitalists in former enterprises undoubtedly will aid him in holding a front rank in this new field.

A STRONG YOUNG COMPANY.

The Ontario Prospectors' Mining and Development company, limited, is one of the latest Rat Portage enterprises to secure a charter. The directors are: Thomas R. Ferguson, Dr. W. J. Chapman, James E. Wickham, William Somerville, Andrew Robinson and Neil Campbell, all local men, and E. B. Trubez, of Chicago. This is a development company and has all the powers that can be given to any mining company.

One of the principal properties is the "Stella," twenty-three miles southeast of Rat Portage, three miles southeast of Andrew bay and on the same line of contact as the Sultana, Ophir and Pine Portage mines. It comprises forty acres with six veins ranging from two and a half feet to four feet in width. These run through a mountain 130 feet high, and the principal one can be traced for over two miles. The solid quartz carries fine gold and their assays of surface ore average $171 a ton.

Adjoining the Stella is the "Contact" mine, comprising 113 acres. One vein is half a mile long and from sixteen to twenty feet wide. The company owns the vein for a mile, but it extends over two miles. The vein assays from $4 to $14 a ton. A second vein has been uncovered sufficiently to show solid quartz three feet wide, plentifully impregnated with free gold. A shaft is down twenty-two feet on the big vein in one place and ten feet in another. A good deal of stripping also has been done on the other veins.

One pleasing and important feature of this company is that it has bought and paid for these properties in full. They are not under bond or option, and no stock will be offered for sale until they have unquestionably been proven. The directors have put up the money instead of making the public do it through purchases of stock.

Neil Campbell, a practical miner of many years' standing, has charge and control of other properties in addition to these.

JOSEPH A. HERMAN.

Joseph A. Herman, in 1887, was a resident of Duluth and had charge of the heavy rock work on Third street under Wolfe & King. Today he is among the most prominent of the young men engaged in mining in the Lake of the Woods district. Four years ago he began prospecting and kept at it for six months. Next he spent a year contracting on development work. He timbered the shaft, sank crosscuts, drifts, etc., on the "Black Jack" property and put down two 50-foot shafts on the Breakneck mine at Rossland. Experience as a mining broker was followed by development work on the famous "Scramble" mine, and then the organization of a company. Next he organized a company of Winnipeg capitalists and stocked the Sweden mine. For the past five months he has been manager of the company. This property comprises 180 acres, and a shaft is down ninety-six feet in a mixture of quartz and talc that averages $16 a ton. It is calculated that this ore can be mined and milled for $3.50 a ton.

Mr. Herman still holds several well-developed claims. He has a part of lots 12 and 13, concession 8, township of Jaffray, comprising eighty acres, with three well-defined veins from twelve to twenty feet wide and assaying from $18 to $25 a ton. On Summit lake, in the Manitou country, Mr. Herman has G 16, 17, 18, 21 and 22. Adjoining properties under development are showing up splendidly.

The Mandarion Gold Mining company, composed of Toronto capitalists and Mr. Herman, has taken lot 11, concession 7, Jaffray township. This property has 235 acres with three well-defined veins, being the same that run through lots 12 and 13, concession 8. Development work will be commenced at once under Mr. Herman's management.

THE HILLIARD HOUSE.

The Hilliard house keeps right at the head of the procession when it comes to the hotel business in Rat Portage. Location, size and conveniences have much to do with that, but Louis Hilliard, the proprietor, is a hustler from Hustlerville, and that makes all the difference in the world again. The house is a huge brick structure, heated by steam, lighted by electricity, comfortably furnished, and rates range from $2 to $3 a day. A free 'bus makes all trains and boats. Steam launches, boats and livery in connection. The structure has recently been materially enlarged, and an immense number of guests can now be accommodated.

In company with Mr. Gilkinson, Mr. Hilliard has just completed a handsome and commodious opera house on Second street that equals anything west of Toronto. A snug little hotel with select accommodations will occupy the front part of that most creditable structure.

THE STEAMER KEENORA.

The steamer Keenora will soon be afloat on the Lake of the Woods on the route between Rat Portage and Fort Francis. She will care for the C. P. R. trade and surpass anything afloat on these waters. The craft has a steel hull, is 26 feet long, 3 feet beam over all, 25 feet on water line, compound engines, twin screws, electric lights and a speed of sixteen miles an hour. The cabin furnishings will be equal to those of the C. P. R. boats, and the total cost will be $60,000.

The Keenora was built by Graham & Horne, of Fort William, and Walter Ross, of Rat Portage, Ont. The Duluth agents are: T. H. Larke, Booth Packing company and H. Hurdon, of the Beatty line of steamers.

A BASEBALL DICKER.

St. Louis, May 28.—Just before the Browns started for New York it was announced that thirty-six players were to be traded or purchased and that the deal would strengthen the team. The names of these players were not made public, and it was generally supposed that the New York Giants would furnish the men. It turns out that the Quaker club was the source of the proposed supply of new material. The proposed swap of players between the St. Louis and Philadelphia club hangs fire. While both Van der Ahe and Stallings are investigating to see that the stock the other offers is sound of limb and free of blemish, the contemplated trade of Hallman, Harley and Grady for Dowd will probably not go though, as Stallings declines to pay the price for the Browns' captain.

MELTON WILL LECTURE.

Little Rock, Ark., May 28.—The Gazette today printed a letter from Lafayette, Ark., which says that Ona Melton, the newspaper correspondent who was captured with the Competitor crew by Spanish officers and held in prison at Havana for a long time, has been released. He has reached his home in Madison county near Huntsville, Ark., where he was born and raised. He is said to be arranging his plans to go on a lecturing tour after spending a short time at his old home.

WILL THIS DO?

Only one fare for the round trip to Detroit, Mich., via "The Northwestern Line," (Omaha railway). Tickets on sale June 5 to 7. If you are going down that way, better drop in and see us at No. 405 West Superior street.

GRAND MACCABEE EXCURSION.

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

Via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, round trip $4.30, June 1 and 2, account Northwestern anniversary and state convention.

A special decorated train will leave Duluth and West Superior at 9 a. m., Tuesday, June 1; other trains, 1:55 p. m. and 11:15 p. m. It is desired that as many members and friends who are going take this special train, which will reach St. Paul at 2:30 p. m., in time to meet other delegations, when all will proceed to the Metropolitan hotel, where reduced rates have been secured. Later, street cars will be taken for Lake Harriet in time for evening festivities.

For packing and moving household goods go to Duluth Van Co., who are headquarters for that business, at reasonable prices. 212 W. Superior st.

P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

IN THE LABOR FIELD

There was a good attendance last night at the regular meeting of the Federated Trades assembly when President McEwen rapped to order, shortly before 8.

Delegates Frank Kilgore of the City Firemen's union; William Crawford of the Bartenders' union, and William Wahl of the Boot and Shoemakers' union, having been obligated, and the minutes of the last meeting having been read and approved, the assembly listened to the report of the different unions.

Steelworkers were dull; butchers all working; bartenders progressing; carpenters not very good, men leaving town; clerks all right in the center of the city, a little off on the outskirts; cigarmakers not so bad, and a report of one saloon won over to the union side; city firemen good; coopers looks better; electrical workers fair; freight handlers very dull; laundry workers good and looking up; printers, business dull; painters, fair and hopeful; plasterers no change; plumbers no change; stonecutters dull and no work; street car men same as usual; Superior Trades assembly looking better for label goods; tailors all working; tinners all working, slack; theatrical stage employes no change; pressmen and feeders fair, new scale July 1; waiters fair; woodworkers fair and going on well; waitresses all right; brewery workers completely disfigured; boot and shoemakers fair for time of year.

The organizing committee reported the organization of the boilermakers' helpers and holders on; the Imperial mill boycott committee reported good work being done, and the Superior delegation reported the organization of the electrical workers of Superior.

Delegate Grout hoped that whenever a union man went into a store he would register a kick if he could not be served by a union clerk, and his earnest words aroused considerable enthusiasm. The club room committee asked for an extension of time for two weeks and if by that time they have done no more than at present, they want to be relieved of their unthankful office.

A discussion upon the report of the council committee brought forth several mild roasts for those aldermen who were opposed to or lukewarm upon the subject of the council fixing the wages of the waterworks men at $1.50 per day, and who did not support with sufficient energy the motion that no city contractor have anything to do with boarding his men, but the censure, such as it was, was rather good humored than otherwise. The barbers aid committee was put out of existence, because they seemed to have lost all interest in their business, and the Superior Leader was shown up as a non-union sheet, and all Duluth merchants will be asked not to advertise in its columns.

A suspension of the regular order of business was indulged in so that the delegates assembled could listen to a short address by Charles E. Hawkes, president of San Francisco Typographical union No. 21, and a brother of City Assessor T. B. Hawkes. Mr. Hawkes is a gentleman of very pleasing address, and his speech advocating loyalty to central labor organizations and pointing out that by standing by their unions and the true principles of unionism more good could be accomplished by members of trades unions than by plunging pell-mell into politics, was very well received by his hearers.

At the conclusion of Mr. Hawkes' address the Armour boycott was brought up and the delegates all had something to say about it. The main trouble seems to be that Armour's meat products are popular and that nearly every meat market in the city handles them in some shape, and that it is not always easy to identify them, but the delegates seemed to be in deadly earnest in their determination to boycott all Armour's goods, and they and the members of the unions were specially urged to avoid the shops that handle any Armour meat, hams, etc. A boycott committee was appointed to call upon all the butchers in the city and "put them next."

The delegates from the newly organized Shoemakors' union asked all good union men to patronize only such shops as display the union card, and the newly obligated member of the Bartenders' union caused a laugh by pleading the cause of union saloons. The city authorities will be asked to have all the stone for the reservoir cut in the city, and the principal clothing merchants of Duluth were adversely commented upon because they sold clothing that did not bear the union label.

On motion, the resolution to drop any further efforts to collect funds for the erection of a labor temple was taken from the table and made special business. A free-for-all discussion followed and a delegate from the Plumbers' union asked that the $200 donated by that body be returned to them. This money is part of the "fine" imposed on the West End brewery by the plumbers about a year ago, and after a protracted debate the resolution was carried, and the labor temple idea will be laid away for the present.

Delegate Renn was selected a delegate to the Superior Trades assembly, and Delegates William McEwen, E. R. Cobb, Joseph Dworschak, Miner and Johnson were elected as delegates to the coming convention of the State Federation of Labor at St. Cloud. After a discussion as to changing the day of meeting of the Federated trades to any other day than Sunday, and upon the number of conventions to be held, the assembly adjourned.

IRISH LABOR UNION.

If the textile workers of Ireland were organized in one grand body, as they are in Lancashire, England, the building trades would have a busy time keeping pace with them, writes Thomas Burke from Belfast, Ireland, to the Eight-Hour Herald, in an article on the Women Textile Operatives' society. This union was first founded in August, 1893, by the celebrated Lady Dilke, together with a number of other English ladies. Lady Dilke, wife of Sir Charles Dilke, Radical member of parliament for the Forest of Dean, devotes the greater portion of her time and fortune toward the advancement of the poor working women all over this country. She is a true noblewoman of the highest order and may be truly styled the champion of the daughters of labor.

The hours of labor in the mills and factories are from 6 o'clock in the morning to 6 in the evening, with two hours off for meals. Saturday's work ceases at 1 o'clock. The average wages for girls in every branch would amount to $2.25 per week. Child labor is used very plentifully, but to become expert spinners the female children must commence to learn at the age of 11 years, not later than 12, as they must get their fingers trained in the art of manipulating the thread about the spindles. Any other part of the work can be learned at any age. There are schools attached to the mills so that these children can go half time to them. The law regulates the age children shall be employed, and it does also the condition of their health before commencing work. In the various warerooms where thousands of girls are employed in the more artistic work, such as linen embroidery, shirts, collars and cuffs, hemstitched and printed linen handkerchiefs, etc., their hours of labor are about the same as the mills and factories, only they commence at from 8 to 9 in the morning and work till 6 or 7 in the evening. With this class of work the girls could enhance the price of their labor if they would not work so much overtime. According to the law they are not allowed to take work home with them to do at night while they are employed during the day. But I understand from information I received that their employers give them bad paying work when in the wareroom and keep the good paying stuff until night so as to induce the girls to take it home; then all the family work on it until 11 or 12 o'clock at night, and of course in this way at the end of the week they have a good salary, but the hours employed to make this fair wages are never taken into consideration. This is what destroys her labor.

When the inspector or a commission comes around to make an investigation the employer shows on his books what wages the girls are making each week, but never mentioning the number of hours they worked to make these wages. In this way a great many people that would assist them are led to misunderstand the true state of affairs.

MINERS FACE A CRISIS.

"We are up against a stone wall," said President James W. Carson of the Miners' union, at the conclusion of the conference of miners and operators of Northern Illinois at Streator. "If we go on a strike in our impoverished condition we shall starve and if we accept the ultimatum of the operators we shall likewise starve, in such a crisis advice is impossible."

At the opening of the conference the miners brought in a proposition of 65 cents per ton Streator and corresponding prices in other fields—all based on gross weight.

The operators declined to consider the gross weight proposal, and made a strong appeal to the miners to accept the reduction of about 15 cents per ton proposed by them. E. L. Monser, on behalf of the operators, represented that while Northern Illinois and been loyally working to the Columbus scale for several years they had seen their trade slowly dwindling and their property decaying. Their competitors in some instances had formed a conspiracy with their miners to get coal mined at any price necessary to rob them of their natural trade. It was urged, too, that railroads had combined to make rates favorable to competitors at a greater distance and relief was impossible except by a heroic and radical cut. It was stated that during the last year the output of Southern and Central Illinois had increased 5,000,000 tons, while that of Northern Illinois had diminished 200,000 tons.

No agreement being reached, a scale committee was appointed. After a recess the committee reported inability to agree, the operators remaining firm for the original demand.

The miners continued in session and prepared a scale, making a reduction of 9 cents per ton, but the operators declined to consider it.

PINCIPLE OF ORGANIZATION.

The most powerful principle in human society today is the principle of organization. Turn to what department of human endeavor you will, this truth forces itself upon you, writes Josiah Flynt Ware in the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette. Without organization nothing is accomplished nowadays, and the countries in which organization is lacking are known as the backward or the uncivilized countries. In church and state, in civil and military life, wherever men are powerful or are accomplishing great things, organization is the prime factor. Individualism, the first principal supposed to underlie the fabric of American political society, is played out. This is the truth. The scholar and theorist may sneer at the proposition. It is none the less a potent and unalterable fact. The poor man is everywhere the victim of individualism applied to him and his affairs when brought into play in opposition to organized effort. Machinery is organization.

There is really no need of illustrations to sustain this claim. They exist everywhere around us. Organization is capital's great weapon of offense as well as of defense. No great worldly enterprise is possible without it. The oldest of the Christian churches owes its supremacy to it today, as it has at every period throughout the christian era. Examine it an organized military camp. The individual soldier counts for nothing except as a member of military organization. The individual trader, left to his own resources and continuing to trust to them, has long since gone to the wall. The affairs of the world are conducted through innumerable organizations. And yet, in the light of this blazing and imperishable truth, men of manual calling are found everywhere who are stupid enough to rely upon individual endeavor and to decry organization of their fellow laborers. This is due mostly to their unfitness for freedom, to their innate cowardice, or to their native capacity for the state of serfdom.

STATISTICS OF STRIKES.

Strikes, authorized and unauthorized by trades unions, are dealt with by Chief Wadlin of the Massachusetts bureau of labor statistics, whose report shows that for the past eight years there have been 1650 strikes, involving an aggregate loss of $7,000,000 to employers and workmen.

Of this number of strikes 592, or a little more than one-half, were ordered by a labor organization. Forty-three out of every 100 were wholly successful, eleven out of every 100 were partially successful and forty-seven out of every 100 were failures.

The proportion of complete successes in strikes was greatest in 1892, and the greatest number of failures occurred in 1889. By trades the report shows that where organizations are strongest fewer strikes occur, and in the trades where there is little or no organization strikes have resulted most disastrously.

The boot and shoe industry shows the largest number of strikes of any trade, with the cotton industry following second on the list.

In the matter of prison labor, covered in the report, Chief Wadlin does not think the competition of prisoners with free outside labor is very serious.

The contention by the labor leaders that prison labor prices for articles compel manufacturers to reduce wages in order to compete with the same is answered in the report by the claim that in exceptional cases, such as rattan chairs, brushes of a certain kind or shoes of a particular pattern this might be so.

QUESTION OF UNION LABEL.

Among other things which the Social Reform club in New York has been trying to do has been to disseminate information and to influence public opinion favorably on the union-label question. The great public in trades unions knows much about union labels and their effectivness in strengthening labor organizations and improving the condition of the laborer. But the larger public outside of the trades unions knows nothing about it, and probably has never heard of the union label. John N. Bogert, secretary of the Greater New York Labor league, thinks trades unions have passed through a siege of trials, overcoming many faults and evils in their struggles from weakness to strength, and that the union label must pass through the same ordeal. The label has been made a power for improvement in three trades—the cigarmakers, the hatters and the printers—and has been adopted by fourteen other unions. It has its defects, against which we must strive, but it stands for a much wider interest than that of the union which issues it. In the case of the bakers it is a matter of general public interest when it is a guarantee of cleanly conditions, and when, it is a guarantee against child labor and prison manufacture.

SHORTER DAY FOR PRINTERS.

The committee of the International Typographical union appointed to arrange for a national movement to inaugurate a nine-hour workday for the book and job branch has made a report stating that the depression at present existing throughout the country made the time propitious for the immediate enforcement of the suggestions relative to short hours. They realize, they say, that shorter hours can only be secured by united action and a vigorous and carefully planned campaign. The statement concludes as follows:

"An active propaganda will be instituted among the allied branches, and the committee decided to send the chairman, James J. Murphy, to the Detroit convention of the International Printing Pressmen's union, which meets on June 13 next, to secure the active co-operation of the pressmen. In a few days letters will be sent to the various subordinate unions of the International Typographical union, containing a preliminary outline of what is expected and asking for the appointment of a sub-committee to take charge of local work."

PLEA FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

A consistent course to the supression of crime and promoting contentment among the unemployed is to inaugurate systematic public improvements, says a writer in State's Duty. The streets, parks, sewers, roads, rivers, canals, swamps, aqueducts and many other channels require immediate attention. The foolish cry that the state has no revenue for such purposes is used by some officials and legislators. The amount of unnecessary criminal and charitable expense alone would offset the cost. If consistent legislation is enacted it will serve as a means of economy, and not a draft on the state treasury. The treasury will never adapt itself to such a condition.

Legislation must prepare the treasury, and not the treasury legislation, for such work. The same paper also declares that the question of preventing men from becoming criminals is far more important than to discuss what shall be done with the product of their labor. The losses of profits of all convict-made wares should be shared by the state. The question to be settled in future is to secure uniform legislation in all states. This cannot be done, while private contracts or politics control the management of state institutions. When the institutions are freed from political control it will be an advanced step toward reconciling the friction existing between honest and convict labor.

RESTRAINT ON BOYCOTT.

Judge Knowles of the United States district court of Montana has granted a temporary restraining order in a suit brought by the Chinese against the officers of fourteen labor unions to restrain them from continuing the boycott now being enforced against the Chinese.

There are four plaintiffs who appeal for the rights of 500 of their fellow countrymen.

The plaintiffs do business in Butte as dealers in Chinese merchandise and conduct a restaurant. The boycott has been effective in Butte for some time, and lately the unions have been distributing circulars, carrying transparencies and stationing men at the doors to warn customers that they enter at their peril.

The bill of complaint says that the union hired spies who have followed the Chinese to the homes of their customers that they might by force of arms compel the latter to desist from their patronage. The plaintiffs claim that their pecuniary damages is more than $50,000 and that to recover it in an ordinary court of law would be impossible.

SIGNS OF BETTER TIMES.

"Times are certainly improving," remarked an old "print" at typographical headquarters one day last week. He had just struck town, had handed in his card to Secretary Marsh and was preparing to make a panhandling round of the printing offices while looking for a sub sit, says the Detroit Free Press. A half dozen "waiters" who were present pricked up their ears at the remark and one of them asked:

"What makes you think so?"

"There's more of 'em on the road now than for several years past."

"But doesn't that indicate that more of them are out of work?"

"It would with other trades, but with printers it's just the other way. Think of the best times you ever knew in the printing business, when you think of the number of printers that were on the road carrying the banner. What? Why, of course, in those days tramp printers wore plug hats and dress suits, and more than half of them had full dress suits."

"And the other half used to get their suits full regularly every time they cashed their setting." was the victory of one of the older listeners. "But it's true, just as you say—there were more arrivals and clearances during the flush times than since the depression set in."

"And the harder the times the fewer printers on the road."

"What becomes of them?"

"They all get steady jobs."

"What, for instance?"

"I can't speak for others, but all last winter I was peeling potatoes in a St. Paul restaurant at $3.50 a week, and had sense enough to hang onto my job."

EIGHT-HOUR DAY MOVEMENT.

A large number of the national labor organizations are making active preparations for the enforcement of an eight-hour workday among all labor of the United States, commencing May 1, 1898, and the American Federation of Labor is taking quite an active interest in the matter of education upon this important question. The official organ of the Federation for May calls upon all labor unions holding national conventions this year to take action which will place their organizations in line with this general movement. It declares that "all labor is looking forward in expectancy as to what will be the outcome of this effort. The industrial conditions, the concentration of wealth, the wholesale introduction of machinery in commerce and industry, demands that some action shall be taken which shall give genuine, tangible and permanent relief to the overworked and employment to those without it. The organized workers of the country have no right to disappoint their own membership nor the aspirations of the toiling masses. It may be that all the success hoped for cannot be attained at one fell swoop, but nothing should be left untouched or untried to the early enforcement of this great boon to labor; and the organizations which hold conventions should not lose the opportunity of taking due advantage of placing themselves in line with the general trend and with the general movement to enforce the eight-hour workday on May 1, 1898."

OPPOSED TO POWDERLY.

The executive council of the American Federation of Labor has gone on record as being opposed to the appointment of T. V. Powderly to the position of superintendent of immigration. The official journal of the federation, in commenting on the matter says the council felt it to be its duty to call President McKinley's attention to the unwisdom of such an appointment It was urged upon the president that the immigration laws, particularly the contract and many other features of these laws were the result of the efforts of the workers, and that one in sympathy with labor or at least having the respect of labor should receive the appointment of such a position. The president certainly seemed to entertain the belief that Mr. Powderly possessed these qualities. He was assured, however, that the appointment would be regarded as an insult rather than a compliment or recognition."

The Knights of Labor, also oppose Mr. Powderly's appointment.

GENERAL LABOR NITES.

Wages of some Fall River brewers have been increased $2 a week.

New York union waiters may establish a home for disabled waiters.

Pittsburg constables have struck against serving subpoenas for 15 cents.

The members of the Cleveland Liquor Dealers' association will in the future buy union bread only.

In making appropriation for the state exhibit at Omaha, the Nebraska legislature made a provision that no laborer, whether skilled or unskilled, shall receive less than $1.50 per day.

A resolution has been passed that in the future all members of unions affiliated with the New York Central Labor union should hire union carriages when they wish to attend funerals.

Labor Commissioner Johnson of Kansas denies a statement going the rounds of the press that there are but 5000 trades unionists in Kansas. Mr. Johnson declares that there are between 30,000 and 35,000 union men in the state.

The census enumerators of Massachusetts by previous notice and arrangement with the police stations, wayfarers' lodges, almshouses, etc., one night recently took a census of the tramps in the state and found the number to be 802.

Some Hartford merchants have entered into an agreement with the Central Labor union by which union goods exclusively will be handled and the union will receive 3 per cent of the money spent with those merchants by unionists.

The Colorado Federation of Labor is preparing to test the boycott law recently enacted in that state. At its recent convention the federation adopted a plan for the organization of home industry clubs throughout the state.

The Bakers' International union at the recent Cleveland convention adopted a new financial system similar somewhat to that of the cigarmakers', all moneys collected from regular sources being covered into the international treasury.

hTe difficulties which have existed for several weeks past between the boss and journeymen coopers of the Twin Cities have been adjusted, the bosses conceding the demands of the union, which involved an increase of 5 cents per package on all piece work.

The commissioner of the public works department of Brooklyn and the chief engineer of the water supply department notified a pump company that hereafter it would have to pay union rates on all city work. Machinists must be paid $3.25 for eight hours.

The board of education of Wheeling, W. Va., has advertised for bids for the erection of an eight-room school building. An interesting feature of the advertisement is that portion that reads: "Bidders must state in their bids that only union labor will be employed."

BOY CHOIRS.

It was Choirmaster Le Jeune of old St. John's in Varick street that first introduced into New York the scientific method of training boy choirs. The method was brought from Italy and goes back no one knows how many centuries in the history of the Roman Catholic church, says the New York Sun. That church, however, strangely enough, has not in New York made the training of boy choirs by this method an important adjunct to its music. St. Patrick's cathedral has, indeed, a large boy choir recruited from the neighboring Catholic orphanage, but the best boy choirs of the city are found in Episcopal churches.

Old St. John's no longer has its former handsome appropriation for the maintenance of a choir, so that the precedence in this matter has passed to other churches. Perhaps the best boy choir is at St. Agnes' chapel of Trinity parish, in Ninety-third street, whose organist, John Stothart, is a brother-in-law of the choirmaster at old St. John's. Half a dozen other churches have notable boy choirs, and rectors insist more and more upon having this kind of music, but the Italian method in its extreme development attracted little attention in New York until within the past five or six years. There are a few notable boy choirs in suburban churches. Chicago, with her determination to have the biggest of everything, has a church with a boy choir of fifty members, not too well trained, though the great cathedral of St. Paul's, London, has but thirty boys in its choir. Most American choirmasters are content to train their boys in some other method than the Italian. It is little used in Boston, and almost not at all in Northern and Western cities.

Few boy choirs have more than twenty members, and that number is sufficient for all ordinary purposes. The labor of fitting these boys for their work is enormous, and few boys are ever at best for choir work during more than three or four years of their lives. The choir schools of London take promising boys of 8 or 9 from all over England, provide them with all the material needs of life, give them an admirable education in vocal music and employ them in public church singing for about five years. Boys in this country are seldom taken as pupils in choir singing before 10 years of age, and it usually requires two years of hard work to fit an apt pupil for public singing. Most boys have to give up the profession at the age of 15, when the change of voice unfits them for further soprano singing. A few, after a rest of a few years, go on and develop into excellent men singers, but most of the youngsters retire forever from the profession.

Every choirmaster has a class of probationers from among whom he makes promotions to his choir as vacancies occur. The probationer is first taught to lay aside utterly his ordinary speaking voice and to sing in a pure vocal tone. Only the true lover of music is admitted to the class of probationers. After a year or two of simple music the probationer may be promoted to a humble place in the choir. He is then, perhaps, 12 years old, and the object of the choirmaster is make him for the next three years as nearly a perfect choir singer as he can be made. Some of the boys serve without pay, but many are paid, a few pretty well. The ordinary inconspicuous choir singer may earn from $2 to $10 a month. The best of the boys, who are able to sing a solo with excellent effect, receive from $300 to $600 a year. A boy singer in New York seldom earns more than the latter sum. All of the boys, however, receive presents and pleasant little attentions. They must not catch cold in winter, so, if poor, they receive as gifts comfortable flannels, sound shoes and warm overcoats. If paid ill, they go with their choirmasters on little excursions, perhaps to hear good music, perhaps on a summer camping trip.

The boys give in return for this not only such time as is required of them at the regular church service, but also from three to five laborious rehearsals a week, with special extra rehearsals for special services. Their time during Lent is greatly occupied between service and rehearsals.

There is much enthusiasm among choir boys for their profession, and many are ambitious to continue it in some form after the approach of manhood has unfitted them for the particular work for which they have been trained. Choirmasters find that German and English boys make good choir singers, and that native American boys of native parentage are usually unsuited for the profession. The American boy is unfitted for the work not only because he is often unmusical, but as well because he is not docile, as are boys of foreign birth or parentage. The problem of disciplining and managing a boy choir increases with each new native boy admitted.

Grand Maccabee Excursion.

For the above occasion the Eastern Minnesota railway will make rate of $4.30 to St. Paul and Minneapolis. Tickets on sale June 1 and 2. Trains leave 1:10 p. m. and 11:15 p. m. Secure tickets at Union depot or City Ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

THE MOTHER'S CORNER.

Conducted by a Kindergartner.

"How can I teach your children gentleness,
And mercy to the weak and reverence
For life, which in its weakness or excess,
Is still a gleam of God's ommpotence,
Or Death, which seeming darkness, is no less
The self-same light, although averted hence,
When by your laws, your actions and your speech
You contradict the very things I teach?"

You wish your little ones to be gentle and kind; to be less self-assertive and aggressive with each other or with his playmates, and summertime brings so many helpful ways to accomplish this and we must not treat them as did the parson in the "Birds of Killingworth" lopping the "wayside lilies with his cane." To be a gentleman your little son must be a gentle boy; to be a thorough lady, a womanly woman, your little daughter must learn to love and care for anything with the least grain of worth.

No mother teaches, or encourages a child to torment a dog or cat, to wantonly destroy a butterfly or a bird and she is shocked to see him pull the wings off a fly or the legs off a grasshopper, but she must strive to understand why it is, and where it will lead to and must endeavor daily to counteract this savagery and give the gentleness and love that will find later its inspiration and expression in "noblesse oblige."

The child runs about in pure happiness these bright days over the short turf with the little lawn mower, something to do and the flowers gain a new value in the admiration papa bestows on them—"such pretty flowers!" and then the child has been trying to make someone happy and each effort to give pleasure to others inspires new strength and desire to do so again and is not that a seed most worthy of planting and nourishing? A button bouquet of violets for each place at the table and the shining eyes of the child tell the story of delight; or the clover blossoms braided into a wreath for the baby—for the sick playmate or even for the playhouse—there are so many ways that the commonest field flower may make someone happy. The "mother's" suggestion first, the child will soon discover new uses, new ways, but he must learn that they are God's flowers and that though He wishes us to use and enjoy them nothing of His must be purposely or wantonly destroyed.

I know of one dear little mother who has lived in Duluth since those early days when the ferns and the bluebells and all their shy little comrades were crowded thickly among the wooded nooks and paths where now the cars of East Second and Superior streets run. Each year she found how much farther she must go to follow those little denizens of the woods to enjoy their sweet daintiness and beauty. So closely picked by thoughtless hands that many were rapidly becoming extinct since none were left for seed. So she told her little family all about it and they made the most wonderful garden. Just a wild rose bush for a background and a mound of moss and a fairy forest with its wealth of ferns; anemones grew there and bluebells; violets and marsh marigolds and a multitude of dainty, nameless things. And the pleasure of its building over those happy excursions beyond the limits, with a shovel and basket to find vagrants who take to the deeper woods as our city advances to its outskirts. How well these little neighbors at our doors would keep the happiness of those woodland days in memory giving occupation for busy hands and a love and tenderness for the beautiful, the simple and for little things.

Little mothers interest yourself in what you see with your children if it is only the grass in your own door yard. Tell your boys and girls stories from the "Nature Readers," "The Story Mother Nature Told," "Miss Jane's Flower Books," and you will find you are interested in spite of yourself and the children doubly so. Then there is "Field Earings," by Martha McWilliams, that is filled and overflowing with the music of the woods, "Lady Golden Rod," Jack in the Pulpit," "Wishing," and such a wealth of pleasant things to read and study and danger of giving too much literature and too little of nature herself.

On Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, there will be a meeting of the Mothers' club at the Jefferson kindergarten. Every mother who is interested is invited to attend.

HABITS OF THE TOAD.

It is remarkable that the toad, loving water as it does, should wander way from watery regions to dry ground, where it can never see a drop of water, except at rain time, and leave its water rights to the undisputed possession of its ranal neighbor the frog, remarks Mehan's Monthly. How the toad loves water must be known to every garden lover. Before there is a shower, the creature leaves its cool retreat under the plazza or shed, and stands, as far as his forelegs will let him, erect in the rain, apparently enjoying to the utmost the shower bath.

Our remarkably observant correspondent, Mrs. Wilhelmina Seliger, of Hartford, Conn., placed shallow pans of water in her garden during a rain storm last summer, and soon a whole bevy of toads were disporting themselves in the water as if they were human beings in the surf at Atlantic City. Whenever they are near the water at breeding time, they deposit long slimy strings of eggs and the young toad has to go through the tadpole stage in common with his brother frog. But when they are wholly excluded by distance from the water, they seem to have the power of being vivinarous, or bringing forth their young alive. In the water, fertilization is effected in the same manner as in fishes, but the method in the land life career is not known. About all that is known is that confined toads are found with little teads no larger than house flies, about them after a time, and in walled gardens and places far removed from water little toads no larger than peas, wandering around on their own resources, and which could never have been tadpoles, are within common experience.

ACCEPTED THE ALTERNATIVE.

A rather elderly gentleman who showed evidences of having seen better epochs, staggered along Seventh avenue on Fednesday evening, conversing fluently with himself on such topics as the Raines law and the Ellsworth cartoon bill, says the New York Journal. He knocked into everybody in his path and finally leaned lovingly against a plaster cast of the late lamented Pocahontas, which graced a cigar store and looked mutely into space.

People actually commented on his condition and said humorous things about him. Presently a young man came up to him and coaxingly asked him to take a walk on some other avenue.

"Where goin' take me, Tommy?"

"Oh, nowhere in particular. Let's stroll down to Eighth avenue."

"No, shir. No, shir. Thats' where my wife lives. Sthop it, Tommy. Sthop it."

"Well, but she wants you, Mr. Johnson," returned Tommy, urging his charge in that direction.

"Thash reason I'nt goin'."

"Well, then, what do you expect will happen to you? There is but one alternative."

"I x'shept it, Tommy; I x'shept it. Take me to the station house."

THE

Remington

STANDARD TYPEWRITER

takes no liberties with its reputation.

The New Models

No. 6 No. 7

therefore represent a marked advance in practical Construction, increased Usefulness, prolonged Durability, greater Economy.

Send for New Illustrated Catalogue.

Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict

327 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

94 E. Fourth Street, ST. PAUL.
323 West Superior St., DULUTH.

MACCABEES EXCURSION.
GRAND STATE MEETING ST. PAUL.

The Duluth, West Duluth, Superiors and Range delegations leave Duluth and West Superior via the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, special decorated cars, 9 a. m. train, Tuesday, June 1. Other trains—limited, 1:55 p. m., night express, 11:15 p. m. Tickets on sale June 1 and 2. Round trip St. Paul and Minneapolis, $4.30. Procure tickets at depots or city ticket office, 332 West Superior street; corner Providence building.

A Woman Talks on Woman's Ills.

The Sex Shuns Publicity on Their Own Weaknesses From Sense of False Modesty.

From the Times, Los Angeles, Cal.

Women suffer from certain diseases peculiar to their sex, and usually have great delicacy in speaking of such ills. Just why, we cannot say. There would seem to be no more reason for silence in such matters than there is about the ordinary every day ills. Occasionally, however, a woman of strong sense is found, and is an exception to the rule. Such a one is Mrs. Rosie S. Thompson, of 319 East First Street, Los Angeles, Cal. This is what she says:

"For five or six years I was seriously ill with female complaint. I could not go about, I suffered intense pain, and at times I was hardly able to raise myself up in bed. I was then living in San Bernardino and I consulted a physician who thought he could cure me. For seven months I was under his care taking his prescriptions, but he did me no good at all, and I grew worse instead of better. Finally I tried another physician and I was under his care for several months, but he did me no more good than the first one. I tried all sorts of remedies without any beneficial effects.

"Finally I saw an advertisement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and I resolved to try them. I began taking the pills. The effect was wonderful. Almost immediately I began to improve. I have taken these pills now for six or seven months and I am entirely cured. I had previously tried every sort of remedy that I could think of, besides consulting many doctors, and nothing helped me until I took these pills. They are the best remedy I ever used, and the only one I would recommend. I am now as well as I ever was in my life and have had no return of my complaint.

"I make this statement voluntarily and in the hope that it may lead others now suffering as I suffered to try these pills.

"This statement is given solely with a view to helping others and directing their attention to the greatest medical discovery of the age—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

(Signed) MRS. ROSIE S. THOMPSON,"
319 East First Street.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of August, 1896.

J. C. OLIVER, *Notary Public*,
in and for Los Angeles County, State of California.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, over-work or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

A Young Woman Gains Twenty Pounds.

HER PHYSICIANS IN IOWA SAID SHE WAS GOING INTO A DECLINE, AND THAT HER LUNGS WERE AFFECTED. THEY SENT HER TO NEVADA.

But to Fight Lung Troubles or any Wasting Disease, Build up Your Flesh.

From the Express, Los Angeles, Cal.

Two years ago, back in eastern Iowa, Miss Maude Lease began to go into a decline. She lost flesh rapidly. Her appetite failed. Fearful headaches nearly drove her frantic. She consulted local physicians—good, honest, practitioners. They told her that her lungs were affected; that medicine might alleviate, but a change of climate was the only remedy that offered a prospect of cure.

Ill and despondent she delayed as long as possible her departure, but at last it became imperative, and she came to an aunt in Verdi, Nevada, in the hope of finding health and strength in the pure air and among the pines of the Sierra Nevadas. But she continued to fail, and to add to her miseries,

learned to know the anguished sufferings which attend that complication of ills, that for want of better nomenclature, has been denominated "female weakness."

And now comes the miraculous part of the story, just as she told it to the interviewer last night:

"I ran down to 118 pounds," she said, "and suffered tortures from those terrible headaches and from sleeplessness. My aunt persuaded me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I had used nearly every kind of 'prescription,' could get no relief from them, and hoped for none from these pills. But to please auntie I began to take them. From the first day I noticed a beneficial effect. The headaches grew less severe; my appetite gradually returned. I could sleep nights and began to get good and strong.

"I used to take one of them three times a day. In two months I weighed 138 pounds, and was entirely well, and have been well ever since. The winters at Verdi were very cold and, besides, I had heard so much about Southern California that I came to Los Angeles.

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People have helped me more than anything I have ever taken. I thank them for my health and ability to enjoy life. I am living at number 800 Hope Street, Los Angeles, and shall be only too glad to repeat what I have just said to anybody, either in person or by letter."

So spoke young and attractive Maude Lease, and no one who saw her big eyes snap as she said it could doubt the earnestness and sincerity of her statements.

And that is why we say the story of a miracle is floating through the air, although now the miracle has become an established fact.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female, and all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50—(they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

AN OPEN LETTER.

From the Herald, Sauk Centre, Minn.

The following communication was recently received by the manufacturers of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People:

Dr. Williams' Medicine Company:

"I was born in Germany and am thirty-seven years old. I live with my husband on a farm. For ten years I suffered with leucorrhoea so that I was a burden to my friends and myself also. I had tried a great many doctors and different kinds of medicines without securing any benefits. My condition had become so deplorable that I had almost given up hope of recovery, when one day I saw in the Sauk Centre *Herald* an advertisement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and as 'a drowning person catches at a straw,' so I grasped this chance and purchased from Hanson & Emerson a box of Pink Pills. I commenced taking them in March, 1896, and after taking one box I felt so much improved that I bought more.

He wishes us to use and enjoy them nothing of His must be purposely or wantonly destroyed.

"After taking them for a time I found to my surprise that I was entirely cured. Ever since then I have been as strong and well as I ever was, and am able to do the arduous duties which fall to the lot of a farmer's wife without feeling the least fatigue or inconvenience.

"I hope this will be the means of placing your wonderful pills in the hands of some sister sufferer, who may rejoice with me. I am satisfied that no woman need suffer as I did, when such an efficient remedy is so close at hand."

(Signed) MRS. H. STENERNAGEL."

Subscribed before me this 19th day of December, 1896.

CHAS. F. HENDRY, *Notary Public*,
Minnesota.

An analysis of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People shows that they contain, in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female, and all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50—(they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

TO SUIT PUBLIC TASTE.

New York Weekly: Western theater manager—Want dates for your company, eh? What's the show about?

Advance agent—It is an opera company.

"Opera? Won't go. I'm 'fraid. What's your best piece?"

"We have drawn the largest houses with 'William Tell.'"

"I'm afraid it won't go here. Nobody would come."

"I think they would if it was properly advertised."

"Well, I'll try it. Jack!"

Jack (an assistant)—Yes, sir.

"Rush over to the newspaper office and tell 'em to announce that next week we're goin' to have a new and exciting musical drammer called 'Bill, the Shooter.'"

$43.30—TO NASHVILLE, TENN., AND RETURN—$43.30.

CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION.

Tickets on sale via the Wisconsin Central lines every day until Oct. 15, with final return limit of Nov. 7. For tickets, sleeping car berths and further information call at city office, No. 423 West Superior street, Spalding House block, Duluth.

A. W. KUEHNOW,
Passenger Agent, N. P. Ry.

SUMMONS—

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

George B. Orr, executor of the last will and testament and estate of Mary Orr, deceased,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Garrett T. Johns, Priscilla C. Johns, James W. Wilding, Ella E. Wilding, David J. Sinclair, Irene M. Sinclair, Levi M. Willcuts, Ballister F. Horton, Henrietta M. Horton, John H. Shearer, Alvena E. Shearer, Francis Omels, Leonora Omels, Walter H. Singer, Wilson G. Crosby, receiver of the Duluth Driving Park Association, Frank L. Janeway, James Moir, T. B. Hawkes & Co. Incorporated, and Joseph Miller,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above-named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in Room 301, Palladio building, in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Duluth, May 15

The World of Fashion.

Dress as it appears in the streets in the first warm days in May is a medley of the old and new in fashion which is decidedly picturesque, but demonstrates the importance of a new spring gown in the most convincing and practical manner. Every gradation of fashion, every sort of material, is represented in this daily parade, but the new foulard gown is conspicuously in the foreground of the panorama of dress. The new designs in this material are especially striking as to size and peculiar combinations of color, and the various fashionable modes of decorating the gowns add much to the striking effect, says the New York Sun.

It is evident that foulard is one of the most popular materials of the season, and the use of green on a blue and white silk seems to be a favorite contrast. Black with blue and white is another, and the black satin belt is admissible on any gown, without regard to the mixture of colors. One blue and white model has a yoke of perpendicular rows of black and white lace insertion, a black satin belt and a full bodice of silk with fine cordings an inch apart running around the hips twelve inches below the waist, beginning at the front breadth. Cording and tucking are special features of fashion, particularly in the thin gowns, and the finer the tucks the more up to date they are. Tiny tucks drawn up in shirrings close together in groups are one of the favorite effects for muslin gowns, and they are arranged round the hips on the skirts and for the yokes on the waist.

NO INFALLIBLE RULES.

Fortunately, there are no infallible rules of fashion this season, and almost any form of decoration that can be devised will pass muster. The secret of distinction in dress lies, nevertheless, in pretty harmonies and telling contrasts of color, or in adopting neutral tints for the gowns to make them stand out amid the gorgeous colors that characterize the most generally worn style of costume. Pale gray, biscuit color and black are the shades that carry out this scheme most successfully, and the touch of some bright color on the waist adds the necessary chic effect without making the gown conspicuous.

The opposite effect is found in the new foulards, of course, as they are nothing this season if not showy. One of them in pink and black and white is trimmed at the botto mof the skirt with two ruffles of ecru lace. The bodice is of fine ecru canvas covered with an applique of ecru guipure worked with gold thread and full braces of silk edged with narrow lace extend over the shoulders. Black satin forms the belt and large bow at the back, and the collar of embroidery has a little frill of pink silk and another of cream lace at the back. Another model in this style is of blue, green, white and yellow silk, with a plain skirt tucked around the hips. A bodice of white mousseline de soie over white silk is sewn around with rows of narrow cream lace an inch apart. The full braces of silk are very pretty over the white and the collar and belt are of white satin ribbon.

WHITE CHIFFON VESTS.

White chiffon vests trimmed across with black velvet are effective in the foulard bodices. Miles of ribbon and yards upon yards of lace are used in trimming silk as well as muslin gowns, and embroideries in all sorts of arabesque designs figure largely among the dress trimmings. The latest novelty, however, is the revival of narrow silk fringe, which is lavishly used to trim crepe de chine dresses, and those of a new silk very much like crepe de chine, except that it is thicker. Embroidery on pique is another kind of decoration. The pique is very little in evidence, so thickly is it covered with jet and colored silk in both open and close patterns, but it serves its purpose as a groundwork. Gold thread is very much used in all the embroideries this season and steel seems to be next in importance.

A NOBBY SILK GOWN.

Among the new silk gowns is one of checked purple and black, trimmed on the skirt with black velvet set on in rows pointing down below the knee and raised much higher at the back. The bodice is of black glace silk with lace trimmed revers and a lace vest. Black net over checked silk makes a very stylish dress and the net is usually accordion pleated and trimmed with black satin ribbon or narrow lines of jet. A checked silk, which is very pretty, is in red and white with a larger plaid of red and white satin stripes over the check. The skirt is raised at the sides to show bias folds of silk and bands of black velvet ribbon, which also trim the waist and sleeves. The bolero is a combination of string colored pique, lace frills and white satin, which gives a very novel effect. Another model in a black and white check has two kilted frills of checked silk, with a band of lace insertion over white satin around the hips and a bodice of green miroir velvet. The vest of white satin is veiled with white chiffon and the small revers and chemisette are covered with guipure.

BLUE AND WHITE CREPE.

A blue and white crepe silk shows corded frills of the same material on skirt, some distance apart, with three cords around the hips. The sleeves and bodice have fine cords set in around, and below the yoke of white silk covered with lace is a wide collar of white grace silk, tucked and trimmed with steel and jet, and finished with a hem put on with open hemstitching. Another model in foulard silk of rose color with a black pattern, has black velvet-edged ruffles, rows of the velvet ribbon above, and a trimming of lace insertion and crosswise bands of velvet on the bodice. Rows of black satin ribbon trim the net gown of black canvas over a purple red silk, and a frill of chiffon in the same color finishes the neck and side of the bodice.

A pretty idea for a simple dress is carried out in brown nuns' veiling or barege, with an inch-wide hemstitched border, which is formed into a yoke back and front by putting three rows crosswise, to fall about an inch apart. Frills of the bordered edge trim the top of the sleeves, and a soft sash of yellow, white, brown, and black plaid silk draped narrowly around the waist is tied with one loop and a knot and falls in two long accordion-plaited ends fringed at the bottom. The vest of cream lace edging in rows on white chiffon, and the collar band is of plain yellow silk with a cream lace frill.

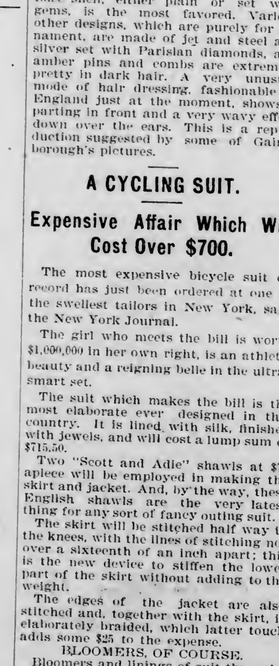
ORGANDIES POPULAR.

Next in the order of popularity after the foulards and transparent canvas materials is muslin of all kinds and organdies especially. It would seem from the quaint old-time patterns that the simplicity in modes of "ye olden days" must come back to us; but the fashionable muslin gown is anything but simple in price or manner of trimming. Yards and yards of lace and insertion are used in its construction, and the only redeeming feature in the expense is the use of colored dimity for the lining. But the truly elegant muslin has the silk lining. A fashionable model in white organdie is made over mauve silk and trimmed with rows of lace insertion set crosswise and up and down on the skirt, up and down on the waist, and around the sleeves, and a ruffle of lace finishes the full bodice where it opens in the side, and at the bottom of the skirt. Mauve satin ribbon forms the sash, and loops of the ribbon catch up the drapery at the top of the sleeves. Another example of the dressy muslin gown is of corn-flower blue and white organdie over a mauve silk lining. It is trimmed with rows of narrow blue satin ribbon sewed on between the insertions of lace. The belt and collar are of blue satin, and a bow of thinnest white lawn and lace ties at the neck. Miroir velvet in pale shades is sometimes used for a finish at the neck and belt on muslin gowns, and a stylish example of this is found in an imported model of pale green and white over green lawn, with a paler shade of green velvet for the belt and collar. Rows of yellow lace insertion are set in around the hips and again at the knees, and two lace frills trim the bottom. Narrow lace frills encircle the full bodice, and the plain sleeves have frills of lace at the top and again at the elbow.

INDIA SILK MODEL.

A unique model for India silk or any of the soft silk crepe materials so much in vogue shows a yoke and narrow vest of lace insertion and a wide belt of black satin. The material filling the space between is tucked in little groups, fastened across with narrow black velvet ribbon. Silk crepe is very popular for fancy waists, and one in pale pink had insertions of black lace set in diamond patterns. The sleeves are trimmed with frills edged with black lace, and the waist opens on one side where the finish is a band of pink and black ribbon tied in two bows. Another pretty bodice of blue and white striped moire silk has a white chiffon front laid in deep tucks, fichu bows of lace and silk at the top of the sleeves, and a deep loose yoke of the silk laid in three box plaits and finished on the edges with lace.

An exquisite gown in cadet blue broadcloth, with tight fitting Eton jacket.



Stylish bicycle suit of dust color cheviot. The coat well belted in at the back.

Made by the National Cloak Co., West 23d St., New York.

HAIR DRESSING.

Styles Affected By English and American Women.

Hair dressing is at all times a very important element of fashion, but among English women this season it must demonstrate something beside a becoming and passing fancy, for their tresses have caught the Victorian infection and Victorian modes in coiffures have been resuscitated with all their old-time quaintness, says the New York Sun. English women are not renowned for arranging their hair becomingly, yet they have developed some very successful modifications of the old styles, with the aid of all sorts of devices in wire coils and various other arrangements for securing the upstanding loops in the desired position. It is fortunate for American women that no especial style of dressing the hair prevails here, for so much depends on suiting the coiffure to the shape of the head and contour of the face.

THE VICTORIAN STYLE.

In general outline, however, the present mode of hairdressing is high on the head, especially for evening dress, and the Victorian loops and perfectly defined bows of hair can be arranged very becomingly. A bow with two loops and a knot, arranged directly across the head, on the crown, with one upstanding loop in the center to show well from the front, is very effective, and then you can have three loops, with some flat coils of hair below. This style is varied by making the center loop in the form of a twist. The hair may be parted in the middle or not, as is most becoming, but it is in all cases waved all around the head, and arranged very full and soft at the side. The pompadour style has the lead, however, and a few curling tendrils on the forehead, softens the otherwise severe effect, and make it more becoming to most faces.

THE POMPADOUR EFFECT.

The pompadour is not confined to the front this season, as it extends all around the head, and the cushion put underneath in front is often arranged in the back as well. One loop and a coil of hair with waved ends is one of the prettiest Victorian styles shown, and in coiffures pretty hair ornaments are a conspicuous feature. Side combs are universally worn, and tortoise shell, either plain or set with gems, is the most favored. Various other designs, which are purely for ornament, are made of jet and steel and silver set with Parisian diamonds, and amber pins and combs are extremely pretty in dark hair. A very unusual mode of hair dressing, fashionable in England just at the moment, shows a parting in front and a very wavy effect down over the ears. This is a reproduction suggested by some of Gainsborough's pictures.

A CYCLING SUIT.

Expensive Affair Which Will Cost Over $700.

The most expensive bicycle suit on record has just been ordered at one of the swellest tailors in New York, says the New York Journal.

The girl who meets the bill is worth $1,000,000 in her own right, is an athletic beauty and a reigning belle in the ultra-smart set.

The suit which makes the bill is the most elaborate ever designed in this country. It is lined with silk, finished with jewels, and will cost a lump sum of $715.50.

Two "Scott and Adie" shawls at $75 apiece will be employed in making the skirt and jacket. And, by the way, these English shawls are the very latest thing for any sort of fancy outing suit.

The skirt will be stitched half way to the knees, with the lines of stitching not over a sixteenth of an inch apart; this is the new device to stiffen the lower part of the skirt without adding to the weight.

The edges of the jacket are also stitched and, together with the skirt, is elaborately braided, which latter touch adds some $25 to the expense.

BLOOMERS, OF COURSE.

Bloomers and linings of suit throughout will be of silk—not less than sixteen yards of silk to be used, which gives another item of $22.50. With the bloomers have been ordered a half dozen interlining of the finest lawn, at $2.50 a pair.

Loose jackets are no longer the correct thing for the crack bicyclist. The newest waist is tight-fitting always, and worn with a series of vests and shirt fronts.

THREE CYCLING VESTS.

It sounds very simple just to say, "I shall order at least three vests for my new bicycle suit," doesn't it? Well, that is what the "millionairess" in question did, and these three vests are going to cost her $25 apiece. The principal color in her suit is green, so she has ordered one vest of sage green, one of geranium red, embroidered in black and gold, and one of white broadcloth, embroidered in silver. With these vests she will wear snow-white linen shirt fronts and black satin ties.

And $25 is not so very extravagant for a vest, when you stop to consider that the garment is made when the material is wet and was to be moulded to the figure.

OTHER FANCIES.

A Panama straw hat, fawn color and trimmed with scarlet and green, will add one $10 item, and bicycle boots of finest leather will add another $18. Golf stockings in mixed greens and tans will be worn in place of the high top boot. An entire box of these stockings has been ordered, as it is difficult to match them exactly. Fifteen dollars a half dozen will buy the softest and best in the shops.

But the crowning extravagance of this particular "biking" maid is yet to come. Her belt of elephant green leather is clasped with a buckle of oxidized silver set with emeralds. The buckle is in the form of two bicycle wheels; the rim of each wheel is bordered with small green stones, a single large emerald forming the hub. This trifling decoration to adorn the "slender waist" of the pretty wheelwoman will cost treble the price of her wheel; that is to say, exactly $300.

A natty tailor-made frock of blue and white pin check, the coat hanging gracefully from the neck.

Made by the National Cloak Co., West 23d St., New York.

EVERY DAY GOWNS.

What Five New York Fashion Leaders Will Wear.

Whoever it was who said, "Judge not a man by his coat," was wise in his generation when he preserved a discreet silence upon the subject of making women's clothes subservient to women. The modern proverb might truly read, "Good clothes cover a multitude of sins;" so much is forgiven and overlooked by the world if a woman only be well dressed. The ultra-smart set have grasped this idea thoroughly already, and dress with them comes next to their religion. I am not sure in many cases it does not come before! If you want to know what is actually the "latest shriek" in fashions, do not look in shop windows or trust blindly to the uncertain advice of interested modistes, but observe what prominent women in the gay world are wearing, and you will have an accurate guide to point out to you the right road to tread in the intricate maze of chiffons. The really well-dressed woman always pays the strictest and closest attention to her every-day gown, says the New York Journal. It is the most important item in her wardrobe, and the most difficult.

It is destined to be worn always in the cold, cruel, uncompromising light of day, with none of the flattering accessories of pink shades and dainty backgrounds that negligees and evening toilets may depend upon to gloss over their possible defects. It has not even the advantage of the well-dressed woman herself coming to its rescue, with the extra supply of good looks, such as she has on the occasions when she is en grande toilette, and with which she may dazzle the beholder into temporary oblivion of what may be wanting in her habiliments. No, the garish light of day leaves the average woman little with which she may dazzle the eyes of even the most easily dazzled beholder.

IT STANDS ALONE.

And the everyday gown must stand or fall upon its own merits. At one time, not so long ago, strict tailor-made gowns were supposed to have solved the difficulty of how to dress most attractively and practically for everyday functions, but this spring plain tailor-made gowns are no longer the best style. The well-dressed woman has discovered that no man can hang a skirt successfully nor do justice to her figure; and she has also decided that the severe lines of tailor gowns are about the most trying thing she can affect. So now the well-dressed woman has turned her back upon the tailor, and insists that her skirts be hung and her bodices fitted by women, with the finishing and pressing only left for masculine hands.

The well-dressed woman is now having her "plain little gowns" elaborately braided, or covered with conventional designs of satin applied on cloth or canvas, or whatever material she most fancies. She has discarded, too, the linen collar, stock tie and plain shirt waist seen in every shop window, except, of course, when she goes in for biking or golfing, when they still remain indispensable. But under the swagger coat of the well-dressed woman is a blouse of satin covered with infinitesimal tucks, and finished at the throat with a dainty cravat of mousseline de sole adorned by tiny frills of thread lace; or else a huge bow of soft white or black tulle. These bows of tulle do much to soften the face, and are great beautifiers when the well-dressed woman is not looking her best. It is by these clever little touches, and by an absence of a heterogeneous collection of color, daubs of lace, flying ends of ribbons and an utter lack of anything fussy or mussy that you may know the well-dressed woman when you see her. And to be like, you, too, must acquire that art of elaborate simplicity that she understands so perfectly.

MRS. JACK ASTOR'S GOWN.

One of Mrs. Jack Astor's everyday gowns is of clear black and white check, medium in size. The bodice is fashioned on the lines of a Russian blouse. A design in half-inch black braid forms a yoke and extends over the top of the sleeves, which are quite small. From the yoke to waist line on either side of the blouse is a hollow plait which is of white satin. This plait is edged with black braid on both sides, and on the side stoward the front there is a narrow ruffle of white satin. A frill of white satin finishes the blouse at the throat, and the waist is outlined by a belt of black satin. The skirt is only moderately full, and the straight lines of braid that appear on the blouse continue down its front breadths and end in a design similar to that which forms the yoke.

Mrs. C. Albert Stevens' gown, which is perhaps the most elaborate of all this year's models, has a double-breasted coat of black cloth entirely covered by an elaborate design applied in black satin, impossible to describe. The skirt is black cloth, quite plain, except for three narrow bands of black satin set a few inches apart just below the knee. Mrs. Oliver Iselin's gown is of blue serge. The coat is a bolero, and the applied design is of black moire, which is slightly puckered and not stitched on flat; a straight edge is acquired by its being finished on either side by a tiny cord. Mrs. Iselin's skirt is quite narrow and absolutely plain. With this gown Mrs. Iselin wears one of the new sailor hats of Panama straw. It has a high bell crown and is simply trimmed by a bow of black velvet ribbon and some black quills.

Mrs. Duncan Elliot's gown is blue cloth, braided a la militaire in black. Its coat ends at the waist line and is tight fitting. The skirt is plain. Mrs. Elliot wears a black straw toque with a huge white bird on one side.

Mrs. Fred Nielson's gown is specially smart and is of black cloth. The Eton jacket is entirely covered with a lattice of narrow black satin strap. This same design descends on the skirt to the knee, rising sharply toward the sides and ending six inches below the belt in the back. The front of the skirt is plain. With this gown Mrs. Neilson wears a tucked blouse of white satin and a cravat of white mousseline de sole. Mrs. Neilson is very fond of wide bow effects in hats, and usually wears a small capote adorned by a huge bow set very far back on her head.

A handsome silk lined costume in fancy tweed mixture. The open fronted coat has unique revers.

Made by the National Cloak Co., West 23d St., New York.

ABOUT WRINKLES.

How Fashionable Women Can Scare Them Away.

There was a gathering of New York's fashion leaders the other day in a face specialist's rooms, and the conversation turned on the wrinkles which so frequently disfigure the fair faces of many ladies. The New York Sun tells the story in a way which will interest every reader, the specialist being spoken of as the "authority:"

By this time the room was filled with women. There were all sorts and conditions of complexions visible. Some looked like peaches and cream, others like ancient parchment; some reminded one of wild roses, and again others called to mind the tanned hide of a monkey. The owners of these complexions were young, old and middle-aged, and the 60-year-olds drank in every word that the authority uttered as eagerly as did the girls of 16. It was great fun to listen to the questions they asked and the answers they got.

"Can the skin be restored to any degree of youthfulness?" asked a grandmother.

"Certainly," answered the authority. "There is no skin so tough, wrinkled, and leathery-looking but can be restored. I wish American women would learn that they can preserve a good complexion until their dying day, and if it is lost that they can restore it."

"Should every woman's skin be cared for in the same way?" asked a muddy-complexioned, middle-aged matron.

ALL REQUIRE CARE.

"Yes, where there is no disease of the skin, all complexions yield to the same care. Perhaps a very dry skin would require a different food from one that is naturally more oily, but the method of renovating every face is the same. You who are bothered with rash, pimples, acne, or blackheads should have special remedies prepared to meet your individual cases. It pays a woman to have a good clean skin. It helps some women in securing places. The other day I read an advertisement for a number of girls, which said that none with rough, ugly, muddy complexions need apply. I was so interested that I went down to see what kind of office work made it necessary for the employes to have prettty complexions. Thek man said they wanted several girls to do ordinary clerical work, and that they just didn't intend to employ girls with greasy-looking, rough skins, because they had to look at them so much. I don't blame them at all. Nothing is so attractive in a woman's apppearance as a clear, clean-looking skin. A well-groomed woman of 60 can attract a man where a bad complexioned woman of 30 would utterly fail. When a woman's complexion is in first-class condition she can wear any garment of any color and look well. If a woman neglects her skin her husband makes an astonishing discovery some day. He may live with her twenty-five years before he does so, and then the blow is all the harder. He discovers that his wife doesn't look young, like his neighbor's wife, who he knows is really years older. At first he is hurt, then he begins to be a little disgusted, and the next thing the wife knows she has no hold on her husband. A woman may be as ugly as a hedge fence, but she can hold a man until judgment day if she keeps herself young and smart."

THE HUSBAND'S DISCOVERY.

"Let me tell you all something very funny," interrupted one of the customers who was a minister's wife. "I have always rouged a bit, and although I've been married twenty years my husband never suspected it. One morning, somehow, I got on a little too much and when I walked into the breakfast table he exclaimed in the most startled and horror-struck tone, 'You are painted! Go immediately and wash it off and don't ever do that again. It is a dreadful sin.' No criminal ever felt worse than I did, and I went to my dressing room and scrubbed every remnant of color off. When I returned to the table he gave me one look and said, 'Go immediately and put it on again, but take care never to overdo it.' Since then I have exercised great care."

"You got too much on," answered the authority with a laugh, "because it is impossible for women to see themselves as others see them. If we only had mirrors in which we women could see ourselves as we are and as others think we are, too, most of us would be afraid to look in the glass. The day comes to every woman when she is conscious of a wish that she had taken care of her skin. Nearly every young girl has a smooth complexion."

"Yes, my skin was lovely when I was a girl," said an elderly woman, "and I never in my life used anything on it but soap and water, and I wish you would look at it now. A baby elephant's skin is soft and smooth, as elephants' skins go, by comparison."

"Some water acts as a poison to the skin," said a specialist, "and soap and water is responsible for many tough, leathery skins. Whenever possible use only distilled or rain water on the face, and no soap should ever be used except the purest olive-oil soap. It is the hardest thing in the world to persuade women that it is economy to use only the finest preparations on the face. A woman will come to me to have me renovate her skin. She will get all the preparations I advise except, say, the soap or powder, and she refuses to buy these because she has a box of powder or a cake of soap on hand which she does not wish to throw away. She will admit that the powder or soap irritates her skin, and then go on and use it to save it. Is it wise to use powder? Yes. A French physician told me once that there was a sound physiological argument for face powder when it is chemically pure; and it rarely ever is. He said that when a woman got up and thoroughly cleansed her face in the morning it was better for her to fill the open pores with a clean, pure powder before going out than to get them filled with dust and dirt, and he claimed that powder made the skin germ proof many times. Women tell me that it costs too much to keep the skin young, that all the preparations I advise are so expensive. So they do seem, but it costs to put anything through a chemical process. Most women don't like to put cheap shoes on their feet, cheap gloves on their hands, and cheap flowers and feathers on their hats, and yet they expect to keep the bloom of youth by putting cheap preparations on their faces."

"Can you teach a woman to restore her own complexion?" asked a faded, wrinkled beauty.

"Yes, and I do so daily. Women in society often wonder how actresses and singers retain their youthful looks. I'll tell you why: because they learn to preserve their girlish skins. I've taught Melba, Patti, Calve, Olitzka, Bauermeister, Mrs. Kendal, Mrs. Langtry, Mrs. Jean Marlowe-Taber, Jessie Bartlett Davis, Mrs. Leslie Carter, and dozens of other women before the public how to keep their skins young, and also hundreds of society women, and I am always glad to tell any woman how she can improve her looks. I wish all women would give pointers to one another. Men, as a rule, have cleaner skins than women because they do not wear veils and they take better care of their skins. They use fine, soft soap in shaving, and do not plaster their faces over with injurious preparations. A great many men come to me for advice about their complexions, and they aren't dudes either. Not long ago a young fellow came to me who wanted his complexion renovated, for he felt that it wasn't up to a good, clear, clean mark, and that he wanted to look his best, as he was trying to marry a rich young widow. I gave him a good overhauling, I can tell you. He had to stay away from the widow a week, but he looked so stunning after his skin had had a good housecleaning that he caught her, and now they are married, and she has set in to preserving her complexion."

"I came in here for my son," put in a sweet-faced old lady. He has to go on a trip to China, and wanted me to ask you how he could best preserve his complexion. Some one has told him that many times it will be impossible for him to use the water."

"Do you advise the use of a scrubbing brush for the complexion?" asked a pretty girl before the authority could answer the old lady.

"Emphatically, no," answered the specialist. "A scrubbing brush is not fit to put on anybody's face unless made of camel's hair, and then a very small one would cost $5, and even rich women don't want to pay that. To scrub the skin with a bristle or rubber brush does it more harm than good. It even irritates the cuticle to rub it much with the tips of one's fingers."

"I'm going to own up," said a tall woman, "I've always used a face bleach. Of course, nobody would ever dream that I do, and I want to stop it, but can't. My face looks so horrible I'm afraid to leave it off. Do you think my complexion could possibly be restored?"

"Certainly,' answered the authority, 'and what you've just said proves that I am right in holding that women never see themselves as others see them. There is not a woman in this room who could not tell at a glance that you are kalsomined, as I call it. Other people can tell that you use a face bleach as readily as if you wore a sign across your chest announcing the fact. Nothing gets the skin in a more horrible condition, but persistent effort will restore it."

"Tell us just how you keep your skin looking like a young girl's?" urged a matron on the shady side of 40.

"Well, at night I wash it with rose cream. I smear it on lightly all over the face, but I dont knead it in as the old colored cooks knead the buttermilk into their biscuit dough, and that's the way most women apply things to their faces. Then I take a soft wash cloth, dipped in tepid water, rub a little olive soap on it and wash my face with that, gently rinsing the soap off with the cloth. I dry my face by softly patting it with a towel and finally put on a little retiring cream. This cleanses the pores of dust, dirt and impurities, and at the same time nourishes the skin while one sleeps and it wards off wrinkles. In the morning I wash off what the retiring cream has caused to ooze out of the skin with rose cream and olive oil soap, and then apply a few drops of skin tonic by means of a moistened cotton cloth. Before this is quite dry I powder my face lightly, using a puff, and wipe it off with a soft hankerchief. Any soap, rag or anything used about the face should not be used for anything else. A woman who takes care of her skin in this way need have no fear of old age. What do we care for the burden of years so long as we are left without wrinkles?"

Ask Your Druggist For a generous 10c TRIAL SIZE

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Contains no cocaine, mercury nor any other injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages, allays Inflammation, heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c; trial size 10c, at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York

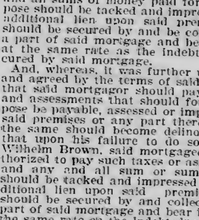
CATARRH

COLD IN HEAD

SUFFERING WOMEN.

How Many of Them Have Quietly Obtained Advice That Made Them Well.

My sister, if you find that in spite of following faithfully your family doctor's advice, you are not getting well, why do you not try another course? Many and many a woman has quietly written to Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., stating her symptoms plainly and clearly, and taken her advice, which was promptly received. The following letter is a pretty strong confirmation of our claims:



"I had been sick for six months; one doctor told me I would have to go to a hospital before I would get well. I had female troubles in their worst form, suffered untold agonies every month; my womb tipped back to my backbone, had headache, hysteria, fainting spells, itching, leucorrhœa.

"My feet and hands were cold all the time, my limbs were so weak that I could hardly walk around the house; was troubled with numb spells. I have taken four bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, one bottle of her Blood Purifier, one package of her Sanative Wash, and am entirely cured. I have not had one of those numb spells since. Can you wonder that I sing the praises of a medicine that has cured me of all these ills?"—MRS. LOUISA PLACE, 650 Belmont St., Brockton, Mass.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN the payment of the sum of seven hundred thirty-six and 81-100 dollars which is claimed to be due and is actually due at the date of this notice on a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Ludwig Rusch, a widower, mortgagor, to Wilhelm Brown, of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagee, said mortgage bearing date the 21st day of April, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 21st day of April, 1894, at 10 o'clock and 45 minutes in the forenoon of that day, in Book 105 of mortgages, on page 348, which mortgage was executed to secure the payment of one certain promissory note of even date with said mortgage in the sum of six hundred dollars, payable in three years after the date of said note and mortgage with interest on seven per cent per annum from date until paid, which interest was payable and due semi-annually, said note being signed by said mortgagor as maker and payable to the order of and delivered to said mortgagee; and said mortgage containing the provision that the said mortgagor should keep the property described in said mortgage uncertainly insured in some responsible stock insurance company for at least the sum of one thousand dollars, payable, in case of loss, to the said mortgagee or his assigns, and further providing that in case said mortgagor should not effect such insurance or fail to pay the premium therefor, then and in that case said mortgagee or his assigns, should be empowered to effect such insurance and pay all such unpaid premiums, and all sums of money paid for such purpose should be tacked and impressed as an additional lien upon said premises, and should be secured by and be collectible as a part of said mortgage and bear interest at the same rate as the indebtedness secured by said mortgage.

And, whereas, it was further understood and agreed by the terms of said mortgage that said mortgagor should pay all taxes and assessments that should for any purpose be payable, assessed or imposed upon said premises or any part thereof, before the same should become delinquent. And that upon his failure to do so, the said Wilhelm Brown, said mortgagee, was authorized to pay such taxes or assessments, and any and all sum or sums so paid should be tacked and impressed as an additional lien upon said premises, and should be secured by and collectible as a part of said mortgage and bear interest at the same rate as the indebtedness secured by the said mortgage and the note thereby secured, and,

Whereas, the said mortgagor having failed to effect insurance as required by the terms of said mortgage, and the said Wilhelm Brown, mortgagee, having heretofore been required to effect the same, and having heretofore, on, to-wit, the 1st day of May, 1897, paid and expended as the premium for the insurance so effected the sum of five dollars, and said mortgagor has repaid said mortgagee no part of said sum so expended for insurance, and,

Whereas, the said mortgagor having failed to pay and cancel the taxes on said premises in said mortgage described for the years, 1893, 1894 and 1895, and the same having become delinquent, the said mortgagee thereafter, and on the 1st day of May, 1897, did pay the taxes on said premises for said years 1893, 1894 and 1895, which with penalties and costs attached to said taxes because of such non-payment amounted to the sum of one hundred nine and 6-100 dollars, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, or the said amount of taxes and insurance so paid.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: Lot number eighty-six, East Seventh street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes and insurance heretofore paid by said mortgagee as hereinbefore set forth, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front entrance door to the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 5th day of July, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

WILHELM BROWN,
Mortgagee
Dated Duluth, Minnesota, May 8th, 1897.
M. H. McMAHON,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
204 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald., May-22-29-June-5-12-19-26.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.

In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the Matter of the Assignment of R. D. Arundell, Insolvent:

It appearing to the court that the assignee herein has converted the assigned estate into money and has filed his account and prays that the same be allowed;

It is ordered, that said account be brought for hearing before this court at the special term thereof to be held at the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 5th day of June, 1897, at 9:30 a. m.

It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published in The Duluth Evening Herald once in each week for three successive weeks previous to the day set for the hearing of said account and that a copy of said account be mailed to each of the creditors entitled to participate in the distribution of the estate at least twenty days previous to the day set for the hearing of said account.

Dated May 15th, 1897.
By the Court,
S. H. MOER,
Judge.
N. A. & H. G. GEARHART,
Attorneys for Assignee,
511-512 Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.
May-15-22-29.

THE GIRAFFE HELPS CHOLLY SMALLWOOD TO KISS MISS TALLWOOD.

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

CALL THE NEXT CASE.

It seems that, in the interval of quiet which his occupation allows, Deputy Marshal Hannah sometimes practices law, says the Grand Forks News. His fellow marshals tell of an experience of his while defending a criminal before a Walsh county justice.

Mr. Hannah had studied the case carefully and went, with a cutter loaded with law books, prepared to show the court a thing or two. The case had not progressed far when a legal point came up, and Mr. Hannah undertook to read a little law to the court.

"What book is that?" inquired his honor.

"The code," replied Mr. Hannah.

"What code?"

"The code adopted at the session of 1895, your honor."

"Now, look here, young man," said the court, as he opened a weather beaten volume of territorial laws, "I've tried cases by this book for the last eighteen years, and I'm goin' to keep right on a-doin' it, and there needbrdlln etaoln .n cmfwyp and there don't no new-fangled laws go in this court. Do you hear? Sit down. You don't need to offer no objections, for I'll overrule 'em. The prisoner is found guilty as charged. Call the next case."

IN THEIR LIN E OF BUSINESS.

Miss Screechers—I read an account of a ball game between two colored teams who played twenty-four innings without either side getting a run.
Mr. Bleechers—Perfectly natural, probably every man on each team was a whitewasher.

A REVERIE.

When springtime opens it flowery arms
When nature shows her budding charms,
When all the world is bright and gay,
I love my girl.

When summer with its lazy moods
Inclines to walks in shady woods,
When buzzing bee floats o'er the lea,
I love my girl.
When autumn with its bracing air
Brings happiness and lessens care,
When withered leaves are strewn about,
I love my girl.

But winter is a season drear,
I much dislike to see draw near.
The reason why these facts I state,
She cannot skate.

—JEAN C. HAVEZ.

A YOUTHFU'L SCHEMER.

Aunt Gotrox—Why do you bring me this bucket, Tommy?
Tommy—I want you to kick it.
Aunt Gotrox—Why do you want me to kick it?
Tommy—Because I heard papa say that when you kicked the bucket we'd get $50,000.

BENEATH HER NOTICE.

Willie—Didn't you see Miss White as she passed?
Tillie—Yes, but I couldn't speak to her. She rides a ninety-five bicycle.

AS HE UNDERSTOOD IT.

Bad Billie—Mr. Shallow, where do you get all your small pennies?
Mr. Shallow—Why, Billie, the pennies I have are the usual size.
Bad Billie—Oh, they can't be, for sister said yesterday you had but little cents.

HEARING SLIGHTLY OFF.

Rev. Fiddle D. D.—I'm a circuit rider and have lost my way.
Farmer (slightly deaf)—A circus rider? Gosh! you don't look like it.

LEAVINGS.

Farmer Hoen—The cashier of our grange robbed us.
Farmer Mowin—An' left th' county, I suppose?
Farmer Hoen—Thet seems ter be about all he did leave.

A GOOD REMEDY.

Houso—I fear I have heart trouble. My breath comes in quick short pants.
Cumso—Why don't you try a pair of trouser's stretchers.
Houso—What for?
Cumso—For those quick short pants.

A HANDY LUNCH FOR BICYCLISTS.

She—We forgot to take a lunch along.
He—Oh, no, we didn't, I have my handle bar strung with doughnuts.

NOT A FRI END LEFT.

'happie—My parents died and left me alone.
Harden—Lucky dog! Wish some one would die and leave me a loan.

AMONG THE SPORTS.

Next Monday the field and track team of the Duluth High School Athletic association will meet the Ashland team at Ashland in a joint field day. Next Saturday the joint field day between the team from the Minneapolis Central high school will take place at Minneapolis, and the Duluth boys hope to get revenge for their defeat last year.

* * *

After a postponement from last Saturday to Wednesday the Duluth field day at last took place. As usual there was rain. After awhile the idea of rain will be inseparable from field days in Duluth, for it invariably rains when the Duluth boys get up a field day. There was a fairly large attendance Wednesday, notwithstanding the lowering skies, a cold east wind, and the much advertised ball game between the terraces. As the track was heavy no records were made, but the boys did well, and the team looks like a good one.

* * *

Those who will represent Duluth are as follows: Mile and two-mile bicycle, McArthur and Gridley; quarter-mile bicycle, Gridly and McArthur; 220-yard dash, McGinnis and C. Olson; 50-yard dash, McGinnis and William Olson; shot put, Richardson and Park; 100-yard dash, McGinnis and W. Olson; mile run, W. L'Estrange and T. E. Kelley; standing broad jump, Richardson and Howard; 120-yard hurdle, Hermann and A. Richardson; half-mile walk, C. Tibbetts and R. Fox; running broad jump, A. Richardson and Coleman Naughton; half-mile run, E. Lynch and O. Poirier; hammer throw, F. Parks and A. Richardson; running high jump, L. Bradley and A. Richardson; 220-yard hurdles, R. Smith and E. Hermann; 440-yard dash, E. Lynch and E. Richards; pole vault, C. Martin and M. McGinnis.

* * *

The much-wanted and much advertised game of baseball between the nines from Ashtabula and Chester terraces took place Wednesday afternoon, and it was a great slaughter. Never since the early days of baseball, when the scores of a game of nine innings ran up over the hundred mark, has such a game been seen. The game was called because of darkness at the end of the eighth inning, when the score was 51 to 25 in favor of the Chester terrace people.

* * *

The Continental Field Trials club, of Pittsburg, after consultation with many sportsmen of the Northwest, will give two stakes—a derby, to be called the Minnesota derby, and an all-aged stake, known as the Northwestern stake, entries confined to the states of North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota, Iowa and Wisconsin; dogs to have been owned by owners entering them ninety days previous to date of trials, which will be held Aug. 25, 1897. Professional handlers and dogs that have won in recognized field trials, barred. The stakes will be run under the following conditions:

Minnesota derby, open to all pointers and setters whelped on or after Jan. 1, 1896, and owned in the above named five states; $3 to be paid as forfeit when entry is made and $2 additional to start, payable at the time of drawing of the dogs, on the evening of Aug. 24. First prize, 25 per cent of stake and a probable trophy; second prize, 25 per cent; third, 20 per cent, and fourth 15 per cent.

The Northwestern Stake (all-age dogs), with same entrance money, forfeit and starting fee. The club will donate a solid silver cup of $50 value to the winner of the first prize. The division of the money will be the same as in the derby—25 per cent to first, 25 per cent to second, 20 per cent to third and 15 per cent to fourth.

The club will endeavor to select a central point accessible by railroad, and which will most likely be in Traverse county, Minn., where chickens were very plentiful last season and so reported now. The grounds, wherever selected, will be protected, and the trials begin on Aug. 25. Arrangements have been made with the state game warden to hold them on that date, as no chickens are killed during the trials. Entries for the Minnesota derby will close July 1, 1897, at which time all nominations must be made. Entries for the Northwestern stake will close July 15, 1897. The fee to nominate is $3, which must accompany each entry.

W. S. Bell, a thoroughly capable judge, has been agreed upon to judge both stakes, which is a guarantee that the best dogs—regardless of ownership—will win. And while he is the regular secretary of the club, S. A. Smart, general baggage agent of the Great Northern railroad at St. Paul, will act as local secretary, receiving entries and giving desired information. The purpose of the Continental club in giving these trials, in which only amateurs will be allowed to handle their dogs, is to get the sportsmen of the Northwest, who are known to own good dogs—some of the best in the land—interested and aroused, so they can yearly meet in friendly rivalry and enjoyment and make this one of the field trial events of the future.

* * *

After a great deal of discussion by the managers of Peter Maher and Tom Sharkey, it appears to be definitely settled that these heavyweights will battle under the auspices of William Brady June 9. There has been much competition among club managers for this bout, as it is regarded as one of the most attractive contests that can be brought off in New York. Tom O'Rourke, of the Broadway Athletic club, was the first to make an offer for this match after the men had agreed upon a meeting, and $8000 was the purse he was willing to give to have the men box at the Broadway club. This bid was soon raised to $10,000, and then along came Brady with an offer of $11,000. Since signing the men he has secured control of the Palace Athletic club, where the contest is cheduled to take place.

* * *

Frank Garrard, the Chicago lightweight, has gone to Toronto with his trainer, Harry Gilmore. He is to meet "Spike" Sullivan before the Toronto Athletic club tonight for a purse. Sullivan has won a long list of battles in the East during the last year and has come to be regarded as one of the most dangerous men of his class. He is scarcely a lightweight and is a trifle heavy for the featherweight division. He boxed Tommy White a six-round draw at Philadelphia recently. As the men met at catchweights it is only fair to White to suppose he gave the Boston lad a little weight. Sullivan and Garrard are to meet at 133 pounds, weighing in at 3 o'clock on the day of the meeting. This should give the Chicago man a trifle the best of the weights, for that is his best weight, while Sullivan is at his best at about 130 pounds. Chicago patrons of the ring look for Garrard to win handily. If they are not disappointed Garrard will try to get a match with "Kid" McPartland or any other of the crack lightweights. Jimmy Murphy is still anxious to meet Garrard. An attempt has been made several times to match these two, but they have never been able to quite agree on details. It is possible a match may be arranged should Garrard return from Canada a winner.

* * *

In about three weeks young Griffo, the terror of all the lightweights, will be let out of the King's county prison, and if he keeps away from the alehouses it is likely he will get on a match at once with some of the cracks of his class. He is one of the greatest freaks of the prize ring and during his tumultuous career has boxed the best men of his class, in and out of condition. While conspicuous as a boxer he was rarely, if ever, in condition, yet the wonderful showing he made marked him as a marvelous man. Just what he could do when thoroughly trained is a question, for his method has been to work well a few days and then get drunk. His confinement in the penitentiary has taken the ale and whisky out of his system, and it is said he is resolved never to drink again. Few will put much faith in his good intentions, but it is more than probable that for a time at least he will keep straight. If he trains faithfully for two or three battles we are likely to have a new lightweight champion. All the men in his class of championship pretentions will watch him very closely after he regains his freedom.

* * *

Inasmuch as both England and Scotland have failed after innumerable opportunities have been given them to regain the America's cup, Ireland is rapidly making up her mind to take a shy at it if permitted. It may not be very generally known, yet is nevertheless a fact, that Gould dirt has gained great distinction by the production of many of the finest sailing ships, as well as the largest and fastest steamers afloat, and in all fairness Mickey should be allowed to attempt to accomplish what both England and Scotland have so signally failed to do. The whole world has taken exceeding interest in the long continued competitions between our own and the British yachtsmen, and would undoubtless hail with favor the chance to witness an entirely new contestant enter the field. And such a thing might be that if the Irish yacht builders would condescend to avail themselves of the experience to be derived from the recent experiments, whether of their opponents or their friends, that the highly prized international mug would be lugged off over to some part of the British Islands.

* * *

Nobody will dispute the statement that John R. Gentry and Robert J are the kings of the light harness world. Gentry, with 2:00¼ checked up to his credit, and Bob with 2:01¾, are apparently safe in the glory of the title. Since their purchase by Lewis G. Tewksbury, he has seen to it that they have had as much care and attention as if they were rulers of a nation. The trappings and general equipment of the horses are the best that money could buy, and to add to the royal grooming a special car has been built for them at a cost of $25,000. The car, which has been in the New York Central railroad yard at Melrose, N. Y., for the past week, is one of the most luxuriously constructed traveling horse cars ever placed on rails. It is ready for use now, but will not be put in service until the great pacers are ready to go to Hartford where either one of them will start in the famous Charter Oak stakes. Both of the great horses are in the finest shape this spring and scores of enthusiastic admirers of the wonderful pacers confidently expect to see one or the other reach the two minute mark long before the coming campaign ends. It is the intention to follow the grand circuit a smuch as possible during the first three months of the campaign and to show at fairs only when a greater inducement is offered. While on the circuit one of the pacers will be entered in the free-for-all events, while the other will pace against time. It has not yet been decided which one will go against the record, for although Gentry is in excellent shape, yet Robert J, who is Mr. Tewksbury's favorite, has developed so well that he may be set up against his stable companion's record. The horses will make their first appearance at the Charter Oak track on July 5 when one of them will start in the Charter Oak stakes. Originally the purse was $3000, but this was raised to $6000 on condition that either Gentry or Robert J would start. The pointer, 2:02¼, in the race, and as there are many who believe that Star Pointer can show a clean pair of heels to either Gentry or Robert J, an interesting race is sure to be the result. Thomas Edison has made arrangements to photograph the race for his vitascope, for it is confidently expected that the two-minute mark will be reached.

* * *

The first output of official league averages reveals some pertinent facts regarding the heavy hitters. Many of the old heroes of the bat are missing from the honor list and there are only thirty-nine players within the .300 division—one-third of whom are youngsters who have not been more than fairly introduced into the society of the major body. Cincinnati shows up with two—Charles Miller and Claude Ritchey, with .357 and .327 to their credit. Pittsburg and Louisville have but one each, Dick Padden for the Pirates, and Fred Clarke for the Colo--- Washington has a pair in Demonreville and Mercer, while Philadelphia tops the list with six, followed by Baltimore with five, New York and St. Louis four, and Chicago, Cleveland and Brooklyn three each. Below .250 are such former giants at swatting the ball as Chief Zimmer, Jake Stenzel, Jimmy Ryan, Fred Ely, Ed McKean and Jack O'Connor. Such players as Malachi Kittredge, Zeke Vaughn, Charley Abbey, Ed Cartwright and Cupid Childs are below .200, while Anson has .077 and Morgan Murphy only .056. Philadelphia leads in team hitting and Louisville brings up the tail end. In fielding the Cincinnatis lead the procession. Of the thirty-nine heavy hitters sixteen are outfielders. There is a remarkable cluster of talent between .220 and .228, including such players as "Bid" McPhee, Hugh Jennings, George Smith, Ed McKean, Jim Canavan, Billy Clingman and Fred Ely.

* * *

Some rowing critics, notably Casper Whitney, of Harper's Weekly, still insist that Cornell has changed its stroke in the past few years. The following extract from a letter from Tom Hall, the famous 'varsity stroke of the '94 freshman crew, the '91, '92, '93, '94 'varsity crews and the Henley crew will be evidence to the contrary:

"I sincerely hope that Cornell will have success on the water this year. The importance of victory cannot be overestimated. Not only are we competing against Yale, but also against English methods. That the Cornell stroke has not been changed to an English one I know full well; had such been the case, I should feel doubtful of victory. We may have learned several things while we were in England, but our defeat there can be accounted for in other ways than that the stroke was in fault."

* * *

Fred C. Ross, of Brooklyn, and the champion rifle shot of America, will be one of a party of American shots who will cross the herring pond this year to participate in the various tournaments to be held in the different European cities. For several years past, Zimmerman, the New York crack, has been the only American to draw a bead with the marksmen of John Bull's domain, and be it said to his credit that he is yet to meet his first defeat. Only last summer he beautifully waxed the great Swiss marksman, who for a decade has been recognized as the champion of the continent, but Zimmerman outshot him so thoroughly that he appeared but the veriest tyro. Next month these two great American riflemen, together with a dozen members of the Independent Rifle corps, will leave for England, and while across will visit Germany, Holland, France, Switzerland and Italy. Ten years ago it was thought by the local riflemen that John Petty would make a good opponent for the champion riflemen of the day, and preparations were made to send him to New York to compete in the annual tournament, but for some cause or other the project miscarried and John was denied the opportunity of measuring nerve with the experts of the country.

COMPLEXION INDICATIONS.

The complexion of persons whose digestion is out of order, who are bilious, or who lack vigor, always exhibits an unhealthy tint. It is by regulating the bodily organs and promoting digestion and assimilation, that the parchment hue indicative of ill health, is banished from the cheeks. To rectify the fault of a sallow complexion, use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an invigorant and alterative which removes those obstacles to renewed strength, physical comfort and personal attractiveness—an imperfect digestion and secretion, and a disordered condition of the bowels. Persistence in the use of this inestimable corrective and tonic will assuredly result in renewed physical regularity and vigor, will tend to increase bodily substance, and cause the glow and clear color of health to return to the sallow, wasted cheek.

RAT PORTAGE AND RETURN, $18.

MINING CONVENTION, JUNE 2-4.

The above rate will be made via Port Arthur by Beatty line steamer, leaving Duluth, May 29, and Booth line steamer, leaving May 30. Tickets will be issued on the certificate plan, and will be good for thirty days from date of sale. The rate includes meals and berths on the steamers. For further particulars, apply to T. H. Larke, commercial agent, 426 Spalding House block, Northwest Transportation company, No. 1 Lyceum building, and the A. Booth Packing company.

Who opened that bottle of
HIRES Rootbeer?
The popping of a cork from a bottle of Hires is a signal of good health and pleasure. A sound the old folks like to hear—the children can't resist it.
HIRES Rootbeer
is composed of the very ingredients the system requires. Aiding the digestion, soothing the nerves, purifying the blood. A temperance drink for temperance people.
Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Phila.
A package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

DR. POWELL

Publicly Indorses Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets as the Best Remedy Ever Offered For Nervous Diseases.

Union block, corner Fourth and Cedar streets, St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 14, 1897.

Gentlemen: For nearly a year I have been giving your "Kola (Charcot's) Tablets" to my patients. Am now prepared to submit the names and addresses of thirty-seven cases cured of nervous maladies, twenty greatly benefited, and seventeen upon which the remedy acted as a tonic. I consider your (Charcot's) Kola Tablets the best remedy ever offered to the public, as a proprietary medicine, and far superior to the prescriptions of the average doctor, in cases of Nervous Debility or broken down constitutions from excesses and overwork. This being an unsolicited indorsement, based upon the use of the Tablets for almost a year, you may use it as you like. Yours truly, D. FRANK POWELL, M. D.

Hundreds of physicians are prescribing Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets with great success for Nervous Debility, Sleeplessness, Nervous Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Impaired vigor and all other conditions resulting from a debilitated nervous system. Dr. Charcot's Tablets cure where many other remedies fail. A trial will convince you. Fifty cents and $1 per box. Write for testimonials of cures. Eureka Chemical and Manufacturing company, La Crosse, Wis.

TRAMPS

The Season In Which They Arrive Will Soon Be at Hand.

Stow Themselves Away In Boats and Make the Journey From the East.

Wind Up In the Harvest Fields and Do Some Hard Work.

The summer tramp season in the Northwest has just fairly begun and the "hobo," "yaparino," or whatever he may be called is just now making his way from the Eastern cities to begin his summer wanderings that are generally wound up in the great harvest fields of the Northwest.

Duluth, being the most western point obtainable by the lake route, is a favorite point for these waifs and strays to make for. These vagrants, for the greater part, are not of the same species as the tramp of the East. Most of them will work if they can obtain some employment that is not too irksomely regular. They work upon the docks loading and unloading vessels, or they will take a shovel and pick for a short time. Not for long, however, the first, or at most the second pay day satisfies their ambition, and, if their few hard earned dollars escape the clutches of the nearest dive-keeper, they push out further West, ever recalling to mind the adage which says "far off fields are green."

Nor is the summer harvest tramp generally a criminal, although his idea of the law is a something to be dreaded, as interfering with his inalienable right to go as he pleases, but he is a restless and rather discontented man as a rule. His is the vote that is controlled by the corner beer seller and to him the policeman too often appears as a killjoy and a disconcerted disturber of his convivial moments.

To be sure some awful crimes have emanated at different times from among the class of men referred to, and, the Stillwater penitentiary has within its walls today more than one criminal tramp sent from St. Louis county. As a rule however his offenses against the law are mostly induced by drinking and are of a character that meet with punishment in the police court.

Where the summer tramp disappears to in the winter season, or how he gets there, is a conundrum. He makes for some city, that is sure, but, strange to say his winter exodus from the Northwest is not nearly so recognizable as is his summer incursion. He comes in a body but he melts away singly. In many cases going South like the wild geese with the approach of the cold weather.

Before he gets as far as the head of the lakes, however, the westbound tourist has to encounter many difficulties. If he has the good luck to stow away on one of the big freight steamers that come straight up the lakes from Erie ports, he may get through this part of his journey with comparative ease and a few kicks and blows in some cases. But if a tenderfoot attempts to stow away in a passenger boat, or in a package freighter, he gets booted ashore at the first port she touches at and has a hard time getting another chance for a free ride. Some few come in "side door Pullmans" between the brake beams of the trains, but these are the exceptions and not the rule. The wise tourist prefers the lake trip to the certainty of having to count the for at least a large part of his journey westward.

To the tramp of this kind, the man who will work by fits and starts, just enough to "keep him eatin'," as he express it, the cheap lodging house keeper, who furnishes shelter for the night at prices ranging from ten cents to a quarter, looks for custom and support. For 10 cents apiece, the tired tramp and his pard can enjoy eight hours sleep in a bed. There are beds and bels and those of the tramp lodging houses are not, as may well be imagined, of the most luxurious kind, but still they are comfortable enough to the weary tramp. The "boss" is usually a good fellow enough, but he is generally endowed with a sufficiency of muscular ability to conduct his establishment up to a strict "knock down and drag out" system should the occasion arise.

There are other places where the weary harvest tourist can rest for the night in Duluth and among these are the Bethel upon Lake avenue and the branch of the same institution in the bowery, but these places are redolent of cleanliness and religion and the genuine hobo holds both of these good things in aversion and much prefers the comparative freedom of the common lodging house.

A glance through the cheap lodging houses at the hour of 11 o'clock, when the saloons close their doors and the homeless and unfortunate begin to seek a place of rest, is suggestive of many a hidden tale of misery and hopeless, friendless misfortune. It is not the strong lunged, heavy listed, every day lodger that there attracts attention, but it is the nervous shrinking wreck of better days that excites the pity of the casual intruder. Upon nearly every one of this kind of cheap-lodging seekers are to be noticed unmistakable signs of intemperance and dissipation. They are not tramps by choice. They are not working their way West through a mere restless desire to go somewhere, where big wages are to be earned by a short spell of unremitting toil and cold hardship, so that a glorious carousal may follow, but they are the veritable children of misfortune who are forever outside the pale of responsibility and who, worst of all, are well aware of their wretched condition.

It is hard, indeed, if not nearly impossible to give comfort to such as these, and the greatest charity to most of them is to pretend not to notice that which is so painfully apparent and so sad to see.

It is not to this class, however, that the less in his condition and when he gets ready to leave for his ultimate destination, to help garner the wheat crops, he starts away hidden in a box car or upon foot, as gaily as if he were going to a picnic. Once in the farming district he gets to work as soon as he can, and if his employer understands how to handle him, he will have earned a snug little sum of money before the snow flies. But he must be handled judiciously and kept under a firm discipline, which, strange to say, as a rule he submits to, knowing that it is for his good.

The fortunes of the peripatetic harvester, after he has been paid off, are hard to follow. He invariably makes for the nearest town that has a railroad and from there he scatters himself broadcast over the earth. Where he finally goes to or what he does during the winter is a sealed book except to himself, but as sure as once navigation is again open upon the lakes, his tribe begins to make its appearance in Duluth and the summer invasion of the Northwest by the harvest tramp is once more inaugurated for the season.

A POPULAR RESORT.

Lake Park hotel, at Lake Minnetonka, is the most popular tourist resort in Minnesota. It is only a half hour's ride from Minneapolis, and reached by frequent trains. The accommodations are in every way of the best, and prices extremely reasonable. Good fishing, boating, yachting and bathing. Hotel will open for the season of 1897 on June 24. For further particulars and a beautifully illustrated pamphlet, address

A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., M. & St. L. R. R.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

DR. HOBBS

PROPHECY PROVES TRUE.

During the Past Five Weeks There Has Been in Duluth and Vicinity a Remarkable Amelioration of the Sufferings of Those Troubled With Kidney Disease.

In Fact, Some Druggists Say That Fully One-Third of Those Afflicted People Have Been Cured, or Greatly Benefited, by the Heroic Action of

DR. HOBBS SPARAGUS KIDNEY PILLS.

Amongst the vast number of testimonials given in favor of Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills, it may be easily inferred that a large proportion of these are from people who prefer that their names should not be published.

In deference to the wishes of these people, all such testimonials, while on file in the office of the Hobbs Remedy company, are held strictly confidential.

Other, however, feeling that their testimonial may be of benefit to thousands of similar sufferers, are anxious that the world at large should know the great good Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills are accomplishing.

In view of the convincing testimonials regarding this thoroughly effective but harmless remedy, which have already been published in this paper, it is hardly necessary to suggest that all persons, however intelligent, who have any kidney difficulty, backache, rheumatism, etc., should promptly take advantage of Dr. Hobbs grand discovery, if they have the least desire to get rid of such ailments.

There may be some who are yet in doubt as to the curative effects of Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills, and for the benefit of all such persons, we produce below, further convincing proofs of the validity of Dr. Hobbs' claims.

"My Kidneys Cease to Pain Me Any More. Your Pills Are All Right."

Binghamton, N. Y., Sept. 28, 1896.

I have been crippled with rheumatism for many, many years and suffered during that time untold agony, at times the pains being unbearable. Not only did I have rheumatism, but physicians said I had Bright's disease—I know I had awful pains in the back, and my kidneys bothered me terribly. A short time ago I got some of Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills and thought I would try them and see if they were any good. To my surprise, my rheumatism has disappeared and my kidneys have ceased to pain me any more. It seems to be your Sparagus Pills that have fixed me in such good shape, for I am now comparatively a well man. Your pills are all right.

DAN. S. BILLS.
Conklin Avenue.

"I Feel it my Duty to Recommend this Remedy"

Jamestown, N. Y., Nov. 7, 1896.

Having had a great deal of trouble with fy kidneys, I thought I would try your Sparagus Kidney Pills, and after using one box I received great benefit. I have tried other remedies, but never before could I feel like recommending a kidney medicine, but I do feel it my duty to recommend Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills to all troubled with disease of the kidneys, and am glad that at last I have found a reliable remedy.

FRED F. GREEN.
60 Marvin Street.

Feels that She Owes Dr. Hobbs a Debt of Gratitude.

Cortland, N. Y., Oct. 26, 1896.

As a debt of gratitude I owe you for the great benefit Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills have done me. I feel I ought to say a kind word for them. Until I procured a box of your pills, I was troubled with pains in back and sides almost continually. After using the Pills I was entirely cured.

MRS. MARY SPENCER.

Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills, 50 cents a box. Six for $2.50.

FOR SALE BY

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
335 West Superior St., Cor. 4th Ave., DULUTH, MINN.

A Few Summer Excursions.

VIA "THE NORTHWESTERN LINE."

San Francisco, Cal., meeting Y. P. S. C. E. One-way tickets on sale June 29 to July 3, $29.

Nashville, Tenn., Tennessee centennial. Round-trip tickets on sale daily, $43.30.

Minneapolis-St. Paul, annual meeting Grand lodge B. P. O. Elks. Round-trip tickets on sale July 5 and 6, $4.30.

Milwaukee, Wis., N. E. A. Round-trip tickets on sale July 3, 4 and 5, $13.30.

Buffalo, N. Y., G. A. R., Aug. 21 and 22. Rates to be announced later.

Besides the above mentioned excursions, summer tourist tickets to Colorado and to other summer resorts in general are on sale daily until Oct. 15 at greatly reduced rates. For tickets and information call on your local agent or address B. W. Summers, agent, 405 West Superior street, Duluth.

FAST MAIL SLEEPING CAR SERVICE.

VIA "THE MILWAUKEE.

Beginning Sunday, May 9, and every day thereafter, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will run a palace sleeping car on the government fast mail train, leaving Minneapolis at 6:25, and St. Paul at 6:55 p. m. Passengers taking this car will reach Chicago at 8:10 o'clock the following morning, early enough to make all Eastern and Southern connections, as well as to give business people a full day in Chicago before departure of evening trains. The vestibuled, electric-lighted limited continues to leave Minneapolis at 7:30 and St. Paul at 8:10 p. m., arriving at Chicago at 9:30 the following morning.

For sleeping car space, address

J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't. Gen'l. Pass. Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

LEAVES DULUTH 6:30 P. M.

SOUTH SHORE'S NEW SCHEDULE.

Business men going East may now put in a full day at the desk and take dinner at home instead of hurrying to catch a train in the middle of the afternoon.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP. SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

if she uses Santa Claus Soap. It cleans quickly, easily, well, the clothes you wear, the dishes you use. In the laundry it saves clothes, and makes your work light. Get a cake of

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

at once, and give it a trial. Sold everywhere.

Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO.

POORLY PAID.

State Treasurers Generally In That Condition.

Municipal, rather than state, debts have increased very rapidly of late years in the United States, and the provisions for keeping state funds safe as a rule much less stringent and comprehensive than those regulating the custody of the public funds of cities. The loss of state funds by neglect, embezzlement, or error is not an unusual thing ,and in the opinion of some persons the inadequacy of the pay of the state treasurers has something to do with this, says the Philadelphia Record.

The state debt of Missouri is $5,500,000, but the state treasurer of Missouri, who is the custodian of the public moneys, receives a salary of only $3000, $1000 more than a New York alderman and $2000 less than the city of New York pays the mayor's secretary. Minnesota has a debt of $2,000,000, and the state treasurer receives $3500 as salary. The state treasurer of New Hampshire, the debt of which is $1,700,000, gets $1800 a year, and the state treasurer of Michigan receives $800 a year for his valuable services. The state debt of Alabama is nearly $10,000,000, but the state treasurer of Alabama, the lawful custodian of its public funds, gets only $2100. The state treasurer of Arkansas gets $2250, and the state treasurer of California $3000. Nevada pays her state treasurer $2400, Mississippi pays her state treasurer $2500, and Washington pays her treasurer $2000. The state treasurer of West Virginia receives $1400 a year for his services, and the treasurer of South Carolina, the bonded debt of which is $6,000,000, receives $1950, which is $50 a year less than the salary of the state treasurer of Virginia, the public debt of Virginia being $23,000,000. The state treasurer of Vermont, a commonwealth whose finances are in a flourishing condition, gets $1700 a year; the treasurer of Iowa, which has no public debt, but has public funds in excess of any claims against them, gets $2200, and the treasurer of Delaware, which has a considerable debt, gets $2000. Georgia pays her treasurer the same sum, $2000, but Connecticut, one of the richest of the states, and one in which the credit of the commonwealth is very high, pays only $1500, which is $500 less than the treasurer of Florida receives for safeguarding its assets. The treasurer of Louisiana receives $2000, of Maryland $2500, and of Kentucky $3600. Idaho pays her state treasurer only $1000, and Oregon $800. The state treasurer of New York receives $5000; the state treasurer of Massachusetts, $5000; the state treasurer of Colorado (women vote in Colorado), $6000, and the state treasurer of Pensylvania, $7400. The state treasurer of New Jersey receives $6000, and North Carolina, though a poor state, pays her state treasurer the same salary as she pays her governor. It may be said, generally, that the more progressive states pay the highest salaries to their treasurers, and those which have the most serious defalcations pay the least. In some states the treasurer is empowered to lend the public funds, where there are any.

SHOE EYELETS.

There are many things that are sold by the gross, and not a few that are sold by the thousand, but there are not many that are sold by the million. Among the things that are sold, however, are shoe eyelets, says the New York Sun.

Shoe eyelets are made of brass, by machines whose operation is almost entirely automatic. Three or four machines are required to produce the eyelet in the form in which it is sold, the brass being fed into the first machine in thin, flat strips. As sold to the shoe manufacturer, the eyelet is turned down at one end only. The eyelets look as much as anything like so many little hats with narrow brims and without any tops in the crowns. The upper end of the crown, which is like the end of a little cylinder, is put through the eyelet hole in the shoe, the finished brim or flange of the eyelet resting against the leather upon the outside. After the eyelet has been thus put in place its inner end is turned down on the leather by a machine made for that purpose. In the manufacture of the eyelets a number of very slight vertical indentations are mad at qual distances dentations are made equal distances apart in the outside of the eyelet around the smooth straight end. When the shoe machine smashes down the inner side of the eyelet the the metal parts at these indentations are spread uniformly, thus giving it a secure hold.

Eyelets are made of various sizes in diameter and of various lengths of shank or cylinder, according to the thickness of the material with which they are to be used, and after they come from the machines they are finished in great variety. Some are finished white—these are silver plated; some are gilt finished and some are coppered. Eyelets are Japanned in black or in various shades of russet. They are, in fact, made in any size and of any color that may be desired. Sooner or later the japanning wears off, exposing the brass. There are now made shoe eyelets that are covered with celluloid, which keep their color, but these are much more expensive than the kinds comonly used.

Shoe eyelets are packed in boxes containing 1000, 10,000, 250,000 and half a million each. Eyelets of the kinds most commonly used are sold, according to sizes and styles, at prices ranging from $60 to $135 a million. Some of the celluloid-covered eyelets sell for as much as $500 a million.

The sale of shoe eyelets depends, of course, somewhat upon the prevailing style of sho. When button shoes are more generally worn, not so many shoe eyelets are sold, but the number is always very large.

Eyelets are made for a wide variety of uses, up to the great eyelets that are sewed into the corners of sails, through which the sail is lashed to the end of the boom or yard. Taking them all together, the number is enormous. Of shoe eyelets alone there are sold in this country some thousands of millions annually.

WHERE FISHING IS GOOD.

Those looking for the best fishing grounds are reminded of Lake Tetonka, at Waterville, and Madison lake, on the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad.

Wall-eyed pike, bass and crappies are found in great abundance at both of these lakes, which have not been fished out to the extent of some of the older and better known localities.

Excellent hotel accommodations, boats, bait, etc., on hand, and all charges are very reasonable.

For further information, address,

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Minneapolis, Minn.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

ZENITH CITY VS. WEST DULUTHS at Baseball park Saturday and Sunday at 3 p. m.

For Rent.

From June 1—an

8-Room House, All Modern Conveniences,

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$30 Per Month.

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BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Phila., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, Unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Wheels and Their Riders.

The wheeling fraternity has been all wrapped up this week in the event which was scheduled to take place on London road this afternoon, the annual road race of the Duluth Cycle club. This event has become in the course of several years to be considered as a fixture in the Northwest, and a great many swift riders not only in Duluth, but in other cities look forward to it every year. The prospects were that this year's road race would be considerably in advance of those of previous years.

* * *

When the road race is out of the way the next thing in prospect is Fourth of July, and the club will begin to make preparations for racing on that day as soon as it has recovered from the effects of today's race. There will be a good program of events and a large list of entries.

* * *

The Y. M. C. A. club is still talking about its championship races. The gold medal is finished, and the other medals will soon be forthcoming. The details for the race have not yet been fixed, but they will soon be arranged, as the races are to take place in a few weeks.

* * *

Baseball of the decidedly amateur order, is in the air now. The Chester terrace nine having defeated the Ashtabula terrace club, the Piedmont terrace people are out with a challenge to the winners for another game for the benefit of the Women and Children's home.

It is believed that the home will be ahead about $100 on Wednesday's game.

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern office team and the South Shore office club are each spolling for a game, and arrangements for one will probably be made. The telegraph operators on the Duluth and Minneapolis boards of trade are also talking of a game to be played soon.

* * *

Owing to the fact that I have been a wheelman from boyhood I can, perhaps, speak more understandingly regarding diseases that result from bicycle riding than a physician who has merely gained his knowledge from observation, says a doctor in the Medical Journal.

It seems to me that a word in connection with the bicycle in its relation to health is always in season. The family doctor is constantly called upon to express an opinion as to the wisdom of cycling in individual cases, and, unless he happens to be personally devoted to the habit, under which circumstances he is likely to regard the wheel as an almost universal panacea for human ills, he is apt to consider it as most direful in its physical results.

For his benefit and that of the tyro who contemplates the purchase of his first wheel, and the scorcher, who is in the habit of devastating the ranks of mankind like the ancient car of Juggernaut, I would suggest to all cyclists the observance of the following ten rules. If these rules were followed in their entirety, objections to the use of the wheel from a health basis would soon cease to be heard:

1. In purchasing a wheel take as much care to have it fit you as you would in obtaining a gown or a suit of clothes.

2. Be sure that when sitting upright you do not have to reach to maintain the ball of the foot on the pedal during an entire revolution. In other words, when the pedal has reached the most distant point from the body be sure there is a slight bend in the leg at the knee.

3. Adjust the handle bars at a level which, when the arms are fully extended, will keep the body in an almost upright position. In riding long distances the handle bars should be dropped a trifle, so as to increase the leverage by a backward as well as a forward push.

4. Before purchasing a wheel make an arrangement with the dealer whereby you may be allowed to make trials of different saddles until you find one that is perfectly comfortable, for a properly fitting saddle is the most necessary element in safe and comfortable riding. No one saddle will fit all riders; sometimes many must be tried before the correct model is found. Incline to a saddle that is stiff and moderately provided with springs, and which is broad and short, rather than long and narrow. A soft saddle, whether of padded leather or inflated rubber, will always chafe when ridden a long distance. The pommel found on the majority of saddles is a very necessary adjunct; it cannot be dispensed with. There must be sufficient cut out at the sides of the saddle so that there will be no interference with the muscles of the interior and posterior aspect of the thigh on the downward stroke. This lack of common concavity to the sides is a common defect in the many so-called anatomical saddles. The most importnat object to be attained in the adjustment of the saddle is to have the pommel high enough to give the body a slight tendency to slip backward, thus keeping the weight off the perineum, as it is most important that it should be borne by the gluteal muscles and the tuberosities of the isthium.

5 The average woman should never ride a wheel geared higher than sixty-four inches. Remember that the higher the gear the greater the power required to move a given distance.

6. After having become accustomed to the use of a bicycle, never take a ride so long that a good night's sleep will not entirely remove all traces of fatigue. Twenty-five to fifty miles a day, according to the surface of the country, should not be exceeded by the average rider.

7. Always walk up a steep hill; it will save your heart.

8. Never ride simply with the idea of arriving at the earliest possible moment at a given distance; ride for the pleasure that is to be gotten from it.

9. While riding use the same sense in drinking that you would in watering a horse. Also, like a horse, stick closely to water as a beverage. Remember that alcohol stimulates the heart and circulation in much the same way that exercise does, and that if you use it in any form while wheeling the reaction is speedy and long-reaching.

10. Never ride on a full stomach; it will interfere with the heart's action and respiration.

It is my earnest belief, based on years of experience, that an abuse of the exercise of bicycle riding is strongly inimical to a proper physical condition. Properly used, it will be found to be most efficacious in the same class of cases in which physical exercise is usually recommended. Under these latter circumstances the so-called bicycle disease which physicians are compelled to treat would not exist at all.

* * *

There are 40,000 bicycles in use at Washington, and a majority of their owners are clerks in the various departments. Judging from the array of silent steeds stored in the basements and courtyards of Uncle Sam's big beehives, there has been a big revenue derived from the sale of these machines among one class of residents at the national capital. It is almost impossible to keep from stumbling over a rack of wheels anywhere in the lower portions of the department buildings, and every style of wheel manufactured in this country or abroad is represeented.

* * *

The feat of a Baltimore bicyclist who rode 170 miles in twelve hours, and 214 miles in twenty-four hours, seems to show that the new motor is superior to the horse in more ways than one. It is not only insensible to fatigue, but it is superior in points of both speed and endurance. Probably the best record ever made by a horse was that of the animal ridden by Count Stahrenberg, in October, 1892, which covered the distance from Vienna to Berlin, 400 miles, in 71 hours 34 minutes. This was far inferior to the 214 miles made by human muscle, with the aid of the wheel, in twenty-four hours. The horse can go where the bicycle cannot, but, given good roads, he stands no chance with it in a race against either time or distance.

* * *

Our regular army now includes a bicycle division. Secretary of War Alger has officially made this a branch of the regular service; Lieut. Moss has been ordered to drill his men by practice marches and make a trip from Fort Missoula, Mont., to St. Louis, Mo., and return. Lieut. Moss found by experience that his men could ride forty-five miles a day without any bad effects, and he believes that with practice they can average sixty miles a day with ease.

* * *

A Williamsport, Mass., man has invented a bicycle support which promises to increase the usefulness of the wheel for military purposes. The arrangement of the device is extremely simple. A brakelike appliance joined to the handlebar when slightly pressed drops two light steel supports to the ground. Upon these supports the bicycle rests, and the rider, after coming to a standstill, and without dismounting, can use both hands for any purpose. Touching a small spring of the handlebar sends the supports back into place again. The whole affair weighs less than one pound.

For years military men have been looking for a bicycle support that would enable riders to remain "a-wheel" while loading and firing. The one great objection to the use of the bicycle in the army has been its inability to stand alone. The new invention enables the soldier to halt without dismounting and to execute the most intricate movements, which heretofore were impossible.

Gen. Miles and other army bicycle enthusiasts have given much thought to the use of the wheel in actual warfare. Its failure to stand alone has been the chief argument used against it. When a bicycle corps got fairly under way on a good road no difficulty was experienced. A halt, however, meant dismount, and each man was compelled to hold fast to his machine. The new support overcomes this obstacle, and the silent steed is now under greater control than the horse.

* * *

A tire invention which the inventor intends shall be a most successful rival to the pneumatic tires now so widely used is soon to be given a trial. It is claimed it will not be susceptible to the small tack, glass, etc., to so disastrous an extent as the pneumatic tires are. It is made of sections of cork which are almost solid, the center being made of an endless coil spring, which holds the section of cork firmly. Any section of cork may easily be removed and renewed. The spring acts something like a bracelet, which removes from the wrist by stretching the spring a little. Whether this will wear as well or better than the pneumatic rubber tire remains to be seen. It has not yet been tried, but the inventor claims everything for it.

* * *

An association in England makes it a business to lease bicycles by the year or quarter-by to women only. It is a co-operative concern and one of its officials is Mrs. W. T. Stead, the wife of the well-known reformer and writer. Wheels are bought for the lowest cash price obtainable, and the rental rates for these successive years are calculated to figure up to the usual retail market price charged for the cycle in the open market.

The machines can be obtained from the association by signing an agreement after applicants have satisfied the officers that they can ride. Machine are not rented to beginners. Lessees can share the use of a rented wheel with one or more members, if desired. All the wheels are insured to cover fire, theft or accident. The patronage of the association thus far has been very liberal, sufficient to warrant the continuation of the scheme.

* * *

One should learn to stop easily, instead of dismounting while riding at pretty high speed; one should learn to back pedal and slip lightly from the saddle, without the appearance of either effort or haste. Those who create the most complimentary comment are those whose movements suggest ease and repose, rather than those who hurry along and accomplish things with perceptible effort.

After one has learned to ride a few hours should be spent in practicing how to dismount properly. The left pedal should be at its lowest point, and, placing all of one's weight upon this foot, the right is passed quickly, and should touch the ground first. This is a simple and graceful way to alight and may be acquired in a short time.

* * *

Membership in the League of American Wheelmen cannot be estimated by the simple cash outlay necessary to become a member. The cost is $2 the first year and $1 a year thereafter, but this by no means represents the value received. Some of the more important advantages may be enumerated as follows: "A road book giving information regarding all routes and roads in the section of the state in which you live, 10 to 20 per cent reduction at good hotels throughout the country when traveling, guaranty of legal protection of your rights as a wheelman, fifty-two issues of a bright and interesting bicycle paper and a discount on all bills for bicycle repairs. There are 101 other reasons why every rider of a wheel should be a member of the organization, but these appeal more than the others because of the direct personal benefit gained." The membership is growing at a rapid rate.

RAILROADS OF RUSSIA.

The state of Illinois has 10,690 miles of railroad, Iowa 8500, and Michigan 7500. The three states—Illinois, with a land area of 56,000 square miles; Iowa, with a land area of 55,000 square miles, and Michigan, with a land area of 57,000—have collectively 26,190 miles of railroad, or more than the entire of Russia had, according to the last official reports, which showed that at the beginning of the present year the total length of railways open for traffic in Russia was 25,975 miles, of which 15,230 miles belonged to the state, exclusive of 945 miles of the Trans-Caspian railroad, which is in the hands of the minister of war. The area of Russia in Europe is Asia, 6,400,000 square miles, a total 2,100,000 square miles, and of Russia in of 8,500,000 square miles. This deficiency of communication, however, is being, if not rapidly, at least steadily, overcome, and it is computed that there are now 6000 miles of roads in course of construction, and it is estimated that by the end of the century there will be something like 32,000 miles of railroad in the Russian empire, two-thirds belonging to the state.

The growth of the railroad system in Russia modestly began in 1837, has been very rapid since 1890. The first road constructed was sixteen miles long, from St. Petersburg to Tsarskoe-Selo, and in 1849 this was the only line in the empire. At that time the United States had in operation 2800 miles. In 1850 the mileage of Russian railroads had increased to 500 miles, and in 1860 it was still less than 1000. The railroad mileage of the United States in the summer of 1860 was 30,000 miles. In 1870 the mileage of Russian railroads was 7000 miles; in 1880 is was 14,000; in 1890 it was 19,500. It has since increased with such rapidity that it is stated to be expected that before 1900 there will be 32,000 miles of railroad in Russia, though, of course, these figures compare poorly with the totals in the United States, where there are now 180,000 miles of railroads. One difficulty from which the railroads of Russia have been and suffered severly has been the lack of freight business. In other words, the Russian railroads have been run chiefly for passenger traffic, the profits of which are relatively small and the expenses of which are inordinately large. Up to twenty-five years ago the railroads of Russia carried twice as many passengers in a year as they did tons of freight, though gradually the disparity between the two has been lessened, and since 1880 the proportion of freight carried has been materially larger than heretofore. In the United States about 70 per cent of the railroad earnings are from freight, and this is the chief item of profit in operation on all the lines. The Russians are beginning to utilize their railroad facilities for the transportation of freight to a greater extent than was formerly the case with them, and as a result of this, managers of the various lines have found it profitable to extend them.

SOMETHING TO DEPEND ON.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with la grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into hasty consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from first dose, and half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

QUICKEST TIME EVER MADE, DULUTH TO SAGINAW.

Will be attained by the new passenger schedule of the South Shore, effective Sunday, May 29, leaving Duluth at 6:30 p. m., (except Saturday), arriving Saginaw at 6:27 p. m. the next day. Returning passengers may leave Saginaw at 7 a. m. by Flint & Pere Marquette, arriving in Duluth at 8:50 a. m. (except Sunday).

$4.30 St. Paul-Minneapolis and return, via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, June 1 and 2. Three trains daily. The shortest and quickest line.

The Hand THAT ROCKS THE CRADLE rules the world. But few appreciate the danger to which the expectant mother is exposed, and the foreboding with which she looks forward to the hour of approaching motherhood. By the use of

"Mother's Friend"

the body is made to yield pleasantly to the change. Headache and nausea are dispelled, the depressed and nervous feeling yields to one of hopeful expectation. Danger to life of mother is avoided, and she passes through the trial quickly and her recovery is rapid.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of price, $1.00. Book to "Expectant Mothers" free upon application.
The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Crescent

Fixed Quality.

Fixed Prices.

There is no variation in Crescent quality. The Crescent you buy has the same beauty, strength and ease of running as the Crescent your neighbor rides. The experience of both will be the same in rare cycling pleasure.
And the enjoyment of neither will be marred by learning that one bought his Crescent cheaper than the other.

$75 $50

Bicycles.

WESTERN WHEEL WORKS,
Factory, Chicago.
CATALOGUE FREE. AGENTS EVERYWHERE.

C. D. TROTT,
106 West Superior Street,
AGENT FOR THE
"CRESCENT BICYCLE"
IN DULUTH.

News of the Suburbs.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Mary Nacey spent Monday shopping in Duluth.

Mrs. W. H. Sweet, of Mahtowa, spent Thursday in Smithville as the quest of Mrs. Albert Overton and Mrs. Emma Brink.

Mr. and Mrs. August Nelson and children spent Tuesday with friends in Duluth.

Mrs. Fred Hermann, of New Duluth, was making calls here Tuesday.

Mrs. Tillie Harkins and son Walter were among the visitors to Duluth Monday.

A little daughter arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Johnson Friday.

Mrs. Chambers, of Fond du Lac, spent Tuesday evening and Wednesday with Mrs. W. H. Smith, of Smithville.

W. C. Edwards was doing business in Duluth Tuesday.

Fred Garrett attended a meeting of the I. O. G. T. Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. John Seymour and children, of the West End, spent Sunday afternoon in Smithville.

Mr. Knight and children, of West Duluth, called in Smithville Sunday.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Folkerts has been quite sick for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Peterson from Zenith Park, were in Smithville Monday.

Miss Lillian Stearns was very pleasantly surprised at her home in Ironton Friday evening by a few of her young friends from Ironton and Smithville. The young people went with the intention of enjoying themselves and did so to the fullest extent. The evening was spent in music and playing games of various sorts. Refreshments were served at a seasonable hour. Those present were Misses Rosa Sullivan, Helen Griffin, Dorothy Dash, Lulu Nacey and Agnes Nacey and Willie Sullivan, John Boyd, Edward Payne, Walter Dash, Joe Nacey and Irving Stearns.

Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Walin and Mrs. Gilljegren and their children, of Twentieth avenue, were entertained by Mrs. Walin, of Spirit Lake, Saturday.

Mrs. W. H. Smith and son Roy spent Friday afternoon in Duluth.

The Sunday evening song service will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Payne, of Ironton.

John Ericson, of Duluth, a former resident of this place, called in Smithville Thursday morning.

The school entertainment which was to be given in Peterson's hall Friday evening, June 4, has been postponed until June 11.

Mrs. G. W. Burrell shopped in Duluth Monday.

Mrs. Walin and daughter Esther spent Saturday with relatives in Duluth.

Edward Payne, of Ironton, spent Monday evening in Duluth.

Willie Smith is spending a few days in Fond du Lac.

The ladies of the Swedish Sunday school and the ladies of the English Sunday school are making arrangements to have a joint ice cream social sometime within the next two weeks.

Axel Peterson was doing business in Duluth Thursday morning.

The Ironton Structural company has suspended operations until Superintendent Grey returns from New York.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Fred Hermann was calling on friends at Spirit Lake Tuesday.

Mrs. Kerr made a shopping trip to the city Wednesday.

Mrs. J. F. Hermann and Mrs. B. Reed were among Thursday's visitors to Duluth.

Rev. E. E. Day went to Duluth Thursday evening to meet his brother.

The early morning train is to be discontinued after Monday. This is a great inconvenience to this place, as the high school scholars are unable to get to school, and the business men have to remain in the city all day even though they have but a few minutes' business to transact.

J. F. Hermann returned Friday from an extended business trip.

Mrs. Becklinger was among Monday's visitors to the city.

After taking a month's rest the Women's Social league met with Mrs. T. C. Tower Thursday afternoon and will resume their work for the summer. A social for the near future was planned.

Vernon Laidley has been appointed mail carrier for this office.

A dance was given by the Gun club Monday evening at the Kulasavage block.

C. R. Ainsworth, of the Mausser-Sauntry Lumber company, was here Friday.

Will McGill has secured a position in Duluth and has left to begin work.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Presbyterian church served ice cream and strawberries at the Stewart block Thursday evening. Their tables were filled continually till after 10 o'clock, and a good round sum was added to their treasury.

The Baptist, Presbyterian and Congegational churches will hold union prayer meetings in future.

The women of the Presbyterian church met Saturday evening and reorganized their Ladies' Aid society. Mrs. McCuen was elected president, Mrs. F. A. Stewart, vice president, and Mrs. Charles McDonald treasurer.

The Sunday schools are beginning their practices for Children's day entertainments.

F. H. McGowan, of Duluth, has very satisfactorily repaired the organ at the Presbyterian church.

The usual services will be held in the churches Sunday. Rev. F. E. Higgins' topic for Sunday evening will be "Sowing and Reaping."

An entertainment was given at the Baptist hall Friday afternoon by the pupils of Stowe school in honor of Memorial day. It was very much enjoyed by the number of friends who attended it, and great credit is due the teachers for their painstaking care in getting it up. The hall was beautifully decorated in the national colors and presented a striking appearance. The following program was given: "The Flower Garden," second room; song, "Blue Are the Heavens," birds, first room; song, "Many Flags;" address to the flag, Albert La Salle; song, "When Johnny Comes Marching Home;" hoop drill, third grade; Gettysburg speech, Grace Reed; song, "Tramp, Tramp, Tramp;" "Captain, My Captain," Alice Jordan; song, "Who Will Care for Mother Now?" "Blue or Gray," Axel Peterson; song, "Rally Round the Flag;" "Driving Home the Cows," Mabel Bartz; song, "Tenting on the Old Camp Grounds;" "Right of Way," Fred Simpson; song, "Kingdom Comin';" "The Little Canteen," Goldie Warner; song, "The Vacant Chair," quartet; "Sheridan's Ride," John Berger; song, "Star Spangled Banner;" patriotic quotation, Mabel Reed; song, "Cover Them Over With Flowers," first and second grade; song, "Marching Through Georgia;" addresses by veterans; song, "America."

VIRGINIA.

Virginia, Minn., May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. C. McCraig, foreman of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad has about sixty men employed south of the town lowering the tracks, so it will be an easier grade for the hauling of ore from the Oliver and Commodore mines.

The Ohio began shipping ore this week; it employs about 100 men; loading is done altogether by hand.

Mayor P. M. Scott received a check from Andrew Carnegie, the great iron king of Pittsburg, for $1000 as a donation to the poor of Virginia, which was greatly needed and is appreciated by them.

J. Lampest, of Mankato, Minn., representing the Lampest, Hanson Lumber company, was in the city this week, and closed a deal with W. T. Bailey for 1,000,000 feet lumber which will be shipped during the summer.

S. A. Reid has rented the Central hotel and will move his stock of confections in the front part and run a restaurant and hotel in connection.

Memorial services will be held in the Methodist church Sunday morning. Rev. Charles Stevenson will occupy the pulpit and deliver a sermon suitable to the occasion.

L. M. Hansen was in the city yesterday and today. He says people on the ranges have about quit eating meat.

A. G. Kinston, of Tower, proprietor of the Iron Range Cash store, was in the city this week looking after his interests here.

Tom Dinham, the Duluth cigar man, transacted business in the city this week.

P. J. Gross, Jr., head pharmacist at H. A. Sodegren's drug store, left yesterday for a short visit to his old home in Escanaba, Mich.

Mrs. M. L. Fay and daughter, Miss Clara, returned last night from a six-weeks' visit to their old home in Michigan.

M. Shaurdling went to Minneapolis this week for a week's visit to his wife's parents.

Attorney J. D. Taylor was in Duluth on business this week.

Benjamin Milavetz, of the Iron Range Cigar company, went to Duluth yesterday on business.

E. J. Lydon, the fruit man from Duluth, was in the city this week.

W. H. Carpenter with the Duluth Imperial mills, did business in our city this week.

MESABA MATTERS.

Mesaba, May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Fanny Anderson, of Two Harbors, is the guest of Miss Emma Heglund.

James Tierney visited Biwabik Wednesday.

W. R. Miller spent Sunday at his home in Merritt.

Otto Scarp, who has been ailing for some time, left for the Duluth hospital Thursday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Glines were in Biwabik during the week.

Miss Hilda Nelson, of Allen Junction, spent Wednesday in Two Harbors.

James Tierney has moved into the house formerly occupied by P. W. Healy.

Charles Simpson went to Biwabik Saturday.

Mrs. Anderson visited Two Harbors Sunday.

Superintendent Drummond of the C. M. Hill Lumber company was in town Tuesday.

Andy Stole spent Sunday in Biwabik.

The children are recovering from the measles and are in their places at school again. There are still several cases of both measles and chicken pox in town.

Victor Nelson, of Allen Junction, was the guest of John McDonald Thursday.

Ed Cunrod, who has been working in the sawmill, left for Duluth Friday.

Mat Johnson and H. Becklund and their families moved over from Virginia and are now occupying the house recently vacated by J. Tierney.

The sawmill was closed Thursday afternoon to allow some repairs to be made.

J. P. Howes was in Mesaba Tuesday from Duluth.

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, Minn., May 29.—(Special to The Herald.)—Work will in all probability be again resumed at the Pioneer mine next Monday. Carpenters and other laborers have been notified to be on hand at that time. This is good news to our Ely citizens and will be received by them with joy. Shipping of ore from the stock piles was begun Monday, but was again discontinued the last of the week. The Pioneer has about 165,000 tons of ore in stock, and the amount shipped the first of the week was about 3000 tons. During the past few days work of repairing and getting things in readiness has been going on and the resumption of work will not be entirely unexpected. Manager Sturtevant of the company spent a few days in Duluth this week.

The Chandler steam shovel is doing considerable work, but the chief difficulty seems to be the securing of cars.

Peter Mattson and Henry Mattila were arrested Tuesday by Deputy Philip for illegal fishing. They were brought before Judge Cowling of the municipal court the same day and pleaded guilty to illegal fishing. They received a sentence of $50 or sixty days in the county jail. They did not have the cash and were taken to Duluth Wednesday.

Martin Pattison and party were in the city this week from West Superior.

John Hosking, who has been employed at the Pioneer mine for several years, left Thursday for Calumet, Mich., to seek employment. He will undoubtedly return in a day or so, as work will again be resumed at the Pioneer.

Rev. F. Clellan will conduct services at the Presbyterian church tomorrow.

William Holmes and Charles Leith returned Tuesday from a two weeks' visit at Will's claim on the Crane lake portage.

James Carey returned Monday from a few days' visit in Duluth.

Professor M. J. Tormely, of Tower, spent Sunday in the city.

John Roberts, of Soudan, spent Sunday in the city.

The Gun club shoot last Sunday was a success as far as good scores are concerned. Al Bedford and Louis Eisenach were tied for first on a score of 20. Mr. Bedford won out on the five points which were to decide the honors. John Columbo again wears the silver medal on a score of 14.

In all probability the Tower baseball aggregation and Gun club will arrive from that city tomorrow, providing the weather permits. The Ely gounds are in first-class condition and the home boys are eager to wallop their old enemies.

Miss M. Freeman is visiting in Virginia for a few days.

W. T. James spent Thursday in Duluth.

The social given by the I. O. G. T. last Saturday evening was fairly well attended and something like $15 was netted.

Paymaster Kelly and Dr. H. E. Minder visited in Duluth for a few days this week.

F. Wagner visited in Duluth Tuesday.

Fred McQuade was up from Duluth Wednesday.

The Temperance band serenaded the citizens Wednesday evening.

Con Sullivan spent a few days in Two Harbors this week.

ABOUT RED HAIR.

Since time immemorial red hair has been the object of ill-humored jokes—just why no one seems to know, unless that Judas Iscariot was thus endowed, says the San Francisco Examiner. And yet, despite the popular prejudice against auburn locks, there are few things more beautiful than a woman with such hair.

Red-headed women have played prominent parts in the world's history and have caused many a kingdom to tremble and even fall. Helen of Troy was red-headed, and she certainly caused trouble enough for one woman. Catherine I of Russia, Joan of Arc, Elizabeth of England, Mary Stuart, Anne of Austria, ex-Empress Eugenie, Ninon de l'Enclos, Lucretia Borgia and Beatrice Cenci had red hair and all are famous.

Nevertheless, it is a curious fact that in all ages there has been aversion to hair of this hue. Red has always been considered the color of war and bloodshed, and the cruelest gods of savage races have always been adorned with red topknots.

The ancient Egyptians were violently opposed to red hair, and once a year burned a maiden of this description in the hope of exterminating or lessening what they considered a curse.

In Spain red hair is abhorred on the ground that it is "Judas hair." Among some savage races red hair is held in great esteem, especially among some of the Alaskan tribes.

In New Zealand a red-haired woman is considered as on the right road to paradise.

Students of red hairology say that a woman thus adorned is more cruel, brighter, more deceptive and more ambitious than a woman having other color hair. Whatever truth there may be in this, it is a fact that red-haired women have a strange fascination for most men, and red-haired old maids are almost unknown.

THE TAX ON BEER.

There is much curiosity as to why the tax on beer was made $1.44 a barrel, instead of $1.45 or $1.50. The rate adopted sounds a good deal as if the senate committee was imitating the bargain counters in the department stores, but there is a deep and important significance in the figures, says the Chicago Record. They were adopted for the sake of convenience in mathematical calculations. One hundred and forty-four is the multiple of 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 12, which are the divisions used by the brewers in the sale of beer. In estimating and computing the taxes upon fractional parts of a barrel, $1.44 is much more convenient than $1.50 or $1.40 or $1.45. Thus the tax on half a barrel of beer will be 72 cents, the tax on a quarter of a barrel 36 cents, on a third of a barrel 48 cents, on a sixth of a barrel 24 cents, on an eighth of a barrel 18 cents. Even cents and no fractions enter into the calculation. Of course the government might require the brewers to sell beer in different quantities from those commonly used, but the officers of the internal revenue bureau think it would be better to adapt the law to the practice.

$4.30—EXCURSION RATES—$4.30

St. Paul, Minneapolis and Return.

The St. Paul & Duluth road has made a $4.30 rate to Minneapolis and return for the state meeting of the Knights of the Maccabees which will be held Wednesday, June 2. It is expected that a large delegation will go from Duluth.

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL

And return, $4.30, June 1 and 2, Omaha road.

Insist on the Genuine GOLD DUST

The best Washing Powder made. Best for all cleaning, does the work quickly, cheaply and thoroughly. Largest package—greatest economy.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

"EAST, WEST, HOME IS BEST," IF KEPT CLEAN WITH

SAPOLIO

SUPPLIES WANTED.

Notice is hereby given that up to 10 a. m. Saturday, June 5, 1897, the undersigned will receive sealed proposals for the furnishing of stationery, hardware, drugs, and other supplies for the use of the various departments of city work for the ensuing year, in accordance with specifications on file in the office of the city clerk of the city of Duluth.

Bidders must state the total amount for which they will furnish the articles named in the respective lists upon which they bid.

A certified check for 10 per cent of the amount of the bid to accompany each proposal, to be forfeited to the city in case of failure on the part of the successful bidder to furnish said supplies according to said list at the time and place specified for the delivery of the same.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 25, June 4 inclusive.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience. MIDY

Sold by all druggists.

CONTRACT WORK.—
Office of Board of Public Works,
Duluth, Minn., May 21, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m., on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1897, for the construction of plank sidewalks in said city as follows:

A 3-foot walk on the southerly side of Dodge street from Forty-third avenue east to Forty-fifth avenue east.

A 3-foot walk on the northerly side of Eighth street from Eighteenth avenue east to a point 250 feet easterly therefrom; and

A 3-foot walk on the west side of Sixty-eighth avenue west from Polk street to Main street, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of at least ten per cent of the total amount bid must accompany each proposal.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

W. H. SMITH,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 22 10 t.

LUMBER.—
Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., May 22, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 4th day of June, 1897, furnishing and delivering from time to time as it may be required anywhere within the limits of said city, about 250 M feet B. M. timber of the following grades, viz: 2 and 3 inch planks in the rough, 2 inch plank surfaced on one side, and dimension timber.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

W. H. SMITH,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 22 10 t.

First National Bank
OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary

CAPITAL, $500,000.00.
SURPLUS, $250,000.00.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP, Asst. Cashier.

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Received.

REFLECTIONS OF A BACHELOR.

New York Press: The best thing about some men is—the stories their wives tell.

No man of good character wants to thoroughly understand two women.

When it's himself, a man says he has accepted a position; when it's about another man, he says he's found a job.

After a woman has heard hard stories about a man she always wonders how he can go around without a look of shame on his face.

There are two kinds of women—those that think it nicer to kiss a lot of men once, and those that think it is nicer to kiss one man lots of times.

When a woman tells a story to company about a man whose hand trembled and he began to cry, she generally says it quivered like an aspen leaf and his eyes grew moist.

If Eve had ever tried to work house-cleaning on Adam there wouldn't have been any need for an apple tree.

The main reason why girls like to go to parties and dance with new men is so they can study each man's method.

It isn't every girl that is thoughtful enough to hang up a whisk broom out on the piazza when she puts up the hammock.

After a girl has once heard that some one has said she had a pensive face she always goes around trying to look sad and grieved.

Some men are so suspicious that whenever their wives are solicitous about their health they think they are wondering what would become of them and the children.

$4.30 St. Paul-Minneapolis and return, via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, June 1 and 2. Three trains daily. The shortest and quickest line.

GOSSIP OF ★ ★ THE STAGE.

Monday evening at the Lyceum theater will witness the first performance in this city of the great comic opera success "The Tar and the Tartar," which has achieved a great national reputation, and has doubtlessly pleased more people than "Erminie" or "Robin Hood." The book was written by Harry B. Smith, who is the best known and most popular librettist in this country. This was his third, and in some respects, his most amusing effort. "The Begum" and "Robin Hood" having gone before. The story of the opera, in brief, is as follows:

The sultan of Morocco, having been driven to desperation by a troublesome harem, resolves to quit his people and enjoy life incog. He takes several of his subjects into his confidence. They report him drowned, and also bear a final message from the unhappy ruler that the first sailor shipwrecked on his shore shall be declared his successor. The people have not long to wait for a new sultan. One Muley Hassan, a cowardly, but susceptible seaman, is cast upon the shores of Morocco, and in due time is declared sultan. He assumes the reins of government awkwardly enough, but enjoys his accidental authority to its fullest extent, until he finds, among the women of the sultan's harem, his own deserting wife, Alapaca, who, in the days of their connubial associations, has made his life terrible. Alapaca at once assumes her abusive attitude toward her new found husband. He submits in fear and trembling for a time, but finally realizes the power with which he is invested, turns upon his spouse and makes her crawl at his feet for mercy. Meanwhile, the sultan's son, Cardamon, aspires to the throne. A compromise is agreed upon between the natural heir and the reigning sailor that they shall reign alternate hours. The laughable comedy situations resulting from these rapid transitions from one ruler to another can well be imagined. The cast is as follows:

Muley Hassan, a sailor, afterward Sultan of Morocco .....
....George C. Boniface
Khartoum, the grand vizier.....
....Mountjoy Walker
Cardamon, an Arab chief.....
....David Torrance
Pajama, court physician .....
....James Sturgis
Yossup, a servant of Cardamon....
....George A. Murphy
Neketa, Sultan of Morocco.....
....James H. McQuaid
Farina, a Circassian beauty, a present to the Sultan.....
..... Miss Bertha Waltzinger
Ala Pacha, a Tartan queen of the harem..... .....Blanche Chapman
Taffeta, her maid .....Adele Estee
Lambrequin, one of the Sultan's wives ....Mamie Kingsbury
Tolu ..... Emma Janvier
Umipa ..... Helen McDonald

The production of this opera, the subject being Oriental, permits of the most picturesque style of dressing and it is needless to say that the management have taken every advantage of this opportunity. Musically, the opera is superior to the average burletta of the day, indeed, it was written with such a high regard for musical unities and dignified melody, that it might have successfully adorned a more legitimate tale. Among the pretty musical features will be remembered the "Transcription of National Airs," "The Serenade," with ensemble, the trio "Things Are Not What They Used to Be" and "I Want a Situation."

On Tuesday evening "The Brigands," Offenbach's picturesque and tuneful opera, will be presented. This opera enjoyed a run of nearly a year at the New York Casino, and was the means of making Lillian Russell the queen of comic opera. To the original score has been added some particularly attractive numbers, written by Gustave Kerker for the Casino production. The opera is picturesque in dress and interesting in story, and gives Miss Waltzinger magnificent opportunities for a display of her vocal abilities.

PRIMROSE AND WEST.

When the patrons of the Lyceum are afforded an opportunity of seeing Primrose and West's stupendous minstrel production and take advantage of it next Wednesday, they will be given a treat. Primrose and West do not need an introduction to any audience. They simply come to this city, let the people know that they are here, and the public does the rest. It is only a question of who will get seats first, so that there will be no necessity of standing for lack of seating capacity, but even standing room is considered a luxury with an attraction of the merit Primrose and West's minstrels possess.

The curtain rises upon the full troupe upon a terrace beautiful with scenic grandeur. A genuine minstrel act is done with the full band, a wonderfully sweet quartet and clever soloist are introduced, and of course bones and tambourine are brought to the front in such a manner that the audience grows sore laughing. The first part is put upon the stage at an expense of $10,000. The second part is fully as interesting as the first.

The following are some of the amalgamation of talnt: Headed by the king of versatile comedians, George H. Primrose; the prince of interlocutors, William H. West; the emperor of entertainers, George Wilson; Jimmy Wall, the singing comedian; the Miller Bros. famous diorama, the most entertaining specialty feature before the public, presenting incomparable mechanical scenic marvels. Messrs. Howe, Wall and Walters, the musical comedy kings, in a brand new departure; the vocal corps, William H. Windom, the phenomenal alto; Charles Kent, the eminent baritone; Arthur Williams, the operatic tenor; Frank Pitzaker, the wonderful baritone; George Robinson, the lyric tenor; Ed. Dickens, the finished basso profundo; John H. Davis, second tenor; the great first part as presented by this great company is a revelation such as could only be conceived by these experienced managers.

GEORGE WILSON—"WALTZ ME AGAIN."

"THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS."

Charles H. Yale's spectacle "The Twelve Temptations" will be at the Lyceum next Friday and Saturday.

Mr. Yale has produced many delightful and sumptuous show pieces, but this one fairly surpasses all previous records. The play is a delicious melange of fairy tale, pantomimic comedy, spoken comedy, ballet and vaudeville, and gives every auditor about five times his money's worth in merriment, beauty, surprises and interest. "The Twelve Temptations" is a marvel of intricate and novel scenery, every set of which is new, and was painted and built expressly for it. There are trick devices sure to make everybody roar, and the final transformation, "Davy Jones' Locker" is a perfect vision of enchantment, wholly different from anything of the kind yet exhibited on the American stage. The costumes are dazzling and gorgeous, while the grand ballets, "The Four Seasons," "The Reigning Female Fads," "The National Trio Issues" and the improved "Shaft of Light" introduce two of the greatest Italian premieres, Signoritas Perrero and Bassegglo, supported by the biggest and best ballet troupe ever organized, and under the direction of London's most famous maitre de ballet, Signor Aurelio Coccia. Acrobatic feats by the Rosanires, a great boxing contest by the Brothers Elliott, juggling by John Harty, a "Chanson Characteristique" by Sisson and Brown, and "The Giddy Old Maid" by Rose Kesner are among the telling specialties which help to diversify the performance.

"Over the Bridge," a song descriptive of the singular people who cross to Brooklyn after sunset, with a most animated stage scene representing the Brooklyn side of the East river, "All in a Row," with popular airs on musical champagne bottles and glasses, "Battery Park," describing the frequenters of Gotham's resort of the great unwashed, and the "Coming Women," and the "Going Men" are some of Mr. Yale's songs, rattling songs, sure to create a furore. Gwendoline North, Lida Lexter, Lela Hutton, Annie Courtney, Rose Kesner, John Harty, Charles H. Henry, Harry M. Brown and others are in the powerful dramatic cast.

Here are a few extracts from Olga Nethersole's farewell address:

"Will you do me the honor of allowing me to express my sincere and heartfelt gratitude to the American theatergoing public and gentlemen of the press who have at different times constituted themselves my audience, and to whom I owe the development of my art, by the confidence, encouragement and appreciation which they have shown in and given to me during my three seasons in the United States of America?

"I came to this country three years ago, scarcely known outside my own land and Australia; I came with only two attributes in my favor—a devotion to my art and a craving for the good opinion of this great country's people. I had the honor of making my first appearance before a New York audience, and the applause which I received after my performance was concluded on that memorable evening encouraged me to believe that I might one day receive a place in the hearts of the American playgoers.

"'Each city in the United States but echoed the beautiful welcome which New York had given to me, until I found myself at the end of my first season accepted as an earnest worker in a great art.

"'This, my last season, I feel that I have (dare I say?)' endeared myself to my American audiences, and the bond is so strong on my side, at least, that it can never be severed. I owe all I possess now in my art to the American people and critics, who have allowed me to give up to them the inspiration of my mind and soul, which, I feel, should be and I hope is, backed by knowledge of the technique of my art, after having devoted ten years of my 27 years of life to its achievement.

"I hope to return not this year, but in 1898 or 1899, and my heart speaks but one hope to the many dear friends I am leaving behind me—that they will not dwell on my faults too long, but remember rather that my watchword in life is and always shall be truth and sincerity."

Ibsen's latest play, "John Gabriel Borkman," has not made much of an impression in London, but the papers devote a lot of space to it. A writer in one of the London papers describes the characters in the play as follows: John Gabriel Borkman, formerly managing director of a bank, caught red-handed in fraud, guilty of unjustifiable acts of peculation, sent to prison after having ruined the widow and orphan and beggared his own family, comes out of gaol to boast about his power, his ambition, his defiance of society, and prates about self and what he intended to do for his fellow-creatures and humanity with misery strewn before his very eyes. Pecksniff is a joke in morality and turpitude to the Danish banker. Next comes Mrs. Borkman, hard, cold, pitiless, unforgiving, unwomanly, and fiendish by most of her actions, but redeemed alone by her insane and animal love for her son, whom she would ruin and incarcerate and drive to desperation, killing the very "love life" in him as surely as the "love life" was slaughtered in her twin sister by the fraudulent and imprudently defiant banker. She is a King Lear in petticoats. Then we have the maiden aunt, who does not care how much her sister's heart bleeds, her twin sister, which makes matters worse, if she can only rob her of her whelp and cub. Wealth and power and the gift of charity are bestowed on Ella Rentheim in order that she may assert herself in a house which, as it stands, is a "hell upon earth," and maunder over a wrecked life and a miserable existence. No one can have very much sympathy with the gray-haired maiden aunt, whose love and idolatry far more resemble vulgar revenge than any other feeling. The selfishness of Mrs. Fanny Wilton, who seduces the cub of the household, assumes a more arrogantly nasty tone. She has made up her mind to elope with the petted and passionate boy, and to provide him with a new mistress in case they do not get on together. The boy's mother, with a malignant smile, asks the seductive Fanny a very plain question: "Mrs. Wilton, do you think you are acting wisely in taking that girl with you?" Fanny is frankness itself. She returns the smile "half ironically, half seriously," and thus delivers herself: "Men are so unstable, Mrs. Borkman; and women too. When Erhart is done with me—and I with him—then it will be well for us both that he, poor fellow, should have someone to fall back upon." But Mrs. Berkman is still unsatisfied, and asks, "But you yourself?" Whereupon the dippant lady in the ermine tippet and jelly-bag cap replies, "Oh! I shall know what to do, I assure you. Good-by to you all." So off she starts to inaugurate the menage a trois. The selfishness of Erhart, when he cuts himself adrift from this hideous household, breaks his mother's heart, snubs his dying aunt and ignores his father's claim to any consideration, is as defiant as it is unjustifiable. Even the Ibsen audience, untrue to their faith and principles, applauded him to the echo. Here we had sympathy at last when Erhart shouted out, "I am young. I want to live for once in a way as well as other people. I want to live my own life. I don't want to work now, for I am young. That's what I never realized before, but now the knowledge is tingling through every vein in my body. I will not work! I will live, live, live!" And the audience broke out into passionate approval, not knowing or feeling that Erhart was in reality the symbol of the "old play," demanding to be heard once more in this desert of dreariness. Here we had common sense and nature at last, and the first gleam of both in this dreary afternoon, save when poor old Foldal, the clerk, owned to writing plays, but acknowledged that the fact made no impression whatever on his family, and then proposed to read a five-act tragedy to the ex-convict, which proposal was rejected with the air of a Purveydrop. This was the only sign of selfishness in this mournful Ibsenite Tom Pinch. Selfishness did not even end with the maid who, aroused out of bed for an urgent mission, refused to go two steps without a covered sledge, and ended with attempting to turn poor John Gabriel and his dying Ella off their own amalgamated doorstep. It was certainly an object lesson in "self" all around.

Manager Hammerstein of New York city is just now engaged in an almost hopeless search for a tenor who is also a comedian.

A copyright performance was recently given in London of "The Devil's Disciple," which George Bernard Shaw has written for Richard Mansfield and which will be presented here early next season. The details of the performance were arranged by Felix Mansfield, brother of Richard, and Shaw was to have played the leading part in the copyright production, but failed to put in an appearance. The new play is said to contain a good deal of that satire which marks Shaw's other play, "Arms and the Man."

Not the least interesting point in the paragraph is its revelation that Richard Mansfield has a brother.

Daniel Frohman discovered in a provincial theater in England a young woman who, although unable to secure a hearing in the British metropolis, he thought fitted to assume the leading parts in his New York theater and she has justified her selection by doing exactly what he expected. Her name is Mary Mannering and she is said to be as pretty as she is clever. During this season she has not only won the New York public in "The Mayflower" and "The First Gentleman of Europe," but she has won James K. Hackett and their engagement to marry is announced.

The critic of the London Telegraph said of "Secret Service" that the audience sat spellbound at the fall of the curtain, that Gillette was the best actor seen in London for years and that the play was a marvel of dramatic construction.

William H. Crane will have a play next season by Louis N. Parker, the author of "Rosemary," and as is usual with this comedian, the character he is to play is claimed to be different from any of the others he has ever impersonated. Mr. Crane has serious thoughts of a London venture.

Siegfried Wagner has already completed the first act of the comic opera on which he began work last winter in Rome. He is writing the words as well as the music. The libretto is founded on one of Grimm's fairy tales, which may indicate that Herr Wagner has not been unmindful of Humperdink's success with stories of a similar character. The action takes place during the time of the Thirty Year's war near Culmbach. Musicians who have had an opportunity to hear the music agree that it indicates a talent for music which is fresh and melodious, as well as a particular power of comic characterization in the grotesque situation of the work.

It seems but fair to record Steve Brodie's desertion of the legitimate for vaudeville.

Caroline Miskel Hoyt will retire from the stage at the end of this season.

Lawrence Marston is a clever man who has the fortune, good or ill as the point of view may be, to be the husband of Lillian Lewis. Marston has written several successful plays and has succeeded in keeping his wife before the public as a star in emotional roles for several years, but now the positions are changed and she has written a play. It is called "The Widow Goldstein" and on its first production last week in New York, the critics did not like it. Two of the characters are intended to represent people now living. The title role is modeled on Mrs. Hetty Green and W. J. Ferguson is gotten up to resemele Russell Sage.

A portion of Tim Murphy's contribution to the vaudeville program consists of an imitation of William J. Bryan in his "Crown of Thorns, Cross of Gold" speech.

George K. Fortescue is to play a part in the Chicago revival of "Gentleman Joe," which will oblige him to make a stage appearance in trousers for the first time since he made his success as Catherine in "Evangeline."

John J. McNally's newest piece, "The Good Mr. Best," is to be given in England under the auspices of Charles Frohman.

In Darkest Africa.

And Even Unto the Ends of the Earth Munyon is Supreme.

The Munyon system of disease cure, made up of Munyon's Homoeopathic Home Remedies, is doing more to rid the world of pain and sickness than all the doctors combined. These discoveries, harmless in the hands of a child, are proving their potency in so many thousands of cases, that it would be sheer madness for any sick person to turn away from their benefits. A cloud of witnesses, stretching from East to West, and North to South, are telling their cures, and praising Munyon, whom they look upon as their benefactor and friend.

George E. Cooper, depot baggage agent of the Milwaukee Railroad, Minneapolis, Minn., says: "I was troubled with pains in my arms and back; had them for years. Two days after I began to use Munyon's Cure for Rheumatism the pains were alleviated, and to-day I am wonderfully improved. I had with the rheumatism considerable trouble with my liver—could not turn over on that side at night—and I thought that, inasmuch as the Rheumatism Cure did me so much good, the Liver Cure would be worth trying. After I had used it all day I was able to lay on my right side and have slept well ever since."

Charles H. Davis, 119 F Avenue, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, says: "I have used Munyon's Rheumatism Cure and received great benefit from it. I do not hesitate to recommend it to all sufferers from that disease."

Munyon has a separate specific for each disease. For sale by druggists, mostly 25 cents a vial. If in doubt, write to Professor Munyon, at Philadelphia, Pa., and get medical advice free.

Lyceum Theater

A Comic Opera Treat!

Monday and Tuesday Evenings.

June 1 and 2.

Two Famous Comic Opera Productions!

Monday Evening—

"The Tar and the Tartar"

Tuesday Evening—

"The Brigands"

The Great Company Including:

Bertha Waltzinger, Geo. C. Boniface, Jr.
Blanche Chapman, ★ David Torrene,
Adele Estee, ★ Mountjoy Walker,
Emma Janvier, ★ James Sturges,
Mamie Kingsbury, J. H. McQuaid.

Chorus of Forty. Gorgeous Costumes.

Popular Prices, 25c, 50c and 75c.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages [full treatment] for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, 337 West Superior street. MAX WIRTH, 11 West Superior street.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR AN ORDER CONFIRMING FINAL ASSESSMENT FOR GRADING AND OTHERWISE IMPROVING WEST THIRD STREET AND GRAND AVENUE WEST.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota, May 26, 1897.

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll amounting to the sum of thirty-three hundred eighty-six (3386) dollars and ninety-nine (99) cents upon the real estate benefited by the grading and general improvement of West Third street and Grand avenue west in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Twenty-eighth avenue west to the westerly end of bridge at Thirty-seventh avenue west, in proportion to the benefits for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1897, at 8:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day make application to the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz: Lot 449, block 117, and lot 450, block 83, Duluth Proper, Second Division; lots 1 to 8 inclusive, block 4; lots 9 to 15 inclusive, block 2; lots 7 and 8; block 3; all in Gay's Division. All of blocks 3, 4 and 5, Walbank's Third street rearrangement. Lots 1 to 11 inclusive, block 35; lots 1 to 4 inclusive, block 35; lots 2 to 12 inclusive, block 19; all of blocks 21, 26, 14, 15, 6, 7 and 8; lots 1 to 7 inclusive, block 22; lots 1 and 2, block 23; lots 1 to 5 inclusive, block 12; lots 1 to 10 inclusive, block 13; lots 6 to 12 inclusive, block 16; lots 11 and 12, block 17; lots 10, 11 and 12, block 5; lots 5 to 8 inclusive, block 9; all in West Park Division. Lots 5 to 32 inclusive, block 4, and all of block 5, Centerdale Addition. All that part of n½ of sw¼, section 5, township 49, range 14 west, lying within 140 feet of either side of said Grand avenue west. Lots 2 to 8 inclusive, block 2, and lots 2 to 17, inclusive, block 5, Merritt's Addition.

W. H. SMITH, President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-29-June-2-5.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the terms of a certain mortgage, dated May 21, 1891, given by Charles Kauppi and Mary J. Kauppi, his wife, and John Isaacson (an unmarried man), mortgagors, to the Zenith Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 23rd day of May, 1889, at 5 o'clock p. m. in Book M of mortgages, page 15, .

Said default consisting in failure to pay successive installments with interest when due upon the note of $900 secured by said mortgage, whereupon by the terms of said mortgage the whole sum specified in said note and mortgage has become and is hereby declared to be due and payable, which said sum with interest now due amounts to three hundred and one ($301.00) dollars. Now therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such cases made and provided, notice is hereby given that the land embraced in said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered 12, in block numbered 12, of the West End Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county, except 1800 square feet off the easterly end of said lot heretofore released by said mortgagee, which release was made December, 15th, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, in Book 88 of mortgages on page 60, December 21st, 1891, at 8 o'clock a. m., will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house, facing Second street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on the 6th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. to pay said indebtedness and the interest thereon from date of this notice at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, together with all taxes and insurance premiums if any paid by said mortgagee and the legal costs of this foreclosure, including an attorney's fee of fifty dollars stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure subject to redemption as provided by law.

ZENITH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

J. B. RICHARDS,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
301-2 Burrows Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 22-29-June-5-12-19-26.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Nels Hall, widower, to Granite Savings Bank & Trust Company, a corporation, organized under the laws of the state of Vermont, bearing date the 5th day of September, 1894, with a power of sale therein contained, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 6th day of December, 1894, at 9:15 a. m., in Book 104 of mortgages on page 269; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the semi-annual installments of interest due on said mortgage, and the note thereby secured, on the 5th day of June, and the 5th day of December, 1896; and whereas, said mortgage authorizes the mortgagee, at his option to declare the whole sum secured thereby to be due and payable on default in the conditions thereof, the said mortgagee hereby declares the whole of said mortgage debt to be due and there is claimed and declared to be due and there is actually due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of $305.00, principal and interest and $50.00 attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof, and no action at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage.

Therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and by reason of said default and election thereunder, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, situate in St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot two (2), in Myer's rearrangement of block one hundred and six (106), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which said mortgaged premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging will be sold to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and $50.00 attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, which said sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 21st day of June, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 8th, 1897.

GRANITE SAVINGS BANK & TRUST COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JAMES A. HANKS,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald. May-8-15-22-29-June-5-12.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 21st, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Iver Sather, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of E. H. Hobe, of the county of Ramsey, representing among other things, that Iver Sather, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1897, at the county of St. Louis died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the vice consul of Sweden and Norway and praying that administration of said estate be to him granted,

It is ordered that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the fourteenth day of June, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 21st day of May, A. D. 1897.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-22-29-June-5.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John S. Phillips, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to H. F. Miller, mortgagee, bearing date the 9th day of November, 1891, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 5th day of December, 1891, at 11 o'clock a. m., in Book 82 of mortgages, on page 315.

Which said mortgage was given to secure the payment of the sum of fifteen hundred (1500) dollars and interest according to the conditions of one certain promissory note bearing even date with said mortgage made by said John S. Phillips to the order of said H. F. Miller, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum payable annually; such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal and interest secured by said mortgage amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of seventeen hundred and thirty-seven (1737) dollars, and

Whereas there is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seventeen hundred and thirty-seven (1737) dollars as principal and interest, and also the sum of fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as provided for in said mortgage; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed my said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying or being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Part of lot "28" (ninety-eight), of block "26" (twenty-six), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, described as follows, viz: Beginning at a point on the easterly line of said lot, fifty feet from the corner of Third street and Sixth avenue, running from thence to the westerly line thereof parallel with said Third street; from thence southerly along said westerly line fifty feet; from thence to the easterly line of said lot parallel with said Third street; from thence along said easterly line fifty feet to the place of beginning with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 15th day of June, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of seventeen hundred thirty-seven (1737) dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 1st, A. D. 1897.

H. F. MILLER,
Mortgagee.

FRED W. HARGREAVES,
Attorney for said Mortgagee,
17 Mesaba Block,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-1-8-15-22-29-June-5-12.

SUMMONS FOR RELIEF, COMPLAINT FILED.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

The Scandia Building and Loan Association, a corporation,
Defendant,
vs.
Petrine Peterson and Anders Anderson,
Defendants.

The state of Minnesota, to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated March 4th, 1897.

JNO. RUSTGARD,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-1-8-15-22-29-June-5-12.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. | MONDAY, MAY 31, 1897. | FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. | TWO CENTS.

Mothers of Boys!

This week we again offer you special inducements for visiting our Boys' and Children's Department.

We are particularly desirous of impressing each of you with the assistance we can render in the selection and the purchasing of clothing for your little men; also the money we can now save you at our Great Manufacturers' Clearance Sale of Boys' and Children's Clothing, and though we here enumerate but a few of the many bargains, don't forget that in magnitude of assortment and variety of style and novelties our Boys' and Children's Department leads all others in this great state.

Boys' $1.50 and $2.00 Suits, now..... 75c
Boys' $2.25 and $2.50 Suits, now..... $1.45
Boys' $3.00 and $3.50 Suits, now..... $1.95
Boys' $4.00 and $5.00 Suits, now..... $2.45
Boys' $6.00 and $7.00 Suits, now..... $2.95

It is the time to buy.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125-127 West Superior Street.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

The Airship Mystery Solved!!
It was Tom DINHAM on his new Cigar-shaped airship, Tom DINHAM distributing his favorite Brand of Cigars.
TOM DINHAM

The best Ten-Cent Union Cigar EVER MADE.

MANUFACTURED BY H. T. DINHAM,

21 West Superior Street.

Furnish Electric Current For Light and Power.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT and POWER Co.

Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.

OFFICES—Rooms 4-5-6, 216 W. Sup. St. Duluth.

L. MENDENHALL. Established 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

GRAVESEND RACES.

Heavy Track and Slow Time Looked For.

New York, May 31.—Fog hangs over the Gravesend course, and a cold drifting rain promises ill for the track conditions, despite the fact that it is the quickest drying track in the country. Only the handlers of the "mud hens" are satisfied, the outlook for the high grade animals who are trained for a hurricane dash over a fast course is gloomy.

Handspring, who did not show at all in favorite form against Requittal last Thursday, has bettered materially in his time trial since then. Belmar and his stable mate, the Winner, have been doing fast miles together. The latter's race for the season was for the Metropolitan, in which the Voter headed him at the wire, but had to break the track record to do it. Game little Sir Walter is, as usual, looked upon as a dangerous competitor and good for a place. His best time this season was a mile and a quarter at Morris Park in 2:11.

Harry Reed and Ben Eder from Mike Dwyer's string, are fit for the race of their lives. Handspring and Belmar are the favorites, but the track conditions give a fighting chance to some of the lightweights, among whom are Volley, Jefferson and King Arthur.

DISPENSARY LAW.

Charleston, S. C., May 31.—Justice Simonton of the United States circuit court today filed a decision in the case of Vandercook county against the state of South Carolina, restraining the state from preventing the sale of liquors brought into the state. This decision, if sustained on appeal, it is claimed, will have the effect of rendering nugatory the state dispensary law. Under the decision of Judge Simonton any person may import and sell liquor in original packages. The decision is based on the interstate commerce law, the court holding that the right of importation comprehends the right of sale.

SUNDAY BIKE RACING.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 31.—Sunday bicycle racing was successfully inaugurated in this city yesterday. Four thousand people were in attendance. This was the first meet in the Southwest under the sanction of the California Associated Cycling clubs.

AN INDIAN OUTBREAK

Redskins From the Cheyenne Reservation Are on the War Path Near Miles City.

Twelve Men, Including Five United States Cavalrymen, Have Been Killed By the Wretches.

Women and Children Have Fled to Miles City For Safety From the Murderers.

Denver, Col., May 31.—A special to the Republican from Helena, Mont., says: The Cheyenne Indians have gone on the war path and are said to have killed almost a dozen men, including five United States soldiers. The Indians have no reservation of their own, but roam over the southern part of the state near the Crow Indian reservation. The white settlers are up in arms and the women and children are being sent into the northern towns for safety. The Cheyennes make the Lame Deer agency their headquarters. Hoover, a sheep herder, was recently shot while herding sheep, and it was proven that Indians did it. He was killed because he caught several Indians killing sheep. This so incensed the stock men that they have armed themselves and will fight to protect their homes, help and stock.

Two companies of colored cavalry from Custer were ordered to the agency Wednesday, and Saturday a courier arrived from the agency with infomation that George Walters, the postmaster, and Lou Alderson, a stockman, had been shot and killed; also that the Indians had shot into the cavalry and killed five and had sixty armed cowboys surrounded. The cavalry from Fort Keough and Company E. of the infantry left Saturday for the scene. There are certainly grounds for fear. The Cheyennes are determined and they are being reinforced by renegade Crows. Rosebud ranchers received a consignment of rifles and ammunition at this point today. Settlers have moved all their families from near the reservation.

Ranchmen and stockmen have organized at Cheyenne agency and demand the Indians who killed Hoover. The names of the Indians are known and they are protected by fifty bucks. Sheriff Gibbs and Coroner Bateman have returned from Barringer's ranch, in the neighbohood of which the inquest was held on the body of Hoover. The verdict was that he came to his death by two shots fired by Cheyenne Indians. While the inquest was proceeding, sixty men under Legislator James Brown, arrived on their way to the agency. The sheriff pleaded with them to return, and told them that sixty of them against 400 or 500 Indians armed and such fighters as the Cheyennes are, would be helpless. The sheriff learned that the crime was committed by three of the band led by White Bull, who said a day or two previous that his heart was bad, that he wanted to eat a white man's heart. The agent said that he knew one of the murderers, and thought with a little time they could find the others and would arrest and turn them over to the civil authorities with what evidence they had. He had requested a sufficient force of soldiers to surround the Indians, and said he would cut off rations till the murderers were turned over. The sheriff and committee went back to the main body, which had been augmented by twenty men from the Rosebud and made report.

Though there was much dissatisfaction at the turn affairs had taken, they agreed to disperse for two weeks, to allow the agent time to make the arrests. If not then done, the original plan of attacking the Indians is to be carried out. The women have been gathered at several ranches for protection under guard of ten or twelve men in each instance the sheriff left four deputies at the agency, with Stock Inspector Smith as chief. On the road down, Friday, a courier overtook the sherriff and his deputies, saying that White Bull's band had during the night escaped from the agency, that the force of settlers was being reassembled; that two companies of cavalry from Custer had been sent over and the Indians had killed some of them, and that this band of Indians was ilable to do more damage to ranchers, white men and cattle while at large. Women and children are being sent down the Tongue river to more secure places. The county attorney has received a telegram from Stock Inspector Smith that Agent Stouch had ordered the deputies off the reservation.

Deputy Sheriffs W. D. Smith and Matt Winters have arrived at Miles City, after having been ordered off the Cheyenne reservation by the military agent, Capt. Stouch. They report that when the negroes from Fort Custer arrived at the agency the Indian who admits doing the killing could easily have been arrested, as he was pointed out to the troops, who prepared for action if necessary to make the arrest, but the agent did not desire the arrest made at that time and prevented the officer in command of the troops from exercising authority then. The Indians were decked out in war paint and riding the ominous circle, waving their blankets, displaying their Winchesters and challenging the citizens to come out and fight them. They claimed they did not want to fight the soldiers, but that they did want to fight the citizens.

Capt. Stouch asked the citizens to leave the agency. The deputy sheriffs refused to go unless upon a written order. This he gave them, stating their presence might excite the Indians to further deeds of violence. The deputies that came to Miles returned with Sheriff Gibbs, having a warrant for the arrest of Agent Stouch for interfering with officers in the discharge of their duty, and warrants for those who are known and two John Doe warrants. Orders were given to the ordnance officer at Fort Keough to have 10,000 rounds of ammunition ready for issue. It is supposed more troops are to go to the agency. There are now here six companies under command of Maj. Mareill, of Fort Custer.

Settlers' wives and children from the Tongue River country are arriving at Miles City in all kinds of improvised conveyances. Some have put up at the hotels and others have gone into camp in the outskirts of the city. All kinds of rumors are rife, but as news has to come for the most part of the distance by courier, nothing definite is known as to those reported killed. Mrs. Stephens, wife of the ex-agent, who was riding over to the agency from their ranch for safety, was attacked by young bucks, who would have killed her but for the pleadings of an old squaw. They, however, spat in her face and offered other insults.

A BOAT IN PERIL.

Fire Breaks Out With 3000 Passengers on Board.

New York, May 31.—With fully 3000 pleasure seekers on board, the 3-decked excursion steamboat Paul Koch drove on a shoal near Penfield lighthouse, in Long Island sound last evening. The vessel struck with a shock that pitched many passengers off their feet. The galley in the cook room was overturned and the boat had hardly come to a standstill before fire was blazing briskly in that compartment. The cook room is on the port side near the wheel house. Directly above it is a larger room, in which several games of cards had been going on before the vessel struck. The players said smoke curled from the deck beneath them, and two or three of the occupants of the room made a rush for the doorway.

One man, with rare presence of mind, blocked their exit and pointed out the disastrous result that might follow an alarm. The men went below and found the cooks trying to extinguish the blaze. The captain and officers were having their attention wholly occupied by the other trouble into which the steamboat had found her way, and did not know of the more threatening danger. Capt. Lynch knew of it a few moments later when a passenger who had his family on board made his way into the pilot house and told him of the fire. The blaze then could not be reached from the cook room, and the passengers urged that the crew be called to fire quarters.

Captain Lynch got some of his men to work with axes and had them cut a hole through the deck overhead. Hose was then brought, the steam pumps set going, and in a little while the fire was drowned out. But there was another peril, and that kept them uneasy. The vessel had struck two miles from shore, and only a short distance from the lightship which marks the dangerous Penfield reef. There was a second bump and shock, and the sound of grating sand as the vessel ground her keel into the shoal and came to a standstill, with bows hove up and stern depressed, and seas raging along her sides and splashing over her guards.

The tide had commenced to run flood, and shortly after 7 o'clock in the evening the engines, which had been set hard astern, succeeded in backing the vessel clear of the reef. The hull was intact, and the vessel was headed for this city where she arrived at 11:30 o'clock.

BATON ROUGE IN DANGER.

Baton Rouge, La., May 31.—At 8:45 o'clock this morning the crevasse at Conrad's Point below this city three miles, had widened to 300 feet and the lower end has been secured. Trains on the Mississippi valley road were not able to get through this morning, and for the present will be discontinued. The crevasse water is now within three miles of Baton Rouge.

LORILLARD'S HORSE SCRATCHED.

London, May 31.—The Lorillard-Beresford stables 3-year-old chestnut colt Berezak, by Sensation, out of Bolphoebe, has been scratched for the derby, which is to be run June 2, and also for the grand prix of Paris, which event will be decided June 13.

THE HOUSE COMMITTEES.

How Minnesota Members Are Likely to Fare.

Washington, May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—The semi-official announcement that Speaker Reed will name the standing committees of the house just before the adjournment of this session has spurred on the friends of Judge Morris to greater efforts to secure his appointment on the rivers and harbors committee. There is some doubt of his success, however. He will have the support of the entire Minnesota delegation in the house for this position as did Representative Towne in the last congress.

The older members of the delegation will probably receive the same assignments they had in the Fifty-fourth congress and Stevens of St. Paul may take Col. Kiefer's place on public buildings and grounds. There will be a strong contest for places on the rivers and harbors committee among the new members and Judge Morris may fail to secure this important assignment.

DUTIES ON FLAX.

Effort Being Made to Have Them Increased.

Washington, May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senators Davis, Nelson and Hansbrough and Representative Tawney will go before the finance committee tonight to endeavor to have the house rates on flax restored in the tariff bill. The house rate on unhackled flax was 1 cent per pound. They will endeavor to have it fixed at 1 1-2 cents instead of one-half cent, as fixed by the senate committee. The senate rate on hackled flax is 2 cents per pound and an endeavor will be made to have it restored to the house rate of 3 cents per pound. The other item which they will seek to have advanced is redded flax tow from one-half cent to 1 cent per pound.

Mr. Tawney says that all rates on manufactured articles of which flax is the chief component have either been advanced or allowed to remain as fixed by the house, all changes being to the disadvantage of the producer of the raw materials.

DIMENT'S CHANCES GOOD.

Likely to Get the Collectorship at St. Paul.

Washington, May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—The fight for the collectorship of customs at St. Paul is becoming interesting, especially as it is the first federal office of any consequence in Minnesota where the term of the present incumbent has expired. It has been rumored that Mike Doran is working to secure the retention of his son-in-law, John Gerahty, in this place, but this is discredited by the Minnesota delegation. They say the appointment will be made whenever the delegation can agree upon th man, which may not be in the near future.

Representative Tawney is backing J. M. Diment, of Owatonna. Senator Nelson has a candidate, but his name is not known. A. W. Lyman, of Minneapolis, and ex-State Senator Buckman, of Little Falls, are pressing their claims for this place. The chances are that Diment will receive the appointment if he is not opposed by the Minnesota senators. It is impossible to tell what either of them will do in the matter, however, at this time.

VERY BRIGHT OUTLOOK.

Chairman Towne Talks on Prospects For Bimetallism.

Washington, May 31.—(Special to hTe Herald)—Ex-Representative Towne has returned from a tour of several Western states and says that the outlook for bimetallism was never brighter. He spent some time in Ohio and says that the mere fact that there are over twenty prominent candidates for the gubernatorial nomination on the silver ticket augurs that there is considerable confidence of winning in that state this fall.

UNRULY PRISONERS.

San Quentin Prison in a State of Uproar.

San Francisco, May 31.—"Shoot the first man who breaks out of his cell." That was the order to the guards at San Quentin prison last night. The prisoners were shrieking like maniacs and rattling and pounding on the iron doors of their cells. The guards were doubled and each carried a shot-gun loaded with buckshot. Two men who were released, their terms having expired, have told what the desperate convicts are planning.

According to this story, it has been agreed among the ringleaders that when they are permitted to return to work in the jute mill they will make a sudden rush, kill Engineer Young, if necessary, overpower the guards, and completely wreck the magnificent plant on which the enormous amount of money, said to be nearly $1,000,000, has been spent. The machinery is of such a nature that it could very soon be damaged and practically destroyed. There are 1364 prisoners within the walls at San Quentin. Over half of them are in open revolt. Many of the others sympathize with the violent ones.

Warden Hale says that all the complaints made by the men are trivial. Director Wilkins declares that they have no real grievance. Prison Surgeon Lawler says that the opium fiends who have been deprived of the drug are at the bottom of the trouble.

NORTHWESTERN FROSTS.

St. Paul, May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frost was generally reported throughout the Northwest last night, with scattered reports of snow and a hard freeze. Considerable damage to vegetables and small fruits is feared.

WORDEN MAY HANG.

San Francisco, May 31.—Governor Budd will render his final decision today in the case of Worden, the convicted train-wrecker. He has intimated that he would let the law takes its course.

Panton & White,

GLASS BLOCK STORE.

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY

Bargains that will be a revelation to our customers. Bargains that can only be found at the Big Store.

Half Sheet Graters —worth 5c— Sale price 2c.

Nickel Plated Cuspidors, worth 15c—special..... 8c

2-qt Glass Pitchers, worth 21c—special..... 9c

1½ qt Coffee Pots—worth 10c—sale price..... 5c

Bread and Cake Boxes, worth 50c—sale price..... 29c

Nickel Plated Tea and Coffee Pots, 2-qt, worth 60c—special..... 31c

Water Tumblers—full size, worth 3c—special—each 1½c

Tea Strainers—worth 3c—special..... 1c

Retinned Kettles, 4-qt—worth 12c—special..... 8c

8-qt Granite Kettles—worth 50c—special..... 29c

Iron Base Oil Stove—worth 75c—special..... 39c

Real Cut Glass Water Bottles—worth up to $3.50, special $1.50

1-gallon Oil Can—worth 10c—special 9c

Garden Hose, white cotton covered, worth 10c a foot—special per foot..... 6c

Box Graters, worth 3c, —special..... 1c

High Grade Lawn Mowers—all sizes worth up to $3.50—choice of size—special..... $2.09

Pot Covers—choice of sizes—worth up to 9c—special..... 4c

Granite Steel Soap Dishes, worth 15c—special..... 7c

Bread Pans—medium size—worth 8c—special..... 4c

Banquet Lamps, with Rochester Burners—complete with silk shade or decorated globe, worth $3.50—special $2.49

2-qt Arctic Freezers—worth $1.37—special..... 99c

1-quart Funnels—worth 5c—special..... 2c

2-qt Lightning, worth $1.55—special.. $1.09

Covered Lunch Baskets, worth 25c—special..... 12c

Imitation Cut Glass Tumblers, worth 8c—special..... 4c

Decorated Toilet Sets—6 pieces, worth $1.95—special, per set..... $1.29

Our prices on Bags, Satchels and Trunks are the Lowest.

Decorated Cups and Saucers in Blue and Brown—worth 45c set—special, per set.. 41c

Vienna China Dinner Set, very handsome decoration, 100 pieces with soup tureen; the lowest price ever quoted on fine China—special price for set..... $12.49

No. 8 Granite Steel Tea Kettles, best quality, worth $1.00—Special..... 69c

The preserving season is approaching. We have several carloads of Fruit Jars and our prices, as usual, are the lowest.

Panton & White.

IMPROVED

Iron Ore Trade in Better Shape Than When Navigation Opened.

Those Who Tried to Squeeze the Mesaba Mines Are Disappointed.

Production on the Mesaba More Active, With Other Ranges Depressed.

Ishpeming, Mich., May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—The iron ore trade, while not in good condition, is in better shape than at the opening of navigation on May 1. The volume of business, while by no means as large as was anticipated, apparently with good reason, is not as small as many of the disappointed producers seem to think it. Estimates of the amount of ore already placed for the season run as high as 6,000,000 tons, which is probably much too large a figure, but some big blocks of ore have been placed, the Carnegie Steel company, limited, being the principal purchaser, with the Illinois Steel company a good second. Some of the minor steel companies have also bought extensively, but the smaller consumers, as a rule, are dilatory in contracting for their ore supply. The iron and steel trades have presented some anomalous features in the past month, and smaller concerns have deemed it the part of wisdom, in most cases, to refrain from tying themselves up with contracts until the future became a trifle less uncertain. Their desire for delay was seconded by the large stocks of unsold ore on Eastern docks, and the certainty that as a rigid schedule of prices had been fixed for the entire season, there was unlikely to be any advance, although there was also little probability of a further decline in prices, while the capacity of the mines to produce is in excess of any possible requirements for the season.

Some very sensational stories have been published during the past week regarding the plans of Messrs. Rockefeller and Carnegie to corner the entire iron business of the country, from the raw ore to the finished steel, and the various versions of this alleged fact have been garnished with a suspiciously large amount of detail. Several of the most complete and artistic fabrications have already been demolished by facts which have transpired since their publication, and the others will be discredited by the same means. The alliance between the Standard Oil magnate and the steel baron is one which is naturally viewed with alarm by the smaller concerns interested in the manufacture of iron or steel, and the production of the ore and coke that are used to make them, but it is not probable that the plans of these two personages have been given in detail to the press. The stories regarding the plans of Mr. Rockefeller have been numerous during the past three years, all agreeing on the main point that he alone, or in combination with Mr. Carnegie, was about to take the decisive step which would give absolute control of the iron industry. What this step was to be has varied according to the circumstances and the necessities, or fears, of the inventor. That Mr. Carnegie is the most important factor in the American iron industry is indisputable, and Mr. Rockefeller's importance is secondary only to that of Mr. Carnegie. The two have, to a certain extent allied themselves in the ore trade. That they are dangerous competitors to smaller producers or manufacturers is self-evident, but all future information to the effect that they have acquired absolute control of the American iron trade should be taken cum grano salis.

The developments of the market have been very disappointing to the ore producers that forced the present low schedule of prices in order to squeeze the Mesaba. The Mesaba was squeezed at first, and the opening of the shipping season saw a majority of the mines of that range closed. At present production in that district is most active, and mines which suspended operations are reopening on every hand. The Mesaba ore shipments from Duluth are unprecedentedly large, and a large amount of tonnage from this range will be shipped from Two Harbors, the Minnesota Iron company hauling the ore from its Mesaba mines over its own railroad, which has very extensive ore docks twenty-two miles north of Duluth. On the other ranges the tendency is to close mines now working rather than resume work at idle properties. The best mines of the other districts will do business and make money this season, but the properties that are hampered by low grade ores or high royalties are badly placed for the struggle. The Buffalo mines, at Negaunee, which closed down a week ago, may resume soon, but the resumption is contingent upon lowered royalties. The mines cannot make ends meet at present prices without securing further reductions on the cost sheet.

The owners of the Pioneer mine, at Ely, who shut down their property at the opening of the season, have reconsidered their action, and are resuming with a small force, which will soon be increased if business is as good as present indications forecast. On the Gogebic many of the properties now working are proceeding under cheek, while a number of producers that under conditions of former years would be active are now closed down, and apparently must remain so in most instances. The Metropolitan Iron and Land company, the most extensive producer of the Gogebic, has as yet succeeded in placing no large amount of ore, although its product is the standard by which all ores of the Lake Superior district are graded.

The Dunn mine, at Crystal Falls, operated by Ferdinand Schlesinger, of Milwaukee, has been closed down partially, because of a dispute between the lessee and owner of the fee regarding mining work which the latter considered dangerous to the permanence of the mine. Five years ago Mr. Schlesinger was the largest producer of iron ore in the world, and controlled the best non-Bessemer mines of the Marquette, Menominee and Gogebic ranges, but he went down in the first stress of the panic of 1893. For several years previous to his collapse Schlesinger was regarded by the majority of mine owners as the principal cause of the lower prices and smaller profits, but since he ceased being a factor of importance the trend of events has been even more strongly toward smaller profits, and in very many instances toward the elimination of all profits whatsoever.

The disasters which have overtaken the mining industry are not the fault of any single individual, but rather can be charged to circumstances over which the most powerful combinations have had, and can have, but temporary dominion. The wonderfully extensive deposits of ore opened on the five Lake Superior ranges, capable of supplying the needs of the world, preclude a return to the olden days of enormous profits upon comparatively small outputs. The profits of the future, if large, must be made up of very small profits per ton upon a production of very many tons. In this struggle the fittest will survive, and necessarily much hardship must be worked in the elimination of the mines unfitted to compete, but no combination or pool can more than temporarily stay the progress of events toward the conclusion which must be reached in this, as in many other great industries.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

The Greeks were physically perfect and beautiful because they were healthy. The man who suffers from ill-health cannot be physically robust and manly. The woman who is sickly cannot be beautiful and womanly. Most all forms of ill-health have their inception in disorders of the digestion. When the digestion is bad the blood becomes impure, and is imperfectly supplied with the food-elements that build up new and healthy tissues, and tear down, and carry away those that are inert and half-dead. The nerves are not rebuilt from day to day with new, vigorous, active fibers. Every organ, tissue, muscle and nerve in the body is half famished for healthy nutriment. Almost any disease in the category of human ills may be the result of this condition. Most frequently it is the most deadly of disorders —consumption. Sometimes it is some other wasting disease. Again, it may be scrofula or some skin disease.

There is a sure preventive and remedy for these conditions and maladies. It is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It corrects all disorders of the digestion, it restores the lost or failing appetite and invigorates the liver. It fills the arteries with the pure, rich, red blood of health. It builds new, firm flesh, healthy, active nerve fibers, and strong elastic muscles It cures 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption, and wasting diseases. It cures nervous prostration. Druggists sell it.

The man who is too lazy or neglectful to take an occasional dose of medicine to ward off the evil effects of constipation deserves to die. And he will surely get his deserts, for constipation is the first cause of much sickness. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They never gripe. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. All good druggists sell them. No other pills are as good.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Yale won the two-mile boat race from the university of Wisconsin crew on Lake Saltonstall Saturday afternoon by about three lengths in 10 minutes and 54 seconds, the Badgers being nearly nineteen seconds behind.

For the first time a representative of the Cuban junta has been received at the state department. Senor Tomas Estrada Palma, head of the Cuban junta in New York, chief delegate to the United States of the Cuban government called at the state department Saturday and was received by Secretary Sherman.

Frederick Heldt, a farmer in Warren township, nine miles from Mt. Clemens, Mich., was shot and killed yesterday afternoon by his daughter Minnie, 22 years old. Her father attended church at Roseville, but got badly intoxicated on his way home. Entering his home when his daughter was there alone, the frenzied parent seized a razor and made for the girl. She wrested the weapon from him, but the father's threats being repeated, the girl in her excitement grabbed a loaded gun and fired at him.

At Paris yesterday Ambassador Porter, former Vice President Stevenson, Senator Wolcott, Gen. Paine, retiring Consul General Morse, Henry Vignaud and Theodore Stanton, honorary secretary of the American University Dinner club, with a number of members of the club and embassy and consulate officials, went to the tomb of Lafayette and placed there a magnificent wreath and other floral decorations.

Isaac J. Hill, a farmer living at Farmington, Ohio, was murdered Saturday night by burglars. Hill lived with his aged mother. The robbers broke into the house and after binding and otherwise maltreating the old woman they went upstairs where Hill slept. They first clubbed Hill over the head and then shot him.

At Montpelier, Vt., a folding bed at the Union house closed automatically during Saturday night while Henry Kendall, aged 67 was asleep in it. He was dead when taken out, having either been smothered or died of heart failure induced by fright.

The official report of the disaster at the cathedral at Pisa, Italy, Saturday, upon the occasion of the unveiling of an image of the virgin, when a candle fell, setting fire to the building and causing a panic, shows that nine persons were killed and twenty-one others seriously injured. Most of the victims are women and all of them residents of Pisa.

Memorial services were held yesterday at the cottage at Mount McGregor, N. Y., where Gen. Grant died. There was a large gathering from Saratoga and surrounding towns and a lavish display of floral offerings.

MOTHERS!

We have cunning little Midget suits at $2 and $2.50, sizes for ages 3 to 6 years.

CHARLES W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

$29.00.

TO SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, ETC.

St. Paul & Duluth railroad will sell June 29 to July 3, one way, tickets to San Francisco at rate of $29.00. Choice of routes. Account Christian Endeavor convention. Particulars at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

Household goods stored in good brick storehouse for $1 per ton per month.
DULUTH VAN CO., 212 W. Superior st. P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

A NEW DEPARTURE

That should be popular with the traveling public is that of the South Shore train for the East at 6:30 p. m., beginning Sunday, May 30 (daily except Saturday). Train arrives at Marquette at 4:30 a. m. and Sault Ste. Marie and St. Ignace same time as at present, making direct connections for all points East. Westbound train will arrive at 8:5 0a. m., except Sunday.

DURRANT

Will Invite His Father and Mother to Witness His Execution.

Says He Will Die Like a Man If He Has to Be Hanged.

Possibility That the Hanging May Be Delayed By Durrant's Attorneys.

San Quentin, Cal., May 31.—Theodore Durrant has made the declaration that if he must meet his fate on the gallows he will die like a man. The mere suggestion of suicide is repulsive to him, he says. He also declares that he will die in the presence of his parents, who will insist on attending the execution as his invited guests.

The elderly Durrant says that his wife is a woman of determination, and she will press her legal rights to the limit. Under the law Warden Hale cannot deny her admission if she presents herself at the prison on invitation of her son requesting her presence at the hanging. The law gives him the right to invite five relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Durrant received the news of Governor Budd's decision shortly after 10 o'clock last night. They expressed themselves as greatly disappointed, but neither manifested any emotion. They took the news quietly, and gave vent to neither anger nor tears.

Eugene Duprey, Durrant's attorney, said there was yet an appeal pending before the supreme court. He added: "Failing in the state courts, we may file our case in the federal courts and ask for a writ of supersedeas to the warden of the state prison. This will prevent the execution, and can be done either by application to the United States supreme court or to those of inferior jurisdiction."

Referring to this possibility, Warden Hale says he will be governed by the opinion of the attorney general.

CHICAGO MASSES.

Denounce Gas Trust and Street Railway Bills.

Chicago, May 31.—At a big mass meeting in Central Music hall last evening resolutions were passed denouncing the gas trust and street railroad bills before the legislature and calling on the legislators, in the name of decency, honesty, justice and the American principle of self-government to defeat those measures. These measures provide for the appointment of a committee of 100 to visit Springfield this week and wage war on those measures. Speeches were made by Sidney C. Eastman, P. F. Doyle, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor; Thomas B. Bryan, Alderman John M. Harlan, George E. Cole and Frank J. Loesch. Mr. Bryan was chairman and will appoint the committee of 100 some time today. Alderman Harlan, the late candidate for mayor on the independent Republican ticket, made the principal speech. He was cheered again and again by the audience. Mr. Harlan called some of the officers of the gas and street railroad companies by name and charged them with the guilt of bribery at Springfield. He told how much blood money it took to buy a vote.

The speaker said the professional "leading citizen" was an anarchist at heart, because he knew no law above the law of his own will. When the people's hatred of dishonest wealth, he said, becomes a hatred of all wealth, the safety of society and the republic will be at stake. He begged the honest rich to join in the contest against the despoilers. In closing Mr. Harlan expressed the hope that Governor Tanner, if called on to consider these bills, would read his oath of office taken on a Bible, remember that he is a comparatively young man and so act as to deserve further honors from the people.

QUICKEST TIME EVER MADE, DULUTH TO SAGINAW.

Will be attained by the new passenger schedule of the South Shore, effective Sunday, May 30, leaving Duluth at 6:30 p. m., (except Saturday), arriving Saginaw at 6:27 p. m. the next day. Returning passengers may leave Saginaw at 7 a. m. by Flint & Pere Marquette, arriving in Duluth at 8:50 a. m. (except Sunday).

$4.30 St. Paul-Minneapolis and return, via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, June 1 and 2. Three trains daily. The shortest and quickest line.

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL

And return, $4.30, June 1 and 2, Omaha road.

Spring storms first overturn those trees which are not well grounded Don't let these enervating spring days find you poorly prepared to resist them. To have strong nerves, rich blood, good appetite and sound digestion is to be well grounded Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites will give all these, because it nourishes the whole system and reaches the very tissues of life Better have the spring cough blow by you rather than stop with you for weeks or all summer long.

For sale by all druggists at 50 cents and $1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

A PROTECTOR.

J. E. Dennis of the Minneapolis Police Force, Owes His Life to the Indians.

He Praises Their Instinct.

The Story of His Troubles Experienced in Dakota, and How the Indians Came to His Rescue.

Mr. Dennis of 3141 Harriet Ave., Minneapolis, writes to the Kickapoo Indian Medicine Co. as follows:— "I want to say a good word for your famous Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. While in Dakota about two years ago my health was completely broken down, resulting from a deranged condition of my stomach. The poisonous alkali water aggravated my trouble until I realized I was in very bad shape. Nothing would give me relief until I tried your Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. I began to improve immediately and less than two bottles entirely cured me. Can recommend it to all."

Mr. Dennis has been taught that good health quickly follows when this —Nature's own great remedy as discovered by the Indians—is used. Situated as he was in a strange land and taken sick with a disease that not only is painful, but which, if neglected, leads to the most serious complications and untimely death, his troubles were aggravated by the water which he was compelled to drink, so that his condition was fast becoming critical. Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, the great blood purifier and invigorator of the stomach, kidneys and liver will cure others as it has cured him. Make these organs right. If they perform their functions as they should and the poisons of the body are carried off by the natural channels, health, accompanied by the ability to eat and sleep, is the result. Kickapoo Indian Sagwa is sold by all druggists, $1 a bottle.

BICYCLING FATALITY.

Negro Rider Dead and White Girl May Die.

Atlanta, Ga., May 31.—Miss Annie Hunter, a young society woman of this city, while out bicycling last night with her escort on White Hall road, was run down by a negro bicyclist, Charles Tate. The negro is dead and the young woman is not expected to live. As Miss Hunter and her escort, Leon Evans, were riding on Railroad avenue they saw another rider coming toward them. The young man pulled to the right and Miss Hunter did the same, expecting the person approaching to do the same. When near them the negro suddenly turned to the left and collided with Miss Hunter.

Both were thrown to the ground with much violence, and lay in the road unconscious. Assistance came, when it was found that both were seriously hurt. Tate was taken to Grady hospital where it was found that he had sustained a fraction of the base of the brain, and death speedily resulted. Miss Hunter was taken to the home of her father, who is the general cashier of the Southern railroad, where she lies in an unconscious condition.

RESUMPTION POSTPONED.

The Excelsior Furnace at Ishpeming Not Working.

Ishpeming, Mich., May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Excelsior furnace, which had completed extensive alterations and arranged for blowing in this week, has postponed resumption indefinitely owing to the dubious outlook of the iron trade. The Excelsior is the only concern making charcoal iron outside of the newly formed trust.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 8; Washington, 7.
At Chicago—Chicago, 9; Baltimore, 3.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At St. Paul—St. Paul, 4; Columbus, 13.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 2; Indianapolis, 3.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 6; Grand Rapids, 2.

SATURDAY'S GAMES.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 5; Brooklyn, 4. Second game—Pittsburg, 9; Brooklyn, 7.
At New York—New York, 7; St. Louis, 6. Second game—New York, 8; St. Louis, 5.
At Chicago—Chicago, 10; Philadelphia, 11.
At Louisville—Louisville, 2; Washington, 5.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 2; Boston, 1.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 2; Baltimore, 8.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 8; Indianapolis, 7.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 5; Grand Rapids, 4.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 1; Columbus, 8.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 11; Detroit, 3.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	30	22	.733
Cincinnati	32	21	.677
Pittsburg	28	18	.643
Boston	29	17	.586
Cleveland	29	17	.587
Louisville	28	14	.500
New York	26	15	.579
Philadelphia	31	15	.484
Brooklyn	30	14	.467
Washington	28	9	.321
Chicago	32	11	.344
St. Louis	31	6	.194

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
St. Paul	35	25	.714
Milwaukee	32	21	.656
Columbus	29	17	.586
Indianapolis	30	17	.567
Detroit	30	13	.433
Minneapolis	33	13	.394
Kansas City	34	12	.353
Grand Rapids	31	9	.290

BOYS' CORDUROY SUITS!

Which we guarantee to stand good hard knocks, at $4.50 per suit, all sizes, from 7 to 15 years.

CHARLES W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

COMMERCIAL MUSEUM.

President McKinley Will Attend the Philadelphia Celebration.

Philadelphia, May 31.—The opening of the Philadelphia Commercial Museum next Wednesday will be an event of great interest to every manufacturer in the United States. The museum is under the guidance of a national advisory board, made up of members appointed from different prominent boards of trade, chambers of commerce and other commercial organizations of the United States and other countries.

The Commercial Museum is a department of the Philadelphia museums established by the city council, June 15, 1894. The objects of the institution are to bring before American manufacturers, dealers and consumers the varied products of the world, to publish concerning these products all scientific and useful information, to place on exhibition manufactured products from foreign countries and to gather from all parts of the world, and

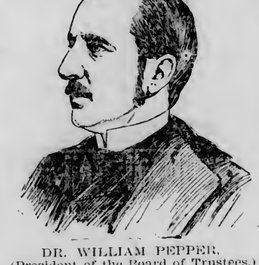
WILLIAM HARPER.
(Chief of Bureau of Information.)

to make immediately available to our business men, full and special information concerning trade opportunities.

The board of trustees comprises among others, Governor Hastings, Mayor Warwick, John Wanamaker and William H. Shuerly. Invitations have been sent out to Central and South American business men to attend the opening and responses have been general.

The visiting delegations comprise four from Buenos Ayres, seven from Rio de Janeiro, the president of the San Paulo chamber of commerce, two from Santiago, Chili; two from Barranquilla, Colombia; two from Carthagena, three from Panama, two from Georgetown, Demerara; two from Guatemala, one from Tegucigalpa, Honduras; one from Managua, Nicaragua; six from Lima, Peru; two from San Salvador, two from Montevideo, Uruguay; two from Caracas, Venezuela; two from Maracaibo, two from Puerto Cabelli, three from the City of Mexico, three from Jalapa, three from Vera Cruz, two from Orizaba, three from Pueblo, and two from each of the following places: Monterey, San Louis Potosi, Guadalajara and Guahajuato. There are sixty-five in all.

The exhibition of raw products in the museum will number about five thousand objects, coming from nearly all



DR. WILLIAM PEPPER.
(President of the Board of Trustees.)

countries of the world. Large exhibits of products manufactured abroad have been secured from all countries where the manufacturers of the United States should secure trade, and these exhibits cover almost every line of business.

These delegations will be sumptuously entertained in New York, Boston, Baltimore, Chicago and other cities, for this will be a systematic effort to divert to American channels much of the trade that now goes to England. After their reception here the visitors will be taken in a special train to Washington, where the president and cabinet will give them a reception. They will go as far east as Duluth, Minneapolis and St. Paul, and expect to be back in New York ready to sail for home July 10.

The delegates will meet here, beside the local eights, about 250 representatives from the board of trade of the United States. President McKinley and members of his cabinet will arrive

W. P. WILSON,
(Director of the Commercial Museum.)

Wednesday noon. With him will come the ministers from all the Spanish-American countries at Washington. The president will inspect the museum and after luncheon will go to the Academy of Music where he will make an address. In the evening he will attend a banquet in the great hall of the Bourse. The Manufacturers' club will have an equal part in the celebration, many of its members being interested in the success of the museum.

The delegations will assemble Tuesday, June 1, to take part in the meeting of the advisory board, but the spectacular opening will take place the next day. The officers of the board include William Pepper, M.D., L.L.D., president; W. P. Wilson, director, and William Harper, chief of the bureau of information.

15 CENTS OR 2 FOR 25 CENTS.

Latest style of silk band bows and club ties. Call soon. Limited quantity.

CHARLES W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

As a nerve food has no equal Mends shattered nerves and makes them steady and strong. The best Malt Extract in the market and mind you, **non-intoxicating.**

All druggists.

Val Blatz Brewing Co
Duluth Branch. Tel. 62.

SWEDISH MUSICAL FESTIVAL

Biennial Event Followed By a Trip to Europe.

New York, May 31.—Every Swede "with a voice" will be in the city this week if he can get here, for the second biennial musical festival of the Swedish Americans will be held Tuesday and Wednesday at Carnegie Music hall, and there is no sacrifice a musical Swede will not make to get to a concert. The Western states, the home of the Americanized Swede, will be represented by a melodious army that selected Chicago for the rendezvous and chartered a magnificently equipped Erie train, elaborately decorated with ban-

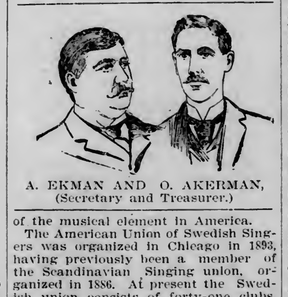
JOHN R. ORTENGREN.
(Singing Director.)

ners and flags to transport the singers to the coast. Chicago and the West is sprinkled with Swedish singing clubs, and each one has striven to send at least one delegate. About 500 of the 600 singers belonging to the American Union of Swedish singers will take part in the festival, and the soloists of international reputation who will appear are: Lila Juel, Ida Hallbeck, A. Stahergr Hall, Tor Pyk, Oscar Ringvall, John Ortengren, and Conrad Behrens. These will appear with the Philharmonic orchestra of Brooklyn, directed by Professor Oscar Ringvall, the director of the musical festivals in Chicago during the world's fair and at Minneapolis in 1891.

Chauncey Depew will deliver an address during the festival. An elaborate program for the entertaining of the guests has been arranged. On June 5 about 150 singers will, with their families and friends, embark on the City of Rome bound for Glasgow, where the European concert tour will

PRESIDENT CHARLES K. JOHANSEN.

begin. Concerts will be given at Edinburgh and Glasgow. A special steamer will carry the singers to Gothenburg. Concerts have been arranged to be given at all the principal Swedish cities en route to Stockholm. King Oscar will receive the singers at the summer palace at Drattningholm, and everything indicates they will receive an enthusiastic welcome. On the return voyage a series of concerts will be given at Copenhagen, Hamburg, London and other continental cities. Gustaf Hallbom, secretary of the union, says the travelers will go abroad not merely as Swedish singers, but as representatives



A. EKMAN AND O. AKERMAN,
(Secretary and Treasurer.)

of the musical element in America.

The American Union of Swedish Singers was organized in Chicago in 1893, having previously been a member of the Scandinavian Singing union, organized in 1886. At present the Swedish union consists of forty-one clubs. The officers of the union are: President, Charles K. Johansen, New York; first vice president, O. F. Nelson, Chicago; second vice president, John T. Nordstron, St. Paul; secretary, Gustaf Hallbom, of Chicago.

$4.30 St. Paul-Minneapolis and return, via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, June 1 and 2. Three trains daily. The shortest and quickest line.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application has been made in writing to the common council of the city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors by the following named persons and at the following places, respectively, to-wit: T. B. Pickford, on lot 397 Lake avenue, Lower Duluth.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, on Monday, the 7th day of June, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-24-31-June-7.

CONTRACT WORK.—
Office of Board of Public Works, Duluth, Minn., May 21, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, their office in said city until 10 a. m., on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1897, for the construction of plank sidewalks said city as follows:

A 2-foot walk on the southerly side Dodge street from Forty-third avenue east to Forty-fifth avenue east.

A 2-foot walk on the northerly side Eighth street from Eighteenth avenue east to a point 250 feet easterly therefrom and

A 2-foot walk on the west side of Sixteighth avenue west from Polk street Main street, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of at least per cent of the total amount bid must company each proposal.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

W. H. SMITH,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 22 10 t.

SUPPLIES WANTED.

Notice is hereby given that up to 10 m. Saturday, June 5, 1897, the undersigned will receive sealed proposals for the furnishing of stationery, hardware, drug and other supplies for the use of the various departments of city work for the ensuing year, in accordance with specifications on file in the office of the city clerk of the city of Duluth.

Bidders must state the total amount which they will furnish the articles named in the respective lists upon which they bid.

A certified check for 10 per cent of the amount of the bid to accompany each proposal, to be forfeited to the city in case failure on the part of the successful bidder to furnish said supplies according said list at the time and place specified the delivery of the same.

The right to reject any and all bids hereby reserved.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 26, June inclusive.

LUMBER.—
Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., May 22, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, their office in said city, until 10 a. m., the 4th day of June, 1897, furnishing and delivering from time to time as it may be required anywhere within the limits of said city, about 250 M feet B. M. timber of the following grades, viz: 2 and 3 inch planks in the rough, 2 inch plank surfaced on one side, and dimension timber.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

W. H. SMITH,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 22 10 t.

First National Bank
OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary

CAPITAL, $500,000.00.
SURPLUS, $250,000.00.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISH, Asst. Cash.

Money Sent to All Parts of the World

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Received.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, executed and delivered by Michael Onellet and Amelia M. Onellet, his wife, mortgagors to the "Lombard Investment Company," mortgagee, dated the 2nd day of May, 1890, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 5th day of May, 1890, at o'clock a. m., in Book 49 of mortgages page 219, which said mortgage was thereafter duly assigned by the said mortgagee, by deed of assignment dated on the 16th day of May, 1890, and recorded in the office of the said register of deeds on the 4th day of April, 1897, at 11:45 o'clock m., in Book 123 of mortgages on page 6 to one Martha F. Reed, and which said mortgage was thereafter again duly assigned by the said Martha F. Reed to M. Cleaves, the present owner thereof, by deed of assignment, dated on the 2nd day of March, 1897, and duly recorded in the office of the said register of deeds on the 6th day of April, 1897, at 11:45 o'clock a. m. in Book 123 of mortgages on page 633; and whereas, said default consists in the non-payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage which became due on the first day of May, 1895, and which there is claimed to be due and due at the date of this notice the sum of $674.40 principal and interest, besides the costs of foreclosure and attorney's fee of $50.00 as stipulated in said mortgage; and whereas, said mortgage provides that said mortgagors shall at all times keep the buildings on the property described therein insured; and whereas, they have failed to so keep them insured, and said mortgagee or its assignee has been compelled to pay and has paid the sum of $42.00 to keep said buildings insured; and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been commenced to recover the said debt or secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises in said mortgage described, which are situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number two hundred and thirty (230), block sixty (60), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the register of deeds in said county of St. Louis. Said sale will be made by the sheriff of said county at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, on the 7th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth in said county and state, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage debt with interest thereon, and the insurance premium as above stated and the costs and disbursements allowed by law, including the sum of $50.00 attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage.

Dated May 24th, 1897.

A. M. CLEAVES,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
JOHN H. BRIGHAM,
Attorney for A. M. Cleaves,
404 Chamber of Commerce Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-24-31-Jun 7-14-21-28.

If you wish to drink a Choice glass of Lager call for— FITGER'S BEER.

IMPOSING

Elaborate Memorial Observances at Arlington Cemetery at Washington.

President McKinley and the Marine Band Were In Attendance.

West Point Unveiled the Battle Monument-- Secretary Alger Present.

Washington, May 31.—Memorial day was generally observed in Washington. The senate adjourned over for the day and the house held only a 15-minute session. All the departments and the business houses were closed and the day was given up to patriotic observance and tributes to the heroic dead. The bronze statues of the nation's heroes on land and sea in the government reservations and parks were shrouded in the flags under which they fought. At 10 o'clock there was an impressive parade of the G. A. R. and other patriotic organizations, which at 11 o'clock broke up, the several posts holding memorial exercises in the various cemeteries. The most imposing ceremonies, of course, were held at the national cemetery at Arlington, on the Virginia side of the Potomac opposite Washington, which was before the war the magnificent estate of Robert E. Lee, the Confederate chieftain.

The exercises at Arlington were made particularly memorable by the presence of President McKinley. The parade began at 12 o'clock with a national salute of twelve guns from the light battery, Fourth artillery, United States army. The beautiful ceremony of strewing flowers on the graves followed. Led by the Marine band, the G. A. R. and other organizations, which had formed in front of the old Lee mansion, marched to the tomb of the unknown dead, where the band played a dirge while the massive monument was being decorated. After this the procession separated. With gentle hands and loving hearts the graves of the vast army beneath the trees received the tributes of flowers. The humblest of the country's defenders was not neglected.

The organizations and guests afterward gathered at the amphitheater, which was impressively decorated, where the exercises took place. The program at the amphitheater opened with the buglers sounding the "assembly." After the funeral march by the Marine band, the "Burial of the Dead" was sung by the choir. Thomas S. Hopkins, department commander, called the assembly to order, and the Rev. W. H. Black invoked divine blessing. The choir sang again and then Representative Dolliver of Iowa delivered the oration of the day. The oration was followed by music and a poem delivered by Dr. Thomas Calver. Hon. Webster Davis, assistant secretary of the interior, followed with an oration, and the exercises concluded with Beethoven's "Funeral March of a Dead Hero," played by the Marine band.

BATTLE MONUMENT.

West Point, N. Y., May 31.—In the presence of 5000 people, the secretary of war and many high officials of the army the battle monument erected by their comrades in honor of the officers and soldiers of the regular army who fell in battle in the civil war was dedicated today. The showers of the night and the early morning cleared away as the hour for the ceremony approached, and the sun was almost uncomfortably warm by the time the exercises began. Everything conspired to make the dedication of the monument an impressive and dignified ceremony.

MEMORIAL DAY AT ST. PAUL.

St. Paul, May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—According to the Minnesota law, Memorial day should be observed today, but the Grand Army of the Republic directed that it be fixed for Saturday and the governor followed the suggestion. The day was therefore generally celebrated throughout the state on Saturday, although banks and business houses generally kept open as usual on that day. Today, however, the banks and many business houses were closed, but aside from two ball games in this city there were no Memorial day exercises.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS.

One of a Minute Duration Felt at Washington.

Washington, May 31.—What is supposed to have been an earthquake shock was felt here at 1:59 o'clock. It lasted about fifty seconds and caused chadeliers to sway and floors to tremble. It was noticed in the capitol, at the telephone exchange and several of the high buildings. In the Associated Press offices in the Post building the vibrations were felt very distinctly. The weather bureau and national observatory, which have recording instruments, are closed on account of Memorial day, but a watchman at the observatory said that the shock lasted nearly a minute and that the movement was from south to north.

ZANESVILE PHINTERS SCARED.

Zanesville, Ohio, May 31.—An earthquake shock was felt here at about 1 o'clock. The Courier building, four stories, exhibited decided vibrations. To such an extent was this noticed and experienced that employes on the fourth and third floors deserted, hurrying below greatly frightened. The motion was from east to west and of a swaying character.

SEVERE AT CLEVELAND.

Cleveland, May 31.—At 12:48 o'clock a severe earthquake shock was felt at this point.

ALARM AT CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, Ohio, May 31.—Shortly after 1 o'clock an earthquake was felt here and in the suburbs. The printers ran out of the Times-Star office. Occupants of other buildings were alarmed, and at Coney Island, Chester Park, the zoological gardens and elsewhere there was consternation among the holiday crowds. At the lagoon, on the Kentucky side, there was a panic among several thousand people on the grounds. The waters of the lagoon were so rough that the life-saving crew went to the relief of those out in the electric pleasure boat.

MARINE MATTERS.

Gas Buoys For Pelee Passage Almost Ready.

Cleveland, May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Capt. McKay says that, weather permitting, the gas buoys for the Pelee passage, Lake Erie, will be in position and lighted by tomorrow night.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault St. Marie, Mich., May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Japan, Avon, 11 last night; Kearsarge, 12:30 a. m.; Maricopa, Manda, 1:40; Ketchum, Wadena, 6; Choctaw, 6:40; Grecian, 9:30; Wade, 10; Montcalm, Maruba, 11. Down: Wilson and whalebacks, Wallula, 10:30 last night; Kirby, Hartnell, 11 30; Ward, 2 a. m.; Gratwick (wooden), Specular, Magnetic, 7:40; Manitoba, 8; Servia, United Empire, 10; Glasgow, 10:30.

Later—Up: Leuty, Moore, Bottsford, City of Genoa, 1 p. m.; Roman, 2. Down: Owen, Michigan, 11:40 a. m.

Up yesterday: Laugell Boys, Corrstock, 10 a. m.; Siberia, 1:30 p. m.; Oscoda, Gardner, Corning, King, 2; Arabian, 5:30. Down: Pontiac, Arizona, Plymouth, Scotia, 5:30 a. m.; Desmond Hattie, Sunshine, 6:30; Cranage, 8:20; Murphy, 9:20; Nipigon, 2 p. m.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., May 31.—Up: Nelson, Whitworth, 10:40 last night; Gilbert, 11; Sacramento and consort, 4 a. m.; Shelley, Badger, 7:20; Devereux, 8.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: S. Mitchell, 1:40 a. m.; Republic, 2:15; Griffin, 4; Spokane, 4:30; Pontiac, 5:40; Bielman, 7; City of New York and consorts, 7:40; E. Shores, 8; St. Andrew, Panther, 8:15; Cranage, 9.

Down yesterday: Gratwick (steel), noon; Bessemer, Nasmyth, 12:30 p. m.; Frontenac, 12:45; Cort, Russell, 2; Plankinton, 2:15; Sibley, Twin Sisters, Alaska (steel), 4:20; Arabia, 5; Watts and consorts, 7:40; Houghton and consort, 8:25.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Washburn—Cleared: Glasgow, Buffalo.

Buffalo—Cleared: Hoyt, Duluth.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Coralia, Stephenson, Bell, Siemens Krupp, Fulton, Thomas, Lake Erie, light for ore; Mowatt, South Chicago, railroad iron; Pope, Savona, Lake Erie, coal.

Departed—Neshoto, Buffalo, grain; City of Traverse, Chicago, passengers and flour; Colorado, Washburn, light; Mahoning, Harlem, Codorus, Buffalo, flour; McWilliams, Nimick, Lake Erie, ore.

THE NORTHERN BOATS.

The steamer North West will probably make a trial trip tomorrow. She was brought over from the shipyards today by two tugs. The inspection of the North Land will be completed today and the inspection of the North West will be commenced on Wednesday. The boats have been entirely overhauled and repainted and look very handsome. A slight change has been made in the exterior appearance and it is for the better. A wide black rim has been painted on the top of each stack with a band of red between the black and the cream yellow color of the stack.

ORE SHIPMENTS.

This is another busy day at the Duluth, Missabe & Northern ore dock. Eight large boats are being loaded and they will take out a total of 34,500 gross tons of ore. The fleet now at the docks will all be loaded by 5 o'clock tomorrow morning.

MEMORIAL DAY SPORTS.

Chicago, May 31.—W. D. Smedly, of the Calumet club, Chicago, won the Chicago road race; E. Sickles, Morgan Park, second; W. Roeder, Calumet, third. Time of winner, 1:07 1-5.

SODEN WINS AT NEW YORK.

New York, May 31.—The winner of the Irvington Milburn race was George A. Soden, of Newark. Time, 1:20 1-5. F. R. Warren, of Kearney, N. J., was second; W. R. Goodwin, Logan wheelmen, Brooklyn, third.

DENVER'S ROAD RACE.

Denver, Col., May 31.—Alex Struthers, of Grand Junction, Col., won the annual 25-mile road race over the Brighton course.

BASEBALL AT MILWAUKEE.

Milwaukee, May 31.—The brewers won out in the ninth inning by a remarkable batting streak after one man was out. Lewee made a double, Max a single, and then Weaver and Myers each made a triple, tying the score. Daly drove in the winning run with a single to left. Score:

Milwaukee, 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 5—7, 12, 3.
Grand Rapids, 0 5 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—6, 12, 3.

Batteries: Terry and Mack; Reidy and Twineham. Umpire, Graves.

COOK COUNTY RACE.

Chicago, May 31.—The Cook county road race was won by John Hudson, Otto M. Christenson second, A. L. Wolfgram third.

MINNEAPOLIS SHUT OUT.

Detroit, Mich., May 31.—The first of the transferred games between Detroit and Minneapolis was played before 1500 spectators this morning. The score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Detroit .. .... 2 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0—4	4	1	
Minneapolis .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	8	6	

Egan and Trost; Smith and Boyle.

ST. PAUL BEATS COLUMBUS.

St. Paul, May 31.—The home team took the morning game from Columbus with ease by hitting the ball. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
St. Paul .....1 0 4 4 0 1 2 1 3—16	16	2	
Columbus .. ...0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0— 2	10	3	

Batteries: Phyle and Spies; McFarland and Fisher.

Manager Marsh Arrested.

Manager Marsh of the Lyceum was arraigned in the municipal court this morning on the charge of running a theater without a license. He pleaded not guilty, and his trial was set for Thursday morning.

FORTNIGHT'S ARMISTICE.

Constantinople, May 31.—An irade has just been issued and communicated to the representatives of the powers, by which the sultan agrees to an armistice of a fortnight, beginning May 30. Fresh instructions, consequently, will be sent to Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander in Thessaly.

WEST END

Sawmill Workers Will Meet Tomorrow Night at Great Eastern Hall.

Rev. R. H. Craig and James Wood Are Expected to Make Speeches.

West Duluth Ball Team Wins Its Fourth Game of the Season.

The Sawmill Workers' Protective union will hold its first meeting in June tomorrow night in Great Eastern hall, instead of Wednesday night. In future the regular meetings will be held on the first and third Wednesdays of each month. The union will hold another open meeting some night next week, the exact date not yet having been selected. Rev. Robert H. Craig, pastor of the Oneota M. E. church, will be invited to speak, as well as James Wood, of Birmingham, N. Y., representing the International Cigarmakers' union. Mr. Wood was taken ill just before the night of the open meeting last week. An audience of more than 500 was disappointed.

ANOTHER SCALP DANGLES.

The West Duluth baseball team won its fourth victory of the season in a cleverly contested game with the Zenith City team at the West End park Saturday afternoon, the score being 8 to 7. At the beginning of the ninth inning the score stood 7 to 4 in favor of the Zenith Citys, but a few timely hits brought in four runs and gave the game to the West End club.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The rhetorical contest for the Demorest gold medal which was to have taken place in Westminster Presbyterian church tonight under the auspices of the Women's Christian Temperance union, has been postponed until next Monday night.

The operetta, "Snow White," that will be given June 9 at Great Eastern hall by the young people of St. James' church, assisted by some of the best talent of the city, is looked forward to with much pleasure, as it is the most elaborate ever given at West Duluth. The chorus consists of forty children.

A burning chimney at the corner of Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street gave the fire department a run at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock there will be a missionary meeting in the parlors of Westminster Presbyterian church.

George E. Towner and Max Boettcher, who left Duluth recently, have enlisted in Company F, Third U. S. infantry, stationed at Fort Snelling.

George O'Brien has accepted a position with a drug company at Columbus, Ohio, and will leave for that city in a few days.

The Duluth Boomers defeated the West Duluth Stars yesterday afternoon by a score of 15 to 9. Each club has now won a game and a third will be played in a short time to decide the supremacy.

DUCK LAKE TROUBLE.

Almighty Voice and Followers Are All Killed.

St. Paul, May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Winnipeg special to the Dispatch says: Communication with Duck lake was resumed this morning at 6:30, when the Dispach correspondent with the mounted police who have been besieging the four Indian murderers, including the desperado Almighty Voice, sent the following message:

"The Prince Albert volunteers got impatient yesterday afternoon and prevailed on the officer in charge to allow them to rush up the bluff where the outlaws were hiding. They were led by William Drain, James McKay, Q. C., and Police Officers Wilson and MacDonald. On the first rush they did not find the hiding places of the Indians and they again went through, killing the only remaining Indian. Almighty Voice and another Indian were killed by shells from the 9-pounder. No further casualties occurred on our side. The dead have been brought in. The father of Almighty Voice is under arrest here for an accomplice. No further trouble is anticipated."

DUSKY DAMSELS' RACE.

There was a lively bicycle race on London road at 4:30 o'clock this morning. The participants were a number of dusky damsels from "the Point" and their "egmmen" friends. The name of the winner could not be learned. In course of some evolutions two heavyweight "fair" ones came together with a crash like a couple of forty-car freight trains in collision. Nobody was hurt, but two bikes were carted off in wheelbarrows.

Situation Unchanged.

There was no apparent change in the situation at the city engineer's office this morning. The draughting room was still held by the Patton force, while Mr. Reed held down a chair in the middle room.

$100 REWARD, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

ONE CENT A WORD!

WANTED--FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; American. Apply 1731 West Second street.

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 507 West Second street.

GIRL WANTED—MUST BE GOOD housekeeper and worker. Apply between 6 and 8 p. m., 18 West Second street.

WANTED— FIRST-CLASS DINING room maids. Apply St. Louis Hotel company.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good cook required. 229 Fifth avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL 16 OR 17 YEARS OLD to help around house. 1422 Jefferson.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 222 Second avenue east.

WANTED—AT ONCE, EXPERIENCED waitress at St. James hotel.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at Hunter's Park. Apply at Herald office.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK AT 1632 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 205 West Third street.

WANTED—COOK FOR BOARDING house. 120 First avenue west.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and girls can always find good places at the cheap and first quality of hair goods and the oldest and most reliable employment office. 225 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEman to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED--MALE HELP.

AN INSURANCE CLERK WHO IS A good general office man, wanted at Room 13, Exchange building.

WANTED—SALESMAN FOR DRUGGIST sundries, $100 per month and expenses; experience unnecessary. Address J. L. Armstrong, 29 Burling Slip, New York.

WANTED—ENERGETIC AND INTELligent men to canvass and collect, on salary or commission. References required. Apply at rooms 304-305 Burrows' block.

WANTED—ONE SALESMAN, SALARY and commission, $90 to $100 per month can be made. No experience needed. Work in the city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

SPRING GARDEN—FIVE AND TEN acre tracts for sale by George H. Crosby.

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN made upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Ulysses S. G. Sharp, single, mortgagor, to Jane W. Hooker, mortgagee, bearing date 8th day of March, 1893, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 18th day of March, 1893, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 94 of mortgages on page 234; and whereas there is claimed to be due, and is due, on said mortgage the sum of forty-one hundred and seven dollars and forty-three cents, thirty-nine hundred and eighty-nine dollars and seventy cents thereof being principal and interest and one hundred and seventeen dollars and seventy-three cents thereof being for taxes on the property covered by said mortgage and which have been paid by said mortgagee.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises therein described, viz: Lot eleven (11), in block twelve (12), in West Duluth, First Division, St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the indebtedness secured by said mortgage and interest thereon, together with seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees and the disbursements allowed by law. The said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, or his deputy, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, county and state aforesaid, on the 13th day of July, 1897, at 11:50 o'clock a. m., subject to redemption within one year after date of said sale.

Duluth, Minn., May 31, 1897.
JANE W. HOOKER,
Mortgagee.

TOWNE & HARRIS,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
700 and 701 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-31-June-7-14-21-28-July-5.

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN made upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Laura A. McIntyre, unmarried, mortgagor, to Jane W. Hooker, mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of May, 1893, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 7th day of September, 1895, at 8:50 o'clock a. m. in Book 82 of mortgages on page 412; and whereas there is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage the sum of eight hundred and thirty-three one-hundredths dollars, four hundred and sixty-five and ninety-five hundredths dollars thereof being interest, etc., three hundred and sixty-seven and eighty one-hundredths dollars thereof being interest and three hundred and sixty-seven and eighty one-hundredths dollars thereof being for taxes, etc., four hundred and sixty-five and ninety-five hundredths dollars thereof being for taxes on the property covered by said mortgage and which have been paid by said mortgagee.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises therein described, viz: Lots fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), in block thirteen (13), in West Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the indebtedness secured by said mortgage and interest thereon, together with twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees and the disbursements allowed by law. The said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, or his deputy, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, county and state aforesaid, on the 13th day of July, 1897, at 11:45 o'clock a. m., subject to redemption within one year after date of said sale.

Duluth, Minn., May 31, 1897.
JANE W. HOOKER,
Mortgagee.

TOWNE & HARRIS,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
700 and 701 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-31-June-7-14-21-28-July-5.

What 25 Cents Will Do.

Send this amount with your answers. What cities are often called the Hub, Gotham, Metropolis, Queen, Monumental, Iron, Twin, Crescent, Windy, Power, Forest, Zenith and Beer? Contest closes Aug. 23 and names of the winners will appear in the September number of WORLD AT HOME. For the first correct answer we will give a SEWING MACHINE, value $50. 2, Coffee Set, 4 pieces, Quadruple Silver Plate, value $30. 3, Chafing outfit Nickel Finish, value $15. 4th, New Family Atlas of the World, 175 Colored Maps, $7 50. CASH PRIZES: 5th, $5.00. 6th and 7th, $2 50. 8th to 12th, $1.00. 13th to 17th, 50 cents.

In addition to the above all winners receive the WORLD AT HOME for three months and all others for six months

The WORLD AT HOME is a magnificent large 32-page journal unsurpassed for interesting reading. Address the WORLD AT HOME, (room 14) 411 WALNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

ONE CENT A WORD!

SITUATIONS WANTED.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL WANTS A respectable place in a boarding house or restaurant; has experience. Address 21 Second avenue west.

WANTED—PLACE IN PRIVATE FAMILY by neat girl. Address R 61, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG lady stenographer would like use of typewriter, in payment of which she would be willing to take care of office and do typewriting. Please address A. K., general delivery, city.

MAN AND WIFE WANT WORK—(man a cook)—out of town, or on farm in Dakota preferred. C. B., 505 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER WOULD like to have some family sewing. Good work done and prices reasonable. Miss H. Johnson, 211 Third avenue west.

MARRIED LADY WOULD LIKE DAY work in restaurant or laundry or as janitor in a building. Can furnish reference. Will work reasonable. 2231 West Superior street H. K.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING SCRUBbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 230 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—BICYCLES, WESTMINster ladies or gents, fully guaranteed, only $38 cash, at J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A HIGH GRADE '96 bicycle. 1515 East Second street.

CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive at West Duluth, June 1. Fifty-ninth avenue and Raleigh street. No. 222. John H. Markuson.

FOR SALE—AT A GOOD BARGAIN, Saratoga restaurant, with complete outfit in first class condition. Place has been closed only one week. A good opportunity to open a restaurant at an old stand. James Wanless, assignee, 510 Lonsdale building, Duluth, Minn.

CIGAR AND CONFECTIONERY STORE doing a good business on Superior street, will be sold at a bargain if taken soon. Owner leaving city. Address Broker, care Herald.

MARKUS MISPIT CARPET AND FURniture company. Dealers in furniture, carpets, stoves, crockery. Special sales for crockery. All kinds of household goods exchanged. 20 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—BARBER'S COMPLETE outfit. Will sell cheap or rent. Inquire 112 East Superior street.

TYPEWRITER FOR SALE OR RENT. Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, 323 West Superior street.

NEW LAUNDRY.

126 E. FOURTH ST. ALL WORK GUARanteed first class. Dress shirts, 10c; initial shirts, 15c; collars, 2c; cuffs, 2c; undershirts, 6c; handkerchiefs, 2c. Laundry called for and delivered. H. B. Coon.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING.

PROMPT, ACCURATE, CONFIDENtial work; mimeograph and circular work. Stenographers furnished upon call. Depositions; notary public. Harry H. Lemont, 401 First National bank.

WANTED--TO BUY.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE, A SECONDhand top buggy. R 62, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, YOUR OLD clothing. The great old clothing buyer will remain until June 4. Will pay you these prices: Pants, 50 cents to $1; coats and vests, $1 to $5. Send postal at once to G 59, Herald, and will call for goods.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND tools of all descriptions. Tell what you have. R 63, Herald.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife. 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

CARD READING.

CARD READER, 1330 W. SUPERIOR ST.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED FOR 10 cents; pictures of your future husband or wife 25 cents. Address Madame De Zoe, P. O. Box 30, Duluth, Minn.

SPIRITUAL MEDIUMS.

READINGS, SPIRITUAL AND PSYCHometrical, 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. daily. A specialty of delineating and developing latent psyche powers. Strictly confidential. Room 406 Lowell block.

NATURE HAS GIFTED PROF. ANFIN with a clairvoyant power unusually strong, and he has never made it subject to falsehood and deceit. He does not deal in charms or other humbuggery, but gives good and true advice on business, social and matrimonial affairs or any other subject of importance. His advice, if followed, and his help, if desired, shows everyone the road to happiness and prosperity. 120 Sixth avenue west, parlor up stairs.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application has been made in writing to the common council of the city of Duluth, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors by the following named person and at the following place, respectively, to-wit: D. J. McKenzie, at No. 311 Lake avenue south.

Said application will be heard and determined by said common council of the city of Duluth, at the council chamber in said city of Duluth, on Monday, the 14th day of June, 1897, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-31-June-7.

PROPOSALS FOR FIRE HOSE.—Office of the Board of Fire Commissioners, City Hall,

Duluth, Minn., May 31st, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received at this office up to Saturday, June 19th, 1897, at 4:30 p. m., for furnishing the city of Duluth with three thousand (3000) feet of steam fire engine hose 2½ inches internal diameter, coupled with automatic couplings, Higbee patent thread.

Any proposal represented by an agent will be rejected.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Board of Fire Commissioners.
HENRY TRUELSEN, JR.,
Secretary.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-31-June-1-2.

SALE OF HORSE.—Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., May 28, 1897.

Notice is hereby given that there will be sold by public auction at 10 o'clock a. m., June 1, 1897, at the East End Livery barn, corner Washington avenue and Superior street, one brown mare about 8 years old and foal 3 weeks old, said animals being the property of the city of Duluth. The sale will be for cash.

Board of public works,
W. H. SMITH,
President.
Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TO RENT--HOUSES.

SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE FOR rent. Inquire 111 West Second street.

HOUSE FOR RENT—917 EAST SEVenth.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE FOR three months. Cascade park and First avenue west. Address George L. Tupper, city.

HOUSES AND ROOMS FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, 1007 East Second street; all modern improvements. Inquire 1013 East Second street.

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE, NINE rooms, modern, 2105 East First street. Apply Dr. Schiffman, Burrows block.

HOUSES FOR RENT IN VARIOUS parts of the city at reasonable prices. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

1713 EAST SUPERIOR STREET, EIGHT rooms; hot water heat all modern improvements. Rent May 1. Only responsible tenant need apply. E. P. Alexander, Torrey building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT--FLATS.

FOR RENT—NICE 5-ROOM, MODERN brick flat. Volk, Palladio building.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT, NEW FOUR and five room flats, $6 to $10, including water. W. J. Holmes, 504 Palladio.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE FLATS AND rooms at low rent. 1102 West First street. Inquire No. 21 Eleventh avenue west.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER, HAS REmoved to 404 West Superior street. Money to loan on articles of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook.

TO RENT--ROOMS.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM LOWELL block.

FURNISHED ROOM TO RENT. 128 East First street.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM FOR RENT —518 West Second street.

ROOMS WITH BATH, $3.50 AND $5. 416 Lake avenue north.

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms for housekeeping in Mason flats, for man and wife. A snap. Address P. O. Box 526.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM WITH alcove, bath etc. Location pleasant and central. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED and unfurnished rooms; all modern conveniences. 121 West Second street.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY IN EAST End, with large house, would like one or two people to room and board. References, L 31, Herald.

TRANSIENTS CAN HAVE BEST ACcommodations at 329 West Second street, $1.50 per day.

PILES Williams Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for PILES. It absorbs tumors. Stops itching. GIVES RELIEF. 50c and $1. At Druggists

FINANCIAL.

$1000 TO LOAN ON FIRST MORTGAGE. E. R. Brace, 621 Chamber of Commerce.

Money to loan on Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry in any amount without delay at a low rate of interest. All business strictly confidential.

Collateral Loan Bank, 319 West Superior Street.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 31, 1897. Work, First degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Saturday, June 5, 1897. Work, First degree. F. W. Kugler, W. M.; I. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 28 R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 8, 1897. ——— degree. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY NO. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, June 1, 1897. M. M. Gasser, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE FURnished rooms for light housekeeping by newly married couple. Must be centrally located. Address with price and give location. R 15, Herald.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's Drug store.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—ARE YOU GOING TO MOVE or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse, lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing, moving, storage free of charge. Only licensed and bonded warehouse in city. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

EXPRESS AND DRAY LINE.

THE DULUTH TRANSIT EXPRESS line is prepared to move pianos and furniture. Trunks removed for 25 cents. Office 501 West Michigan street. Tel. 523.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING—MINNESOTA IRON COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Minnesota Iron Company for the election of directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented at said meeting, will be held at the office of said company, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Monday, the 7th day of June, 1897, at 11 o'clock a. m.

Chicago, May 8th, 1897.
C. P. COFFIN,
Secretary.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 10 to 31.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth.
†9:00 a. m.	ST. PAUL,	*6:30 a. m.
*1:35 p. m.	MINNEAPOLIS.	*1:30 p. m
*11:15 p. m		†7:45 p. m.

From Union Depot. CITY TICKET OFFICE, 401 W. Superior street, corner Palladio building. Telephone 218.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

CITY TICKET OFFICE 432 W. SUP. ST.

Leave Duluth.		Arrive Duluth.
†10:30 p. m.	ST. PAUL AND	†2:20 p. m.
*11:15 p. m.	MINNEAPOLIS	*7:30 a. m.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Buffet Parlor Cars on Day Trains.
New Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

Direct connections with Great Northern trains for—

FARGO, GRAND FORKS,
WINNIPEG, HELENA,
BUTTE, SPOKANE,
PORTLAND, SEATTLE
AND JAPAN.

At St. Paul connections are made for all points East, West and South. Through tickets and baggage checked to destination.

Duluth, Superior & Western Ry.

WEST. *Daily except Sunday. EAST.

P. M.			A. M.
*3:05	0	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	* 11:40
4:05	23	Ar..... Cloquet Lv	10:41
6:13	76	Ar..... Swan River Lv	8:40
7:40		Ar..... Hibbing Lv	7:15
7:02	94	Ar.. Grand Rapids Lv	7:50
8:00	109	Ar....Deer River Lv	6:55

Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway Company

7:45 a.m.	Lv.....	Duluth .....Ar	3:35 p.m.
10:45 a.m.	Ar.....	Virginia Lv	12:45 p.m.
10:44 a.m.	Ar.....	Eveleth Lv	10:50 a.m.
11:56 a.m.	Ar.....	Biwabik Lv	12:28 p.m.
11:00 a.m.	Ar.....	Mt. Iron Lv	12:39 p.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar.....	Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.
9:00 a.m.	Lv.....	Virginia .....Ar	1:45 p.m.
1:25 p.m.	Ar.....	Wolf Lv	10:33 a.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar.....	Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.

Daily, except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R.R

3:15 p.m.	Lv.....	Duluth .....Ar	12:00 m.
7:35 p.m.	Ar.....	Virginia Lv	8:00 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar.....	Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar.....	Ely Lv	7:30 a.m.

Daily, except Sunday.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

C., St. P., M. & O. RY.

Office: 405 West Superior St. Phone No. 20.

Leave	*Daily | †Except Sunday	Arrive
†10 45 am	St. Paul, Min'pls and West	†5 10 pm
†11 00 pm	St. Paul, Min'pls and West	*7 00 am
*9 10 pm	Chicago Limited	*10 30 am

Parlor cars on day trains; Wagner's Finest Sleepers on night trains.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

The Marquette Route

Trains for all points East leave Duluth Union Depot at ..... 6:30 P. M. Daily,

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room—324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK

Every Evening, Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD:
$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, May 31.—Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), May 31.—Since Saturday morning, a cool wave has overspread the northern sections of the country, from the Dakotas eastward to the lower lakes, with temperatures exceptionally low for this season. Numerous frosts have resulted, these extending as far southward as Davenport and Chicago.

Light rains have fallen during the past twenty-four hours in the upper lake region and Montana. Cloudy weather still prevails in the Lake Superior region and Montana; elsewhere the weather is fair.

The temperature has risen slightly since yesterday morning in Colorado, Wyoming, Nebraska and Kansas. At 7 o'clock this morning the highest temperature reported was 58 at Denver, and the lowest was 36 at Bismarck, Duluth and Port Arthur.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 36; maximum yesterday, 43; minimum yesterday, 34.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Continued unsettled weather tonight and Tuesday and possibly light showers; slightly warmer; light, variable winds becoming fresh northeast by Tuesday morning.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

SELECTING SENATORS.

The Wadena Pioneer endorses the suggestion that Senator Davis' successor be nominated in the next Republican state convention, with the understanding that the Republican members of the legislature consider themselves morally bound to support the nominee, and adds: "The election of United States senators should be brought as close to the people as possible, and this idea is a move in the right direction. It was tried once before and worked very satisfactorily."

If The Herald's recollection is not at fault, the result of the previous experiment with this plan was not so satisfactory as the Wadena paper implies. Senator Davis was endorsed at the state convention for re-election, and it is true that he was elected, but he had only one vote to spare in the Republican legislative caucus, and many Republican members apparently did not consider themselves morally bound to support the nominee of the state convention. What guarantee can the Pioneer offer that the Republican members of the next legislature would "feel morally bound" to support the senatorial nominee of a state convention, the delegates to which were chosen mainly because of their friendship for candidates for the governorship.

If it is desired to bring the election of United States senators close to the people, the selection of delegates who will name the candidate should be made separately from the contests between the candidates for places on the state ticket, and the only way to accomplish this result is to hold separate senatorial primaries and county conventions, and a state convention called for that special purpose.

CREDIT MEN'S CONVENTION.

The convention of the National Association of Credit Men, which will meet in Kansas City June 9 for a three days' session, will be the means, credit men say, of such changes in commercial law as will be of momentous import to not only the importers, manufacturers and jobbers, but to the hundreds of thousands of retail merchants of every kind, and through them the great public. The Association of Credit Men is unlike many national organizations, which meet alone for mutual instruction and entertainment. The great band of credit men has definite objects in view, and its deliberation will be of such a nature as will secure the most immediate attainment of the ends which they desire. They intend to discuss not only the changes which are considered necessary, but their attention will be given also to the best manner of doing practical work. To this end they have chosen as speakers men eminent in the world of business and finance, and have decided that the meetings will be open at all times to discussion by anyone who desires to take part.

The Association of Credit Men has one great object in view. As a member laconically said, "It is to beat the deadbeat." The thorn in the flesh of honest retailers and of jobbers and manufacturers is what is known as the commercial "deadbeat." The merchant who buys, without expecting to pay for his purchases and who dodges his creditors with a "failure" is not only looked upon with fear by the wholesaler, but with dread by the retailer as well. A man who does not expect to meet his honest debts is an unfair competitor to the merchant who must pay for what he buys and make a living besides. The credit men realize, too, an alarming increase in "failures," and they view with consternation the fact that a person who "fails" to his own financial profit does not receive the universal condemnation of one whose method of getting that which does not belong to him is slightly less intricate.

Among the changes which the members of the association propose are the following: A restriction in the wholesale granting of credit; a change in the homestead exemption laws of the states, which are at present very dissimilar; a uniform law forbidding preferences in cases of assignment; a law making it a penal offense to secure credit by a false statement in writing made for the purpose of obtaining credit, whereby anyone is defrauded; a better method for handling bankrupt stocks; the improvement of mercantile agency service, and many other changes necessary in certain states.

CZAR REED RESPONSIBLE.

"Cuba waits for Reed" are the words which form a headline over a Washington dispatch in the Chicago Record. Because the autocrat of the house says "no," the representatives refuse to carry out the wishes of the people and adopt the Morgan resolution recognizing the belligerency of the Cuban patriots. For the same reason all other legislation is held up. Nothing can be done, because Czar Reed refuses to appoint the necessary committees or to permit the consideration of any measures except the appropriation bills. The house meets from day to day and adjourns, because Tom Reed prefers a policy of inaction—and the people have to pay the heavy expenses of this tomfoolery. The country demands the passage of a federal bankruptcy law. The Nelson bill has passed the senate, but Speaker Reed does not like it, and will not permit the house to consider it or to take any action whatever in the direction of bankruptcy legislation. And the servile Republican majority in the house bows submissively to the czar's decree, beside which the will of the people is nothing, in their estimation.

For the same reason, legislation to aid in the development of the Rainy Lake gold region is retarded. The gold mines and prospectors are anxious to have the United States mining laws extended over this territory, in order to make possible the development of that region, but Speaker Reed has declared that no legislation of this kind will be permitted now, and the representative of the Sixth district quietly submits without a word of protest on behalf of his constituents who are disgusted with the methods of the czar. Mr. Buchanan, who wrote to Judge Morris recently on this subject, has received the following reply, dated at Washington on May 26:

'My Dear Sir—Your letter of May 10 was received during my absence from the city. I have determined, before taking any action on the subject of the application of the mineral land laws to portions of our state, to wait until I return to Minnesota, that I may have an opportunity to investigate the matter thoroughly. I do this for the reason that no legislation of this kind will be considered until the regular session in December. Yours truly.

"PAGE MORRIS."

This means that an opportunity for obtaining title to mining claims in the Rainy Lake district will be denied to those who desire to prospect on the American side of the international boundary this year. There will not be much development in the Minnesota gold region this summer, because gold mining men will not waste their time there, knowing that if they made any rich discoveries they would probably be unable to obtain title to the property. For this unfortunate state of affairs, Speaker Reed and the servile Republican majority at his back, are responsible.

Since the Sheik-ul-Islam of the Ottoman empire, purporting to interpret the wishes of Allah, made a few observations on the spoils of victory, some ill-informed writers speak of him as the grand mufti. It is stated by the Omaha Bee, on the authority of the Knights of Ak-Sar-Ben that the claim is without foundation. The fellow is an imposter. There is only one truly-for-sure grand mufti, and he has demonstrated his right to the title and the perquisites thereunto belonging by leading the brave through dark and devious paths and by divers prophecies invariably fulfilled. Beware of imitation G. M's. None genuine unless the name is blown on the keg.

Pomona, Cal., has adopted a novel system of saloon regulation. Only two saloons are allowed in the town, and they are to be deprived of back doors and windows, shall have no screens, chairs, card tables, or any of the usual appurtenances, and shall be attended by a respectable citizen as barkeep, whose appointment is to be confirmed by the city council. Regular hours for doing business will be from 5 a. m. to 10 p. m. on week days only, and a license of $1000 a year is required with a bond of $6000, which will be forfeited upon the first violation of any of the regulations prescribed.

A Colorado girl has climbed to the summit of Mount Popocatepetl and there sung: "The Star Spangled Banner." The event is to be celebrated in immortal verse as soon as the poet laureate of the Centennial state can find enough rhymes for Popocatepetl.

Ringling Bros.' circus, which is to be in Minneapolis next month, has decided not to use the billboards, but will increase its advertising in the newspapers, believing that better returns will be secured in that way. There is no doubt that circuses waste thousands of dollars yearly on billboard advertising. Smaller amounts placed with the newspapers would produce far better results, as Ringling Bros.' experience at Minneapolis will demonstrate.

The Glencoe Register warmly resents the nervy attempt of the Minneapolis Journal's political reporter to shelve Congressman Heatwole as a gubernatorial candidate, and very correctly concludes that "if the people of Minnesota name a candidate for governor next year, it will be found that the gentleman has not occupied a very prominent place in 'Jerry J.'s' predictions."

A Washington dispatch says that Mr. Hanna has knocked the beer tax out of the tariff bill. Although no formal action has been taken, it is practically settled that the tax on beer will remain as it is. No doubt Mr. Hanna was impressed by the fear that if an additional tax was placed on beer, the Ohio beer interests would be solidly arrayed against him in the senatorial fight.

The late sugar king, Theodore Havemeyer, who was also consul general at New York for Austria during the last twenty-five years, found a very peculiar method for handling the impecunious Austrian noblemen who frequently came to him for financial assistance. He used to put them to work in the refineries making sugar barrels.

Bernard & Webster, the publishers of the Grand Rapids Magnet, have started the Pilot at Walker, Cass county, and A. G. Bernard has removed to Walker and assumed charge of it. The Pilot has been made the official paper of the county, and Mr. Bernard has been appointed superintendent of schools.

A New York man has been committed to an insane asylum because he believes he is the homeliest man in the world and wants to kill himself. Perhaps a cure might be effected by introducing him to Congressman Eddy of the Seventh Minnesota district.

Gen. Miles reached Lamia on Saturday and lunched with the Crown Prince Constantine. No doubt the crown prince learned from the general how to rout the Turk, in the event of hostilities being resumed.

A bold, bad man stampeded a convention of Chicago women the other day by suddenly shouting "Whiskers." All the delegates wanted to pull them, and there was almost a riot.

PLEASANTLY PUT.

Chicago Record: "Is your new home pleasantly located?"

"Pleasantly located? I have seven children and there are five ice cream soda stands in the block."

Indianapolis Journal: Tommy—Paw, what does it mean when a man is "in the hands of his friends?"

Mr. Figg—Well, a barkeeper under arrest is a pretty fair sample.

Chicago Tribune: Magistrate—You claim you saw the airship in broad daylight?

Prisoner—That'sh right y'r honor.

Magistrate—Officer, this is not a matter for the police court. It is a case of jim jams. Take him to the inebriate hospital.

Washington Star: "I nebber 'scourages er man f'um scatterin' 'is voice aroun' gibbin' good advice," said Uncle Eben. "It may not hab any influence in particular, but it keeps him out ob mischief foh de time beh'."

Yonkers Statesman: "It seems strange," said Barnstormer to a friend, "that when an egg isn't good for anything else it goes on the stage."

Detroit Journal: "I suppose she expects to save her life by learning to swim?"

"Well, I heard her say she was just dying to have a swimming suit."

"Life remains the subtlest of all mysteries, always barring the 15-cent ice cream soda."

Chicago Post: "No, I didn't have a very good time," she said. "I wanted to talk and there wasn't a man there."

"But there were plenty of other girls."

"Oh, of course, but that was no satisfaction, for they all wanted to talk, too."

Cleveland Leader: "Frisbie is the laziest man I ever knew."

"What makes you think so?"

"He actually seems to be glad that he's getting bald headed, so that he won't have to comb his hair any more."

Cincinnati Tribune: "I have here a neat and pretty little letter opener," began the agent.

"So have I at home," said the business man, sadly. "I'm married."

And the agent, knowing it was useless to talk further, took his departure with a fellow feeling in his heart for his intended victim.

Puck: "Say," cried Pocahontas, springing forward just as the fatal club was about to descend.

She whispered a few hurried words into the ear of Powhatan, her father.

"Certainly not," the knightly chief answered, not without a suggestion of pique in his manner. "If the kinetoscope won't work, why there's nothing to be gained by killing the pale-faced brother."

IMPATIENCE.

"Whither are we drifting?" 'Tis the question of the day.
And one that well may strike the stoutest heart with some dismay.
And it's hard to wait the answer and to watch the long hours pass,
'Till Mabel reads her essay to the graduating class.

—Washington Star.

A POPULAR MEMBER.

Carlton County Vidette: Few men in congress are more popular than bright, brainy Charlie Hartman, of Montana, as he is generally called by his associates. During the slow and somewhat monotonous talk that goes on in the house, it is quite edifying to suddenly become conscious of the fact that the gentleman from Montana has something to say, for he is no mean orator, has an excellent voice and is a thorn in the side of every monometallist on the floor. The money question is a ticklish one for a goldite to tamper with when Mr. Hartman is present, for he has been known to quiet his opponent by asking a few questions. Although Mr. Hartman is an ardent bimetallist, his political convictions do not interfere with his genial temperament, for his friends in and out of congress are legion.

AN EXCELLENT AVERAGE.

Redwood Falls Gazette: James A. Shannon, of Duluth, a nephew of Dr. C. P. Gibson, of this city, secured the cadetship at West Point from the Sixth congressional district. The young man had the excellent general average of ninety-seven points and one of the members of the examining board stated that although he had been looking over similar papers during the last sixteen years he had never in all his experience seen anything that approached the almost perfection attained by young Shannon in taking this examination.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CAPITAL GOSSIP.

Washington, May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—From the way in which Democratic official heads have been lopped off during the past three months it would appear that President Cleveland's order issued just before the close of his administration by which it was thought practically every government position outside of fourth-class postmasters would be taken out of the spoils system, was not so inclusive as was at first supposed. Representatives Tawney and Morris at the beginning of this session rented an office on Fourteenth street and their clerks have been kept exceedingly busy ever since making out recommendations and preparing papers relating to the office-seeking business. The majority of places they have had to fill have been fourth-class postoffices. It was at first thought that President Cleveland's order included pension examining surgeons, but it has since been ruled that only those whose compensation is over three hundred dollars per annum are protected by the civil service rules. This has given Mr. Tawney and Judge Morris a number of pension boards to appoint, and the Democratic members of the old boards have been quickly and summarily disposed of. As the same policy was followed by the preceding administration with regard to Republican surgeons, there can be no cause for complaint. It would not be supposed that there would be much competition for a position which paid less than $300 a year, but as serving on one of these boards does not interfere with the regular practice of a physician, country doctors especially like to have these pickups. Tawney and Morris in making these appointments usually take the recommendations of the old soldiers in the district in preference to those of the politicians.

* * *

The attempt of the members of the Minnesota delegation to oust a number of clerks in the departments whom they claim are improperly accredited to Minnesota is likely to prove abortive. Many of these clerks have not been in the state for fifteen or twenty years and perhaps some of them were never there at all. Still, if a man insists that he was appointed from a certain state and has never taken up residence or voted in any other state the officials would probably refuse to remove him because he is entitled to claim residence somewhere. The most that could be done would be to have these clerks accredited to the District of Columbia where they properly belong, and this would decrease Minnesota's quota in the departments and thus make room for new appointments from that state. The congressmen, however, would not have the filling of these positions, as this would be done through regular civil service channels. It is not likely that anything will come of the matter, although it at first aroused a good deal of interest among the hungry office-seeking crowd from Minnesota who are in Washington waiting for something to turn up.

Several of the young men who were appointed to positions in the departments by the last administration showed their party fealty and good sense by resigning immediately after President McKinley came into power and returning to Minnesota to engage in private business. Among them were John Kynaston and James Nowell, both of whom held $2000 per annum positions and as they were under civil service, could have remained if they desired.

A BACHELOR'S REFLECTIONS.

New York Press: When a girl goes up stairs while anybody is looking she always steps on her skirts.

Women are probably called angels because they wear things that rustle like wings.

A woman can never help looking indignant when you mention a chicken incubator.

No woman can ever think very hardly of a man who wears a crepe mourning band on his hat.

Married people get along the first year on the novelty of the thing; after that it becomes habit.

It is all right for there to be lots of room at the top, because by the time a man gets there he is lots fatter.

The man who boasts oftenest that he has never told a lie probably makes his wife believe that he has the greatest regard for her mother.

An optimist is a man who looks at his bad luck through the big end of the telescope; a pessimist is a man who looks at his good luck that way.

When a woman gets to heaven it will be a great disappointment to her to find that it is against the rules to act surprised to see some other women there that she knew on earth.

WHEN HE'S WRITING HOME.

Commencement time's a-comin' an' Lick's goin' ter graduate;
He'll make a speech in Latin an' jest paralyze the state!
He tackled all the languages an' larnt 'm in a flash;
But he always talks in English when he's writin' home fer cash!

He says that Greek's as common as the daisies in the dew;
He kin run a race in Latin—dance a jig in German, too;
An' French is on his bill o' fare, an' won't he cut a dash?
But he always talks in English when he's writin' home fer cash!

I reckon it's a comfort jest to know the boy kin speak
In all them foreign languages, an' gallop 'round in Greek;
But his wisdom's more amazin', fer he changes in a flash,
An' always talks in English when he's writin' home fer cash!

Atlanta Constitution.

LEAVES DULUTH 6:30 P. M.

SOUTH SHORE'S NEW SCHEDULE.

Business men going East may now put in a full day at the desk and take dinner at home instead of hurrying to catch a train in the middle of the afternoon.

FAVORABLY PASSED UPON.

Sawmill Will Be Erected Soon at La Pointe Agency.

The secretary of the interior has passed favorably upon the application of Captain George A. Scott, of La Pointe Indian agency for permission to erect a sawmill on the Red Cliff reservation near Bayfield, and the matter will now be presented to President McKinley for his formal approval. As soon as the president has passed upon it which he will undoubtedly do favorably within a very short time, propositions for erecting the mill will be advertised for. Last winter the Indians on the reservation under the direction of Capt. Scott cut 7,000,000 feet of logs, which were advertised for sale April 29 last, but before the date for the sale arrived it was declared off to await the action of the department and the president on the application for permission to build a mill on the reservation that the logs might be sawed there and furnish employment to the Indians. There still remains on the reservation about 100,000,000 feet of first-class pine which will be sufficient to employ a good mill for a number of years.

ORIENTAL NEWS.

Earthquakes, Black Plague and a Memorial Hospital.

Tacoma, Wash., May 31.—The Northern Pacific steamship Mount Lebanon, which arrived from China and Japan, brings news that prolonged earthquake shocks were experienced at Nagano, Japan, the night of May 6. A professor from the Imperial university and several assistants have gone to Kimi Taki, a distance where repeated seismatic movements have been recently felt. The German steamer Tallee has been wrecked on a Japanese coast. No lives lost.

Official reports state that over 200 cases of black plague brought out in two of the largest towns in Formosa, during the first week in May.

It has been decided that the Hong Kong jubilee memorials shall be a woman's and children's hospital and training nurse institute. It has also been decided to commence a road around the island.

SPANISH MINISTERIAL CHANGES.

Madrid, May 31.—It is reported that the duke of Mandao, the Spanish ambassador at Paris, will at an early date replace the duke of Tetuan as Spanish minister for foreign affairs, and that the duke of Tetuan will succeed the Duke of Mandao as Spanish ambassador to France.

PIONEER MINE RESUMES.

Ely, Minn., May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Operations at the Pioneer mine were again resumed this morning, and the entire old force will be employed from now on. The news was received with joy. It has not been announced if the company has made any sales, but it is presumed that some understanding has been arrived at. Shipping will be continued, so as to make room for the daily hoist. The company has about 165,000 tons in stock.

Miss Addie Van Blarcom returned Saturday from St. Cloud, where she has been attending school.

Gust Aspegren left this morning for St. Paul, where he goes as a delegate to the grand lodge meeting of the Knights of the Maccabees.

COLD AT BIWABIK.

Biwabik, Minn., May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Snow fell here at different times during Saturday night and Sunday in sufficient quantities to whiten the sidewalks, while the thermometer has stood around the freezing point for two days. Ice froze to the thickness of half an inch Saturday night and the water barrels were covered with ice again last night. Potatoes and other garden stuff has been badly frostbitten.

GRAND MARAIS' POSTMASTER.

Washington, May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Morris has recommended Marcus J. Johnson for postmaster at Grand Marais, Minn.

PRIVATE POSTAL CARDS.

Washington, May 31.—From the large number of inquiries now being received by the postoffice department there seems to be a general belief that congress has authorized the issue and use of private postal cards, mailable at 1 cent rate of postage. This belief is unfounded. The department has called the attention of all postmasters to this fact and has notified them that no law has been enacted on the subject, so that private mailing cards, bearing written messages, when deposited in the mails, are still subject to postage at the letter rate.

PENSION INCREASED.

Washington, May 31.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Morris has been notified of the increase of the pension to Franklin Bartlett, of Barnum, Minn., to $8 per month from 1892.

A SUN CRACK AT CLEVELAND.

New York Sun: This alarming misapprehension is made by our esteemed contemporary, the Detroit Journal:

"If there is a man in this country who better than any other could afford to be perfectly dumb on national issues for four years to come that man is Grover Cleveland, the greatest industry wrecker of the century."

The Hon. Grover Cleveland cannot afford to shut up. It would injure his health. Hyglene requires that he utter the thoughts that arise in him. That he has wrecked industry is no reason why he should wreck his constitution.

New Time in Effect.

The new passenger train schedule on the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic went into effect yesterday, the eastbound train leaving the Union depot at 6:30 p. m. instead of 4:30. The run to Sault Ste. Marie will be made in two and one-half hours less time than formerly. The train will reach Saginaw, Mich., at 6:27 the following evening, or in just three minutes less than twenty-four hours from Duluth.

150 BUGGY COMPANY FAILURES.

During the past two years over 150 buggy manufacturers have failed, and the present disturbed condition of the market is anything but encouraging. In many cases the stocks were bought up by Sears, Roebuck & Co., of Chicago. They have issued a big catalogue of these goods, which they are sending out broadcast—sending to everybody that writes for it—offering high grade buggies at ruinously low prices, on trial before paying. They seem to control the buggy market, and the question arises, what is the manufacturer going to do until this stock is sold out.

Grand Maccabee Excursion.

For the above occasion the Eastern Minnesota railway will make rate of $4.30 to St. Paul and Minneapolis. Tickets on sale June 1 and 2. Trains leave 1:10 p. m. and 11:15 p. m. Secure tickets at Union depot or City Ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now Chas. H. Fletcher. *on every bear the fac-simile signature of wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years. LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought.* Chas. H. Fletcher. *on the and has the signature of wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF
Chas. H. Fletcher.
Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Andrew Murphy, who has been hanging around the neighborhood of Towner for some time and some days ago hired out to R. W. Bentley, a ranchman, living about forty miles south of Towner, in the absence of Bentley succeeded in getting away with everything movable about the ranch, including a horse, saddle, gun, loading tools, revolver, hunting knife, miscellaneous silverware, odd pieces of jewelry, etc. He then started across the country towards Bismarck. Sheriff Robert Gowan was notified, and soon had the country aroused by wire, and about 6 o'clock Saturday night received a telegram from Washburn, N. D., stating that Murphy had been captured and was held for his arrival. Murphy succeeded in trading horses three different times.

Ibell, the proprietor of an alleged massage sanitarium a mile south of Fessenden, made a desperate attempt to commit suicide last night by taking morphine, but was saved by a local physician. The cause assigned is jealousy and the name of a prominent Fessenden whisky seller is mentioned.

The Wheatland bicycle organization offers a $50 reward for the arrest and conviction of the persons who stretched ropes across the main road on which they were traveling on the night of May 24. The riders narrowly escaped a serious accident.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

In the circuit court held in Deadwood Judge Gaffey handed down his decision sustaining the demurrer in the case of Attorney J. B. Moore vs. Judge A. J. Plowman, holding that Judge Plowman, in ordering the investigation of the plaintiff's conduct in court by a grand jury, had entire jurisdiction over the subject matter and could not be held amenable. Attorney Moore has announced his intention to pay the judgment for costs in the lower court and take the case to the supreme court.

William Yokum, who killed James Barnes, a saloonkeeper, at Belle Fourche, last August, was sentenced Saturday to a life term in the penitentiary by Judge L. E. Gaffey, of Pierre, who is holding court at Belle Fourche. The murder for which Yokum has been convicted was unprovoked. He was drunk and creating a disturbance, when Barnes attempted to remonstrate with him in a friendly way. Yokum drew a knife and thrust it into Barnes' abdomen, death resulting from the wound in three days. Yokum has been confined in the Deadwood jail since the killing, to prevent his being mobbed.

Mr. Johnson, the new agent at Sisseton agency, has arrived, and A. M. Keilar has moved out. President McKinley states that there will doubtless be a large payment to the Indians in the fall. This news is pleasing to the merchants of Roberts county, who have been extending credit to the Indians. The Indian industrial school, of seventy-five pupils, has closed for the year.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

is far ahead of any blood remedy on the market, for it does so much more. Besides removing impurities, and toning up the run-down system, it *cures* any blood disease, it matters not how deep-seated or obstinate, which other so-called blood remedies fail to reach. It is a real blood remedy for real blood diseases.

Mr. Asa Smith, of Greencastle, Ind., writes: "I had such a bad case of Sciatic Rheumatism that I became absolutely helpless—unable to take my food or handle myself in any way. I took many patent medicines, but they did not reach my trouble. One dozen bottles of S. S. S. cured me sound and well, and I now weigh 170."

Books on blood and skin diseases mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Houses and lots in different parts of the city for $50 cash and the balance to draw 6 per cent interest. Small payments on the principal monthly being just as easy as to pay rent, and properties at the present exceeding low valuation. Call and see the list. UNION and ZENITH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS, No. 2 First avenue west.

Woman's Best Help
in her laundry work is
KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO
SILVER GLOSS STARCH
This is the original—oldest and best.
For sale by all first class grocers.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER,
L. N SCOTT, Manager.
Wednesday June 2,
26th Annual Tour,
PRIMROSE AND WEST'S
BIG MINSTRELS
Presenting their GRAND DOUBLE COMPANY, Whites and Blacks. 2 Brass Bands. Regular Prices.

DETROIT AND RETURN $12
Leave Duluth 6:30 p. m. June 4th.
Return limit June 13th.
Via D. S. S. & A. Ry
Office: 426 Spalding Hotel Block.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 30 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Sine M. Liedel, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Frederick E. Stauff, executor of the estate of Sine M. Liedel, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered that said account be examined and petition heard by this court on Tuesday, the 15th day of June, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m. at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 30th day of April, A. D. 1897.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court.)

Duluth Evening Herald, May-24-31-June-7.

Special Dress Goods Sale.

Beginning tomorrow morning at 9 and during this week we will sell our entire stock of Wool Dress Goods, black and colored, nothing reserved, at 10, 20, 30 and 40 per cent discount from their former prices. This sale will be the grandest and rarest opportunity to buy the best and choicest dress goods at such reduced prices.

Bicycle Suits.

40 new Bicycle Suits in all the new makes and shades at one-third off for tomorrow and Wednesday. Sale begins at 9 o'clock in the morning on Dress Goods and Suits.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

CUT TEN PER CENT.

Fire Board Goes After Chief Black's Salary.

The fire commissioners, at their meeting Saturday afternoon, decided to cut the salaries of Chief Black, Secretary Truelsen and the drivers, provided that such action cannot be used as a lever by the council to move the board farther along the same line. It was resolved to refer the question to the city attorney for advice as to whether such a move will weaken the position the board has taken in the matter of salaries. If the changes are made, the chief's salary will be reduced from $2500 to $2250; the secretary's will be fixed at $40 per month, and the pay of the drivers will be reduced from $65 to $60 per month.

The sentiment expressed by the commissioners was that it would be conducive to the good of the public service that the board and the council should get together and put an end to the unsatisfactory situation heretofore existing. This cut in the pay of the drivers makes their compensation the same as that of pipemen, the board taking the position that the reduction is fair on the ground that the duties of the former are not more arduous than those of the latter.

By Chief Black's report for May, it was shown that the total loss by fire during the month was $5773, the insurance on the property involved being $62,425. There were eleven alarms during the period. Hector Ranboe was appointed captain, and Walter Cameron patrolman of the salvage corps. The following appointments and transfers in the fire department were reported: D. C. Reed, pipeman Hose company No. 6; Edward J. Oaks, pipeman Hose company No. 8; T. Twaddle, pipeman Engine company No. 8; M. Long, truckman Hook and Ladder No. 1; Martin Johnson, pipeman, transferred from No. 8 to No. 4.

Good Blood

Is essential to health. Every nook and corner of the system is reached by the blood, and on its quality the condition of every organ depends. Good blood means strong nerves, good digestion, robust health. Impure blood means scrofula, dyspepsia, rheumatism, catarrh or other diseases. The surest way to have good blood is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine purifies, vitalizes, and enriches the blood, and sends the elements of health and strength to every nerve, organ and tissue. It creates a good appetite, gives refreshing sleep and cures that tired feeling. Remember,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

TAKES A LIBERAL VIEW.

Dr. Humason Does Not Oppose Sunday Street Cars.

Dr. C. H. Humason, at the Methodist church last night, before his regular sermon, talked on the subject of Sunday desecration, using as a text the reported victory of the street railway companies in Toronto, by which street cars are, for the first time in the history of the city, permitted to run on Sunday. The minister entertains very liberal views on this subject and admitted freely that Sunday street cars were not an unmixed evil. In fact his argument was largely in favor of the street cars, for he showed that by running on the Sabbath they accomplished much more good than harm. They furnished a means of recreation for a class that did not and would not go to church that was innocent, and probably kept many out of a more harmful kind of diversion. He said that if people would not go to church on Sunday there was no way to force them to do so, and maintained that every person had a right to do as he pleased so long as he did not interfere with the rights of others.

Patriotic Entertainment.

Tonight the patriotic entertainment will be given at the Catholic Association hall under the auspices of the Ladies' Catholic union. There will be tableaux, living pictures, recitations and music. The program is as follows:

Picture, "The Soldier's Farewell"...
Reading, selected .....
Miss Heath.
Pictures, "Comrades," two scenes..
b "Home Again" .....
Vocal solo, selected .....
James Lynn.
Picture, a "An Innocent Victim"....
b "The Soldier's Return" .....
c "His Last Thoughts Were of You"
Reading, selected .....
Pictures, a "Off Duty" .....
b "The Inconvenience of a Single Life" .....
Instrumental solo .....
Miss Costello.
Picture, a "Justice" .....
b "Goddess of War" .....
Vocal duet, selected .....
Miss Louden and Miss Shannon.
"Columbia" .....
Selection "Musical Glasses".....
Mr. Benson.
Picture, a "June" .....
b "Northern Belle" .....
Vocal solo, selected .....
Mrs. C. H. Thornton.
Picture, "Southern Belle" .....J

Those who will impersonate characters are: Mrs. John Promberger, Mrs. F. N. Phelan, Misses Hill, McNulty, Bailey, Lydia Poirier, Dunn, Stringer, May McHugh, India Wilcutts, Olive Procter, Alice Wood, Eva Idelle, and Alexander. Messrs. Lynn, Conley, Potts, Campbell, Watson, Sleiter and Maj. Bidwell.

New Telephone Directory.

The Duluth Telephone company will issue their midsummer directory on July 1. New subscribers desirous of having their names appear in this issue should place their orders before June 10, as the book goes to the printer on that date.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

A CHANGE

One Likely to Be Made In the White Earth Indian Agency.

The Government's Policy Is to Replace Civilians With Army Officers.

Cloquet Merchants May Soon Get Their Old Indian Claims Paid.

A gentleman who keeps himself well informed concerning Indian affairs said to an Evening Herald reporter today that there would probably be a change made in the agency of the White Earth reservation during the coming month. He stated that the time for which Maj R. M. Allen's bondsmen had qualified would expire in June and that in all probability an army officer would be detailed to take charge of the reservation. The interior department has for a number of years been gradually replacing civilian agents who owed their appointments to political influence with army officers, who are politically independent, and that the change has proved very beneficial to the discipline of Indians on the reservations, and that their property has also been more closely guarded against the incursions of politicians and speculators.

It is probable that if a change is made in the agency and an army officer put in charge, a change will also be made in the method of disposing of timber. There will be no more sales made in advance of estimates, but timber will be sold on the actual measurements of government scalers, as it is being done so successfully on other reservations. It is undoubtedly with this change in view that the department has been considering the abolishment of the special commission of Maj. Baldwin and to do away with the services of his corps of pine timber estimators.

GETTING AROUND TO IT.

Cloquet Merchants May Finally Get Their Money.

In 1889 a contractor began the work of cutting timber on the Fond du Lac Indian reservation near Cloquet. He employed Indians to do the work and enabled the Indians to obtain supplies from Cloquet merchants on credit, promising that as soon as he received pay for the work he would hold out the amount due the merchants from the Indians' wages. Before the contract had progressed far the department ordered work discontinued, but not until Cloquet merchants had about $7000 of Indian accounts on their books. After much delay congress made an appropriation covering the amount, but as the interior department required proof of the accounts with properly certified vouchers, the government's creditors again had their accounts tied up.

Last week Capt. George A. Scott was instructed to visit the reservation and assist in having vouchers properly attested. He was very successful, obtaining the evidence of Indians who purchased the goods, the reservation agent and finally the contractors. He says that it will now be but a short time before the money will be paid those to whom it is due.

AMUSEMENTS.

PRIMROSE AND WEST.

Wednesday evening Primrose & West's minstrels will appear at the Lyceum. Seventy people are utilized in the program, which includes the names of George H. Primrose, in a revised edition of his famous English swell; William H. West, as leader of a new grand march, invented and arranged by himself, called "The Phantom Grenadiers;" James Wall, the singing comedian, and George Wilson, everybody's favorite.

Primrose & West, in announcing the names of their vocalists, point with pride to those of William H. Windom, phenomenal alto; J. C. Davis, Ed Dickens and others. The street parade given by this organization is a feature, three brass bands being in line.

Hair Dressing.

I have decided to give treatments one more week for 25c. Scalp, massage treatment, shampooing, manicuring for ladies and gentlemen, only 25 cents, commencing Monday, May 31.

MISS JORGENSON,
From St. Paul. 417 Lonsdale Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

SUITS FOR BIG BOYS!

In pretty all wool plaids, at $6 and $8, to fit all ages from 14 to 19 years old. Baseball and bat free with each suit.

CHARLES W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

SKINS ON FIRE

Skins on fire with torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and pimply humors, instantly relieved by a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and a full dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER D. & C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Torturing Humors," free.

BABY'S SKIN Scalp and Hair purified and Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

ASSIGNED TO AN AGENCY.

Lieut. W. A. Mercer is Stationed Near Omaha.

Lieut. W. A. Mercer, who for four years had charge of the La Pointe Indian agency, with headquarters at Ashland, and who was succeeded last January by Capt. George A. Scott, has just been detailed to the Winnebago and Omaha agency, near Omaha, Neb. He is now in Washington and will assume his new duties early in June. The agency is now in charge of an old army officer, who has been experiencing considerable trouble with cattle men over the ranges on the reservation, and Lieut. Mercer was selected to succeed him because of his well-known aggressiveness and ability to overcome such difficulties as are now being encountered there.

Lieut. Mercer's desire to return to his regiment last winter was caused by his approaching examination for promotion to a captaincy. He had been away from active army life for four years and felt that he had grown rusty and needed some practical experience to refresh his memory on points upon which he would have to be examined. In this he was successful for he has passed the rigid examination required of lieutenants who aspire to the rank of captain and will soon receive his commission.

ST. LUKE'S HOSPITAL.

Some Statistics Presented in Miss Taylor's Report.

The work of St. Luke's hospital for the seventh year of the institution's existence is summarized in the annual report just made to the directors by Miss A. J. Taylor, the superintendent. The following statistics are given: Total number of patients remaining in the hospital May 1, 1896, 12; admitted during the year, 449; total, 470. Discharged cured, 342; discharged improved, 15; discharged unimproved, 48; deaths, 42; remaining in hospital, May 1, 1897, 23; total, 470. Surgical operations, 80; accidents, 60; births, 20; total number "hospital days," 10,837. In the matter of religious faith, the patients were as follows: Lutheran, 143; Roman Catholic, 86; Presbyterian, 29; Methodist, 61; Episcopal, 33; Baptist, 3; Congregational, 9; Hebrew, 12; "Protestant," 61; no religious denomination, 14; total, 449.

The number of pupils in the training school has been decreased from 15 to 10; 164 persons have written for information regarding the school; 36 have called personally for the same purpose; 5 have been admitted on probation, 3 of whom are still in the school. There are now, including those of this year, 28 graduates. Twelve of these are doing private nursing in the city. The number of calls for nurses has been 301. Of these about 18 were charity. Private nursing has been furnished to patients in the hospital in 15 different charity cases.

The report includes a brief history of the hospital from its inception in 1881, when, at a vestry meeting of St. Paul's church, it was resolved to solicit donations for the founding of a cottage hospital. A tribute is paid to the work of Rev. C. A. Cummings, the originator of the enterprise, and the six faithful men and women who labored with him. It is lamented that the present inferior building and inadequate equipment have not been long ago superseded and in contrast with the standstill in this respect there are noted the new and handsome schools, churches and theater that have sprung up since the hospital was founded. Thanks are given to the friends whose efforts have resulted in the small nucleus for a building fund. The report closes with words of commendation and encouragement for the class of nurses just graduated.

Class Day Exercises.

The program for the class day exercises of the high school class of '97, which will be held Wednesday evening, June 16, is as follows:

Class song..... .. ..
Class.
"Class History"..... .. ..
Gertrude R. Wallace.
Vocal solo..... .. ..
Dora Swan.
"Class Prophecy"..... .. ..
W. H. Horton.
Serenade—"Moonlight and Music"..
....Pinsuti
By the Class.
Leegnd—"The Ojibway Peacepipe"
Ruth Scott.
"Presentation of Peacepipe"..... .
E. C. Gridley.
Closing chorus—"Alma Mater"... ..
Class.

Fine Program Arranged.

The concert Wednesday evening at the Armory will be a fine musical event as the program published Saturday shows. Miss McKay will sing "Heaven Hath Shed a Tear," by Gounod, and Arthur Lahey will sing "Let All Obey," from the opera "Enchantress." The Temple and Aeolian Ladies' quartets will sing selections. Mrs. C. H. Thornton and Mrs. James McAuliffe will sing a duet; A. Hoelscher will play a flute solo, and J. H. Flaaten's orchestra will play. Miss Finnegan, elocutionist, will give readings.

Fires at Lakeside.

Lakeside had two fires early Sunday morning. A barn belonging to J. N. Lundquist, at Forty-seventh avenue east and Dodge street, was burned at 1:30 o'clock, two horses and a cow being destroyed. The loss is $300; no insurance. The fire is supposed to have been set by tramps that had been sleeping in the barn. A few minutes after midnight a blaze was discovered in the roof of the residence of W. E. George, at 5750 Grand avenue. It was extinguished by the chemical with nominal loss. A defective chimney is the supposed cause.

REDUCED RATES VIA B. & O.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE GERMAN BAPTISTS, FREDERICK, MD.

The Baltimore & Ohio railroad will sell tickets from all points on its lines west of the Ohio river for all trains June 2, 3 and 4 inclusive, valid for return passage until June 30. The rate from Chicago will be $17.25, and correspondingly low rates from all other points on its lines. Tickets will also be placed on sale at all coupon stations throughout the West and Northwest.

The Baltimore & Ohio operates a double service of fast express trains from Chicago to Frederick, with through Pullman sleeping cars. The scenery along the line of the Baltimore & Ohio is unequaled on the American continent and is seen at its best at this time of the year.

For further information address B. N. Austin, G. P. A., Grand Central station, Chicago, Ill.

PECULIAR POISONS.

GENERATED IN THE HUMAN BODY.

The Result of Imperfect Digestion of Food.

Every living thing, plant or animal, contains within itself the germs of certain decay and death.

In the human body these germs of disease and death (called by scientists Ptomaines), are usually the result of imperfect digestion of food, the result of indigestion or dyspepsia.

The stomach, from abuse, weakness, does not promptly and thoroughly digest the food. The result is a heavy, sodden mass which ferments (the first process of decay) poisoning the blood, making it thin, weak and lacking in red corpuscles, poisoning the brain causing headaches and pain in the eyes.

Bad digestion irritates the heart, causing palpitation and finally bringing on disease of this very important organ.

Poor digestion poisons the kidneys, causing Bright's disease and diabetes.

And this is so because every organ, every nerve depends upon the stomach alone for nourishment and renewal, and weak digestion shows itself not only in loss of appetite and flesh, but in weak nerves and muddy complexion.

The great English scientist, Huxley, said the best start in life is a sound stomach. Weak stomachs fail to digest food properly, because they lack the proper quantity of digestive acids (lactic and hydrochloric) and peptogenic products. The most sensible remedy in all cases of indigestion is to take after meals one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they supply in a pleasant, harmless form all the elements that weak stomachs lack.

The regular use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure every form of stomach trouble, except cancer of the stomach.

They increase flesh, insure pure blood, strong nerves, a bright eye and clear complexion, because all these result only from wholesome food well digested.

Nearly all druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at 50 cents full-sized package or by mail by enclosing price to Stuart company, Marshall, Mich., but ask your druggist first.

A little book on "Stomach Diseases" mailed free. Address Stuart company, Marshall, Mich.

A Few Summer Excursions.

VIA "THE NORTHWESTERN LINE."

San Francisco, Cal., meeting Y. P. S. C. E. One-way tickets on sale June 29 to July 3, $29.

Nashville, Tenn., Tennessee centennial. Round-trip tickets on sale daily, $43.30.

Minneapolis-St. Paul, annual meeting Grand lodge B. P. O. Elks. Round-trip tickets on sale July 5 and 6, $4.30.

Milwaukee, Wis., N. E. A. Round-trip tickets on sale July 3, 4 and 5, $13.30.

Buffalo, N. Y., G. A. R., Aug. 21 and 22. Rates to be announced later.

Besides the above mentioned excursions, summer tourist tickets to Colorado and to other summer resorts in general are on sale daily until Oct. 15 at greatly reduced rates. For tickets and information call on your local agent or address B. W. Summers, agent, 405 West Superior street, Duluth.

WHERE FISHING IS GOOD.

Those looking for the best fishing grounds are reminded of Lake Tetonka, at Waterville, and Madison lake, on the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad.

Wall-eyed pike, bass and crappies are found in great abundance at both of these lakes, which have not been fished out to the extent of some of the older and better known localities.

Excellent hotel accommodations, boats, bait, etc., on hand, and all charges are very reasonable.

For further information, address,
A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., M. & St. L. R. R.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

PARK POINT.

Subscribers to The Evening Herald who intend camping on the Point this summer can have the paper delivered to their camp by notifying this office.

$4.30—EXCURSION RATES—$4.30

St. Paul, Minneapolis and Return.

The St. Paul & Duluth road has made a $4.30 rate to Minneapolis and return for the state meeting of the Knights of the Maccabees which will be held Wednesday, June 2. It is expected that a large delegation will go from Duluth.

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL
And return, $4.30, June 1 and 2, Omaha road.

A. S. Murray and Wife

SPRINGFIELD, MO.

Restored to Health by Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.

MR. MURRAY, engineer for Keet & Rountree Mercantile Co., Springfield, Mo., writes: "I suffered from dyspepsia, was unable to eat anything without severe distress. Treated by several physicians without benefit, I became almost a physical wreck and unable to attend to my work. I took Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and in six weeks I was well. My wife had a severe attack of La Grippe which brought on troubles peculiar to her sex. The Restorative Nervine is the only thing that has helped her. We both hope you will use this in a way to help others as we have been."

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

The Kingdom Home—

Where love ever dwells;
Who thither would roam his ill fortune foretells,
Since there is no kingdom like home.

How we should care for this

Blest spot. Take—

FURNITURE

For instance. How well a home can be fitted up at comparatively slight expense, provided you turn your footsteps to our doors and make judicious purchases out of our superb stock. Our goods are of the most reliable make, and our prices the lowest. Goods sold on the installment plan. We also have a fine line of Baby Carriages which we are selling very low.

Bayha & Co.

24 AND 26 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

Telephone 435

Bayha & Co., City Carpet Cleaning Works.

The only practical, the only genuine Carpet Cleaners in this city. Have your work done direct and you will not be disappointed. Our prices are the lowest and our work guaranteed the best, and done on the shortest notice.

We do all kinds of Furniture Repairing and making over of Mattresses.

Office: 24 East Superior Street.

SEWER IS NEEDED.

One Necessary For the New Cleveland School.

The school board held a special meeting Saturday evening to hear matters connected with the Cleveland school. The committee having the work in charge was instructed to ask the city for permission to build a sewer from the building to the lake or to devise some other plan if that permission is refused. The property owners want all the way from $200 to $1000 for allowing the sewer across their lands, and the only way to avoid this is to build the sewer to the lake. The committee was authorized to obtain an estimate of the cost of filling up the grounds about the new building. President Hugo was authorized to examine the plans for heating and approve them before the contracts are let.

President Hugo offered to inspect the heating and ventilation of the school buildings to see if a reduction in expenses could not be made there. The usual cost of such an inspection would be $500 to $1000, but Mr. Hugo offered his time and the use of his instruments free, bringing it down to about $200, so the inspection was ordered.

Director Pearson made a few caustic remarks about the recent reductions in expenses. He criticized the methods by which the reductions were accomplished, and said that it would have been better to cut the school year than to lower the standard. He thought the board should be able to run the schools without outside interference.

Directors Bowman, Hanford and Merritt were absent.

Mr. Tonning's Music.

Gerard Tonning, who in connection with Carl Riedelsberger, the violinist, gives the concert at Turner hall June 7, enjoys the distinction of having been the first composer of the Northwest who ever gave a complete and varied program of his own compositions. Following Mr. Tonning's appearance at St. Paul the St. Paul Dispatch of Oct. 21 says:

"It is very seldom outside of the great art centers that one can hear an entire program of original music by a single composer, the character of which as a whole is so varied and pleasing as that presented by Gerard Tonning, of Duluth, before the Schubert club yesterday. It marks an advance in musical culture, that such a thing is possible in the West. The large cultured audience that assembled in Conover hall was evidently interested in the several numbers as well as in the artists who presented them. Mr. Tonning is a Norwegian, but received the greater part of his education at the Munich conservatory, Joseph Rheinberger being his teacher of theory and composition. His compositions have something of the Norseland flavor, the weird minor strains and the quaint unusual intervals predominating. His songs are exceptionally pleasing, the ones entitled, 'Song of the Canoe' and 'So Blue Thine Eye,' eliciting continual applause yesterday. "Paul Revere's Ride," a symphonic poem arranged as duet for piano, was filled with the clatter of the horse's feet, the flying of pebbles and the loud cry of the rider as he sped along on his memorable ride."

Thousands suffer from catarrh or cold in head and have never tried the popular remedy. There is no longer any excuse, as a 10-cent trial size of Ely's Cream Balm can be had of your druggist or we mail it for 10 cents. Full size, 50 cents. ELY BROS.,
56 Warren Street, New York City.

A friend advised me to try Ely's Cream Balm and after using it six weeks I believe myself cured of catarrh. It is a most valuable remedy.—Joseph Stewart, 624 Grand avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

STRANGERS IN NEW YORK

Needn't worry about readily finding any hotel, business block or residence street, if they reach that city over the Pennsylvania Short Lines. Passengers over this route have choice of three entrances into the heart of the metropolis; at Desbrosses street, Cortland street and Twenty-third street, also choice of six daily trains leaving Chicago Union station 11 a. m., 3:30 p. m., 5:30 p. m., 9 p. m., 11:30 p. m. and 2:45 a. m. For details apply to H. R. Dering, assistant general passenger agent, No. 248 South Clark street, Chicago, Ill.

REDUCED RATES TO PHILADELPHIA.

Account of the meeting of the American Medical Association and Academy of Medicine at Philadelphia, the Baltimore & Ohio railroad will sell tickets to delegates on the certificate plan from all points on its lines west of the Ohio river, May 26 to June 2, valid for return passage until June 7, on the basis of a fare and a third for the round trip. Tickets will also be sold on this plan from stations of all connecting lines.

The Baltimore & Ohio maintains a double daily service of fast express trains with through Pullman cars from Chicago to Philadelphia. All Baltimore & Ohio trains run via Washington and stop-over is allowed at the national capital within the life of the ticket.

For further information address B. N. Austin, G. P. A., Grand Central station, Chicago, Ill.

BICYCLE ROAD RACE.

Carmichael of St. Paul Made the Best Time.

The track was good Saturday for the road race, but the wind was bad, and though the race was a good one the time was five seconds slower than last year, when Robert McCleary, of St. Paul, broke the state record in 26:07. Saturday D. F. Carmichael, also of St. Paul, won first time prize in 26:12. There was a large crowd in attendance, though not so large as last, because of the cold weather. The race was started with a fair degree of promptness, the limit man getting away shortly after 3:30, the scheduled time. The finish was easy for both the time and place winners, each of them coming in with a good safe lead.

Carmichael had a lead of a minute over the second time man. There had been a collision among the scratch men when they got away in a bunch, and there was more or less uncertainty as to the outcome. The Duluth men were unfortunate. Murphy broke his handlebar at the finish, Zweifel had a bad fall, and Locking came to grief in the mix-up of the scratch men and did not finish. An even dozen riders who started did not finish, either because of accidents or because they were distanced.

R. Johnson, of Superior, won first place prize, an Eldridge wheel valued at $100. There were twenty-four place prizes, and the leading winners were as follows:- Second, search light, tea chips, meal book, saddle, cyclometer, box cigars, rocker, box of candy, H. Gifford, Duluth; third, watch with bicycle holder, lamp, bell and Brown saddle, Richard Close, Duluth; fourth, ruby stud and club button, bicycle tag, bicycle suit and neck tie, S. V. Palmer, Duluth; fifth, stud and agate charm, toilet case, box cigars, Bert Eriekson, Duluth; sixth, Zweifel's best photographs, pair bicycle shoes, picture and bottle of perfume, E. W. Smith, Superior; seventh, sweater, lamp, bicycle shoes, E. Lynn, Superior; eighth, lamp, picture and rocker, John Roth, Duluth.

The leading time prizes were as follows: First, D. F. Carmichael, St. Paul, gold stop watch, time 26:12; second, J. P. Burnett, Superior, bicycle sundries, time 27:15; third, Charles Benson, Duluth, sweater, News Tribune one year, can, saddle and photograph, time, 27:37. Charles Benson, of Duluth, won the special prize for the best time made by a Duluth rider, a pair of trousers by Brenton & Bieck.

Covers were laid for 150 guests at the banquet at the St. James in the evening, and there were no vacant seats. A tasty bill of fare was served and the guests did full justice thereto. Owing to lateness of the hour when the banquet had been demolished the program of toasts was dispensed with.

At the close of the race complaint was made to Referee Henry E. Harris that Richmond Smith, of Superior, had failed to make the turn and had paced in Dick Johnson, the winner of the first place prize. A protest was entered, but as Johnson had returned to Superior no hearing could be had. Referee Harris said this morning that he expected to have Johnson over this afternoon, and that he would decide the protest after hearing his side of the case. Richmond Smith said this morning that when he quit the race he simply rode back with Johnson awhile. He did not believe that Johnson accepted any pace, nor did he intend to give him any. He did not think that Johnson was to blame, and he did not believe he should be deprived of his rights.

ALL WOOL JERSEY SUITS!

To fit little shavers 3 to 5 years old, only $3 per suit.

CHARLES W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

Francis E. Woodward, Baritone, Emily Ellis Woodward, Soprano, OF BOSTON, MASS.

Have opened a

SCHOOL OF MUSIC

In the rooms formerly occupied by Prof. Baker, Mesaba block, Duluth.

SBRIGLIA METHOD OF VOICE PRODUCTION.

The Sbriglia school has for its exponents the greatest living artists; viz: Jean and Edouard de Reske, Plancon Dome, Mme. Nordica, Sanderson, Adini and others. For voice or piano, call at Mesaba block. Voices examined free.

DETROIT AND RETURN $12

Leave Duluth 6:30 p. m. June 4th.
Return limit June 13th.

Via D. S. S. & A. Ry

Office: 426 Spalding Hotel Block.

SPRING OVERCOATS

In a climate as changeable as this are an absolute necessity in every man's wardrobe.

No occasion, perhaps, for extravagant Overcoats. What extravagance is is the question.

Look our great stock over, and stop where you think it begins to be extravagant.

The M. S. Burrows Tailor-made Overcoats are without any doubt the best sold in this city—**$5.00 up.** The sleeves silk-lined. Silk sleeve lining makes a coat go on easy, and fit and feel easy after it is on. Every garment we sell adjusts itself to every motion of your body, instead of pulling and hauling; all neatly trimmed and have that dressy and gentlemanly appearance that characterizes all our Clothing.

Special values This week:

Willoughby, Hill's $10 Spring Overcoats, our price..... $7.50

Willoughby, Hill's $15 Spring Overcoats, our price..... $10.00

Willoughby, Hill's $20 Spring Overcoats, our price..... $15.00

Willoughby, Hill's $25 Spring Overcoats, our price..... $18.00

Willoughby, Hill's $30 Spring Overcoats, our price..... $20.00

M. S. BURROWS

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

The funeral of Miss Hannah Carlson was held yesterday afternoon at the Nineteenth avenue west Baptist church. The church was almost filled with friends of the deceased. The solemn service was conducted by Rev. K. Lundin, who preached a sermon. The remains were taken to the Union cemetery for burial.

Rev. F. Linden will deliver an address on "Temperance" next Wednesday evening, Brown's hall, 10 East Superior street, at an open temperance meeting, to be held under the auspices of the Lodge Norden of I. O. G. T.

The Young Ladies' society of the Nineteenth avenue west Baptist church is preparing for a sale of fancy and useful articles, to be held next Thursday evening.

A temperance lecture will be given this evening, at 8 o'clock, by Professor Le Tave, at the Bethesia church, on the corner of Ninth avenue east and Sixth street.

The West Superior Woman's Christian Temperance union will be present at the regular meeting of the Duluth central union at the First Methodist church, tomorrow, at 3 p. m.

A musical recital will be given at the Bethel, June 18, by George Louis Tyler, assisted by best local talent. Gerhard Tonning, A. Hoelscher and others. The concert promises to be one of the best ever held in the city.

Best ball nine in Duluth. Kelly.

There was a game of baseball played at Twenty-sixth avenue east and London road yesterday between two nines that are known as the U. S. and the East Enders. It resulted in a victory for the U. S. by a score of 26 to 5. The feature of the game was the catching and pitching of Dick Rhinehart. He pitched four innings, in which he struck out six men. The batteries were: For the U. S., Rhinehart, Gross and McLaughlin; for the East Enders, McMillan and Peterson.

Heads batted, clothes cleaned, Kelly's.

Shortly after midnight Saturday night considerable snow fell in Duluth and yesterday quite an amount fell upon the hill a short distance back of the city, but on the lake there was none and some of the tugs came in with snow on their decks and houses.

The case of S. C. Johnson against the Bessemer Steamship company was still on trial this morning before Judge Carr, and Judge Ensign was still occupied with the Garfield viaduct mandamus case. W. B. Patton was on the stand all the morning as city engineer.

Marriage licenses have been issued to S. J. Nelesh and Clara Fatland and to Victor Carlson and Matilda Olson.

Several papers have been granted by the district court to Setonia Kilpa.

The board of trade, banks, United States land office and postoffice all observed today as Memorial day and were closed.

The chamber of commerce will hold its regular monthly meeting at 4 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

The employes of the government engineer's force received their checks today for their work during the month of May.

A daughter has arrived at the home of Deputy Comptroller Wightman.

City Clerk Richardson has prepared a form of affidavit prescribed by the act of April 16, 1897, regulating horseshoers. The act provides that all practicing horseshoers shall sign an affidavit that they were such on the date named or take an examination.

Referee Harris, who officiated at the road race Saturday, heard Johnson's side of the matter this afternoon and decided to remove the protest and award to him the race.

Millinery Sale.

Commencing today I shall offer for sale 100 trimmed hats at cost price. Come early as they will soon go. Madame Beugler, 22 Third avenue west. Kitchi Gammi building.

See the Crescent tandem at Trott's.

PERSONALS.

Miss Greene, librarian of the Ashland public library, is in the city visiting the public library and will inspect the Superior library before returning. She is the guest of Miss Angie Neff.

Wellington R. Burt and party spent yesterday in visiting the iron mines at Ely and Tower, and this morning they came down to Two Harbors over the Duluth & Iron Range railroad. They remained there a few hours and arrived in Duluth this afternoon.

Maj. Sears returned today from Michigan. He says the weather in the Upper Peninsula was horrible. It snowed and rained, and was exceedingly disagreeable.

Mrs. E. H. Burger and daughter, who have been spending the winter at Los Angeles, Cal., arrived home today.

Edward A. Silberstein returned last evening from Denver and will spend the summer here. Mr. Silberstein's health has been entirely restored since his residence in Colorado. He will graduate the coming year from the Denver law school.

Frank E. Wyman and Frank McCreary were fishing at White Birch yesterday.

J. J. McDavitt, a Minneapolis lumberman, is a late arrival at the St. Louis.

George N. Paxton, a well known Ashland lumberman, is at the St. Louis.

John McAuliffe returned today from La Seine river.

J. J. Conolly, of Marquette, Mich., is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

A. E. Harwood and family are down from Soudan today, guests at the Spalding.

J. G. Ketchum, of Tower, is at the Spalding.

Judge George W. Holland, of Brainerd, accompanied by Geo. W. Moody, clerk of the court, arrived in the city today and registered at the St. Louis.

M. J. Foley, of Aitkin, is a guest at the St. Louis.

John Munro, E. G. Shafer and Alexander Adams, of St. Paul, are registered at the Spalding.

L. H. Norwood, of Detroit, is a guest at the Spalding.

J. W. Robinson, of Buffalo, arrived in Duluth today and registered at the Spalding.

K. D. Chase, of Faribault, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

N. S. Bailey, of Minneapolis, is at the St. Louis.

E. D. Duncan, of Omaha, is among today's arrivals at the St. Louis

An Organizing Trip.

President McEwen of the Trades assembly left over the Eastern railway this noon for Sandstone, where he will organize the granite and stonecutters. He will also visit the sawmill men at all points between Hinckley and Duluth on both the Eastern and St. Paul & Duluth roads. Mr. McEwen will be absent two weeks, returning just in time for the semi-annual convention of the State Federation of Labor.

The Little Birds

Are sweetly chirruping about the musical soiree at the Armory Wednesday evening.

Another One Gets Away.

Mike Mantulla, a Finlander from Saudan, who was indicted by the grand jury for assault in the second degree, left the custody of the sheriff this morning without going through the formality of a trial, owing to a set of circumstances fortunate for him. He was accused of stabbing one Tomi Kuja with a knife April 19. This morning the county attorney wanted to continue the case because he could not locate the complaining witness. Mantulla's attorney insisted on a trial or a dismissal, so the county attorney, as he had no showing for a continuance, was compelled to dismiss the case.

GARDENING GLOVES.

Splendid value in gloves suitable for gardening, at only 25 cents.

CHARLES W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

ONE BARREL OF THIS FLOUR

WILL MAKE MORE THAN 300 LOAVES OF THE BEST BREAD YOU EVER ATE.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

NEW DEAL

Aldermen May Settle the City Engineer Tangle at the Meeting Tonight.

Plan is to Have Reed Withdraw and Elect J. J. Durage.

Reed Is Then to Get a Good Job in the Department.

Negotiations were afoot today having in view the untying of the city engineer tangle and putting an end to a situation from which has already arisen friction and delay, and which promises endless trouble for the future. Briefly outlined, the plan is that D. A. Reed shall withdraw his claims to the office of city engineer in favor of J. J. Durage, Mr. Reed to accept in lieu of what he gives up some subordinate position—probably that of superintendent of construction of the waterworks. This plan, it is said, was eagerly seized on by the friends of both Mr. Patton and Mr. Reed in the council, as an avenue out of the unfortunate situation in which the affairs of the engineering department are placed, a situation that threatens a tie-up of the work on the water plant as well as all other work under the supervision of the department.

A conference in regard to the plan outlined was held this forenoon, the members of the board of public works and a number of the aldermen, the friends of both parties being present. It was understood at noon that an agreement along the line indicated had been reached, and that, possibly, the withdrawal of Mr. Reed might be communicated to the council this evening.

TWO PAYROLLS LIKELY.

There may be an interesting tilt at the council meeting tonight over the payrolls of the engineering department. It is intended, if possible, to act on the payrolls this evening, a request having been sent to the heads of departments to have them ready if possible. From the engineer's office there may be two, one submitted by Mr. Patton and one by Mr. Reed. Of course the former will ignore the appointments and dismissals made by the latter, and Mr. Reed will proceed on the theory that Mr. Patton is, according to the slang phrase, "supposed to be dead." Up to noon today there were but two men in the engineer's office who had not been discharged by either Mr. Patton or Mr. Reed, and the situation offers ample material for a lively wrangle over the payrolls. Both will be reported for allowance from the claims and accounts committee undoubtedly, it being safe to say that Alderman Jefferson can be relied on to submit a minority report in favor of Mr. Patton's payroll.

Exactly where Mr. Reed's appointees will be on the question of pay for services already rendered, in case the rumored arrangement for his withdrawal materializes is hard to guess.

It is thought probable that the council will pass the ordinance reducing circus, pawnbroker and hack and dray licenses.

It is expected that the board of public works will report its award of the contract for constructing the intermediate level reservoir and for excavating and back-filling the trenches from Fortieth avenue east to the reservoir. The board, it was thought, might also let the contract for rebuilding the pumphouse walls. If readvertisement should be decided on, however, the matter would be delayed.

The council will have before it a recommendation from the mayor that the council ask the district judges to appoint a commission to draft a new charter.

It is not thought that a majority of the council will be satisfied with the $250 cut in Chief Black's salary proposed by the fire commissioners. It is gathered that nothing short of the figure proposed by the council will meet with approbation.

Some of the aldermen fear trouble from the clause in contracts for work on the water system fixing the minimum pay at $1.50 per day. This clause was introduced by the board of public works on its own motion, and the aldermen alluded to are in a temper to put the responsibility on that body should trouble arise. One of them said today that should any complications arise over the clause that delayed the work it would result in "the firing of the whole board with the exception of Mr. Flood."

Later—D. A. Reed has sent to the board of public works his resignation as city engineer. This step was the outcome of the conference this morning between Mr. Reed, members of the council and the board of public works. It was expected that the board would elect a city engineer in place of Mr. Reed, and that the person chosen would be Capt. Durage. A member of the board said that E. J. Duffies had a number of friends who were urging him for the place.

Governor Will Not Go.

Lieut. Col. M. M. Gasser, of Governor Clough's staff, returned yesterday from St. Paul, where he had been to take part in the Memorial day parade. The colonel reports that the governor and staff will not attend the Gettysburg monument dedication. The reason is that Governor Clough feels that although the appropriation was intended to include the expenses of the transportation of himself and staff, that it will all be needed for the expenses of the veterans who fought at Gettysburg, and as from seventy-five to 100 of them have signified their intention of going the governor is perfectly willing to stay at home.

June Weather Averages.

The statement of averages for the month of June, issued by the weather bureau, shows the mean temperature of the month to have been 58 degrees, the warmest being 63 degrees in 1894 and the coldest 54 degrees in 1891. The highest temperature in any June for twenty-six years was 92 degrees on June 28, 1888, and the coldest 31 degrees on June 5, 1885. The average precipitation has been 4.47 inches; average number of clear days, 8; partly cloudy, 13; cloudy, 9. Prevailing winds have been from the northeast and the highest velocity 48 miles from the northwest on June 24, 1880.

ONE TAKEN OFF.

Early Train Discontinued on the Fond du Lac Line.

The St. Paul & Duluth Fond du Lac short line is now running but two trains daily between the Union depot and Fond du Lac, the early train having been discontinued yesterday. This will prove a great inconvenience to a number of young people living at Spirit Lake, New Duluth and Fond du Lac, who are attending the high school in Duluth. The train was taken off as a measure of economy, the line of which is owned and operated by the St. Paul & Duluth and Northern Pacific companies jointly, and the business has fallen off so much that a heavy loss is being incurred from the operation monthly. Last year's loss on the line Jwas upwards of $26,000. The Northern Pacific is now desirous of having the St. Paul & Duluth take the road off its hands, but the latter company is not willing to do this. It has been suggested that the street railway company can operate the line with a trolley at much less expense than the railroad companies can with locomotives, and that the street railway company could get the use of the line for the asking.

House and Lot $3500

Eight-room house—fine corner lot—upper side First street, Endion—Only $1000 cash necessary.

GEO. R. LAYBOURN,
14 Phoenix Block.

AN ICY JOURNEY.

Fishermen Put in a Cold Day Yesterday.

A party of would-be fishermen left Duluth Saturday night on the steamer Nautilus for a trip down the north shore, the objective point being Grand Marais. They had scarcely left the harbor before a heavy wind, which soon developed into a gale, began blowing off the land. The weather grew intensely cold and before the night was far advanced the temperature had dropped below the freezing point. The boat arrived at Grand Marais about 5 o'clock yesterday morning, but even in that sheltered harbor the anchors would not hold her, so strong was the wind, and compelled Capt. Howard to move down to Chicago bay for protection from the storm. It began snowing in the morning and before the party left for home in the afternoon two inches had fallen. The sea swept over the deck of the boat and men were kept busy bailing water out of the pilot house. Several of the excursionists were addicted with seasickness and very little time was spent in fishing, although some of the more hardy cast their lines with practically no success. A bunch of bananas that had been taken along was frozen stiff, the deck of the boat was covered with ice, and, taken altogether, the trip was much like a midwinter excursion. Among those in the party were Dr. M. B. Cullum, Tom Smith, Emil A. Tesaman, Benjamin W. Summers, of the Omaha ticket office, Morris Fischbein, S. Bronson, of Duluth, and Capt. Joseph Kidd, William McDonald and J. C. Kenney, of West Superior. They returned to Duluth last night.

Adjourned For a Conference.

The board of public works convened for its regular meeting this morning, but had not proceeded to business before an adjournment was taken to hold a conference with a number of the aldermen over the city engineer's tangle. The board was to meet this afternoon. A delegation from the Trades assembly will wait on the board to request it to employ home labor on the new waterworks reservoir.

Reserved seats for Tonning-Riedelsberger concert, June 7, at Coon's and Porter's.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

MUST PAY

Men Complain to the Mayor Against Fitzgerald, Waterworks Contractor.

Claim They Had to Get Tickets From P. Mainello to Get Jobs.

Mainello Issued the Tickets at Three Dollars Apiece, They Say.

If the story told to Mayor Truelsen by six Italian laborers this morning is true, Contractor Fitzgerald and P. Mainello have a great scheme under way. Contractor Fitzgerald has the work of excavating the force main trench from Lester river to Fortieth avenue east. Mr. Mainello is a candy dealer at Lake avenue and First street and, beside his regular business, acts as adviser to those of his countrymen who are not as well posted in the language and customs of the country as he is. The men who told their tale of woe to the mayor said that when they applied to Mr. Fitzgerald for a job, he asked them if they had tickets. They told him they had none, and say he informed them that if they wanted work they would have to get tickets from Mr. Mainello. They went to Mr. Mainello, they said, and he expressed his utternost willingness to help them out—for a consideration of $3 each. They paid the money, they said, receiving in return the ticket that was the "open sesame" to a job with Mr. Fitzgerald.

The idea finally made its way into their minds that they had not had an exactly square deal, and they decided to go to the mayor for advice. The cards the men received bore their names and the signature of Mr. Mainello. In several instances, the names were written on the backs of Mr. Mainello's business cards. The mayor referred the matter to the board of public works for investigation.

TWENTY POUND LUMP.

J. C. Foley Brings Down a Big Chunk of Gold.

J. C. Foley came down from Seine river this noon with a great lump of virgin gold worth $4000, the result of a little over six days' run of the mill at the Foley mine just preceding his departure. The lump has not yet been weighed, as the banks are closed, but it is estimated at about twenty pounds, which at $18 an ounce would make the value of the metal something over $4000.

As business called Mr. Foley away from the mine rather unexpectedly there was no time in which to melt the bullion up into bricks, and he brought it down just as it came from the mill, a mass of dull, yellow, dirty-looking metal not at all attractive in appearance except when one knows its capabilities in the way of turning into coin of the realm. While it remained in town it was kept in the safe at the St. Louis hotel, but it was frequently produced to be examined by a crowd of curious people.

It will be sent to the treasurer of the company at Toronto, where all the other bricks have gone, thence to be sent to the United States mint to be transformed into coin.

On May 22 Mr. Foley shipped fifteen bricks from Rat Portage to Toronto. They were on exhibition at Rat Portage for a day, and aroused considerable excitement, notwithstanding the familiarity of the people of that city with matters pertaining to gold.

The country is opening up rapidly, according to Mr. Foley. Navigation is now clear, and every other day the barge from Fort Frances comes in with a load of freight and from twenty to fifty passengers. The transportation lines are doing a rushing business. Land is being taken up in large tracts in every direction, a number of new finds have been reported, and everything looks promising. So far the Foley is the only property the work of which is advanced, but there are a number of others which will make a showing in a month or two, according to the speed with which the work is pushed. The last of the machinery for the Preston property started in today over the Crane Lake portage, where it was left last fall.

Mr. Foley said that the Canadian government had as yet taken no action in regard to the establishment of a port of entry at Seine River, and that the indications now are that a custom house officer with full authority to issue clearance papers to American vessels and collect duties on their cargoes will not be appointed in the near future. When Mr. Foley was last at Ottawa he was assured that the custom office would be speedily opened, but the government appears to have reconsidered this decision. Duluth jobbers are deeply interested in this matter, as under present regulations they can ship goods to the Seine River country only, under such difficulties as makes it practically prohibitive.

The Temperance Meeting.

An enthusiastic temperance meeting was held yesterday afternoon at the Mission church, made a ringing speech Mission church made a ringing speech and was listened to with close attention. Rev. A. G. Hultgren delivered the principal address and it was eloquent and powerful. The meeting closed with remarks by the chairman of the Scandinavian temperance committee in reference to the Sunday closing of saloons, asking if the people will allow the saloons to run without regarding the laws concerning Sunday closing. The monthly temperance paper, the Humane Age, was distributed. The church was crowded and great interest at the meeting prevailed. Some vocal solos and duets were sung.

Armory, June 2.

Miss Mary Finnegan, pupil of the accomplished elocutionist, Miss Noble, at the Armory Wednesday, June 2.

PANSIES!

To close out at 15c, potted ones at 25c, lots of other plants cheap. Time now to make your beds, you can put out Coleus and other tender plants safely soon now. We have still a good assortment, but don't wait until the best plants are picked out. Give us your orders for window and porch boxes, can furnish the box and fill it nicely for $1.50, with larger plants at $2.00 to $2.50. You have no idea how large these are until you see them.

We have a little hardy Shrubbery left to close out cheap.

Don't forget us when in need of lawn work, funeral designs or anything in our line.

W. W. SEEKINS, Florist.

Greenhouses: 921 East Third St. City Store, 331 West Superior St.

This Week Only

We place on sale two hundred 22-in 3-stem Switches in all shades, at each..... 75c

We find it Necessary to continue our Free Complexion and Scalp Treatments another Week, as we were unable to do for all who called on us Last Week.

Gentlemen

Troubled with dandruff or falling hair are quite welcome to take advantage of this opportunity. Ladies and Gentlemen in attendance.

Mme. Boyd & Wilbur,

THE ONLY HAIR STORE AT THE HEAD OF THE LAKES.

31 West Superior Street.

THE SPELLMAN CASE.

Second Trial Was Begun This Afternoon.

The arson case against Mrs. Thomas Spellman was taken up this afternoon for a second trial, the jury on the previous trial having disagreed, standing six to six. When the jury reported its disagreement County Attorney Arbury asked Judge Moer to give him until the conclusion of the Borgstrom case to determine what he should do with the Spellman case. After thinking it over he decided to try the case again immediately, and he notified the court this morning that he would be ready to go ahead this afternoon. As all of the regular panel of jurors are pretty well acquainted with the case by this time, it was deemed necessary to issue a special venire for twenty-five jurors and this was done this morning.

At the conclusion of the Borgstrom case this afternoon the case against Mrs. Spellman was taken up, and the task of impanelling a jury began. C. O. Baldwin defends Mrs. Spellman, as before.

GRADUATING EXERCISES.

Subjects of Essays to Be Read By Graduates.

The program for the graduating exercises of the class of '97 at the high school has not yet been fully prepared. The names of the speakers and their subjects, however, are settled upon. The first paper will be by Adelaide Kilchli upon "Good Books." Martha Sjoberg will have for her subject "A Plea for Culture," and Sabra Ellison will talk about "Cranks." Selby Brown will speak upon "The Ancient History of Duluth," going as far back as the formation of the ground underneath the city. The last paper will be by Agnes Dole upon "Mathematics." There will be a musical program, including a selection by the Temple quartet. This part of the program is not completed. The graduation exercises will be held on the morning of Thursday, June 17, the class day exercises in the evening of June 16, and the eighth grade graduating exercises either Tuesday or Friday evening, June 15 or 18.

GIVEN TO THE JURY.

Borgstrom Case is Argued and Submitted.

The Borgstrom case went to the jury this afternoon, the forenoon being taken up with arguments to the jury, and the court's charge being delivered this afternoon. Mr. Baldwin argued for the state that Mr. Borgstrom appropriated the money to his own use just the same whether he paid it to his deputy or not. If he paid to him as he claims, he bought Loe's vacation with it, that he might get away and look after his private business. He called attention to Amos Shephard's testimony, in which he said that his occupation was that of traveler at present. "Give me that office for six years," said Mr. Baldwin, "and let me take the fees in this manner, and when I go out I will be a traveler too. It is a curious coincidence that Borgstrom also traveled on this money. He bought Loe's vacation, so that he could travel up to Grand Marais." Mr. Baldwin called attention to the fact that there was no testimony except that of Borgstrom's that he paid this money to Loe and Wedan. "They did not dare to put them on the stand to swear to it. The defense would argue that it was a question of intent. In that case, why did Borgstrom make false entries and false returns of the amount of fees received."

Mr. Reynolds wanted to know why Markus, who used to work in the register's office and who testified before the grand jury, was not put on the stand. He said that if he had been brought in the defense could have shown motives of revenge in the prosecution. He accused Mr. Baldwin of prosecuting for mercenary reasons purely, rather than for the public good, as he had claimed. He said also that the defendant had shown a clear defense. He could have had no intent to defraud, and he had received no benefit from these fees.

Opera Company Cancelled.

Manager Marsh of the Lyceum received word yesterday that the opera company which was to be here tonight and tomorrow night would be unable to fill its date here. He has received no further information, but concludes that the financial backer has decided to quit.

Musical Soiree.

Grand musical event at the Armory Wednesday evening, June 2.

IS NEAR THE TOP.

Company C Takes High Honors in the Inspection.

Company C boys are jubilant today and are entitled to be so. The report of Lieut. Frank B. McCoy, U. S. A., who inspected the militia companies in the Minnesota National Guard, was made public in St. Paul Saturday. Company C of this city ranks third for excellence. The St. Paul Globe said:

"The position of honor again falls to Capt. Ed. Bean's crack Comapny D, which earned a marking of 98 points out of a possible 100. The other companies of the First regiment in St. Paul and Minneapolis are pretty well together with creditable markings, while Company C, of the Third regiment, at Duluth, in command of Capt. Resche, for the first time in many years broke into the honor column, which had hitherto been monopolized by the First regiment, and captured a score of 88 points. This puts them in third position, second place having fallen to Company A in Minneapolis, Capt. McWade commanding, with 92 points. * * * Taken as a whole, the St. Paul guardsmen made the best general showing, with the soldier boys from Minneapolis a close second. Lieut McCoy gives considerable credit to Company C, of the Third, at Duluth, which won third honors, and adds that the other two Duluth companies are already showing the good effect of the contact, argument and rivalry which is afforded in cities."

Living Pictures

OF WAR SCENES and INCIDENTS..... ....

And program of Musical and Literary selections, appropriate to MEMORIAL DAY

At CATHOLIC ASSOCIATION HALL at 8 o'clock

TO-NIGHT!

ADMISSION 25c.

MME. BOYD,

ELECTROLYSIST.

Superfluous Hair, Warts and Moles permanently eradicated by electricity.

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ADVICE GIVEN FREE

All matters treated confidentially.

Benson's Detective Agency. Offices in Exchange Building.

Imported Hand-Made English Lace

Mrs. E. W. Wright, formerly located on Tower avenue, West Superior, has removed to 1320 Belknap street, near Spicer-Fenning's dry goods store, and has a large assortment of Imported Hand Made English Lace, which will be sold at a discount of 20 per cent from now until July 1. At home all day Tuesdays and Thursdays and Saturday mornings.

...STEAM YACHT NAUTILUS...

Will leave Duluth at 8 a. m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, for all points on the North Shore between Duluth and Chicago Bay, landing passengers at all points and stopping for them as they may wish. This gives pleasure seekers and FISHING PARTIES an opportunity to avail themselves of fishing in the streams on the North Shore and a delightful trip on the lake. For further information enquire on board of boat at dock.

FOOT OF SIXTH AVENUE WEST.

June
MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. TUESDAY, JUNE 1, 1897. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

Great Saving in Piano Prices

From $25 to $100 Saved

On any Piano bought here. People have been quick to see the saving and our new department is meeting with flattering success. You see it's like this. We do not depend upon our Piano business for but a small share of the expense of doing business. That's one reason why we can undersell any competition. The other reason is that we buy every instrument we handle for spot cash, and that alone means a large saving to us and to you. We handle only strictly first-class Pianos direct from the manufacturers. We are exclusive agents in Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin for the following leading makes:

THE WEBER PIANO, New York.
THE WHEELOCK PIANO, New York.
THE SINGER PIANO, Chicago.
THE STEGER PIANO, Chicago.
THE DECKER PIANO, New York.
BEHR BROS.' PIANOS, New York.
THE SCHAAP PIANO, Chicago.
And Other Makes.

Prices All new Pianos..... $185 $250 $350 / $200 $285 $400 / $225 $300 $450

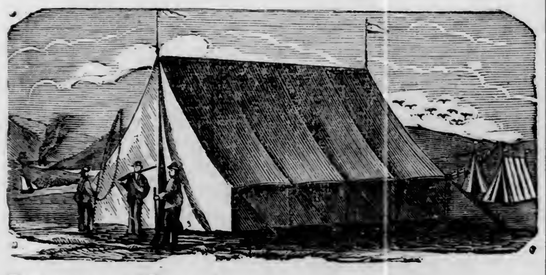
Terms—We sell on the most liberal terms, $10 a month if desired. Remember we save you $25 to $100, so don't fail to call and see our line no matter when you want to buy.

FRENCH & BASSETT.

STEINWAY PIANOS! Are recognized as the best in all civilized countries of the world. SOLD EXCLUSIVELY IN THE NORTHWEST BY

DULUTH MUSIC CO. E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

SALESROOMS—Phoenix Block—2nd floor; Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.



Summer Sports.

Don't forget that there is a place in this city where you can get anything you want in the way of

Summer Sporting Goods, Fishing Tackle, Base Ball Goods, Lawn Tennis Goods, Foot Balls, Kodaks, Running and Tennis Shoes, Hammocks

and many other things too numerous to mention. Our line of

Bicycles and Sundries is always complete.

Tents for sale or for Rent.

We have the largest and best equipped REPAIR SHOP for doing all kinds of work at lowest prices. Umbrellas recovered while you wait, also repaired.

City Gun Store, R. C. Kruschke Prop.

TELEPHONE 681. 402 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Furnish Electric Current For Light and Power. COMMERCIAL LIGHT and POWER Co. Successors to Hartman General Electric Co. OFFICES—Rooms 4-5-6, 216 W. Sup. St. Duluth.

SUIT FOR SLANDER.

Politics at Virginia Causes a $10,000 Case.

The city of Virginia had a warm contest for the mayor's chair at an election held April 6, and national questions entered into it to a greater or less extent. Emas S. Smith was a member of the People's party committee; M. L. Fay was the joint candidate of the People's, Democratic and silver parties, and Mr. Smith had agreed to support Mr. Fay. Now they are parties to a slander case in district court, in which Mr. Smith asks $10,000 for sundry caustic expressions on his character, alleged to have been made the day after election by Mr. Fay. From which it may rightly be argued that Mr. Fay was not the successful candidate, as successful candidates are usually too happy to asperse.

It seems from the complaint that before election one James McAlpine dug down and produced $15 from his inside pocket, to be used in the fund which went to boom Fay's candidacy. The money went to plaintiff Smith, who avers that he did use it all in the legitimate campaign expenss, also that he exerted himself to the utmost to secure Mr. Fay's election. Nevertheless, he was not elected, and on the day after election, on a public street of the city of Virginia, Mr. Smith alleges that the defendant used unto him, in the presence of divers other persons, the following false and defamatory words, to-wit:

"You took this man's money and used it to defeat me. You left your office of judge of election so that you could be able to defeat me, and you have done your work well. You sent a committee to me the night before election to exact promises from me, knowing that it would defeat me, and by persuasion and corruption you have done your work well. It sometimes happens that it takes months to find things out, but this has been found out as soon as it happened, and you are the man."

These harsh words, the plaintiff says, are unwarranted by the facts, and he wants $10,000 from Fay for the injury they have done him. A. N. McGindley is the attorney.

OBLITERATING THE LINES.

New York, June 1.—A poem entitled "Our Boys," by Alice S. Mitchell, author of "The Liberty Bell," has been dedicated to Mrs. U. S. Grant and Mrs. Jefferson Davis. Letters giving permission for the mingling of the two names were received.

KIEFER STILL HOPEFUL.

Washington, June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ex-Representative Kiefer of St. Paul is here to attend the marriage of his daughter to a prominent Washington hotelkeeper. He is still confident that he will be appointed commissioner of immigration.

WHY IT IS PROLONGED.

Madrid, June 1.—Gen. Bernard, who has just returned to this city from the Island of Cuba, has had an interview with the minister of war, Gen. Azcarraga in the course of which the minister was informed that the prolonging of the rebellion in Cuba was only due to the assistance which the insurgents received from the United States.

CHARGED WITH POISONING.

Kenosha, Wis., June 1.—John Deverka and Peter Trcawski have been arrested on a charge of being implicated in the murder of Michael Pleva, who died under peculiar circumstances a few day's since. Poison was found in Pleva's stomach and in a coffee pot from which he had partaken coffee. Another arrest is expected. Mrs. Pleva, wife of the victim, has been held to await the action of the grand jury.

SEARLES

Case Against the Sugar Trust Official Killed By the Judge.

Instructed the Jury to Bring in a Verdict of Acquittal.

Senate Committee Had No Power to Make Such Investigation.

Washington, June 1.—In the case of John E. Searles, the sugar trust witness, Judge Bradley this morning ordered the jury to bring in a verdict of acquittal, holding that the questions asked the witness by the senate committee were not pertinent, and if so, were not within the jurisdiction of the committee.

The judge's opinion was exhaustive. It had been reduced to writing. He pointed out that Mr. Searles had testified specifically that no money had been contributed by the sugar trust to the national campaign or for the purpose of influencing legislation or the election of United States senators. As to the local contributions, Mr. Searles had testified that he did not know how the contribution should be used; by whom or for what purpose. The questions put to the agent were claimed to be pertinent to the second and third divisions of the senatorial inquiry, namely, as to whether the the sugar trust had contributed sums to campaign funds with the purpose of influencing the election of a United States senator, and whether any senator had been party to a compact with the sugar trust.

Certainly, the judge said, a simple investigation as to whether the sugar trust had contributed to a campaign fund would be an unwarranted search into the private affairs of the company and plainly beyond the power of the senate. The senate committee had reported that no testimony had been produced to show that the sugar trust had made any contributions to any national campaign fund or for the purpose of affecting legislation. If money had gone for the purpose of electing members of state legislatures who in time would elect a United States senator, it was beyond the power of the United States senate to go behind the election of legislative members. If this were true as to state matters, how much more true was it of local elections. It would be the wildest conjecture to assume that the money so contributed in any way had gone to make up the sugar schedule.

It appeared from the report of the committee that they were not in the possession of any facts upon which they could base the most remote hope of shewing an ultimate connection between the sugar trust's contributions and the sugar schedule. Under these circumstances it must be held that the questions asked were not pertinent, and if construed to be pertinent, that they were an unwarranted prying into the private affairs of the company and therefore beyond the jurisdiction of the senate. Judge Bradley therefore sustained the motion of the defense and ordered the jury to return a verdict of acquittal. The jury accordingly rendered a verdict of not guilty and Mr. Searles was free.

The cases of E. J. Edwards and John S. Shriver, the newspaper correspondents, were postponed until next Monday.

MARK TWAIN'S HEALTH.

The Humorist is Well and Quite Contented.

London, June 1.—The friends of Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain) ask the Associated Press to deny the stories in circulation regarding his ill-health and impoverished condition. The distinguished American author is now in better health and spirits than for years. The report of last autumn that Mr. Clemens was living in quiet lodgings and working day and night at his book in order to pay his creditors and provide for his family was perfectly true at that time. He had then reached London after the death of his daughter, in a terribly depressed condition and in bad health, but he seems to have thriven on hard work.

For several months Mr. Clemens and his family have been living in a pretty house situated on a charming square at Chelsea. His book is now finished and the publisher is on his way here from the United States for the manuscript. Mr. Clemens and his family leave London at the end of this month to pass the summer in Austria. Mr. Clemens' hair is almost white, but his face has a good color, his eyes are bright and his figure is upright and alert. He talked most entertainingly all the evening about his travels, his book and his experiences in London.

YELLOW FEVER ON BOARD.

New York, June 1.—Angus McLellan, a second cabin passenger on the steamer Allianca which reached this port today from Colon, died of yellow fever yesterday at sea. He was a civil engineer from Pictou, N. S., and probably contracted the disease at Panama. Herbert Gill, a waiter on the Allianca was also taken ill with yellow fever on May 27. He was transferred to the Swinburne island hospital. The other second cabin passengers will be detained on Hoffman island for five days.

DOCTORS IN PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, June 1.—The American Medical association began the celebration of its golden jubilee today, and will continue four days. The convention was called to order by the president, Dr. Nicholas Zenn, of Illinois. Members and their wives to the number of over 3000 had registered.

SIX WEEKS MORE.

Congress Likely to Adjourn in Middle of July.

Washington, June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—According to a member of the Minnesota delegation, who has discussed the subject with him, President McKinley believes that the tariff bill will become a law soon after July 1, if not on that date.

Speaker Reed is also said to be of the same opinion and Senators Allison and Aldrich, who are managing the bill in the senate, are quoted as saying that it will be ready for the president's signature within a month from today. Mark Hanna, the personal representative of President McKinley on the floor of the senate, is also of this opinion. This would mean an adjournment of the present session by July 15 at least.

REED IS ANNOYED.

Minnesota's Appeal For Bankruptcy Law Bothers Him.

Washington, June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Speaker Reed is very much annoyed at the persistent manner in which the business men of Minnesota are urging him to permit the passage of a bankruptcy bill at this session.

"What is the matter with Minnesota?" he asked.

"The matter is," was the reply, "that if you refuse to allow a bankruptcy bill to pass at this session my state will elect a Populist successor to Senator Davis, a governor of the same party, and four or five out of the seven congressmen."

The speaker refuses to listen to arguments of this kind, but one of the Minnesota members will make a last appeal to him during the present week.

INDIAN TROUBLES.

Situation at the Agency Continues Critical.

Helena, Mont., June 1.—Specials from Miles City, the nearest town in Montana to the Cheyenne Indian troubles, say the situation at the agency continues critical. Families who resided near the seat of the trouble continue to flock to Miles City. It is reported that Sioux Indians from Dakota have come to the agency and that runners have been sent to invite more Sioux to join them on the war trail.

Senator Carter will ask President McKinley that Indian Agent Stouch be instructed not to interfere with the sheriff's posse and that the military authorities support them in case the Cheyennes resist the arrest of the Indian "Little Whirlwind," known as Stanley, a graduate of Carlisle, who admits the murder of Sheep Herder Hoover.

Sheriff Gibb and Deputies Smith and Winters should arrive among the Cheyennes Tuesday morning with warrants for the three Indians and the agent, which they will attempt to serve. White Bull's band of warriors numbering 125, who escaped from the agency Friday night, are in the hills on the Tongue river near Ashland, and this will be the scene of the first bloodshed should there be any. The settlers are not as well armed as the Indians, though arms and ammunition are being forwarded as rapidly as possible.

WORK OF FIENDS.

Fire a House and Burn Five Children to Death.

Cincinnati, June 1.—A special from Welch, W. Va., says: Five children were burned to death in the residence of J. H. White, two miles from Keystone, last night. Enemies of the family are beleved to have fired the house. Both he and his wife were away on a visit. The children had retired when the fire was started.

The children who met death were a boy of 12, one of 20, one of 16, one of 4, and a girl of 6 years. Bloodhounds will be used to take up the scent, if possible, from the ruins of the house and trace the fiends.

THE PENNSYLVANIA ROAD.

Pittsburg, June 1.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pennsylvania company operating the lines of the Northwest system, was held in this city today. The annual report was submitted, showing the following results in the proprietary department: Total revenue for 1896, $2,399,623; out of which was paid for interest on bonds, general expenses, taxes, etc., $2,161,356, leaving a profit for the year of $238,266, a decrease as compared with the profit for 1895 of $708,767.

The following were elected directors for the ensuing year: Frank Thomson, of Philadelphia; James McCrea, J. T. Brooks, John E. Davidson and Joseph Wood, of Pittsburg; John F. Green, William H. Barnes, N. P. Shortridge, Charles E. Pugh, Samuel Rea, George Wood and C. Stuart Patterson, of Philadelphia; William Stewart, of Pittsburg.

TRUST BILLS ARE PASSED.

Springfield, Ill., June 1.—The senate bill authorizing the consolidation of the companies forming the Chicago Gas Trust passed the house today, 83 to 57. Much pressure to obtain a veto will undoubtedly be brought to bear on Governor Tanner. The gas frontage bill, another favorite measure of the Chicago trust, also passed the house today, 90 to 48. The frontage bill too, had already passed the senate, and only needs the governor's signature to become a law.

A DETROIT SMITH PHOENIXED.

Detroit, June 1.—Charles H. Smith has returned to this country. On May 14, 1890, Mr. Smith, then a prominent business man of Detroit, mysteriously disappeared. His estate was probated June 19, 1890, and he declared legally dead. Six months ago his closest friend, James Vernon, heard from him, and yesterday Mr. Vernon returned from New York where he had met him. Financial reverses, it is said, drove Mr. Smith away and he says he will never come back to Detroit. Mr. Smith was formerly a member of the firm of Pingree & Smith. He has visited South America and China and until today his family was kept in ignorance of his whereabouts.

ALTGELD'S PORTRAIT.

Springfield, Ill., June 1.—The senate today passed the house bill appropriating $1000 for the painting of a portrait of ex-Governor Altgeld.

SETTLED

A Bitterly Fought Marine Case Decided By the Supreme Court.

Justice Brown Upheld on the Question of General Average Loss.

The State of Ohio in Disabled Condition---Freight Outlook Better.

Cleveland, June 1.—After being bitterly fought step by step through the courts for nearly a score of years, a decision has been handed down in the last court of resort, the United States supreme court, in the case of the owners of the barges Eldorado, George W. Wesley and Bay City against the owners of the steamer J. B. Donaldson. The court held that when a steamer is compelled to desert her tow in a storm for self-preservation, she cannot be held liable for any general average loss sustained by the tow. This establishes a valuable precedent and the case has attracted widespread attention. It has attained a national repute.

The events which led up to the original suit were as follows: In November, 1889, the steamer J. B. Donaldson let: Buffalo with three barges in tow, the Eldorado, George W. Wesley and Bay City. A storm was encountered on Lake Erie, and despite the efforts of the steamer she and her tows were being rapidly driven toward the south shore of the lake. The steamer attempted to make Erie for shelter, but at a point below that port it became evident that the steamer with her consorts could not get inside of the harbor, and after struggling for a long time, the tow line was cut as a last resort. In consequence the barges were driven ashore, while the steamer reached Erie in safety.

Suit was commenced at Detroit by the owners of the barges to recover damages, which were fixed at about $20,000, and the case was heard before Justice Brown of the supreme court, who was then a United States district judge. The owners of the barges claimed that the steamer was negligent in not keeping the vessels off the shore, and that, if not negligent, then, having sacrificed the tows for her own safety, she was at least liable to make contribution in the general average the same as if she had jettisoned her cargo—that is, thrown it overboard to save herself.

Justice Brown decided that there was no neglect, and also ruled adversely in the claim for general average. The case was appealed to the United States circuit court and was heard before the late Justice Matthews, who affirmed the decision of the district court as to the question of negligence, but reversed on the other ground and held that the owners of the barges were entitled to a general average. This decision, by its novelty, attracted a great deal of attention. Finally the case was appealed by the owners of the Donaldson to the United States circuit of appeals at Cincinnati, but this court, on account of the peculiarity of the decision of the circuit judge, deemed it advisable to have the matter determined by the supreme court, and certified up the question whether there should be a general average contribution between the owners of the steamer and her tows under the circumstances mentioned.

The supreme court decided the question in the negative, reversing the decision of Judge Matthews, and affirming the original decision of Judge Brown that the law of general average is confined to such cases where a voluntary sacrifice is made of some portion of the ship or cargo for the benefit of the residue, and has no application to a contract for towage.

A STEAMER DISABLED.

Cleveland, June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The State of Ohio, of the Cleveland and Buffalo Transit line, broke her machinery off Ashtabula last night and became helpless. She was loaded with holiday passengers who became badly frightened. Help was summoned from Ashtabula and the steamer is now being towed into Cleveland by tugs.

THE ROBY LIBELED.

Detroit, Mich., June 1.—A libel of the steamer Florida against the steamer George W. Roby which sank her in collision in Thunder Bay, Lake Huron, twelve days ago with her consort, the W. D. Becker, was filed in the United States court yesterday afternoon. The amount of damages is claimed to be $172,400.

COAL CARGOES SCARCE.

Cleveland, June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Coal cargoes are scarce, but brokers are working off slowly all vessels that seek ore cargoes. It is the general opinion that the situation is improving a little each day.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Erie—Cleared: Crescent City, Alexander, Holly, Duluth.

Ashland—Arrived: Ralph, Harold.

Buffalo—Cleared: Venice, Malta, Granada, 118, Vega, Vulean, Mather, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Keystone, Dollar Bay; Emily, Homer, Duluth.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Colgate, 105, Cleveland.

Jackfish—Arrived: Andaste.

THE JOHNSON SOLD.

Cleveland, June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The old revenue cutter Johnson was sold by the government today to the naval reserve for $2250. There are two divisions of the Ohio organization of the naval reserve in Cleveland. The old cutter will be used as a sort of training ship for the naval militia. The Johnson brought considerably less than it had been anticipated that the famous old boat would sell for. She was appraised by the government officers at $5000. The cutter is in fairly good condition, notwithstanding her age.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Hoyt and consorts, 10:10 last night; Castalia, 10 a. m.; Hebard and consorts, 4:40; W. Chisholm, Oglebay, 5:20; Marina, 6:40; Cambria, 6:50; S. Hall and consorts, North Wind, 7:40; Hadley, Brazil, 8:30.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Oscoda and consorts, 9:40 last night; Nipigon and consorts, 0; Madden and consorts, 10:51; Desmond and consorts, 11:40; Bessemer, 2:40 a. m.; Wallula, 4:30; Carnegie, 7; Glasgow, 9:15; Gratwick (wood), 9:40; Kirby, Hartnell, 0:310.

Down yesterday: Murphy, 11:20 a. m.; Corona, 11:45; London, 2:40 p. m.; Maytham, 6; Whittaker and consort, 7; J. B. Ketcham, 7:15; Arizona and consorts, 7:40.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Cadillac, 10:40 last night; C. Eddy, Hutchinson, Gilbert, 1 a. m.; Jay Gould, 4; Yale, Lasalle, Wright, 7; Neilson, Whitworth, 7:30; Gilchrist, Iroquois, 8:15; Sicken, Melvina, Spademan, McVea, 8:20; Cherokee, Chippewa, Fairbairn, Corliss, Wotan, Paige, 9; Fryer, 9:20; Pathfinder, Sagamore, Iron King, Queen, 10; Athabasca, 10:20. Down: Joliet, Northern King, 10:20 last night; Rockefeller and whaleback, 3:40 a. m.; Matoa, Marcia, Masaba, Magna, Farwell, Neshoto, 6:30; Germanic, Hutchinson, 6; R. R. Rhodes, Mahoning, 8.

Later—Up: Burnham, 11:20 a. m.; Stephens, 2 p. m. Down: Trevor and whalebacks, 1 p. m.

Up yesterday: Hurlbut, Clint, 3:30 p. m.; Vanderbilt, 4:20; Roby, Becker, 6:30; Onoko, Waldo, 8:30; Maricopa, Manhattan, 9:30. Down: Roumania, Barium, 11:20 a. m.; Wetmore, Brunette, 2 p. m.

DEPUTY AT GRAND PORTAGE.

After trying for two years Collector Olund has secured authority to appoint a deputy to be located at Grand Portage. F. G. Brown, formerly at Two Harbors has been named to go there. E. C. Clow, who was on the Dixon, is to go to Two Harbors, and E. C. Bowman is to go on the Dixon.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Sitka, Yukon, Yakima, Lake Erie, coal; Peerless, Chicago, passengers and merchandise; Moran, Kearsarge, Buffalo, merchandise.

Departed—Coralia, Stephenson, Bell, Krupp, Siemens, Lagonda, Thomas, Fulton, Lake Erie, ore; Zenith City, Merida, Buffalo, grain; Nicholas, Montana, Buffalo, flour.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Philadelphia—Sailed: Steamer Pennsylvania for Antwerp.

WOULD GET EVEN.

Discharged Estimators File Charges Against Baldwin.

Washington, June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Several discharged Chippewa pine estimators are endeavoring to get even with Maj. Baldwin and Agent Allen at the White Earth reservation. It is understood that charges alleging various acts of gross carelessness and incompetency on the part of these officials have been filed at the interior department by some of the estimators removed by Baldwin.

DAY IN CONGRESS.

Senator McLaurin Sworn in---Senate Party Strength.

Washington, June 1.—The senator from South Carolina, John L. McLaurin, who succeeded the late Senator Earle, was sworn in at the opening of the session today. This establishes the personnel of the senate as it will remain for some time, viz: Republicans, 43; Democrats, 34; Populists, 7; Silver Republicans, 5; vacancy, 1, (Oregon); total, 90.

Mr. Mason, submitted a petition urging immediate and effective action on the pending tariff bill and stating that this was the general sentiment of business interests.

The tariff bill was taken up immediately after the disposal of the routine business.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, June 1.—The house today witnessed a sharp attack on the speaker by Representatives Simpson and Richardson because of non-appointment of the committees. On motion of Mr. Dingley, by a vote of 90 to 55, the house upheld the speaker's refusal to recognize the resolution of Mr. Lewis, relative to Cuba as privileged. A special order was then presented for immediate consideration of a resolution providing for transportation of supplies to India and permitting the use of any vessel, instead of restricting the sending of famine relief to American ships. After further talk by Mr. Simpson and others concerning the alleged autocratic power of the speaker the order was adopted.

DULUTH INVENTORS.

Washington, June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Patents were today issued to residents of Duluth as follows: Edward P. Follette, instrument for drafting garment patterns; George Tuffeld, fastener for shoe laces; Peder K. Mannes, West Duluth, bottle closer; Eli E. Sager, tide motor.

CHICAGO HAS TO PAY.

Chicago, June 1.—Judge Grosscup, of the federal court today upheld the liability of the city of Chicago for damages to railroad property by reason of strike of 1894. The question was before him on a demurrer of the city to the suit of the Pennsylvania company for $50,000 damages at the Brighton park yards fire on the night of July 6, 1894, and a suit of the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley company for the destruction of $20,000 of property at One Hundred and Third street on the same night. The demurrer was dismissed.

A VATICAN TRAGEDY.

Rome, June 1.—A man named Rossi, a stable hand in the vatican today attempted to kill Commander Martinucci, of the major domo's office through whom he lost his place. Thinking he had killed his victim at the first shot Rossi shot himself through the head and will die. The commander will recover.

OUTRAGE

Filibusterers Knock a Government Officer Down and Disarm Him.

Visited the Steamer Biscayne in the Discharge of His Duty.

Belief That the Famous Filibusterer Dauntless Has Been Captured.

Washington, June 1.—The secretary of the treasury has received a telegram from Special Inspector Hampton at Fort Landerdale, Fla., stating that he boarded the steamer Biscayne, of New River inlet, at 5 o'clock yesterday morning while she was transferring arms, ammunition and coal to the Dauntless, and that he was knocked down, disarmed and driven off. This telegram was referred to the attorney general for such action as the gravity of the occurrence may warrant.

This is the only information yet received at the treasury department in corroboration of the report telegraphed last night from Fort Landerdale, detailing this assault and the subsequent capture of the Dauntless by the cruiser Marblehead. The department officials say they have no doubt that the Dauntless had just returned from a successful landing in Cuba of munitions of war, and her capture is regarded as highly important.

The persons who maltreated Inspector Hampton while in the discharge of his duty as a United States officer, it is stated, will be rigorously prosecuted.

WITHOUT BAIL.

Luetgert Held on Charge of Wife Murder.

Chicago, June 1.—Adolph Luetgert, charged with the murder of his wife, was today held to the grand jury without bail. The examining magistrate said there was strong circumstantial evidence that the crime had been committed, and that the evidence pointed to the conclusion that the defendant was guilty.

SHOT A PEDDLER.

One of the Happenings Which Distinguish Chicago.

Chicago, June 1.—Three highwaymen drove up in a buggy to the home of John Muriano, a fruit peddler, at a late hour last night, called him out to the curb and then, while one of them beat him over the head with a whip another struck him full in the face with a piece of iron, breaking his nose, the third snatched his watch, shot him through the breast, inflicting a mortal wound, and all three escaped with their horse on a run.

The shot aroused the neighborhood and crowds of furious men and women pursued the highwaymen. Policemen took part in the chase and many shots were fired after the fleeing thugs, but so far as known none took effect. The robbers returned the fire, but hit no one. The made good their escape.

SOUSA'S EL CAPITAN.

Marine Band Leader Arrested For Refusing to Play It.

Washington, June 1.—Professor F. Fanciulli, who succeeded John Philip Sousa as the leader of the Marine band, has been arrested for refusing to play Sousa's music. Lieut. Draper, of the United States marine section of the parade, ordered Fanciulli to play "El Capitan," a composition of Sousa's and Fanciulli replied that he would play what he pleased. He was, therefore, arrested for insubordination. He submitted quietly to arrest, claiming that as a leader of the band he has supreme control of the selection of the music. He will probably be tried by courtmartial.

AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY.

Something That May Be Useful in War Periods.

New York, June 1.—William J. Eddy has just taken the first double photograph in mid air that has ever been secured. He did this with special apparatus after a year's study. By his invention it will be possible to take from mid air a perfect photo of the entire horizon line. With such an apparatus Eddy claims that a photo can be taken to sea, which will show a ship approaching when it is ten miles beyond the horizon line, as seen from a ship's deck. The inventor is confident his apparatus can be used to great advantage during war. The photographs today were taken with two cameras, but it is proposed to arrange eight, so that they will photograph the entire horizon at once.

FROSTS IN WISCONSIN.

Milwaukee, June 1.—Another killing frost was experienced throughout the state last night and small fruits and vegetables suffered severely. Snow fell in the extreme northern portion of the state and in Northern Michigan.

LINCOLN BANK FAILS.

Omaha, June 1.—A special to the Bee from Lincoln, Neb., says the Merchants bank closed its doors at noon. No statement yet given out. The bank had a capital of $50,000.

HOPELESS

Governor Budd of California Says Durrant's Sentence Is a Just One.

Refuses to Interfere With the Court's Edict of Death.

Durrant Wept When His Mother Told Him of the Result.

Sacramento, Cal., June 1.—In passing upon the application of Theodore Durrant, convicted of the murder of Blanche Lamont, for executive clemency, Governor Budd said: "I have carefully considered the evidence produced at Durrant's trial. I have interviewed the witnesses and inquired into their characters and credibility; I have heard all statements made or offered by his attorneys and other persons who might be likely to inform me in this matter. A careful and thorough investigation into the evidence in this case and the facts and circumstances attending it has convinced me that it is not the proper case for my interference.

"No new evidence has been produced tending to show the innocence of Durrant or creating a doubt as to his guilt. I feel satisfied that his trial where he was found guilty by a jury was fair and surrounded and attended by all proper legal safe-guards and guarantees. After conferences with the witnesses I am convinced of their honesty and credibility, and from an examination of the evidence, I feel that it was in itself sufficient in character and extent to have justified the verdict and the judgment passed upon it, while in my investigation I found other materials corroborating circumstances, not produced at the trial, which tended further to support the verdict.

"Under such circumstances, finding no irregularity in the trial of the case and that the evidence justified a verdict of guilty, I cannot do otherwise than follow the supreme court and permit the verdict of the jury and the judgment of the lower court to stand."

DURRANT WEPT.

When His Mother Told Him Hope Was Gone.

San Francisco, June 1.—The main incident of the Durrant tragedy yesterday was a visit paid him by his mother, who informed him of the governor's refusal to interfere with the sentence. Durrant lost his self-control entirely and wept like a little child. He was removed from his cell yesterday and placed in the chamber of death, where he will remain until the end.

The announcement that Mrs. Durrant would attend the execution has excited an extraordinary amount of comment. She still maintains her determination to be near her son when the final moment arrives.

BRIDGES ARE BUILT.

Board Will Inspect Them in a Few Days.

Contractor L. H. Johnson, of Minneapolis, has completed his bridge contracts on the Miller Trunk road, and all that remains is for the board of county commissioners to test them and to signify its approval. It is said that St. Louis county now has four of the finest wagon bridges in the Northwest. The four are all of steel, and the aggregate cost is about $15,000. The last work on the last bridge was done last week, and those of the commissioners who went out Sunday to look over the bridges say that they are fine specimens of modern bridge building.

Wednesday Commissioners John Williams and Charles Kauppi, County Surveyor Ray Nichols, and Superintendent of Roads John Hawkinson, will go out to the Cloquet river bridge for the official inspection and test, and the other bridges over the St. Louis, Whiteface and Paleface rivers will be inspected and tested next week. The tests will be to determine whether or not the bridges will bear the weight required of them by contract, and there seems to be little doubt but that they will successfully undergo the test.

The contract requires that the bridges will withstand a weight of 100 pounds per square foot or 8000 pounds on four wheels. As the bridges are fifteen feet wide, the requirement of 100 pounds per square foot means 150 pounds per lineal foot. The usual requirement is only eighty pounds per square foot, so more than usual has been required and more than usual has been accomplished. The bridges over the St. Louis and Cloquet rivers are 150 feet long, the Whiteface bridge is 120 feet in length, and the Paleface bridge is fifty feet.

This is the contract about which there was something of a sensation when it was developed from the testimony of the bridgemen themselves that the outside bidders had a combine by which all bid high and the winner distributed a percentage of his profit among his alleged competitors. The matter was compromised by Johnson's knocking off the extra profit from his bid and coming down to a legitimate profit.

MINISTER BUCK'S JOURNEY.

Tacoma, Wash., June 1.—A. E. Buck, of Georgia, the duly appointed minister to Japan, is here en route to San Francisco, whence he will sail for Tokio June 8. At San Francisco he will be joined by Capt. Edmund Rice of the Fifth infantry, who will be military attache to the Japanese legation, and Huntington Wilson, second secretary of the legation.

PENSION GRANTED.

Washington, June 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—An original pension was today granted to James Laird, of Biwabik, Minn.

The woman who kills her babe by neglect of the health and vigor of her own womanly organism during the period preceding motherhood, is innocently and without realizing it, as much responsible for her child's death, as the mad woman who slays her babe after its birth. Thousands of babes are still-born every year because women innocently and ignorantly neglect, during the expectant period, to take proper care of the delicate and important organs that bear the burdens of maternity.

There is just one known medicine that prepares a woman for capable motherhood. It is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly and only on the organs concerned in motherhood making them strong and healthy. It imparts to them vigor and elasticity. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration, soothes pain and gives rest to the tortured nerves. It does away with the discomforts of the expectant period, and makes the coming of baby easy and almost painless. It insures the health of baby. Over 90,000 have testified to its virtues. All good druggists sell it.

"In the fall of 1895," writes Mrs. N. A. Thomas, of 400 Pulaski St., Little Rock, Ark., "while on a visit to Texarkana, Ark., I was taken with a severe pain in my head and was hardly able to get home. I was prostrated for four weeks, not being able to sit up. During that time the doctors failed to give me any relief whatever. At length I was induced to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. One bottle cured me entirely. I felt relieved after the first three doses, and have never felt the pain since. I send this testimonial that others may be benefited by it. Yours with a thousands thanks."

It is as much a woman's duty to look after the health of the family as to care for the cleanliness of the home. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser enables her to do this. It contains 1,008 pages and 300 illustrations, and is written in language that any one may understand. Over a million women own copies. A new edition is just out and for a limited time copies will be given FREE to those who write for them. If you want a paper-covered copy, send twenty-one one-cent stamps, to cover the cost of mailing *only*, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y. Or for cloth binding, send ten cents *extra*, 31 cents in all.

BORGSTROM FOUND GUILTY.

Jury Deliberated But a Short Time Over the Verdict.

"Guilty as indicted."

As announced in The Herald's extra last night, that was the result of the jury's deliberations of less than one hour in the case against Register of Deeds Peter J. Borgstrom. The case was given to the jury at 4 o'clock, and shortly before 5 o'clock the verdict was returned. It was a surprise to the defendant, and when he heard it he sat dazed for a moment, then bowed his head in his hands and the tears trickled down his cheeks. It means to him not only the chance of a heavy fine and perhaps imprisonment, but possibly the loss of his official position.

The jury took eight ballots, the first eight to four for conviction, the seventh eleven to one, and the eighth was unanimous for conviction. Borgstrom was granted a stay of proceedings pending a motion for a new trial, and he will appeal, in which case the supreme court will not act on the case before October or possibly not before the spring term. The maximum punishment is seven years in the penitentiary or a fine of $1000 or both.

Borgstrom was indicted by the January grand jury for appropriating public moneys to his own use. The indictment alleged that he received $87.50 as register of deeds from A. A. Harris & Son as fees for furnishing certified copies of an instrument and that he appropriated $63.25 of that sum to his own use.

HIS CELESTIAL PHIZ.

Wu Ting Fang Has His Photographs Taken.

Washington, May 31.—Wu Ting Fang, the new Chinese minister, has had his picture taken. This is no ordinary ceremony for a Chinaman of his degree, and required the attendance of a valet and several servants. A carriage load of bags and boxes containing the minister's court dress was taken to the studio. Mr. Wu first posed in street dress, a jacket of terra cotta brocade and trousers of blue. Afterward he donned his court dress and was photographed again. The garments of the court dress are too numerous to mention.

The minister also condescended to pose with his wife for a picture. It is said that this is the first occasion where a Chinese woman has been photographed with her husband. Madam Wu wore her court robe. It was of rich black satin, decorated with a serpentine pattern appliqued on silver white satin. Emeralds adorned her ears and a cluster of fresh white roses were fetchingly arranged at one side on her jet black hair.

WOODMEN AT DUBUQUE.

Dubuque, Iowa, June 1.—Nearly every delegate to the head camp of the Modern Woodmen is in the city for the opening session of the biennial meeting. The decisive action of state caucuses last night appears to have settled the question of election of officers. The report of delegates-at-large, who have just completed an investigation of the affairs of the order, is understood to be emphatic in its denunciation of the Fulton faction, and is strongly favorable to the present administration. The city is beautifully decorated and streets crowded with delegates and visiting men and women.

WAKELEY IS MISSING.

Los Angeles, June 1.—The friends of F. O. Wakeley, a real estate operator, are anxiously looking for him. He disappeared on Sunday morning and no trace of him has been found. Wakeley has had a number of deals on hand, but the report has it that he has many outstanding obligations and his creditors are solicitous as to his movements. His family resides in Chicago.

$29.00.

TO SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, ETC.

St. Paul & Duluth railroad will sell June 29 to July 3, one way, tickets to San Francisco at rate of $29.00. Choice of routes. Account Christian Endeavor convention. Particulars at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

Household goods stored in good brick storehouse for $1 per ton per month.
DULUTH VAN CO., 212 W. Superior st.
P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

$4.30 St. Paul-Minneapolis and return, via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, June 1 and 2. Three trains daily. The shortest and quickest line.

QUELLED

Convicts' Strike in San Quentin Prison Is Subdued at Last.

Extra Armed Guards Were Employed to Guard the Prison Walls.

And the Convicts Were Drenched With a Hose Until Penitent.

San Francisco, June 1.—The strike of the convicts in San Quentin prison was quelled last night, temporarily at least. One hundred rifles were borrowed from the armory of Company D at San Rafael and sent to the prison. Ten extra guards were employed and placed on the prison walls for the night. Then the captains went into the yard and began operations.

"Kid alley," on the side of the prison, which contains sixty-six cells, was the scene of attack by the officers. This alley contains the boys and young men and they made the greatest amount of trouble during the strike. When the officers and guards appeared they were cursed and hooted as usual. Each cell from which came a sound was marked and the inmates taken out and relieved of most of their clothes.

Capt. Birlem then ordered out the fire hose. The nozzle was poked into the wicket of each cell and the convicts were thoroughly drenched. This operation was continued for two hours and finally the yelling and cursing ceased. It is proposed to send a number of the ring leaders of the strike to the branch prison at Folsom, where the work consists of quarrying granite.

A BRAVE ACTION.

Two Fishermen Saved From Death in a Storm.

Grand Marais, Minn., May 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—During the afternoon of May 29 there occurred one of the most furious gales that has been known for many years, from the north. Two fishermen, John Mattson and Claus Hanson, in a sail boat, were caught by it, about three miles out. Before the head of the sail set they battled several hours with the elements. Capt. J. C. Rafferty of the tug Effie L. was in this harbor towing, in attendance on the Clifford dredger. After securing his scows and anchoring the dredge in safety, he was informed of the situation of the fishermen. He promptly made ready and started after them.

The gale was so furious that a large part of the time the tug could not be seen, the spray completely hiding her. With scuppers in the water and decks awash he hastened to the relief of the poor fellows, picked them up at the first attempt, and towed them safely into the harbor, making happy every heart and earning the gratitude of every individual in this little town. All honor to Capt. Rafferty and crew. The promptness and willingness displayed stamp him as one of the old-time generous sailors and also as a brave man worthy of responsible position among those that go down to the sea in ships.

NEW CONTINENTAL LINE.

Dakota City, Neb., June 1.—The Missouri River & Los Angeles Railway company has been organized with $42,000,000 capital. Judge A. V. Larimer, of this city, was chosen president. Other incorporators are Francis McNulty, Donald McLean, Robert Buchanan, Sioux City; Henry Woods, Dakota City; E. B. Reynolds, Jr., Wymore, Neb. The company proposes to build a road from the river, presumably at Sioux City, to Los Angeles. From here to O'Neill, Neb., it will be distinct from the Pacific Short Line. The rest of the way it will be over the right-of-way McLean has recently secured. It was hoped to use the short line, but the best terms for it were $1,800,000 and $1,000,000 for the short line bridge. The company expects to build a bridge for $400,000 and a line to O'Neill for $1,200,000.

A GREAT REMEDY

For Sufferers From Piles.

Dr. Redmond, a specialist in the study and treatment of piles and rectal diseases, recently stated that the Pyramid Pile Cure, the new discovery for the cure of piles, was the most remarkable remedy he had ever seen or tried in one respect, and that was, the instant relief experienced in all cases, no matter how severe, from the moment the remedy was applied. This was the more surprising to him because he had carefully analyzed the preparation and no trace of opium, cocaine or similar poison could be detected.

Physicians look with great favor upon the Pyramid Pile Cure, because it is rapidly taking the place of surgical operations and because it is so simple, so easily applied and contains no mineral or other poisons so commonly used in pile cures.

Dr. Esterbrook reports that the Pyramid Pile Cure not only cures the various forms of piles, but never fails to give immediate relief on the first application, no matter how severe the pain or discomfort may be.

People who have suffered from piles for years are often astonished at the instant relief experienced from the first application. Another important advantage is the fact that anyone can use the remedy without detention from business or intereference with daily occupation. Sold by druggists at 50 cents per package.

Send for free book on "Cause and Cure of Piles."

QUICKEST TIME EVER MADE.

DULUTH TO SAGINAW.

Will be attained by the new passenger schedule of the South Shore, effective Sunday, May 30, leaving Duluth at 6:30 p. m., (except Saturday), arriving Saginaw at 6:27 p. m. the next day. Returning passengers may leave Saginaw at 7 a. m. by Flint & Pere Marquette, arriving in Duluth at 8:50 a. m. (except Sunday).

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL

And return, $4.30, June 1 and 2, Omaha road.

DEATH NESTS.

MUNYON TALKS ABOUT THE KIDNEYS.

"Wars and plagues," says Professor Munyon, "kill fewer people than diseases of the kidneys. In health these organs relieve the system of all poisonous material and discharge it through the urine. If diseased the poison remains in the blood and increases by minute quantities, piling up atom by atom, until the system can no longer resist its efforts. The heart is poisoned. Its action fails and dropsy appears. The nervous system is poisoned and convulsions are followed by death. Have you neglected your kidneys? Have you been a heavy drinker? Have you allowed a cold to settle in these organs? Have you overworked your stomach, liver, or nervous system, and thrown more strain on your kidneys than they can bear? No matter what the cause, trust our Kidney-Cure. It is the joint product of the most eminent and successful physicians of the world, and has cured thousands of cases.

"I will guarantee that my Kidney Cure will cure 95 per cent. of all forms of kidney disease. When the disease is far advanced and there are other complications patients had better send a four-ounce vial of their urine, with full symptoms. We will then make a careful analysis of the water, and advise the best course to pursue to get well, absolutely free of charge."

Prof. Munyon has a separate specific for each disease. They may be obtained from druggists, and nearly all are 25 cents a vial. Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 1505 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Winners at the New York races yesterday were Mistral, Declare, Handball, Sly Fox, Sir Vassar. The Brooklyn handicap was won by Howard Mann; Lake Shore, second, and Volley, third. Time 2:06¾.

Heavy snow fell at Hurley, Wis., Monday night and garden stuffs is ruined.

Baroness von Turkheim, lately Mrs. J. M. Delmas, of San Francisco, has arrived at Montreal on her return from Europe where she was taken by her husband, the bogus Baron von Turkheim.

A tally-ho coach, hired by members of the Alpha Delta society of Brooklyn, carrying twenty-two members of the society on an outing was struck at the Merry road crossing on the Mineola branch of the Long Island railroad by a train going at a high rate of speed, which hurled the coach from the track and killed six of its occupants. Three other persons are fatally injured and not a single one of the party escaped without some injury.

Fire broke out in the warehouse of Charles Sing & Sons at Charlottesville, Va. A dozen or more persons entered the building with a view to saving the books and other property when a keg of powder exploded, demolishing the building, catching several under the falling timbers and bricks and inflicting injuries from which one has died.

"Divine Healer" Schrader was stoned out of Clayton, a suburb of St. Louis yesterday morning by a crowd of men and boys. Schrader was preparing to take a bicycle ride at his hotel when he was greeted on the corner by a large and noisy crowd. He attempted to address the assemblage and finally exclaimed: "Those who are opposing me are rejecting God."

Governor Budd of California has decided not to interfere in the death sentence of Salter D. Worden. Worden was found guilty of wrecking a train during the A. R. U. strike three years ago when Engineer Clark and three United States soldiers were killed.

President D. D. Woodmansee and Secretary M. J. Dowling have issued a call for the tenth annual convention of the National Republican league at Detroit July 13. Each state and territory league is entitled to four delegates at large and one congressional district, and six delegates at large.

On Saturday a special train consisting of baggage car and two private cars containing President Ripley and a party of Santa Fe officials covered the distance from Florence to Emporia, 44.7 miles in the remarkable time of forty-four minutes, an average of 60.5 miles per hour. The special attained a speed of 73.5 miles per hour from Cedar Grove to Clements.

Texas is harvesting the largest grain crop in its history. Conservative estimates place the wheat yield at from 20,000,000 to 25,000,000 bushels.

Frank Slavin lasted just two minutes in his fight with Jim Butler, of Philadelphia, before the California Athletic club at San Francisco last night.

At Atlanta, Ga., Mrs. Z. A. Godfrey, 40 years old, handsome and wealthy, daughter of Hon. Benjamin Dugger, was arrested today for murder. She was indicted on the testimony of her children who swore that six years ago she strangled and buried her daughter's illegitimate child.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 2; Louisville, 4. Second game—Philadelphia, 14; Louisville, 0.

At New York—New York, 10; Pittsburg, 2.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 5; Cleveland, 2.

At Boston—Boston, 23; St. Louis, 5.

At Chicago—Chicago, 4; Baltimore, 6. Second game—Chicago, 6; Baltimore, 6; called at end of ninth inning to allow Baltimores to catch their train.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 4; Washington, 3. Second game—Cincinnati, 4; Washington, 3.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At St. Paul—St. Paul, 12; Columbus, 10. Second game—St. Paul, 16; Columbus, 2.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 5; Indianapolis, 8.

At Detroit—Detroit, 4; Minneapolis, 0. Second game—Detroit, 6; Minneapolis, 7.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 7; Grand Rapids, 6. Second game—Milwaukee, 8; Grand Rapids, 3.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	31	23	.742
Cincinnati	34	23	.676
Pittsburg	29	18	.621
Boston	30	18	.600
Cleveland	30	17	.567
New York	27	14	.519
Louisville	30	15	.500
Philadelphia	33	16	.485
Brooklyn	31	15	.484
Chicago	33	11	.333
Washington	30	9	.300
St. Louis	32	6	.188

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
St. Paul	37	27	.730
Milwaukee	34	23	.676
Indianapolis	31	18	.580
Columbus	31	17	.548
Detroit	32	14	.438
Minneapolis	35	14	.400
Kansas City	35	12	.343
Grand Rapids	33	9	.273

A STEAMER WRECKED.

New York, June 1.—A cablegram from Havana received last night announced that the Ward line officials in that port believe that the steamship Valencia has been wrecked. She left New York on May 19, for Nassau and south side Cuban ports. She was in command of Capt. Skillings and had a crew of forty-five all told. There were less than five cabin passengers on board.

TROUBLE AT WRENSHALL.

John Drennan Shoots Owen Sullivan in Self Defense.

Owen Sullivan, camp foreman for Mitchell & McClure, was shot twice at Wrenshall yesterday by John Brennan, bookkeeper for the same firm. One shot took away a piece of the jaw and another passed through the left shoulder. Sullivan will live, and Brennan gave himself up to the sheriff of Carlton county last night.

From the stories that have reached Duluth he blame seems to rest almost entirely upon the man who got the worst of it. Yesterday morning he and another lumberman went to Wrenshall from Carlton, where it is said they had been drinking for several days. From Wrenshall they went to the camp, five miles south. It is said that Sullivan left his wife about a year ago and has been quarrelsome ever since, especially when under the influence of liquor. He has seemed to bear a grudge against several people. When he came to the camp yesterday afternoon it appears that he was flourishing a revolver, and he threatened to shoot Brennan because he knocked his revolver away.

The stories of the shooting conflict, but all show self-defense as Brennan's motive. Brennan either saw Sullivan make a motion toward his pistol pocket accompanied by a threat, or Sullivan actually pointed his revolver. At any rate, Brennan pulled a gun and fired twice, each bullet taking effect as stated above. Sullivan's reputation is said to be of such a nature as to preclude sympathy for him in this case. Sullivan was brought to Duluth last night and placed in St. Mary's hospital, where Dr. Magie attended him. Last night he suffered considerable pain and he struggled with his attendants like a mad man. It took several men to hold him in bed.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Liquor selling is again running wild at Fessenden after a brief close down. Recently two farmers came to town, got drunk and were removed to a stable. Later horses were driven into the barn, and one of the men was run over, his scalp cut and torn and collar bone broken. The same day Druggists Leu & Bruhn, of Harvey, were arrested and brought here on the charge of selling liquors. The state's attorney's deputy appeared for the prosecution, but the state's witnesses failed to appear.

Fire destroyed the barn of Attorney W. J. Kneeshaw at Pembina. There were about twelve horses and other stock and grain and five Shetland ponies burned. It is not known how the fire originated. The loss is estimated at $2000, and no insurance. A man was asleep in the barn, and would probably have perished were it not for the speed with which he was removed from the building by some citizens. One Shetland pony was thrown out of a window and saved. There was a strong north wind, and for a time it looked as though all the buildings on Cavalier street would be destroyed.

Frost in the James River valley yesterday morning did considerable damage to corn, especially to outs, barley and flax. Some wheat was cut to the ground, and the damage is difficult to estimate. At Dickey the temperature went 18 degrees below the freezing, and at Montpelier to 11 below. Ice formed a quarter of an inch thick at Ypsilante, and nearly half an inch on Sunday. Ash trees and grass were injured, but wheat is ten days or two weeks later than usual. The weather is cold and grain is making little progress. There has been very little rain since seeding.

At an early hour yesterday morning while John Uhlmann, a Russian, was stealing a part of the hospital at the abandoned Fort Lincoln reservation, the porch fell on him and broke his thigh. He will be laid up eight weeks.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Verdon had a church ice cream supper a few nights ago. Everybody went and ate lots of delicious ice cream. The next morning the doctor was in great demand and has been the busiest man in South Dakota since. There are some thirty sick persons in and around town and others to hear from. The trouble was in the extracts used as flavoring for the cream.

Col. Jerry E. Elson, late of the Ninth Iowa infantry, died suddenly at his home at Huron, aged 61. He was among the early resident of Huron and one of the best known Grand Army men in the state and a prominent Mason. Death was the result of an old wound.

One of the most picturesque places in the Hills just now is the orchard of C. Thompson, a few miles north of Rapid City. There has been a doubt in the minds of Black Hills people in regard to raising of fruit in this country. In 1881 this orchard was started and it was nearly destroyed in 1885 by a water spout. Especial attention has been given to the apple and with flattering results. There are now in the orchard 11,000 apple trees, all of them bearing fruit. Last season the crop amounted to 1000 bus. There are also 500 cherry trees bearing fruit besides several varieties of pears, peaches, plums, apricots and small fruits and berries, such as grapes, strawberries, currants and the like. The Bartlet pear will grow well, some of the specimens raised last year weighing fourteen ounces each. A variety of peach from Idaho is also a prolific grower. Mr. Thompson attributes the success of his orchard to three things, proper planting, purchasing stock as near home as possible and protecting the trees from the rabbits. He is of the opinion that any kind of fruit that is raised in the East can be successfully raised in the Hills. Apples especially grow well and will keep until late in the summer. The varieties which have been chosen by him as the best seem to withstand the driest weather and thrive without much irrigation.

Crescent

Reliable Quality.

Crescent Bicycles are beautiful to look at; but their chief beauty is in their quality.

Crescents for 1897 have many important improvements. They are handsomer, stronger, easier running by far than ever before.

Crescents are more simple, too. Not a device anywhere that a child could fail to understand.

Sold at honest prices.

$75 $50

Bicycles.

WESTERN WHEEL WORKS,
Factory, Chicago.
CATALOGUE FREE. AGENTS EVERYWHERE.

C. D. TROTT,

106 West Superior Street,
AGENT FOR THE
"CRESCENT BICYCLE"
IN DULUTH.

Largest package—greatest economy. Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.

"EAST, WEST, HOME IS BEST," IF KEPT CLEAN WITH

SAPOLIO

INLAND SEASIDE RESORT.

Salt Lake, Utah, June 1.—Salt Air beach, one of the popular bathing resorts on the great Salt lake, was officially opened today. Numerous trains were run fro mthe city throughout the day and thousands of people visited the beach.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
John N. Richards, Plaintiff,
vs.
St. Louis Land Improvement Company, Samuel A. Phillips and Frank L. Buell, copartners as Phillips & Buell, John D. Stryker, Liston B. Manley and George W. Buck, copartners as Stryker, Manley & Buck, Victor A. Stearns, as administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Ozora P. Stearns, deceased, Nathaniel J. Upham, Northwestern Loan & Investment Company, T. F. Upham, Elizabeth McAllister, A. C. Otis, E. L. Corning, W. H. Hensel, Edward S. Coe, John E. Beacher, Samuel W. Buck, F. L. Dubois, John Black, H. M. Worrell, Donald Morrison, G. N. Makely, Donald McLeod, S. F. Liddell, Douglas A. Petrie, A. C. Buck & Co., David M. Graham, Charles William White, Mary C. Eastgate, Joseph Collett, Mrs. A. C. McKechen, L. B. Manley, Henry B. Hamlin, Frank L. Janeway, Edward L. Briggs, Clarence E. Cooley, Milton D. Styles, Mary G. Styles, Martha Vermilye, A. Alling Reeves, Alexander M. Morrison, Caroline E. Kendall, Georgiana Kendall, Susan E. Kendall, Araminta M. Jewell, Mary L. McMechen, J. E. Briggs, Ellen Eastman, Mrs. S. Hansell, Jerome B. King, Daniel S. Lindsay, William B. Patton, Charles P. Frank, W. W. Bolster, H. P. Gardner, William W. Bradstreet, F. B. Constant, Josiah D. Ensign, Catherine K. Jones, Young Men's Christian Association, Lillian H. Mosher, James Macrae, H. Otis Chapman, L. Kite, Orlando G. Brice, Bertha Blake, S. S. Scudder, Melvin J. Clark, N. L. Upham, Alexander Steele, Theodore M. Thorson, William List, Samuel Huntington Jones, John S. Kelley, T. S. DeVey, Charles A. Dollare, George F. McKenzie, Arthur McArdle, R. W. Morris, Clinton Markell, Francis M. Wilson, W. H. Hurd, Anton Zeit, Frank S. Parsons, J. J. Arata, John M. Emery, John W. Hill, Victor A. Stearns, Rebecca Hollowell, Frederick E. Morely, William W. Strickland, Arthur H. Holgate, William A. Holgate, Charles Hurd, Henry Newell, Emma Gerlis, Walter E. Graham, J. F. Mundy, John W. Graham, William McElhare, Thomas Van Dusen, Azro T. Crossley, Nathaniel J. Upham and John D. Stryker, Harvey Platt, John H. Smaltz, Robert P. Field, William C. Ferguseon, James C. Hunter, Elisha R. Bracc, John S. Jones, Francis A. Watkins, Howard Morley, Mrs. May T. Field, Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscriber at his office in room 607 First National Bank building, in the city of Duluth, in said county ,within twenty days after service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated March 3rd, 1897.

HENRY S. MAHON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Duluth, Minn.
Office address 607 First National Bank Building; residence 1520 East Third street.

GEORGE F. CHESTER,
Of Counsel.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-4-11-18-25-June-1-8.

LUMBER.—

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., May 22, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1897, furnishing and delivering from time to time as it may be required anywhere within the limits of said city, about 250 M feet B. M. timber of the following grades, viz: 2 and 3 inch planks in the rough, 2 inch plank surfaced on one side, and dimension timber.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

W. H. SMITH,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 22 10 t.

First National Bank
OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary

CAPITAL, $500,000.00.
SURPLUS, $250,000.00.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP Asst. Cashier

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Received.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by William S. Woodbridge and Frances A. Woodbridge, his wife, mortgagors, to Caroline V. Cram, mortgagee, bearing date March first (1st), 1891, and which was duly executed and delivered May fifteenth (15th) 1891, and was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on May sixteenth (16th) 1891, and one (1) o'clock p. m., in Book thirty-six (36) of mortgages, on page three hundred eight (308) thereof; such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured, with interest thereon from September 1st, 1896, at the rate of eight per cent per annum and exchange.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered two hundred twenty-seven (227), in block numbered sixty (B. 60), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-third (23d) day of June, A. D. 1897 at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 7, 1897.

CAROLINE V. CRAM,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-11-18-25-June-1-8-15.

CONTRACT WORK.—

Office of Board of Public Works,
Duluth, Minn., May 21, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m., on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1897 for the construction of plank sidewalks in said city as follows:

A 3-foot walk on the southerly side of Dodge street from Forty-third avenue east to Forty-fifth avenue east.

A 3-foot walk on the northerly side of Eighth street from Eighteenth avenue east to a point 250 feet easterly therefrom and

A 2-foot walk on the west side of Sixty-eighth avenue west from Polk street to Main street, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of at least ten per cent of the total amount bid must accompany each proposal.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

W. H. SMITH,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 22 10 t.

SUPPLIES WANTED.

Notice is hereby given that up to 10 a. m. Saturday, June 5, 1897, the undersigned will receive sealed proposals for the furnishing of stationery, hardware, drugs, and other supplies for the use of the various departments of city work for the ensuing year, in accordance with specifications on file in the office of the city clerk of the city of Duluth.

Bidders must state the total amount for which they will furnish the articles named in the respective lists upon which they bid.

A certified check for 10 per cent of the amount of the bid to accompany each proposal, to be forfeited to the city in case of failure on the part of the successful bidder to furnish said supplies according to said list at the time and place specified for the delivery of the same.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 26, June 4 inclusive.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 17th, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of George W. Brandt, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Lena Brandt, administratrix of the estate of George W. Brandt, deceased, representing among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Wednesday, the ninth day of June, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m. at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

It is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 17th day of May, A. D. 1897.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-18-25-June-1.

If you wish to drink a Choice glass of Lager call for—
FITGER'S BEER.

WEAKER

Wheat Suffered From Various Bearish Influences and Lost a Cent.

A Drop at Liverpool Caused Weakness at the Opening Here.

Foreigners Reported as Sellers of December Wheat In New York.

Wheat was weak today and lost another cent. The opening was weak, the main influence being a drop of ½@¾d at Liverpool since Saturday. Northwest receipts were large, 1107 cars, but were for a period of three days. The world's shipments were moderate, and a liberal decrease in the world's visible was looked for. Frost is general over a large area of the West yesterday, but it is not believed to have hurt wheat much, if any. There were other matters in the day's news which helped to prolong the bearishness with which trading commenced. Foreigners were said to have been sellers of December wheat in New York. European stocks, according to Beerbohms, decreased 1,568,000 bus last week. The English visible increased 80,000 bus. The world's shipments for the week were 5,760,000 bus. The domestic visible showed a decrease of 1,-360,000 bus against 558,000 bus decrease during the week of the year before. The total of the visible now is 26,387,000 bus compared with 50,340,000 bus a year ago. Chicago received 21 cars of wheat and 161,720 bus were inspected out of store.

Trading was fairly active on the Duluth board. July wheat opened ⅜c lower at 70¾c, advanced during the first half hour to 71¾c, but soon weakened again to 70½c. There was a brief reaction to 70¾c at 11 o'clock but at noon the market was fallen 1c and July sold at 69¾c. A rally took place before the close and the the last sale was at 70¾c. The close was steady with buyers at 70¼c, a decline of 1c for the day. The mills bought 10,000 bus of cash stuff at 1c over July, and the shippers took 50,000 bus at 1c over July. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 72c; No. 1 northern, cash, 71¼c; July, 70½c bid; September, 64¾c. No. 2 northern, 68¾c. No. 3, 64@65c. Rejected, 48½@49c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 72c; No. 1 northern, 71¼c. Rye, 33½c. No. 2 oats, 21c; No. 3 oats, 20½c. Flax, 77c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 590; corn, 17; oats, 162; rye, 22; barley, 128; flax, 50. Receipts—Wheat, 148,352 bus; oats, 46,443 bus; rye, 2821 bus; barley, 8631 bus; flax, 7601 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 237,750 bus; oats, 187 bus; rye, 17,000 bus; flax, 680 bus.

WEEKLY STATEMENT

Showing the stock of grain in store, by grades, at Duluth, at the close of business on Saturday, May 29, 1897:

Wheat.	Bus.
No. 1 hard	559,881
No. 1 northern	1,491,001
No. 2 northern	232,826
No. 3 spring	333,037
No grade spring	27,012
Rejected and condemned	110,477
Special bin	263,959
Total in store	3,045,206
Decrease for the week	1,217,156
Amount wheat in store corresponding date last year	8,318,688
Corn in store	8,932
Oats in store	602,696
Rye in store	348,381
Barley in store	263,998
Flax seed in store	1,488,612

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 1.—Money on call nominally 1¼@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 2½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87 for demand and at $4.85¾@4.86 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.86½@4.87 and $4.88@4.88½. Commercial bills $4.85¼. Silver certificates, 2000 ounces at 60½c. Bar silver, 60¼c. Mexican dollars 47¾c. Government bonds strong. New 4s registered, $1.23½; coupon, $1.23½; 5s registered, $1.13½; coupon, $1.13¾; 4s registered, $1.10; coupon, $1.12¼; 2s registered, 96; Pacific 6s of '98, $1.04¼.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, June 1.—Close, wheat; spot dull; futures, steady; July, 5s 7½d; unchanged; September, 5s 6½d; ¼d lower; December, 5s 7½d; unchanged. Corn, steady; June, 2s 7d; unchanged; July, 2s 7½d; ¼d higher; Septmber, 2s 7¾d; ¼d lower. Next Saturday, Monday and Tuesday will be holidays.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, June 1.—Hogs, estimated receipts today, 16,000; left over, 5000; market fairly active, averaging shade higher. Light, $3.35@3.65; mixed, $3.47½@3.65; heavy, $3.30@3.62½; rough, $3.30@3.40. Cattle, receipts, 2000. Market steady. Beeves, $4.00@5.10; cows and heifers, $2.00@4.45; Texas steers, $3.15@4.35; stockers and feeders, $3.65@4.60. Sheep, receipts, 11,000. Market steady to strong. Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 40,762; shipments, 6027. Cattle, official receipts 16,881; shipments, 2211 Sheep, official receipts, 11,903; shipments, 242. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 32,000.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, June 1.—Close, wheat, June, 67¼c; July, 67¼c; September, 64¼c; December, new, 66¾c; old, 65¾c. Corn, June, 23¾c; July, 23¾c; September, 22¾c. Oats, June, 17¼c; July, 17¾c; September, 17¼c. Pork, June, $7.87; July, $7.90; September, $7.92. Lard, June, $3.52; July, $3.57½@3.60; September, $3.67@3.70. Ribs, June, $3.40; July, $4.30@4.32; September, $4.32½@4.35. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 75c; No. 3 red, 70@72c; No. 2 spring, 67@68c; No. 3 spring, 63@65c; No. 2 hard winter, 66@67c; No. 3 hard winter, 60@61c; No. 1 northern spring, 69@71c. Corn, No. 2, 23½@23¾c; No. 3, 22¾c. Oats, No. 2, 17½c; No. 3, 16@16c. Barley, cash, No. 3, 26@35c. Rye, cash, 32c; July, 32½c; September, 33¼c. Flax, cash, 76¼c; cash, Northwestern, 77c; July, 77c; September, 77c. Timothy, cash, $2.75; August, $2.70; September, $2.75.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, June 1.—Wheat, steady; June, 69¾c; July, 68¾@69¾c; September, 62c. No. 1 hard, 71¾c; No. 1 northern, 70c. Receipts, 507 cars.

THE FLOUR STATEMENT.

Following is the flour statement for Duluth and Superior for the week ended Saturday, May 29, 1897:

	Bbls.
Production by local mills	72,145
Receipts by rail	122,520
Exports	19,700
Total shipments	171,085
Stocks in store	220,890

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, June 1.—For the seventh successive day wheat closed at a decline and around or under the put price. The main trouble with the market is the absence of any buying demand. Liquidation is general but there is no raiding, the market has simply sagged off on account of its own weight. The anticipated brisk bidding for cash wheat on the tail end of the old crop has not materialized, instead of it the millers appear to have enough for present needs and are absolutely out of the market until the new crop moves. When the new crop does begin to move the demand will undoubtedly be large. Foreign markets continue weak and all established marked declines Saturday. St. Louis was the largest seller of wheat here today, probably on their advices from many Southwestern points noting improved outlook during the past two weeks. The only demand appeared to come from pit traders and holders of privileges.

Corn opened weak and lower on the immense receipts, but firmed up later on buying by shorts and reported frosts in various parts of the West. Elevator people and receivers sold freely and report large country purchases.

Provisions opened steady on smaller receipts but yielded some later. The market was narrow and mainly local.

Puts, July wheat, 66¾@66½-⅝c bid.
Calls, July wheat, 67⅝@67¾-¾c.
Curb, July wheat, 67⅛c asked.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Atchison	22⅜	22⅜	22	22⅛
Sugar Trust	116¾	116¾	115	116
Canadian Southern	49½	49½	48⅝	48⅝
C., B. & Q.	78⅝	78⅝	77⅝	78⅛
St. Paul	76⅝	76⅝	76⅛	76⅜
Chicago Gas	83⅜	84½	83½	84½
D. L. & W.				
General Electric				
Omaha	59	59	57⅞	58⅜
Reading	19½	19⅝	19¼	19⅜
L. & N.	46⅜	47	46⅜	47
Manhattan	85⅜	85⅝	84⅜	84⅝
Missouri Pacific	15½	15½	15⅛	15½
Tobacco	71½	71½	71⅛	71⅛
C. & N. W.	107⅜	108⅛	107¼	108⅛
N. P. Preferred	38½	38½	38⅜	38⅜
Rock Island	66⅜	67⅛	66⅜	67⅝
Union Pacific	7½	7½	7⅜	7⅜
Western Union	80½	80⅝	79¾	80⅛
Leather	56	56	55⅜	55⅜
Lake Shore				

NO SOLUTION AS YET.

Board Has Done Nothing as to the Engineer.

Up to a late hour this afternoon the board of public works had taken no action in the matter of electing an engineer to succeed Mr. Reed. All sorts of rumors were in circulation during the day. It was stated by several who were in a position to know what was transpiring on the inside, that Mr. Reed would be re-elected.

Again, it was stated that influence was being brought to bear to induce the board to elect E. J. Duffies as the best way out of the difficulty. T. H. McGilvray was also mentioned. It was said that if some person other than Mr. Duffies should be elected by the board the program at the council meeting tonight would be to have Mr. Duffies reported for confirmation and an attempt made to carry the resolution.

A MATTER OF DOUBT.

City May Have No Engineer's Bond For Protection.

As to whether or not the city is left without protection by the failure of the council to accept Mr. Reed's bond as city engineer there is much diversity of opinion. The issue on this involves, of course, the whole controversy as to whether Mr. Patton or Mr. Reed is engineer. Many who contend that the former is still in office concede that his bond, which was given at the beginning of his first term, does not cover his second term. The majority of the aldermen seem to feel that it is better to let the city get along without protection a few days longer than to run the risk of reviving the controversy, with, perhaps, a few new phases, by approving Mr. Reed's bond. Despite the fact that the latter's resignation had been accepted when it came to the question of taking even such affirmative action as approving the bond, there was prevalent the feeling of uncertainty that possesses those who find themselves in range of the batteries of a strange mine. And it was largely on account of this feeling that Mr. Reed's bond was dropped as if it were a hot potato.

SAW A WHOLE ARMY.

Officer Kasmer Had a Strange Vision Sunday.

Officer Mike Kasmer is much wrought up over a vision he says he saw in the sky over the lake at 2:30 o'clock Sunday morning. The time—Sunday morning—and the fact that Officer Kasmer was in the vicinity of Turner hall when he says he had his vision are, in the minds of many, circumstances that bear out his claim that he saw something. Kasmer says that of a sudden a patch of sky about two acres in extent suddenly became blood-red, and across the illuminated field a number of soldiers seemed to march. Another body of armed men with cannon appeared, and the two detachments drew up in line of battle and the artillery opened fire. Officer Kasmer, in telling of his vision to Sergt. Donovan, affirmed that he distinctly saw the balls.

"High balls," remarked the sergeant, significantly. "You are sure none of them hit you?" he continued.

Despite the unbelief of Sergt. Donovan, however, there are those to whom Officer Kasmer related the story who are disposed to believe that he saw strange sights, for the reasons noted above.

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY FOR CONSUMPTION.

This is the best medicine in the world for all forms of Coughs and Colds and for Consumption. Every bottle is guaranteed. It will cure and not disappoint. It has no equal for Whooping Cough, Asthma, Hay Fever, Pneumonia, Bronchitis La Grippe, Cold in the Head and for Consumption. It is safe for all ages, pleasant to take, and, above all, a sure cure. It is always well to take Dr. King's New Life Pills in connection with Dr. King's New Discovery as they regulate and tone the stomach and bowels. We guarantee perfect satisfaction or return money. Free trial bottles at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

Regular size 50 cents and $1.00.

Armory Tomorrow Evening.

Miss Mary Finnegan, the accomplished elocutionist, will read several selections.

SUNDRY CIVIL BILL.

Washington, June 1.—The house has agreed to the conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill.

It's Tomorrow Evening.

The grand musical event at the Armory.

WEAKNESS OF MEN

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured

by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day, soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will, energy, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. All weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Write for our book, with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., 44 NIAGARA ST. BUFFALO, N. Y.

WEST END

Herman, Becklinger & Herman of New Duluth Will Manufacture Caskets.

A Dozen Knights of the Maccabees Went to St. Paul Today.

Company H Made a Poor Showing in the Annual Inspection.

Herman, Becklinger & Herman, the furniture manufacturers at New Duluth, have been fitting out their plant with new machinery that will enable them to engage in the manufacture of coffins and caskets. The work is now well advanced and the plant will be ready for operation in its new field in a short time.

MACCABEES GO TO ST. PAUL.

About a dozen West Duluth Knights of the Maccabees went to St. Paul this morning to attend the grand lodge meeting of the order. The knights are hopeful of securing the grand lodge meeting for 1899 for Duluth. Among those who went from West Duluth are Peter Rowan and Dr. L. B. Kenney and wife. They expect to return Thursday.

SHOWING WAS POOR.

The report of Lieut. Frank B. McCoy, detailed from the Third United States infantry to inspect the companies of the Minnesota National Guard, was submitted to Adjutant Gen. Herman Muehlberg at St. Paul Saturday. It gives West Duluth the distinction of being the only company in the state, with but 51 points to its credit out of a possible 100. The next lowest company scored 60 points, and the others ranged from that up to 98.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

E. S. Klitln left yesterday for Toronto, Canada, to pay a visit to his mother. Mr. Klitln has made a number of successful ventures in the Seine River gold fields.

J. Allyn Scott and Charles Faucett have returned from French river, where they report having captured a string of 147 brook trout. They brought some of them home with them and report a day of most enjoyable sport.

The 40-hours' devotion service began in St. James' Catholic church yesterday morning at 9 o'clock and will close tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock with a grand high mass in honor of Father Mackey's silver jubilee in the priesthood. Several other priests will attend tomorrow.

The Ladies' Aid society of Asbury M. E. church will meet with Mrs. Joseph Cochran tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

The literary and musical entertainment to be given by the Gilberts at Asbury M. E. church tonight will be liberally patronized, many tickets having already been sold. The Gilberts have a well-established reputation, which insures an entertainment of a high order of merit.

STOLE AMALGAMATES.

Queer and Daring Robbery at Nevada, California.

Nevada, Cal., June 1.—At midnight two masked men bound Peter Zith, who was in charge of the mill at the Providence mine, broke open the safe and stole a large quantity of amalgamate. Peter Zith, the mill watchman, was alone in the mill at midnight, and was about to eat lunch when he was covered by a pistol in the hands of a masked man and ordered to throw up his hands.

Another man also covered him with a rifle. Zith was blindfolded and tied to a chair. The robbers then burst open the safe with a sledge hammer and secured several bags of amalgamate.

Superintendent McKinley will not divulge the amount of the loss, but it is believed to be from $2500 to $5000, representing the scrapings from the plates since the general clean up last month.

THE SPELLMAN CASE.

Work of Drawing the Jury is Under Way.

The case against Rachel Spellman was taken up again in district court yesterday afternoon. The drawing of the jury was not so long as it was the first time, as most of those who were called had read and heard so much about the case that they had formed opinions. Only two unbiased men were secured yesterday afternoon, and this morning eight more were secured. When the tenth juror had been sworn the regular panel and the special venire of twenty-five issued yesterday was exhausted, and at 11:30 this morning another special venire of ten names was issued to the sheriff. Thirty-two names were called to obtain ten jurors. This afternoon the work of empanelling the jury was again taken up with the new names in the box.

$100 REWARD, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Grand Musical Soiree.

Tomorrow evening at the Armory.

ONE CENT A WORD!

WANTED--FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—CHAMBER MAID AND DINing room girl at Esmond hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; American. Apply 1731 West Second street.

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 507 West Second street.

GIRL WANTED—MUST BE GOOD housekeeper and worker. Apply between 6 and 8 p. m., 18 West Second street.

WANTED— FIRST-CLASS DINING room maids. Apply St. Louis Hotel company.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at Hunter's Park. Apply at Herald office.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK AT 1632 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 206 West Third street.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and girls can always find good places at the cheap and first quality of hair goods and the oldest and most reliable employment office. 225 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEman to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 205 West Superior street.

WANTED--MALE HELP.

WANTED—ONE SALESMAN, SALARY and commission, $60 to $100 per month can be made. No experience needed. Work in the city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

SPRING GARDEN—FIVE AND TEN acre tracts for sale by George H. Crosby.

LOST.

LOST—THIS MORNING, BILL BOOK containing spring water bonds. Finder please return to Herald office.

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

Program For the Exhibition This Week.

The program for the physical culture exhibition of the public schools, which takes place Thursday and Friday evenings, has been completed. It contains some varied and interesting exercises, and a large attendance is expected. The program follows:

Chorus—"Revel of the Leaves".....
A Sign of Spring .....Jackson school
Wand exercise ....Lester Park school
Calisthenics .....Central school
Club-swinging .....Lakeside school
Positions of stepping ..Jefferson school
Hoop exercise .....Emerson school
Simple tactics with song—"The Cuskoo's Calling"...Central school
Long wand exercise...Franklin school
Club-swinging .....Franklin school
Wand exercise .....Bryant school
Dissimilar calisthenics ...Adams school
Flag and dumbbell roundel .....
....Jackson school
Dumbbell exercise .....Lincoln school
Combined dumbbell and club-swinging exercise .....
.....Fairmount school
Maypole drill with song and tableau .....Longfellow school
Dumbbell exercise .....Irving school
Wand roundel .....Endion school
Scarf exercise and roundel.....
.....Endion school
Club-swinging (illuminated) .....
....Lincoln school

Professor M. E. Alletzhaeusser is director and Miss Mary B. Caldwell is musical director.

REED TAKES EXCEPTION.

D. A. Reed said today that his resignation was not the result of any deal respecting his successor. He was not present at the conference held yesterday, he said, and, instead of his resignation being the result of the conference, it was the reverse. He sent a letter of resignation to the board Saturday afternoon, he said, withdrawing it Monday to substitute a slightly differently worded letter. There is, or was, no deal or arrangement by which he was to be given another position in consideration of his resigning, nor was he requested by anyone to resign. His resignation was put in, he says, on his own motion, his sole motive being to put an end to the situation that has existed since his election.

A Proposed Change.

The regular semi-monthly meeting of the board of education will be held Saturday evening at the High School building. The regular monthly bills and payrolls will come up at that time for audit and allowance. The board will also take action upon the plan of having only one meeting each month instead of two. The meetings are now held on the first and third Saturdays of each month, and it is proposed to hold them hereafter only on the first Saturday. The plan of semi-monthly meeting was introduced when the board had under its supervision a number of buildings in process of construction, and the members of the board do not believe that it is now necessary.

Payment of Taxes.

Yesterday being the last day for paying taxes without the penalty of 10 per cent, which went on today, the anticipated rush in the treasurer's office materialized, and the force was kept busy from 8 o'clock in the morning until late last night. The number of receipts issued was 650, more than the office ever issued before on a similar date, according to Deputy Treasurer Williamson. The amount received, $30,000, was not especially large, however, owing to the fact that most of the payments were small. There was one for 2 cents, and the highest one was $3200. The majority were below $100.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, June 1.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $230,-113,812; gold reserve, $144,219,662.

COMPLEXION INDICATIONS.

The complexion of persons whose digestion is out of order, who are bilious, or who lack vigor, always exhibits an unhealthy tint. It is by regulating the bodily organs and promoting digestion and assimilation, that the parchment hue indicative of ill health, is banished from the cheeks. To rectify the fault of a sallow complexion, use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an invigorant and alterative which removes those obstacles to renewed strength, physical comfort and personal attractiveness—an imperfect digestion and secretion, and a disordered condition of the bowels. Persistence in the use of this inestimable corrective and tonic will assuredly result in renewed physical regularity and vigor, will tend to increase bodily substance, and cause the glow and clear color of health to return to the sallow, wasted cheek.

The best musical talent in the city at the Armory tomorrow evening.

See the Crescent tandem at Trott's.

ONE CENT A WORD!

SITUATIONS WANTED.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO GENERAL housework in small family. R 15, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants sewing in private families, by the day or week. Address P. O. Box 541, West Duluth.

WANTED—PLACE BY MAN AND WIFE in hotel or restaurant. Man as second cook and wife will do chamber work. Call at 519 West Superior street.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL WANTS A respectable place in a boarding house or restaurant; has experience. Address 21 Second avenue west.

WANTED—PLACE IN PRIVATE FAMIly by neat girl. Address R 61, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG lady stenographer would like use of typewriter, in payment of which she would be willing to take care of office and do typewriting. Please address A. K., general delivery, city.

MAN AND WIFE WANT WORK—(man a cook)—out of town, or on farm in Dakota preferred. C. B., 506 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING SCRUBbing, stoves and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 330 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A GOOD SECOND HAND top buggy, cheap. William Kaiser, 408 Palladio.

FOR SALE—BICYCLES. WESTMINster ladies or gents, fully guaranteed, only $38 cash, at J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A HIGH GRADE '95 bicycle. 1515 East Second street.

CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive at West Duluth, June 1. Fifty-ninth avenue and Raleigh street, No. 222. John H. Markuson.

FOR SALE—AT A GOOD BARGAIN, Saratoga restaurant, with complete outfit in first class condition. Place has been closed only one week. A good opportunity to open a restaurant at an old stand. James Wanless, assignee, 510 Lonsdale building, Duluth, Minn.

MARKUS MISFIT CARPET AND FURniture company. Dealers in furniture, carpets, stoves, crockery. Special sales for crockery. All kinds of household goods exchanged. 20 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—BARBER'S COMPLETE outfit. Will sell cheap or rent. Inquire 112 East Superior street.

TYPEWRITER FOR SALE OR RENT. Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, 323 West Superior street.

NEW LAUNDRY.

426 E. FOURTH ST. ALL WORK GUARanteed first class. Dress shirts, 10c; ladies shirt waists, 15c; collars, 2c; cuffs, 2c; undershirts, 6c; handkerchiefs, 2c. Laundry called for and delivered. H. B. Coon.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING.

PROMPT, ACCURATE, CONFIDENtial work; mimeograph and circular work. Stenographers furnished upon call. Depositions; notary public. Harry H. Lemont, 601 First National bank.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

WHAT THE LAW SAYS.

Provisions Which May Affect Borgstrom's Office.

A number of people have expressed curiosity as to what will occur in the office of the register of deeds if yesterday's verdict is allowed to stand by the courts. The following from chapter 9 of the laws of 1894 seems to be pertinent:

"Every office shall become vacant on the happening of either of the following events before the expiration of the term of such officer: * * * Sixth, his conviction of any infamous crime or of any offense involving a violation of his official oath."

Another section provides that the governor may remove an official whenever it appears to him by competent evidence that such officer has been guilty of malfeasance or nofeasance in the performance of his official duties. In this case the officer must be given an opportunity to defend himself.

It is said that in the case of the first quoted section the courts will hold that conviction has not been had until sentence is passed. In the case of a vacancy during a recess of the legislature the governor appoints a suitable person to fill the place for the time being.

Rankings of the Companies.

According to the detailed report of Lieut. McCoy, the Duluth companies averaged as follows in inspection: Company A, 73.95 per cent; Company C, 88.93; Company G, 71.10; Company H, 91.29. Company C ranked first in its regiment and third in the brigade; Company A third in the regiment and sixteenth in the brigade, Company G fourth in the regiment and eighteenth in the brigade and Company H seventh in the regiment and twenty-seventh in the brigade.

A Boy Drowned.

Dow Wood, the 14-year-old son of Capt. W. W. Wood of the ferryboat Bruno, was drowned in slip No. 1 about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Engineer W. McNulty of the Comet dove after him but failed to reach him. The body was recovered about 6 o'clock. Wood was a good swimmer but was probably taken with cramp. The funeral will be held tomorrow.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS.

Washington, June 1.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: State—William Haywood, of the District of Columbia, to be secretary of the legation and consul general of the United States at Honolulu, Hawaii; William L. Penfield, of Indiana, to be solicitor of the department of state; John K. Thompson, marshal of the United States for the district of West Virginia; John DeHaven, United States district judge for the northern district of California.

IOWA FREE MASONS.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, June 1.—The grand lodge of Iowa Masons, A. F. and A. M., opened a 3-days session in this city today, about 1000 delegates and attending Masons being present. The weather is cold and rainy, but the Masons gave a parade at 9 o'clock preceding the opening of the lodge.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TO RENT--HOUSES

SMALL, FURNISHED HOUSE FOR rent. Inquire 111 West Second street.

HOUSE FOR RENT—917 EAST SEVenth.

HOUSES AND ROOMS FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, 1007 East Second street; all modern improvements. Inquire 1013 East Second street.

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE, NINE rooms, modern, 2105 East First street. Apply Dr. Schiffman, Burrows block.

HOUSES FOR RENT IN VARIOUS parts of the city at reasonable prices. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

1713 EAST SUPERIOR STREET, EIGHT rooms; hot water heat all modern improvements. Rent May 1. Only responsible tenant need apply. E. P. Alexander, Torrey building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT--FLATS.

WE HAVE SOME VERY DESIRABLE tenants wanting flats. Bring in your lists. Duluth Rental agency, 26 Mesaba block.

FOR RENT—NICE 5-ROOM, MODERN brick flat. Volk, Palladio building.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT, NEW FOUR and five room flats, $5 to $10, including water. W. J. Holmes, 504 Palladio.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER, HAS REmoved to 404 West Superior street. Money to loan on articles of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook.

TO RENT--ROOMS.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM LOWELL block.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM FOR RENT —518 West Second street.

ROOMS WITH BATH, $3.50 AND $5. 416 Lake avenue north.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM WITH alcove, bath etc. Location pleasant and central. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED and unfurnished rooms; all modern conveniences. 121 West Second street.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOMS, ELECTRIC light, bath; board if desired. 123 Second avenue west.

SMALL, PRIVATE FAMILY IN EAST End, with large house, would like one or two people to room and board. References. L 31, Herald.

TRANSIENTS CAN HAVE BEST ACcommodations at 329 West Second street. $1.50 per day.

WANTED--TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, YOUR OLD clothing. The great old clothing buyer will remain two days longer Will pay you these prices: Pants, 50 cents to $1; coats and vests, $1 to $5. Send postal at once to G 50, Herald, and will call for goods.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND tools of all descriptions. Tell what you have. R 63, Herald.

CARD READING.

CARD READER, 1330 W. SUPERIOR ST.

PILES Williams Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for PILES. It absorbs tumors. Stops itching. GIVES RELIEF. 50c and $1. At Druggists.

FINANCIAL.

$1000 TO LOAN ON FIRST MORTGAGE. E. R. Brace, 621 Chamber of Commerce.

Money to loan on Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry in any amount without delay at a low rate of interest. All business strictly confidential.

Collateral Loan Bank,
319 West Superior Street.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

FRATERNITIES,

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 31, 1897. Work, First degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Saturday, June 5, 1897. Work, First degree. F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 2, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 8, 1897. ——— degree. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, June 1, 1897. M. M. Gasser, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazzo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's Drug store.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—ARE YOU GOING TO MOVE or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse, lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing, moving, storage free of charge. Only licensed and bonded warehouse in city. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

EXPRESS AND DRAY LINE.

THE DULUTH TRANSIT EXPRESS line is prepared to move pianos and furniture. Trunks removed for 25 cents. Office 501 West Michigan street; Tel. 523.

FIRE INSURANCE,
LIFE INSURANCE,
INVESTMENTS,

I have for sale a few choice commercial loans—$500.00 up.

A. R. MACFARLANE,
13 Exchange Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth.
†9:00 a. m.	ST. PAUL,	*8:30 a. m.
*1:55 p. m.	MINNEAPOLIS.	*1:30 p. m.
*11:15 p. m.		†7:45 p. m.

From Union Depot. CITY TICKET OFFICE, 401 W. Superior street, corner Palladio building. Telephone 218.

EASTERN RAILWAY
OF MINNESOTA.

CITY TICKET OFFICE 432 W. SUP. ST.

Leave Duluth.		Arrive Duluth.
†1:10 p. m.	ST. PAUL AND	†2:20 p. m.
*11:15 p. m.	MINNEAPOLIS	*7:00 a. m.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Buffet Parlor Cars on Day Trains.
New Sleeping Cars on Night Trains.

Direct connections with Great Northern trains for——

FARGO, GRAND FORKS,
WINNIPEG, HELENA,
BUTTE, SPOKANE,
PORTLAND, SEATTLE
AND JAPAN.

At St. Paul connections are made for all points East, West and South. Through tickets and baggage checked to destination.

Duluth, Superior & Western Ry.

WEST. *Daily except Sunday. EAST.

P. M.			A. M.
*3:05	0	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	* 11:40
4:05	23	Ar..... Cloquet Lv	10:41
6:13	76	Ar.... Swan River Lv	8:40
7:40		Ar..... Hibbing Lv	7:15
7:52	94	Ar.. Grand Rapids Lv	7:59
8:00	109	Ar....Deer River Lv	6:55

Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway Company

7:45 a.m.	Lv.....	Duluth .....Ar	3:35 p.m.
10:45 a.m.	Ar.....	Virginia Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:44 a.m.	Ar.....	Eveleth Lv	10:56 a.m.
11:56 a.m.	Ar.....	Hwabik Lv	12:28 p.m.
11:00 a.m.	Ar.....	Mt. Iron Lv	12:30 p.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar.....	Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.
9:00 a.m.	Lv.....	Virginia .....Ar	1:45 p.m.
1:25 p.m.	Ar.....	Wolf Lv	10:33 a.m.
11:25 a.m.	Ar.....	Hibbing Lv	12:13 p.m.

Daily, except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R.R

3:15 p.m.	Lv.....	Duluth .....Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar.....	Virginia Lv	8:00 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar.....	Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar.....	Ely Lv	7:30 a.m.

Daily, except Sunday.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

C., St. P., M. & O. RY.

Office: 405 West Superior St. Phone No. 20.

Leave	*Daily	†Except Sunday	Arrive

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room—324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK

Every Evening, Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD:
$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 1.—Fair weather, with frosts, is reported this morning in the upper lake region and the Upper Mississippi valley, where the conditions are dominated by an area of high pressure which has moved from Manitoba to Wisconsin, increasing in intensity. A storm which is central in Western Kansas is being attended by rains in the Upper Mississippi valley, and during the past twenty-four hours general rainfalls have resulted from this storm over an extended area of the Northwest, including the states of Montana, Wyoming, South Dakota, Iowa, the western part of North Dakota and the Canadian region contiguous to Montana. This cloud and rain area is gradually extending eastward.

The temperature has remained decidedly below the normal in all reporting districts except the Southwest, but in the Central valleys and the upper lake region it is generally a few degrees higher than at the corresponding hour yesterday.

Maximum temperatures of 88 and 90 were registered yesterday afternoon at Dodge City and Pueblo respectively.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 38; maximum yesterday, 65; minimum yesterday, 34.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Increasing cloudiness this afternoon; rain tonight and Wednesday; continued cool northeast winds, becoming brisk and high by tonight.

Storm northeast signals are ordered for Duluth and Two Harbors.

JAMES E. KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 1.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Minnesota: Rain tonight and Wednesday; slightly warmer tonight; brisk easterly winds. No weather report for Wisconsin.

ABOLISHING THE CAPITULATIONS.

Recent dispatches from Constantinople stated that the terms of peace offered by Turkey to Greece would include the abrogation of the capitulations. Probably few people understood what was meant by this expression and had no clear idea as to what the "capitulations" were. In the discussion which has arisen over the report that the Turkish government is not disposed to receive Dr. Angell as minister to that country, much light has been thrown upon the subject, and the readers of The Herald will no doubt be interested in the explanation which has been made. The sultan has made inquiries about Dr. Angell's record because the doctrine extraterritoriality is applied to citizens in the Turkish empire. In other words, all citizens of this country who may be accused of crime in Turkey have the right to be tried before a diplomatic or consular representative of the United States, and according to the laws of this country. They are not within the jurisdiction of the Turkish courts. An explanation of the way in which we obtained this privilege brings to light the peculiar privileges in this respect also enjoyed by the Greeks.

It is stated that when Emperor Constantine surrendered Constantinople to the Turks in 1453 a treaty was made under which the Greek residents of the city and their descendants forever were given immunity from the ordinary obligations to the Turkish sovereign, and were allowed to be governed in a partial degree by officials of their own race and retain their allegiance to their own religion, which was the Greek branch of the Catholic church. A similiar concession was made in favor of the Genoese, who resided in Constantinople in large numbers and have always been chiefly engaged in maritime industries. Mahomet the Great said to the Greeks: "You may keep your own church and have your own elders, priests and chiefs, and I will not interfere with them. I give them certain rights and authority to govern their own people, and they will not be interfered with by my officials."

By a broad interpretation of these "capitulations," as they are termed, similar rights have been extended to all foreigners and all persons who do not acept the Mohammedan religion, and the United States has claimed the same privileges under a general construction of the favored-nation clause in our treaty with Turkey. The Turks have contended that it was going a good way, and indicated considerable assurance for us to claim special rights and privileges under a treaty that was made in 1453, and has conceded them with great reluctance. Therefore all criminal charges against persons who claim to be descendant of the original Greek population of Constantinople and of the original Genoese and all other foreigners and Christians, are tried by the diplomatic or consular representatives of their own governments, not only in the capital, but everywhere in the Ottoman empire. There is no doubt that the Turks would like to be relieved of the obligations of this treaty of 1453 so far as they relate to the Greeks, and consequently the terms of peace, as originally proposed by the sultan, contain a provision to abrogate the treaty and put an end to the "capitulations."

ONE-SIDED RECIPROCITY.

The Herald is indebted to Senator Nelson for a copy of a table furnished by the treasury department at his request, showing the importations of rice, sugar and molasses from the Hawaiian islands since the reciprocity treaty went into effect, and also the exports of domestic merchandise from the United States to these islands while the treaty has been operative. Senator Nelson believes that the reciprocity with Hawaii has been of a "jug-handled" character, and that this country is not benefited nearly as much as are the people of Hawaii. Therefore, he is seeking the abrogation of the treaty, and to support his argument, has presented these statistics to the consideration of the senate.

The treasury department estimates that the amount of duty remitted on the imports of rice from the Hawaiian islands from 1877 to 1896, during which period the treaty has been in force, reaches $5,290,981, or an annual average of $293,943. On sugar and molasses the total duties remitted are estimated at $58,830,744, or an annual average of $3,346,632. The total duties remitted on rice, sugar and molasses consequently amounted to $64,121,725, an annual average of $3,206,086. The value of these imports in 1896 was $11,502,269.

On the other hand, the merchandise exported from the United States to Hawaii reached a total value of only $62,587,340 during the twenty years from 1877 to 1896, inclusive, or an average of $3,129,367 annually. In other words, the Hawaiian people last year shipped to this country rice, molasses and sugar of a value nearly four times greater than the value of the goods bought by the Hawaiians in this country. If duties had been levied upon the imports from Hawaii last year, our treasury would have been swollen to the extent of $4,617,079, or more than the total value of the merchandise which we exported to Hawaii. These figures sustain Senator Nelson's contention that the treaty has been more beneficial to Hawaii than to the United States, and add strength to his argument that it should be abrogated. There has been no sound reason presented why Hawaiian sugar should be exempt from paying the duty that is levied upon all other foreign sugar.

The readers of the Minneapolis Tribune were treated to a startling surprise yesterday morning. In the editorial columns appeared an article headed "Spoke by the Card," which attacked the Republican administration on account of its failure to produce prosperity, and pronounced its policy "thin stuff." As the Tribune is a very strong Republican party organ, the appearance of the article created a sensation. When the Tribune's evening edition appeared, however, there was a change. The same article was given, but it was credited to the Evening Press and followed by a paragraph taking exception to its statements. By an annoying accident the article appeared in the morning edition without the credit and comment. The Tribune still has "confidence."

Speaker Reed is said to be one of those persons who are constitutionally unable to spell correctly. He is liable to make mistakes in spelling that annoy him very much. And yet it can be truthfully said that he has the Republican members of the house under a spell that cannot be broken.

An Indiana bank-wrecker has entered upon a term of six years and four months in prison, and a Tennessee bank cashier has been sentenced to five years in the penitentiary for unlawfully receiving deposits. These evidences of a determination to punish violations of the banking laws may have a good effect.

A letter from Congressman Morris says that the question of establishing a postal savings bank system will not be considered at the present session of congress, and when he returns home will endeavor to prepare a measure that will adapt the system to the conditions in this country.

The Chicago Record thinks that the manner in which the gold Democrats are being treated now, as compared with the warmth and encouragement extended to them by the Republicans before election, is one of the great tragedies of life.

In adjourning the Kentucky legislature, the lieutenant governor exclaimed fervently: "And may God have mercy on your souls!" And it was the first Republican legislature that ever sat in Kentucky.

Ex-Lieutenant Governor Hanna of Indiana has taken his children out of the public schools of Indianapolis because, as he said, "the histories now in use teach that Lee was a greater general than Grant."

There is talk of a telephone across the Atlantic ocean, and it may soon be possible for the Anglomaniacs in New York to call up London every morning and get the latest accent.

Four million bottles of champagne are being imported for the queen's jubilee celebration in London, so that the affair is likely to be more or less of a fizzle.

Housekeepers have taken a grim satisfaction out of the cold spell, because it enabled them to be largely independent of the Duluth Ice trust.

AMUSEMENTS.

PRIMROSE & WEST.

Primrose & West's big minstrels, who will appear at the Lyceum tomorrow evening, is composed of a combination of blacks and whites, each and every one an artist of unusual excellence. Two distinct organizations rolled into one make the most gigantic organization of minstrel talent ever heard or dreamed of. Three military bands, one a pickaninny band of unusual merit under the able directorship of a European conductor, is an especial feature. All are uniformed in the most extravagant fashion. Two distinct first parts, including the most pronounced sensation ever introduced, are only a few of the features promised, and the promises of Primrose & West are always accepted with that degree of faith which means crowded houses everywhere.

THE ARMORY CONCERT.

The concert tomorrow evening at the Armory will be as fine as anything home talent ever produced. The program has been arranged by Mr. and Mrs. A. Hoelscher and is an excellent one. A number of the city's best violinists and instrumentalists will take part and Flaaten's orchestra will play.

"THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS."

One of the most important attractions offered here this season is Charles H. Yale's "The Twelve Temptations," which is to claim attention at the Lyceum June 4 and 5, with Saturday matinee. This is reputed to be a great spectacle, having cost a large sum of money to put on the stage in its present state of novelty and sumptuousness. It is entirely new, colossal in every respect, and an absolute miracle of beauteous scenic environment, while the hosts of splendid and dazzling costumes afford a continuous feast of harmonious color blending and uniqueness of design. The piece, besides being a fairy spectacle with stirring adventures at the North Pole, is literally crowded with fun of the most boisterous kind and pantomimic tricks which will raise laughter loud and long.

REPUBLICAN PROTESTS.

Chicago Evening Post: The reciprocity provisions should be reinserted and the sugar schedule should be made somewhat more satisfactory to the consumers. The tax on tea is of doubtful expediency.

Chicago Tribune: The sugar schedule has been rewritten and the duty made partly specific and partly ad valorem. This is in the interest of the trust, which will be much better pleased with the amendment than with the bill as it passed the house.

Pittsburg Dispatch: After the Republicans have often exposed the "concealed differential" in the ad valorem sugar duties of the Wilson act, it certainly seems as if they might have steered clear of the same shallow humbug in their own bill.

Philadelphia Press: The treatment of wool is contradictory and self-destructive. When it accompanied its reduction of the rate on the wool with an increase on coarser or carpet wool, making it fully double the McKinley and Dingley rates, the senate committee stultified itself. Possibly the duties on hides would not in effect be as injurious as is feared, but there will be an overwhelming sentiment against it, and no compensating advantage to any considerable class. It was one of the foolest tactics I was ever permitted to know and her innate beauty of soul shone in her face and from the depths of her beautiful eyes. Her influence, like the subtle fragrance of violets pervaded everyone who came in contact with her and one could not help but be made the better for it. She impressed one, at once, with the extreme dignity and sweetness of manner. She was so tender and gracious, so true and intense and so rich in her store learning which she never put on display. Although I was not privileged to be an intimate friend, merely meeting her every day at school, I grew to love her for her kindness and simplicity of bearing. Only sixteen short years of life and the lids are closed over the soft blue eyes and she is hushed "into the sleep no pain can wake," but the memory of that slight, blue-eyed girl, "delicate as a wild rose, elusive as thistle down," will always remain with me. I cannot help but think that heaven is as bright on account of her presence as earth was while she lived. Her life was a lofty inspiration and the Heavenly Father only took to Himself she whom He lent for a little while.

"For when He sees a smile too bright
Or heart too pure for taint or vice,
He bears it to that world of light
To dwell in paradise.
And ever near us tho' unseen
The dear, immortal spirits tread
For all the boundless universe
Is life—there is no dead.

—By a School Mate.

HUMOROUS LINES.

Indianapolis Journal: "Do you know it is a mighty good thing for the human race that it is so short lived?" "I'd like to know how." "Just think how utterly spoiled a boy would be, for instance, who had all his great-great-grandmothers, great-grandmothers and grandmothers to take an interest in his career."

Cincinnati Enquirer. James—Do you always write a letter in such large script as you are using now? I could not help noticing it, Henry—No. But this is to a girl. You know they always size a fellow's regard for them by the number of pages he fills.

Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph: "I see from the war news," remarked Mrs. Snaggs, "that several Turkish magazines have been captured." "Yes," replied Mr. Snaggs, "I suppose the object is to prevent the editors from filling their pages with war articles for the next twenty-five years."

Philadelphia Record: Nell—Miss Bjones uses French phrases in the most peculiar manner. Bell—Does she? Nell—Yes, indeed! Why, at breakfast yesterday I asked her how she she liked her eggs, and she said they were very chick.

Life: "Has your aunt's will been admitted to probate yet?" "No. There is so much trouble about the pesky thing that I almost wish aunt had never died."

Cincinnati Commercial Tribune: She (angrily)—I believe you think more of that nasty pipe than you do of me, your wife. He (mildly)—Well, my dear, I can keep my pipe from going out.

A BACHELOR'S REFLECTIONS.

New York Press: When a man goes to bid a girl good night, she always stands around in his way.

About the time a woman quits lying about her husband's business, she begins to lie about her son's.

The average woman's heart aches a good deal more over the poor heathen in India than it does over the dirty children on the next street.

When a woman goes in a cigar store with a man she feels about like he does when he has to eat ice cream soda on a bargain-day in a department store.

When you hear a woman say, "Oh, isn't that sweet!" you will see either a bulldog with a blue ribbon around its neck, a baby with a red face and a white dress on, or a man in a silk hat driving a dog cart.

For packing and moving household goods go to Duluth Van Co., who are headquarters for that business, at reasonable prices. 212 W. Superior st.

P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

We Call These Witnesses to Testify.

.....That Dodd's Kidney Pills do just what is claimed for them--Cure when other medicines fail. Read their names.

IN MINNEAPOLIS.

A. N. Lacroix, S. E. Olson & Co.
Mrs. Mary Watkins, 3135 Ninth Ave., So.
T. J. Foster, 3537 Ninth Ave., South.
Frank J. McArdle, 200 Hennepin Ave.
John C. Harrison, 619 Hennepin Ave.
G. W. Hibbert, 413 Washington Ave., So.
Mrs. C. M. Blossvelt, 614 Sixth Ave., So.
Amos H. Watkins, 429 Hennepin Ave.
J. C. Foster, 219 Hennepin Ave.
H. T. Elliott, 2949 Columbus Ave.
J. W. Green, 604 Fifth St., North.
Mrs. E. W. Dickinson, 512 7th St., So.

IN ST. PAUL.

Philip Shnell, 257 West Third St.
Mrs. Florence Bevenue, 295 E. Third St.
H. Ward, 256 University Ave.
John E. Dempsey, 319 Wabasha St.
D. Overalls, 374½ Minnesota St.
James Dolan, R. R. Brakeman.
E. N. Schilling, 104 Newspaper Row.
Pat. K. Lenahan, 356 Cedar St.
Geo. D. Corbin, 27 E. Seventh St.
Joseph Sherwood, 303 Page Ave.
Chas. W. Howard, 43 E. Eighth St.
Magnus Sollewig, 154 E. Fifth St.
John Hester, 502 Rice St.
Mrs. C. M. Wilson, 64 Iglehart St.
Mrs. Mary Winter, 236 E. Seventh St.
James Leger, 311 Wabasha St.
James Hoy, 420 Minnesota St.
H. F. Logan, 345 Robert St.
N. Dondelinger, 202 W. Seventh St.
Thomas O'Day, 356 Cedar St.
John Mahern, 131 E. Jessamine St.
R. W. Loucks, 420 Wabasha St.
Margaret O'Day, 356 Cedar St.
G. M. Stern, 416 Jackson St.
James Taylor, 358 Minnesota St.
Jno. Sheldrick, 506 Sibley St.
J. M. Gray, 423 Rice St.
D. F. Allen, 186 E. Seventh St.
James Delvye, 414 Cedar St.
Mrs. I. Delvye, 414 Cedar St.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS 50 Cents a Box Druggists Everywhere.

A Beautiful Life.

It is not often given to us in this world of strife and wickedness to live with a creature so pure, so fair and sweet as Elsie Dressell was. She was one of the loveliest characters I was ever permitted to know and her innate beauty of soul shone in her face and from the depths of her beautiful eyes. Her influence, like the subtle fragrance of violets pervaded everyone who came in contact with her and one could not help but be made the better for it. She impressed one, at once, with the extreme dignity and sweetness of manner. She was so tender and gracious, so true and intense and so rich in her store learning which she never put on display. Although I was not privileged to be an intimate friend, merely meeting her every day at school, I grew to love her for her kindness and simplicity of bearing. Only sixteen short years of life and the lids are closed over the soft blue eyes and she is hushed "into the sleep no pain can wake," but the memory of that slight, blue-eyed girl, "delicate as a wild rose, elusive as thistle down," will always remain with me. I cannot help but think that heaven is as bright on account of her presence as earth was while she lived. Her life was a lofty inspiration and the Heavenly Father only took to Himself she whom He lent for a little while.

"For when He sees a smile too bright
Or heart too pure for taint or vice,
He bears it to that world of light
To dwell in paradise.
And ever near us tho' unseen
The dear, immortal spirits tread
For all the boundless universe
Is life—there is no dead.

—By a School Mate.

Grand Maccabee Excursion.

For the above occasion the Eastern Minnesota railway will make rate of $4.30 to St. Paul and Minneapolis. Tickets on sale June 1 and 2. Trains leave 1:10 p. m. and 11:15 p. m. Secure tickets at Union depot or City Ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER,
L. N. SCOTT, Manager.
Wednesday June 2,
26th Annual Tour,
PRIMROSE AND WEST'S
BIG MINSTRELS
Presenting their GRAND DOUBLE COMPANY, Whites and Blacks. 2 Brass Bands. Regular Prices.

LYCEUM THEATER
L. N. SCOTT, Manager
JUNE 4-5, With Matinee,
Interest you sure. The mere announcement of a Yale show coming means it's worthy of your immediate attention. On the above date Chas. H. Yale's
GREATEST SPECTACLE
THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS
With a Company of 60 People will be with you for the first time. The performance embraces all kinds of stage amusements skilfully and deftly rolled into one gigantic whole. Prices regular. Matinee 25c and 50c.

DETROIT AND RETURN $12
Leave Duluth 6:30 p. m. June 4th.
Return limit June 13th.
Via D. S. S. & A. Ry
Office: 426 Spalding Hotel Block.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF THE National Iron Company.

Know all men by these presents, that we, Harry R. Armstrong, J. Evered, Walter Evered and C. F. Doherty do hereby associate ourselves together for the purpose of forming a corporation in pursuance of Title two, of Chapter 34, of the General Statutes of Minnesota, and the acts amendatory thereof and to that end do adopt the following articles of incorporation, to-wit:

ARTICLE ONE.

The name of this corporation shall be the National Iron Company; the general nature of its business shall be to manufacture iron machinery of all kinds, and the various parts thereof; and the repairs on such machinery; to acquire, hold, use and dispose of all such property, real, personal and mixed, and do all such acts and things as are incident, necessary, convenient and conducive to the attainment of any of the objects aforesaid, or to the conduct or management of the business of said corporation; the principal place of transacting the business of said corporation shall be Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota.

ARTICLE TWO.

The time of commencement of said corporation shall be the 1st day of June, 1897, and the period of its continuancy shall be thirty years.

ARTICLE THREE.

The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be ten thousand dollars, which shall be paid in in cash.

ARTICLE FOUR.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject is ten thousand dollars.

ARTICLE FIVE.

The names of the places of residence of the persons forming this association for incorporation are:

J. Evered, Duluth, Minnesota.
Walter Evered, Duluth, Minnesota.
Harry R. Armstrong, Duluth, Minnesota.
C. F. Doherty, Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE SIX.

The names of the members of the first board of directors are:

J. Evered, Duluth, Minnesota.
Walter Evered, Duluth, Minnesota.
Harry R. Armstrong, Duluth, Minnesota,

who shall hold their office as such until their successors shall have been elected and qualify; the government of this corporation and management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of three directors, who shall be elected by the stockholders on the first Monday of June, 1898, and annually thereafter. The executive officers of said corporation shall be a president, vice president, secretary and treasurer, who shall be elected by the board annually until the annual election in 1898. J. Evered is hereby constituted president, Walter Evered, vice president, and Harry R. Armstrong, secretary and treasurer of said company.

ARTICLE SEVEN.

The capital stock of said corporation shall be divided into one hundred shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our seals this 4th day of May, 1897.

C. F. DOHERTY, (Seal.)
WALTER EVERED. (Seal.)
JOSHUA EVERED. (Seal.)
HARRY R. ARMSTRONG. (Seal.)

Signed and sealed in presence of:
E. F. ALFORD.
C. H. HOULTON.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

On this 4th day of May, 1897, before me, a notary public in and for said county, personally appeared J. Evered, Walter Evered, Harry R. Armstrong and C. F. Doherty, to me known to be the persons who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledge that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

E. F. ALFORD,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal.)

State of Minnesota, Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book R 2 of Incorporations, on page 307.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record, May 19, 1897, at 2:40 p. m., and was recorded in Book M of Miscellaneous, page 252.

P. J. SORGST'OM,
Register of Deeds.
By B. O. LOE,
Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald, May 25, June 1, 8, 15.

Tomorrow Morning at
POWER & SETTLE'S.

Buying and selling interest at this store goes on unceasingly. Every day has its retailing features — economical suggestions. Sometimes we can do better for you than other times, always the best we can. If you will study our methods of advertising you will notice by following them up a close margin plan of selling to you. Every day comparisons have done more convincing that we are right—right in quality, right in style and right in price than any proofs employed to make the shopping problem plain. If we say Fruit of the Loom at 5 cents a yard you know just how cheap it is and just how much you can save. When you have learned that when we advertise a Lace worth 10c for 5c that we mean it, and that it is just as cheap as the Fruit, then you are on the right track. Your own interests should cause you to watch constantly for our advertisements. As an example look over the following list for tomorrow morning, and to satisfy yourself of our sincerity in these special offerings, make a special trip to study the economy of it.

Tomorrow—20 light Percales, 10c kind 5¼c
Tomorrow 15 pieces double fold Cotton Dress, 15c kind (Scotch Cheviot effects) at 9c
Tomorrow 22 pieces French Organdy, 48c kind 29c
Tomorrow 16 pieces French Dimities, 25c kind 15c
Tomorrow 10c Crepon Draperies for 6c
Tomorrow Ladies' Lisle Vests, silk crochet finish 25c
Tomorrow 200 Ladies' Dimity Shirt Waists, $1.50 and $1.65 kind 98c
Tomorrow 100 Ladies Shirt Waists, 65c, 75c and 85c kind 50c
Tomorrow 50 Ladies Jackets at ..... Half Price
Tomorrow 35c Children's Jackets at ..... Half Price
Tomorrow $8.50 Bicycle Suits at $4.99
Tomorrow 75c and 85c Dress Goods at 37c
Tomorrow 35c Dress Goods at 17c
Tomorrow Sterling Silver Shirt Waists Sets at 25c
Tomorrow Ladies' Linen Collars ... 10c
Tomorrow—Just received and on sale the latest in ladies' Collars and Cuffs.
Tomorrow 198 Linen Lunch Cloths $1.25
Tomorrow Ladies' Gauntlet Bicycle Gloves 50c
Tomorrow Ladies' Ribbed Bicycle Hose 19c
Tomorrow 12½c net top Laces at ... 6c
Tomorrow 20c net top Laces at 10c
Tomorrow 4c kind 1-in embroidery .. 1c
Tomorrow 7c kind 2-in embroidery .. 3c
Tomorrow 13c kind 3½-in embroidery 7c
Tomorrow 25c kind 7-in embroidery 14c

Power & Settle

ST. JAMES HOTEL
Cuisine First-Class.
Excellent Service.
Newly Refitted Throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests. $1.50 per day.

There is claimed to be due, and is due, at the date of this notice, the sum of two hundred fifty-five and 55-100 dollars ($255.55), upon a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Charles S. Beck, Jr., and May E. Beck, his wife, mortgagors, to Julia S. Lovejoy, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of July, 1894, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 26th day of July, 1894, at 3:50 o'clock p. m. in book 121 of mortgages, on page No. 34; and no proceeding having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Notice is hereby given, that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, which are situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered two (2) and the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section numbered two (2) in township numbered sixty (60) north, of range numbered seventeen (17) west; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 21th day of June, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred fifty-five and 55-100 dollars ($255.55), and interest, and twenty-five dollars ($25) attorneys' fees and the disbursements allowed by law.

Dated May 10th, 1897.

JULIA S. LOVEJOY,
Mortgagee.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-11-18-25-June-1-8-15.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Notice is hereby given that default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Frank W. Merritt and Elizabeth Merritt, his wife, mortgagors, to Leonidas Merritt, mortgagee, bearing date the 3rd day of November, 1891, with power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on the 4th day of November, 1891, at 1:45 o'clock p. m., in Book 71 of mortgages, on page 548; which mortgage was thereafter for value duly assigned by said Leonidas Merritt to Charles E. Dickerman by an instrument in writing bearing date the 22nd day of June, 1892, and which assignment was thereafter on the 23rd day of June, 1892, at 1:25 o'clock p. m. duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds in Book 83 of mortgages on page 156. That said default has continued to the date of this notice.

And whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of sixty-eight hundred and ten and 65-100 dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 28th day of March, 1897; and whereas, the power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, and lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lots one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4), in block twenty-five (25), in West Park Division of Duluth, Minnesota.

Lot eight (8), in block ninety (90) in Endion Division of Duluth, Minnesota.

Lots nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12), in block ninety-two (92), in Endion Division of Duluth, Minnesota.

The west one-half of lot eleven (11), in block twenty-eight (28), in the townsite of Oneota, Minnesota.

All according to the recorded plats thereof now on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds within and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Also the following: The south one-half of the southeast one-quarter of the northeast one-quarter of the northwest one-quarter of section thirty (30), township fifty (50) north, of range fourteen west of the 4th P. M.

The southeast one-quarter of the northwest one-quarter of section three (3), township forty-nine (49) north, of range fifteen (15) west of the 4th P. M.

An undivided one-eighth (⅛) of lots two (2), three (3), four (4) and five (5), in section seven (7), township sixty-two (62) north, of range fourteen (14) west of the 4th P. M.; with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 26th day of May, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of sixty-eight hundred and ten and 65-100 dollars, and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and $3.06 protest fees paid for non-payment of the note secured by said mortgage, and one hundred dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 12th, A. D. 1897.

CHARLES E. DICKERMAN,
Assignee of Mortgage.

G. J. LOMEN,
Attorney for Assignee.
Duluth Evening Herald, April 13-20-27-May-4-11-18-25.

NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT.

Notice is hereby given that the sale mentioned in the foregoing notice of mortgage foreclosure sale has been, and is hereby postponed, and will be made at the place and in the manner in said notice mentioned, on June second, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Dated May 19, 1897.

CHARLES E. DICKERMAN,
Assignee of Mortgage.

G. J. LOMEN,
Attorney for Assignee.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 25, June 1.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Hildegarde S. Hillhouse,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Nicholas Mueller and Mary Mueller, his wife, Frank I. Salter, Franz Heinrich, Dwight G. Cutler and Edmund A. Gilbert, copartners as Cutler & Gilbert, and the County of St. Louis, Minnesota,
Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the eighth day of May, 1897, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, on Thursday, the twenty-fourth day of June, 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: "All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the southwest corner of lot thirty-four (34), East Sixth street, Duluth Proper, First Division; thence easterly on the southerly line of lots thirty-four (34) and thirty-six (36), East Sixth street, to the southeast corner of said lot thirty-six (36); thence northerly on the easterly line of said lot thirty-six (36), thirty-five (35) feet; thence westerly and parallel to said first described line one hundred (100) feet to the westerly line of said lot thirty-four (34), thence southerly on the westerly line of lot thirty-four (34), thirty-five (35) feet to the place of beginning, being a rectangular piece of ground, thirty-five (35) by one hundred (100) feet in size, and otherwise described as the southerly thirty-five (35) feet of lots thirty-four (34) and thirty-six (36), East Sixth street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota."

Dated May 10th, 1897.

WILLIAM C. SARGENT,
As sheriff of said St. Louis County.

TOWNE & DAVIS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
102-106 Duluth Trust Co. Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-11-18-25-June-1-8-15-22.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

There is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred seventy-eight and 20-100 dollars ($778.20) upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by David Doyle, mortgagor, to The Union Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd day of January, A. D. 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock p. m., in Book 94 of mortgages on page 331. No proceeding has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, which are situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: The east half of lots one (1) and two (2), of block ten (10), Clinton Place Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the 26th day of June, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of seven hundred seventy-eight and 20-100 dollars ($778.20), and interest, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale.

Dated May 17th, 1897.

THE UNION BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

S. T. HARRISON,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Rooms 908-911 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-18-25-June-1-8-15-22.

$4.30 St. Paul-Minneapolis and return, via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, June 1 and 2. Three trains daily. The shortest and quickest line.

AT RAINY LAKE CITY

Incidents of a Trip Over the Tower Route to the Northern Gold Fields.

Visit to the Little American Mine, One of the Best in the Country.

The People There Are Praying For a Railroad and For Mineral Land Laws.

Rainy Lake City, Minn., May 27.—(Special correspondence of The Herald.)—As I pen these lines, I am seated in the guest chamber of Col. Glarde's little log hotel. At my right, Col. Geggie's guardian angel sits weeping. On my left, Col. W. C. Sherwood's most hideous hoo-doo grins and chuckles in fiendish glee. In the "office" beneath a merry company shuffles a greasy deck of cards amidst shouts and laughter. A Cornish mining captain from Canada, on the fag end of a three week's spree, minus money and almost mind, gazes despondently and thirstily at the diminutive bar. That bar is barely large enough for two customers to lean against at a time, and the back bar holds but a dozen bottles. The "buffet" is barren of beer, and by some sort of magic, either Canadian or Kentucky whisky come from the same big bottle. An aggressive spring wind blows cold enough to chill the marrow in the bones of Tom Dinham's wooden Indian, and big raindrops intermittently fall upon the roof of my humble shelter. The choppy waves on Rainy lake are dashing impetuously against the rock shore and over their angry crests, less than a mile to the westward I can see the shafthouse and clustered buildings of the Little American mine—Minnesota's first and only producer of bullion gold.

Again I am in the gold fields. Leaving Duluth at 3:15 p. m. last Thursday, over the Duluth & Iron Range, Tower was reached at 7 p. m. To the right, as you approach the town, may be seen the works of the Minnesota Iron company at Soudan and Jasper peak, the highest point in Minnesota. I enjoyed the splendid accommodations of the Vermilion hotel, but Landlord Barnidge was so disgulsed by the absence of his mustache that I did not recognize him at first.

So much has been said both ways about the "Tower route" to the gold fields, that I decided to go over it and give The Herald's readers correct information as to its condition. The first 100 miles over the Duluth & Iron Range is above criticism. The second stage is across Lake Vermilion, twenty miles to the head of Vermilion river and Crane Lake portage. Lake Vermillon possesses many attractions for the tourist. It is about thirty miles long and contains over 300 islands. The scenery is delightful, the waters abound with fish and the shores with game.

Through the courtesy of Capt. Joseph Williams, I was a passenger on the Libbie, a staunch and comfortable little steamer, about thirty-five feet in length. Capt. Williams' crew consists of himself and 14-year-old daughter Libbie, who does her turn at the wheel or "oils up," as may be desired. She knows the channel perfectly, and can tell in an instant if the engine needs attDention. At the end of the run, when other duties are done, she puts in her time over her school books, which she carries along. Capt. McDougall ought to give Miss Libbie a place on the Christopher Columbus.

THE TOWER ROUTE.

We left Tower at 9 a. m. and reached Vermilion dam by noon. Steaming out through the narrows, with the Sucker Point Indian reservation to the left, we pass into the big lake, and, taking a course for Birch point and Pine island, leaving astern the tall smokestacks of the Soudan iron mines. Passing between Jack Pine and Pine islands, through the Narrows into Fraser bay, and steaming close up along the north shore, on Gold island, may be seen the remains of the gold explorations of the early '60s in the shape of a dump pile and abandoned shaft. Right after the war there was a big rush up through the wilderness to Lake Vermilion, but nothing aside from disappointment was the result. Proceeding on through Musk Rat and Oak Island channels, the Vermilion dam is reached.

From the dam to Crane lake, you can take a canoe down the river, about sixty miles, with eleven portages around picturesque falls and rushing rapids; you can foot it twenty-six miles over Crane Lake road, or you can ride over on a buckboard or wagon if you have the price. Tuesdays and Fridays "Ted" Wheeler leaves Tower with mail for the Seine River and Rainy Lake points. He always has accommodations for two or three passengers. Other teams go through whenever there is a call for them, and rides can be caught with freighters. By the time these lines are in print there will be dail coaches each way. Mr. Jessmore, of Eveleth, and associates have secured a couple of Rocky Mountain coaches, covered and curtained vehicles, with a capacity of eight passengers. Four horses will pull each one over the portage, and if four cannot do it easily, six will be put on.

St. Louis county already has commenced to expend the $10,000 appropriation for the improvement of the Crane Lake road. On my way up I found seventy-five men employed. I understand that the number will soon be increased to 150. The result will be a great help to travel. The road now is hard and solid in most places, but at times quite rough. With a few ruts filled up and a few rocky stretches smoothed over, it will be good enough for the softest of gold seekers.

I left the dam at 2:30 with Ted Wheeler and the mail. By 8 p. m. we reached Jackson's half-way house. There are two stopping houses between the dam and Harding, on Crane lake, and both are on the bank of Vermilion river. Hurley's is not nearly so good as Jackson's, and Jackson's has room for improvement. No great kick can be made on the 35-cent meals, but the beds are not worth the money. They are bunks, regular lumber camp style, with blankets that all kinds of people have slept in, hence have great possibilities for giving a man more than he wants. Jackson is a bluff fellow who says that if people don't like his style and what he offers, they don't have to stop there. His favorite way for announcing a meal is to walk out into the middle of the floor like Anson going to bat and exclaiming:

"Take 'er, lads!"

We slept a few hours, ate breakfast and at 3:15 a. m. were on our way. Crane Lake at Harding postoffice was reached at 7:30 in the beginning of a shower. By 8 o'clock, we were on the May Carter with Capt. J. J. Hayes, headed for Kettle Falls, thirty-two miles away. This stretch down Crane, Little Vermillon, Sand Point and Namekon lakes is one of the finest I ever saw. The numerous islands, bold rocky promontories, high hills and bluffs, covered with a great amount of large timber, makes a scenic route beautiful beyond my powers of description.

Capt. Hayes is building a new and larger steamer for this route. She will measure forty-one feet, carry forty passengers and be running in four or five weeks. He also has barges for freight with carrying capacities from four to twelve tons. His brother, Jack Hayes, who was up here two years ago, will be here again this summer. The Indians can hardly wait for him to arrive, as they wish to re-organize the Berry Pickers' union which he so successfully brought into existence two summers ago. Open sessions will be held monthly at which refreshments in the way of roast Indian dog and bottled lemon extract will be served to all who attend.

ONE ON JUDGE LEWIS.

I heard a good one on Judge C. L. Lewis. He went up a couple of days ahead of me and when he arrived at Harding said to Dowd, the teamster:

"How much remuneration do you require for my transportation?"

"Two bucks," replied Dowd in the slang of the country, but without any appreciation of the fact that his vernacular was not found in legal dictionaries.

"Wha-a-a-t?" queried the judge in a half puzzled, hesitating manner.

"He means two dollars," quietly remarked Capt. Hayes, who stood close by.

"Oh!" ejaculated the judicial goldseeker as he dropped "two bucks" into Dowd's palm.

Bill Butchart and John B. Campbell, who went up a day ahead of me, made a bargain with a teamster named Swann at the dam to take them across the portage. He backed out and they had to pay another man $5 each to carry them. They say Butchart used language such as the sawmill men down on Garfield avenue employ when the belt slips off.

At Sand Point narrows, near the water line on the face of the dark rock, is a figure in a whiter rock, which looks like some curious animal—half mink and half alligator. It is impossible to get an Indian to land there as they believe the place to be "bad medicine." There is a story to the effect that an animal unlike anything known to them was once killed there and that, with the fantastic figure in the rock, arouses all their superstition.

On Mica island, not far from Kettle Falls, O. Petro, of Ironwood, Mich., tunnelled fifty feet in search of mica. He expended $2000 in money and labor and, although some very nice specimens were found, nothing satisfactory resulted. Some have an idea that a greater depth would show a different result.

We arrived at Kettle Falls at 1 p. m. Saturday. A one-armed man named Sullivan, with a squaw wife, keeps a stopping place in a tent above the falls. The first sight is unforbidding, but inside all is clean and a meal is secured that many hotels cannot equal. Fried whitefish fit for a king is served and by some unknown skill, the Chippewa women extracts the bones before it is cooked. On the other side of the falls a man named French has a log house, but his table is lean and his place is unpopular. He gave it out that he would shoot anyone who started an opposition place, especially as he claims a right to all the ground there, but Sullivan has the reputation of being a pretty good hand at shooting, himself, and he not only still flies his flag, but is preparing to build a substantial stopping place.

At present the W. S. Lloyd is the only boat on the American side of Rainy lake. George and Jo Lloyd run her between Kettle Falls and Fort Frances. The Moose, which was successfully run over the 8-foot falls two years ago, expects soon to commence running.

The Lloyd left the falls about 2 p. m. and I left with her. On an island near Kettle Falls "Old Crow" has his camp. He is an Indian fisherman and hunter, and has three wives to help support him and his twenty-seven children. They fairly cover the water front when they come down to see the boat. A tame crow and innumerable dogs are among the family treasures.

A BEAUTIFUL TRIP.

The run from Kettle Falls here is a beautiful one. The lake is high now and the rocks trouble but little. The shores on each side, the islands and all that make a scene that does not weary the attention. At one point there is a bare mass of rocks, barely beyond the reach of the waves. Here nearly all the big white gulls on the lake make their nests. They frequently follow the Lloyd and are becoming very tame. They come close to the boat and scream for morsels which the boys spare from their lunch. I arrived here at 6:30 last evening and shall run over to Mine Center Tuesday morning.

Undoubtedly the Tower route is the quickest one to this point and the Seine River. The Duluth & Iron Range railway leaves Duluth at 3:15 p. m. and reaches Tower at 7 p. m. The fare is $5.55, but a round-trip ticket can be secured for $5.75. Two meals and one lodging are necessary at Tower. The Vermilion hotel charges $2 a day and the Pioneer hotel has a rate of $1 a day. The hacks there charge 25 cents from the depot and 25 cents more to the boat. If you don't wish to pay tribute, don't ride.

Across the lake to the dam passengers are charged 75 cents. The trip is made in two and a half hours without a barge in tow and three with one. It is reported that a 65-foot boat will soon go onto the route that will make the trip in an hour and a half. Freight rates are 15 cents per cwt.

Over the Crane lake portage passengers are charged $2. Freight rates are 75 cents per cwt. Meals at the stopping houses are 35 cents. The teamsters have been accused of working things for the benefit of the stopping places, but that is indignantly denied. Now it takes from eight to ten hours to cover the distance. The Jessmore coaches will make it in five hours, and that will emancipate travelers from the rule of the half-way houses.

The thirty-two miles from Harding via Crane lake to Kettle Falls is covered by Capt. Hayes in five hours. With his new boat he hopes to make it in three and a half hours. The passenger rate is $2 and freight rate 25 cents per cwt.

The Lloyd charges $2.75 for the fifty miles from Kettle Falls to Fort Frances. Freight rates are about 35 cents per cwt. To reach Mine Center you can go to Fort Frances and take the Canadian boat, the Maple Leaf, or you can stop at Rainy Lake City over night, go out to Sand Point on the Lloyd the next morning, and wait there at the stopping place until the Canadian boat comes along. Formerly the Maple Leaf entered here, but that has been stopped by the American officers until the boat takes United States inspection, which it expects to do. American boats cannot enter the Canadian ports that have no customs officers, under penalty of a heavy fine. If Mine Center is made a port of entry, it will be a great convenience in many ways. If that is done, too, the Lloyd will make the Canadian ports, going down one day and back the next.

I met C. S. Sargent at Kettle Falls, on his return from a trip in the interests of his transportation company. He did not tell the result of his labors, but I know that the freighter and steamboat men did not jump at his propositions. A through freight rate and a responsible company would be a great thing for shippers, but with the daily coach line over the Crane lake portage, a through passenger rate will not save time or money. One word of advice. Unless a large party is coming through, don't leave Duluth on Friday, as the boat does not run Sundays on either Crane or Rainy lakes.

THE LITTLE AMERICAN.

I have just visited the Little American mine, in company with Superintendent Theodore Menges, who has sole charge in the absence of General Manager O. A. Watzke. Shaft No. 2 is now down 120 feet, and sinking will continue as fast as possible until it is down 200 feet. If the showing at that depth is satisfactory, the stamp mill will be moved over from Dry Weed island and the capacity increased to twenty or thirty stamps. At the present time the little 5-stamp mill of the Little American Mining company on the main land, with a capacity of seven or eight tons of quartz a day, is used—very much at the expense of economy. The ore now is hoisted in a bucket, run on a car to a chute and thence onto a barge. It is next transported nearly a mile across the channel to the stamp mill, wheeled onto the elevator, and then raised up to the crusher and dumped in.

In shaft No. 2 drifting has been done on two 50-foot levels. On the upper level it amounts to 95 feet. There is a 60-foot winze at an angle of 45 degrees. The lower level shows sixty feet of drifting.

Shaft No. 1 is down ninety-seven feet, but was abandoned when No. 2 was started. Very soon now it will be pumped out and worked. When Jeff Hildreth worked the mine the vein was scooped out along the surface from the lake front up to shaft No. 1, and the blasting opened up the mineral so that the lake water leaks in.

The vein on at the first level, where stoping is in operation, is twelve feet wide. At the second level it is forty feet wide. The formation is slate, and the veins here and elsewhere in this locality are true fissure veins. The ore, taken as it comes without picking, runs from $10 to $15 per ton in free milling gold. With some sorting, it runs as high as $40 or $50 per ton. Enough of an ore body is now in sight to keep a 30-stamp mill running a year at the least.

The island upon which the Little American is situated comprises but three and a half acres. In 1893 Charles Moore grubstaked George W. Davis, a Western miner and engineer. In the fall, while camped on the island, he discovered the vein. At that point it measured twenty-six inches in width, and showed free gold on the surface.

Davis had been associated with Jeff Hildreth in the Rocky Mountains, and when he made the discovery he sent him word: "Come at once. I've struck it rich."

Charley Moore came as well as Hildreth, and the property was sold to the latter for $10,000. He sold a two-thirds interest to Hutch Bevier, A. S. Chase, H. C. Kendall and a fourth party. The Bevier Mining company was organized with a capital of $30,000, and Hildreth took $100,000 in stock for his one-third interest.

Chase and Bevier did not put up sufficient capital to properly develop the property, so work was shut down. A $20,000 stamp mill was put up in June, 1894, on the townsite, as the result of a bonus of $1000 offered by the townsite company. About $6000 was stamped out, and then, in the fall of 1894, the mine was leased to p. B. Weimer, who organized the Little American Mining company. He lacked means, and sold out to F. A. Bates & Son. They sent up A. W. B. Whitely, a mining engineer, but no money came to pay the bills so the mine was again shut down.

Last June the Lyle Mining company, headed by O. A. Watzke, of West Superior, and comprising Iowa and Wisconsin men of means, leased the property for twenty years, with an option for purchase. A start was made, but the amalgamator could not secure results, and fully $10,000 worth of gold ran through the mill into the lake. John Sutherland, the present head amalgamator, has had splendid success, and all bids well for a successful and uninterrupted run. The present company has laid out about $45,000 in machinery and labor, exclusive of the 5-stamp mill belonging to the Little American Mining company, which now is in use. The property has been amply tested, and the more it is worked the better it shows. It now is considered one of the best properties in this northern region. Recently an English company offered a large sum for the property, but it was declined, for the reason that Mr. Watzke could not make satisfactory terms with fee holders.

WHY DEVELOPMENT LAGS.

Few people in Duluth appreciate the great number of gold mining properties there are here on the northern boundary of Minnesota. Hard times, repeated failures of companies connected with the Little American, and the bursting of the little townsite boom caused people to take their eyes from off this locality and to set it down as another rank failure. The development in Canada, however, and the success of Mr. Watzke and his associates, have placed matters in a new light, and attention is now directed this way. A large number of holders of locations are looking them over and preparing to do some development this season, and prospectors are quietly looking up things this side of the line. The people here are praying for a railroad, and a modification of the existing land laws. Many rich finds in Minnesota would be filed on at once were the discoverers not afraid rascally land attorneys at Duluth would institute contests. As it is, they keep their secrets hidden until more favorable days.

The Lyle Mining company has over thirty locations around here. A large number of these were purchased from Ed and William Ward. In the fall and winter of 1893-4 they made a find on Dry Weed island. The vein was 125 feet wide and assays ran from $2.87 to $49 a ton. It proved to be a base ore, and in working, sulphuric acid was developed in such quantities as to eat the quicksilver off the plates. They put down a shaft 125 feet, crosscut twenty feet one way and thirty-five feet the other. The Lyle company has a 10-stamp mill all ready for operation, but the ore cannot be handled by it.

The Big American mine, belonging to the same company, is located on the southwest corner of the same island. One vein is twenty feet wide with free milling ore that runs $14 to the ton. A shaft is sinking now and other veins are found on the property.

Grassy island a few miles from here has a 90-foot vein, 8 feet solid quartz and $2 feet of stratified ore. J. F. Tilson is in charge and development work will be prosecuted this summer. The property is in the hands of a large Duluth syndicate. I have just talked with a practical miner employed in the Sultana mine and he says he likes the showing there better than anything he has seen in this group. There is free gold and assays have made excellent showings.

Toms island, two and one-half miles from here has a 20-foot shaft. Assays run high and the vein four or five feet wide will be developed further. On Ruby island, a property owned by Capt. Dent, of West Duluth, had a 25-foot shaft sunk in 1894, and good assays were secured. Development work will soon commence on Stop island; also on Copper island, two and one-half miles east of here.

On Bushyhead island, one and one-half miles east of here a 125-foot tunnel was driven and a 30-foot shaft sunk in that. The assays ran from 25 to $40, with about $8 of silver per ton. Work was stopped for some reason, but the latest reports have it that the owners, Charles Johnson, of Chicago, and O. C. Sather, of Scandinavia, Wis., will resume development. Mr. Johnson, in fact, is here now.

W. B. Holman, of Grand Rapids, Minn., is here awaiting a gentleman from Winnipeg who is a prospective purchaser of three or four properties owned by Mr. Holman. C. P. Frank, of Duluth, who surveyed this townsite in January, 1894, is here looking after some properties on Dry Weed, Sand Point and Angling islands. On the latter he has a 6-foot vein.

Just on the American side, near Scott Island, one and one-half miles from Brule narrows, and about twelve miles from here, Joseph Lloyd, Sr., and Ed Berg, of Duluth, have a 7-acre property. It was taken under the timber and stone act by Mr. Lloyd and prospected by George Lloyd. One vein is four feet wide and another shows up eighteen inches. There also are smaller ones. Assays show $8 per ton and the 4-foot vein pans gold richly. I understand that C. L. Lewis, H. T. Abbott and Fred Smith, of Duluth, will sink a shaft twenty-five or fifty feet and then, if the showing is satisfactory, will develop the mine for an interest in it.

D. P. Redding, a brother-in-law of J. Adam Bede, and an old real estate agent in Duluth, lives here and has a number of Canadian properties and expects to get some more by prospecting. He also has found a gold mine in the shape of a wife and bouncing baby boy.

Rainy Lake City is but a shadow of what it was in the palmy days of 1894. Then half a thousand or more people entered all kinds of business and those who could not secure buildings, used tents. There was money and trade, excitement and Wild West features—in fact, a genuine booming American town. Over 200 votes were cast at the first election that was held. Then came the panic. Next the Little American mine seemed to be a failure. People fled like rats from a sinking ship and those who stayed did so because they could not get away. Through it all Fred J. Bowman remained and issued the Rainy Lake Journal. The value of his work cannot be estimated in dollars and should this country ever choose a patron saint, it would be Fred J. Bowman without a dissenting voice. I am pleased to be able to state that he has managed to secure several gold properties and the prospects are fair that he will get a little of his reward in this world.

Things are looking up again. People are coming in and the properties are assuming value again. The hotel here is small, but comfortable, and exceedingly clean. Rainy Lake City may yet see a glorious resurrection. Stranger things have happened.

JOHN L. MORRISON.

Hood's Pills

Best to take after dinner; prevent distress, aid digestion, cure constipation. Purely vegetable; do not gripe or cause pain. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

BABY'S SKIN

In all the world there is no other treatment so pure, so sweet, so safe, so speedy, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, and hair, and eradicating every humor, as warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.

"All About the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," free.

EVERY HUMOR From Pimples to Scrofula cured by CUTICURA.

THE SPECKED APPLES

Never Run Out and the Good Ones Were Never Reached.

A thrifty father made a practice of putting several barrels of apples away in the cellar every fall for the winter's use. As they began to decay he picked them over carefully every two or three days and carried up the specked and partially decayed ones for the family to eat. This was thrifty, to be sure. Sometimes a brave member of the family would make request that a perfect and sound apple be brought up, but was met with the reproof that "the sound ones would keep till along in the spring, and it would be wasteful to let the decayed ones go on and spoil entirely." So the family ate rotten apples all winter, as there were always enough ahead to preclude the use of any good ones. We get into ruts by following our habits without the use of our higher intelligence. Time was, and is now, in some cases, that men and women continued the coffee habit when they had daily proof that it was ruining their stomachs, and slowly but surely undermining their constitutions. But at the present day so many people are so seriously affected by the poisonous alkaloids of coffee that a great demand appeared for some choice beverage that was like coffee but did not produce the dangerous physical results. Cocoa, chocolate and the like do not seem to answer the demand of the palate for a pungent, acrid, piquant beverage.

Postum Cereal Food Coffee is now in use in the homes of great numbers of the intelligent classes, where it is used for the coffee of the children as well as the adults.

It is pure and nourishing, being made entirely from the healthful cereals (grains) intended by nature for man's subsistence.

It has the charming color and delicious flavor of the milder and more expensive grades of Java.

Wily grocers sometimes offer a "substitute" for the genuine and original Postum Cereal Coffee. Insist on having Postum. Experience will teach the buyer and the red seals and registered U. S. trade mark, "It makes red blood," will protect him.

DANGER! Few appreciate the Danger to which the Expectant Mother is exposed and the foreboding with which she looks forward to the hour of woman's severest trial.

Mother's Friend

so assists Nature that the change goes forward in an easy manner, without the violent protest of Nausea, Headache, etc. Gloomy forebodings yield to hopeful anticipations, she passes through the ordeal quickly and with little pain, is left strong to joyously perform the high and holy duties now devolved upon her, and the time of recovery shortened.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of price, $1.00 PER BOTTLE. Book "TO EXPECTANT MOTHERS" mailed Free, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

REJECTED

The Council Declines to Have J. J. Durage For City Engineer.

Debate Over Bridge Company's Ordinance Giving It Street Rights.

The Ordinance Reducing the Circus License Fee Failed to Pass.

The council last evening received and accepted by an unanimous vote the resignation of D. A. Reed as city engineer. It refused, however, to confirm the election of J. J. Durage as Mr. Reed's successor, the vote on the resolution being 4 yeas to 11 nays. Those voting in the affirmative were Aldermen Richardson, Shannon, Sang, and Tischer. Alderman Duren was absent. The council will meet this evening to have another try at the city engineer question.

It was said last night, during the course of debate, that the program is to adjourn from day to day until this matter is settled. The communication from the board of public works notifying the council of the election of Mr. Durage was signed by Messrs. Smith and Flood. Mr. Wilson of the board sent in a communication recommending E. J. Duffies for the position, and this was referred.

A resolution approving Mr. Reed's bond as city engineer was reported, Alderman Richardson, stating that the object was to protect the city in case of claims arising in consequence of the acts of Mr. Reed pending the election and qualification of his successor. Some of the aldermen seemed to be afraid there was an African in the woodpile, and the resolution was defeated.

Alderman Burg created some amusement by saying that he had not intended to sign the report, and insinuating that Alderman Richardson had procured his signature by turning a page on him.

Alderman Richardson explained how it happened, and Mr. Burg was allowed to withdraw his name.

CAUSED A DEBATE.

There was a long debate over the ordinance granting a right-of-way for an elevated trackway to the Duluth-Superior bridge from the northerly line of Pine avenue via Arthur avenue. An amendment was tacked on limiting the grant to five years, and the measure was then referred back to the committee with instructions to insert a clause making the grant non-transferable.

Alderman Simpson led the attack on the measure. He was fierce, vitriolic even. He wound up by getting into a row with President Cochrane, and was, figuratively speaking, knocked in the head by the president's gavel.

A communication had been received from the street railway company complaining that the Northern Pacific and St. Paul & Duluth Railway companies had recently dug out from under a lot of slabs and sawmill refuse an old stubtrack that crossed Arthur avenue, near the incline and runs to the middle of the block, which stub, the communication stated, the railroads now insist is very important to them, the comunication closing with a request that the council direct the removal of the track Alderman Simpson used this as a reason for delay, moving that the ordinance be referred back until action should be taken on the street railway's request. This failing, he moved amendments to strike out the words "successors and assigns," and to refer back for the addition of a clause providing for free foot passage, both of which were lost. Then Mr. Simpson moved an adjournment, which was also defeated.

Then he had his till with the chair, and subsided long enough to allow Alderman Jefferson to introduce the amendment limiting the time of the grant. This being carried, Mr. Simpson again came to the front with a motion to refer back for the addition of a clause forbidding an assignment of the right, which was carried.

The ordinance provides that the bridge company shall allow connection with its bridge tracks on demand, and that it may charge for the use of its property such a sum or sums as shall aggregate 6 per cent on its investment. Provision is made for filing with the city clerk a statement of cost and annual statements of receipts.

THE CIRCUS LICENSE.

Another long debate was that over the ordinance reducing circus licenses from $500 to $250. Alderman Jefferson delivered quite a sermon on the wickedness of circuses. He favored a high license as a prohibitive measure. The circus, he said, is a breeder of crime. In its train come a horde of wicked people with "skin" games. All the old games that the alderman had run against in the army were to be found among the tents of the unrighteous circus, he said.

He went on further to dilate on these wicked games, when Alderman Crassweller arose to a point of order, on the ground that the speaker was directing his remarks to Alderman Richardson instead of the chair.

Alderman Jefferson apologized and turned toward the chair. His address was a moving one, and at the conclusion of its fifthly and lastly, the ordinance was lost. Alderman Simpson changed his vote for the purpose of moving a reconsideration in the future.

The ordinance reducing pawnbrokers' licenses from $250 to $100 also went under. The following ordinances were passed: Reducing hack and dray licenses to $7 and $2.50 for double and single rigs respectively; prohibiting the sounding of locomotive whistles between Fortieth and Sixty-third avenues east, and requiring physicians to report to the board of health cases of contagious and infectious disease treated by them.

There was introduced and referred to the city attorney a resolution granting to the Canosia Lake Improvement company the right to erect telephone poles and lines from Fifth avenue west and Seventh street to the intersection of the city limits and the Swan Lake road.

EMPLOYMENT LICENSE GRANTED.

A resolution was passed granting to W. H. Alexander a license for an employment agency at 10 Fifth avenue west. Alderman Simpson offered an amendment, which was defeated, adding the word "saloon" before the street number. He said he wanted the council to go squarely on record if it proposed to license employment agencies in saloons.

A resolution was passed granting permission to the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway company to move its depot and sheds to permit of the erection of its new depot.

The payrolls were passed with the exception of those of the engineering department. Both Mr. Reed and Mr. Patton sent in a payroll from this department. They were referred back to committee.

The board of public works reported that it had awarded the contract for excavating the force main trench from Fortieth avenue east to the low service reservoir to P. McDonnell at $12,915. Referred. The board also sent in a communication stating that the award of the reservoir contract had been deferred pending the election of an engineer to succeed Mr. Reed. The board reported that it had contracted with Mr. Fredrickson to tear down the pump house walls and rebuild the structure for $22,162.50. The excess of $1862.50 over the estimate of the expert committee was explained by the fact that the committee's estimate was hastily made and from data that was in part incorrect. Referred.

The following offer from the Lakewood Land company of land for track and park purposes was submitted by the waterworks committee: Land for a ground spur, $1114; for a street spur, $6864; twelve acres, track to be laid on ground, $6000; track on trestle, $9000; twenty-seven acres for track and spur purposes, $11,000.

A communication from the mayor was received, recommending that the council request the district judges to appoint a charter commission, as provided in the Sheehan act. Referred.

The following communications were also received and referred: From the Trades assembly, asking that work on the waterworks, and especially the stone-cutting, be given to Duluth labor as far as possible; from the Trades assembly council committee, asking that Duluth granite be used in the new reservoir; from Mabel Folsom, asking remittance of her quota for stenographic work done for the tri-city charter committee.

An adjournment to 7:30 o'clock this evening was taken.

REDUCED RATES TO PHILADELPHIA.

Account of the meeting of the American Medical Association and Academy of Medicine at Philadelphia, the Baltimore & Ohio railroad will sell tickets to delegates on the certificate plan from all points on its lines west of the Ohio river, May 26 to June 2, valid for return passage until June 7, on the basis of a fare and a third for the round trip. Tickets will also be sold on this plan from stations of all connecting lines.

The Baltimore & Ohio maintains a double daily service of fast express trains with through Pullman cars from Chicago to Philadelphia. All Baltimore & Ohio trains run via Washington and stop-over is allowed at the national capital within the life of the ticket.

For further information address B. N. Austin, G. P. A., Grand Central station, Chicago, Ill.

New Telephone Directory.

The Duluth Telephone company will issue their midsummer directory on July 1. New subscribers desirous of having their names appear in this issue should place their orders before June 10, as the book goes to the printer on that date.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

PLEASING ENTERTAINMENT.

Handsome War Pictures Presented at Catholic Hall.

The patriotic entertainment at Catholic Association hall last evening was well attended and pleased the audience greatly. It was cleverly arranged and was well presented. The staging of the pictures and the arrangement of lights were excellent. A series of living pictures was presented and all were admirable. A large number of them were of a patriotic character. "The Soldier's Farewell" and "The Soldier's Return" were very good, and a touching picture was "An Innocent Victim," showing a Sister of Mercy struck by a bullet while attending the wounded. "The On-convenience of Single Life" was a humorous picture. It showed a soldier in the act of threading a needle preparatory to patching his clothing. "Justice," the "Goddess of War," "Columbia" and "June" were all represented. A "Northern Belle" and a "Southern Belle" were the final pictures. The Northern belle was a handsomely attired and very pretty woman, while the Southern belle was a little colored girl.

There were several musical numbers and recitations. James Lynn and Mrs. C. H. Thornton sang solos, and Miss Louden and Miss Shannon gave a duet. Miss Heath and R. H. Cox gave recitations, and Miss Costello a piano solo.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

REDUCED RATES VIA B. & O.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE GERMAN BAPTISTS, FREDERICK, MD.

The Baltimore & Ohio railroad will sell tickets from all points on its lines west of the Ohio river for all trains June 2, 3 and 4 inclusive, valid for return passage until June 30. The rate from Chicago will be $17.25, and correspondingly low rates from all other points on its lines. Tickets will also be placed on sale at all coupon stations throughout the West and Northwest.

The Baltimore & Ohio operates a double service of fast express trains from Chicago to Frederick, with through Pullman sleeping cars. The scenery along the line of the Baltimore & Ohio is unequaled on the American continent and is seen at its best at this time of the year.

For further information address B. N. Austin, G. P. A., Grand Central station, Chicago, Ill.

FULL of HEALTH

Every ingredient in Hires Rootbeer is health giving. The blood is improved, the nerves soothed, the stomach benefited by this delicious beverage.

HIRES

Rootbeer

Quenches the thirst, tickles the palate; full of snap, sparkle and effervescence. A temperance drink for everybody.

Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A package makes five gallons.

DETROIT AND RETURN $12

Leave Duluth 6:30 p. m. June 4th. Return limit June 13th.

Via D. S. S. & A. Ry

Office: 426 Spalding Hotel Block.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages (full treatment), for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, 321 West Superior street. MAX WIRTH, 11 West Superior street.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express prepaid for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

BEGINS

Work Under the Continuous Project Under Way in Duluth Harbor.

Williams, Green & Williams Put the First Dredge at It Today.

They Expect to Have Five in Operation By Next Week.

At 4 o'clock this morning Williams, Green & Williams placed the first dredge at work on the improvement of Duluth and Superior harbors under the continuous contract project. The sundry civil bill containing the appropriation for the first year's work under the contract has not passed congress, but it is reasonably certain that it will within a very short time, and Williams, Green & Williams concluded to make a start.

But one dredge was put at work today, but others will be added very soon. It is expected that five will be at work by next week. This dredge began on the west side of Rice's Point channel near the Ohio Fuel company's dock, at a point where there has been considerable trouble experienced this year. There seems to be a shoal there which bothers the boats, several having gone aground there this year. The first work will be done on the Rice's Point channel. Under the project as adopted it is to be widened to 500 feet and deepened to twenty-one feet.

At present the plan of the contractors is to work the dredges sixteen hours a day. It may be decided later to increase this to eighteen hours. Each dredge, with the necessary scows and tugs, will employ about sixteen or eighteen men. Besides these, the government engineer will have two inspectors on each dredge. He will also have two inspectors at each entry to superintend the dumping of the material into the lake.

It is not known as yet when Capt. C. S. Barker, of Superior, will begin work on his half of the contract. He has made no sign of doing so as yet and has considerable government work now on hand, but he will undoubtedly be prepared to start as soon as the sundry civil bill passes.

THE ANNUAL MEETING.

Ladies' Relief Society Elects Officers For the Year.

Yesterday afternoon the Ladies' Relief society held its twelfth annual meeting at the home of Mrs. A. M. Miller. The secretary's report for the year was read. It showed thirty-nine meetings to have been held with an average attendance of nineteen. Other statistics were as follows: Number of visits reported, 508; number of families helped, 264; number of garments cut, 640; number of garments given out, 2365; number of ladies' material given, 2007; pieces of bedding, 209; pairs shoes, 562; overshoes, 23 pairs; rubbers, 75 pairs; skeins of yarn, 155. Groceries were furnished in 85 cases, meat in 24 cases, wood and coal in 6 cases, nurse in 2 cases, medicine in 3 cases, work secured in 8 cases and other incidental help.

The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. A. M. Miller; vice presidents, Mesdames Clinton Markell and D. C. Prescott; secretary, Mrs. David Buchanan; assistant secretary, Mrs. G. A. Elder; treasurer, Mrs. A. B. Chapin; directors, Mrs. C. M. Vance, Mrs. J. H. LaVaque, Mrs. R. T. Lewis, Mrs. E. C. Collins, Mrs. L. P. Totman, Mrs. S. C. McCormick, Mrs. J. M. Taggart, Mrs. M. J. Hawksworth.

HAS GREATLY IMPROVED.

Ex-Mayor Davis Finds Great Development in Kansas.

Ex-Mayor M. J. Davis, accompanied by his wife, returned yesterday from Galena, Cherokee county, Kas., where he has been to look after his lead and zinc mining interests. Mr. Davis invested in Kansas mining property about ten years ago and since then remarkable developments have been made in the district. Several new towns have sprung up as a result of the opening of mines and many fortunes have been made. Like other mining communities this part of Kansas has escaped the effects of the financial depression experienced throughout the country during the past few years. The lead and zinc deposits are located in the southeastern part of Kansas, which is not only an excellent farming country, but has extensive coal deposits. Natural gas and petroleum have been discovered in large quantities also and the Standard Oil company has leased thousands of acres of land for oil and gas, extending over half a dozen counties. The market price for both zinc and lead is good and operators of mines are realizing handsome profits.

Expecting His Removal.

Maj. M. R. Baldwin, chairman of the Chippewa Indian commission, is now attending closely to the duties of his position, but is daily expecting to receive notice of his removal. It is not likely that he will have any successor as the department has about decided to abolish the commission and to adopt the plan in vogue at La Pointe Indian agency for the disposition of timber on the White Earth and contiguous reservations.

A VALUABLE PRESCRIPTION.

Editor Morrison, of Worthington, Ind., Sun, writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Amanda Scribe, 2625 Cottage Grove avenue, Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and strength. Prices 50 cents and $1.00. Get a bottle at Duluth

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio, Phone No. 9. Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

The report of the building inspector for the month of May shows that there were twenty-four permits issued for the erection and repair of buildings. The total value of the improvements is $10,815.

Gibson pictures at the Lyceum next Tuesday.

Millinery at half price. Call early for best selections. Humes, over Suffel's.

Owing to the late spring, we have reduced hats to half price at Humes.

Ladies' Knox sailor hats at Big Duluth.

The Duluth Dredge and Dock company will finish its work at Grand Marais this week and will bring its dredge down about Friday.

Gage Bros. & Co. this morning began suit against May Gagnier Cusson to recover $65.06, alleged to be due on a bill of goods. The complaint alleges that the defendant purchased a bill of millinery supplies amounting to $168.31, that she paid thereon $103.25, and that the balance is still due. R. D. Silliman is the attorney.

In the case of the Germania Iron company vs. William Craig, H. E. James, J. H. Chandler, C. W. Hilliard, Bishop Iron company and Minnesota Iron company, the defendant, C. W. Hilliard, has entered a demurrer on the ground that no cause of action is stated in the complaint.

The Duluth Water and Light company in its case against the city of Duluth, has filed a reply to the first ground of defense which is made by way of counterclaim. The plaintiff alleges that it has operated thirteen miles and 2834.4 feet of mains in West Duluth.

The regular monthly meeting of the Duluth Historical and Scientific association will be held next Tuesday evening in the high school library.

The local union of Young People's Societies of Christian Endeavor will hold a convention at First Baptist church, corner of Eleventh avenue east and Second street, tomorrow evening. A delegate to the national convention at San Fraicsco will be elected, and other matters of interest will be taken up. Several topics covering the work of the society will be discussed.

A marriage license has been issued to Marshall C. Murray and Cora O. Gates.

Second papers have been granted by the district court to J. Ephraim Johnson, of Norway, now known as J. E. Seth.

$5 hat? Nit! Made over, $1.25. Kelly.

The case of Johnson against the Bessemer Steamship company and the city's mandamus case against the St. Paul & Duluth and Northern Pacific roads were still on in the district court today.

A RAILROAD'S EFFRONTERY.

Northern Pacific Claims Another Grade Crossing.

At the council meeting last evening the street railway company presented a communication informing the city that the Northern Pacific railway had dug up an old track on Rice's Point near the bridge approach, raised it to the street level and proposed to hold it there. The matter when fully explained seems to merit all the indignation the people of the city can heap upon the road and be ground enough for the inauguration of a boycott. It seems to have been done with the deliberate intention of harassing and interfering both with the city and the street railway company.

A brief history is necessary for an understanding of the situation. When the bridge was planned it was the intention to have the street running from it to Garfield avenue a block nearer the bridge than it now is. The change making the approach a block longer, was made to avoid crossing the sawmill property. On Sunday the Northern Pacific railroad very quietly put a crew of men at work and dug up an old track which nobody knew existed. It runs directly across the bridge approach. This track was covered with about four feet of slabs and sawdust, the rails were rusty, the ties rotten and it had been abandoned for years. This track the railroad crew proceeded to lay on the grade of the street and now proposes to hold it there.

A little reflection shows what this means and is enough to make the blood of every good citizen boil when he stops to think what the railroads have received from the city and what tribute has been paid to them. It means that another grade crossing is to be added to the network already on Rice's Point, and at a point which makes it more dangerous than all the rest combined. It crosses the bridge approach right near the sawmill, so that anyone driving down the bridge approach will be unable to see a train of cars owing to the mill shielding it. This approach is sure to be crowded with teams and pedestrians at times when the draw is open and passage obstructed, and a terrible accident could easily happen. Grade crossings are the terror of every city, and in all the large cities a relentless war has been waged on them. And now Duluth is threatened with another.

The matter has stirred up much comment today and the talk against the road's action has been bitter. One merchant said: "It is an outrage and the city should do precisely what the street railway company suggested—rip that track up and throw it out. The right of the company to occupy the street should never be recognized in any way. A grade crossing at that point would be a terrible menace to life and limb. They are bad enough anywhere. Only this morning we hear through the papers of a terrible accident in the East at one of these death traps, and no place could be more dangerous than the one where it is proposed to have this crossing."

The road claims that it must have the track to get at the lumber yards near the bay. The excuse seems to be thin, for it can easily run down from the tracks near the Imperial mill and through that section.

Another feature to be considered is that the grade of the approach is 4 per cent. Sometimes a street car is apt to gain headway on such a grade, and if a crossing was there with a train on it, there might be a horrible catastrophe.

Caught Some Bass.

J. I. Van Vliet, secretary of the Lesure Lumber company, returned this morning from a successful fishing excursion to Pike lake on the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road. A string of large bass hung in the window of the South Shore ticket office this morning as an evidence of his skill as an angler.

DO YOU FEEL IRRITABLE?

TAKE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

It makes a refreshing, cooling beverage and is an invigorating tonic, soothing to the nerves.

TONNAGE

Receipts and Shipments of the Duluth Customs District During May.

Shows a Decrease Over Last May in Almost Every Particular.

Ore Shipments From Duluth Fall Considerably Below Those of Last May.

The monthly report for May of the Duluth customs district, including Duluth and Two Harbors, was made up from the records this morning. Compared with May of last year, it shows a decrease in almost every particular. Compared with last year the report is as follows:

Receipts—Coal, 78,378 tons; last year, 86,056. Sugar, 8471 barrels; last year, 11,789. Salt, 22,050 barrels; last year, 15,024. Fresh fish, 57,577 pounds; last year, 231,426. Total arrivals, 30; last year, 500.

Shipments—Wheat, 1,315,227 bushels; last year, 3,710,682. Oats, 174,000 bushels; last year, 150,073. Barley, 288,000 bushels; last year, 112,782. Rye, 197,700 bushels; last year, 87,000. Flax, 155,000 bushels; last year, 152,472. Flour, 169,856 barrels; last year, 225,021. Iron ore, 445,233 tons; last year, 502,552. Lumber, 32,522,094 feet; last year, 45,148,289. Total departures, 319; last year, 501.

MISSABE ROAD SHIPMENTS.

Considerably Less Ore Shipped Than During Last May.

During the month of May there was shipped from the ore docks of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railroad company in this city 287,834 tons of iron ore to lower lake ports. This is about 70,000 tons less than was shipped in May, 1896. In the early part of the month, shipments were exceedingly light, ore being received at the dock from the Iron Mountain and Oliver mines only. Now, however, five mines, the Iron Mountain, Oliver, Ohio, Biwabik and Commodore are making daily shipments, and the amount received is in excess of 600 cars every day. While it is expected the shipments for June will be in excess of those for May, it is not at all probable that they will equal those of June last year, when the heaviest shipment in the history of the Mesaba range was made, the total amounting to approximately 546,000 tons, with a balance left on the docks July 1 of 65,000 tons, making a grand total of ore handled here, more than 500,000 tons. While there is a considerable falling off in shipments at Duluth as compared with last year, it has not been as great as at Michigan and Wisconsin ports, and it now seems probable that the season's shipments from Duluth will be greater than from any other ore shipping point on Lake Superior.

PERSONALS.

Rev. J. E. Seth, rector of the Swedish Mission church, left yesterday for Chicago to attend a church convention. He will return Sunday.

Herbert Connors has decided to remove to Minneapolis and open a studio. He has a number of commissions there. He will be in Duluth again in August.

Maj. Clinton B. Sears went to Two Harbors today to look after government work there.

D. Wittenberg, Jr., of the Tower Lumber company, is in the city today on the way to his home at Sagola. He is at the St. Louis.

Harry S. Boutell, of Detroit, is a late arrival at the St. Louis.

George M. Furbush, of Ashland, is a guest at the St. Louis.

E. B. Hawkins, of Virginia, is at the St. Louis.

R. H. Grinsted is up from Minneapolis, a guest at the St. Louis.

B. C. Morse, of Alpena, Mich., is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

C. E. Lytle, superintendent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, with headquarters at Marquette, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

Dr. Fred Barrett came down from Tower today and registered at the St. Louis.

William Allen and W. G. Bonham, of Tower, are among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

Miers Coryell, consulting engineer of the Northern Steamship company, arrived in the city from New York this morning. He is at the Spalding.

W. C. Farrington and wife arrived in the city from Buffalo this morning. They are are at the Spalding.

George A. McGuire, R. L. Clark, W. J. Sanderson and I. M. Tripp, of St. Paul, are among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

C. J. Martin and W. H. Dunwoody, of Minneapolis, arrived in the city this morning and registered at the Spalding.

Mrs. S. Van Wagner is ill at her home, 1819 Piedmont avenue west.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

DR. HOBBS

FULFILLS HIS MISSION IN DULUTH.

No Excuse Remains for People Suffering from Diseased Kidneys, Backache or Rheumatism.

The Help for All Such Ailments Is Within Reach of Everybody, for the Remedy That Will Cure You Is

DR. HOBBS SPARAGUS KIDNEY PILLS.

When Dr. Hobbs confidently asserted some weeks ago that by the use of his Sparagus Kidney Pills the sufferings of people in and around Duluth who were afflicted with kidney ailments would be less than three-quarters what it was before his advent to this city, he had no idea that the results would far exceed his predictions.

It seems a great pity that the public could not, at a glance, see and read all the thousands of kind and grateful testimonials of this great remedy which have been received from persons who are now in the enjoyment of health and vigor, who had, before using Hobbs' Sparagus Kidney Pills, suffered months or years of untold misery.

Could this be done, the immensity of sufferings relieved and the good this grand medicine has accomplished since its discovery would be more thoroughly realized by the world at large.

To an honest physician like Dr. Hobbs no greater pleasure or satisfaction can be felt than to know that he has been instrumental in restoring thousands of invalids to perfect health.

Cured of Kidney Trouble and Rheumatism.

Jamestown, N. Y., Oct. 31, 1896.

I have suffered from kidney trouble for the past year. Have tried a number of remedies without any cure; finally was advised to get a box of Hobbs' Sparagus Kidney Pills, and now it is with pleasure that I can say that I am cured of my kidney trouble and relieved of my occasional attacks of rheumatism. MARK WOODWORTH,
325 Hazzard street.

A Sure Cure for Backache. One Box Gave Instant Relief.

Watertown, N. Y., Oct. 20, 1896.

I have been troubled with pain in my back and sides through my kidneys for some time. I took one box of Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Kidney Pills and they gave me instant relief. I have not been troubled with pain in my kidneys or back since. H. N. MARTIN,
49 State street.

"Nothing Helped Me So Much As Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills."

Ithaca, N. Y., Oct. 23, 1896.

I have had kidney trouble for eight years, and have found nothing that helped me so much as Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Kidney Pills.
GEORGE RICHARDSON.

"My Rheumatism Has Vanished."

Jamestown, N. Y., Oct. 29, 1896.

I have suffered from kidney trouble for the last two years, and doctored for it without any cure; finally was advised to buy a box of Hobbs' Sparagus Kidney Pills, which I have taken with good results, having relieved me of the backache, and my rheumatism has vanished.
A. W. BUCK,
214 Chandler street.

Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Kidney Pills, 50 cents a box. Six for $2.50.

FOR SALE BY

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
335 West Superior St., Cor. 4th Ave.,
DULUTH, MINN.

Asks For Damages.

Fred Henssler has begun a personal injury suit against the Northern Steamship company to recover $5000. He claims that on May 25, 1896, he was working on the steamer North Land as water tender on the boiler. The boat had not yet got up steam, and he with others was overhauling the vessel preparatory to putting her in commission. While the plaintiff was mixing himself up with the complicated machinery a crank of some sort that he was not looking out for shot out and broke his elbow, for which injury he asks $5000. A. N. McGindley is his attorney.

Carrie Bowed Again.

Carrie Roscoe made her bow before Judge Edson again this morning. It was vagrancy this time, to which Carrie pleaded guilty. She was let off with a suspended sentence. David Anderson pleaded guilty of drunkenness and paid $10 and costs for his fun. Frank Kane, John Saunders and C. Christianson all pleaded guilty of the same charge and joined the stone-breaking gang for ten days.

Barber Shop Changes Hands.

G. W. Guild has bought the Lonsdale barber shop from G. H. Apfel and will continue to conduct it in the same first-class manner as in the past. Mr. Guild has been in charge of the shop for some time past and hopes to merit a continuance of old patronage as well as new.

Duluth Citizens!

Can always secure lowest round trip rates at the Eastern Minnesota city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

St. Paul-Minneapolis and return.	
June 1 and 2	$ 4 30
Detroit and return, June 5, 6 and 7	18 75
San Francisco, June 29, July 3..	29 00
Milwaukee and return, July 3, 4 and 5	13 30
St. Paul-Minneapolis and return.	
July 5 and 6	4 30
Nashville and return (daily)	45 30

COAL MINE RESUMES.

Denver, Col., June 1.—The coal mines at Baldwin, Col., resumed operations today, giving employment to a large number of miners. The differences between the company and the miners who had been working on a strike for some time were adjusted by the state board of arbitration created by the last general assembly. Neither side gained any advantage by its decision.

The Reliable Store FREIMUTH'S The Reliable Store

This is a week of bold Dress Goods Price Cutting.

of the greatest importance to every economical shopper at the head of the lakes. In these days, when money is so scarce, women should make their pennies go as far as possible. Read these quotations—come and examine—compare values—that will convince you that you will get the most for your money here.

All Wool Checked Dress Materials, in three and four color combinations, well worth 40c, sell at, a yard 29c

Silk Mixed Checks, Granite Brocades, Shepherd Checks and fancy Jacquard Suitings, the 65c and 75c a yard kind, for Wednesday, a yard 48c

Chevron Suitings, Illuminated Etamines and Tufted Novelties, in large variety of colors, very jaunty stuffs, should sell readily at 75c and 85c a yard for Wednesday, a yard 58c

44-inch Mohair Figured Dress Materials, well worth 95c a yard, sell Wednesday, a yard 65c

Dress Patterns.

$5.00 Dress Patterns, sell at $3.18

$6 50 Dress Patterns, sell at $4.16

$7 50 Dress Patterns, sell at $5.25

$12.00 Dress Patterns, sell at $6.75

46-inch Silk and Wool Imported Novelty Dress Stuffs and Illuminated Covert Suitings, cheap at $1.00 sell at, a yard 75c

Imported Dress Materials, 44 to 46 inches wide, in silk and wool and Mohair Mixtures, choice color combinations, were imported to retail at $1 50 a yard, the price Wednesday is, a yard 89c

46-inch Parisian Checked Dress Materials, three and four color combinations, real value $1.50 a yard, Wednesday's price, a yard 95c

50-inch Illuminated Fancy Canvas Cloths, that should sell at $1.65, sell Wednesday at, a yard $1.00

Great Remnant Sale For Wednesday.....

Wool Remnants, Silk Remnants, Wash Goods Remnants. All Sell at a great sacrifice.

Wash Dress Goods.

50 pieces of Printed Dimities and Lace Stripe Batiste, made to sell at 12½c, Wednesday only 7½c

1 case of medium and dark colored Dress Prints, perfectly fast colors, stripes and figures, always sell at 7c, sell Wednesday a yard 4½c

25 pieces of Dark Colored half wool Challies, usually sold at 15c, Wednesday's price, a yard 7½c

20 pieces of Colelle Dimities, all sorts of designs and figures, should be 18c a yard, sell at, a yard 12½c

10 pieces of Lace Striped Grenadines, pretty colorings, well worth 20c, sell at, a yard 15c

SILKS....

The most phenomenal values offered yet. 24 inch best qualities and styles of Printed Silks, sold all over the world at $1 00 a yard. Wear guaranteed. Sell Wednesday at, a yard 69c

All our Wash Silks, the stripes and checks, others ask you 35c and 39c a yard for, sell at, a yard 25c

500 yards Checked Taffeta Silks for Waists, all good colors, the 50c kind, sells Wednesday at, a yard 29c

Another lot Black Brocaded Silks for Skirts and Capes, in Satin and Gros Grain ground, every design new, this season's productions, we shall offer this special lot as an extraordinary bargain at; per yard 69c

Another Attraction.

A lot of fancy Black Grenadines, the sheer, gauzy kinds, so stylish and scarce this season, 45 inches wide, sell at, a yard ..... $2 50 and $1.25

Brocaded Taffetas and Figured Surah Silks, in new color combinations, worth $1.00 and $1.25 a yard, sell at 75c

Black Dress Goods.

42-inch Black Figured Mohairs, good value at 40c, sell Wednesday at, a yard 25c

40-inch Black All Wool Serge, 40c quality, at, a yard 29c

42 and 44-inch Wool and Mohair Brocades, 42-inch Mohair Figured Brilliantines, 48-inch Black all wool Storm Serges, that have been selling up to 75c a yard, sell Wednesday at 49c

Priestley's Black Mohair Figured Cheviots, Brocaded Soliels and Fancy Grantes, the $1.25 qualities, Wednesday, a yard 89c

44 and 46-inch Black Satin Figured Brocades and Fancy Empress Cords, Priestley's Weaves, the $1.75 and $1 50 kind, at a yard 98c

$1.25 Black Figured Wool Grenadines at, a yard 79c

38-inch Black Jacquards, 40-inch Black Fancy Nattes 38 inch Black Fancy Crepons, 38-inch Black Waffle Suitings, Special good values at 85c a yard. All go Wednesday at, a yard 50c

50-inch all wool Black Etamine sells at, a yard 87½c

Priestley's Black and White and gray and white striped Dress Serges, none worth less than $1 00 a yard, to close out at 59c

FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S

HE DISCREDITS IT.

Supt. Philbin Does Not Believe His Road is Sold.

D. M. Philbin, general superintendent of the Duluth, Superior & Western railroad, discredits the frequently printed reports of the purchase of the road by J. J. Hill. He says that he has heard nothing concerning the reported change in ownership, except what he has seen in the newspapers, and he believes if Mr. Hill had come into possession of the property that he would have heard something about it. Mr. Philbin knows nothing about J. F. Lawless, who is reported to have made a trip over the road inspecting it for Mr. Hill, and said that if the gentleman had taken a run over the line that he had no idea he was doing it as the representative of the president of the Great Northern.

PULPIT WILL BE FILLED.

Rev. H. H. Dresser's Pastorate to Be Supplied.

Grace Methodist church, at the West End, which has been without a pastor for several months owing to the illness of Rev. H. H. Dresser with typhoid, will have its pulpit supplied after next Sunday. Rev. Dr. Newcome, of Chattanooga, Tenn., has been assigned to fill the vacancy until the close of the present conference year, and he will occupy the pulpit for the first time next Sunday morning. He will remain at least until September, when the new conference year begins.

Dr. Dresser, who has been exceedingly ill for weeks, so ill that his life was despaired of at times, is now out of danger, but the protracted siege of typhoid he has undergone has left him so weak that he is still unable to leave his bed. He will not preach before September, and the question of whether he will occupy the pulpit of Grace church next year will depend largely on his health.

A festival will be given at the church tonight at which strawberries, ice cream, etc., and a musical and literary program will be the attractions.

May Write the Answers.

In the case of Alfred and Leonidas Merritt against A. A. Harris & Son, which is to be tried at this term of the district court, but which has been awaiting the arrival of the depositions of the plaintiffs from Mexico, the defendants this morning filed an offer which will tend to hasten matters. They offer to allow the plaintiffs to write the answers to the questions to be propounded to them, and the necessity of the commissioner's presence is waived. If the agent of the Merritts writes the answers, they may be written in Duluth or elsewhere, and they may be given without the administration of any oath. The only conditions are that the case must be tried at this term, and the defendants reserve the right to enter objections to questions in the usual manner.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

INCLUDE MANY THINGS.

Patent Models Recently Received Cover a Wide Range.

A. H. Brockelhurst has received a list of the patent models recently loaned by the government to the Duluth Historical and Scientific association. The models were received some time ago but they have not yet been opened because the problem of where they are to be placed is not yet solved, so the only clue to what the boxes contain is the list received by Mr. Brockelhurst. This shows that there are 463 models in the collection, and if there be any device for shortening and lightening labor, increasing comfort etc., that is not in the list, small as it is, it is hard to imagine it. Very few of the patents in the list are known, and probably but few of them ever amounted to a row of pins, but all are interesting as illustrative of Yankee ingenuity.

The models were of course selected at random, and the patents for them were all issued during the last fifteen years. Of course the list is but a very small percentage of the whole number of patents issued, and when this is borne in mind it is interesting to think what a vast army of people are constantly employed in attempting to come at fortune by a short cut by procuring something that will fill a long felt want and sell like hot cakes. Once in a while some lucky individual strikes some little idea that speedily makes him a millionaire, while the other 999 out of 1000 spend their energies on things that would never be heard of if it were not for these exhibits of models.

In the list machines for lightening labor are in the lead, and there are more washing machines than any other single article. Next are various varieties of locks and car couplings. There are a number of burglar alarms and sewing, typewriting and printing machines. There is an automatic device for opening windows which is not explained but which is probably some arrangement intended to fix things so that one may sit in an easy chair and by pressing a button raise or lower any window without much exertion.

There are also an adding machine, a cowtail holder, whatever that may be, a cork puller and many other things common and uncommon. There are even a "burial windlass" and a coffin, probably contrivances to permit one to be comfortably buried with all modern conveniences. The fact that the list gives merely the names of the articles and that the patents themselves are buried in their unopened cases leaves considerable speculation as to the nature of some of them. One is called an "aerial bird," and there is considerable doubt as to whether it is a flying machine or a toy. There is also a "revolving gun," which may be a modern war machine or a duck slaughtering instrument.

Reserved seats for Tonning-Riedelsberger concert, June 7, at Coon's and Porter's.

Pike Lake Property at a Sacrifice!

Here is a Snap for Somebody

A party who must have money immediately offers to sell twenty acres on the south shore of Pike Lake, with a water frontage of 440 feet, only a short distance west of the hotel and as handsome a piece of property as there is on that beautiful lake, for

$50 an acre CASH.

This timber and wood on this land is worth at least $25 per acre, and anyone familiar with values knew the property is well worth as an investment, even in these depressed times, fully twice as much as the price now asked. A chance for a number of cottage homes with large gardens attached. Deal must be closed by June 5. First come, first served.

W. H. SMALLWOOD,
310-311 Torrey Building. Agent.

WILL THIS DO?

Only one fare for the round trip to Detroit, Mich., via "The Northwestern Line," (Omaha railway). Tickets on sale June 5 to 7. If you are going down that way, better drop in and see us at No. 405 West Superior street.

Your Money, Diamonds, Jewelry and Valuable Papers are safe in the Duluth Safety Deposit Vaults

Strictly Burglar and Fire Proof (Diebold's Safe—Yale time lock.) You are cordially invited to call and inspect them. 3 West Superior street. ROBT. B. EVSTER, Mgr.

Great Sale

Of everything for the garden....

40,000 plants of all kinds.

To clean out, we have cut the prices on all our large plants one third. On bedding and basket plants we have cut the price clear down and you can make your places gay for almost nothing.

The lowest prices ever made in Duluth

Come to the greenhouses (in the morning if you can) and see for yourself. Everything of the best.

LINDSAY'S GREENHOUSES,
52d Avenue East.
Lakeside cars stop at the door.

ADVICE GIVEN FREE

All matters treated confidentially.

Benson's Detective Agency. Offices in Exchange Building.

For Rent.

From June 1—an

8-Room House, All Modern Conveniences,

17 Fifteenth Avenue east—

$30 Per Month.

DULUTH TRUST COMPANY.

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. | WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2, 1897. | FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. | TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

WET WEATHER CLOTHING!

It isn't safe to venture outside these days unless you're well prepared for the rain and wet. Nothing takes the place of a Mackintosh Coat. Its a stylish garment—keeps you dry and warm and takes the place of a spring Overcoat. We're making special low prices on all kinds of Clothing for this wet weather.

Men's Mackintosh Coats at
$4.00, $5.00, $6.50, $8, $10

Boys' Mackintosh Coats at
$2.95 and $3.50

Men's Rain Coats at
$1.75, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00

Boys' Rain Coats at
$1.45, $2.00 and $2.50

Rubber Hats, Rubbers, Rubber Leggins, Rubber Boots, Black and Yellow Oil Clothing, Rubber Gloves.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. | The BIG DULUTH | 125-127 West Superior Street.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

The best Ten-Cent Union Cigar EVER MADE.

MANUFACTURED BY H. T. DINHAM,

21 West Superior Street.

L. MENDENHALL. | Established 1869. | T. W. HOOPES.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

All the late Books Soon as Issued.....

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore. 323 West Superior Street, Duluth.

Furnish Electric Current For Light and Power.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT and POWER Co.

Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.

OFFICES—Rooms 4-5-6, 216 W. Sup. St. Duluth.

STEINWAY PIANOS! Are recognized as the best in all civilized countries of the world. SOLD EXCLUSIVELY IN THE NORTHWEST BY

DULUTH MUSIC CO. E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

SALESROOMS—Phoenix Block—2nd floor: Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

OPENED

The Commercial Congress Holds Its First Session at Philadelphia.

Large Number of Central and South American Delegates There.

President McKinley Delivered the Address Opening the New Museum.

Philadelphia, June 2.—The Pennsylvania railroad train bearing the presidential party arrived at the Broad street station at 10:10 this morning. Quite a crowd gathered, and when the president walked from the train on the arm of Mayor Warwick to the carriage awaiting him, his head was almost continuously uncovered in responding to the hearty greeting accorded him. The members of the party wer taken in charge by committees assigned for the purpose, and the president was driven directly to Horticultural hall, where the American Medical association convention was in session. The president addressed the members briefly, and was then driven to Philadelphia commercial museum, where he inspected the exhibits of the institution. A luncheon was served at the museum. Later in the afternoon the president at the academy of music, delivered an address at the opening of the international commercial congress.

The international commercial congress was formally opened at 2:30 this afternoon with about 350 delegates present, representing commercial and industrial bodies in all sections of the United States and many foreign countries, the foreigners coming principally from Mexico and the Central and South American states. Among the speakers this afternoon, in addition to President McKinley, were Dr. W. A. Pepper, of this city; Ministers Calvo of Costa Rica, and Romero of Mexico. The president, in his address, said:

"Ladies and Gentlemen: To have assembled the representatives of great commercial and industrial interests at home and abroad in such large numbers is so unprecedented as to make this a most memorable event. Chambers of commerce and boards of trade, mayors of cities and governors of states, together with official visitors from fifteen other nations, unite in testifying to the importance attached to this undertaking. Every one of our sister republics of this continent is here represented through its special minister, and in a number of instances large delegations of prominent citizens have made long journeys at great personal sacrifice to participate in this significant occasion. To all we give a hearty welcome.

"No ordinary object could have produced such an industrial convention. Interstate and international interests and courtesy have contributed to its success, but nothing less than a deep conviction in the minds of the people represented that the movement here begun will eventually effect permanent gains in their commercial relations can account for its wide and distinguished character. The avowed aim of the Philadelphia museum is to aid the development of commercial and industrial prosperity. No worthier cause can engage our energies at this hour. It is a most praiseworthy purpose—the extension of trade to be followed by wider and better fields of employment and easier conditions for the masses. Such an effort commands the instant approval of all lovers of mankind, for with it is linked the prosperity of the humblest toiler and the welfare of every home and fireside. The movement is inaugurated on broad and progressive lines. Its authors and promoters believe that the conditions of international commerce can be directly promoted by systematic study and demonstrated by scientific methods.

"The distinguished body of gentlemen who have planned this organization have grasped great economic truths and are prepared to pursue them to their successful conclusion. Its generous support will increase its usefulness. One national industrial undertaking prepares the way for another. A great exhibit like this is an education and an inspiration. It concentrates the attention of the citizens. It broadens their ideas, strengthens their confidence, promotes the spirit of friendly co-operation and rivalry, awakens a commendable ambition and encourages effort in the utilization of all the forces and processes of production.

"The Columbian World's exposition at Chicago was the forerunner of this less general but more permanent contribution to the world's economic advance. Many of the Chicago exhibits here remain intact and have been intelligently supplemented to such an extent that the management of the Philadelphia museums make the proud claims that their exhibition possesses the most complete and extensive exhibit of its class now in existence. Not only has a wonderful demonstration been made of the products and advancement of our country, but those of all the American republics. A spirit of friendly and mutually advantageous interchange and co-operation has been exemplified which is in itself an inspiring help, not only to trade and commerce, but to international comity and good will.

"The producers and consumers of both continents are here brought together in close touch, and are taught to work together for the commonweal. In order that new markets may be opened and a larger trade profitably conducted the manufacturer must have the opportunity of becoming familiar with the character of the goods desired by the consumer. And so, too, the consumer should have the opportunity to examine the goods which the manufacturer is anxious to dispose of to him. It follows that a recognized central institution such as this, of real stability, whose integrity of management cannot be questioned, with ample means can be made of inestimable advantage not only to a generation in a single country, but to a whole continent and for the vast future.

"Ability as well as capital are essential to the success of trade and fortunately with both of these the museums are well equipped. It is said that the data which can here be found ready for quick and accurate reference is obtainable to a degree not even attempted any place else in the world. Under the circumstances and even at this early date, it is not too much to say that a movement of this kind is in its general scope national—aye, more than that, international in character—and to predict that its success, if wisely conducted, will surprise even its enthusiastic founders. Resting upon business principles, looking solely to the welfare of the country at large, benefiting other nations as well as our own, the interest and realization of the world's industrial object lesson is in accord with the best spirit of the age and worthy of the good will and helpfulness of every partiotic American.

"I assure the promoters of this enernment and the people of our government and th peopl in its success. I congratulate the citizens of Philadelphia, justly renowned for the centennial exposition, which first demonstrated to the world the marvelous development of our resources, that to them have been intrusted the care and completion of this great work. Philadelphia contributed immeasureably to the triumph of liberty; she would now aid in the triumphs of labor. Who can doubt that the deliberations of these able and public-spirited men, acting together freely and cordially, animated by a common impulse and a common interest will result in still closer relations of international comity and a higher prosperity for all. May God's blessing rest upon this worthy enterprise and upon those who shall labor for its welfare. I now declare the Philadelphia museums formally opened."

ANTI-TRUST AMENDMENTS.

Senators Nelson and Pettigrew Are Having a Struggle.

Washington June 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senators Nelson and Pettigrew are having a lively contest for precedence in the matter of the adoption of anti-trust amendments to the pending tariff bill, with the chances decidedly in favor of the Minnesotan. The latter is making a quiet canvass among his colleagues endeavoring to secure support for his amendment, while the South Dakotan is loudly announcing that he has a majority in the senate for his anti-trust amendment. The manner in which Senator Nelson managed the bankruptcy bill in the senate was a revelation, and shrewd senators are predicting that if either wins out it will be the Minnesotan.

WILL GO TO CALIFORNIA.

President McKinley to Visit the Coast Next Month.

Washington, June 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—President McKinley today positively assured a prominent Californian that he would visit the Pacific coast next month. He will attend the semi-centennial celebration at Salt Lake City and will go from there to the coast. This bears out the statement telegraphed yesterday that the president is absolutely certain that the tariff bill will be disposed of by July 15 at the latest and possibly before that time.

MISSING CASH.

St. Paul Bank Teller Under a Grave Charge.

St. Paul, June 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Charles R. Zschau, one of the two receiving tellers of the German American National bank, was today arrested at the instance of the bank officials on a charge of grand larceny, $13,600 in cash having disappeared on Saturday and an investigation having led to the belief that he had taken it. The clerk's bond amply covers the loss to the bank.

DEBS' APOSTLES.

Start From Denver to Preach Radical Socialism.

Denver, Col., June 2.—Three men will start out of Denver tomorrow in a wagon on which are painted the words, "Co-operative Commonwealth Van," to preach radical revolutionary socialism in every part of Colorado and prepare the way for the inauguration of Eugene V. Debs' co?operative commonwealth. The Colorado missionaries are James Hogan, vice president of the American Railway union; N. L. Grist, of Denver, and William Holmes, of Chicago.

It is said that the experiment proposed by Mr. Debs, will be made in a large Western state which has a variety of resources which it is expected will enable its population to be self-supporting.

CURRENCY REFORM.

Congress May Remain in Session to Attempt It.

Chicago, June 2.—A special from Washington says: It is announced semi-officially that congress will not immediately adjourn after the passage of the tariff bill. The Republican managers have decided, in accordance with the wishes of the administration, they will attempt to pass a currency reform measure as soon as the tariff question is out of the way.

It is stated, however, that all the president desires from the present session of congress is the authority to appoint a currency commission, whose members shall be directed to report at the regular session in December a feasible plan of placing the national finances on a sound, substantial and enduring basis.

OHIO INFIRMARY BURNED.

Greenville, Ohio, June 2.—Fire at the Drake county infirmary today entirely destroyed the structure, only the bare walls remaining standing. Many helpless creatures are wandering about the farm, some of them partially insane.

SCRUGGS

St. Louis Merchant, Charged With Smuggling, to Be Heard Soon.

The Foreman of the Present Grand Jury is His Friend.

Arkansas Race War Troubles Not Settled--Negroes Feel Very Ugly.

New York, June 2.—The examination of Richard M. Scruggs, the dry goods merchant of St. Louis, who with his secretary, E. J. Langhorne, was arrested on May 22 after they had landed from the steamship St. Paul, on a charge of smuggling jewelry and laces valued at $5000, was set down for today before United States Commissioner Shields. The hearing was, however, adjourned by agreement of counsel until tomorrow afternoon. It is reported that the examination will be further adjourned until after the present grand jury is discharged, which will be on June 15.

The reason given for this action is that the foreman of the grand jury, James McCreery, is a personal friend of Mr. Scruggs. The foreman of the grand jury cannot be removed, and it is considered that it would be impolitic to bring the case of the accused merchant before a personl friend for adjudication.

RACE WAR TROUBLES.

Negroes in an Ugly Mood in Arkansas.

Little Rock, June 2.—The excitement in Pope county over the race riots which have occurred in Lee township has not abated, but so far as can be learned no further bloodshed has occurred. The negroes are in a very ugly mood and defy arrest. They are being upheld by a few white men, and as they are armed there may be further rioting when the officers attempt to take those for whom warrants have been issued. A correspondent at Atkins says the situation is even more serious than was at first reported.

WILL SOON BE SETTLED.

State's Claim to Land on Ceded Reservations.

Washington, June 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Nelson today called at the interior department to urge speedy action upon the claim of the state of Minnesota to sections 16 and 36 as school lands upon the Red Lake and other ceded Indian reservations in Minnesota. This is an old claim and has been before the department several years. Senator Nelson was assured today that it would be settled immediately.

KENTUCKY SILVERITES.

Democratic Forces Have a Mammoth State Convention.

Frankfort, Ky., June 2.—The silver Democratic state convention opened in Convention hall at 11:30 o'clock today. About 3000 delegates and spectators are in attendance. There were no gold Democrats among the delegates, and scarcely any among the spectators. The issues, with the exception of contested delegations from Louisville and the nomination for appellate court clerk, were settled in advance. State Chairman Johnson, in calling the convention to order, made a vigorous speech, in which he advised more justice than harmony. His speech was devoted mostly to an argument on the methods by which the humbler voters are disfranchised by unscrupulous committeemen.

State Senator Goebel was elected temporary chairman by acclamation, and in his speech said that this convention would deserve and win success in November by its action today, and that a part of that action would be the reaffirmation of the Chicago platform. This reference brought a storm of applause that showed plainly the complexion of the convention. He said that by misrepresentations and a mammoth fund McKinley had been elected president. He arraigned the state administration of Governor Bradley, and concluded with the significant statement that he would preside over the convention with a due consideration of the.

The temporary organization of the convention consumed the remainder of the forenoon session.

difference between a Democratic convention and a Republican legislature.

THE PITTSBURG STRIKE.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 2.—The strike at Jones & Laughlin's iron works has spread to all departments except those operated by the amalgamated association. This morning the engineeers, polishers and shippers came out, swelling the number of strikers to 2500. A large mass meeting was held and it was resolved to stand firm for the old wages. The strikers are now gathered about the mill gates, but no disorder has occurred.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS.

Washington, June 2.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Interior—Miguel A. Otero, to be governor of New Mexico; George H. Wallace, secretary of New Mexico; J. W. Jenkins, secretary of Oklahoma territory.

Panton & White,

GLASS BLOCK STORE.

Thursday Bargains. Like the mighty river, ever flowing on towards the ocean—the mighty stream of Bargains keep constantly flowing out of the Glass Block to make glad the hearts of the people at the head of the lakes. Read this list of bargains for Thursday and profit thereby——

Ladies' Suits $5.75.
Ladies' fine Plain and Combination Suits—Eton or Fly Fronts; Skirts lined with percaline, made to sell at $10—Thursday's price $5.75

Ladies' Skirts $1.98.
To close—25 checked and plain cloth Skirts, all dressmaker-made, worth $3.75 at $1.98

Ladies Jackets $2.98.
15 Ladies' Jackets all this season's styles, worth $5.00, Thursday at $2.98

1 lot Ladies' Jackets lined with Silk, worth $10 00, go at $5.78

Griffon Waists 39c.

1 lot Ladies' Wash Waists, a large variety of patterns, worth 75c go Thursday at 39c

Griffon Waists 69c.
Ladies' fine Lawn and Percale Shirt Waists new styles, worth $1 00, go Thursday at 69c

Griffon Waists 98c.
Ladies' Dotted Swiss Waists in all colors, worth $1.50, for Thursday 98c

Griffon Waists $1.49.
A Fine Collection of the Newest and Choicest Effects in French Organdies, Canvas Printed Dimities, Batiste, worth $2 00, Special for Thursday $1.49

BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 3.
1 lot Boys Blouse Waists, worth 50c, to close at 29c
1 lot Boys Laundried Waists, worth 75c, to close at 39c

Millinery Department.
Special Prices for Thursday Only.
100 Ladies' trimmed Hats, lace and straw, the latest copies of French designs, worth $3.25 each, Thursday Special Price, each $2.48

50 only Ladies' Trimmed Hats in exquisite patterns, usually sold $4 75 each, Thursday's Special Price, each $3.98

200 Ladies' Rough Straw Sailors in black and white, the 50c kind, Thursday's Special Price each 35c

1000 Ladies' Untrimmed Sailors in black and white, these Hats are cheap at 25c., but we will offer them Thursday each 13c

Ladies Hosiery and Underwear.
Ladies' absolutely Fast and Stainless Black or Tan Colored Cotton Hose, no seams, with Rib Top or double Sole, High Spliced Heel, a splendid wearer, Thursday Special 16c

Ladies' 40 Gauge Real Maco Cotton Hose, "Chemnitz Manufacturer, Hermsdorf's black, double sole, high spliced heel, Thursday Special 25c

Ladies' Soft Finish Williamantic Lisle Thread Vests, white or ecru, wide and long, silk taped neck and arms, Thursday Special 15c

Ladies' Fine Maco Cotton Swiss Rib Vests, white or ecru, high neck, long or short sleeves, Thursday Special 25c

Ladies' Fine Medium Weight Union Suits, high neck, long sleeves, ankle length, made of the finest Ecru Maco Cotton Combed guaranteed to wear and fit, usually 75c, Thursday Special 59c

The Greatest Sale of Dress Goods
in the history of retailing—one of those great sales that amaze competition—to save money for economical folks and reduces our enormous stock.

At 15c
All Wool French Serge in staple colors and Fancy Wool Dress goods 30c and 25c qualities for 15c

At 27½c
Your pick of 60c, 50c and 45c Dress Goods in Granite Cloths, plain cloths, mixtures and checks for, yd 27½c

At 47½c
Your pick of $1.00 and 89c Dress Goods in Silk and Wool Fancies, Silk and Wool Checks, Mohair and Wool Mixtures, etc., for this sale 47½c

At 67½c
$1.50, $1.25 and $1.00 Imported Dress Stuffs in 50 different designs and weaves to choose from 67½c

At 25%
All Imported Dress Patterns, no two alike that are marked to retail from $5.00 to $35.00 a pattern will be sold at a discount of 25%

Silk Sale at 18c a yard.
75c, 65c and 50c Fancy Silks, Foulard Silks, Pongee Silks for Thursday only, a yd 18c

Lining Sale at 7½c
36-inch Black Rustle Taffeta for Skirt Lining and 36-inch Silesia in all colors for Waist Lining, our 12½c and 10c qualities for Thursday at a yd 7½c

Wash Goods Sale at 4½c
Indigo Blue Calicoes in Spots, Stripes and Figures and a choice lot of Organdies and Dimities for Thursday, your choice of the lot at 4½c

At 5c
Amoskeag Apron Checked Ginghams, 100 designs in solid and broken checks, warranted fast color, our regular 7c quality and best make for Thursday a yd 5c

At 7½c
36 inch English Percales in Dark Colored and Light Grounds with dots, stripes and fancy designs, sold everywhere at 12½c, for Thursday 7½c

Jewelry Dept.
Cut Prices for Thursday.

Shirt Waist Sets.
One lot of sets, worth 19c to 25c: Thursday 10c

Fancy Hat Pins.
With beautiful Stone settings: Thursday 10c

Baby Pins.
Three pins in set, with chain attachment, really a bargain at 35c; Thursday 25c

Mirrors.
With automatic handle—a good shaving mirror, usually 15c: Thursday 10c

Rings.
A beautiful line of Ladies' Rings, with all the favorite stone settings; jewelers ask 50c: Thursday 25c

Notions.

Spool Silk.
100 doz Black Sewing Silk in all sizes, you pay 5c elsewhere; Thursday 3c

Buttonhole Twist.
1000 spools of black Buttonhole Twist, full measure and good quality usually 3c or two for 5c; Thursday 1c

Velveteen Skirt Facing.
5 gross yards of the quality you get elsewhere for 5c; per yard Thursday 3c

Curling Irons.
A fine nickel-plated Curler in any size, regular 10c; Thursday 2c

Silk Hat Elastic
In white or black, your choice of our 6c, 7c and 8c elastic; Thursday 3c

Cupid Hair Pins
Worth 10c; Thursday 4c

Hair Pins.
Our regular 3c paper Thursday 1c

Toilet Goods.

Tooth Brushes.
Any 25c Tooth Brush in our stock Thursday 15c

Pozzoni's Toilet Powder
Sold universally for 50c per box; Thursday 29c

Ayer's Hair Vigor 62c

Roger & Gallet's
Poudre de riz, sold at 25c per box; Thursday 15c

Pure Glycerine Soap
3 cakes in box 5c per cake; Thursday, per box 10c

Shoe Dept.
BUY GOODS WHERE THE PRICES ARE RIGHT.

250 pairs Ladies' Shoes that formerly sold from $2 98 to $4.00, including tan shoes in lace and button, black kid shoes in lace and button, coin, needle and opera toe—one price $2.50

Ladies' Tan or Black Oxfords, former price $2.50 to $3 50; sizes 2½ to 5; needle square, opera square toe, extra value for the money $1.50

Ladies Dongola Kid Button Shoes $1.00

We make prices on Women's, Misses', Youth's and Children's Rubber Boots at—per pair $1.00

BARGAIN COUNTER No. 3.
100 doz Ladies' Tecks and Bows—most desirable Neckwear—worth from 20c to 25c each—Thursday on Bargain Counter No. 3—each 10c

Ladies' Collars.
50 dozen Ladies' 3-ply Linen Collars, the 15c quality; Thursday each 10c

Half Price.
All our Ladies' Fancy Collarettes, worth from $1.00 to $10 each—all at ..... Half Price

Glove Dept.
50 doz Ladies' French Kid Gloves, 4 buttons, in Black, White and Colors, embroidered backs; good value at $1 00; Thursday per pair 63c

Umbrellas.
Ladies' Twilled Gloria Silk Umbrellas, with steel rod, natural wood handles; cheap at $1.35; Thursday each 98c

PANTON & WHITE.

SCHEMING

Southern and Union Pacific Roads Make a New Traffic Union.

Oregon Short Line and Rio Grande Roads Will Checkmate It.

Durrant's Execution and the Number of Guests Invited as Witnesses.

San Francisco, June 2.—The inauguration of a through car service between Portland and Chicago, via Sacramento, announced a few days ago, is said to be a movement on the part of the Southern Pacific and the Union Pacific in opposition to a new route that was opened SaturJday from the Northwest through trans-continental territory.

It is stated that a traffic arrangement has been effected between the Oregon Short Line and the Rio Grande roads, effective Saturday, which makes the Short Line a competitor rather than a connection of the Union Pacific, as it has been in the past. Deprived thus of a Portland connection, the Union Pacific has linked its fortunes with the Southern Pacific in a plan to control a portion of the traffic of the Northwest as against the Short Line and its connections.

The traffic arrangements between the Oregon Short Line and the Rio Grande & Western is the first tangible evidence that the new managers of the property intend to operate the road independently of the Union Pacific system. It is an arrangement that opens up a new trans-continental route for freight and passenger traffic between Chicago & Portland, and by means of the ocean steamers of the Oregon Railway and Navigation company, which is a party to the big traffic deal between Chicago and San Francisco.

DURRANT'S HANGING.

Two Hundred People Will See Him Executed.

San Francisco, June 2.—There will be 200 invitations issued for the execution of Durrant. Warden Hale has fixed 10:30 a. m. as the hour of execution. Twenty-five medical men will be permitted to witness the tragedy at the request of his attorneys.

Durrant has made a formal demand for release, claiming to be unjustly imprisoned. This will be part of the appeal to the supreme court, and is to cover the point which might be made that by failing to protest and demand his liberty he had lost the right to complain. The appeal raises a point which, according to the statement of Durrant's counsel, has never been raised in this state, and must be decided before Durrant can be hanged. The contention is that Judge Bahr inflicted two penalties—imprisonment and death—while the law says one or the other.

Counsel will hold that Durrant's life in San Quentin is not detention, but imprisonment; that the position of the attorney general is untenable, as life in the county jail carries with it no shaving, stripes and no indignity other than detention. This statement will also be heard in the federal court, where it is said that the same action will be taken as in the Worden case—that of securing a writ of habeas corpus.

LUMBER RATES.

Interstate Commerce Commission Looks Into Complaints.

Chicago, June 1.—The interstate commerce commission met today for a week or more of probing of railroads for alleged violations of the laws of interstate commerce.

The Eau Claire lumber differential was reopened. Two years ago the commission, after trying a case of alleged discrimination in shipments from Eau Claire, Winona and La Crosse, directed the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad to make a differential that would give a 2 1-2 cent higher rate to Eau Claire shipments. The old discrimination had been 10 cents against Eau Claire.

The case was reopened on the complaint of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul that the differential had been followed by a 10-cent cut at Winona and La Crosse, by the Omaha road, the Chicago & Burlington, the Northwestern and the Wisconsin Central.

A. C. Bird, traffic manager of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, appeared as witness for the complainant.

When pressed to tell why the other roads had discriminated against Eau Claire lumber shipments, Mr. Bird said that the old Wisconsin Western road, with which the competing lines had close contract relations, had sold or leased tracts of lumber land in the Winona and LaCrosse districts and attached to those land leases or lumber privileges was an agreement to give the lumbermen a rate under that of competitors in the Northern Wisconsin field.

TRUST INVESTIGATIONS.

Albany, N. Y., June 1.—Referee Ward, appointed to take testimony in the matter of the allegations against certain railroad officials under the new anti-trust law, sat for a few minutes today and formally postponed the hearing until the June 9 in order to allow Judge Chester to decide the question of dismissal of the orders asked by the counsel for the presidents of the various railroads.

JEALOUSY CAUSES MURDER.

New Orleans, June 1.—Samuel A. Jervis, a switchman, 44 years old, stabbed to death Mrs. Bertha Johnson, aged 30, this morning at the home of John McLean, No. 314 Newton street, Algiers. Jervis then inflicted wounds in his stomach and will die. Jervis was jealous of the woman and the killing was brought about by the declaration of the woman that she intended to quit Jervis.

BEATEN BY TRAMPS.

Cleveland, June 1.—Owen Mullen, of this city, was terribly beaten by tramps and then thrown from an Erie railroad train early this morning. He was found lying with a fractured skull near the Cleveland Rolling Mill's yards. He is dying at the hospital.

The man who awakens from a deep sleep, just in time to ward off the blow of an assassin, who, knife in hand, is preparing to drive it into his heart, has had a narrow escape. There are thousands of grateful men who have aroused themselves from the lethargy of recklessness and neglect, just in time to ward off the deadly assault of that dread enemy of mankind consumption.

The weapon with which these men have successfully combated this grim destroyer has been Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is the only known medicine that will prevent and cure consumption. Taken in time, it will always ward off this deadly disease, and even after the devastating germs have attacked the lungs, it will cure 98 per cent. of all cases. It acts directly on the lungs, building up new, healthy tissues and driving out all disease-germs. It corrects all stomach and digestive troubles, invigorates the liver and makes the appetite keen and hearty. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and nerve tonic. There is nothing else "just as good" and the druggist who says so is untrustworthy.

"I was a sufferer for five or six years from indigestion, sore stomach, and constant headaches," writes B. F. Holmes, of Gaffney, Spartanburg Co., S. C. "I tried several of our best physicians and found no permanent relief. By the persuasion of Mr. J. K. Tolleson, a friend of mine, I commenced on the 28th September, 1895, to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pellets'—which gave me relief in a few days. Since then I have used five bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and five vials of Pellets.' When I commenced using the medicines I could not sleep, had a restless uneasy feeling all the time, and my skin was yellow and dry. I weighed only 148 pounds. I now weigh 170 pounds, have a good color, and rest well at night. I have a good appetite, can eat anything I wish. For two years, while under treatment by a physician, I ate nothing but Graham bread."

In reference to the above letter, J. R. Tolleson, P. O. Box 173, Gaffney, Spartanburg Co., S. C., writes: "The above Mr. B. F. Holmes, is a good christian gentleman, and one whose word will go a long way with those who know him. I use and I sell Dr. Pierce's medicines, and I recommended them to Mr. Holmes."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure that disease-producing disorder, constipation. They never fail. They never gripe. Drug-gists sell them.

GEOLOGY CONGRESS.

Prof. Winchell Among the Guests of the Czar.

New York, June 2.—The elections of delegates of the highest rank throughout the United States to the international geological congress at St. Petersburg, Aug. 14, invited by the czar, have resulted as follows:

New York academy of sciences, Professor J. J. Stevenson of the university of New York and president of the academy.

Davenport, Iowa—Academy of natural sciences, William H. Ballou, of New York, also honorary commissioner.

Philadelphia—Academy of science, Dr. Persifer, also delegate of the American Philosophical society and the American geologists.

American Association for the Advancement of Science, Professor James Hall, state geologist, Albany; Professor B. K. Emerson, Amherst college; Professor C. D. Walcott, director United State geological survey and Professor William N. Rice, Middletown college.

Geological Society of America, Professor J. J. Stevenson, of New York. Professor B. K. Emerson, Amherst, and Professor I. C. White, Morgantown, W. Va.

Miscellaneous delegates, Professor H. S. Williams, Yale college; Professor C. H. Hitchcock, Dartmouth college; Professor Eugene A. Smith, university of Alabama and state geologist, and Professor N. H. Winchell, university of Minnesota and geologist.

YOUNG FARMER MURDERED.

Sterling, Ill., June 2.—The body of George Kauffman, a young farmer, has been found on top of a burning straw stack. The victim's skull was crushed and his throat cut, the head with a bullet hole in it being nearly severed from the body. The body was burned nearly to a crisp. Recently Tobias Kauffman, the victim's father, discovered that his grain-cribs, located about one-half a mile from his residence, were being robbed and George was sent to watch them. He failed to return yesterday and a search resulted in the finding of his body in the ashes of the straw stack. There is no clew to the murderers.

CARLISLE'S LAW OFFICE.

New York, June 2.—John G. Carlisle, secretary of the treasury under Grover Cleveland, has opened a law office in the city. His headquarters will be with the firm of Curtis, Mallet, Prevost & Colt, No. 30 Broad street. Mr. Carlisle will not be a member of the firm, but will act as counsel. He will also have law offices at Washington, D. C., and Louisville, Ky. He has not decided as yet whether to take up his residence here or not. The head of the firm with whom he has taken up his quarters is William Edmund Curtis, who was assistant secretary of the treasury under Mr. Carlisle.

GUILTY OF BLACKMAIL.

Cincinnati, June 2.—The jury in the case of A. V. Limerick has brought in a verdict of guilty. Limerick was discharged from the employ of the Fraser Tablet company, of New York, and was indicted with Health Officer Dr. Prendergast, who has jumped his bail, for attempting blackmail upon the Fraser company, whose tablets have been used by the Cincinnati health department.

KANSAS INSURANCE WAR.

Topeka, Kas., June 1.—The Metropolitan Life Insurance company, of New York, is again permitted to do business in Kansas by reason of a temporary restraining order today ganted by Judge Foster in the United States district court preventing insurance Commissioner McNall from interfering with the company's business till a full hearing can be had. The commissioner issued an order May 20, revoking the company's license.

$29.00.

TO SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, ETC.

St. Paul & Duluth railroad will sell June 29 to July 3, one way, tickets to San Francisco at rate of $29.00. Choice of routes. Account Christian Endeavor convention. Particulars at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

Household goods stored in good brick storehouse for $1 per ton per month.
DULUTH VAN CO., 212 W. Superior st.

P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

$4.30 St. Paul-Minneapolis and return, via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, June 1 and 2. Three trains daily. The shortest and quickest line.

NOTABLE

Great Meeting of the Bimetallic League Opened at Manchester.

Many Prominent People Were Present at the Interesting Session.

Hope of an International Agreement Expressed by Some Delegates.

Manchester, Eng., June 2.—The annual meeting of the Bimetallic league opened here this morning. There was a large attendance, including over fifty delegates from labor organizations. The lord mayor of Manchester presided and welcomed the delegates. Letters of regret were read from Lord Aldenham, head of the firm of Anthony Gibbs & Sons, a director of the Bank of England; the first lord of the treasury, A. J. Balfour; the president of the local government board, Henry Chaplin; Alfred DeRothschild, the consul general for Austria; the duke of Fife, the marquis of Lorne and others.

The annual report of the league expressed the deepest regret at the death of Gen. Francis A. Walker, of Boston, classed as "one of the greatest economic authorities of the century." Continuing, the report said the most important event of the year was the election for president in the United States, "when Bryan polled 6,500,000 votes on the platform of national bimetallism and McKinley polled 7,000,000 votes on a platform pledging him to promote international bimetallism." The report then referred to the support the league to be given to international bimetallism by M. M. Meline, the French premier, in the chamber of deputies, and touched upon the mission to Europe of Senator Edward O. Wolcott of Colorado, which was so successful that it led to the appointment of the special mission now in France, which it is earnestly hoped such co-operation will be accorded by leading nations that an international agreement will be concluded at an early date.

The report concludes as follows: "While the necessity for international bimetallism was never greater than at present, the council can with confidence affirm that never since 1873 have the prospects been so hopeful. In view of the serious attempt now making to secure a settlement on an international basis, it earnestly calls on all friends of monetary reform to redouble their efforts during the coming year."

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Boston—Boston, 11; St. Louis, 6. Second game—Boston, 12; St. Louis, 2.

At New York—New York, 9; Pittsburg, 0; forfeited by umpire.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 7; Cleveland, 2.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 7; Louisville, 2.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Detroit—Detroit, 4; Minneapolis, 3.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 14; Kansas City, 2.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	37	28	.742
Inclnnati	31	23	.676
Boston	32	20	.625
Pittsburg	39	18	.600
Cleveland	31	17	.548
New York	28	15	.519
Philadelphia	34	17	.500
Brooklyn	32	16	.500
Louisville	15	8	.481
Chicago	33	11	.333
Washington	30	9	.300
St. Louis	34	6	.176

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
St. Paul	37	27	.730
Milwaukee	31	21	.676
Indianapolis	32	19	.594
Columbus	31	17	.548
Detroit	33	15	.455
Minneapolis	36	14	.389
Kansas City	36	12	.333
Grand Rapids	33	9	.273

ANGELL IS ACCEPTABLE.

Washington, June 2.—The sultan of Turkey has withdrawn his objection to the appointment of James B. Angell as envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States at Constantinople. Official word to this effect has been received by cable by Secretary Sherman, Minister Terrell sendin gthe information. The doctor will probably sail next Saturday.

LEAVES DULUTH 6:30 P. M.

SOUTH SHORE'S NEW SCHEDULE.

Business men going East may now put in a full day at the desk and take dinner at home instead of hurrying to catch a train in the middle of the afternoon.

If you are a poor cook, buy a cook book, follow directions closely, see the result. Failure six in ten times. How long would you keep a cook who failed half the time?

That's just the point. We tell your doctor or your druggist precisely the ingredients of Scott's Emulsion. To make it they follow our formula. But they can't make it; they haven't our precise knack; don't know each step perfectly. When you can get the best, the result of 25 years' experience, why experiment with substitutes?

DO YOU NEED IT?

At This Time of the Year Most People Are Not in Good Condition.

We hear a great deal, just now, about spring medicines. It is known that people feel run down after the labors and siege of winter, and it is assumed they need a spring medicine. Nature will throw off the rheums in the blood which have accumulated during the winter, if she has only a little help. And a little gentle stimulant is all the spring medicine anyone requires.

"But," you may say, "what do you mean by stimulant, and what do I require?" We answer, something absolutely pure, powerful and which has been proved to abundantly answer the purpose. Unquestionably, whisky, if of the right kind, is the proper thing to use, but unfortunately there are few good whiskies in the market. Duffy's pure malt has been upon the market for years. It has the unqualified endorsement of physicians and chemists, and it is the only whisky which can be recommended. It is true, certain unscrupulous druggists and grocers seek to sell other and inferior goods, claiming they are equal to Duffy's but they possess little purity and no medicinal power whatever, whereas Duffy's is specially designed as a medicinal whisky. It would be well to bear these facts in mind when considering the subject of spring medicines, and how to best put the system in shape for the requirements of the season.

SILVER AN ISSUE.

Will Be Felt in Chicago's Congressional Campaign.

Chicago, June 2.—Silver is to be made an issue in the coming congressional campaign and the advocates of the white metal are coming to Chicago next Tuesday to hold a conference. The future of the silver Republican organization will depend, it is said, largely upon the result of these deliberations. Congressman Hartman, of Montana, the only member of the Montana delegation who bolted the national Republican convention at St. Louis, is slated for chairman.

Thomas M. Patterson, Charles A. Towne, and Senator Teller of Colorado are also expected to attend, as well as former Senator Dubois of Idaho. John P. Altgeld and other Chicagoans of pronounced silver tendencies will take part in the conference. William J. Bryan has been invited to attend, but cannot do so owing to engagements of a lecture tour. Prominent Populists will be invited to participate, and it is likely plans for fusion in the nexxt nominations for congress will be talked over.

PECULIAR POISONS.

GENERATED IN THE HUMAN BODY.

The Result of Imperfect Digestion of Food.

Every living thing, plant or animal, contains within itself the germs of certain decay and death.

In the human body these germs of disease and death (called by scientists Ptomaines), are usually the result of imperfect digestion of food, the result of indigestion or dyspepsia.

The stomach, from abuse, weakness, does not promptly and thoroughly digest the food. The result is a heavy, sodden mass which ferments (the first process of decay) poisoning the blood, making it thin, weak and lacking in red corpuscles, poisoning the brain causing headaches and pain in the eyes.

Bad digestion irritates the heart, causing palpitation and finally bringing on disease of this very important organ.

Poor digestion poisons the kidneys, causing Bright's disease and diabetes.

And this is so because every organ, every nerve depends upon the stomach alone for nourishment and renewal, and weak digestion shows itself not only in loss of appetite and flesh, but in weak nerves and muddy complexion.

The great English scientist, Huxley, said the best start in life is a sound stomach. Weak stomachs fail to digest food properly, because they lack the proper quantity of digestive acids (lactic and hydrochloric) and peptogenic products. The most sensible remedy in all cases of indigestion is to take after meals one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they supply in a pleasant, harmless form all the elements that weak stomachs lack.

The regular use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure every form of stomach trouble, except cancer of the stomach.

They increase flesh, insure pure blood, strong nerves, a bright eye and clear complexion, because all these result only from wholesome food well digested.

Nearly all druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at 50 cents full-sized package or by mail by enclosing price to Stuart company, Marshall, Mich., but ask your druggist first.

A little book on "Stomach Diseases" mailed free. Address Stuart company, Marshall, Mich.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Another heavy frost visited Milnor last night. Ice formed to the thickness of one-fourth of an inch on water in watering troughs and places where not disturbed. Weather exceedingly cold for this season of the year, and rain needed badly.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

N. E. Hansen, professor of horticulture and forestry, expects to start for Washington from Brookings this week, having been commissioned to visit Siberia, Eastern Russia and Central Asia for the purpose of gathering grains, grass and other seeds which will be adapted to our climate. The success of his efforts will be watched with interest, as it may prove of great value to South Dakota. Professor Hansen has been through portions of these countries, and a better selection could not have been made in such a mission.

A carload of corn was raised at Vermillion for the starving of India, and two more will be collected in a few days. The Thompson & Lewis company furnished its elevator for temporary storage. Free transportation through to Calcutta has been obtained. The churches of the city are behind the movement and citizens of the whole of Clay county will contribute.

Grasshoppers are destroying all small grain five miles west of Groton. They are different from any grasshoppers ever seen here. They go in clouds and take everything clean as they go.

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL

And return, $4.30, June 1 and 2, Omaha road.

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL

And return, $4.30, June 1 and 2, Omaha road.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Havana, Cuba, has a strike among the street car drivers, stage drivers and stable hands.

The international chess match resulted in a draw. America won two games, England two, and one game was drawn.

Mr. Preston, director of the mint, has about completed his figures of the gold and silver production in the United States during the calendar year 1896. He finds the production of gold to have been about $53,000,000, an increase of over $6,520,000 as compared with 1895. The production of silver is given as 57,700,000 fine ounces, an increase of 1,900,000 ounces over 1895.

The comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures during May shows that the total receipts were $29,797,390 and the expenditures $29,109,259, leaving the surplus for the month $688,131. The statement for May, 1896, showed a deficit of $3,782,875. Customs receipts were $16,885,011, an increase of $6,660,000 over May of last year.

Hon. John C. Colson, Republican nominee for county judge of Bell county, Kentucky, brother of Congressman D. C. Colson, Eleventh Kentucky district was shot and killed by John Dugan, a saloon keeper, last night. Dugan fled, but was captured after a skirmish.

The filibustering tug Dauntless has been taken to Key West, Fla., by the United States cruiser Marblehead. A government officer is on board.

In Pope county, Ark., a race war between whites and negroes has resulted in two men being killed and three fatally wounded. Negroes started the trouble by refusing to submit to arrest for some misdeeds.

Charlemagne Tower, the new Austrian minister, has arrived at Vienna.

An unknown man jumped over Niagara falls from Prospect Point yesterday morning. He wore a brown overcoat and hat and was about 30 years of age.

The West Burlington, Iowa, shops of the Burlington railroad began working full time with a full force today. An increase of $50,000 per month in wages will result. Additional men are now being employed over the entire Burlington system.

The Winnipeg rowing crew, champions of America, left Winnipeg yesterday for England, where they will row in July for the Stewards Challenge cup and the world's championship.

J. W. Roberts, wife and two children were struck by an Illinois Central north-bound passenger train at Alma, Ill., yesterday and all were instantly killed. They were driving in a wagon and were caught at a crossing.

A NEW BICYCLE RECORD.

Terre Haute, Ind., June 2.—The first American one-mile straight-away road record will be made here this evening. This will be under the rule recently adopted by the century road record's committee, of which W. L. Kreitenstein, of this city, is chairman. As no other claims have been filed, the record made this evening will stand as the first in this country. The course is carefully laid out by Professor Harper of the Polytechnic institute and is an ideal one. Starting and finishing scorers starting and finishing timers and umpires are chosen, and claimant must take affidavit of record.

ANOTHER GOVERNMENT JOB.

Washington, June 2.—The civil service commission will hold a special examination on July 10 for establishing a register from which appointment may be made to the position of assistant chief in the division of soils in the agricultural department. The salary of this position is $1800 per annum, and males only are eligible. The department is especially anxious to secure for this position a person possessing good executive ability, as well as a thorough knowledge of the several subjects of the examination.

PRINCESS TROUBETZKOY ILL.

Philadelphia, June 2.—The Princess Troubetzkoy, formerly Amelie Rives Chandler, and known all over the world under her maiden name of Amelie Rives, as the authoress of "The Quick or the Dead," is a patient in a private sanitarium in this city suffering from nervous prostration brought on by over work. She was taken to the sanitarium from her home in Virginia ten days ago, accompanied by her father, Col. Rives, and her husband, Prince Troubetzkoy. The celebrated authoress is confined to her bed and no one is permitted to see her except her nurse and physician.

DIED AT PRAETORIA.

Washington, June 2.—Isaac Alphen, postmaster general of the Transvaal republic, has received a cablegram from Capetown announcing the death of his youngest son, Hyronimus Paul Kruger Alphen on Sunday. The child was only a year old on May 24, and is a nephew of President Kruger. Mr. Alphen has made a large number of friends in this country, and his resulting absence from the social events and probably from the entertainments in honor of the delegates will cast a gloom over the congress.

QUICKEST TIME EVER MADE, DULUTH TO SAGINAW.

Will be attained by the new passenger schedule of the South Shore, effective Sunday, May 30, leaving Duluth at 6:30 p. m., (except Saturday), arriving Saginaw at 6:27 p. m. the next day. Returning passengers may leave Saginaw at 7 a. m. by Flint & Pere Marquette, arriving in Duluth at 8:50 a. m. (except Sunday).

Sent Free to Men.

INDIANA MAN DISCOVERS A REMARKABLE REMEDY FOR LOST VIGOR.

Samples Will Be Sent Free to All Who Write For It.

James P. Johnston, of Ft. Wayne, Ind., after battling for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood has found the exact remedy that cures the trouble.

He is guarding the secret carefully but is willing to send a sample of the medicine to all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful ignorance, premature loss of memory and strength, weak back, varicocele and emaciation. The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act directly giving needed strength and development wherever needed. The remedy cured Mr. Johnston completely of all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the naturally ordained functions and is said to be absolutely reliable in every case.

A request to Mr. James P. Johnston, Box 1061, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you would like a sample of his remedy for men, will be complied with promptly and no charge whatever will be asked by him. He is very much interested in spreading the news of this great remedy and he is careful to send the sample securely sealed in a perfectly plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity.

Readers are requested to write without delay.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea —the Mother's Friend.

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by James A. Quigg, mortgagor, to William C. Tyndall, agent for the Minneapolis Brewing Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 26th day of August, 1896, and with a power of sale therein contained, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds within and for the county of St. Louis in the state of Minnesota, on the 15th day of September, 1896, at 8:40 o'clock a. m., in Book 95 of mortgages on page 528; which said mortgage with the debt thereby secured was thereafter duly assigned by the said William C. Tyndall, agent for the Minneapolis Brewing Company, to the Minneapolis Brewing Company, a corporation, by an instrument in writing dated the 9th day of September, 1896, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 15th day of September, 1896, at 8:40 o'clock a. m. in Book 108 of mortgages on page 450; and

Whereas by reason of said default the power of sale in said mortgage has become operative, and there is now claimed to be due and there is actually due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of one hundred and six dollars and sixty-four cents ($106.64), and no action or proceeding has been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute of said state of Minnesota in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises covered thereby, situate in said county of St. Louis and in said mortgage described as follows, to-wit: The undivided one-half interest in and to lot two (2), of section two (2), in township sixty-six (66) north, of range twenty (20) west of the fourth principal meridian, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay and satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage and twenty-five dollars ($25) attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof, and the disbursements allowed by law; which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 16th day of June, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated this 24th day of April, 1897.

MINNEAPOLIS BREWING COMPANY, Assignee of Mortgagee.

COBB & WHEELWRIGHT,
Attorneys for said Assignee of Mortgagee,
801 New York Life Building,
Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-28-May-5-12-19-26-June-2-9.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly made and delivered by Twin City Packing Company (a corporation) of St. Paul, Minnesota, mortgagor, to Granite Savings Bank and Trust Company, of Barre, Washington County, Vermont, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of January, 1895, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County Minnesota, on the 7th day of January, 1895, at 1:40 o'clock p. m. in Book 101 of mortgages on page 278.

Said default consists in the non-payment of the sum of twenty-four dollars interest, which became due and payable by the terms of said mortgage, and the notes secured thereby on January 1st, 1897, all or which is yet due and owing upon said mortgage. Now by reason of said default it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage and mortgage notes to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole amount of said debt has been declared and is hereby declared and claimed to be due, amounting at the date of this notice, to the sum of six hundred forty and 22-100 dollars.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which by reason of said default has become operative and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number seven (7), in block number one hundred forty-three (143), West Duluth, Fifth Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Thursday, the 10th day of June, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated April 28th, 1897.

GRANITE SAVINGS BANK AND TRUST COMPANY, Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-28-May-5-12-19-26-June-2.

If you wish to drink a Choice glass of Lager call for—
FITGER'S BEER.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Thomas Sharp, (a widower), mortgagor, to Alexander Macrae, mortgagee, bearing date June thirteenth (13th), 1895, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June twenty-first (21st), 1895, at one (1) o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred twenty-seven (127) of mortgages, on page four hundred forty (440); which mortgage, with the debt thereby secured, was thereafter duly assigned by said Alexander Macrae to Margaret Meskill, by an instrument of assignment dated June twenty-sixth (26th), 1895, and was duly recorded in said register of deeds' office, on June twenty-seventh (27th), 1895, at 8:50 o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred seven (107) of mortgages, on page two hundred seventy-seven (277) thereof; such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual instalments of interest upon said mortgage debt, and of the coupons given for the same, which became due respectively on June 1st, 1896, and December 1st, 1896, amounting to the sum of $40 each, no part of any of which has ever been paid; by reason whereof the assignee of said mortgage has elected to exercise the option to her given by the terms of said mortgage, by declaring, and she does hereby declare, that the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, and exchange, and $15 heretofore paid by said assignee of said mortgage, for insurance premiums upon said mortgaged premises, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, is now immediately due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand one hundred thirty-six and 5-100 ($1136.05) dollars, principal, interest, exchange and insurance premiums so paid.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered three (3), five (5), seven (7), nine (9) and eleven (11), in block numbered five (5), in Central Division of West Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds for said county; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-fifth (25th) day of June, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and insurance premiums so paid by said assignee, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 10th, 1897.

MARGARET MESKILL, Assignee of Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SCULLIVAN,
Attorney for Assignee.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-12-19-26-June-2-9-16.

SUPPLIES WANTED.

Notice is hereby given that up to 10 a. m. Saturday, June 5, 1897, the undersigned will receive sealed proposals for the furnishing of stationery, hardware, drugs, and other supplies for the use of the various departments of city work for the ensuing year, in accordance with specifications on file in the office of the city clerk of the city of Duluth.

Bidders must state the total amount for which they will furnish the articles named in the respective lists upon which they bid.

A certified check for 10 per cent of the amount of the bid to accompany each proposal, to be forfeited to the city in case of failure on the part of the successful bidder to furnish said supplies according to said list at the time and place specified for the delivery of the same.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

Duluth Evening Herald, May 25, June 4 inclusive.

LUMBER.—

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., May 22, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 10 a. m., on the 4th day of June, 1897, furnishing and delivering from time to time as it may be required anywhere within the limits of said city, about 250 M feet B. M. timber of the following grades, viz: 2 and 3 inch planks in the rough, 2 inch plank surfaced on one side, and dimension timber.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

W. H. SMITH,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.

Duluth Evening Herald, May 22 10 t.

First National Bank
OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary

CAPITAL, $500,000.00.
SURPLUS, $250,000.00.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGNT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP, Asst. Cashier.

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Received.

ADVANCED

Wheat Closed at Higher Prices After a Period of Depression.

Missouri Crop Report Was Bullish and the Receipts Were Lighter.

A Slight Decline at Liverpool, But the Continental Markets Higher.

Wheat today at the opening was quiet and rather firm. Liverpool showed some decline, but not so much as expected, and continental markets were higher. The chief factor was the Missouri crop report which was very bullish. The government crop report said that the drouth was becoming serious in the Northwest, but this morning's weather map showed liberal showers in that section. Northwest receipts showed a radical falling off. Minneapolis and Duluth reporting but 263 cars against 597 last week and 373 the year before. Most of the big traders at Chicago were on the buying side and the market held steady within a narrow range.

Chicago inspected into store twenty-one carloads, and 91,500 bus were withdrawn from store. The Missouri state crop report showed nine points decline in condition since May 1, and only 69 per cent of the area sown to be still standing. Early dispatches from New York were to the effect that what little business was being done there for foreign account was in the way of selling the more distant futures. At the end of an hour the shorts resumed selling, and a decline ensued, but after noon the market grew stronger and prices advanced.

Trading was active on the Duluth board. July wheat opened unchanged, but firm, at 70¼c, but weakened after the first hour and sold down to 69⅝c by 11 o'clock. During the last hour there was a reaction to 70⅛c, and the close was firm with buyers at 70⅜c, an advance of ⅛c for the day. The mills bought eleven cars of cash stuff at 1¼c over July, and the shippers took nineteen cars at 1c over July. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 72¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 71¼c; July, 70⅜c bid; September, 61¾c bid. No. 2 northern, 68¾c. No. 3, 64@65c. Rejected, 48¼@63¼c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 72¾c. No. 1 northern, 71⅜c. Rye, 32½c. No. 2 oats, 20½c; No. 3 oats, 20c. Flax, 76½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 105; oats, 46; rye, 2; barley, 13; flax, 3. Receipts—Wheat, 153,903 bus; corn, 9263 bus; oats, 142,134 bus; rye, 13,103 bus; barley, 47,878 bus; flax, 22,464 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 449,500 bus; barley, 43,641 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, June 2.—Estimated receipts hogs today, 25,000; left over, 2000. Market rather slow and fully 5c lower. Light, $3.45@3.57½; mixed, $3.45@3.57½; heavy, $3.25@3.55; rough, $3.25@3.35. Cattle, receipts, 15,000; steady. Beeves, $4.00@5.25; cows and heifers, $2.00@4.45; Texas steers, $3.15@4.35; stockers and feeders, $3.65@4.60. Sheep, receipts, 16,000; strong. Lambs weak. Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 15,982; shipments, 1965. Sheep, receipts, 11,682; shipments, 556. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 35,000.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 2.—Money on call nominally 1¼@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87 for demand and at $4.83¾@$4.87 for sixty days. Posted rates, $4.86¼@$4.87 and $4.88¾@4.89. Silver certificates, 60¾@60¾c. Bar silver, 60c. Mexican dollars, 47¼c. Government bonds, firm; new 4s, registered, $1.23½; coupon, $1.23½; 5s, registered, $1.13¼; coupon, $1.13¾; 4s, registered, $1.10; coupon, $1.12¾; 2s, registered, 96c; Pacific 6s '98, $1.01¾.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, June 2.—Close—Wheat: futures, steady; July, 5s 7¼d, unchanged; September, 5s 6¼d, unchanged; December, 5s 7¼d, ½d higher. Corn: Spot, firm; June, 2s 7½d, ½d higher; July, 2s 7¾d, ¾d higher; September, 2s 8½d, ¼d higher.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 207 Board of Trade.

Chicago, June 2. —Wheat surprised the trade by closing at the call price today instead of puts as usual of late. Cable news showed little change and indicated that foreign markets were as dull as ours while the world's visible decreased only half as much as anticipated. Exporters reported slack demand but the long dormant cash inquiry here asserted itself today, millers taking about 200,000 bus, which is equal to about 7 per cent of our present stocks of wheat. This shipping demand has been too fickle lately to base calculations upon but if it continues the market will surely advance. If it drops off again wheat will continue to be a good sale on all rallies. Crop news continues generally favorable except that the Missouri state report showed a nine point decline, which other Southwest states will be expected to make good. A prominent local operator was a large buyer on the early decline today.

Corn and oats steady and firmer. There is a good shipping demand and railroad people state that car orders indicate a let-up in the present heavy movement.

Provisions firmer at the close. Leading packers report a very satisfactory export demand the past few days.

Puts, July wheat, 67⅝@67⅞-¼c.
Calls, July wheat, 68⅝@68⅞-⅛c.
Curb: July wheat, 67¾c asked.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky				
Atchison	22½	23⅝	22½	23⅝
Sugar Trust	115⅝	116⅜	115¼	116
Canadian Southern	49	49	48½	49
C., B. & Q	78	79	77⅞	78⅜
St. Paul	76¼	77⅜	76⅜	77⅜
Chicago Gas	84½	86¼	84½	85⅝
D., L. & W.				
General Electric	31	31⅞	30⅜	31¾
Omaha	58	58⅝	58	58½
Reading	19¼	19⅝	19¼	19⅝
L. & N.	47¾	47¾	46¾	47¾
Manhattan	84⅞	85⅝	84¾	85¾
Missouri Pacific	15¼	15⅜	15⅛	15⅜
Tobacco	71½	71⅞	71½	71⅝
C. & N. W.	103	103⅜	102⅞	103⅛
N. P. Preferred	38⅜	39	38¼	38¾
Rock Island	67¼	68⅜	67⅛	68⅜
Union Pacific	7	7⅛	7	7⅛
Western Union	89¾	89⅝	89⅜	89⅝
Leather	55½	55½	55	55½
Lake Shore				

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, June 2.—Close, wheat, June, 68¾c; July, 67¾@67⅝c; September, 65¾c; December, new, 67⅜c; old, 66¼c. Corn, June, 23⅝@24c; July, 23⅝@24c; September, 25@

No. Oats, June, 17½c; July, 17@16c; September, 17@18c. Pork, June, 7.47½; July, $7.50; September, $7.62. Lard, June, $3.55; July, $3.57; September, $3.65@3.67. Ribs, June, $4.30; July, $4.20; September, $4.30@4.32. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 75@78c; No. 3 red, 72@74c; No. 2 spring, 67½@68c; No. 2 hard winter, 66@67c; No. 3 hard winter, 62@64c; No. 1 northern spring, 68@69c. Corn, No. 2, 23½@23¾c; No. 3, 22c. Oats, No. 2, 17@c; No. 3, 16@19c. Rye, cash, 32½c; July, 33c; September, 33¾c. Flax, cash, 76½c; cash, Northwestern, 76c; July, 76¾c; September, 77c. Timothy, cash, $2.70; August, $2.72½; September, $2.65.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, June 2.—Wheat firm and steady; June, 68¾c; July, 68¾c; September, 63¾@64c. No. 1 hard, 71¾c; No. 1 northern, 70¾c. Receipts, 158 cars.

PRODUCE MARKET.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.			
Cream, separators, fancy	16	@	17
Dairies, fancy, special make	13	@	15
Packing stock	8	@	9
Dairy, fair	12	@	13
CHEESE.			
Twins, flats, full cr'm, new	11½	@	12½
Full cr'm, Young America	11	@	12
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12	@	12½
Brick, No. 1	10		
Limb., full cream, choice	9	@	10
Primost	6		
EGGS.			
Candled, strictly fresh	8	@	9
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	12½	@	13
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½		
Golden rod	11½	@	12
Dark honey	11	@	11½
Buckwheat, dark	11	@	11½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per pound	11		
Ohio, per pound	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	90	@	1 00
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	2½	@	3
NUTS.			
Soft shell almonds, per lb	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12		
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	11		
Brazils, per lb	8		
Pecans, per lb	9	@	11
Filberts, per lb	11		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
Raw peanuts	4½	@	5½
VEGETABLES.			
Sweet potatoes, per bus	85		
Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl	2 25	@	2 50
Carrots, per bus	35	@	40
Beets, per bus	40	@	50
Onions, per bus, new	1 35	@	1 50
Turnips, per bus	40	@	50
Asparagus, per doz	25	@	40
Wax beans per bus	2 00	@	2 25
Cucumbers, per doz	40	@	50
New beets, per doz bunches	45	@	60
Green peas, per bus	1 50	@	1 75
Mobile cabbage, per crate	3 50		
Pie plant, per 100 lbs	1 00	@	1 25
Potatoes, per bus	25	@	27
Mint, per doz	35		
Parsley, per doz	30		
Parsnips, per bus	55	@	60
Cauliflowers, per doz	2 25	@	2 50
Horse radish, per lb	6	@	7
California cabbage	4 00	@	4 50
Florida tomatoes, basket	50	@	55
Oyster plant, doz bunches	50		
Green onions, doz bunches	12	@	20
Spinach, per bus	45	@	60
New beets, per doz bunch	65		
Spanish onions, per crate	2 25		
Bermuda onions, per crate	3 50		
Lettuce, per box	1 00	@	1 25
Horse radish roots, per bbl	4 00	@	4 50
Long radishes, per doz	25		
Round rad shes, per doz	25	@	45
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	1 00	@	1 10
Medium, hand picked, bus	90		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90		
Green and yellow peas	75	@	90
Green peas, bus	65		
FRUITS.			
Arkansas, Missouri strawberries, per crate	1 50	@	1 75
California cherries, per case	1 50	@	1 75
California navel oranges	3 25	@	4 00
Seedling oranges	3 25	@	3 50
Bananas, bunches	1 25	@	1 50
Lemons, per box	3 00	@	3 25
Cocoanuts, per doz	70		
Cranberries, per bbl	4 50	@	5 00
Cranberries, bus	1 75	@	2 00
Figs, per lb	12	@	15
Pineapple, per doz	1 50	@	1 75
Dates, per lb	9	@	10
APPLES AND CIDER.			
Apples, per bbl	3 50	@	4 25
Mich. sweet cider, per keg	2 50	@	2 75
Fruit juices, per keg	4 50		
DRESSED MEATS.			
Veal, fancy	7	@	7½
Veal, heavy, coarse, thin	5	@	6
Mutton, fancy dressed	6	@	6½
Pork	5½	@	6
LIVE POULTRY.			
Live turkeys	10	@	11
Spring chickens, per lb	9	@	10
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb	12½	@	13
Chickens, per lb	10	@	11
Geese, per lb	10	@	11
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.			
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks included	5 70	@	5 90
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	6 00		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	5 90		
Red dog	12 00		
Ground feed No. 1	10 00	@	10 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 00	@	10 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.			
Choice south. Minn	7 50	@	8 50
Northern Minn	4 00	@	6 50
Medium	4 00	@	6 50
Tame, ton, choice timothy	8 00	@	9 00

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, June 2.—Butter, firm; creameries, 11@14½c; dairies, 7@12c. Eggs, steady; fresh, 8c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 2.—Butter, steady; Western creamery, 11@15c; Elgins, 15c; factory, 7½@10½c. Eggs, steady; state and Pennsylvania, 11@11½c; Western, 10@10½c; Southern, $2.55@2.70.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Easy Opening, Short Sales and Lower Prices.

New York, June 2.—The market opened with an easier tendency on realizing and short sales by the traders induced by the recessions in London prices for American securities. The losses, however, were trifling, except for Sugar, which yielded ⅝c on the conflicting tenor of the Washington dispatches relative to the outlook for the sugar schedule. Some few shares scored slight advances. Business was in full volume and well distributed. Heavy purchasing orders were executed in Chicago Gas, which advanced the price 1 1-2 per cent to 86c. The strength of this specialty was communicated in part to the general list and slight gains were recorded. The improvement, however, was soon arrested by a renewal of liquidating sales in New Jersey Central, which depressed the price 1 1-4c and the announcement of an engagement of $500,000 gold shipment for Europe tomorrow. Chicago Gas was well held at the highest level and the rest of the list steadied somewhat at the expiration of the first hour of trading.

The market lapsed into dullness and was utterly devoid of any nature of interest. Shares, however, were steady at the low level, except of some of the specialties, which exhibited decided heaviness. American Spirits lost 1 1-4 per cent, Chicago, Cincinnati & St. Louis sold up 1-4 to 24 3-4, but lost half the gain. The London market fell into stagnation on account of the absence of traders at the derby and the sympathetic effect of that market was lost. Some small purchases have been made for London account and also some sales. The bond market was quiet, but with a very firm undertone. The sales of stocks to noon were 88,300 shares.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, June 2.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $228,950,027; gold reserve, $144,613,114.

WEST END

Rev. Father Mackey's Jubilee Service Was Well Attended This Morning.

Marriage of Miss Cora Gates and M. C. Murray Yesterday Afternoon.

Entertainment By the Gilberts Last Evening Drew a Large Audience.

Notwithstanding the inclement weather the attendance at the celebration of Father Mackey's silver jubilee services at the St. James' Catholic church this morning was very large. A number of the sisters from the convent in Duluth and several priests were present. Many flowers were used in the decoration of the church, which had been newly painted, and it presented a bright and cheerful appearance, in spite of the dark and gloomy sky. High mass was said at 10:30 and the services were very impressive. The silver jubilee ceremonies concluded the forty hours' devotion which began Monday.

GATES-MURRAY MARRIAGE.

Marshall C. Murray was united in marriage yesterday afternoon to Miss Cora O. Gates at the parsonage of the Asbury M. E. church, Dr. Robert Forbes officiating. Mr. Murray is a member of the firm of Murray Bros., the grocers, and his bride is a sister of Mrs. Aaron L. Murray. The wedding was a quiet one, only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties being present. They will begin housekeeping over Murray Bros.' store on Central avenue.

WAS WELL ATTENDED.

The musical and literary entertainment given at Asbury M. E. church last night by the Gilberts for the benefit of the church was liberally patronized. The church was comfortably filled, and those who attended were highly pleased with the program rendered. Miss Gilbert is an elocutionist of the highest order and her efforts were fully appreciated. The musical part of the program was also very pleasing.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

R. M. Lowry, state agent of the Home Fire Insurance company, with headquarters in Minneapolis, was a visitor in West Duluth today.

Miss Nannie Shook, of St. Paul, is visiting at the home of Mrs. A. Bagley in West Duluth.

The Ladies' Aid society of Asbury M. E. church met at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon with Mrs. Joseph Cochrane.

There was a fair attendance at the semi-monthly meeting of the Sawmill Workers' Protective union in Great Eastern hall last night.

The ladies of 152nd Tonucey lodge, No. 31, of West Duluth, attended a farewell reception tendered to Mrs. Ellen Toucey at her home, 424 West Second street, yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Toucey is about to leave for California.

A. J. Filiatrault will leave next week for a trip to Grand Rapids and the range towns in the interests of the United Workmen. Mr. Filiatrault is deputy grand commander of the order.

Ring up tel. 3060, West Duluth Steam laundry.

DYNAMITE TRIAL PROGRESS.

Bloomsburg, Pa., June 2.—In the Wintersteen dynamite trial the first witness today was Mrs. J. B. Phillips, who corroborated what her husband had said as to the bad character of Sallie Gast. Dora Moharter, who lived with Mrs. Knorr for eight years as a servant, remembered Clifton Knorr's putting a powder in his mother's cup. She found it and threw it out.

She said: "I saw him have a revolver and a pipe with which he said he had hit a man over the head. 'Cliff' said I should handle his grip carefully as it contained dynamite. This was in 1895. I heard Cliff say he would like to blow Waller up as it was his fault that he could not get any money."

AN ARKANSAS FAILURE.

Little Rock, June 2.—The Eakin store at Washington, Ark., one of the largest plantation supply firms in Arkansas has gone into the hands of a receiver on application of W. P. Eakin, president of the company. No statement has yet been filed, but it is known that the liabilities will largely exceed the assets. Heavy losses in cotton for the past five years caused the failure. Owing to the shrinkage in property values the firm will hardly be able to pay 50 cents on the dollar, it is said.

BANKER PREACHER ON TRIAL.

St. Joseph, Mo., June 2.—The trial of Rev. John D. Knox, the ex-banker of Topeka, began before a judicial conference of the Methodist church in this city today. Bishop Merrill, of Chicago, presiding. The bishop says there will be no announcement made for publication until a verdict is reached. Much feeling exists in the case and the trial will last two days. A number of witnesses are in attendance, including widows said to have been defrauded by him.

A DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSMAN.

St. Louis, June 2.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Hannibal, Mo., says that J. T. Lloyd has been elected to congress in the First district by a majority of at least 5000. While returns are still incomplete, Lloyd's election is conceded by the Republicans by from 4500 to 5000.

$100 REWARD, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials, Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

ONE CENT A WORD!

WANTED--FEMALE HELP.

GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK in small family. Corner Grand avenue and Forty-ninth avenue west.

WANTED—LADY TO TAKE ORDERS for visiting cards. Latest out. Address R 59, Herald.

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 507 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at Hunter's Park. Apply at Herald office.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK AT 1632 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 205 West Third street.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and girls can always find good places at the cheap and first quality of hair goods and the oldest and most reliable employment office. 225 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEMAN to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED--MALE HELP.

STENOGRAPHER — EXPERT WITH Smith Premier machine wanted at room 12, Exchange building. Wages $35 to $40 a month.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN OR LADY for typewriting work in office. State salary expected and references. R 17, Herald.

WANTED—ONE SALESMAN, SALARY and commission, $60 to $100 per month can be made. No experience needed. Work in the city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

SPRING GARDEN—FIVE AND TEN acre tracts for sale by George H. Crosby.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife, 320 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

SPIRITUAL MEDIUMS.

READINGS, SPIRITUAL AND PSYCHOmetrical, 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. daily. A specialty of delineating and developing latent psyche powers. Strictly confidential. Room 406 Lowell block.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO BORROW, $1000 ON good security. Interest 6 per cent, payable monthly, if desired. J. W. Shellenberger, 408 Palladio.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

COME SOUTH—ANYONE HAVING $5000 to invest in a first class hotel business, best location, long lease, beautiful city. Address me, I wish to retire. W. B. Michael, St. James hotel, Chattanooga, Tenn.

INSANE FATHER.

Another Maryland Freak Commits Horrid Murders.

Baltimore, June 2.—Edgar Harris, a letter carrier, 32 years of age, living at 1724 Ashland avenue, today shot and killed his 12-year-old son George and his daughter Ada, aged 11, wounded his daughter Ella, aged 14, and then turned the pistol on himself. He is now lying at the point of death in the Johns Hopkins hospital.

Little Edgar Harris, aged 9, was the only member of the family who escaped uninjured. He was lying in bed beside his brother George, in the front second story room. His father fired at him, but the bullet missed his head by half an inch and buried itself in the pillow. The insane father then rushed into the back room to kill the girls and the little fellow fled down the stairs and escaped.

Harris is thought to have been mentally unbalanced by the recent death of his wife, to whom he was deeply devoted. He had always been a devoted husband and father.

IN A RECEIVER'S HANDS.

Columbus, Ohio, June 2.—Judge Taft in chambers at Cincinnati in the United States court, on motion of the Mercantile Trust company, Tuesday night placed the Columbus, Sandusky & Hocking railway in the hands of Samuel N. Felton as receiver. Mr. Felton is president and receiver of the Queen & Crescent road. The Columbus, Sandusky & Hocking defaulted June 1, on $50,000 interest due. The road suffered on account of dullness in coal trade.

WENT TO PHILADELPHIA.

Washington, June 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representatives Morris and Tawney accompanied the presidential party to Philadelphia today to attend the meeting of the international commercial congress.

STEAMER IN DISTRESS.

Halifax, N. S., June 2.—A steamer is reported twenty miles off this harbor in distress, coming in slowly. It is thought to be the Danish steamer Hekla, which was in collision with the Mississippi before reported.

KID BALDWIN A WRECK.

Cincinnati, June 2.—Clarence Baldwin, known in the baseball world as "Kid" Baldwin, once a famous catcher, has been taken to the Cincinnati hospital as a charity patient, a hopeless wreck from dissipation. Many efforts to assist him in reformation proved futile, and now a chronic ailment promises to shortly end his life.

EPSOM DERBY RACES.

Epsom, England, June 2.—The derby of 1897, derby stakes of 6000 sovereigns, was won today by J. Gubbin's brown colt Galtee More, by Kendal out of Morganette.

A GOLD SHIPMENT.

New York, June 2.—Lazard Freres will ship $500,000 in gold on tomorrow's steamer to Europe.

A MISSISSIPPI KILLING.

Starkville, Miss., June 2.—News has reached here from Bradley, a railroad station on the Illinois Central twelve miles west of here, that Will Hall, a constable, has shot and killed Russell Sullivan and B. T. Pattison.

A CURIOUS CUSTOM.

On the afternoon of Easter Sunday in the town of Biddenden, in Kent, the curious custom prevails of distributing cakes to all who attend church, and at the same time 270 of the parishioners receive loaves of bread and one pound and a half of cheese. Each cake is marked with the figures of two women joined together at the hips and shoulders. This dole was provided for over 100 years ago by a parishioner in memory of twin sisters (who lived in the twelfth century), and who were joined together somewhat after the fashion of the Siamese twins.

Have The Herald in your homes; 45 cents a month.

ONE CENT A WORD!

SITUATIONS WANTED.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

TWO BOYS, 16 AND 17, WANT EMployment of any kind. Well acquainted with the city. Address 722 West Fifth street.

AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN WANTS situation as cook in hotel or boarding house. Will leave city. R 58, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, 24 YEARS OF AGE would like a position as traveling man. Can speak four languages. Butcher by trade. Address J. P., Herald.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO GENERAL housework in small family. R 18, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants sewing in private families, by the day or week. Address P. O. Box 541, West Duluth.

WANTED—PLACE BY MAN AND WIFE in hotel or restaurant. Man as second cook and wife will do chamber work. Call at 319 West Superior street.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING SCRUBbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 320 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A GOOD SECOND HAND top buggy cheap. William Kaiser, 408 Palladio.

FOR SALE—BICYCLES, WESTMINster ladies or gents, fully guaranteed, only $38 cash, at J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A HIGH GRADE '96 bicycle. 1515 East Second street.

FOR SALE—AT A GOOD BARGAIN, Saratoga restaurant, with complete outfit in first class condition. Place has been closed only one week. A good opportunity to open a restaurant at an old stand. James Wanless, assignee, 510 Lonsdale building, Duluth, Minn.

MARKUS MISFIT CARPET AND FURniture company. Dealers in furniture, carpets, stoves, crockery. Special sales for crockery. All kinds of household goods exchanged. 20 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—BARBER'S COMPLETE outfit. Will sell cheap or rent. Inquire 112 East Superior street.

TYPEWRITER FOR SALE OR RENT. Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, 323 West Superior street.

NEW LAUNDRY.

426 E. FOURTH ST. ALL WORK GUARanteed first class. Dress shirts, 10c; ladies shirt waists, 15c; collars, 2c; cuffs, 2c; undershirts, 8c; handkerchiefs, 2c. Laundry called for and delivered. H. B. Coon.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING.

PROMPT, ACCURATE, CONFIDENtial work; mimeograph and circular work. Stenographers furnished upon call. Depositions; notary public. Harry H. Lemont, 601 First National bank.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE—IMPROVING SOUTHWEST CORNER OF LAKE AVENUE AND SUPERIOR STREET.

Office of City Comptroller, June 2d, 1897.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that an assessment has been made by the board of public works of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, and confirmed by the Hon. S. H. Moer, judge of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, to defray in full the expenses of paving and otherwise improving the southwest corner of Lake avenue and Superior street and build up a retaining wall adjacent thereto, in said city of Duluth, and that a duplicate assessment roll has been delivered to the city treasurer and that the amount assessed against each lot or parcel of land can be ascertained at the office of the city treasurer, and that the assessment is due and payable and if paid within thirty (30) days from the date of this notice there will be allowed a deduction of ten (10) per cent charged to the amount of the assessment for survey, plans, specifications and superintendence. All persons so desiring can have their assessments divided into not more than five (5) installments of not less than ten (10) dollars each by making application to the city comptroller within forty-five (45) days after date of this notice; said installments to become due and payable annually, commencing October 1st, 1898, with interest at seven (7) per cent per annum, payable annually. Blanks for this purpose may be obtained at the office of the city comptroller.

June 2d, 1897.

C. E. LOVETT,
City Comptroller.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of Peter J. Krupp and Anton Rink, copartners as Krupp & Rink, Insolvents:

Upon reading the verified petition and account of Henry C. Nelson, assignee, in said matter, and upon all the files in said matter, it is hereby

Ordered that on Saturday, the 26th day of June, 1897, said account be brought on for hearing at a special term of said court to be held on that day at 9:30 a. m., or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for the purpose of determining whether said account should be allowed and approved, and for the purpose of determining what charges shall be allowed said assignee and his attorney for services and disbursements, and directing to whom dividends are to be paid herein, and directing the manner of closing said estate, and of distributing the residue among the creditors.

Ordered further, that notice of said hearing be given to all of the creditors who have filed proofs of their claims herein, by publishing this order of said hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald for three successive weeks prior to said hearing, and by mailing a copy of this order to each of said creditors.

Dated Duluth, Minn., June 1st, 1897.

By the Court,
J. D. ENSIGN,
Judge.

J. H. Whitely,
Attorney for Assignee,
412 Providence Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-2-9-16.

What 25 Cents Will Do.

Send this amount with your answers. What cities are often called the Hub, Gotham, Metropolis, Queen, Monumental, Iron, Twin, Crescent, Windy, Power, Forest, Zenith and Beer? Contest closes Aug. 23 and names of the winners will appear in the September number of WORLD AT HOME. For the first correct answer we will give a SEWING MACHINE, value $50. 2, Coffee Set, 4 pieces, Quadruple Silver Plate, value $30. 3, Chafing outfit Nickel Finish, value $15. 4-5, New Family Atlas of the World, 175 Colored Maps, $7 50 CASH PRIZES: 5th, $5.00. 6th and 7th, $2 50. 8th to 12th, $1.00. 13th to 17th, 50 cents. In addition to the above all winners receive the WORLD AT HOME for three months and all others for six months

The WORLD AT HOME is a magnificent large 32-page journal unsurpassed for interesting reading. Address the WORLD AT HOME, (room 14) 411 WALNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TO RENT--HOUSES.

BRICK HOUSE, $7. 2010 EAST FIFTH.

SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE FOR rent. Inquire 111 West Second street.

HOUSE FOR RENT—917 EAST SEVenth.

HOUSES AND ROOMS FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, 1007 East Second street; all modern improvements. Inquire 1013 East Second street.

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE, NINE rooms, modern, 2105 East First street. Apply Dr. Schiffman, Burrows block.

HOUSES FOR RENT IN VARIOUS parts of the city at reasonable prices. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

1713 EAST SUPERIOR STREET, EIGHT rooms; hot water heat all modern improvements. Rent May 1. Only responsible tenant need apply. E. P. Alexander, Torrey building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT--FLATS.

FOR RENT—NICE 5-ROOM, MODERN brick flat. Volk, Palladio building.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT, NEW FOUR and five room flats, $8 to $10, including water. W. J. Holmes, 504 Palladio.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER, HAS REmoved to 404 West Superior street. Money to loan on articles of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook.

TO RENT--ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, BATH, for housekeeping. 1418 Jefferson street.

FURNISHED ROOM TO RENT. 1428 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOM LOWELL block.

ROOMS WITH BATH, $3.50 AND $5. 416 Lake avenue north.

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM WITH ALcove, bath etc. Location pleasant and central. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED and unfurnished rooms; all modern conveniences. 121 West Second street.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOMS, ELECTRIC light, bath; board if desired. 123 Second avenue west.

TRANSIENTS CAN HAVE BEST ACcommodations at 329 West Second street. $1.50 per day.

WANTED--TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, YOUR OLD clothing. The great old clothing buyer will remain two days longer Will pay you these prices: Pants, 50 cents to $1; coats and vests, $1 to $5. Send postal at once to G 50, Herald, and will call for goods.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND tools of all descriptions. Tell what you have. R 63, Herald.

CARD READING.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED FOR 10 cents; pictures of your future husband or wife 25 cents. Address Madame De Zoe, P. O. Box 39, Duluth, Minn.

CARD READER. 1330 W. SUPERIOR ST.

FINANCIAL.

$1600 TO LOAN ON FIRST MORTGAGE. E. R. Brace, 621 Chamber of Commerce.

Money to loan on Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry in any amount without delay at a low rate of interest. All business strictly confidential.

Collateral Loan Bank,
319 West Superior Street.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 7, 1897. Work, Second degree. W. A. Mc-Gonagle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Saturday, June 5, 1897. Work, First degree. F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 2, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 8, 1897. ——— degree. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1897. M. M. Gasser E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE leave your order at Boyce's Drug store.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—ARE YOU GOING TO MOVE or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furn

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room—324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK

Every Evening, Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD:
$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), June 2, 1897.—The storm noted yesterday as central in Western Kansas has advanced slowly northeastward, its center being now near Omaha. Southerly gales have resulted in Kansas and northeast gales in the Lake Superior region. Cloudy weather, with rain, is general in all the states lying between the Rocky mountains and the upper lakes. The heaviest rainfalls for the past twenty-four hours are 2.50 inches at St. Paul and .64 inch at Huron. Thunderstorms have occurred at St. Paul, Davenport, Memphis and Huron.

The temperature is 6 to 10 degrees lower than yesterday in the Rocky mountain states and has risen generally in the Mississippi valley, the upper lake region and Manitoba.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 46; maximum yesterday, 42; minimum yesterday, 37; rainfall for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. today, .18 inch.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Continued cloudy weather and rain tonight; probably showers and slightly warmer Thursday; high northeast winds diminishing tonight and probably shifting to brisk northwest by Thursday afternoon.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 2.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Local rains, probably clearing during Thursday; brisk southeast shifting to northerly winds. For Minnesota: Local rains this afternoon and tonight; Thursday partly cloudy; brisk northerly winds.

RAILROAD POOLING.

The newspapers are being flooded with literature in support of the railroad pooling bill which was introduced in congress by Senator Foraker, and they have been requested to advocate the passage of the bill on the ground that it is in the interest of the business men of the country and is commended by them. One of the articles which the railroads desire should be published editorially, says:

"It is regarded very generally in commercial and business circles that the only course is for the railroads, the shippers, the railway employes, the public, and all interested in the welfare of the country, to at once appeal for remedial legislation, such as proposed by Senator Foraker. It is a critical time, and legislators cannot refuse to give it attention. The introduction of this bill by the Ohio senator opens up the subject to the whole country in debate. The leading journals of the United States are almost unanimously of the belief that to congress the people must appeal for relief. The importance of this matter is not second to the tariff, the money question, the shipping bill, or any other question before congress. There can be no stability, no return of prosperity, until some measure has been enacted that will give to these great interests the power to agree not to increase rates but to maintain rates that are just and reasonable alike to these properties and to the shippers."

Of course most of the above is mere buncombe and utterly devoid of foundation in fact. What the Foraker bill proposes to do is to give the great railway corporations power to combine on rates—to create a trust that would have all the shippers at its mercy. There is no sound reason why railroads should be given special legal authority to form trusts and combines for the purpose of fleecing the people, when we have passed laws and are demanding their enforcement to drive other trusts and combines out of existence. With pooling legalized in the manner proposed by Senator Foraker's bill, the railroads could raise rates and compel shippers to pay them, because there would be no competition. It is regarded as a desirable thing, of benefit to the public, to encourage competition in other lines of business, and why not in the railroad business?

Daniel Webster would have been called a "jingo" if he had lived in these days when the "peace-at-any-price" statesman denounces anyone who exhibits the true American spirit. On Jan. 19, 1824, Mr. Webster made a speech in the house of representatives dealing with the Greek revolution. In the course of that speech he said: "I close, then, sir, with repeating that the object of this resolution is to avail ourselves of the interesting occasion of the Greek revolution to make our protest against the doctrines of the allied powers, both as they are laid down in principle and as they are applied in practice."

THE SUGAR SCHEDULE.

There is not a very great amount of satisfaction expressed in Republican circles, and certainly none elsewhere, with the "explanation" of the sugar schedule in the senate bill made by Senator Aldrich. In fact, it has been suggested by several leading Republican statesmen at Washington that the Rhode Island senator should now explain his explanation. The subject is a complex one, and a close technical knowledge is required to analyze the schedule and discover whether there is any foundation for Senator Aldrich's claims. The public generally regards the schedule reported by the senate committee as a complete surrender to the sugar trust, and this view is confirmed by a member of the ways and means committee of the house, who is reported to have said that the senate schedule is exactly the same as the schedule which the sugar trust vainly requested the house committee to incorporate in the original Dingley bill. But Mr. Aldrich denies that the sugar trust had anything to do with framing the schedule, and he challenges an investigation into the conduct of his committee respecting this question.

Those who lack the technical knowledge necessary to criticize the details of the schedule will be interested in a critical analysis which has been made by Mr. Bunn, one of the appraisers at the New York custom house. In a report to the treasury department Mr. Bunn takes issue with the claims put forth by Senator Aldrich. He takes the import values of sugar for March last as a basis of comparison, and considers two grades of 96-degree centrifugal raw cane sugar, the highest and lowest, and one grade of raw beet sugar. He accepts Mr. Aldrich's figures of the average number of pounds of such sugar required to produce 100 pounds of refined, which is 108 pounds and an excessive estimate, and compares the duties paid on the 108 pounds with the protection offered against the importation of Dutch refined and German fine sugars per 100 pounds, which make up about 80 per cent of the importations of refined sugars. In no case do the senate differentials or net protection on refined range close to the Dingley or house differentials. The senate rate of protection is practically the same as that accorded by existing law, while the house rates average only about one-half the senate rates.

Mr. Bunn then takes all of the 96-degree centrifugal sugars imported in March at an average dutiable value of 2.1 cents a pound, and submits these calculations:

	Present law.	House schedule.	Proposed Senate schedule.
Duty on 107½ pounds raw	$ .963	$1.75	$1.811
Duty on 100 refined			
Dutch refined	$1.165	$1.875	$2.07
German fine	1.113	1.875	2.021
Differentials.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Average 96 degrees raw and Dutch refined	26.2	12.5	25.9
Average 96 degrees raw and German fine	21.0	12.5	21.3

This figure of 107 1-2 pounds of raw being required to produce 100 pounds of refined sugar is that used by the treasury department in granting drawback allowances, and is probably more nearly correct than the Aldrich figure of 108 pounds. No account is here made of additional countervailing duties on sugar imported from bounty-paying countries.

It will thus be seen that the senate schedule gives the sugar trust practically the same net protection accorded to it by the Wilson-Gorman law, and everyone is well aware that the sugar schedule of this law was dictated by the trust. Senator Aldrich's statement may be true that the trust did not dictate the new schedule, but it is certain that the trust is not displeased that the senate committee took the house rates of net protection and nearly doubled them.

In making up his tariff schedules, Congressman Dingley very naturally did not forget the industries of his own state. He had provided a duty of 2 cents a thousand on toothpicks and 15 per cent ad valorem; 40 cents a thousand on skewers and three-tenths of a cent a bundle on kindling wood. But Senator Aldrich and his colleagues ruthlessly slaughtered the kindling wood clause, and took some pretty large shavings off the other items. It is said by the Boston Transcript that this cruel and discourteous treatment of toothpicks, skewers and kindling wood has wounded the sensibilities of the Maine statesman more than any of the other changes made.

The Chicago Chronicle says: "A vast territory that should be tributary to Chicago is cut off by vicious discriminations in freight rates. There ought to be some legal way to right this flagrant wrong." The Chronicle complains that this discrimination is practiced in favor of New York, but it has no words of condemnation for the discrimination which is practiced by railroads in the West in favor of Chicago and against Duluth. A great territory naturally tributary to Duluth is cut off by vicious discrimination in favor of Chicago.

The Baltimore News evidently believes that the bicycle is the great foe of indoor life. It says: "Above all other things, it is the bicycle that has obliterated the lines not only of sex, but of age, in the matter of recreation in the open air. Tens of thousands of persons, male and female, who would otherwise be strangers to any form of exercise more exciting than walking, have been carried away by the contagion of the wheel and are taking their proper share of physical exercise, in defiance of the apparently immovable habits of a lifetime."

Webster Davis, of Kansas City, the newly appointed assistant secretary of the interior, is said to be the youngest man who ever held the post for which he has been nominated. He is in his 35th year. He has served as mayor of Kansas City, having been elected by 8000 majority, and, after a successful administration, was a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor of the state. He has taken part in all campaigns for a number of years in Missouri, and is considered one of the most effective campaigners in the Republican ranks of the state.

Gen. George Wheeler of Alabama thinks he is surcharged with electricity. He does not look on the thing as a joke. He says it is very annoying. When he brushes the little bit of hair that remains "upon the skull of his cranium," as the old song says, his head crackles like a house afire. When he walks across a heavy carpet he can feel the sparks fly from the tips of his fingers, and when he is in a carriage a regular battery is created.

It is related by the Washington correspondent of the Chicago Tribune that the railroad pooling bill is being pushed in congress as the promised price of railroad contributions to Mr. Hanna's campaign fund of last year. The railroads cared nothing about more tariff, and they were very slow about responding to the "sound money" appeals of the Republican chairman. But when a pooling law was held out to them they "came down." Such is the story, but it may not be true.

An outcry has arisen against retaining Professor W. P. Trent in the chair of history at the University of the South, because his views of Jefferson Davis and the lost cause do not coincide with the secessionist philosophy. The Charleston News and Courier thinks it were better to abolish the chair of history than to have history "falsely taught." What is false? remains the great question.

An Indiana man chained a locomotive to the track and held it to satisfy judgments against the railroad company. The company foolishly paid the judgments. According to the Omaha World-Herald, it should have backed a mail car up and attached it to the locomotive and then called on the federal government for "protection." That railroad company is in need of some careful and competent managers.

But a few days more of life remain for the San Francisco murderer, Durrant, as it is hardly probable that the courts will interfere again to delay the execution of his sentence. Durrant should have been hanged months ago. His crimes were shocking, and he also belonged to the odious hypocritical class.

Miss Edith Dingley, the only daughter of the father of the tariff bill, is now in New York devoting her time to the study of singing. Miss Dingley has been described more than once as "one of the handsomest girls in Washington," which is proof that she does not resemble her father.

Every time the editorial writers of the Kansas City Star are at a loss for a timely subject they write an article lauding Grover Cleveland as the greatest man of the century, and it always meets the approval of the editor-in-chief, who worships the ex-president.

The statue of the founder of Harvard university has been again defiled with red paint. If the faculty can discover the authors of this outrage, they should promptly expel them. Those who would be guilty of such acts are not fit associates for respectable people.

When Senator Hoar arrived in Washington from Boston last week a reporter said to him: "So you have been presenting the Mayflower log to your state." "Log!" exclaimed the senator, palpitating with disgust, "you might as well call it a beam."

Only half the amount appropriated for the sufferers by the Mississippi floods was expended, and yet all the distress was relieved. The expenditure was made by army officers, which accounts for the unusual economy.

If the sultan objects to any American who sympathizes with Greece being made minister to Turkey, this country will not be represented at Constantinople.

The old pensioner who recently returned to the federal treasury $82.50, which he believed to be an overpayment, has been adjudged insane and sent to an asylum.

Sugar-coated statesmanship must go. Let the senators take notice.

MY STRAWBERRY.

O marvel, fruit of fruits, I pause
To reckon thee, I ask what cause
Set free so much of red from heats
At core of earth, and mixed such sweets
With sour and spice; what was that strength
Which out of darkness, length by length,
Spun all thy shining threads of vine,
Netting the fields in bond as thine.
I see thy tendrils drink by sips
From grass and clover's smiling lips;
I hear thy roots dig down for wells,
Tapping the meadow's hidden cells;
Whole generations of green things,
Descended from long lines of springs,
I see make room for thee to bide
A quiet comrade by their side;
I see the creeping peoples go
Mysterious journeys to and fro,
Treading to right and left of thee,
Doing thee homage wonderingly.
I see wild bees as they fare,
Thy cups of honey drink, but spare.
I mark thee bathe and bathe again
In sweet unclendured spring rain.
I watch how all May has of sun
Make haste to have thy ripeness done,
While all her nights let dews escape
To set and cool thy perfect shape.
Ah, fruit of fruits, no more I pause
To dream and seek thy hidden laws!
I stretch my hand and dare to taste,
In instant of delicious waste
On single feast, all things that went
To make the empire thou hast spent.

—HELEN HUNT JACKSON.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

HEARTFELT RESOLUTIONS.

In these days of stereotyped "resolutions" upon the departure of fellow members from the various societies to which they belong, one is tempted to query whether these mortuary gems of literature may not sometimes follow the example of certain tombstones and monuments, and lie as long as they stand. This is the way the late Petroleum V. Nasby "did up" Arthur Simpson Ranter, a deceased member of the Leviathan club:

Whereas, By a long course of the most outrageous dissipation, of late nights, of late suppers of the grossest food, of perpetual beverages of the most villainous kind—those that give the stomach no show whatever—by unchecked and unregulated indulgence in the worst possible sensuality in brief, by a long-continued series of the vilest outrages upon the physical, mental and moral man, our late member, Arthur Simpson Ranter, has been taken to that bourne from which we earnestly hope he may never return; and

Whereas, When a member of the Leviathan club expires, it is customary to commemorate him, to give him a send-off as it were, therefore be it

Resolved, That when we remember the villainous habit he had of revoking at whist, and also his adroit way of sliding out of paying the score, whenever he lost the rubber, our grief at his departure is severely mitigated, if not entirely subdued.

Resolved, That the promptness of our late associate in accepting invitations to take his thirst, and his intolerable tardiness in reciprocating did more honor to his head than to his heart.

Resolved, That his habitual untruthfulness, his utter disregard of his word, and his blustering, overbearing manner, were the best points in him, as they served as a warning to the younger members of the club. For this his demise is to be lamented.

Resolved, That his habit of getting boozy before 11 a. m., and staying in that condition so long as there was a good-natured man in the club, gives us his survivors good reason to pause and ask no more that conundrum, "Why was death introduced into the world?"

Resolved, That when we remember the success with which our late brother borrowed money, and his utter forgetfulness of such transactions, our hearts are softened toward Adam and Eve (through whose sin death was made a part of the economy of nature), and we publicly thank that lady and gentleman for their invesdanting turn of mind, and hurl back indignantly the charge that they did not do the best thing possible for posterity.

Resolved, That we congratulate Mrs. Ranter upon the fact that her private fortune was settled upon herself, and so skillfully tied up that her late husband, our deceased brother, could not get a cent of it. And we do this, remembering how often we have mourned that it was so, for the reason that, could he have touched it, he would have drank himself into an untimely tomb several years sooner than he did. Death with us buries all animosity and does away with all acrimony.

Resolved, That the club house be illuminated the night of the funeral, and be draped in white for thirty days in honor of this happy event.

MERRY JINGLES.

The poet sang: "Ah, misty dawn"—
Grim meaning then arose;
The damsel's father strode the lawn,
And on him turned the hose.
—Detroit Free Press.

Don't blame the world for all your woe,
For loss of health or pelf;
But please remember this is so:
You're part of it yourself.
—Chicago Record.

Sometimes the man who seeks to win
Success that's sure to stay,
Forgets to save his country, in
His zeal to save his pay.
—Washington Star.

Now each sweet girl in her musings,
Jots this pointed comment down:
"There may be flaws in my essay,
But there'll be none in my gown."
—Cincinnati Tribune.

Before we were married,
With kiss and with vow
She clung round my neck;
She walks on it now.
—Judge.

A bicycle corps,
With weapons galore,
All strapped to the broad, slanting backs,
Charged after the foe.
With a whoop and hallo—
But the road had been sprinkled with tacks!
—Chicago Record.

LOST A HAT ON CORBETT.

Washington Post: An event of more than usual importance at the capitol was a meeting between the Hon. Mark A. Hanna, champion heavyweight of the Republican party, and the Hon. Robert Fitzsimmons, who holds the belt for the championship under the marquis of Queensberry rules. * * * In the number in the Marble room were Senator Mantle and ex-Congressman Towne.

"I lost a hat with the senator," said Mr. Towne, "because you defeated Corbett."

"Yes," said Mr. Mantle, "and he wrote in that hat, 'If this does not fit you it will Fitzsimmons.' What do you think of a man who will do a thing like that?"

"He ought to give me a chance to hit him once," laughed the champion. At which suggestion Mr. Towne began to move toward the door.

15 CENTS OR 2 FOR 25 CENTS.
Latest style of silk band bows and club ties. Call soon. Limited quantity.
CHARLES W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

A BACHELOR'S REFLECTIONS.

New York Press: Men are naturally modest; women acquire all they ever get.

A man likes to know that his wife says her prayers at night more than he likes to see her do it.

Nobody ever saw a man who didn't know what he knew or a woman who knew what she didn't know.

When you call on a girl and say you bet you know what she is thinking about, she most always blushes.

As soon as a man gets through stuffing a girl's sleeves into her winter coat he has to begin tying her shoe ties.

At some time in her life every woman cries because her husband won't take some medicine she has heard is good.

BOYS' CORDUROY SUITS!
Which we guarantee to stand good hard knocks, at $4.50 per suit, all sizes, from 7 to 15 years.
CHARLES W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

SAID IN FUN.

Puck: Tragedian—I was nearly killed once by the bursting of a shell.
Manager—Did you ever find out who threw the egg?

Brooklyn Life: Willie—Papa, is the congregation the people who sit in the church? "It used to be, my son, but now it's an audience."

Judge: Knocked-out pugilist (faintly)—Wuz me wife in de gallery? Are yer sure? Bottleholder—Yes; why? Knocked-out pugilist—Are yer sure dat it wuzn't her dat wuz in de ring wid me?

Philadelphia North American: "What's the matter with Hoxie? He's acting very strangely." "Nothing serious. He's wearing a straw hat for the first time this season and trying to appear unconscious of the fact."

Fact and Fiction: Doctor (to female patient)—You have a slight touch of fever; your tongue has a thick coat—
Patient (excitedly)—Oh, doctor, do tell me how it fits.

Washington Star: "One er der reasons," said Uncle Eben, "why er education he'ps er young man along in life is dat gittin' it in de fus' place compelled 'im ter git used ter ha'd work."

Chicago Tribune: Gadzooks—Have you ever tried the X rays? Zounds—Yes, but the experiment was not a success. Old Spondulix, whom I braced, wouldn't let me have even a V.

Indianapolis Journal: "You will be sorry for the way you have neglected me when I am silent in the tomb," said Mrs. Peck. "Think of that."
"My dear," said Mr. Peck, as innocently as he could, "I cannot imagine such a thing."

Detroit Free Press: "Perkins is a dismal pessimist, but I heard him laugh heartily this morning."
"What occasioned his merriment?"
"A scorcher ran into a milk wagon and broke his wheel all to pieces."

Boston Transcript: Miss Baquebay—I had such a pretty compliment from my optician today.
Miss Fenway—What was it, dear?
Miss Baquebay—He told me that I had the best nose for eyeglasses that ever came under his professional treatment.

Harper's Bazar: What is the matter with the India-rubber man? He is using dreadful language," said the fat lady.
"It's raining hard and he can't find his goloshes," said the skeleton dude.

Harper's Bazar: "Bless my soul!" cried the shade, as he entered the golden gates and they gave him a trumpet. "I never learned to play this thing."
"That's the reason you're here," remarked St. Peter.

$4.30 St. Paul-Minneapolis and return, via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, June 1 and 2. Three trains daily. The shortest and quickest line.

Grand Maccabee Excursion.

For the above occasion the Eastern Minnesota railway will make rate of $4.30 to St. Paul and Minneapolis. Tickets on sale June 1 and 2. Trains leave 1:10 p. m. and 11:15 p. m. Secure tickets at Union depot or City Ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

For packing and moving household goods go to Duluth Van Co., who are headquarters for that business, at reasonable prices. 212 W. Superior st.

P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER,
L. N SCOTT, Manager.
TONIGHT,
26th Annual Tour,
PRIMROSE AND WEST'S
BIG MINSTRELS
Presenting their GRAND DOUBLE COMPANY, Whites and Blacks. 2 Brass Bands. Regular Prices.

LYCEUM THEATER
L. N. SCOTT, Manager
JUNE 4-5, With Matinee.
Interest you sure. The mere announcement of a Yale show coming means it's worthy of your immediate attention. On the above date Chas. H. Yale's
GREATEST SPECTACLE
THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS
With a Company of 60 People will be with you for the first time. The performance embraces all kinds of stage amusements skilfully and deftly rolled into one gigantic whole. Prices regular. Matinee 25c and 50c.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, upon a judgment duly rendered in the municipal court of the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the 28th day of April, 1897, in an action therein, wherein Jacob D. Zien was plaintiff, and John Mattilla, defendant, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant for the sum of sixty-eight and 76-100 dollars, a transcript of which said judgment was thereafter and upon the 30th day of April, 1897, duly filed and docketed in the office of the clerk of said district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, which said execution has to me as sheriff of said St. Louis county, been duly directed and delivered I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Saturday, the 10th day of July, 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor had in and to the real estate hereafter described on the 20th day of April, 1897, that being the date of filing and docketing of said judgment, in said office of said clerk of said district court as the same existed upon the 30th day of April, A. D. 1897, or as the same has since been enlarged or increased, said property being described as follows, to-wit: Lot four (4), in block four (4), in the town of Grant, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Lot two (2), in block twenty-eight (28), in the town of Virginia, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Lot thirty (30), in block eleven (11), in Central Division of Mesaba, according to the recorded plat thereof.

All the above described land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 24, 1897.

WILLIAM C. SARGENT,
Sheriff St. Louis County, Minn.
ALLEN, BALDWIN & BALDWIN,
Attorneys for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 26, June 2-9-16-23-30.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR AN ORDER CONFIRMING FINAL ASSESSMENT FOR GRADING AND OTHERWISE IMPROVING WEST THIRD STREET AND GRAND AVENUE WEST.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota, May 26, 1897.

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll amounting to the sum of thirty-three hundred eighty-six (3386) dollars and ninety-nine (99) cents upon the real estate benefited by the grading and general improvement of West Third street and Grand avenue west in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Twenty-eighth avenue west to the westerly end of bridge at Thirty-seventh avenue west, in proportion to the benefits for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of June, A. D. 1897, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day make application to the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz: Lot 449, block 117, and lot 450, block 83, Duluth Proper, Second Division; lots 1 to 8 inclusive, block 4; lots 9 to 15 inclusive, block 2; lots 7 and 8; block 3; all in Gay's Division. All of blocks 3, 4 and 5, Wallbank's Third street rearrangement. Lots 1 to 11 inclusive, block 36; lots 1 to 4 inclusive, block 35; lots 2 to 12 inclusive, block 19; all of blocks 21, 20, 14, 15, 6, 7 and 8; lots 1 to 7 inclusive, block 22; lots 1 and 2, block 23; lots 1 to 5 inclusive, block 12; lots 1 to 10 inclusive, block 13; lots 6 to 12 inclusive, block 16; lots 11 and 12, block 17; lots 10, 11 and 12, block 5; lots 5 to 8 inclusive, block 9; all in West Park Division. Lots 5 to 32 inclusive, block 4, and all of block 5, Centerdale Addition. All that part of n½ of ne¼ of sw¼, section 5, township 49, range 14 west, lying within 140 feet of either side of said Grand avenue west. Lots 2 to 8 inclusive, block 2, and lots 2 to 17, inclusive, block 5, Merritt's Addition.

W. H. SMITH,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-29-June-2-5.

CONTRACT WORK.—

Office of Board of Public Works,
Duluth, Minn., May 21, 1897.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m., on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1897, for the construction of plank sidewalks in said city as follows:

A 3-foot walk on the southerly side of Dodge street from Forty-third avenue east to Forty-fifth avenue east.

A 5-foot walk on the northerly side of Eighth street from Eighteenth avenue east to a point 250 feet easterly therefrom; and

A 3-foot walk on the west side of Sixty-eighth avenue west from Polk street to Main street, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of at least ten per cent of the total amount bid must accompany each proposal.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

W. H. SMITH,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 22 10 t.

SUMMONS FOR RELIEF, COMPLAINT FILED.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Henrietta Bertram, Edward L. Bertram, Otto P. Bertram and Augusta Obreicht,
Plaintiffs,
vs.
Svend Oleson and Carrie Oleson, his wife, John P. Mason and Bertha Mason, his wife,
Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants, and each of them:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the Mesaba block in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint, together with plaintiffs' costs and disbursements herein.

Dated April 19th, 1897.

FRED W. HARGREAVES,
Plaintiffs' Attorney.
5 Mesaba Block,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-28-May-5-12-19-26-June-2-9.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in one of the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Florence E. Moore (unmarried), mortgagor, to May R. Achorn, mortgagee, dated September 29th, 1895, with a power of sale therein contained, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, September 27, 1895, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 127 of mortgages, page 44.

Whereas such default consists in the non-payment of the sum of seventy dollars, interest due on the 1st day of April, 1897, the holder of said mortgage has exercised the option in said mortgage given to her by declaring, and she does hereby declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage with all accrued interest thereon to be now due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due and there is due upon said mortgage at this date the sum of two thousand and eighty-three and 64-100 dollars as principal and interest and twelve and 33-100 dollars insurance premium paid under the terms of said mortgage.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot four (4), of block two (2), Myers' Park, Duluth, county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Thursday, June 17, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt, interest and insurance and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 4, 1897.

MAY R. ACHORN,
Mortgagee.

PEALER & FESLER,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-5-12-19-26-June-2-9.

THUNDER CLOUD AT WASHINGTON

HEAD CHIEF OF THE KICKAPOOS SHOWN THE SIGHTS OF THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

The beauty of the Buildings entranced him; the height of the Monument surprised him; the mysterious Trolley Cars bewitched him; but what astonished and appalled him was the many sudden deaths in civilization. Impure blood, liver and kidney troubles responsible for many being so stricken.

THUNDER CLOUD.

Thunder Cloud when on a visit to Washington recently to see the Great White Chief, as the red men call the President, was paid many attentions and shown the sights at the Nation's Capital. When asked what surprised him most about civilization, the Head Chief of the Kickapoos startled his questioners by replying,—"The appalling number of sudden deaths among you 'pale faces.'"

The truth of Thunder Cloud's assertion cannot be denied. Statistics show that yearly thousands of people are suddenly stricken on the street, in public places, at their desks, and in their homes. Their deaths are attributed to "heart failure," but if the truth were known, impure blood, liver and kidney disorders are what sever so quickly the thread of life.

How unlike are the people of today from the Indians whose "one talent" was and is to keep well, strong and able to endure the most terrible hardships and privations. For years they kept the trail to health a secret. Now, thousands are being cured of disease by Indian remedies. The Kickapoos now and always lead their race in medicine compounding. Sudden death from disease is unknown to them. Why They always keep their blood—the oil in the lamp of life—pure and strength-giving by using their great blood purifier and tonic, Kickapoo Indian Sagwa.

If you are "off the hooks," lack the activity and ambition that you usually have, are irritable and nervous, have a poor appetite, suffer the terrors of sleeplessness, or get up in the morning feeling more tired than when you went to bed, or if your skin is dry and hard, and distressing eruptions break out over your body, your system is run-down and your blood needs toning-up and purifying, or your liver and kidneys demand attention. If you want to be well and strong again, do as the Indians did,—take Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. Don't delay, buy a bottle at once, you won't be well until you do. Stop on the crest of the steep hill of failing health while you can, once on a downward course means suffering despair—death.

Sagwa is for sale by all druggists, $1.00 a bottle. If you have any special trouble write to the Kickapoo Indian Remedy Co., New Haven, Conn., and one of their corps of skilled physicians will advise you free and treat your letter confidentially.

Our Special Dress Goods Sale THIS WEEK...

Is a Great Success. The ladies know when they get Bargains. In spite of the rainy weather the Dress Goods counter is crowded with eager buyers to secure some of the good things we offer.

LADIES' DRESSES, JACKETS, CAPES and SHIRT WAISTS.

We have surprises for the ladies in our Cloak Department. The low prices we offer these goods for tomorrow's business will certainly more than please you. All we say: come and you will be money ahead.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

TONIGHT'S CONVENTION.

Christian Endeavorers Will Elect a Delegate.

At the convention of the local unions of the Y. P. S. C. E. to be held at the First Baptist church tonight, the principal business will be the election of a delegate to the national convention at San Francisco. The trip will be a delightful one and there are several candidates for the honor of representing Duluth. The convention tonight will open with hymn, prayer, address of welcome and response, and Judge Edson will read the first paper on "Christian Citizenship," which will be followed by discussion. Mr. Cleland will speak on the topic "What He Would Have Me Do," and N. A. Gilchrist will talk on "The Student Volunteer Work." Discussion will follow both papers. Under the head "San Francisco, '97," Dr. Salter will speak on "The Trip" and Rev. W. W. Newell will give a prospectus of the convention. The election will then be held, after which the meeting will close with hymns and will organize itself into a social.

OFFICIAL DISPUTE.

What the Indian Scare Really Amounts to.

Helena, Mont., June 2.—The difficulty between the white settlers and the Cheyennes i nthe southeastern part of the state promises now to simmer down to a dispute between the state and federal authorities as to which is supreme in the enforcement of the law, and it is thought all danger of bloodshed is passed, there being six companies of regulars near Lame Deer, and a large force of deputies and armed citizens near the edge of the reservation rady to protect the interests of the citizens if the Indians should manifest a warlike spirit.

Governor Smith, while insisting in his correspondence with the general government, that the state has the power to arrest the depredators, has decided not to order the militia out upon the advice that the sheriff and posse can do verything required when the government concedes them the right to go upon the reservations to make arrests.

Superior Women Visit.

The Central W. C. T. U. entertained the West Superior W. C. T. U. yesterday at the First Methodist church. Mrs. Ida Thompson, president of the local union, welcomed the visitors, and invited them to assist in entertaining the delegates to the Minnesota state convention, which will meet here in August. The West Superior ladies gave reports, reviewing the work during the year.

May Make a Contract.

In the case of Melvin J. Clark against the B. B. Richards Lumber company, Judge Moer yesterday made an order allowing the Duluth Trust company, the receiver for the defendant, to enter into a contract with the McCord Lumber company to saw and manufacture logs at the rate of $2.25 per 1000.

New Telephone Directory.

The Duluth Telephone company will issue their midsummer directory on July 1. New subscribers desirous of having their names appear in this issue should place their orders before June 10, as the book goes to the printer on that date.

Merit

Made and Merit Maintains the confidence of the people in Hood's Sarsaparilla. If a medicine cures you when sick; if it makes wonderful cures everywhere, then beyond all question that medicine possesses merit.

Made

That is just the truth about Hood's Sarsaparilla. We know it possesses merit because it cures, not once or twice or a hundred times, but in thousands and thousands of cases. We know it cures, absolutely, permanently, when all others fail to do any good whatever. We repeat

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, indigestion, biliousness. 25 cents.

NO CHOICE

City Engineer Was Not Selected By the Council Last Evening.

Board Recommend T. F. McGilvray But Aldermen Refuse to Confirm.

Ordinance Reducing Circus License Was Passed--Adjourned to Monday.

The council last evening refused to confirm Thomas F. McGilvray as city engineer, and the present state of affairs will continue until Monday evening next, at least. The selection of Mr. McGilvray was made by the board of public works yesterday afternoon. Mr. Wilson, of the board, did not concur in the selection and sent in a communication renewing his recommendation of E. J. Duffies for the position. In the course of the regular order of business, no report was received from the committee on public offices, officers and elections on the matter of the confirmation of Mr. McGilvray.

Alderman Simpson demanded that the committee report, inasmuch as action on the city engineer question was the special purpose of the adjourned meeting. Alderman Crassweller, chairman of the committee, said further time was wanted. Alderman Simpson insisted, however, and Alderman Crassweller submitted a resolution that Mr. McGilvray be confirmed.

A vote was taken without debate, the resolution being defeated by a vote of 6 for to 9 against. The vote, in detail, was as follows: Yeas—Aldermen Crassweller, Dahl, Richardson, Shannon, Simpson, Sang. Nays—Aldermen Burg, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Rowley, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Cochrane. Alderman Duren was absent.

When the result was announced, Alderman Jefferson suggested that an adjournment for twenty minutes be taken in order to bring the question to a focus and settle it.

Alderman Crassweller said that nothing could be accomplished by this. "You can focus all you want to," he said, "but it will do no good as long as there are those here who are determined to get a particular man in."

Alderman Simpson moved an adjournment to Thursday night, Alderman Jefferson moving an amendment that the council adjourn to meet twenty minutes later. The motion as amended was carried and the aldermen were on the point of leaving their seats when Alderman Shannon arose and insisted that a resolution for a division of assessments, which had been read before the city engineer matter had been brought up be considered. This business was thereupon attended to, and an adjournment to 9:45 o'clock was then taken.

President Smith of the board of public works announced the willingness of the board to sit in continuous session all night and propose names if need be, and at his request the patrol wagon was dispatched for Clerk Murchison of the board, in order that a meeting might be held at once. The aldermen gathered in knots and discussed the matter in hand until the time appointed for reconvening.

When the gavel fell, there had been no change in the situation, apparently. The board of public works had not been able to get together and none of the aldermen had experienced a change of heart as to McGilvray. Alderman Simpson jumped up, when the meeting was called to order, and demanded that a resolution he had prepared be read, his object being, apparently, to gain time until the board could be heard from. Before a second was heard, Alderman Shannon interjected a motion to adjourn, Alderman Simpson offering an amendment that the adjournment be to Thursday night. This motion was lost, whereupon Alderman Simpson trotted out his resolution again, and was again interrupted by a motion to adjourn, this time by Alderman Jefferson, the motion being carried.

Aside from the discussion of the city engineer matter, there was some business of importance transacted. The award to P. McDonnell of the contract for excavating and backfilling the force main from Fortieth avenue east to the reservoir, for $12,015, and the award to C. J. Fredrickson of the contract for tearing down the pumphouse walls and building the structure according to the revised plans, for $22,162.50, were confirmed.

The ordinance reducing circus licenses from $500 to $250 was passed by a vote of 11 to 4, Alderman Jefferson offered an amendment providing that circuses be required to pay, in addition, the expense of such extra policemen as might be rendered necessary by the presence of the show in the city. It was directed by the chair, that the motion be put in writing, whereupon Alderman Jefferson moved that the ordinance be laid over, which motion was lost.

The claims and accounts committee reported a resolution, which was passed, allowing the pay of City Engineer Patton to the date when D. A. Reed demanded possession of the office, and other items that are beyond dispute, amounting in all to $840.

The sum of $225, held back on the Duluth-Superior bridge approach contract, was directed to be distributed among the creditors of Contractor Meniece. A communication from the board of public works was received, calling attention to the fact that no provision has been made for purchasing the steel for the pumphouse. It was referred to the waterworks committee.

The bond of John Flood, as member of the board of public works, in the sum of $5000, with Michael Kelly and James Sullivan as sureties, was approved.

WORK IS PROGRESSING.

Duluth-Superior Bridge to Be Opened July 1.

Work on the Duluth-Superior bridge is progressing steadily, regardless of the obstacles placed in the way of the enterprise at either end, and it is probable that it will be opened to the public July 1. The West Superior approach is nearing completion, and is now advanced to a point that will permit street cars to reach the bridge over it. Rails for the electric and steam cars are being laid on the bridge, and planking put down. The work of painting the bridge has been in progress for tw weeks, but it has been greatly retarded by inclement weather. It is understood that the Omaha and Eastern Minnesota Railroad companies have about completed arrangements for entering Duluth over the new bridge in the near future. There is yet considerable finishing work to be done on the structure, but it will be for the most part finished before July 1.

HAS A CORPS READY.

President Munger Has Selected His Engineering Crew.

R. S. Munger, president of the Duluth & North Dakota Railroad company, has an engineering corps organized and ready to take the field on a moment's notice. It will be sent out as soon as certain financial arrangements now being perfected are closed up, and active work on the line commenced. It is probable that the first work will be done from the Red river.

It is said that the operations of the "Farmers' road" will depend largely upon the action of the promoters of the Duluth & Winnipeg air line project, for should that road materialize in the near future, it is likely that the Duluth & North Dakota will make connection with it in the western part of the state, east of Drayton, and enter Duluth over that line. Thomas Greenway, premier of Manitoba, has returned to Winnipeg and reports that some but not all of the bonds for the air line have been disposed of, and that the time for beginning the work of construction will depend upon the result of negotiations for the placing of the remainder of the bonds. Premier Greenway is confident that the enterprise will be brought to a successful issue, and that the time for cheap freight rates for the Northwest is near at hand.

Thousands suffer from catarrh or cold in head and have never tried the popular remedy. There is no longer any excuse, as a 10-cent trial size of Ely's Cream Balm can be had of your druggist or we mail it for 10 cents. Full size, 50 cents. ELY BROS., 56 Warren Street, New York City.

A friend advised me to try Ely's Cream Balm and after using it six weeks I believe myself cured of catarrh. It is a most valuable remedy.—Joseph Stewart, 624 Grand avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

GRAND MACCABEE EXCURSION.

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

Via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, round trip $4.30, June 1 and 2, account Northwestern anniversary and state convention.

A special decorated train will leave Duluth and West Superior at 9 a. m., Tuesday, June 1; other trains, 1:55 p. m. and 11:15 p. m. It is desired that as many members and friends who are going take this special train, which will reach St. Paul at 2:30 p. m., in time to meet other delegations, when all will proceed to the Metropolitan hotel, where reduced rates have been secured. Later, street cars will be taken for Lake Harriet in time for evening festivities.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

FAST MAIL SLEEPING CAR SERVICE.
VIA "THE MILWAUKEE."

Beginning Sunday, May 9, and every day thereafter, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will run a palace sleeping car on the government fast mail train, leaving Minneapolis at 6:25, and St. Paul at 6:55 p. m. Passengers taking this car will reach Chicago at 8:10 o'clock the following morning, early enough to make all Eastern and Southern connections, as well as to give business people a full day in Chicago before departure of evening trains. The vestibuled, electric-lighted limited continues to leave Minneapolis at 7:30 and St. Paul at 8:10 p. m., arriving at Chicago at 9:20 the following morning.

For sleeping car space, address
J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't. Gen'l. Pass. Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

PARK POINT.

Subscribers to The Evening Herald who intend camping on the Point this summer can have the paper delivered to their camp by notifying this office.

SALT RHEUM

Most torturing and disfiguring of itching, burning, scaly skin and scalp humors is instantly relieved by a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, and a full dose of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures, when all else fails.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Props., Boston. "How to Cure Salt Rheum," free.

FALLING HAIR Pimply Faces, Baby Blemishes, Cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

MRS. ELLA M'GARVY,

Writing to Mrs. Pinkham.

She says:—I have been using your Vegetable Compound and find that it does all that it is recommended to do. I have been a sufferer for the last four years with womb trouble, weak back and excretions. I was hardly able to do my household duties, and while about my work was so nervous that I was miserable. I had also given up in despair, when I was persuaded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and to-day, I am feeling like a new woman.—MRS. ELLA MCGARVY, Neebe Road Station, Cincinnati, O.

AMUSEMENTS.

PRIMROSE & WEST.

Tonight Primrose & West's great aggregation of minstrels will appear at the Lyceum, presenting minstrelsy as it was and as it is. The combination of white and colored talent as arranged by Primrose & West was made with a view of presenting minstrelsy from its birth to the present day, and old-timers who gloat over the good old days of yore when minstrels were minstrels will have an opportunity to draw comparisons besides being allowed the privilege of enjoying two excellent performances for one price. It requires something more than money to insure such an organization of diversified talent. It needs brains and, what is more essential, experience. Primrose & West have all the requirements and plenty of grit and energy also. Therefore their big minstrels will find a warm place in the good opinion of every amusement patron.

"THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS."

Next Friday and Saturday "The Twelve Temptations" will be at the Lyceum. The spectacle contains a wealth of brilliant features. The Rosaires in acrobatic flights; John Harty in juggling; the brothers Elliott in a hot boxing bout; Sisson and Brown in a "Chanson Characteristique," and Rose Keagner as the "Giddy Old Maid" present specialties which will delight everybody.

With the whole stage set representing the Brooklyn side of the East river, the Fulton ferry and moving craft on the stream, the endless march of odd personages across the bridge from New York at night, will be aptly described in a great song by Mr. Yale, called "Over the Bridge." "All in a Row" and "Battery Park" are also quaint and descriptive songs from Mr. Yale's fertile pen which will go with a rush.

THE GIBSON PICTURES.

The first rehearsal for the Gibson pictures, which will be given at the Lyceum next Tuesday, will be held Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Peyton. A full-dress rehearsal will be held Monday at the Lyceum. The Gibson pictures will be presented for the benefit of the Women's home and hospital. Permission to present them had to be obtained from the Life Publishing company, of New York, and was granted only on condition that full credithe given each picture of the copyright of Life Publishing company. Flaaten's orchestra will play during the presentation of the pictures, and Mrs. Homer Collins will sing between the two parts of the program.

DENIES THE CHARGE.

P. Mainello Claims He Has Been Unjustly Accused.

P. Mainello, who has been accused of having been a party to a scheme to bleed some of his countrymen by charging them $2 each for tickets for work on Contractor Fitzgerald's section of the force main trench, says that the charge is an unadulterated falsehood. He says that Fitzgerald told him he wanted some men and that it was agreed that Mainello should furnish some, the latter's object being to get work for some men who were in debt to him. Pursuant to the understanding with Mr. Fitzgerald, Mr. Mainello says he gave some men tickets to take to Mr. Fitzgerald to identify them, but that he charged nothing for so doing. The story that he charged a fee, Mr. Mainello says, was invented by one of the men to whom he gave tickets and who was out of sorts because he did not get him a job as foreman.

Edison's Projectoscope.

Next Saturday at Pilgrim Congregational church an exhibition by Edison's "Projectoscope" will be given. A series of exceedingly interesting pictures will be given, including "The Black Diamond Express," a squadron of cavalry charging at full speed, President McKinley's inauguration, bathing at Rockaway beach and any number of comical scenes.

Advertising For Hose.

Secretary Truelsen of the board of fire commissioners has sent out notices asking for bids on the 3000 feet of hose, the purchase of which was recently authorized.

A POPULAR RESORT.

Lake Park hotel, at Lake Minnetonka, is the most popular tourist resort in Minnesota. It is only a half hour's ride from Minneapolis, and reached by frequent trains. The accommodations are in every way of the best, and prices extremely reasonable. Good fishing, boating, yachting and bathing. Hotel will open for the season of 1897 on June 24. For further particulars and a beautifully illustrated pamphlet, address

A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., M. & St. L. R. R.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

HELD A POKER HAND.

An Ely Man Loses $50 on a Train.

The police are looking for a trio of confidence men who last Friday touched up a passenger on a Duluth train for $50 in cash, says the St. Paul Globe. The victim was Mat Judnish, a civil engineer living at Ely, Minn., and all that Mr. Judnish has to show for his money is a large piece of paper rather handsomely engraved and bearing on its face in large type "Gold bond, $1000."

Mr. Judnish was on his way to St. Paul last Friday, when at Forest Lake three young men boarded the car. They suggested a game of casino and the traveler from Ely took a hand in the game. A couple of hands had been played when one of the trio remarked that he had a pretty good poker hand and wished they were playing that game instead of casino. Another of the casino players said he might be induced to bet a little money on the cards he held. The fellow who regretted that they were not playing poker had no money, but he had a $1000 gold bond, and after some discussion Mr. Judnish loaned the poker player $50 on the bond until the train reached St. Paul.

The three men undoubtedly became excited after the hand had been played, as they all left the train at the East Seventh street station under the impression that the stop was the Union depot. Mr. Judnish, however, remained on the train, and at the depot told his tale of woe to a policeman. Mr. Judnish was on his way to California and did not care to wait until the fellow who gave him the bond could be arrested.

A Few Summer Excursions.

VIA "THE NORTHWESTERN LINE."

San Francisco, Cal., meeting Y. P. S. C. E. One-way tickets on sale June 29 to July 3, $29.

Nashville, Tenn., Tennessee centennial. Round-trip tickets on sale daily, $43.30.

Minneapolis-St. Paul, annual meeting Grand lodge B. P. O. Elks. Round-trip tickets on sale July 5 and 6, $4.30.

Milwaukee, Wis., N. E. A. Round-trip tickets on sale July 3, 4 and 5, $13.30.

Buffalo, N. Y., G. A. R., Aug. 21 and 22. Rates to be announced later.

Besides the above mentioned excursions, summer tourist tickets to Colorado and to other summer resorts in general are on sale daily until Oct. 15 at greatly reduced rates. For tickets and information call on your local agent or address H. W. Summers, agent, 405 West Superior street, Duluth.

$4.30—EXCURSION RATES—$4.30

St. Paul, Minneapolis and Return.

The St. Paul & Duluth road has made a $4.30 rate to Minneapolis and return for the state meeting of the Knights of the Maccabees which will be held Wednesday, June 2. It is expected that a large delegation will go from Duluth.

$18.75—EXCURSION RATES—$18.75.
DETROIT MICH., AND RETURN.

Via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, June 5, 6 and 7. Round trip Detroit, Mich., and return, $18.75, via Grand Trunk, or $19.25 via Michigan Central from Chicago. Particulars at City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Providence building.

FREE This Silver-plated TEASPOON

with every large size cake of

White Cloud Soap

FREE—A SPOOL, containing 20 yards of the best sewing silk with every small size cake **WHITE CLOUD SOAP.** The cost of this spoon and spool of silk comes out of our pocket entirely—it's one of our ways of advertising. We want you to get acquainted with the whitest floating soap on the market. If your grocer can not supply you send us his address.

Made by the NONOTUCK SILK CO.

MADE ONLY BY JAS. S. KIRK & CO., CHICAGO.
THE LARGEST SOAP MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD. ESTABLISHED 1839.

A GOOD APPOINTMENT.

Will Be at McKinley's Disposition Very Soon.

Washington, June 2.—Within the next few weeks one of the most desirable appointments within the gift of the president will be made. The retirement of Civil Engineer McCollom will permit such appointment in the corps of civil engineers and in anticipation of this vacancy there are already several applicants. The position is an exceedingly desirable one. It is a life office and the salary progressively increases from $2400 until it reaches $3500 after fifteen years' service. Upon attaining the age of 62 years the civil engineers are retired upon three-quarters of the highest maximum pay. Thee is no sea duty attached to the position and quarters are assigned at some navy yard.

As the law does not prescribe any but a physical examination, it is within the power of the president to appoint any civil engineer of standing. Strong pressure is being brought to bear upon the president to permit competitive examination for the place. The prospect of work being resumed upon the Nicaragua canal probably will induce civil engineers of national repute to compete for the position, if the president takes such method of filling the vacancy, since some civil engineer of the navy undoubtedly will be detailed to represent the navy dpartment in that important national work.

DOGS AS BAGGAGE.

New York, June 2.—The Pennsylvania road has issued an order that in future dogs will be carried as passengers' baggage. Hitherto the express companies having the contracts with the various railroads have claimed the right to carry dogs at excess rates—that is, double the ordinary rates. The consequence of this action has been that fanciers and breeders have to a great extent ceased sending their dogs to distant shows.

VERY FLIMSY CHARGE.

Maj. Baldwin Alleged to Have Neglected His Duty.

Washington, June 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Inquiry at the interior department has developed the fact that a letter has been received from one of the attorneys for the Indians, charging Maj. Baldwin with having failed to perform the duties of his office as Chippewa commissioner for the past six months, and a request is made for his removal on that account.

The officials of the department evidently take very little stock in the charges, for they say that they have letters from persons on whose word they can fully rely, that Maj. Baldwin is performing his duties in a manner entirely satisfactory to all concerned.

No charges have been received by Secretary Bliss against Agent Allen of the White Earth reservation.

MACCABEES EXCURSION.
GRAND STATE MEETING ST. PAUL.

The Duluth, West Duluth, Superiors and Range delegations leave Duluth and West Superior via the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, special decorated cars, 9 a. m. train, Tuesday, June 1. Other trains—limited, 1:55 p. m., night express, 11:15 p. m. Tickets on sale June 1 and 2. Round trip St. Paul and Minneapolis, $4.30. Procure tickets at depots or city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

$43.30—TO NASHVILLE, TENN., AND RETURN—$43.30.
CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION.

Tickets on sale via the Wisconsin Central lines every day until Oct. 15, with final return limit of Nov. 7. For tickets, sleeping car berths and further information call at city office, No. 423 West Superior street, Spalding House block, Duluth.

A. W. KUEHNOW,
Passenger Agent, N. P. Ry.

FOR THE BLOOD SSSSS FOR THE BLOOD SSSSS FOR THE BLOOD

Every Blood Disease

Can not be cured by every so-called blood remedy. In fact, there are few blood remedies that really cure any blood disease. Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) is absolutely the only one which can have any effect whatever upon deep-seated, real blood diseases. There is not a disease of the blood, it matters not how obstinate, which it does not promptly reach and permanently cure. The greatest claims for S. S. S. are made by those whom it has cured.

THROWN FROM A HORSE.

Mr. H. Kuhn, of Marion, Kas., writes: "A few years ago my granddaughter, Bertha Whitwood, was thrown from a horse, sustaining a contusion of the scalp, which resulted in blood poisoning. For more than a year there were running sores on her head and neck, which the constant treatment of the best physicians failed to arrest. As a last resort S. S. S. was used, soon affording relief, and in a few months she was cured entirely."

YEARS OF SUFFERING.

Mr. Chas. Glenn, 1563 Dudley St., Cincinnati, writes: "From childhood I was afflicted with a terrible itching skin disease, for which I have been treated constantly for years. My entire body was covered with blotches, and some of the best physicians in this city have endeavored to cure me. S. S. S. is the only remedy equal to the disease, however, for it has cured me completely, and I shall never cease praising it."

ABLAZE WITH ERYSIPELAS.

Miss Ada Wainwright, of Alamo, Tenn., says: "I have suffered agonies with bone erysipelas; one of my limbs became so inflamed that it had to be lanced constantly. The best physicians treated me for three years, and I was finally declared incurable. Some one suggested S. S. S., and the first bottle made an improvement. Six bottles effected a cure, leaving my skin clear and pure, without a sign of the dreadful disease."

COVERED WITH SORES.

Mr. H. L. Myers, 100 Mulberry Street, Newark, N. J., writes: "For two years my body was covered with a mass of itching sores caused by impure blood, which gave me incessant pain. I was given various treatment, but got worse steadily, the best physicians being unable to relieve me. A few bottles of S. S. S. cured me completely, and I am sure it has no equal as a blood remedy."

Purely Vegetable

Swift's Specific is the only *purely vegetable* blood remedy,—guaranteed to contain not a particle of mercury, potash, arsenic, or other harmful mineral ingredient. *It cures every blood disease.* There is Nothing Half as Good.

Plain, Unassuming,

Yet inspired with the high ambition to have the public call his product BLATZ, was

BLATZ

He succeeded brilliantly, for his work was earnest and honest, and Consumers refer to his product—the Blatz Brew—as

..... The STAR Milwaukee Beer.

They call for BLATZ and are mighty particular about "BLATZ" being on the cork.

Val Blatz Brewing Co., Duluth Branch. Telephone 62.

TRAVELING MEN.

Protective Association Has Its Annual Meeting at Nashville.

Nashville, Tenn., June 2.—The annual meeting of the Travelers' Protective association opened here today with an unusual amount of interest. President John A. Lee read his annual report and said he was pleased to announce that the association, despite unfavorable business conditions, had made an increase in membership and financial gain, and considerable progress in the various departments of co-operative and mutual beneficial works. There had been a gain of 375 members during the last fiscal year, and since May 1 of this year 260 members had been added. The larger divisions, Missouri, Illinois, Texas, Tennessee and Wisconsin, had not materially gained, the increase being in the smaller divisions, especially in Pennsylvania, Georgia and Iowa, which showed a net gain of 379. The Pennsylvania division had more than doubled its membership, securing 375, a larger number than any other, and was therefore entitled to "three horns." No new division had been organized during the year, and the charter of one division in Michigan had been revoked, the membership having lapsed below the limit. The present membership was 11,189. New posts had been established at Jacksonville and Pensacola, Fla.; Davenport, Iowa; Kokomo, Ind.; La Grange and Galveston, Tex.; Natchez, Miss., and Green Bay, Wis.

The financial report would show that the association had in bank May 13, 1897, $6810 more than at the same date last year, the total balance May 1, 1897, being $33,744. The benefit fund was now kept entirely separate from the expense fund, was absolutely inviolable and could not be used except for the payment of indemnity or death loss. The fund had been increased by a transfer of $5000 surplus from the expense fund. The total expense for all purposes was $17,422, the ordinary expenses for conducting the affairs of the association being $16,267—a per capita of 12.16 as compared with $1.45 the previous year. There were paid during the year for indemnity and death $62,750. No claims which are regarded as just were unpaid.

The future of the association was one of great value and usefulness, not only from a fraternal and mutual protective standpoint, but because it was today one of the most powerfully active and influential commercial organizations in the world. Its possibilities were grand, and now that all its difficulties and vicissitudes had been overcome, standing as it did upon a basis of financial stability and perpetuity, it should rapidly extend its membership until it became not alone national but international in its scope, covering all the countries of the American continent. Several prominent railroad officials had been invited to attend the convention and to place before the members in executive session their views in relation to the concessions and facilities for which the association was contending in order that they might have information from both sides of the question and be thereby guided to the adoption of wise and just policies.

PHILADELPHIA'S GUESTS.

President, Cabinet Officers and Others En Route.

Washington, June 2.—President McKinley, with a large party, left at 8 o'clock this morning for Philadelphia, where they are to take part in the exercises connected with the opening of the international commercial congress and other functions. The Pennsylvania company had provided a handsome special train composed of six cars for the accommodation of the party. The president, with Mrs. McKinley, Mrs. Saxton and Mr. and Mrs. Porter, occupied car No. 99, the private car of President Thomson of the Pennsylvania company, which was placed at the rear end of the train so that it might be used as an observation car.

Secretary Wilson and Attorney General McKenna represented the cabinet, and the party included a number of members of the diplomatic corps, mostly from the countries of Central and South America, some of the delegates to the postal congress now in session in this city, officials of the state and other departments and members of congress, among whom were Representatives Dingley, Grosvenor, Dalzell and Tawney. Breakfast was served as the train started away from the station.

HARD-HEARTED LANDLORD.

St. Joseph, Mo., June 2.—A constable ejected the family of Bert Crowly because the rent was not paid, and of the six children who were down with the measles five have died and the other will die. City Physician David did all he could for the sufferers and even called to his aid other doctors, but all they could do was unavailing. There is much bitter feeling against the landlord and the officer, but no warrants have been issued for their arrest.

MACCABEES MEET.

The Biennial Convention Has Opened at St. Paul.

St. Paul, June 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Maccabees opened their biennial convention today. They have between 100 and 200 delegates present. The membership has nearly doubled during the past two years and is now 300,000 in the United States. State Commander Chillow, of Duluth, presided at the morning session. Rev. D. D. Ferdis, chaplain of St. Paul tent, delivered the invocation, and Mayor Dorin welcomed the visitors to the city.

Congressman D. D. Aitkin, of Flint, Mich., past supreme commander of the order, responded to the mayor's address in a happy vein, and also improved the opportunity to say some encouraging things to members. Then the committee on credentials went to work on the list of delegates and a recess was taken until this afternoon. The reports of state and subordinate officers were received during the afternoon and business of a general nature was discussed.

MAY NOT STRIKE.

Coal Miners' Convention Meets at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 2.—All the mines in the Pittsburg district were represented at the coal miners' convention here today to consider the advisability of ordering a strike of the 23,000 miners in the district for the restoration of the 69-cent mining rate. Nothing was done at the morning session, which was taken up in perfecting an organization.

The sentiment on the strike question is divided. Many of the delegates have been instructed to insist upon the 69 cent rate, while others are opposed to strike unless the Ohio miners join in the demand for an advance. National President Ritchford is here and is counseling moderation and advising against a strike at the present time.

SENATOR TILLMAN.

Wants South Carolina's Liquor Laws Untouched.

Washington, June 2.—Mr. Tillman of South Carolina soon after the assembling of the senate asked consideration of a resolution reciting the circumstances of the enactment of the South Carolina dispensary law, its effects in reducing intemperance, the recent decision of a federal judge overthrowing the law and requiring the state to "reopen the bar rooms." The resolution then directs the judiciary committee to consider and report what legislation is necessary to restore to South Carolina its right to regulate the liquor traffic in its own way. Mr. Tillman spoke briefly in support of the resolution, saying the public impression that the dispensary law was a money-making device was erroneous and that it had accomplished much good in regulating the liquor traffic.

There was objection to the preamble and finally Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, chairman of the judiciary committee, proposed a substitute omitting all the preamble and simply directing the judiciary committee to consider and report, by bill or otherwise, what legislation, if any, is necessary to carry out the statute of 1890 relating to commerce between the states. Mr. Tillman accepted the substitute and it was agreed to.

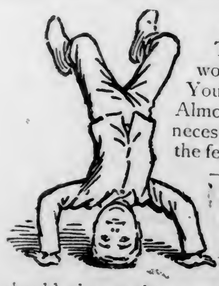
The first formal notice of a tariff speech was made by Mr. Mantle, who said he would address the senate on Friday on the wool schedule.

The tariff bill was then taken up, Mr. Aldrich, who has been in charge thus far, was not present, and Mr. Allison and Mr. Platt of Connecticut sat together and directed the course of the bill.

Mr. Stewart preceded the debate by offering an amendment proposing the maintenance of a treasury reserve of $125,000,000 and the retirement of bonds out of the surplus above $125,000,000. Mr. Stewart stated that a previous amendment offered by him might lead to injecting the silver question into the tariff debate, so that he preferred to strip the question of everything beyond a regulation of the treasury reserve. Consideration of the metal schedule was then begun.

CLOSER TRAFFIC RELATIONS.

Omaha, Neb., June 2.—It has been stated here and not denied that the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific have reached an understanding and that closer traffic relations between these roads begin immediately. A new rate sheet is being prepared at the Union Pacific headquarters. All Western business will hereafter be routed over the Southern Pacific from Ogden. This is in retaliation for the opening of the Ogden gateway by the Oregon Short line.



Doing "stunts."

That seems to be the case with the women who are washing in the old way. You can stand on your head, for instance. Almost everyone could do it, if it were necessary or desirable. But standing on the feet is more natural and more sensible—and easier. So with soap and Pearline. Everyone can wash with soap—many do. But washing with Pearline is easier and more sensible. The hard work of soap is neither necessary nor desirable. Everyone should give up the use of soap and should use Pearline. 642

Look Out — Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled; if your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—send it back. JAMES PYLE, New York.

NOT IN IT

James J. Hill Does Not Appear in the Superior & Western Election.

Old Board of Directors Re-elected---Meeting Purely a Formal One.

Minnesota Iron Company and Iron Range Stockholders Will Arrive Friday.

The annual meeting of the board of directors of the Duluth, Superior & Western Railroad company was held in the company's offices in the Lyceum building this morning. There were present: W. F. Fitch, president of the road; Charles Drinkwater, secretary of the Canadian Pacific, and A. B. Eldridge, of Marquette, general attorney for the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, and Duluth, Superior & Western railways. No business of special interest was transacted, the meeting being purely a formal one to comply with the law. The old officers of the board were re-elected. The meeting practically dispossessed of the oft reiterated report that the road has been purchased by James J. Hill, and that it is to be operated in future as a part of the Great Northern system for it is probable if a sale of the road had been made the directors at their meeting today would have made some changes that would have indicated a change of ownership.

Messrs. Drinkwater, Fitch and Eldridge will leave this evening for Marquette where they will attend a meeting of the directors of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic tomorrow.

THE JUNKETING PARTY.

Iron Range Stockholders Will Arrive Next Friday.

The stockholders of the Minnesota Iron company will arrive in Duluth Friday morning on their annual junketing trip, over the Omaha road from Chicago. They will not be guided by any set program after their arrival here, but if they follow their usual custom they will leave shortly afterward by special train for a trip over the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, going direct to Ely. After their arrival there they will make a casual inspection of the mines, stopping when and where their fancy dictates. They will visit Tower and make their way to Two Harbors Sunday, arriving in Duluth Monday morning, when the formal business that gives them an excuse for their excursion will be transacted in about one and one-half hours.

The old board of directors of the Minnesota Iron company will hold its final meeting and adjourn. Then they will meet as stockholders and select themselves as directors. The new board of directors will proceed to organize after the stockholders have adjourned and select the present officers. With the Minnesota Iron company's business disposed of three more meetings will be held for the transaction of the formal annual business of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company. The party will then be ready to disperse.

J. L. Greatsinger, president of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company, has not yet been informed as to who will constitute the party or how many of them there will be, but it is known that the following stockholders and directors will be among them: H. H. Porter, H. R. Bishop, J. H. Chandler, C. P. Coffin and C. W. Hillard, secretary and treasurer of the company. It is probable that there will be about twenty-five persons in the party on its arrival here, as a Pullman apartment car, in addition, as well as H. H. Porter's private car, has been engaged for their accommodation. A dining and baggage car will also form part of their equipment. On arriving here President Greatsinger's private car will be added to these to make up the special train for the trip over the Duluth & Iron Range road.

The Minnesota Iron company and Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company are practically the same as the former owns all of the stock in the latter with the exception of fourteen shares which have been issued in order to qualify persons for the position of director.

THREATEN REED.

Czar of Congress Receives Threatening Letters.

Washington, June 2.—Speaker Reed, like every other public man in high official station, has received threatening letters from time to time, but has never paid any attention to them. Today, however, one was received of such a nature that it seemed to command more than ordinary attention and the speaker's private secretary, without Mr. Reed's knowledge, turned it over to the police authorities who, after investigation have come to the conclusion that it was not written by a crank, but by someone desirous of perpetrating a hoax for sensational purposes.

ORGANIZER ROSS SUICIDES.

Chicago, June 2.—W. W. Ross, a union organizer, shot and killed himself today in the headquarters of the Chicago Typographical union on Washington street. Despondency over inability to secure work is supposed to have been the cause. Ross was widely known among all classes of organized labor.

AFRICAN TRAVELERS SAFE.

Cape Coast Castle, South Coast of Africa, June 2.—Lieut. Anderson and other members of the expedition attacked early in April at Wa, where they were making treaties with the chiefs of the Hinterland, have been released, and are returning to Kumasi, bearing presents from Chief Samory to the governor. It was at first feared that the expedition had been massacred. Preparations were being made to send an expedition to Wa with instructions to ascertain the fate of the Anderson expedition and punish Chief Samory if disaster had befallen it.

MARINE MATTERS.

The Carnegie Has Reached Buffalo---Coal Freights.

Buffalo, June 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Coal freights continue dull. The only charter was the Cranage to Duluth at 20 cents.

The steamer Carnegie came in with her record-breaking grain cargo and went to the Sturgis elevator, drawing 16 feet 2 inches forward, and 16 feet 6 inches aft.

STARTED IN THE STORM.

The steamer Nautilus started out on her north shore trip this morning in spite of the northeaster, and she was watched with considerable interest as she made her way out of the harbor. The waves seemed at times to almost bury her, but the staunch little boat kept on her way in spite of them. The Dixon went out during the morning also, and she too felt the effect of the wind and waves considerably.

THE WHISTLE SIGNALS.

The whistle signals which the United States weather bureau causes to be given every morning at 10 o'clock by the Elevator E whistle are not understood by all vesselmen and Observer Kenealy has been asked to have them published. They are as follows:

Force of wind—Light (1 to 5 miles per hour), 1 long whistle; fresh (6 to 14 miles), 2 long whistles; brisk (15 to 24 miles), 3 long whistles; high (25 miles and upward), 4 long whistles.

Direction of wind—North, northeast or east, 1 short whistle; southeast or south, 2 short whistles; southwest, northwest or west, 3 short whistles; variable, 4 short whistles.

The duration of whistles is two seconds for the short and six seconds for the long.

Examples: For brisk westerly winds, first, a prolonged attention whistle, then three long and three short whistles. For light easterly shifting to brisk westerly winds, first the attention whistle, then one long, one short, three long, three short.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., June 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Northern King, 1:25 a. m.; Mahoning, 6:30; Neshoto, 7:15; German, 8.

Down yesterday: Pease, Planet, 2:40 p. m.; Schlessinger, M. T. Green, 5:30; Wilson and consorts, 2; Specular, Magnetic, 3:20; Emery Owen, Michigan, 6:30; Roumania, Barium, 6:40; Servia, Moravia, 7:40.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Northern Wave, Sacramento, Abyssinia, 10; Nicol, 3:20 a. m.; Zenith City, 5:20; Castalia, 7; Maritana, 8; Kalkaska, Stewart, Magnet, Knapp, 9. Down: Victory, Nimick, 11:30 last night; Normandie, 3 a. m.; Wade, 4; Merida, 5; Wawatam, Nicholas, 7:30; Alberta, 8:40; Stephenson, Bell, Colorado, 10:30.

Later—Up: North Wind, 11:40 a. m.; Argo, Ogarita, Chisholm, Fayette Brown, 2 p. m. Down: Ketchum, Wadena, 11:40 a. m.; St. Louis, Champion, Donaldson, Hanscome, Christie, Sonsmith, 1 p. m.; Lagonda, 1:40.

Up yesterday: Marshall, Tilden, Kingfisher, 2:20 p. m.; Devereux, 4:30; Springley, Aloha, 7:20; Erin, Danforth, 8:20. Down: Langell, Arenac, Interlaken, Abram Smith, 4; Harlem, 4:40; Codorus, 8; Traverse, McWilliams, Corralia, 9:30.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Buffalo—Cleared: Thomson, 132, 118, Vega, Granada, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Sam Mitchell, Duluth.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Maruba, Mariposa, Manda, Cleveland; Harvey Brown, Chicago.

Erie—Cleared: Eriesson, 115, 126, Duluth.

Bayfield—Arrived: Shawnee.

Waukegan—Arrived: Madagascar Neil, Stephenson.

Ashland—Cleared: Marquette, Victory, 129, Lake Erie ports.

Conneaut—Cleared: Bessemer, Duluth.

Fairport—Cleared: Harper, Tyrone, Bangor, Cort, Duluth.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Queen City, Oglebay, Duluth.

Toledo—Cleared: Yuma, Sauber, Duluth.

WHAT BECAME OF THEM.

In its article on the famous fleet of the St. Clair and Detroit River Towing association in the '60s and early '70s the Detroit Free Press tells what became of the tugs:

"The Masters burned while lying at her dock at Maeden; the Satellite—the queen—foundered on Lake Superior. Something broke loose around her stern and she slowly began to settle. She had five schooners in tow. All cast loose and hoisted their flags to half-mast. Her own master ordered her colors set. Then she plunged to the great, deep bottom, and more than one man wiped his eyes as the favorite disappeared forever. The Stranger burned at Trenton, this state. The Kate Moffat burned at some Canadian port on Lake Huron. The Frank Moffat, not in the agreement at that time but in it subsequently, exploded her boiler while lying at her dock at Sombra, and went to pieces, taking several lives with her. The Prindiville still lives. The W. B. Castle, L. L. Lyon and Bob Anderson are in the Inman fleet at Duluth. The Lyon, half submerged in a slip below the Springwells drydock, was a familiar sight for many years, and few thought she would ever again be put afloat. The Anderson kept her company in that graveyard for a long time. The Muir exploded her boiler in the St. Clair river, killing her master and mate. The McClellan was dismantled and now lies somewhere this side of the Springwells drydock, her frames just sticking out of the water. Up in Georgian bay the John Martin's stern dropped off one day and she deliberately went to the bottom. The crew never stopped to protest, but took to the yawl. She's there yet. On a Lake Huron beach the bones of the Brady are whitening. The T. D. Dole burned. The Anna Dolbins was lost on Lake Huron. On the bottom of Lake Erie the bones of the Hector are being preserved, for it is said water does not rot timbers—while they stay in it. Down the Detroit river, all afire, drifted the Red Eric one day; she never came back. The St. Clair river was a favorite locality for tugs that no longer had use for their boilers; the B. B. Jones parted with hers up there, and thus she ended. On the beach at Point au Pelee rest the remains of the Mayflower. The E. M. Peck and Dart were dismantled; the Parker is towing logs for Boutell, of Bay City; the Tawas' boiler went in the air on Lake Huron, and the Kate Williams has been laid up here several years."

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Grecian, Roman, Lake Erie, light for ore; Parks, South Chicago, railroad iron; Ed Smith No. 1, Angus Smith, Lake Erie, light for ore; Siberia, City of Genoa, Algona, Alta, Onoko, Lake Erie, coal; Japan, Buffalo, pass and mdse; Gilbert, Vanderbilt, Buffalo, mdse; Yale, Buffalo, light for grain.

Departed—McGregor, Lake Erie, lumber; Osceola, Buffalo, flour; Grecian, Lake Erie, ore; Ed Smith No. 1, Port Wing, light.

AN OLD DEATH WARRANT.

The following death warrant, probably the oldest document of the kind in existence in this country, was recently discovered among the old papers now being packed up in the court house, at this place, says the Westmoreland Democrat. It was issued at Carlisle, Cumberland county. The document is yellow with age, in a good state of preservation, and the writing is as neat and regular as copperplate print. It reads as follows:

"Cumberland, county: At a Court of Oyer and Terminer, held at Carlisle, for the county of Cumberland, before Francis West and William Smith, Esq'rs, Justices of the said court, and the following assistants, to-wit: Thomas Wilson, John Welsh, John Montgomery, John Agnew, Robert Miller and Jonathan Holm, on the 10th day of June, 1769, by virtue of commission from James Hamilton, Esq., Lieutenant Governor and Commander-in-chief of the province of Pennsylvania, and counties of New Castle, Kent and Sussex, upon the Delaware, to the said Francis West and William Smith, Esq'rs., directed, bearing date the 9th day of April last past, were brought the said court a negro named Hector, a slave, the property of William Morrison, of the said county, husbandman, and charged with the murder of a certain George Hughson, late of the said county, yeoman, and found guilty by us of killing and murdering the said George Hughson, at Peters township, in the said county, on the 12th day of February last past, for which murder he, the said Hector, received the sentence to return to the place from whence he came, and there to remain until Saturday, 21st instant, and then to be taken thence to the public gallows, and there to be hanged by the neck until he shall be dead.

"Given under our hand, the day and year above written.

"Justices—Francis West, William Smith.

"Freeholders—Thomas Wilson, John Welsh, John Montgomery, John Agnew, Robert Miller, Jonathan Holm."

TROUBLES OF A LAD.

The small boy thus philosophises in Truth.

I wisht ma wouldn't kiss me every time she wants to see if I've been smoking on the sly.

Sunday school wouldn't be so bad if you didn't have to go. I can lick every kid in my class 'cept one, and he don't come regular.

I don't know why when I run away from school last week, and fell in the river, and ma thought I was going to be drowned, and cried. When I wasn't she went and licked me harder'n anything. I wisht I had drowned.

Ain't it queer how it most always rains on Saturdays?

If a feller's mother didn't tell him he musn't do so many things he wouldn't want to.

I don't like to fight with girls. They scratch, and, anyway, when you do lick 'em they always make you feel so bad about it afterwards. They hain't got any sand. 'Cept one, she didn't scratch and she walloped me good. Gee! but she's a dandy.

I was good for a week once and ma she thought I was sick an' gave me a dose of castor oil. An' then I was sick, an' I wa'n't good no more.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

Capt. Jas. A. Duffey,

OF TOLEDO, OHIO.

The Great Railway Detective Tells What Dr. Miles' Remedies Have Done For Himself and Wife.

DETECTIVE work requires constant vigilance, steady nerves, a clear head and active brain. "A year ago," writes Capt. Duffey, of 631 Orchard St., Toledo, Ohio, "I overworked myself, was in such a condition sleep was impossible. I was so nervous I could not lie in bed; my arms and limbs twitched and my system seemed completely exhausted. I began using Dr. Miles' Nervine and the fourth bottle restored me to health. Mrs. Duffey had suffered for eighteen years with heart disease, had tried every remedy without avail until she took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure two years ago. For the past year she has been free from the trouble."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

POWER & SETTLE.

THURSDAY— 7c for dozen Spools Embroidery Silk.

THURSDAY— 13c for Shirt Waist Sets.

THURSDAY— 25c for Casket Jet Pins and 5c Paper Needles.

THURSDAY— 5c for five papers Daisy Brass Pins.

THURSDAY— 2c, 3c, 4c For Safety Pins.

THURSDAY— 38c for Shirt Waist Sets and Skirt Holder

THURSDAY— 25c, 35c, 48c Belt Bargains.

THURSDAY— 10c for more of those 15c Linen Collars.

THURSDAY— 6c, 8c, 10c, 19c For those wonderful Lace Bargains.

THURSDAY— 1c, 3c, 4c, 7c, 14c Embroidery Bargains.

White Goods Department.

Rain or shine, it's the price that brings the crowds here. Lower the price—larger the crowds.

300 yards Check Nainsooks, made to sell at 10c and 12½c—these Big stores want 12½c and 15c—we are going to sell them Thursday at 6½c

350 yards Check Nainsooks, made to sell at 15c—these Big stores want 20c—we are going to sell them to you Thursday at 9½c

275 yards Check Nainsook, made to sell at 18c—these Big stores want 22c—we are going to sell them to you Thursday at 11½c

1600 yards Sheer Lawns and Jackonets, for the pittance of 5c

1500 yards Organdy, dark and light colors, from an overstocked importer, worth up to 25c—Thursday 12½c

1800 yards Dimity, Linen Jackonets, Batiste, etc., beautiful range of colors—Thursday at 11c

(Only to our retail customers, none to merchants)

500 yards Embroidered Linens, lots of stores selling them at 35c—we are going to sell them to you Thursday at 18c

48c French Organdies Thursday at 29c

35c French Organdies Thursday at 19c

Pure Linen Towels Thursday.

Only two extra big bargains to offer you in Towel Department, but they are right if we know anything about linen values.

Pure Linen Damask Towels, 18x35—Thursday flat 10c

A Turkish Towel, snow white, colored border, double thread, twisted loops, in the liberal size of 44x24 inches—you get them Thursday at 20c

Hemstitched Apron Lawns

India Linon finish, perfect goods, all running 40 inches wide, selling Thursday at 15c, 19c, 35c

Matchless Bargains in Shirt Waists.

Lawns, Dimities, Batistes, all fine quality; made to fit; value $1.50—our price for Thursday will be 98c

Matchless Bargains in Ladies' Wrappers.

You may not get your size in every style, but the price will make it easy to change your fancy and take another.

THURSDAY— 99c for Twill Gloria Silk Umbrella, $1.50 quality.

THURSDAY— 69c for fast bl'k Twill Umbrella, kind you pay $1.00 for elsewhere.

Power & Settle

With your thoughts

On *Thursday's* shopping at this store and our efforts to make it worth your while to come here. *That day* has grown to be one of more than ordinary interest—money saving to you, small profits to us, though the big volume of sales make it pay us to shave the margins close for you. We *don't want* big profits, we want *big crowds* and small profits, and *that* we are proving inch by inch and day by day. Compare anything you get from us, if not right bring it back, that's all.

At the Dress Goods Counter---Economy, wisdom and wealth lend a thought for your own interests to consider. If you don't need them for immediate use buy them for the future. It pays to look ahead. *Save money*—if not much at a time—*save money*.

For one thing we are going to sell you a lot of Scotch and French Cheviots *expressly for Skirts*, considered cheap at 75c, but 45c gets them. Then we are going to sell you a lot of Skirting Cloths, the 40c and 50c kind, for 29c, and to make it pay you, *rain or shine* Thursday, we sell you any imported pattern for ..... Half Price

Millinery Department.

The force employed taxed to its utmost night and day producing the figured down wonders for Thursday's crowds. Some specials for the great day's shopping—

$2 98, $3.50, $4 98, $5.50, $5.98

At the Muslin Underwear Department. Thursday's Specials.

35c and 45c Aprons 25c

98c Gowns 49c

$1.50 Gowns 99c

35c Drawers 22c

$1.50 Skirts 98c

Matchless Bargains in Ladies' Mackintoshes.

Two cape, double texture, plaid lined, velvet collar and straps; blue, brown and black—go Thursday for $4.98

And yet we have others, higher price, but just as cheap—you'll see.

Matchless Bargains in Ladies' Accordeon Pleated Silk Waists.

Fine heavy Taffeta, new and handsome shades, geranium reds, royal blues, changeable greens, white, etc; value $12 50—Thursday go for ... $8.75

Matchless bargains in the new Sun Burst Skirts—the very latest—blue, black, green, plum; value $10.00—our price for Thursday will be $6.98

THURSDAY— 19c for Ladies' Black Satin 35c Ties.

THURSDAY— 18c for all Linen Lace Edge Grass bleached Hdkfs, 35c kind.

THURSDAY— For a $1.00 Kid Glove Bargain.

THURSDAY— 19c for Swiss Embroidered Hdkfs, 35c kind.

THURSDAY— 7c for a beautiful Swiss ribbed Vest, others want 12½c

THURSDAY— For bargains in Ribbons, Plaids, Taffetas, Moires, Satins, etc.

THURSDAY— 25c for a 50c Ladies' Union Suit (a wonder).

THURSDAY— 19c for Ladies' 30c Hose, just received.

THURSDAY— 10c, 15c, 19c, 25c Bargains in Underw'r, Swiss ribbed.

THURSDAY— 7c for Ladies' tan and black Hose, not a seam.

Cloak Department

Matchless Bargains in Suits.

Eton and Reefer Suits, all-wool Cheviot Serges; blue, black and green, lined with Satin Rhadame, skirt correct shape and lined with Percaline; strictly tailor-made, perfect in fit and finish; value $12.00—equal to suits loudly advertised elsewhere at $9.75—our price Thursday will be $6.98

Matchless Bargains in Bicycle Suits.

Fly-front Jackets, 36-inch skirt, in tan, gray and brown mixtures; well made, neat looking suit—Thursday for $4.50

Blazer Jacket Bicycle Suit, all-wool, strictly tailor-made, correct style, in tan mixtures with leggings to match—Thursday for $5.99

Matchless Bargains in Ladies' Jackets.

50 go on sale Thursday morning *at exactly half price.*

Matchless bargains in Ladies' Capes and Wraps—25 go on sale Thursday *for exactly half price.*

Matchless bargains in Children's Jackets for Thursday—35 go on sale *at exactly half price.*

Matchless Bargains in Storm Serge Skirts

Fine and heavy, handsome braided front, 4½ yards wide, correct in shape and finish; value $12 00—our price for Thursday $7.98

Matchless Bargains in Ladies' Silk Waists.

Fine fitting, white linen collar, changeable blue and green—go Thursday for $2.98

POWER & SETTLE.

SECRETS

All the Government Departments Use Some Secret Styles of Writing.

Uncle Sam Has Some Very Funny But Valuable Cipher Codes.

Weather Bureau's Cipher is the Queerest of all The Lot.

Nothing could be more absurd than the statement recently published to the effect that the Spaniards have found the key to the cipher used by the state department and are reading the telegrams which pass between Washington and Havana, says Rene Bache in the Boston Transcript. The secret code employed in this service is one of the most inscrutable cryptograms ever devised, the key word changing automatically from time to time. The translation of a message framed in it without a key, is practically an impossibility. Of course, a key might be stolen, a copy of it being in the possession of every consul general and minister of the United States in foreign countries, but it could hardly be utilized with success by an outsider, owing to the shifting of the keyword by pre-arrangement between the parties corresponding.

In fact, the state department's cipher is so complicated as to interfere seriously with its usefulness. When a telegram is received, it is apt to be a twenty-four-hour job to make it out. The code employs groups of figures to represent words and phases, and a system of this sort always affords opportunities for mistakes in transmission. At the same time, it is better in this respect than a system that uses cryptographic words, inasmuch as the latter are very likely to go wrong over the wires. Suppose, for example, that "domicile" stands for the president of the United States. A foreign telegraph operator, unacquainted with English, may get the word crooked and make a lot of trouble. Governments have often been frightened out of their wits by mistakes in ciphers.

Figures, you see, are the same in all the languages of civilized nations. The cipher now employed by the state department has been in use for about twenty years. However the government has always utilized cryptograms in its correspondence since revolutionary times. In those days nearly every public man had his own private cipher, such a precaution being made necessary by the prevalence of the practice of intercepting or tampering with letters. The president of the United States uses the state department's code when he sends a secret dispatch, but this rarely happens, and a cipher telegram has not gone out from the White House in the last half dozen years. Of course, the department of state is the president's office, as it were, and through it he corresponds with diplomatic and consular officials.

So many mistakes occur in the transmission of cryptographic messages that the cipher is used only when necessary for secrecy or economy. It cuts down the cost of telegrams very greatly, thus making an important saving in cases where, as in the difficulty with Chile, continued correspondence has to be kept up at an expense of $2 or more a word. Nowadays not nearly so much attention ar formerly is paid to the keeping of diplomatic secrets, the dealings of the nations with one another being much more open and frank. Diplomacy used to be a mere game of tricks, and the ablest ambassador was he who could lie most skillfully. The rifling of letters was considered a legitimate part of the business, the art being brought to such perfection that dispatches were opened without apparent injury to their seals. One of the most famous experts in this line was Walsingham, secretary of state to Queen Elizabeth.

Nearly every one of the executive departments uses a cipher more or less in its correspondence. The treasury in 1883 adopted a code that is still in use, though it has undergone many improvements since then. One purpose of it is to save telegraph tolls, the wires being worked very freely between the treasury and the various sub-treasuries and mints in different cities. But frequently it would be very undesirable that the public should have knowledge of the contents of the dispatches. It might not be well to warn train robbers that a big shipment of gold was to be made at a certain time and by a stated train from Carson to San Francisco. Furthermore, information gathered by the department might be utilized for stock-jobbing purposes. Many of the dispatches have reference to financial conditions and prospects.

The most notable feature of the treasury cipher is its extreme simplicity. This simplicity, the officials of the department say, is its best safeguard; there is nothing for an outside translator to start with. It consists of a lot of words with arbitrary meanings; also of peculiar associations and sequences of words with meanings attached. The words are names of people, animals, plants, gems, etc. Dispatches in this cryptogram can be read off-hand by those who understand it, and usually without reference to the key. It is not necessary to lock the door and go to work on a telegram as if it were an inscription in cuneiform hieroglyphics from a Babylonian tomb. Keys of this cipher are kept at all the sub-treasuries, mints and assay offices. When the code is changed, as has happened twice since 1883, new keys are forwarded to those establishments by registered mail, and the old ones are carefully destroyed by burning.

There is another cipher in use in the treasury department, by the bureau of the secret service. A key to it is in the hands of every field agent. The title of field agent is a euphemism for detective. Of course, the detectives of the secret service are engagd almost exclusively in the business of catching counterfeiters, and their work has to be done with the utmost secrecy. Hence it is very important that they shall be able to hold private communication with their chief in Washington. It is worth mentioning in this connection that the first cryptographic code devised for the war department was made by Anson Stager, in October, 1861, and the first key of it was intrusted to the famous detective, Allen C. Pinkerton, while employed by the government on a dangerous mission in Kentucky. The war department today has a cipher of its own, but rarely uses it. It was employed at the time of the Chicago riots and during the Indian campaign of 1890-91.

The cipher employed by the navy department is one of the most elaborate systems ever devised. It is the work, mainly, of Admiral John G. Walker, lately retired. There is a copy of the key on board of each flagship in the service, and the officer in command is held responsible for its safe keeping. The key makes two large volumes, each half as big as an unabridged dictionary; they are bound in Russia leather and enclosed in a heavy leaden case, kept always under lock and key on shipboard. The case is perforated, so that, should the vessel be taken, it may be thrown overboard, sinking and preventing the enemy from getting possession of it. Nearly all of the cable correspondence between the navy department and our ships in foreign parts is conducted by the help of this cipher. During the trouble with Chile the government was put to an enormous expense for cable tolls, which would have been quadrupled but for the fact that for every cipher word sent three were saved in English.

When the secretary of the navy wishes to send a message, he dictates it in plain English to a typewriter. It is then given to two officers who are especially skilled in cipher work. They translate the message into cipher, the process being a very laborious one, inasmuch as the utmost care must be taken not to make any mistake. But the most difficult task is to unravel the messages in cipher that arrive at the department, because they are so apt to contain errors which throw out the whole meaning. It sometimes takes several hours to decipher a dispatch of twenty words. The system is based on the substitution of numerals for words, and then for the minerals are put made-up words that have no meaning whatever outside of the cipher. Thus the message in English undergoes a double transformation. Most trouble is had with messages from South America, because they have to be repeated over several lines and the telegraph operators are poor. During the rebellion in Brazil several dispatches were two days on the way.

The state department's cipher is much like that used for many years by the French foreign office. The French code was composed entirely of numerals, each representing a word or phrase. The key of this cipher was stolen more than once, but a shifting key made its variations so complicated that the foreign office continued to use it, merely notifying correspondents of changes decided upon. In most European countries the telegraphs are under government control, but in the United States it is different, and Uncle Sam must pay like anybody else. He pays as much as anybody for cable service. One of the most expensive messages was from Rio, and cost $500. When the Trenton and Vandalia were lost in the Samoan hurricane, a message was sent from Auckland which cost nearly $1000. It was made much more complicated by the fact that the cipher key was lost with the Trenton, and every word had to be sent in plain English. The saving by the use of the navy code is about three and one-half words to every word of cipher.

The work of editing and publishing the records of the civil war has been greatly increased by the circumstance that many of the dispatches sent to and by commanding officers during that conflict were in cipher. The keys of the ciphers used are not always obtainable, and the telegrams have to be made out by sheer force of ingenuity and perseverance. It is stated that the dispatches sent over the lines of the federal military telegraph during a single year of the war numbered 1,200,000. The last important use made of the military telegraph of those days was to aid in the capture of the assassin of President Lincoln. Beckwith, a cipher operator, who became famous as a member of Gen. Grant's staff, was one of the first to get on Booth's track of the murderer, and it was upon information which he sent to Washington in cipher that Booth was located. Booth having been shot while attempting to escape, Beckwith received $500 of the reward offered by the government for the capture.

The queerest of the ciphers used by the government is employed by the weather bureau. The telegrams which come to the weather bureau from 150 signal stations all over the country are curiosities of style. Here is an actual specimen by way of illustration:

"Buffalo, April 7.—Bashful barmaid damnable bony hirsute pirate."

This apparently unintelligible communication contains a lot of real information, each letter in every word having a meaning. "Bashful" signifies that the barometer is 30.12, and the temperature 60 degrees Fahrenheit. "Barmaid" tells that the wind is from Jthe north, and that fifty-two hundredths of an inch of rain has fallen during the last twenty-four hours. "Damnable" says that the velocity of the wind is twenty-two miles an hour, and that the highest temperature during the day was 66 degrees. "Bony" declares that the sky is covered with cirrus clouds. "Hirsute" makes it known that the observations were taken at 8 p. m.; that the dew point is 80, and that the local prediction is for fair weather. "Pirate" communicates the fact that the highest wind velocity today was fifty-two miles an hour.

There is no secrecy about the weather bureau's cipher; it is purely for condensation and cheapness. As fast as the dispatches arrive, they are translated by an expert into ordinary English, the information they convey being jotted down on outlined maps of the United States.

FORTUNE FOR A TRAMP.

This story has to do with one Jacob Loesing, a tramp, who ran away from his home in Havre, France, when he was a little boy of 16, and who has just been left $38,000 by a rich uncle, who died. The story is told by a lawyer who has an office in a downtown building, and who says he is trying to find the wealthy poor man, says the New York Telegram.

A man was taken to the lawyer's office about nine months ago to be examined as a witness in an assault case that was then pending, and in which the lawyer was counsel. In the course of the examination these alleged facts were brought out:

The man was Jacob Loesing, better known among habitues of cheap lodging houses as "Jakey." He was born in Havre, France, of German parents, both of whom died before little Jacob had reached the age of 5 years. His uncle, who conducted a large flour business at Havre, took charge of him and sent him to boarding school. This uncle, by the way, was an old bachelor, without other relatives than little Jacob, and "by rigid economy had accumulated a snug fortune."

When the boy was 16 years old he ran away from school, went to Paris, mastered the English language, earned a little money, made his way to Liverpool and came to this country on a cattle steamer. Finding that it was necessary to work, even in America, the runaway went West and obtained a position as porter in a hotel somewhere in Iowa. Jacob drifted to San Francisco. Here, sad to relate, the wanderer was compelled to serve a term of eighteen months in the San Quentin penitentiary, accused of having stolen into a Chinese lottery. Jacob was innocent, but circumstantial evidence made him a convict. When liberated he came to New York. He made a little money doing odd jobs.

All this Jacob told the lawyer. The latter at first did not place much confidence in the man's story, but after giving it careful consideration for months he decided that there might be some truth in it. So he wrote to a counselor at Havre and received a reply that Jacob's rich uncle—unnamed, by the way—had died several months ago, leaving an estate valued at $38,000. It was only necessary for Loesing to go there and prove his identity and the property would be turned over to him. Whatever money he needed for expenses would be advanced. But Loesing cannot be found. He stopped at an Eighth avenue lodging house three weeks ago, it is said.

If this meets the eye of Mr. Loesing, will he please come forward and claim the $38,000 and thereby save the expense of advertising?

PETROLEUM LAKES.

Lakes of petroleum exist at Balakhani in the district of Baku, on the Caspian sea, says Answers. A traveler on his first visit to these regions is astonished to see these dark looking, almost illimitable lakes, and still more surprised when he learns that these lakes are filled, not with water, but with petroleum. The whole soil around Baku is impregnated with petroleum, which now and again bursts forth in great fountains. One tapped in September, 1886, began to spout oil with extraordinary force, deluging the whole district. Nothing could be done to stop the outflow, which on the eighth day had reached a daily rate of 11,000 tons, or more than the entire product of the world at that time. Another gigantic fountain burst out in March, 1887, rising to a height of 250 feet, and, after forming an extensive petroleum lake, forced itself into the sea. The "Pitch Lake of Trinidad" is the largest deposit of solid or semi-solid bitumen known. It has an area of 11,67 acres. The surface is not level, but is composed of spherical, polygonal and mushroom-like masses. The softer parts of the lake constantly evolve gas. It was from Trinidad asphalt that Mr. Gesney first prepared kerosene by distillation.

See the Crescent tandem at Trott's.

Inwrought into the number

Remington

Standard Typewriter

are certain sterling qualities of Excellent Construction and Reliable Service for which all Remington models have always been famous. LIKEWISE... Scientific Improvements notably increasing its usefulness and durability.

Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict

327 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

94 E. Fourth Street, ST. PAUL.

323 West Superior St., DULUTH.

Tell Your Cook

there is nothing equal to

KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO CORN STARCH

in the preparation of delicious

Puddings, Custards, Blanc Mange, etc.

It costs no more than others. Why not get the original and best?

For sale by all first class grocers.

An Ordinance

AMENDING SECTION 3 OF AN ORDINANCE ENTITLED "ORDINANCE 30, SHOWS AND EXHIBITIONS," AS PUBLISHED IN THE BENHAM COMPILATION OF THE CITY CHARTER AND ORDINANCES, RELATING TO FEES FOR SHOWS AND EXHIBITIONS.

The Common Council of the City of Duluth do ordain:

Sec. 1.—That section three of an ordinance entitled "Ordinance 30, Shows and Exhibitions," as published in the Benham compilation of the city charter and ordinances, be and is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 3.—The license fee to be paid by any caravan, circus, menagerie, wild west show, or similar shows, shall be $250.00 for the first day and $50.00 for each subsequent day; and for any play, game, concert, theatrical performance or exhibition the sum of $5.00 for each day, except that when a license shall be desired for a period of a week or longer it shall be as follows: One week, $25.00; two weeks, $30.00; one month, $40.00; six months, $100.00; one year, $150.00; except when the admission fee to each performance of any such play, game, concert, theatrical performance, or exhibition shall not exceed the sum of 10 cents, such six months license may be granted upon payment of a fee of $50.00 provided, no intoxicating liquors are sold on the premises. Provided that no licenses shall be required for any of the before mentioned amusements or entertainments when the same shall be given by amateurs or local talent, or they shall be held in any theater, hall or public building paying a yearly license fee of $150.00.

Sec. 2.—All ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3.—This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Passed June 1, 1897.
ROBERT L. COCHRANE,
President of the Council.
Approved June 2, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

Attest.
C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.
(Corporate Seal.)
Published in The Duluth Evening Herald June 2, 1897.

Official Proceedings

Council Chamber,
Duluth, Minn., May 31, 1897.

Regular meeting.
Roll call.
Aldermen present: Burg, Crasweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—13.
Absent: Aldermen Duren, Rowley, Tischer—3.

Upon motion of Alderman Hanson, the minutes of the last meeting were approved.

PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS.

Board of public works: Transmitting resignation of D. A. Reed as city engineer. Upon motion of Alderman Simpson the resignation was accepted.

Alderman Rowley arrived and took his seat in the council.

The board of public works transmitted letter from D. A. Reed relative to affairs in the city engineer's office, which was received and filed.

From the mayor: Reference to notices served upon him in the cases of the Northern Pacific and St. Paul & Duluth Railway companies vs. city of Duluth and Lakewood Land company vs. city of Duluth—Received and filed; urging the passage of an ordinance to form charter commission under the Shelton act—Ordinance and judiciary; transmitting communication from Mabel Folsom—Claims and accounts.

Pay rolls for May, George C. Warfield for refund of assessment, John Holleran for indemnity on account of damage to back by defective street—Claims and accounts.

Board of fire commissioners: Schedule of salaries for fire department—Fire department.

Board of education, for permission to construct sewer, W. M. Prindle & Co., for sewer in Dingwall street—Drains, sewers and parks; Duluth Street Railway company, for vacation of old railway track crossing Arthur avenue—Streets, alleys and sidewalks; Hartford Steam Boiler I. & I. Co., report of inspection of boilers in city hall—Received and filed; Federated Trades assembly, for the use of the Duluth granite and Duluth labor on new reservoir—Waterworks.

Alderman Tischer arrived and took his seat in the council.

Jacob D. Sigel, for pawnbroker license at No. 46 West Superior street, Robert Chubb for liquor license at No. 329 Lake avenue south, D. J. McKenzie for liquor license at No. 314 Lake avenue south—Police and license.

Board of public works: Notice of sale to M. Fitzgerald of tools, etc., belonging to city—City property, buildings and markets; communication relative to construction of reservoir, bids and award to P. McDonnell for excavating and backfilling of trenches, constructing manhole wells, etc., on force main from Fortieth avenue east to reservoir, report on contract of C. J. Frederickson to rebuild pumphouse—Waterworks; appointment of J. J. Durage as city engineer, and appointment by minority of the board of E. J. Duffies as city engineer—Public offices, officers and elections.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on auditing and finance, to whom was referred bond of the American Exchange bank of Duluth as city depository, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution.

I. J. RICHARDSON,
C. E. SHANNON,
H. BURG,
Committee.

Resolved, that the bond of the American Exchange bank of Duluth as city depository, in the sum of $500,000 to the city of Duluth, with Hamilton M. Peyton, George Spencer, John H. Upham, Melvin J. Forbes, Angus R. Macfarlane and James C. Hunter, as sureties, be and is hereby approved by the common council; and that said American Exchange bank of Duluth is hereby designated as a depository of the city of Duluth, and the city treasurer is authorized to deposit city funds in said bank in sums not to exceed one-half of the amount of said bond.

Alderman Richardson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Burg, Crasweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.
Nays—Simpson—1.
Passed May 31, 1897.
Approved June 1, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on auditing and finance to whom was referred the bond of D. A. Reed as city engineer, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

I. J. RICHARDSON,
C. E. SHANNON,
Committee.

Resolved, that the bond of D. A. Reed as city engineer to the city of Duluth, in the sum of $10,000, with Edward Fiebiger, Merrill M. Clark, Benjamin E. Wells, Henry W. Wheeler, as sureties, be and is hereby approved by the common council.

Alderman Richardson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared lost upon the following vote:

Yeas—Crasweller, Dahl, Hanson, Richardson, Shannon, Sang, Tischer—7.
Nays—Burg, Harker, Jefferson, Rowley, Simpson, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—8.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on claims and accounts to whom was referred payrolls for the month of May, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution.

E. R. JEFFERSON,
DAVID SANG,
Committee.

Resolved that the payrolls for the various departments of city work for the month of May, 1897, be and are hereby allowed, and the city clerk is directed to draw orders payable to F. J. Voss, city treasurer, to pay the same, as follows:

City officers	$1,901 46
Health department	1,170 21
Board of public works	356 41
Assessors' department	825 05
Police department	4,015 90
Fire department	6,648 70
Waterworks	2,270 30
Poundmasters	260 00

Alderman Jefferson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Burg, Crasweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.
Nays—None.
Passed May 31, 1897.
Approved June 1, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council of the City of Duluth:

Your committee on claims and accounts to whom was referred the petition of M. W. Earhart for rebate of $95.47 paid on tax assignment certificate No. 440, and the report of the city attorney concerning the same, would most respectfully report having considered the same, and recommend that said petition be not granted.

E. R. JEFFERSON,
DAVID SANG,
Committee.

The report was received.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on drains, sewers and parks, to whom was referred the petition of the board of education for permission to build sewer, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

ARTHUR J. HARKER,
H. BURG,
THOS. F. TREVILLION,
Committee.

Be it resolved by the common council of the city of Duluth that the petition of the board of education for permission to construct a sewer from the school building now in process of erection on lots 28s, 29o, 29z, Lake Shore, Upper Duluth, in and along St. Croix avenue to a point where the outlet of said sewer can empty into the lake without trespassing upon private property, be and is hereby granted; provided said work be done with the consent and under the direction of the board of public works; that the said board of education shall at all times hold the city of Duluth harmless on account of any damages which may be claimed by reason of the construction of said sewer; and that the permission hereby granted shall be considered only temporary and subject to revocation at any time by the council.

Alderman Harker moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Burg, Crasweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.
Nays—None.
Passed May 31, 1897.
Approved June 1, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on fire department to whom was referred the petition of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway company for permission to remove buildings, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

C. M. SIMPSON,
FRANK CRASSWELLER,
Committee.

Be it resolved by the common council of the city of Duluth that the petition of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway company for permission to move its freight depot from its present location to the corner of Fifth avenue west and Commerce street; its passenger depot and baggage room to some point easterly of their present location on the property of said railroad company, and its car shop and ice house to a point about 400 feet northeasterly of its present location be and is hereby granted.

Alderman Simpson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Burg, Crasweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.
Nays—None.
Passed May 31, 1897.
Approved June 1, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council of the City of Duluth:

Your committee on ordinance and judiciary to whom was referred an ordinance amending ordinance for licensing and regulating pawnbrokers in the city of Duluth, and an ordinance amending section 39 of the health ordinance, and an ordinance amending section 2 of ordinance No. 30, shows and exhibitions, would most respectfully report having considered the same, and recommend that said ordinances be passed.

C. E. SHANNON,
C. M. SIMPSON,
Committee.

To the President and Common Council of the City of Duluth:

Your committee to whom was referred the ordinance granting to the Duluth and Superior Bridge company, its successors and assigns the right to lay and operate railroad tracks upon certain streets in the city of Duluth, would most respectfully report that they have considered the same and have made certain amendments thereto and as so amended and returned herewith we recommend that the same do pass.

C. E. SHANNON,
Chairman Committee.
I. J. RICHARDSON.

Upon motion of Alderman Shannon the reports were adopted.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on police and license to whom was referred the application of W. H. Alexander for license to conduct an employment office, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

ARTHUR J. HARKER,
THOS. DAHL,
FRANK CRASSWELLER,
Committee.

Resolved that the application of William H. Alexander for license to conduct an employment office for men at No. 10 South Fifth avenue west, be and is hereby granted, and the bond accompanying said application is hereby approved.

Alderman Dahl moved the adoption of the resolution and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Burg, Crasweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.
Nays—Simpson—1.
Passed May 31, 1897.
Approved June 1, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on public offices, officers and elections to whom was referred appointment by the board of public works of J. J. Durage as city engineer, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

GEORGE TISCHER,
Committee.

Resolved, that the appointment made by the board of public works May 31, 1897, of J. J. Durage as city engineer, be and is hereby confirmed by the common council.

Alderman Tischer moved the adoption of the resolution and it was declared lost upon the following vote:

Yeas—Richardson, Shannon, Sang, Tischer—4.
Nays—Burg, Crasweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Rowley, Simpson, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—10.

The committee on streets, alleys and sidewalks presented a resolution granting the Lonsdale Lake Improvement association permission to erect a line of telephone poles from the westerly city limits along the Superior road, Highland avenue and Fifth avenue west. Upon motion of Alderman Jefferson the matter was referred to the city attorney.

The committee on waterworks submitted propositions from the Lakewood Land company for the sale of certain tracts near the pumphouse, which were referred to the city attorney.

INTRODUCTION AND CONSIDERATION OF ORDINANCES.

The ordinance amending an ordinance for licensing cabs, drays, etc., as amended took its second reading. Upon motion of Alderman Shannon it was put upon its final passage and declared adopted upon the following vote: Yeas: Aldermen Burg, Crasweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.
Nays—None.
The ordinance amending an ordinance to license and regulate pawnbrokers in the city of Duluth took its second reading. Upon motion of Alderman Shannon it was put upon its final passage and the ordinance was declared not adopted upon the following vote: Yeas—Aldermen uBrg, Crassweller, Dahl, Richardson, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Trevillion—8. Nays—Aldermen Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Rowley, Stevens, Tischer, Mr. President—7.

An ordinance amending section 3 of ordinance entitled ordinance 30, shows and exhibitions, took its second reading. Upon motion of Alderman Shannon it was put upon its final passage and was declared not adopted upon the following vote: Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Richardson, Shannon, Sang, Mr. President—6. Nays—Aldermen Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Rowley, Simpson, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion—9. (Alderman Simpson voting in the negative for the purpose of moving a reconsideration.)

An ordinance amending section 59 of the ordinance entitled an ordinance to establish and regulate a board of health for the city of Duluth, relative to physicians' reports, took its second reading. Upon motion of Alderman Shannon it was put upon its final passage and was declared adopted upon the following vote: Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—15. Nays—None.

An ordinance to amend ordinance No. 28 of the city of Duluth took its second reading. Upon motion of Alderman Shannon it was put upon its final passage and declared adopted upon the following vote: Yeas—Aldermen Crassweller, Hanson, Harker, Shannon, Simpson, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—9. Nays—Aldermen Burg, Dahl, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang—6.

An ordinance granting the Duluth-Superior Bridge company, its successors or assigns, the right to lay, maintain and operate railway tracks on certain streets in the city of Duluth, as amended, took its second reading. Upon motion of Alderman Jefferson it was amended by fixing the limit of five (5) years to the operation of said ordinance, and upon motion of Alderman Simpson it was referred back to the committee for amendment so that the franchise will not be assignable.

Alderman Simpson moved that when the council does adjourn, it adjourn to meet tomorrow, Tuesday, evening at 7:30, and the motion was declared carried upon a vote by acclamation.

Upon motion of Alderman Simpson the council adjourned.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
Clerk of the Common Council.
(Corporate Seal.)

Official Proceedings

Council Chamber,
Duluth, Minn., June 1, 1897.

Adjourned meeting.
Roll call.
Aldermen present: Burg, Crasweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.
Absent: Alderman Duren.

Upon motion of Alderman Simpson the vote taken upon the ordinance amending section 3 of an ordinance entitled ordinance 30, shows and exhibitions, was declared reconsidered. Upon motion of Alderman Simpson, it was put upon its final passage and the ordinance was declared adopted upon the following vote: Yeas—Aldermen Burg, Crasweller, Hanson, Harker, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Trevillion, Mr. President—11. Nays—Aldermen Dahl, Jefferson, Stevens, Tischer.

PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS.

John Flood, bond as member of the board of public works, G. W. Horton, for extension of assessments—Auditing and finance.

Board of public works: Referring to steel work on new pumphouse—Waterworks; appointment of Thomas F. McGilvray as city engineer, and minority report of board renewing the appointment of E. J. Duffies as city engineer—Public offices, officers and elections; estimates to various claimants on the amount retained from Menlece contract on bridge approach—Streets, alleys and sidewalks.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on city property, buildings and markets to whom was referred communication from the board of public works relative to the sale of tools, etc., sold to M. Fitzgerald by mistake, reported the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

H. BURG,
E. R. JEFFERSON,
D. E. STEVENS,
Committee.

Resolved that the action of the board of public works in selling to M. Fitzgerald a list of tools and appliances be charged to him and deducted from estimates of work done for the city as reported to this council May 31, 1897, same is hereby approved and ratified by this council.

Alderman Burg moved the adoption of the resolution and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.
Nays—None.
Passed June 1, 1897.
Approved June 2, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on claims and accounts to whom were referred payrolls of city engineer and inspectors for the month of May having considered the same, herewith submit an amended payroll and recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

E. R. JEFFERSON,
DAVID SANG,
Committee.

Resolved, that the payroll of the city engineers and inspectors, for May, as submitted by the committee on claims and accounts be and is hereby approved and the city clerk is hereby directed to draw an order on the city treasurer for $840.12 in favor of F. J. Voss, city treasurer, to pay the same.

Alderman Jefferson moved the adoption of the resolution and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.
Nays—None.
Passed June 1, 1897.
Approved June 2, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on public offices, officers and elections to whom was referred appointment by the board of public works of T. J. McGilvray as city engineer having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

FRANK CRASSWELLER,
Committee.

Resolved, that the appointment by the board of public works of T. J. McGilvray as city engineer be and the same hereby is confirmed.

Alderman Crassweller moved the adoption of the resolution and it was declared lost upon the following vote:

Yeas—Crassweller, Dahl, Richardson, Shannon, Simpson, Sang—6.
Nays—Burg, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Rowley, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—9.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on waterworks, to whom was referred bids and awards of contract to P. McDonnell for excavating and back filling of trenches, etc., on the line of force main from Fortieth avenue east to the reservoir, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

J. W. ROWLEY,
C. E. SHANNON,
DAVID SANG,
Committee.

Resolved, that the contract made May 28, 1897, by the board of public works with P. McDonnell on his bid for the excavating and backfilling of trenches, constructing manhole wells, valve chambers, foundations, frost boxes, repairing culverts and roadways, etc., on the line of force main between Fortieth avenue east and Cambridge street to Thirty-third avenue east and Fourth street, including the price on brick manholes, be and is hereby confirmed by the common council.

Alderman Rowley moved the adoption of the resolution and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.
Nays—None.
Passed June 1, 1897.
Approved June 2, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on waterworks, to whom was referred communication from the board of public works relative to rebuilding the pumphouse walls and completing building of pumphouse, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution.

J. W. ROWLEY,
C. E. SHANNON,
DAVID SANG,
Committee.

Resolved, that the contract made May 31, 1897, by the board of public works with C. J. Frederickson for the rebuilding and completion of pumphouse at Lakewood for the total sum of $22,162.50 be and is hereby confirmed by the common council.

Alderman Rowley moved the adoption of the resolution and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.
Nays—None.
Passed June 1, 1897.
Approved June 2, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Shannon:

Whereas, G. W. Horton has made application in writing for an extension of time for five years for the payment of any installments for the special assessments falling due on the first days of January, 1896 and 1896, while said assessments were made for the improvement of Forbes avenue, Pitt street, Tarcony street and Sargent avenue, and while said installments of said assessments were not paid when due, now therefore

Resolved, that the installments falling due on the first days of January, 1895 and 1896, against the following described property, to-wit: Lots number ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12), of block eighty-five (85), of London addition; lots eight (8) nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12), in block one (1), of Kimberley and Stryker's addition to West Duluth, and lot number seven (7), in block number seventy-seven (77), London addition, all in the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, Minnesota, be and the same are hereby extended for the term of five years, in accordance with the provisions of an act of the legislature of the state of Minnesota, entitled "An act to authorize the extending of the time of payment of assessments for local improvements by cities," approved April 25, 1895; and in further accordance with an act of the legislature of the state of Minnesota, approved April, 23, 1897, and the city comptroller and proper officers of said city are hereby authorized and directed to make the proper entries in the books of their offices of such facts.

Alderman Shannon moved the adoption proved April 23, 1897, and the city comp- adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Crassweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Tischer, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.
Nays—Burg—1.
Passed June 1, 1897.
Approved June 2, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

Alderman Jefferson moved that when we do adjourn we adjourn to meet at a quarter to nine o'clock this evening, and the motion was declared carried upon a vote by acclamation.

Upon motion of Alderman Jefferson the council adjourned at 8:27 p. m.

The council being reconvened at 8:45 p. m. a roll call showed aldermen present: Burg, Crassweller, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Jefferson, Richardson, Rowley, Shannon, Simpson, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—14. Absent: Aldermen Duren, Tischer—2.

Upon motion of Alderman Jefferson the council stood adjourned.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
Clerk of the Common Council.
(Corporate Seal.)

An Ordinance

AMENDING AN ORDINANCE FOR LICENSING AND REGULATING CABS, DRAYS, ETC.

The Common Council of the City of Duluth do Ordain:

Section 1.—That the ordinance for licensing and regulating cabs, drays, etc., passed June 29th, 1891, approved June 30th, 1891, and published July 1st, 1891, as amended by ordinance passed March 28th, 1892, approved March 29th, 1892, and published April 1st, 1892, be and the same hereby is amended, first, by striking out the word "twelve (12)" where the same occurs in section two (2) of said ordinance and inserting in place thereof the word "five (5)," second, by striking out the word "seven (7)" where the same occurs in section two (2) of said ordinance and inserting in place thereof the words "two and 50-100 ($2.50-100)," and by adding at the end of said section two (2), the following: Further, provided that no license shall be issued for a sum less than one ($1.00) dollar.

Section 11.—This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Passed May 31, 1897.
ROBT. L. COCHRANE,
President of the Council.
Approved June 1, 1897.
HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

Attest:
C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.
(Corporate Seal.)
Published in The Duluth Evening Herald June 2, 1897.

An Ordinance

TO AMEND ORDINANCE NO. 28 OF THE ORDINANCES OF THE CITY OF DULUTH AS CONTAINED IN THE COMPILATION THEREOF BY ELLSWORTH BENHAM, AND PUBLISHED UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF DULUTH IN THE YEAR 1895.

The Common Council of the city of Duluth do Ordain as Follows:

Sec. 1.—That section numbered one of the ordinance numbered 28 in the compilation of ordinances of the city of Duluth made by Ellsworth Benham, and published under the authority of the common council of this city in the year 1895, be and the same is hereby amended by inserting between the words "city" and "except" in the last line but one

PANSIES!

To close out at 15c per dozen, potted ones at 25c per dozen, lots of other plants cheap. Time now to make your beds, you can put out Coleus and other tender plants safely soon now. We have still a good assortment, but don't wait until the best plants are picked out. Give us your orders for window and porch boxes, can furnish the box and fill it nicely for $1.50, with larger plants at $2.00 to $2.50. You have no idea how large these are until you see them.

We have a little hardy Shrubbery left to close out cheap.

Don't forget us when in need of lawn work, funeral designs or anything in our line.

W. W. SEEKINS, Florist.

Greenhouses: 921 East Third St. City Store, 331 West Superior St.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist. Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Gibson pictures at the Lyceum next Tuesday.

Primrose & West's minstrels arrived today from Fargo and intended to parade this afternoon if the weather permitted, but there seemed to be little hope of that.

There were no delinquents before the municipal court this morning.

Permits have been granted to the Northern Pacific Railway company for the erection of a one-story frame warehouse on Seventh avenue west between the railroad tracks and the dock front, to cost $2500, and to the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway company for the pile foundation for a warehouse at Fifth avenue and Commerce street.

The death of Myer Abrahamson, aged 23, of 1553 West Michigan street, of typhoid fever, has been reported to the health department.

The following births have been reported to the health department: A daughter to Axel and Emily Erickson, of 117 Third avenue west; a son to L. and Josephine Wick, of West Duluth; a daughter to L. M. and Lou Findley, of 1515 West Superior street; a son to W. G. and Alice Starkey, of 941 London road; a daughter to N. A. and Charlotte Bergstrom, of 2217 South street; a son to Jacob and Christina Erickson, of 1522 East Fourth street; a daughter to H. G. and Annie L. Nystrom, of West Duluth.

The Unitarian entertainment which was to have been given this evening at Mrs. P. G. Searles' residence has been postponed on account of the storm until tomorrow evening.

In the report of Municipal Clerk Masters for May, it is shown that there was collected for fines $763; for costs, civil and criminal, $704.80; total, $1467.80.

Today is City Clerk Richardson's birthday. The boys could get him up to 25, but he refused to go any further in the count.

A donation of flowers was received at St. Mary's hospital today from Patton & White, for which the sisters and patients wish to return thanks.

Suits, suitably cleaned, suit. Troy Kelly.

Martha Peters this morning filed a petition in the clerk's office in which she asks the court to change her name to Pringle, her maiden name. She states that in the January term of court she secured a divorce from William C. Peters, but by inadvertence she failed to secure a decree changing her name. She wants the court to amend the decree.

In giving the program for the high school graduating exercises of Thursday, June 17, The Herald inadvertently said that they were to take place in the morning. They will take place in the evening.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

Large Damage Submitted to the Jury Today.

Those branches of the district court which are open to civil cases will regin tomorrow upon the calendar of court cases, Judge Cant having sent the last jury case, except one that is to come before Judge Moer, to the jury this morning. That was the case of Svente G. Johnson against the Bessemer Steamship company, to recover $15,000 for personal injuries. The case went to the jury at 11 o'clock.

The Garfield avenue mandamus case reached the second stage in its progress yesterday afternoon when the respondents began to introduce testimony. The case was still on trial today. The following call of court cases has been made for tomorrow and Friday:

Thursday—20, 28, 37, 38, 3, 40, 41, 45, 44, 49, 50.

Friday—51, 55, 63, 65, 67, 68, 71, 73.

The Clerk's Office.

Clerk of Court John Owens has filed in the office of the county auditor the following report of the business of his office during May: Certificates, $41.15; civil cases, $3762.70; criminal cases, $168.05; naturalization, $56; marriage licenses, $96; sundries, $153.80; total, $5277.70. Of this amount $3738.40 is still due from the county and $4.45 from the St. Paul & Duluth road. From fees due from previous months $779.80 was collected, and the net receipts turned over to the county treasurer were $1314.65.

Get your lunch at Mitchell's restaurant, 417 West Superior street. Oregon strawberries and cream, 5 cents.

PERSONALS.

William Cowling and daughter and W. P. Davy and wife, of Ely, are among the guests at the St. Louis.

M. J. and L. O. Peppard, the well-known Minneapolis contractors, are among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

F. R Bruce, George C. Power, Charles E. Power, H. E. Huntington, L. A. Larsen and K. E. Hilgard are St. Paul men who registered at the Spalding today.

John Grau and W. E. Satterlee, of Minneapolis, are guests at the Spalding.

G. A St. Clair came down from the range today. He is at the St. Louis.

E. B. Williams, of the state food and dairy commission, arrived in the city this morning and registered at the St. Louis.

Thomas L. and Charles W. Handy, well-known lumbermen of West Bay City, Mich., are among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

Capt. L. R. Doty, of the St. Paul and Western Coal company, arrived in the city this morning from Chicago. He is a guest at the Spalding.

J. A. Danielson, of Lake Park, Minn., is a guest at the St. Louis.

C. T. Kingsley, of Tucson, Ariz., is registered at the St. Louis.

Mrs. James Redy, of Ashland, formerly of Duluth, is at the St. Louis.

Gustav Behrendt, of Berlin, is registered at the Spalding.

A. L. Aylesworth and wife, of St. Paul, are guests at the Spalding.

J. P. Sims is down from Grand Rapids today, a guest at the St. Louis.

B. H. Evans and R. H. Baldwin, of St. Paul, are among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

NORTHEASTER IS HERE.

Weather Office Prediction is Verified Today.

Local Forecast Official Kenealy knew what he was doing when he predicted a northeaster for today. It is one of the old-fashioned kind that has settled down here. The storm is general and has spread over a good portion of the Northwest and West. The rainfall at St. Paul yesterday was 2.50 inches. There were thunder storms at St. Paul, Davenport, Memphis and Huron. The wind got up to thirty-six miles an hour in Duluth.

The bad weather will continue probably all day tomorrow. The winds are expected to shift to the northwest tomorrow afternoon, and that may bring a clearing up.

GOING TO MINNEAPOLIS.

High School Athletic Team Will Leave Friday.

The field and track team of the Duluth High School Athletic association will go to Minneapolis Friday, where it will meet in a joint field day Saturday afternoon the team from the Minneapolis central high school. This is the second contest of this nature, last year's taking place in Duluth and resulting in a victory for the Minneapolis athletes. This year Duluth sends down a good team, and it is hoped that its fortunes may be better than last year's. The field day at Ashland, which was to have taken place Monday, fell through because of a hitch in arrangements, but it will probably occur after the return from Minneapolis. This may possibly depend, however, upon whether the Duluth boys return with their shields or upon them.

Duluth Citizens!

Can always secure lowest round trip rates at the Eastern Minnesota city ticket office, 422 West Superior street.

St. Paul-Minneapolis and return,
June 1 and 2 ..... $4 30
Detroit and return, June 5, 6 and 7 ..... 18 75
San Francisco, June 29, July 3.. 29 00
Milwaukee and return, July 3, 4 and 5 ..... 15 30
St. Paul-Minneapolis and return, July 5 and 6 ..... 4 30
Nashville and return (daily) 43 30

Get your lunch at Mitchell's restaurant, 417 West Superior street. Oregon strawberries and cream, 5 cents.

Postponed.

The Hoelscher concert at Armory hall. Date will be announced later. Postponed on account of bad weather.

ONE BARREL OF THIS FLOUR

WILL MAKE MORE THAN 300 LOAVES OF THE BEST BREAD YOU EVER ATE.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

NEW ONE

Board of Public Works May Recommend E. H. Spalding For Engineer.

Work on the Water Plant Being Delayed Because of the Trouble.

Both Reed and Patton Continue to Act---Slight Clash of Arms.

"Well, Mr. Patton is still engineer, I see," remarked one man to another at the city hall this morning.

"Not by a long shot—Reed is engineer" said the other man. And then they argued.

This incident indicates the situation—that of uncertainty. West of Lester river the contractors are working under the orders and supervision of Mr. Reed's inspectors, while east of the river, Mr. Hugo's men are under Mr. Patton's men. Contractor McDonnell is not doing anything, and, it is said, will not until the situation has changed. Mr. Hugo's men have riveted about a mile of pipe westward from the pumphouse, and are still engaged in that work, but no pipe can be laid in the trenches until the contractor digs the bell holes, so that the sections can be connected in the trench.

It was stated at the office of the board of public works this morning that nothing would be done in the way of electing an engineer, probably, until next Monday. E. H. Spalding, accompanied by Mayor Truelsen, called at the office of the board this morning, and had an interview with the members. The mayor favors Mr. Spalding for the position and called on the board yesterday afternoon to urge his selection. It is thought possible that Mr. Spalding may be elected. Mr. Wilson will not vote for him, however, but will again recommend Mr. Duffies.

What killed Capt. Durage has been a topic of conversation around the city hall, there being as much flutter over his demise, figuratively speaking, as there was over the taking off of Cock Robin. Capt. Durage's known ability made his defeat a matter of much speculation. It can be said that some of the aldermen voted against him out of a fear that he might be tied up with some of the contractors with whom he has been professionally connected. Others gave as a reason for their opposition that he "talked too much." One of them expressed it this way: "He blew around that he was the only man we could get, and so we just turned him down."

There was but one clash of arms in the city engineer's office this morning. Mr. Reed was in the act of giving an order transferring one of Mr. Patton's inspectors to a new post, when Mr. Patton interfered and told the inspector to pay no attention to Mr. Reed. Mr. Patton wound up with some remarks about men out of a job who made the city engineer's office a loafing place. Then a few sparks flew, but the incident closed without further trouble.

RECOGNIZES MR. REED.

The Board Does Its Business With Him.

The board of public works today sent to D. A. Reed, as city engineer, notice of the confirmation of appointments made by him as follows: C. M. Thomas, to have charge of field work; Hugh McLean, as transit man; Fred Tischer, as rodman, and Charles Klein and Martin Martinson, as inspectors of pipe laying. The board directed Mr. Reed also to prepare estimates for a retaining wall at Pine avenue and Spruce street; for a crossing for a way across the bridge approach to Gray's mill, and to prepare plans and specifications for bids for thirty-six inch pipe, both iron and steel, for the supply main.

Concert Postponed.

The concert which was to have been given at the Armory this evening has been postponed to a date which will be announced later and which will, in all probability, be next week. A large number of tickets have been sold and to give it on a day when the weather is so bad would disappoint a great number of those who have tickets.

Mayor Appoints Delegates.

Mayor Truelsen yesterday appointed the following named gentlemen delegates to the trans-Mississippi commercial congress, to be held in Salt Lake City: F. A. Patrick, T. T. Hudson, W. E. McEwen, B. Silberstein, W. B. Silvey and G. W. Buck. The congress will assemble July 14 and will continue four days. Questions of general as well as local interest along economic, trade and industrial lines will be discussed.

Will Bring a Bride.

Adam Weir, secretary of the Weir-Mears' Commission company, has disappeared. He is at his home at Mount Pleasant, Iowa, where there occurred today a ceremony at the conclusion of which there were two of him. He will return Friday with his bride and they will reside at Tenth avenue east and First street. This is on the "Q. T." and is not to be made public.

MOTHERS!

We have cunning little Midget suits at $2 and $2.50, sizes for ages 3 to 6 years.

CHARLES W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

Postponed.

The Hoelscher concert at Armory hall. Date will be announced later. Postponed on account of bad weather.

Get your lunch at Mitchell's restaurant, 417 West Superior street. Oregon strawberries and cream, 5 cents.

DR. EDW. E. HALE.

Tells of a Positive Specific for Nervous Diseases.

Edward Everett Hale, D.D., LL.D., the celebrated New England preacher, author and philanthropist, writes:

Edw. E. Hale

"I am assured, by the careful inquiry among leading physicians and personal friends who have used it, and in whom I have the utmost confidence, that Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are invaluable in insomnia and all nervous diseases."

Fifty cents and $1 per box. Write for testimonials of cures. Eureka Chemical and Manufacturing company, La Crosse, Wis.

MR. REED'S DISCOVERY.

Found a Defect in the Carroll-Porter Pipe.

It was said by D. A. Reed today that it had been discovered that the pipe from the Carroll-Porter company has not been constructed to conform to the grade. Each length is longer at the top than at the bottom, Mr. Reed says, the rivet holes overlapping one-eighth of an inch at the top and bottom. The pipe, if the rivets were placed in the present holes, would form an arch of about 4000 feet radius between Fiftieth and Sixtieth avenues east. As soon as it was discovered by measurements made yesterday that the defect existed in all the pipe received a telegram was sent to the Carroll-Porter company to stop work until the error can be rectified.

The trouble, Mr. Reed says, is probably due to the swedging or elongation of the plates caused by punching the double rows of holes at the seam. As the seams are all at the top of the lengths, the slight elongations in each length are not set off as they would be if the seams were alternately at the top and bottom or at each of the sides.

The pipes already received will have to be seamed in the trench, Mr. Reed says, in order to correct the alignment. The inspector for the city at the Porter company's works overlooked this inequality in the lengths, it seems.

EXCURSION!

TO

GRAND MARAIS

ON

STEAMER DIXON.

Leave Duluth FRIDAY 10 a. m. Return arrive Duluth Saturday 7 a. m Fare $8.00 round trip including meals and staterooms.

Road Takes Exception.

A Northern Pacific official was in The Herald office today and took exception to some of the statement made by the party who was interviewed yesterday as to the trouble over the track on Rice's Point near the new bridge. He said that the track has been used for years while the Gray mill was in operation and will be again now that the Stevens mill is running. He claimed that only a few weeks ago a notice was received from the city ordering the track to be raised to grade. A communication from J. B. Stevens in reference to the matter is published in today's Herald.

GARDENING GLOVES.

Splendid value in gloves suitable for gardening, at only 25 cents.

CHARLES W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

Projectoscope.

At the Pilgrim Congregational church next Saturday evening. The wonderful perfect life picture machine. See it. Admission, 25 cents and 15 cents.

Postponed.

The Hoelscher concert at Armory hall. Date will be announced later. Postponed on account of bad weather.

A NEW DEPARTURE

That should be popular with the traveling public is that of the South Shore train for the East at 6:30 p m., beginning Sunday, May 30 (daily except Saturday). Train arrives at Marquette at 4:30 a. m. and Sault Ste. Marie and St. Ignace same time as at present, making direct connections for all points East. Westbound train will arrive at 8:5 0a. m., except Sunday.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

THE OTHER SIDE GIVEN.

Mr. Stevens Explains About the Gray Mill Track.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I was considerably astonished on reading the article in your issue of yesterday headed "A Railroad's Effrontery," and think it about time the public had some information on the other side of the case. The track in question has been where it now is for at least fourteen or fifteen years. It has been in constant use by me for the last four years, and not a foot of it was covered up with slabs, sawdust or anything else. The rails were not rusty nor the ties rotten. The only thing the Northern Pacific railway has done to it this spring is to raise it to the level of the grade on the bridge approach, and that was done on the written request of D. A. Reed, whose letter to Mr. Blanchard, the superintendent of the Northern Pacific railway, I have seen. The raising of the track was done on Sunday at my request, so as not to interfere with the operations of the mill. The statement that the railroad crew laid this track on the grade of the street recently is a deliberate and cold-blooded falsehood, as the writer of the article well knew. The track was there in daily use by the mill, and all that was done to it was to raise it a few inches, as I have before stated.

The object of the writer of the article in question was undoubtedly to make the public believe, by the use of unscrupulous language and barefaced misstatements, that another track was being laid down across the street car track, over which railway trains, in the general sense of the word, would be constantly running. When the truth of the matter is laid bare it amounts to this: The track in question is wholly on the Gray mill property and ends there, a short distance beyond the new mill. It is there for the use of the Gray mill only, and trains do not cross the bridge approach at any time. The track is used for loading slabs and timber from the mill, and when cars are loaded we move them away from the bridge approach by means of horses. In 1894 we loaded 1000 cars with slabs on this track; in 1895, 800 cars; in 1896 our mill was burned down on July 25, and from May 11 to the time of the fire we had loaded 600 cars of slabs. This year we have large contracts on hand for the supply of slabs, which will probably need 1000 cars. We are now loading about eight cars of slabs daily, and in a short time will be loading fifteen or sixteen. In addition to this we use the track for loading timber and lumber on cars, which are not taken into acount in the figures I have given. The switch engine is the only locomotive that makes its appearance on this track. It only comes in the yard once a day, generally about 7 a. m. It has no occasion to cross the bridge approach at all, and does not do so. The loaded cars are, as I have said, placed handy for it by teams. It takes the loaded cars out, puts empty ones in the yard, and that is the long and short of the matter.

The writer of the article had got a great stretch of imagination when he pictured the terrible accident which is sure to occur on the grade crossing of the bridge approach "when it is crowded with teams and pedestrians at times when the draw is open and passage obstructed." The only trouble is that the factors which would make it "a terrible menace to life and limb" are, in this case, most conspicuous by their absence, all of which I ask the public of the city of Duluth to convince themselves of by an actual inspection of the premises at any time. We have laid out a large sum of money in timber slides, etc., alongside this track, which, in the future as in the past, is of vital importance to us in the conduct of our business, and if the track is interfered with at all it would cripple us to an irremediable extent. Yours truly,

J. B. STEVENS.

Duluth, June 2.

TRIAL IS UNDER WAY.

Testimony Being Taken in the Spellman Case.

After the noon adjournment of Judge Moer's court yesterday afternoon, the last two jurors in the Spellman case were secured out of the special venire of ten issued in the morning, and the county attorny made his opening address to the jury. The jury completed was made up as follows: W. A. Pryor, A. B. Siewert, George A. Everest, L. H. Brooks, F. A. Cullen, A. G. Anderson, James J. Burns, A. J. Mathewson, E. R. Cobb, George A. Gray, F. E. Bradley, Colby Smith.

The first witness was Jacob Rozek, the policeman who discovered the fire, who testified that he returned immediately after turning in the alarm and found the occupants of the burning building across the street from the fire fully dressed. T. H. Hawkes was on the stand the remainder of the day and a part of this morning, testifying in relation to the insurance on the building. Second Assistant Chief Engineer C. E. Boyington testified that he found the wainscoting in several rooms torn away and kindling and waste, soaked with oil, in the walls. In answer to questions put by the court, he said that in his opinion the fire started in three different places, the front room, the dining room and back bedroom.

Detective Donovan testified to a talk with Mrs. Spellman, in which he asked her if she did not think it looked as though the building had been set on fire. She replied that she did not know, and when the witness told her that her husband had admitted that it looked as though it had been set on fire, she said that she would not give much for a husband who would not stand up for his wife. On cross-examination the witness admitted that Mrs. Spellman told him that the reason one of the beds was stripped was because she had given the clothing to Mrs. Patrick Spellman after she had been burned out.

Peter Johnson, an employe of the gas and water company, testified that he saw the kindling and waste in the house, and that he lit a bunch of the waste.

"This is the man you have been looking for," volunteered C. O. Baldwin.

The witness testified that some one, either a policeman or the second assistant chief, picked up a handfull of the waste. It was filled with oil, and when the witness touched a match to it it burned "pretty good." First Assistant Chief Randall testified that he saw the holes in the wainscoting and the kindling and waste in several roms.

SUITS FOR BIG BOYS!

In pretty all wool plaids, at $6 and $8, to fit all ages from 14 to 19 years old. Baseball and hat free with each suit.

CHARLES W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

Get your lunch at Mitchell's restaurant, 417 West Superior street. Oregon strawberries and cream, 5 cents.

FREIMUTH'S

THE RELIABLE STORE.

Ladies' Mackintoshes And Craventte Rain Coats

at Special Low Prices Tomorrow

Ladies' Single Cape Rain Coats in various colors and patterns, well worth $3.50—Tomorrow..... $2.50

Ladies' Two-Cape Mackintoshes with inlaid velvet collars, cheap at $6.00—Tomorrow..... $4.00

Ladies' Double Texture Mackintoshes with seamless two capes, velvet collar, in brown, navy and black; cheap at $7.50—Tomorrow only..... $4.95

Ladies' Imported Mackintoshes of extra heavy texture in plain and mixed colors; worth up to $15—Tomorrow... $7.50

UMBRELLAS.

26-inch Gloria Silk Umbrellas, with natural wood and horn handles, cheap at $1.35—Tomorrow..... 98c

26-inch Gloria Twill Silk Umbrellas, with steel rod, celluloid and fancy horn handles, well worth $1.75—tomorrow only $1.35

26 inch Silk Twill Umbrellas with steel rod, case, and beautiful Dresden handles, cheap at $2 50—Tomorrow only... $1.98

FREIMUTH'S

The Kingdom Home—

Where love ever dwells;
Who thither would roam his ill fortune foretelle,
Since there is no kingdom like home.

How we should care for this

Blest spot. Take—

FURNITURE

For instance. How well a home can be fitted up at comparatively slight expense, provided you turn your footsteps to our doors and make judicious purchases out of our superb stock. Our goods are of the most reliable make, and our prices the lowest. Goods sold on the installment plan. We also have a fine line of Baby Carriages which we are selling very low.

Bayha & Co. 24 AND 26 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

Telephone 435

Bayha & Co., City Carpet Cleaning Works.

The only practical, the only genuine Carpet Cleaners in this city. Have your work done direct and you will not be disappointed. Our prices are the lowest and our work guaranteed the best, and done on the shortest notice.

We do all kinds of Furniture Repairing and making over of Mattresses.

Office: 24 East Superior Street.

REPORTS FOR MAY.

Poor Expenses Have Been Greatly Reduced.

That the reports of the last grand jury and the expressions of county officers and taxpayers as to the care of the poor fund, have had considerable effect is evident from the May reports Superintendent of Poor A. P. Cook, filed in the county auditor's office today. The report shows a total expenditure of $1908.93, the smallest expenditure of any month for four years. This does not result from a lighter demand for aid, for that is slightly heavier if anything. Superintendent Cook said today that it was because the county commissioners and the poor office had been resolutely cutting down all the month on every line, and every branch of expenditures shows a decrease.

The report follows: Provisions, $527.35; fuel, nothing; clothing, $6; burials, $21.40; transportation, $220.10; sick, $567.40; poor farm, $580.27; miscellaneous, $46.40; total, $1908.92. The hospital expenses were divided as follows: St. Mary's, $168.47; St. Luke's, $188.94; Women's hospital, $77.72; Children's home, $26.25.

The poor farm reports 52 inmates during the month, 24 discharged, and 39 inmates May 31.

Get your lunch at Mitchell's restaurant, 417 West Superior street. Oregon strawberries and cream, 5 cents.

WHERE FISHING IS GOOD.

Those looking for the best fishing grounds are reminded of Lake Tetonka, at Waterville, and Madison lake, on the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad.

Wall-eyed pike, bass and crappies are found in great abundance at both of these lakes, which have not been fished out to the extent of some of the older and better known localities.

Excellent hotel accommodations, boats, bait, etc., on hand, and all charges are very reasonable.

For further information, address,

A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., M. & St. L. R. R.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

ALL WOOL JERSEY SUITS!

To fit little shavers 3 to 5 years old, only $3 per suit.

CHARLES W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

WILL THIS DO?

Only one fare for the round trip to Detroit, Mich., via "The Northwestern Line," (Omaha railway). Tickets on sale June 5 to 7. If you are going down that way, better drop in and see us at No. 405 West Superior street.

Get your lunch at Mitchell's restaurant, 417 West Superior street. Oregon strawberries and cream, 5 cents.

POSTPONED!

Musical Soiree at Armory. Date will be announced later.

Imported Hand-Made English Lace

Mrs. R. W. Wright, formerly located on Tower avenue, West Superior, has removed to 1820 Belknap street, near Spicer-Fanning's dry goods store, and has a large assortment of Imported Hand Made English Lace, which will be sold at a discount of 20 per cent from now until July 1. At home all day Tuesdays and Thursdays and Saturday mornings.

Your Money, Diamonds, Jewelry and Valuable Papers are safe in the

Duluth Safety Deposit Vaults

Strictly Burglar and Fire Proof (Diebold's Safe—Yale time lock.) You are cordially invited to call and inspect them. 3 West Superior street. ROBT. B. EYSTER, Mgr.

ADVICE GIVEN FREE

All matters treated confidentially.

Benson's Detective Agency. Offices in Exchange Building.

Francis E. Woodward, Baritone, Emily Ellis Woodward, Soprano, OF BOSTON, MASS.

Have opened a

SCHOOL OF MUSIC

In the rooms formerly occupied by Prof. Baker, Mesaba block, Duluth.

SBRIGLIA METHOD OF VOICE PRODUCTION.

The Sbriglia school has for its exponents the greatest living artists; viz: Jean and Edvard de Reske, Plancon Done, Mme. Nordica, Sanderson, Adini and others. For voice or piano, call at Mesaba block. Voices examined free.

MME. BOYD,

ELECTROLYSIST.

Superfluous Hair, Warts and Moles permanently eradicated by electricity.

BOYD & WILBUR,

31 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

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PATENTS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, JAMES T. WATSON.

Patent Lawyers, Solicitors and Experts
Estab'd Washington, D. C. 1861.
407 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.
(Inventors guide book free.)

...STEAM YACHT NAUTILUS...

Will leave Duluth at 8 a. m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, for all points on the North Shore between Duluth and Chicago Bay, landing passengers at all points and stopping for them as they may wish. This gives pleasure seekers and FISHING PARTIES an opportunity to avail themselves of fishing in the streams on the North Shore and a delightful trip on the lake. For further information enquire on board of boat at dock.

FOOT OF SIXTH AVENUE WEST.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. | THURSDAY, JUNE 3, 1897. | FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. | TWO CENTS.

Great Saving in Piano Prices

From $25 to $100 Saved

On any Piano bought here. People have been quick to see the saving and our new department is meeting with flattering success. You see it's like this. We do not depend upon our Piano business for but a small share of the expense of doing business. That's one reason why we can undersell any competition. The other reason is that we buy every instrument we handle for spot cash, and that alone means a large saving to us and to you. We handle only strictly first-class Pianos direct from the manufactrers. We are exclusive agents in Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin for the following leading makes:

THE WEBER PIANO, New York. THE DECKER PIANO, New York.
THE WHEELOCK PIANO, New York. BEHR BROS. PIANOS, New York:
THE SINGER PIANO, Chicago. THE SEHAAP PIANO, Chicago.
THE STEGER PIANO, Chicago. And Other Makes.

Prices All new Pianos..... $185 $250 $350 / $200 $285 $400 / $225 $300 $450

Many Used Pianos Cheap.

Terms—We sell on the most liberal terms, $10 a month if desired. Remember we save you $25 to $100, so don't fail to call and see our line no matter when you want to buy.

FRENCH & BASSETT.

STEINWAY PIANOS! Are recognized as the best in all civilized countries of the world. SOLD EXCLUSIVELY IN THE NORTHWEST BY

DULUTH MUSIC CO. E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

SALESROOMS—Phoenix Block—2nd floor; Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

Furnish Electric Current For Light and Power.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT and POWER Co.

Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.

OFFICES—Rooms 4-5-6, 216 W. Sup. St. Duluth.

L. MENDENHALL. Established 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

All the late Books Soon as Issued.....

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore. 323 West Superior Street, Duluth.

CANOVAS CABINET.

Its Resignation Stirs Up Interest in Washington.

Washington, June 3.—The resignation of the Canovas cabinet at Madrid excited much interest in official quarters here owing to its possible effect upon the policy of Spain toward Cuba and the attitude of the United States toward the conflict. Minister Dupuy De Lome will not discuss the situation publicly, but those who are near to him say that he takes the change philosophically and is not greatly surprised, as recent events at Madrid have indicated that a rupture was inevitable. Among officials he are familiar with the status of affairs, it is believed that the change will not involve and radical departure from the present policy of Spain on Cuba. The view is expressed that the queen will invite Canovas to form a new ministry, and that the premier will then overcome the friction which led up to the present crisis by omitting from the new those elements which caused the personal rupture.

Although the duke of Tetuan is not likely to resume his place as minister of foreign affairs, yet it is felt that his influence will be a powerful factor in shaping the foreign policy from this time forward. The crisis comes at a time when Madrid is about to enter upon its period of summer vacation. But little is done during this vacation, and it is felt the duke of Teutan will continue to direct affairs during this period of inaction.

Naturally the question has arisen as to the effect of the change upon the stay of Minister Dupuy De Lome, in Washington. In the event of a complete change of ministry, with a Liberal premier and cabinet, it is understood that Mr. De Lome will place himself at the disposal of the new government, so that it will be free to continue his service or accept his resignation as it sees fit. Under the diplomatic system of Spain, the twelve leading foreign posts, including all the ambassadors and the leading ministers are subject to the will of the government so that a change of cabinet may entail a change of foreign ministers at these twelve posts. This depends, however, on the circumstances in the country to which a minister is accredited. It is understood that personally Minister De Lome would be glad to relinquish the onerous duties at his post here and return to Madrid where, prior to his appointment as minister, he had been elected to the cortes as a Conservative.

DEBS AND REED.

Denver Preacher Unfolds the Co-operative Plan.

Denver, Col., June 3.—Rev. Myron W. Reed, national president of the Brotherhood of the Co-operative Commonwealth, of which Eugene V. Debs and Henry D. Lloyd are the chief promoters, said today: "The experiment will first be tried in Utah. We have chosen Utah because the Mormons have already proved that co-operation in many ways can be made a success. Our idea is to establish co-operative communities of 1500 people in each community. We believe that in a community of 1500 picked up as we find them will be discovered about the right material necessary for the different vocations. When the system has been made a success in Utah its friends can proceed to carry the educational facilities into other states."

It is the intention to select a location for the first community next fall, so that the settlers may move upon the land and break ground for crops next spring. The picturesque region in Utah between the Rio Grande Western and the Union Pacific railways is advocated by some as the location of an ideal community, and others advocate a beautiful valley near Senora, N. M. The headquarters of the brotherhood is at present in Thomaston, Me., where the national secretary, N. W. Leermond, has his home. The total membership has reached 1844.

WOODMEN AT DUBUQUE.

Dubuque, Iowa, June 3.—The morning session of the head camp of Woodmen was entirely devoted to consideration of the good of the order. The most important action was to keep the per capita tax at 60 amount, but the surplus in general fund is to be applied to the benefit fund. The streets are congested with people from all over the Northwest, thirty-one special trains bringing in upwards of 15,000. The weather is cold and threatening, but the number in the parade was fully 7000. It was the greatest civic demonstration ever witnessed in this section of the Northwest, and was witnessed by an immense throng.

TORRENS LAW KNOCKED OUT.

Columbus, Ohio, June 3.—The supreme court today declared the law unconstitutional which last winter adopted the Torrens system of recording land titles. The law is similar to that of Illinois.

SUGAR

Tillman Again Stirs Up the Senate With a Sugar Resolution.

South Carolinan Has a Wordy Controversy With Senator Gallinger.

Senator Jones Chips In and Tillman Withdrew His Motion Speedily.

Washington, June 3.—Senator Tillman, when the senate opened, moved that the committee on contingent expenses be discharged from the consideration of the resolution for investigation of the charges in regard to sugar speculation and bring the resolution before the senate. Senator Gallinger member of the committee, said that he objected to Mr. Tillman's motion, and added that the committee in its own good time would make a report after carefully considering the matter.

Senator Vest quoted a speech of Senator Thurman regarding a demand made on a time by a Louisiana senator for an investigation. Thurman said that a senator of the United States had recourse to the courts the same as any other citizen, and no investigation was ordered.

Mr. Tillman said he was not concerned as to the charges against himself, and he proposed to have these charges investigated, because an attempt had been made to attract attention from the fire he was building in front. He saw no reason why any senator should not want charges investigated. What he wanted was to find out whether the senate or any senator belonged to any sugar trust.

Mr. Gallinger said the question was whether the words of Senators Aldrich and Smith were to be taken by the senate. He said the charges against the committee on finance and Senator Smith were vague and indefinite.

Mr. Tillman said what he wanted was to bring the newspaper men before the bar of the senate and put the questions to them, and if they refused to answer, put them in jail. If they had lied about the senate or senators they should be punished for contempt.

Mr. Gallinger said there was no necessity to railroad the resolution through the senate.

Mr. Tillman replied that railroading was necessary, as congress would adjourn as soon as the tariff bill passed.

Mr. Gallinger referred to the last sugar investigation, and he considered it an outrage that he and other senators were dragged before the committee of investigation to swear that they were honest men.

Mr. Tillman said the necessity for swearing senators was because a witness had exculpated one senator and then refused to answer as to others, leaving the balance under an imputation. The witness had been sent to jail for refusing to answer, and now he would be compelled to answer. Mr. Tillman said he would not ask the senate to discharge the committee if Mr. Jones, the chairman, had not told him he had not been able to get the other members to meet with him.

Mr. Jones, of Arkansas—The chairman of the committee could not have made such a statement, because it was not true.

Mr. Tillman—He told me he had tried to get a meeting and could not.

Mr. Jones—The chairman of the committee will not so state in his place in the senate, as there had been a meeting of the committee to consider the resolution.

Mr. Tillman withdrew his motion to discharge the committee, saying he did not wish to cast any imputation on the committee. At the close of the debate on the Tillman resolution the tariff bill was taken up, and Senator Jones spoke upon various features of the metal schedule. A bill was passed appropriating $100,000 for a public building at San Angelo, Tex.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, June 3.—Mr. Terry today endeavored to get the Cuban question before the house as a privileged question by offering a resolution declaring it to be the sense of the house that the foreign affairs committee should be appointed to consider the matter. By a vote of 90 to 65 the house sustained the speaker's ruling that the resolution was not privileged. Consideration of the Frick bill to prevent collisions in certain harbors, rivers and inland waters of the United States was then begun.

LOYAL LEGION CONGRESS.

Detroit, Mich., June 3.—The quadrennial congress of the Loyal legion concluded its work this morning. There was a raft of amendments to the constitution offered, but the net result was the adoption of one amendment, which admits to membership officers and the sons of officers who had served in the war, but whose names were not upon the official muster call.

PEPPERED WITH SHOT.

Reading, Pa., June 3.—Christopher Becker, a prominent farmer of Oley township, near here, was found in his barnyard last night literally peppered with shot. He was not known to have had any enemies. He was 53 years old and quite wealthy.

RETRIBUTIVE DUTIES.

Paris, June 3.—In the chamber of deputies today Baron Des Rotours, Protectionist deputy, representing the Fourth district of Lille, submitted a motion to raise the duties on American products if the United States fixes prohibitive duties upon French products.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, June 3.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balances, $223,991,037; gold reserve, $144,517,402.

CHIPPEWA PINE SALES.

Will Be Either Confirmed or Canceled Soon.

Washington, June 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Davis and Congressman Fletcher today called the attention of Land Commissioner Hermann to the fact that the sales of Chippewa pine made to several Minneapolis lumbermen had not been confirmed, and requested that the department take some action in the matter immediately.

Both Secretary Bliss and Commissioner Hermann promised to take up the question at once, and either cancel or confirm these contracts. It is possible that some of the tracts which have been sold may have to be re-estimated and the sale cancelled.

RAILROAD POOLING.

Consideration of the Bill is Postponed.

Washington, June 3.—The final consideration of the railroad pooling bill was again postponed by the senate committee on interstate commerce today. Senator Chandler moved a postponement until Dec. 1, but the motion was not voted on and a compromise was agreed upon postponing the measure until the next weekly meeting. In presenting his motion Senator Chandler read a written statement signed by himself and Senator Tillman, giving their reasons for seeking to have the consideration of the bill delayed.

Among the reasons urged was the general understanding that the tariff only was to receive attention at the present session; also the necessity for various investigations by the committee and for careful scrutiny of the recent supreme court decisions bearing upon interstate commerce questions which would now be impossible. They suggested the importance of an investigation of the issuance of free passes by the railroad companies as a violation of the existing law and of the probable effect of pooling contracts upon the wages of labor.

MARTINEZ DE CAMPOS.

Has Been Summoned to Madrid at Once.

Madrid, June 3.—A cabinet council was held today, the queen regent presiding. The retiring premier, Senor Canovas Del Castillo, made a long statement regarding Cuba, the Philippine Islands, the international situation and the relations between Spain and the United States which led to his resignation. Her majesty declared herself satisfied with the explanation of Senor Canovas and begged him to continue the government until the crisis was solved.

Senor Canovas, after the council, said the queen had asked him to telegraph the Marshal Martinez De Campos asking him to come to Madrid, and that the latter had replied that he would arrive here tomorrow. Senor Canovas added that a solution of the crisis will be difficult and will depend upon the conferences between the queen regent, Gen. Campos and Senor Sagasta, the Liberal leader. It is said the latter is prepared to apply extensive reforms to Cuba through the instrumentality of Gen. Campos, who it is believed will shortly succeed Gen. Weyler as captain general of Cuba.

WILL NOT STRIKE.

Threatened Walk-Out of Coal Miners Postponed.

Pittsburg, June 3.—There will be no strike of the 23,000 miners in this district for the present. This was decided at today's convention and is largely due to National President Ratchford's address, advising moderation.

Resolutions were adopted, however, demanding a uniform rate of 69 cents per ton for mining, but deferring the strike until such time as the national executive board should consider it advisable. The convention was one of the largest ever held in Pittsburg, there being ninety-six delegates representing over 100 mines.

STOLE $38,000.

Unwelcome News to Delaware Bank Directors.

Dover, Del., June 3.—While the directors of the First National bank here were in session examining the accounts of William N. Boggs, the paying teller, who had been in their employ for fifteen years, they received a letter from him saying that he was $38,000 short and had left town. He gave details of his irregularities, which had extended over ten years. The loss will not affect the bank's depositors nor the solvency of the bank.

PEACE CONFERENCE.

A Recordless One Being Held in Constantinople.

Constantinople, June 3.—The ambassadors of the powers and Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish minister for foreign affairs, held the first sitting of the peace conference this afternoon at the Tophane palace. There was no secretary present and no record will be kept of the proceedings.

KILLED HIS TWO SISTERS.

Dubuque, Iowa, June 3.—A special to the Globe-Journal from Greene, Iowa, says: The fifteen-year-old boy of L. Schwartz, living near Greene, Iowa, while attempting to unload a gun last night discharged the weapon, killing his two sisters. The bullet passed through the neck of one of the sisters and struck the other one just above the heart. The shooting was accidental.

FLORIDA'S TREASURER RESIGNS.

Tallahassee, Fla., June 3.—State Treasurer Collins has resigned and J. B. Whitfield, ex-clerk of the supreme court, has been appointed in his stead. Collins has for some time contemplated resigning, but was talked out of it. His resignation saves the state $20,000 expenses of trial, while the shortage will probably be made good by his bondsmen.

BLAZES

Fire in Alexandria Eats Up Half a Million of Business Property.

Fire Department From Washington Sent For and Did Good Work.

New Building in New York Falls and Crushes Out Four Lives.

Alexandria, Va., June 3.—The greatest conflagration that has ever visited Alexandria broke out in Bryan's fertilizing mill on the river front shortly after midnight and raged with great fury for about eight hours, causing a total damage, (including loss of time to mills, etc.,) of from $450,000 to $500,000, partly insured. The entire block bounded by the Strand, Duke, Union and Prince streets was almost completely wiped out, only one warehouse with its contents being saved. The section is covered principally by warehouses and manufacturing properties. Definite insurance figures are not available. The alarm was turned in at 12:20 o'clock this morning and when the firemen reached the scene the Bryan warehouse, a large frame building with metal covering, was beyond saving.

A fierce wind was blowing and for a time the whole town was threatened. The engine house across the street from the Bryan place was immediately razed to the ground, and the flames continued in fury and swept to the Old Dominion brass works, the Old Dominion Boat club, D. Atcheson's coal yards and Godfrey laundry and the old Pioneer mills all being quickly gutted. The fire extended for almost two blocks along the river and burned most of the wharves to the water's edge.

The Washington fire department, five miles away, was called upon for help and engine company No. 4, under Assistant Chief Bell, was sent down on a ferry boat. The block meantime had become a roaring blaze, but the firemen did effective work and by 4 o'clock this morning the flames were under control, though the ruins were smoldering all day long.

BUILDING CRASHED.

And at Least Four Human Lives Were Lost.

New York, June 3.—A new five-story brick building at Fifty-first street and Twelfth avenue collapsed today and at least four men were buried in the ruins. The rescuing party has not yet reached them, but it is probable that they are dead. The dead are:

Jacob Jacobson, a millwright.
Andrew Quinn, a laborer.
——, elevator employe.
Unknown man.

There are rumors that at least four more lives have been lost. The facts cannot be ascertained for some time owing to the vast amount of debris that must be searched.

Davis R. Brown, owner of the building; Alex. Brown, the contractor; John S. Jackson, the foreman of the gang; Superintendent of Construction Murphy and John Boyle, watchman, were arrested. They were taken to a police station and afterwards released.

It is now certain that at least twenty men were at work in the building at the time of the accident. That any of them escaped is a wonder. How many of them were caught in the avalanche of falling walls will not be known for several hours, but it is feared that at least four are dead. The name of the Otis Elevator company's employe who was killed, was William Frazer. The contractor, architect and others have been re-arrested.

BACK IN WASHINGTON.

Presidential Party Returns From Its Philadelphia Trip.

Washington, June 3.—The special train bearing the presidential party returning from Philadelphia where they attended the exercises incident to the opening of the commercial museum, reached the Pennsylvania station at 1:40 o'clock this afternoon. Just before the station was reached the rear car which was occupied by the president and Mrs. McKinley was cut loose and shunted down the Sixth street track where the White House carriages were in waiting, thus saving Mrs. McKinley the walk through the entire length of the car shed and station.

The president and Mrs. Saxton took the first carriage and were driven to the White House. Mr. and Mrs. Porter, Dr. and Mrs. Bates, Attorney General McKenna and Secretary Long immediately followed. The remaining part of the train, which was occupied by members of the diplomatic corps and other invited guests proceeded to the station where their carriages were in waiting.

A CUBAN OFFICER.

Informs the Senate Committee of Cuba's Condition.

Washington, June 3.—A sub-committee of the senate committee on foreign relations, today had an officer of the Cuban army before it giving a statement of the situation in Cuba. All the members of the sub-committee refused to say anything concerning the hearing.

HAWAII EVASIVE.

Japan Not Satisfied With the Answer Received.

London, June 3.—The steamship Mariposa, arrived from Sydney via Honolulu this morning with advices from the Hawaiian capital supplemental to those brought by steamship Peru on Monday last. May 24, the day the Peru left the island the government announced that its answer to Japan's demands had been sent to the Japanese minister.

Minister Shimamura is not at all satisfied with the reply made by the Hawaiian foreign office. In an interview upon the subject he said: "I do not consider what I have received to be an answer to my request for particulars, and I will make another attempt to secure one. Japan asks nothing unreasonable. She wants fairness and nothing else. And if she cannot get it, well, I do not know what will follow. The action of the Hawaiian government in refusing landing to people who, Japan believed, after investigation made before their departure, were eligible to land was a gross violation of the treaty.

"Now I have asked for an explanation of reasons for the government's action and I am told that the position taken by the Hawaiian government is that the immigration laws are reasonable and that the administration had impartially enforced them. My government tells me to get a reasonable excuse for the action taken. I cannot find it in this. I do not think that my government is acting arbitrarily in this matter which involves the honor of the nation. The United States has been advised of the affair and probably knows the status of the case as well as we do, and if the government at Washington believes the position taken by Japan is right, according to international law there would be no interference. On the other hand if our position is arbitrary, any nation may interfere.

"Japan understands that there is a tacit understanding that the United States has an interest here, that while not assuming the proportions of a protectorate, she stands in the nature of a godmother to the island republic, but officials of the United States government are too well versed in the custom of dealing with questions of international law to say that Japan is wrong if she is right, or that Hawaii is right if she is wrong. My instructions in the matter are plain. If I cannot get a reasonable answer to my request I may go home and perhaps someone else will have better success. If I withdraw you know what will follow. I hope that it will not reach that point."

BLOCKED THE INQUIRY.

Interstate Commerce Commission Strikes a Snag.

Chicago, June 3.—J. C. Denison, treasurer of the Union Stock Yards and Transit company, blockaded the investigation of the interstate commerce commission today by refusing to produce before the committee the books and records of his corporation. Mr. Newlin, of the Texas Cattle Growers association, demanded the books and asked the commission to issue a subpoena to compel the secretary to produce them. Attorney Babcock claimed that the Union Stock Yards and Transit company was an Illinois corporation, doing business entirely in Cook county, and that the commission had nothing to do with its affairs.

Chairman Morrison was of a different opinion and wanted to issue the subpoena, but after a conference with Commissioner Prouty and other associates, he announced that the subpoena would not be issued. He said he considered the Union Stock Yards and Transit company, although an Illinois corporation doing business entirely in Cook county, was handling interstate business, and hence was subject to an inquiry by the commission. He said, however, that his associates did not agree with him, and hence no subpoena would be issued.

The object of the efforts to bring in the books and records of the Union Stock Yards and Transit company was to show that the railroads formerly held the stock and organized the stock yards company, and Mr. Newlin was desirous of showing the relations of these roads and this company at the present time.

ST. PAUL'S MYSTERY.

German American Bank's $13,600 Still Missing.

St. Paul, June 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Bank Teller Zschau, arrested for grand larceny because of the mysterious disappearance of a package containing $13,000 from the German-American National bank where was employed, was arraigned in court today, bail being fixed to secure. Two unknown persons, said to be well known, are in charge of detectives who suspect them of complicity, but they have not yet been formally arrested.

Gustav Zenzius, the paying teller, Zschau being the assistant, says he took the money from the safe and placed it by the desk where both men worked. While he was out of the room it disappeared. Zschau says he did not see the money package, but the officials claim to have other reasons for suspecting him. The whole affair is still a good deal of a mystery, and the connection with it of the two men now being detained is unknown.

MEDICAL CONGRESS.

Great Advances Made By Surgery Talked About.

Philadelphia, June 3.—At the medical congress this morning, Dr. Horner, of Philadelphia, reported in favor of a relief association for poor and disabled physicians. A committee was appointed to perfect the plan. The report of the board of the trustees showed: Expenditures, $41,811, with a net surplus of $7160.

Dr. W. W. Keen, of Philadelphia, then presented an able paper on "Surgery." It was a revival of the remarkable advance made in surgery, since the birth of the association. The establishment of laboratories for original research was vigorously urged. The public, the speaker continued, should be made to understand that from a business point of view it would be wiser to assist such a step than risk the loss of millions in case of an epidemic.

A VETERAN COUNTERFEITER.

Indianapolis, Ind., June 3.—Jesse Way was sentenced to seven years in the Indiana state prison today for counterfeiting. He is 80 years old and has spent forty-five years of his life in prison, chiefly for the crime for which he was today sentenced.

BILLS AGREED TO.

Berlin, June 3.—The bundesrath today agreed to the oleomargarine and emigration bills as they were passed by the reichstag.

FREE ORE

Senator Penrose Trying to Put Iron Ore on the Free List.

Latest Trick of the Pennsylvania Manufacturers Who Import Foreign Ore.

Indications That the Duty on Lumber Will Be Fixed at $1 50.

Washington, June 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—When the iron schedule was reached by the senate yesterday the tariff on iron ore should naturally have been taken up first, as it comes first on the list. Senator Quay of Pennsylvania made a request, however, to have the ores go over until the rest of the iron schedule should be passed upon, and this request was granted. Friends of the iron mines of Michigan, Minnesota and Alabama see a trick in this and are fearful of getting badly worsted by Quay. They have been scanning the amendments to the tariff bill of which Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania has given notice, having heard that the Penrose amendments are really instigated by Quay, and have been alarmed to find that Penrose proposes one amendment to place iron ores on the free list.

The iron ore men have all along said they would be satisfied to retain only the Wilson rate of 40 cents a ton, but they are not expected to be satisfied with no protection whatever, and when this new Pennsylvania iron manufacturers' wrinkle comes to be understood, it is expected there will be a ghost dance in the senate unless Quay and Penrose withdraw the proposed amendment.

The senate will take up consideration of the wood schedule in the tariff bill next week, and a strong effort is being made by the Michigan lumbermen to make a compromise with the Minnesota and Wisconsin lumbermen by which the rate, fixed by both the senate and house committees, can be reduced to $1.50 per thousand feet. It is generally believed by members of congress from the Northwest that this will be the rate finally decided upon.

VALENCIA OUTRAGE.

State Department is Making an Investigation.

Washington, June 3.—Inquiry at the state department as to the firing on the Ward liner Valencia by the Spanish cruiser Maria Mercedes at the entrance of the harbor of Guatanamo, Cuba, is met by the statement that the matter is now under investigation. The United States vice consul at Cienfuegos entered a protest against the conduct of the Spanish officers on the cruiser, and the Havana officials immediately sent a naval officer down to Cienfuegos to make the investigation, upon the results of which our state department is waiting.

It is said, in behalf of the Spanish side of the case, that more than a year ago the attention of the Ward Line Steamship company was called to the fact that the commanders of some of their vessels running into Cuban ports failed to fly the United States colors, and thus made it difficult for the Spanish navy to establish their identity. Since that time there has been less complaint on that score. The Valencia, however, was new to this particular line and the Spanish naval officers patroling the coast did not know her from her appearance. In such cases it is customary to call for an exhibition of the ship's colors first by firing a blank, and if this is disregarded, by a solid shot across the bows.

This affair happened within the three-mile limit, in fact almost inside the harbor, and the Spanish minister here, upon being advised of it, at once notified the state department that a full inquiry would be made.

DEPARTMENT COMMANDERS.

Washington, June 3.—Acting Secretary of War Meiklejohn this afternoon announced that appointments had been made to the command of two of the great army departments of the country. Brig. Gen. Wade has been assigned to the department of Dakota at St. Paul and Brig. Gen. Graham to the department of Texas, San Antonio. This leaves vacant the department of Columbia, which will be assigned to Col. Merriam when he shall have been promoted next week to be brigadier general.

AROUND THE WORLD.

W. J. Bryan and Family Will Make the Trip.

St. Louis, June 3.—Albert J. Enright, a St. Joseph business man, who is at the Planters hotel, was at Lincoln, Neb., immediately before he arrived here. While there he was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Bryan. Mr. Bryan has announced his intention of making a trip around the world, so Mr. Enright says. He expects to leave within a short time and will be abroad several months. His family will accompany him.

DIED ON THE FLOOR.

New York, June 3.—Samuel L. Post died on the floor of the stock exchange today. He was seized with heart disease and succumbed in a few minutes. He had been a member of the exchange since 1863. His office was at 40 Broad street. Business was immediately suspended and was not resumed until noon.

WEAKENS

Durrant, Condemned Murderer of Blanche Lamont, Is Breaking Down.

Special Messenger Hurrying to the Supreme Court at Washington.

Attorneys Leave No Stone Unturned in Their Client's Behalf.

San Francisco, June 3.—Theodore Durrant seems to be breaking down. A member of the death watch was seated at his side last night looking down upon him as he tossed and tumbled in his restless sleep. The warden was at once notified of the change in Durrant's demeanor. Orders were issued to increase the death watch and maintain the vigil with greater care than before.

Durrant's father carried to the condemned man yesterday the news that the United States district court had denied the writ of habeas corpus, and that the next fight for life must be made at Washington before the supreme court. A special messenger will hurry across the continent, but he cannot reach Washington before next Wednesday. He will have the greatest good fortune if he receives an audience from the supreme court that day. It is probable that a hearing will not be granted before Thursday of next week, and on the following day Durrant must die if the national tribunal does not exert its authority.

The older Durrant wept as he told his son the story, but he bade the condemned man not to lose heart until all hope is gone. If the journey is made without accident a return staying the execution may be secured by telegraphing the warden. The son said he would be brave.

At 11 o'clock this morning Durrant's attorneys will ask the circuit court for permission to appeal to the United States supreme court. If this request is granted they will be satisfied, for they contend that it will act as a stay of execution.

COPPER FIND MADE.

Promising Discovery in Gogebic County is Reported.

Ironwood, Mich., June 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is no uncommon thing for pieces of native copper ranging from a few ounces to hundreds of pounds in weight to be picked up in Northern Michigan and Wisconsin, and a considerable number of specimens of such float copper, carried to its resting place from the parent vein during the glacial age, have been found in Gogebic county during the twelve years that it has been settled. Recent discoveries of native copper are of a much more important nature, as the copper was discovered in situ, the lode being an amygdaloid vein of fair size, and carrying copper in quantities fully up to the average of the productive lodes of Houghton county, where it was uncovered on the surface.

Arrangements are being quietly made to do the necessary work to determine whether the vein is the making of a mine, capital for that purpose having already been arranged for. The people who have been mining iron ore in this county would be only too glad to turn their hands to making copper instead, for the copper mines of Houghton county have paid greater profits in the past twelve months than all the iron mines of all five Lake Superior ranges have paid in the past four years.

The copper find in this county is more promising than many discoveries of the metal reported from various parts of the country, because the Ontonagon copper range is continued through Gogebic, which was formerly a part of Ontonagon county, and between Bessemer and Ironwood, a distance of seven miles, the iron and copper formations lie in parallel folds, and joining, so that the anomaly of a mine of iron and another of copper immediately contiguous to each other is not impossible of development in this district in the future.

MAY LYNCH THEM.

Probable Fate of Hoover's Indian Murderers.

Lee, Mont., June 3.—The latest advices from the scene of the Cheyenne troubles are to the effect that Standing Elk has confessed complicity in the murder of John Hoover, the herdsman, implicating Philip Stanley, Sam Crow and Chief Red Bird. Capt. Stouch, the Indian agent, will surrender the prisoners to Sheriff Gibb Friday, but it is not likely they will ever reach Miles City as the settlers seem determined to lynch them.

CLEVELAND DECLINES.

Caracas, June 3.—President Crespo has just received a letter from ex-President Cleveland declining to act as counsel for Venezuela before the arbitration tribunal. In the letter, which is brief, Mr. Cleveland expresses himself as deeply touched by the honor and compliment conveyed in the recent tender of the position, but declines on the ground that his having acted such a prominent part in bringing about the arbitration treaty precluded him from acting as counsel for Venezuela. The letter is dated May 24.

BRITISH SHIP LOST.

San Francisco, June 3.—A dispatch was received today at the merchants' exchange stating that the British ship Dunow had been wrecked off Kangaroo island and had become a total loss. The officers and crew made their way through the surf and reached the shore in safety. The Dunow sailed from Port Gamble recently with a cargo of lumber for Port Piele, Australia. Kangaroo island is off the coast of Australia. The Dunow was in comamnd of Capt. Graves.

Woman may crown herself with good health if she will. By so doing she will insure her own attractiveness, make her husband and her home happy, and protect the health of her babies. Health is the most glorious crown that a woman may wear. To wear it she must take proper care of herself, and see to it that the delicate organs that are distinctly feminine are always healthy and strong. Thousands of women fall short of good health in this one respect, and as a result soon become but wrecks of their former selves. A woman cannot long retain her general health who is suffering from weakness and disease of the organs that make wifehood and motherhood possible.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription acts directly on these organs. It makes them well and strong. It prepares a woman to be a wife and mother. It does away with the discomforts of the expectant period and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. All good druggists sell it.

"I am glad," writes Mrs. Lonisa Arthurs, of Ostwalt, Iredell Co., N. C., "to express my gratitude to you for the benefits I have received from your medicines. After the birth of my second child I was stricken with derangement of the stomach and liver and a full line of female weaknesses. For seven years I suffered untold misery. Then my husband, J. S. Arthurs, sent for a copy of your 'Common Sense Medical Adviser.' The book described my sufferings so plainly that I purchased bottles of your 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery' and a vial of 'Pleasant Pellets.' Our doctor pronounced my case hopeless, and laid aside your medicines, calling them nostrums and for six months I lay under his disgusting treatment. At the end of this time I commenced taking your medicine and improved very fast. I was soon able to do my housework. My baby boy is a big, fat, and to-day the healthiest child I have. Your medicine saved my life." My recovery was astonishing. I recommend your medicines constantly."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure Constipation.

CROOKED CLERKS.

Conspire to Rob a Big Department Store.

Chicago, June 3.—Two employes of one of the large department stores in this city have been arrested. Warrants are out for others who left the store before they were caught and fifteen additional workers have been discharged for complicity in what appears to have been a systematic conspiracy to rob the big establishment. Already the detectives have found $3000 worth of the missing goods secreted in different sections of the city.

The exact amount of loss will not be known until a careful investigation is made. It is known that large quantities of goods have been shipped to small towns in Illinois and surrounding states, and detectives are at work tracing it.

WATERSPOUT'S WORK.

Town of Jasper, South Dakota, Badly Damaged.

Sioux Falls, S. D., June 3.—Reports from Jasper, a small town six miles northeast of here, says that a waterspout struck there last night. The Great Northern track for miles is two feet under water and nearly all culverts and bridges in that region are washed out. Crops are damaged greatly.

PIE'S LONELY DEATH.

Chicago, June 3.—George Pie died in the poorhouse last night and unless friends intervene his body will go to the medical colleges. Mr. Pie was 68 years of age and a graduate of Dublin university. He was a civil engineer of repute in the old country and came to America some years ago possessed of considerable wealth, which he lost in the failure of a mechanical device in which he was interested. Last fall he went to the poorhouse rather than ask alms from former friends. It is said Mr. Pie has a son and other relatives in Boston.

VANDALS IN BOSTON.

Boston, June 3.—It has been discovered that pieces have been chipped off several ancient grave stones in the old Granary burying ground here. The stones over the graves of Paul Revere, John Hancock and Governor Increase Sumner all show marks of vandalism. The burying ground was open to the public on Memorial day and it is believed relic hunters then succeeded in obtaining proofs of their dishonesty.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 2; Pittsburg, 5.

At New York—New York, 4; Louisville, 7.

At Washington—Washington, 5; Chicago, 6.

At Boston—Boston, 21; Cleveland, 3.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 10; St. Louis, 1.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 10; Cincinnati, 4.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Detroit—Detroit, 11; Minneapolis, 9.

At Columbus—Columbus, 5; Milwaukee, 3.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 9; St. Paul, 4.

At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 1; Kansas City, 0.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	32	24	.750
Cincinnati	35	23	.657
Boston	33	21	.636
Pittsburg	34	19	.613
Cleveland	32	17	.531
New York	29	15	.517
Brooklyn	37	17	.515
Louisville	32	16	.500
Philadelphia	35	17	.486
Chicago	34	12	.353
Washington	31	9	.290
St. Louis	35	6	.240

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
St. Paul	38	27	.711
Milwaukee	35	23	.657
Indianapolis	33	20	.606
Columbus	32	18	.562
Detroit	34	16	.471
Minneapolis	37	14	.378
Kansas City	37	14	.378
Grand Rapids	34	10	.294

$29.00.

TO SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, ETC.

St. Paul & Duluth railroad will sell June 29 to July 3, one way, tickets to San Francisco at rate of $29.00. Choice of routes. Account Christian Endeavor convention. Particulars at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

FUNNY

One Robber Robs Another and is In Turn Robbed By Him.

Rebel George the Gold Brick Swindler Robbed By His Partner.

George Afterward Got a Gun and Made Mellon Fork Over.

Seattle, Wash., June 3.—The king of gold brick swindlers, Harvey Knowlton, better known as "Rebel George," a man who is famous in his line from the Atlantic to the Pacific, was held up last night and robbed of $1500 in cash. Anthony Mellon, his partner in crime, stood behind a revolver and made Knowlton stand and deliver.

To Mellon the enjoyment of possession was of short duration, for Knowlton faced what seemed certain death, overpowered the robber and dispossessed him of the money. It was done after a bloody fight, during which three shots were fired. None of them took effect. "Rebel George" secured possession of the weapon, beat the robber into insensibility, hammering Mellon over the head until he was covered with blood. The robbery occurred in the Albemarle lodging house on Seneca street, where Knowlton and Mellon occupied the same room.

Knowlton is remembered in the Northwest in connection with the sale several years ago of a spurious gold brick for $5000 to Banker Woodling, in this state. He fled to Tennessee. He was arrested, brought back and convicted and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Nearly a year ago he completed his term, and was librated.

Mellon's right name is Anthony Kelly. He formerly lived in Denver, and is an ex-convict, having done seven years in the Canon City penitentiary for larceny.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The Spanish cabinet under Canovas has resigned and the queen regent will hold a council today to consider the situation.

The Rock Island Railroad company's annual meeting was held in Chicago yesterday and the following officers were elected: President, R. R. Cable; first vice president, Benjamin Brewster; second vice president, treasurer and secretary, W. G. Purdy; third vice president, W. H. Truesdale. The gross earnings of the road during the year were 17,146,652, a decrease of $270,000 from last year. The total expenditures, including taxes, were $11,612,827, an increase of $243,705. The net earnings were $5,533,825, an increase of $26,294. Interest on bonds paid during the year amounted to $922,116.

Winners at the Latonia track, Cincinnati, yesterday were Elvina, Locust Blossom, Alta C., Rastus, Wife and Col. Wightman.

Winners at the Gravesend track races at New York yesterday were Great Bend, Gray Lad, Duda, Sir Vassar, Cleophus and Doggett.

Operatives of the Canadian secret service are said to be guarding Jennie Young, also known as Baronne Turkheim, of San Francisco, lest an attempt will be made to abduct her on her way to the West.

The Northwestern Miller gives the flour output last week at Minneapolis at 252,855 barrels against 248,375 barrels the previous week and 262,815 barrels for the corresponding week one year ago. The flour output this week is estimated at 255,000 barrels.

At Key West, Fla., the thirty-five men on the Dauntless were arraigned yesterday before United States commissioner Otto charged with unlawfully and feloniously beginning to set on foot, provide and prepare means for a military expedition against Spain. Col. Nunez, their spokesman, pleaded not guilty and the case was postponed until June 3. Each person is held under a bond of $500.

The expedition fitted out by the Canadian government to investigate the practicability of the Hudson bay route from the Northwest to Europe for the shipment of grain sailed from Halifax, N. S., yesterday, on board the steamer Diana. Capt. Walkham, the commander, expects that the party will reach Hudson straits late in the month. The explorers will spend the greater part of July in the straits studying the movement of drift ice.

The Ward line steamer Valencia, which arrived at Cienfuegos, Cuba, reports an exciting experience while off Guantanamo bay. The Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes signalled to the Valencia to display her colors. As the Valencia did not immediately comply the Reina Mercedes fired a blank shot which was followed almost immediately by a solid shot falling out of range. The Valencia displayed her colors. The United States consul has filed a protest.

Six persons were seriously and two of them probably fatally burned at Lynn Beach, Mass., last evening by an explosion of gasoline in the tent of a show which is exhibiting there. The tent was well filled and its occupants became greatly excited and attempted to get out.

At Havana United States Vice Consul James Springer, who went to investigate the case of Joaquin Vargas, was arrested on returning to his hotel and was taken into the presence of the military commander, but the latter ordered his immediate release.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

Who can measure the influence of a

Mother!

It lasts through all ages and enters the confines of eternity. With what care, therefore, should she be guarded and how great the effort be to make her life happy.

Mother's Friend

makes child-birth easy, assists nature in its sublime effort, leaves the Mother stronger after than before confinement, and robs the trying hour of its terror. No Mother can afford to neglect its use.

Of druggists at $1.00, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Write for book containing valuable information for all Mothers, mailed free.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

NEVER DECEIVE THE SICK.

This is the Motto of Professor Munyon.

"Never deceive the sick. A man who would commit such a moral crime would deserve the severest punishment." So

says Prof. Munyon, the highest medical authority in the world. Munyon's Improved System of Medicine is founded upon scientific knowledge and common sense. Munyon has a separate specific for each disease. Mostly sold for 25 cents at druggists.

Marvin Cook of the Elkader (Iowa) Argus, says: "Munyon's Catarrh Cure Was the means of curing me of a dis-agreeable case of catarrh."

If in doubt write to Prof. Munyon at Philadelphia, Pa., and get medical advice free.

THE CONGREGATIONALISTS.

Home Missionary Society Meeting at Saratoga.

Saratoga, N. Y., June 3.—The first paper at the first session this morning of the Congregational Home Missionary society was made by the secretary, Rev. Washington D. Choate, D.D., of New York. It was entitled "Fixed Factors in Home Missions." It was the purpose of the paper to look along the lines that run through the seventy-one years of the home missionary field and show that amid all the change, the great principles remain. Among other things he said: "Let the menace of our cities in their masses all untouched by gospel light or saving grace, the old world hordes still coming and bringing their bigotry, degradation and illiteracy, the great areas of our land—let these fiends stand before our vision and the need of the nation as a present factor in home missions is read in characters darkest hours.

Continuing, he said it was the organized body of Christian believers that did the constructive work in the Christian upbuilding of the nation, and it was the work of this society that organize such bodies. Although public benefactions to philanthropic educational and benevolent purposes were of grand dimensions, yet the agencies of the church missionary languish under crippled finances.

The Rev. Harmon Bross, D.D., of Lincoln, Neb., spoke as follows: "We are trying to save our churches during these desperate times by combining the Minnesota idea and the Nebraska plan. The Minnesota idea is to starve the ministers, the Nebraska way is to work them to death. We cannot very well combine both these plans on the same field, but we are trying to make a judicious selection. By combinations of two or three or four churches, and make one man pastor of all, one man preaches three times every Sunday and drives twenty-five miles over a rough road; another man's parish has been seventy-five miles long by as wide as he could make it. Our churches have been struggling toward self-support; many of these upon the self-supporting list have reached that point through great sacrifice on the part of the pastors and people. If there is a noble Christian work going on under the sun, surely it is there on those prairies.

"Think how economically we are doing this work; 128 churches with seventy-nine pastors receiving 1020 persons to church membership in a year; sustaining Sunday schools; creating and maintaining a standard of religion, morality, patriotism and righteousness in 200 communities and the whole plant costing less in home missionary money than half the running expenses of one of our city churches. The current expenses of one of our city churches are said to be over $30,000 and our allowance for the whole state of Nebraska for the present year is only $14,013, $5000 of which we are to raise in our own churches."

SPANISH CRISIS.

Cabinet's Resignation the All Absorbing Topic.

Madrid, June 3.—The resignation of the cabinet and the general state of political uneasiness absorb public attention. The retiring premier, Senor Canovas Del Castillo, in an interview, is quoted as saying that not even the members of the cabinet knew of his intention to resign until his resignation had been effected.

The published statement that the Spanish government has received a note from the government of the United States disapproving of the retention of Gen. Weyler as captain general of Cuba is semi-officially denied.

STOCK YARD CASES.

Kansas City, Mo., June 3.—Attorney General Boyle of Kansas, who is representing his state in the investigation of the reasonableness of the charges enacted by the Kansas City Stock Yards company, which is now in progress before a special master, has decided to go to Boston, there to take the testimony of President Charles Francis Adams, Treasurer Charles Merriam and others interested in the stockyards, and an attempt will also be made to get at the original stock books and other important records, which are believed to be kept in Boston. By these records the Kansas officials hope to substantiate the claim that the company's stock has been unduly "watered," and that the valuation claimed is excessive.

Household goods stored in good brick storehouse for $1 per ton per month.

DULUTH VAN CO., 212 W. Superior st.

P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

INDIAN TROUBLES.

Indian Agent Stouch is Placed Under Arrest.

Miles City, Mont., June 3.—Sheriff Gibb returned last night from the Cheyenne agency. The Indian situation, he says is very grave. He reports 200 or more Indians off the reservation and scattered in the hills. Their war whoop can be heard frequently and the dancing continues. Old settlers look for trouble. The sheriff's posse, 300 strong, under command of Stock Inspector Smith and Capt. Brown, are now stationed in small numbers in and about the settlements near the reservation to protect the remaining settlers and prevent the destroying of property by the Indians.

Indian Agent Stouch would not deliver the prisoner Badger up to the sheriff when called upon to do so, saying he was afraid, or he would escort Badger off the reservation Friday with troops and deliver him to the authorities. The sheriff placed Capt. Stouch under arrest, but left him at liberty until summoned by County Attorney Porter. The sheriff also has a warrant for Capt. Reid, who has charge of the troops from Fort Custer located at the reservation.

It is not known among the Indians in the hills that Badger is in the guard house. When this becomes known and he is removed from the reservation, it is feared the Indians will make a break to recover him, if possible. If this is done there will be great loss of life on both sides. The sheriff brought in orders for a large amount of ammunition and rifles, and another posse of 100 or more will be formed and accompany him back to the reservation, which he expects to reach tonight or early Friday morning.

County Attorney T. J. Porter has received orders from Governor Smith that he direct the sheriff to take a posse of all citizens that can be obtained, exhaust all means to secure a sufficient posse to enforce the service of warrants both on the Indian murderers and Indian Agent Stouch, and that the militia will be ordered out, if necessary, saying that the law of Montana must be enforced with caution and firmness.

SOUTH DAKOTA GOLD.

Large Increase Over the Previous Year's Output.

Washington, June 3.—Mr. Preston, the director of the mint, has completed his estimate of the gold production in South Dakota during the calendar year 1896 and finds it to have been 235,413 fine ounces. This is a gain over 1895 of 48,226 ounces, and places South Dakota a third in the list of gold producing states. Director Preston expresses the belief that if the present rate of gold production continues through the year the total output for '97 will show a large gain over last year.

KANSAS BANKERS ON TRIAL.

Columbus, Kas., June 3.—The preliminary examination of the officials of the defunct Baxter Springs bank, which has been in progress for three days, was concluded today. Col. Alexander Warner and his son, Benjamin Warner, were held for trial in $5000 bail each, and A. A. Warner, cashier, and Russell Davis, bookkeeper, were held in $500 each. The evidence showed the bank was insolvent for some time before the failur. Individual notes of bank officials, and of the entire Warner family, were deposited and funds withdrawn. It is the general opinion that all the officials will be convicted for violation of the state banking law.

SOME SEDALIA BRUTES.

Sedalia, Mo., June 3.—W. H. Wilbur, the teamster who made 9-year-old Amande Gentry drunk last Sunday and then mistreated her, has been identified as the man who assaulted Ida Caton, a 13-year-old girl, in East Sedalia a few weeks ago. The citizens of Sedalia are highly wrought up over Wilbur's crime, and if a leader should be found it is possible he may be lynched. A majority of the saloon keepers held a meeting and passed resolutions denouncing Saloon Keeper Seibe for having sold liquor to the little girl, and also demanding that Seibe's license be revoked.

A DEMOCRATIC VICTORY.

Hannibal, Mo., June 3.—Tuesday's election in Missouri for a successor to Congressman Giles, deceased, has resulted in favor of J. T. Lloyd, Democrat, by a plurality of 5516 over Clark, Republican, and a majority of 4423 over the combined vote of Miller, Populist, and Clark. This is a gain of 782 over the majority given Giles in November last. The vote cast was about 80 per cent of the vote at the November election.

WILL ASSIST THE NAVY.

Cape Town, June 3.—The legislative assembly has unanimously adopted a proposal to contribute towards the maintenance of the imperial navy.

LEAVES DULUTH 6:30 P. M.

SOUTH SHORE'S NEW SCHEDULE.

Business men going East may now put in a full day at the desk and take dinner at home instead of hurrying to catch a train in the middle of the afternoon.

QUICKEST TIME EVER MADE.

DULUTH TO SAGINAW.

Will be attained by the new passenger schedule of the South Shore, effective Sunday, May 30, leaving Duluth at 6:30 p. m., (except Saturday), arriving Saginaw at 6:27 p. m. the next day. Returning passengers may leave Saginaw at 7 a. m. by Flint & Pere Marquette, arriving in Duluth at 8:50 a. m. (except Sunday).

DO YOU FEEL IRRITABLE?

TAKE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

It makes a refreshing, cooling beverage and is an invigorating tonic, soothing to the nerves.

THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE!

Happy and Fruitful Marriage.

Every MAN who would know the GRAND TRUTHS, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and the New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for our wonderful little book, called "Complete Manhood and How to Attain It." To any earnest man we will mail one copy Entirely Free, in plain sealed cover.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 NIAGARA ST. BUFFALO, N. Y.

The Woman Who Uses

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

finishes her work as fresh and bright as her house is clean.

Largest package—greatest economy.

The N. K. Fairbank Company, Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.

"EAST, WEST, HOME IS BEST," IF KEPT CLEAN WITH

SAPOLIO

SUMMONS.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Anna L. Allan, Plaintiff,

vs.

William H. Allan, Defendant.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is on file in the office of the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office, in the city of St. Paul, in the county of Ramsey, in said state of Minnesota, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to said court, for the relief demanded in said complaint, together with the costs and disbursements herein.

Dated March 12th, A. D. 1897.

HUMPHREY BARTON, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Office 810 and 811 New York Life Insurance Building, St. Paul, Minn.

Residence 484 Carroll street, St. Paul, Minn.

SCOTT REX, Of Counsel.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-6-13-20-27-June-3-10.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of five hundred ninety-one and 10-100 dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon that certain mortgage duly made, executed and delivered by Robert Archibald Peers, mortgagor, to secure the payment of part of the purchase price of the premises therein described, to William H. Garlock, mortgagee, bearing date the 4th day of February, 1892, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the register of deeds' office in and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on the 22nd day of April, 1892, at eight o'clock a. m. in Book 91 of mortgages on page 46.

And whereas no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof; now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein conveyed situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: An undivided one-half of all that part of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty-five, township fifty north, of range fifteen west of the 4th P. M., according to the government survey thereof, described as follows: Commencing at the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of said section twenty-five, thence running due west twenty-two rods and four feet, thence running due south thirty-six rods, thence running due east twenty-two rods and four feet, thence running due north thirty-six rods to place of beginning, containing five acres; with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, state of Minnesota, on the 26th day of June, 1897, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, together with the sum of twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 13th, 1897.

WILLIAM H. GARLOCK, Mortgagee.

JOHN Q. A. CROSBY, Attorney for said Mortgagee. Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-13-20-27-June-3-10-17.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 12th day of May, 1897, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein William T. Smith was plaintiff and The Duluth Chamber of Commerce Building Company, a corporation, one of the defendants in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant, for the sum of eighty-three and 71-100 dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Monday, the 28th day of June, 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 19th day of October, 1895, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit: Lots seventy (70) and seventy-two (72), block eight (8), Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota. The above described land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., 12th day of May, A. D. 1897.

WM. C. SARGENT, Sheriff St. Louis Co., Minn.

By V. A. DASIT, Deputy.

FRYBERGER & JOHANSON, Attorneys for Judgment Creditor. Duluth Evening Herald, May-13-20-27-June-3-10-17.

First National Bank OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary

CAPITAL, $500,000.00. SURPLUS, $250,000.00.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP, Asst. Cashier.

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Received.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the condition of a certain mortgage made and delivered by Frank E. Searle and Ida Searle, his wife, mortgagors, to W. Holmes, mortgagee, which said mortgage was dated March 30th, 1895, and was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, April 3rd, 1895, at ten fifty (10:50 o'clock a. m. in Book one hundred twenty (120) of mortgages on page three hundred eighty-three (383). Said mortgage was thereafter duly assigned by said W. J. Holmes to R. B. Swift by an instrument in writing dated October 22nd, 1895, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on December 31st, 1895, at three o'clock (3:45) p. m. in Book one hundred seven (107) of mortgages on page three hundred forty-nine (349).

The default aforesaid consists in the non-payment of the semi-annual instalment of interest which became due on the terms of said mortgage on the 22nd day of April last, 1897, and has continued to date of this notice.

It was provided in said mortgage that if any default should be made in the payment of the sums thereby secured or any part of the interest thereon or any part thereof, that the whole principal sum and sums secured thereby and accrued interest thereon should become due and payable forthwith without any notice at the election of said mortgagee, his legal representatives or assigns; and the said R. B. Swift by reason of the default aforesaid has elected to declare and does hereby declare the whole amount secured by said mortgage and accrued interest thereon to be due and payable.

There is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon the debt secured by said mortgage the sum of four thousand one hundred and seventy-nine and 42-100 dollars ($4179.42) no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover said mortgage debt, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a power of sale which is contained in said mortgage and which has become operative by reason of the aforesaid default and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described, to-wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots one (1) and two (2), in block eleven (11), of the First Division of West Duluth, according to the plat of said First Division as filed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, with said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, to pay said mortgage debt and interest thereon, at public vendue, on Saturday, the 5th day of June, 1897, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of that day subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 22nd, 1897.

R. B. SWIFT, Assignee of Mortgage.

HUNTINGTON W. MERCHANT, Attorney for said Assignee of Mortgagee.

Duluth Trust Company Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-22-29-May-6-13-20-27-June-3.

If you wish to drink a Choice glass of Lager call for— FITGER'S BEER.

SUPPLIES WANTED.

Notice is hereby given that up to 1 m. Saturday, June 5, 1897, the undersigned will receive sealed proposals for the furnishing of stationery, hardware, drugs and other supplies for the use of the various departments of city work for the ensuing year, in accordance with specifications on file in the office of the city clerk of the city of Duluth.

Bidders must state the total amount for which they will furnish the articles named in the respective lists upon which they bid.

A certified check for 10 per cent of the amount of the bid to accompany each proposal, to be forfeited to the city in case of failure on the part of the successful bidder to furnish said supplies according to said list at the time and place specified for the delivery of the same.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

C. E. RICHARDSON, City Clerk.

Duluth Evening Herald, May 26, June 3, inclusive.

NOTICE TO BANKERS.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

Pursuant to an act of the legislature approved March 2nd, 1889, being chapter 122 entitled "An act relating to the duties of county treasurers and the care of the public funds," being Chaper 8, Section 729, General Statutes 1894 and amendments thereto.

Notice is hereby given that proposals for the deposit of the funds of St. Louis County will be received by the undersigned board of auditors of said county at the office of the county auditor in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on or before the 10th day of June, 1897, at one o'clock p. m.; such proposals shall state what security will be given to said county for such funds so deposited, and what interest will be allowed on monthly balances of the amounts deposited, on condition that the said funds with accrued interest shall be held subject to draft and payment at all times on demand.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 1st day of May, 1897.

O. HALDEN, County Auditor. E. MORCOM, Chairman of Board of County Commissioners.

JOHN OWENS, Clerk of District Court, Board of Auditors of St. Louis County, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-27-June-

HIGHER

Wheat Made Another Advance Owing to the Rise at Liverpool.

Suspicion, However, That American Influences Were at Work There.

The Bearish News Consisted Mainly of the Rains in the West.

Wheat opened strong and higher today. The influences causing the advance were the strong cables and the large cash business done at Chicago yesterday, which was placed as high as 265,000 bus. Other markets, particularly New York, were strong and Northwest receipts moderate, 358 cars against 404 last week and 427 the year before. Bearish news consisted principally of the favorable weather in the West, recent showers being regarded as practically assuring the crop. When second Liverpool cables were received showing a further 5d advance, a sharp rise ensued.

The Liverpool market provided the bulls with all that was necessary. The modest rise with which it started kept piling up as later cablegrams came to hand, and in the end 2½d advance was established for July delivery and that is equal to about 5½c per bus. Chicago receipts were 8 cars and the quantity inspected out of store was 36,362 bus. Continental cables showed none of the snap which prevailed in Liverpool, and that gave rise to the suspicion that the latter market was being manipulated from this side. New York wired that Liverpool houses were sellers of wheat there.

Trading was active on the Duluth board, July wheat opened 5c higher at 70½c, advanced quickly to 71c, reacted again to 70½c but soon recovered and sold up steadily to 71¾c. The close was at 70¾, a kick an advance of ¾c for the day. The mills bought 20,000 bus of cash stuff at 71c over July, and the shippers took 20,000 bus at 1c over July. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 72½c; No. 1 northern, cash, 71½; July, 70¾c; September, 68½c bid. No. 2 northern, cash, No. 3, 64½@65¾. Rejected, 48½@63½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 72½c; No. 1 northern, 71½c. Rye, 28½c. No. 2 oats, 21c. No. 3 oats, 20½c. Flax, 76½c bid.

Car inspection—Wheat, 90; oats, 63; rye, 2; barley, 21; flax, 16. Receipts—Wheat, 164,904 bus; corn, 700 bus; oats, 86,182 bus; rye, 1,038 bus; barley, 20,033 bus; flax, 13,528 bus. Shipments—Wheat, none; oats, 26,931 bus; barley, 20,172 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, June 3.—Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 32,325; shipments, 2573. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 13,030; shipments, 2079. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 21,988; shipments, 1552. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 23,000. Estimated receipts hogs today, 27,000; left over, 900. Market fairly active early; advance mostly lost. Light, $3.45@3.60; mixed, $3.45@3.57½; heavy, $3.25@3.57½; rough, $3.25@3.35. Cattle, receipts 800. Market strong to 10c higher. Beeves, $4.00@5.20; cows and heifers, $2.00@4.40; Texas steers, $3.20@4.10; stockers and feeders, $2.65@4.00. Sheep, receipts, 10,000. Market firm to shade higher.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 3.—Money on call nominally 2@3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87 for demand and at $4.85¾@4.86 for 60 days. Posted rates $4.85½@4.87 and $4.88@4.88½. Commercial bills $4.85¼. Silver certificates, 70,000 ounces, at 60¾c. Bar silver, 60c. Mexican dollars, 47¾c. Government bonds steady. New 4s registered, $1.23; coupon, $1.23¾; 5s registered, $1.13½; coupon, $1.13¾; 4s registered, $1.10; coupon, $1.12¾; 2s registered, 96; Pacific 6s of '95, $1.10½.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, June 3.—Wheat, futures firm; July, 5s 9d; 1½d higher; September, 5s 8½d; 1½d higher; December, 5s 8½d; ½d higher. Corn, spot steady; June, 2s 7½d; ½d higher; July, 2s 8d; ¾d higher; September, 2s 8d; ¾d higher.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, June 3.—Wheat, firm; June, 70c; July, 69¾c; September, 62¾c. No. 1 hard, 71¾c; No. 1 northern, 70¾c. Receipts, 268 cars.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, June 3.—Liverpool surprised us today with an advance in wheat futures of about 2d but it had little lasting effect on this market, for exporters claimed that they could not do business with Liverpool as the cash market had not advanced and the advance in futures was caused by shorts covering for the approaching holidays. There was good demand for cash wheat here today but hard to get it without paying fancy premiums, even for the discredited No. 2 spring. Very little business was done. Clearances fairly large. Continental markets did not in any way reflect the Liverpool advance and our local market was slugged with wheat on every rally, mostly by the local trade, closing only 5c higher for July and lower than yesterday for more distant futures. Some very good buying early had only temporary effect. Foreigners were reported sellers of futures at New York and some cable limits reduced. The market was a great disappointment in view of the early strength. Corn advanced on active buying by shorts and considerable investment buying induced by the low price and the unfavorable weather conditions. Corn is in good shape for a further marked advance. Oats were also strong with a sharp demand for shipment.

Provisions declined on moderate selling by packers and the local trade. Receipts lighter and fair buying by shorts on the declines.

Puts, July wheat, 71½-¾c.
Calls, July wheat, 687/8c.
Curb, July wheat, 68¾c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	10	10	10	10
Atchison	23¾	23¾	23	23
Sugar Trust	116	117⅜	115⅝	116⅜
Canadian Southern	49	49	48¾	48¾
C., B. & Q	78½	79¼	78⅜	79¼
St. Paul	77¾	77⅞	76⅞	76⅞
Chicago Gas	85¾	87	85¼	86
D. L. & W				
General Electric	31⅜	31⅜	31	31
Omaha	58½	58½	58¼	58¼
Reading	19⅜	19⅝	19⅜	19⅜
L. & N	47⅜	47¾	47⅛	47¼
Manhattan	85⅞	85⅞	85	85
Missouri Pacific	15½	15½	14⅜	15¾
Tobacco	71¾	72½	71¾	72
C. & N. W	108	108⅜	108	108¼
N. P. Preferred	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝
Rock Island	68	68⅜	67½	67¼
Union Pacific	7¼	7¼	7⅜	7¼
Western Union	80¾	80¾	79¾	79⅞
Leather	55	55	55	55
Lake Shore	1 84	165¾	163¾	165¼

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, June 3.—Close, wheat, June, 68½c; July, 68¼c; September, 64⅝@⅔c; December, new, 67¼c; old, 66⅜c. Corn, June, 21c; July, 24½c; September, 25¾c. Oats, June, 17¾c; July, 18¼c; September, 18½c. Pork, June, $7.82; July, $7.85; September, $7.90. Lard, June, $3.52; July, $3.57; September, $3.60. Ribs, July, $4.27; September, $4.22. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 75@75c; No. 3 red, 73@75c; No. 2 spring, 68@70c; No. 3 spring, 63@66c; No. 2 hard winter 68c; No. 3 hard winter, 62@65c; No. 1 northern spring, 70@72c. Cash, corn, No. 2, 22¾@23c; No. 3, 22¾@23c. Oats, No. 2, 18½c; No. 3, 17@19c. Barley, cash, No. 2, 25@33c. Flax, cash, 76½c; cash, Northwestern, 77c; July, 76½@77c; September, 77½c. Timothy, cash, $2.70; August, $2.72; September, $2.55.

"Pretty Pill" says Pretty Poll

She's just "poll parroting." There's no prettiness in pills, except on the theory of "pretty is that pretty does." In that case she's right.

Ayer's Pills

do cure biliousness, constipation, and all liver troubles.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Supplies were quite plentiful on Michigan street today. The first Oregon berries, by the carload, were received, and cept in a few instances. Dealers did not good demand but prices were lower exthey were very fine. Green stuff was in take kindly to weather conditions.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—the quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.

Cream, separators, fancy	16	@	17
Dairies, fancy, special make	13	@	15
Packing stock	8	@	9
Dairy, fair	12	@	13

CHEESE.

Twins, flats, full cr'm, new	11½	@	12¼
Full cr'm, Young America	11	@	12
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12	@	12½
Brick, No. 1	10	@	
Limb., full cream, choice	9	@	10
Primost	6		

EGGS.

Candle-l, strictly fresh	8	@	9

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	12½	@	13
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½		
Golden rod	11½	@	12
Dark honey	11	@	11½
Buckwheat, dark	11	@	11½

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per pound	11		
Ohio, per pound	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	90	@	1 00

POPCORN.

Choice, per lb	2½	@	3

NUTS.

Soft shell almonds, per lb	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12		
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	11		
Brazils, per lb	8		
Pecans per lb	9	@	11
Filberts, per lb	11		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
Raw peanuts	4½	@	5½

VEGETABLES.

Sweet potatoes, per bbl	85		
Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl	2 25	@	2 50
New potatoes, in sacks, bus	75	@	2 00
Carrots, per bus	35	@	40
Beets, per bus	40	@	50
Onions, per bus, new	1 35	@	1 50
Turnips, per bus	40	@	50
Asparagus, per doz	35	@	40
Wax beans, per bus	2 00	@	2 25
Cucumbers, per doz	40	@	50
New beets, per doz bunches	45	@	60
Green peas, per bus	1 50	@	1 75
Mobile cabbage, per crate	3 50		
Pie plant, per 100 lbs	1 00	@	1 25
Potatoes, per bus	25	@	27
Mint, per doz	35		
Parsley, per doz	30		
Parsnips, per bus	55	@	60
Cauliflowers, per doz	2 25	@	2 50
Horse radish, per lb	6	@	7
Missis ippi cabbage	2 25	@	3 50
Florida tomatoes, basket	50	@	55
Oyster plant, doz bunches	50		
Green onions, doz bunches	12	@	20
Spinach, per bus	40	@	50
New beets, per doz bunch	25	@	40
Spanish onions, per crate	2 25		
Bermuda onions, per crate	3 50		
Lettuce, per bus	50	@	75
Horse radish roots, per bbl	4 00	@	4 50
Long radishes, per doz	12	@	15
Round radishes, per doz	20	@	25

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	90	@	1 00
Medium, hand picked, bus	90		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90		
Green and yellow peas	75	@	90
Green peas, bus	65		

FRUITS.

Oregon strawberries	1 75	@	2 00
Illinois and Missouri strawberries, per crate	1 50	@	1 75
California cherries, per case	75	@	90
California navel oranges	3 25	@	4 00
Seedling oranges	3 25	@	3 50
Bananas, bunches	1 25	@	1 50
Lemons, per box	3 00	@	3 25
Cocoanuts, per doz	70		
Cranberries, per bbl	4 50	@	5 00
Cranberries, bus	1 75	@	2 00
Figs, per lb	12	@	15
Pineapple, per doz	1 50	@	1 75
Dates, per lb	9	@	10

APPLES AND CIDER.

Apples, per bbl	2 00	@	4 25
Mich. sweet cider, per keg	2 50	@	2 75
Fruit juices, per keg	4 50		

DRESSED MEATS.

Veal, fancy	7	@	7½
Veal, heavy, coarse, thin	5	@	
Mutton, fancy dressed	6	@	6½
Pork	5½	@	6

LIVE POULTRY.

Live turkeys	10	@	11
Spring chickens, per lb	9	@	10

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, per lb	12½	@	13
Chickens, per lb	10	@	11
Geese	6	@	7

BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.

Bran, 200 lbs, sacks included	9 50	@	10 50
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	10 00		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	9 00		
Red dog	12 00		
Ground feed No. 1	10 00	@	10 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 00	@	10 50

HAY, CAR LOTS.

Choice south. Minn	7 50	@	8 50
Northern Minn	4 00	@	6 50
Medium	4 00	@	6 50
Tame, ton, choice timothy	8 00	@	9 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 3.—Butter, steady; Western creamery, 11@15c; Elgins, 15c; factory 7½@10½c. Eggs, steady; stags and Pennsylvania, 11@11½c; Western, 10½@10½c; Southern, $2.55@2.70.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, June 3.—Butter, firm; creameries, 14@15c; dairies, 7@12c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 9c.

A Disappearance.

Edward King is missing and his wife and friends are greatly alarmed. He has been employed at the Torrey building as night engineer for several months. Last Monday he drew his pay for the month of May. That night he failed to come around to work and has not been seen since. Today his wife was in Superior searching for him. Up to yesterday the check he received had not been cashed.

$100 REWARD, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

WEST END

Company H Will Have a Chance to Save Itself From Discharge.

Col. Shandrew Will Take the Company to Camp This Summer.

Hugo Iron Works Will Complete Its Pipe Contract About July 1.

Company H, the West Duluth military company, of which until very recently the people of the West End were exceedingly proud, does not stand very high in the estimation of the regimental officers in St. Paul, and unless the company shows a marked improvement in the near future it will probably be mustered out of service. In the recent inspection of the military companies of the state Company H was last on the list, showing eight points less to its credit than any other. Company F of the Third regiment, located at Fergus Falls, also gave evidence of lack of interest and it has been disbanded, its uniforms and equipment having been shipped to Olivia, where a new company has been formed. The Fergus Falls militiamen feel much humiliated at this and are hard at work perfecting a reorganization that they may be in a position to demand the next vacancy, which they expect will be created by the disbandment of Company H. Col. Shandrew has decided to take Company H to camp this summer and give it a final opportunity to brace up, but if at that time it fails to make a creditable showing it will undoubtedly be mustered out. Interest in the company was at a very low ebb until a few months ago when new armory quarters were provided for it, but since then considerable recruiting has been done and the boys have attended drill most standing and make sure their position in the National Guard.

NEARING COMPLETION.

There yet remains between 3000 and 3500 feet of the large steel force main pipe for the city waterworks to be made by the Hugo Iron works before the completion of the contract. The plant is now turning out 128 feet of pipe a day and the contract will be completed about July 1. It is probable that the works will be closed on the completion of the force main pipe unless the contract for the 36-inch pipe, which is soon to be let, is secured.

MANY BIRTH REPORTS.

West Duluth nearly monopolized the birth report to the city health department yesterday. S. and Josephine Wick, Fifty-eighth avenue west and Nicollet street, report the birth of a son; Henry O. and Annie L. Nystrom, Sixty-fifth avenue west and Main street, a daughter; John and Julia Lenich, Sixtieth avenue west and Bristol street, a daughter; J. F. and Julia St. John, Fifty-seventh avenue west and Raleigh street, a daughter; Pat and Anna McKolson, 518 Sixtieth avenue west, a daughter.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

N. C. Kingsbury has gone to the Twin Cities. He will be absent several days.

Dr. I. B. Kenney returned from St. Paul this morning, where he had been to attend the state convention of the Maccabees. Mrs. Kenney will remain in Minneapolis for a month visiting relatives.

Arrangements have been made for services in Westminster Presbyterian church next Sunday both morning and evening. Definite announcement will be made Saturday.

Dr. Robert Forbes has cancelled his engagement in Milwaukee next Saturday and will preach as usual in Asbury M. E. church Sunday. He has been engaged to preach the baccalaureate sermon for the graduating class of the high school Sunday, June 16, time and place not yet announced.

Most of the West Duluth Knights of the Maccabees who went to St. Paul Tuesday to attend the state convention of the order returned home today.

C. C. Whitney has gone to Minneapolis on a short business trip

The entertainment committee of the Westminster Presbyterian Sunday school has abandoned the idea of giving the "Deestrick Skule" entertainment.

The West Duluth court of the Independent Order of Foresters will join with the Duluth court in giving an excursion to Port Arthur June 30.

ANGRY SPANISH NEWSPAPERS.

Havana, June 3.—The angry feeling against Americans in Cuba is increasing, as shown by the heated utterances of some of the newspapers in Cuba. De La Marina today shows bitterness against the American newspaper correspondents who have been sending reports to their papers of the Calhoun-Lee congress to investigate into the death of Dr. Ricardo Ruiz, a naturalized American citizen, in the prison at Guanabacoa.

The Dairo says these correspondents are indiscreet, and they have sources of information not reached by the Dairo. Continuing the Dairo charges, the American newspaper men with sending out fantastic reports, and with concealing the real truth, which is favorable to Spain.

WHISKY NABOBS MEET.

Cincinnati, June 3.—A meeting of whisky men representing all departments of the trade was held here today and is still in executive session. The call for it came from the West and the purpose has not been definitely stated further than the general impression to improve the condition of the trade. President Rice of the Spirits company is here, P. J. Hennessy, the treasurer of the old trust; F. Woolner, of Peoria; Messrs. Hergot and Wilson, of Pekin, Ill.; Bemus, of St. Louis; Iler, of Omaha, and Conway, of Peoria, are also here. At the morning session no progress was made beyond referring certain subjects to committees to report at the afternoon session.

ONE CENT A WORD!

WANTED--FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL. TEMPORARily for general housework; two in family; big wages. 219 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; reasonable wages. Address Reno, Herald.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Call in evening only. 319 Fourth avenue west.

GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK in small family. Corner Grand avenue and Forty-ninth avenue west.

WANTED—LADY TO TAKE ORDERS for visiting cards. Latest out. Address R 59, Herald.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at Hunter's Park. Apply at Herald office.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK AT 1532 East First street.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and girls can always find good places at the cheap and first quality of hair goods and the oldest and most reliable employment office, 225 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEman to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED--MALE HELP.

WANTED—ONE SALESMAN, SALARY and commission, $90 to $100 per month can be made. No experience needed. Work in the city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

SPRING GARDEN—FIVE AND TEN acre tracts for sale by George H. Crosby.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

FOREIGNERS TALK.

International Commerce Conference Listened to Several.

Philadelphia, June 3.—The international commerce conference held its session this morning in the Philadelphia Commercial Museum hall. A number of addresses were delivered by foreign delegates, all of which alluded to the commercial, banking and industrial conditions prevailing in the respective countries represented by the speakers, and in all of which suggestions were embodied looking to the increase of trade with the United States.

Eberoda Hegerwich, delegate from the chamber of commerce of the City of Mexico, said that Mexico obtained the greater portion of its supplies from Europe. He stated that one important fact which led to this was that European manufacturers and dealers gave from six to nine months credit to the Mexican buyers and were also liberal in their extension of credit. He said there were no cash transactions in Mexico as there are in this country. He said the laws of Mexico gave strong protection to creditors and he suggested that American manufacturers should make a study of the credit question in Mexico. He added that with other advantages equal the Mexicans would much prefer the excellent manufactures of America to those of Europe which are now generally used there.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Irregular Opening With Variations on the Leaders.

New York, June 3.—The stock market opened irregular and active, the variations being narrow, but on a large volume of dealings. Southern preferred, with an advance of 5-8, showed the widest variation. The grangers were off a fraction, but the international shares generally showed an advance. Rubber preferred sold at 55, a decline of 6 1-4, due to the action of the directors in reducing the semi-annual dividend from 4 to 2 per cent.

The early hesitancy was soon succeeded by a decided tone, the market tending generally downward, with severe losses in the low-priced shares C. C. & St. L. and Missouri Pacific lost a point and Rubber common 2 1-4. The preferred stock of the latter received support at the lowest and rallied 3 1-2 per cent to 58 1-2. Chicago Gas responded notably to a brisk inquiry, and near 11 o'clock Sugar became conspicuous in the transactions and on large purchases rose 1 1-4 to 111 7-8. New Jersey Central and Tobacco also exhibited decided firmness, which stemmed the decline in the railways and caused general recoveries. St. Louis and San Francisco first preferred gained 2 per cent.

Proceedings on the stock exchange were suspended at about 11:15 when it became known that Samuel L. Post, Jr., an old and well-known member of the exchange, had suddenly died of heart disease on the floor. It was announced that trading would not be resumed until 1 o'clock. The market held steady at the close, with the grangers generally developing a decidedly firmer tendency on the heavy buying of Burlington, which carried the price up to 79. Rock Island lagged somewhat and displayed less recuperative energy than the other stocks. London buying was a notable factor in the improvement. The bond market held firm on moderate dealings. The number of shares sold up to the period of the cessation of trading was 99,500 shares.

DOCTOR GETS DAMAGES.

Kansas City, Mo., June 3.—Dr. Charles B. Norris was today awarded $7000 damages in a suit against Ebenezer Whyte, Jr., a Walnut street grocer, for assaulting him in September last. The testimony showed that Norris entered Whyte's store and during a conversation with Whyte, Sr., called him an "old scamp." Young Whyte, who was standing near, overheard the conversation and struck the doctor, knocking him down. He was unconscious for three weeks. Defective eyesight, paralysis and a general break down was declared to be the result.

THE MONETARY COMMISSION.

Paris, June 3.—Senator Wolcott of Colorado, a member of the United States monetary commission, speaking today of the interview which he and his fellow commissioners had with President Faure, said to a reporter of the Associated Press: "Our interview yesterday was one of the most cordial. It lasted nearly an hour and the conversation dealt exclusively with the question which brought us as envoys to France. I am unable at present to divulge the details of our conversation."

BARONESS VON TURKHEIM.

Montreal, June 3.—The Baroness Von Turkheim, formerly known as Jeannine Young or Mrs. Delmas, of San Francisco, accompanied by her uncle, a resident of Boston, and a detective left with her boy for Buffalo this morning to meet Lawyer Hutton, who has charge of the interests of the Fair heirs.

ONE CENT A WORD!

SITUATIONS WANTED.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

TWO BOYS, 16 AND 17, WANT EMployment of any kind. Well acquainted with the city. Address 722 West Fifth street.

AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN WANTS situation as cook in hotel or boarding house. Will leave city. R 58, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, 21 YEARS OF AGE would like a position as traveling man. Can speak four languages. Butcher by trade. Address J. P., Herald.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO GENERAL housework in small family. R 18, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants sewing in private families, by the day or week. Address P. O. Box 541, West Duluth.

WANTED—PLACE BY MAN AND WIFE in hotel or restaurant. Man as second cook and wife will do chamber work. Call at 519 West Superior street.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING SCRUBbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING.

PROMPT, ACCURATE, CONFIDENtial work; mimeograph and circular work. Stenographers furnished upon call. Depositions; notary public. Harry H. Lemont, 601 First National bank.

CLAIRVOYANT.

NATURE HAS GIFTED PROF. ANFIN with a clairvoyant power unusually strong, and he has never made it subject to falsehood or deceit. He does not deal in charms or other humbuggery, but gives good and true advice on business, social and matrimonial affairs or any other subject of importance. His advice, if followed, and his help, if desired, shows everyone the road to happiness and prosperity. 120 Sixth avenue west, parlor, upstairs.

BUSINESS CLAIRVOYANT, 1421 WEST Michigan street.

LOST.

THE PERSON WHO PICKED UP AN umbrella in the Lyceum last evening, with the letters J. G. M., on the handle, will please return same to The Herald.

LOST—POCKETBOOK, BLACK LEATHer, containing some $10 or $12, order for gloves and card. Liberal reward. Address R 49, Herald.

NEW RAILROAD DEAL.

Relations of Union Pacific and Short Line.

New York, June 3.—The following statement is made at the Union Pacific office regarding the breaking up of relations which have existed between the Union Pacific and Oregon Short Line:

"It is true that the Oregon Short Line has become an open road, and also that the Union Pacific has made a new traffic arrangement by which it may route business differently from heretofore. It is well known that, under the arrangement formerly existing, the Oregon Short Line was also allowed constructive mileage in the adjustment of rails, receiving a credit of one and three-quarters miles for each actual mile. The receivers allowed this arrangement to continue and it has never enforced until quite recently. It was discontinued because it was ascertained that the Oregon Short Line had made other traffic alliances.

"We do not question the right of the Short Line to make other connections, but we have been disposed to criticize the formation of such connections while negotiations with the Union Pacific were in progress, while the constructive mileage was being allowed, and while the Union Pacific was under obligations to give undivided support to the Short Line. When the policy of the Short Line became apparent, we set about making new connections, and they are now established. The existing conditions do not at all preclude our giving business to the Short Line or taking business from it, but of course the constructive mileage which as quite an important factor in the case ceases to exist. Each of us is free to develop business our own way.

"The Short Line, of course, intends to make its connection with the Rio Grande Western, but whether this will prove as advantageous as the arrangement which has been in existence with the Union Pacific remains to be seen. We shall get a little longer haul on Pacific coast business by delivering into Ogden than we have had by delivery to the Short Line at Granger."

$8000 FOR AN ARM.

Olaze, Kans., June 3.—William Forkner, of Argentine, Kan., obtained judgment for $8000 in the district court of this county today against the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway company for the loss of his left arm last July while acting as fireman for the company.

ILLINOIS LEGISLATION.

Springfield, Ill., June 3.—The Allen bill, as amended today, will be passed by the senate tomorrow. It will then go back to the house for concurrence in the senate amendments. If the house concurs in the amendments (which will only need a majority vote) the bill will then go to the governor for his signature.

FIRST POLAR TRAVELERS.

The first Polar travelers on record are a party of Irish monks, who managed to get as far as Iceland in the ninth century, where they ultimately settled, says Tid Bits. King Alfred in his translation of Orosius refers to the voyages of Othere and Wulfstan, who are stated to have sailed round the North Cape to Lapland. The Norsemen made voyages to Greenland and the opposite coasts of America in the tenth and following centuries. Cabot made voyages of discovery in 1497, which resulted in our knowledge of Newfoundland and Labrador. After Cabot (1500), Gasper Cortereal and his brother made three separate voyages in the same direction as far as 60 degrees north latitude. The first real and direct expedition which has led to subsequent Polar exploration was that of 1553, commanded by Sir Hugh Willoughby, and accompanied by Chancellor, which started to discover a northwest passage to China. It reached Nova Zembla, but Willoughby and his men ultimately perished on the coast of Lapland, and Chancellor landed in Russia, near Archangel. Since the departure of Cabot in 1497-98, fifty-two expeditions have left the British shores, in addition to 200 from other nationalities.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TO RENT--HOUSES.

BRICK HOUSE, $7. 2010 EAST FIFTH.

SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE FOR rent. Inquire 111 West Second street.

HOUSE FOR RENT—917 EAST SEVenth.

HOUSES AND ROOMS FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, 1007 East Second street; all modern improvements. Inquire 1013 East Second street.

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE, NINE rooms, modern, 2105 East First street. Apply Dr. Schiffman, Burrows block.

HOUSES FOR RENT IN VARIOUS parts of the city at reasonable prices. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT--FLATS.

FOR RENT—NICE 5-ROOM, MODERN brick flat. Volk, Palladio building.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT, NEW FOUR and five room flats, $6 to $10, including water. W. J. Holmes, 504 Palladio.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER, HAS REmoved to 404 West Superior street. Money to loan on articles of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook.

TO RENT--ROOMS.

LARGE, WELL FURNISHED ROOMS; electric lights, bath. 720 West First.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, BATH, for housekeeping. 1418 Jefferson street.

ROOMS WITH BATH, $3.50 AND $5. 416 Lake avenue north.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

TRANSIENTS CAN HAVE BEST AC-commodations at 329 West Second street, $1.50 per day.

CARD READING.

CARD READER, 1330 W. SUPERIOR ST.

FINANCIAL.

Money to loan on Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry in any amount without delay at a low rate of interest. All business strictly confidential.

Collateral Loan Bank,
319 West Superior Street.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 7, 1897. Work, Second degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Saturday, June 5, 1897. Work, First degree. F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 28, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 8, 1897. ——— degree. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1897. M. M. Gasser E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 165. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's Drug store.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—ARE YOU GOING TO MOVE or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse, lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing, moving, storage free of charge. Only licensed and bonded warehouse in city. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

EXPRESS AND DRAY LINE.

THE DULUTH TRANSIT EXPRESS line is prepared to move pianos and furniture. Trunks removed for 25 cents. Office 501 West Michigan street. Tel. 523.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Duluth Building and Loan association to W. L. Seaton, part lots 321 and 323, block 166, Duluth proper. Second division ..... $ 1,000
H. J. Schneider et ux to William Lynch, west ½ lot 325, block 73, Duluth proper, Second division ... 750
Clara M. Smith to National bank of Oshkosh, lands in section 3-58-17 110
John Gowan to Andrew Gowan, lands in section 35-56-14 500
One unpublished 500

Total ..... $ 2,860

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS.

WILL RECEIVE SATURDAY, JUNE 5, carload of fresh cows. Sullivan, Twenty-eighth avenue west.

FOR SALE—BICYCLES. WESTMINster ladies or gents, fully guaranteed, only $38 cash, at J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A HIGH GRADE '95 bicycle. 1515 East Second street.

FOR SALE—AT A GOOD BARGAIN, Saratoga restaurant, with complete outfit in first class condition. Place has been closed only one week. A good opportunity to open a restaurant at an old stand. James Wanless, assignee, 510 Lonsdale building, Duluth, Minn.

MARKUS MISFIT CARPET AND FURniture company. Dealers in furniture, carpets, stoves, crockery. Special sales for crockery. All kinds of household goods exchanged. 20 West Superior street.

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ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 3.—The storm has moved northeastward across Iowa and Wisconsin, its center being now located in Upper Michigan. Severe northeast gales resulted at the head of Lake Superior, maximum velocities of 42 and 38 miles per hour, being registered at Two Harbors and Duluth, and at Memphis, Tenn., the velocity of 46 miles per hour is reported.

Rain has been general in all reporting districts, except Nebraska, Western Iowa, Western Missouri, Eastern Kansas and portions of the Canadian Northwest, and at 7 o'clock this morning cloudy weather still prevailed, with rain continuing at the following named stations: St. Paul, Duluth, Detroit, Sault Ste. Marie, Memphis and Miles City. The heavies: rainfalls are as follows: Marquette, 1.58 inches; St. Louis, 1.20 inches; Duluth, .70 inch.

It is quite cool for the season in all districts, and especially so in the Dakotas, Nebraska, Iowa, Kansas and Missouri, where the temperature at 7 a. m. today averaged 10 degrees below the normal.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 44; maximum yesterday, 71; minimum yesterday, 36; rainfall for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. today, .70 inch.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Probably cloudy tonight; Friday fair and slightly warmer; fresh to brisk north and northwest winds. JAMES KENEALY, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 3.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Showers this afternoon; unsettled weather tonight with cooler in east and south portions; Friday generally fair; fresh to brisk northwest winds. For Minnesota: Unsettled weather tonight, with possibly showers in east portion; Friday generally fair; fresh to brisk northwest winds.

THE REVOLUTION IN IRON.

When the metal schedule of the tariff bill was taken up in the senate yesterday, Senator Jones of Arkansas alluded to the unlimited riches on the Mesaba range and referred to recent sales of steel billets in England made from Minnesota ore, and which actually sold for less by £3 and 6 shillings per ton than the steel manufactured in Wales. Senator Jones did not explain why this was other than to insist that the United States practically controlled the iron and steel industry of the world.

Senator Jones' remarks were no doubt prompted by the reports of the recent annual meetings of the Iron and Steel Institute of Great Britain, and of the British Iron Trade association, at which the Englishmen declared that Mr. Carnegie and Mr. Rockefeller had caused the greatest revolution the European iron trade had ever witnessed. The British ironmasters are now willing to admit what they have been stubbornly fighting for years that the United States is almost supreme in the world's steel markets. In his opening address Edward P. Martin, of South Wales, the new president of the Iron and Steel Institute, entered upon a lengthy comparison of the past and present experience of the English iron and steel trade, and concluded that the day had gone by for any monopoly of manufactures remaining in any single country. British iron and steel masters would have to accommodate themselves to those articles of manufacture for which their resources were best fitted. The continental iron and steel men were expending large sums in bringing their works up to the highest state of efficiency.

But America had made tremendous strides, he said, in the manufacture of iron and steel since Sir Isaac Lowthean Bell reported to that institute in 1890 the continued improvements in every department here. President Martin called attention to the fact that the Duquesne furnaces at Pittsburg held the world's record, as with an ore yielding 57 to 60 per cent of iron they had turned out 4110 tons of pig iron a week, while in England, with 48 to 30 per cent ores, 1600 tons a week was considered quite a respectable output. He reminded the institute that, notwithstanding the vast tonnage already produced by the Duquesne furnaces the Carnegies were erecting others which were expected to produce "the enormous quantity of 1000 tons per furnace per day." President Martin said the steel works at Duquesne were on the same huge scale as the blast furnaces, and in other Carnegie mills as well as in many American steel works the output was enormous. The cost of manufacture and labor in them had also been reduced to a minimum. He said that new outlets for the enormous production of steel were continually being sought on every side, but that little progress was made in England compared with the United States.

The alarm at America's wonderful advance was even more pronounced at the British Iron Trade association. Alexander Armour, a prominent ironmaster, declared that Europe was now in the face of the greatest revolution the iron trade had ever witnessed. This was all because Mr. Carnegie and Mr. Rockefeller had massed such an enormous amount of capital that America could produce the cheapest pig iron and all other forms of iron and steel in the world. From 1880 to 1890 America took 8,000,000 tons of iron and steel from Great Britain, while now steel blooms and bars and pig iron could be sent to England by Americans at a profit.

These admissions by the English ironmasters confirm Senator Jones' claim that the United States now practically controls the iron and steel industry of the world.

TO EXTEND COMMERCE.

President McKinley took a prominent part yesterday in the ceremonies attending the opening of the commercial museum at Philadelphia. When the city of Philadelphia at the close of the Columbian exposition secured the collection of raw materials sent to that exhibition by the countries of Spanish-America, there were few who appreciated the thought that was in the minds of the men who asked and secured the authority and aid of the city. But their faith and energy have surmounted all obstacles, and from these collections as a nucleus there has developed, in the short time which has elapsed since the close of the Chicago exhibition, the Philadelphia Commercial Museum, having a national scope, and counting its subscribers in nearly every state in the Union. In Mexico and all the countries of South and Central America the agents of the museum have been at work, and they aroused an interest in the enterprise which was manifested yesterday by the presence of about fifty representatives of foreign commercial bodies. Hence the gathering may be justly regarded as one of the most important commercial events for many years, and perhaps of the century.

These foreign delegates, nearly all of whom represent the chambers of commerce or boards of trade in the cities whence they come, are practical business men of high standing, merchants and importers, as distinguished from diplomats or politicians. They are meeting at Philadalphia delegates representing the various commercial organizations in the leading cities of the United States, and the results of the better acquaintance which the visitors will make with American manufacturers and American business men cannot fail to be of incalculable benefit to the export trade of the United States. The presence at the meeting of President McKinley, with members of the cabinet, members of congress and the ministers to Washington from Mexico and the Central and South American countries, indicates the importance with which it is regarded n official circles in Washington, and gives to the meeting a degree of official approval.

Within a few days the foreign delegates will be taken on a special train for a tour of the principal cities of the country. The trip will occupy about six weeks and will give the visitors opportunities for inspecting American manufactures and manufacturing establishments, and of becoming acquainted with American business men. This event is the direct result of the statesmanship of the lamented James G. Blaine, and President McKinley, in his speech at last night's banquet, paid a great tribute to the mind which conceived the idea of uniting the American republics with commercial bonds and educating them to an interchange of trade and commerce. "The first great convention of these republics," said President McKinley, "was organized by the matchless diplomacy of that splendid American, James G. Blaine. Seven years ago he brought the governments of this continent together and taught the doctrine that general reciprocity in trade required reciprocity of information. And it was his genius with that of many gentlemen I see around this board tonight, that originated the bureau of American republics located in the capital city, which has already done much good, and which I believe will yet play an important part in our trade relations with the governments supporting it."

A SETTLEMENT IN SIGHT.

The political crisis in Spain has resulted in the resignation of the cabinet headed by Senor Canovas, who decided to step down and out because he could not hope to re-establish relations with the Liberals, whose support was necessary to secure favorable action on government measures in the cortes. The Liberals have grown disgusted with the government's attitude on the Cuban question. They are in favor of some step being taken to secure a peaceable settlement of the struggle, and they would recall Gen. Weyler from the island and send back Gen. Campos to arrange a compromise, if possible. Senor Canovas undoubtedly would be willing to make a similar arrangement in order to secure peace, if it were not for his pride which forbids a change in the policy to which he has adhered so long. Spain is in such bad shape financially that a continuation of the war for any great length of time is an impossibility, and as the settlement of the Cuban struggle is an absolute necessity Senor Canovas has resigned in order to give an opportunity to the queen regent to secure a cabinet favorable to obtaining peace by granting complete home rule to the Cubans.

Senor Sagasta, the Liberal leader, will probably be called upon to form a new cabinet. Senor Morel will be minister for foreign affairs, and he is known to favor an understanding with the United States and the Cuban insurgents. It is not improbable that the end of the Cuban trouble will be reached at an early date on terms satisfactory to this country as well as to the Cuban patriots.

UN-AMERICAN IDEAS.

The Minneapolis Journal of yesterday said: "Now, if the presiding officer of our senate had the power that the speaker of the British commons has to stop obstructive speakers, there would be no difficulty getting important bills through. The other day the Redmonds and two other Parnellites were suspended and removed from the commons by the sergeant-at-arms for persisting in obstructing the regular order by haranguing aimlessly on the Irish question. "Senatorial courtesy" in this country would never tolerate such a business-like proceeding as that."

It is evident from the above that the editor of the Journal is out of place in this country. His ideas are not American, but are opposed to the principles upon which this republic is founded. For the privileges of representative government the founders of the American system laid their lives on the altar of freedom. With their blood they baptized the principle of freedom of speech, in order that we might be freed from that which the Journal writer indirectly endorses. While England has been advancing and the interests of the whole people there are better represented than they were a century ago, yet there is considerable of the old idea that "might makes right" left in their system of government, and the suspension of members of parliament who wish to make speeches in parliament on the Irish question is a relic of the period when absolutism in government prevailed.

The Journal writer is charmed with this system, and therefore we infer that he approves the methods of Speaker Reed which have justly earned him the title of "czar," because they are in conflict with the principles of representative government by a free people. If Vice President Hobart possessed similar power in the senate we would have both branches of congress stripped of all resemblance to a representative body, and no doubt in a short time, unless the outraged people rose in rebellion, we would see an emperor enthroned in Washington and titles of nobility parceled out to the supporters of this un-American system of throttling free speech.

The European countries are still actively keeping in training for the war which may start at any moment. In the German military maneuvers this year two armies of 50,000 strong will oppose each other near the old French frontier of 1870, east of Metz. The French maneuvers will be on the coast, near Calais, and the French channel fleet will co-operate with one of the armies, embarking a force and landing it on the flank of the enemy.

The Philadelphia Ledger advocates the purchase by Philadelphia of the paleontological collection of the late Professor Cope at the price for which it is offered, $50,000. Its scientific value, it says "is so widely recognized that several large scientific institutions in other parts of the country, particularly New York, are said to be making strong efforts to secure the amount of money necessary for its purchase.

The Omaha Bee explains why it thinks impartial justice is a sonorous fiction. In Indianapolis the other day a man was sent up for a year and a day for passing five counterfeit dimes. Another who swindled the public out of $500,000, of which $200,000 was secured by forgery, received a sentence of ten years. A weary Willie remarked to his partner when they hit the pantry, "When you're a-gittin', git a-plenty."

Joel Heatwole and Jim Tawney had seats about "the table of honor" at the Commercial league banquet in Philadelphia last night, which shows that at least two Minnesota congressmen knew how to push themselves to the front.

Those who have wondered at the smallness of the boxes in which strawberries are sold by the quart will probably find the reason in the fact that these boxes cost only thirty-five hundredths of a cent each.

Baron Krupp, the great ironmaster of Germany carries evidences of his trade with him when he goes calling. His cards are made of iron, rolled so thin that they are said to be a great success for social use.

Referring to the story that the baseball enthusiasts of Superior have organized a nine of one-armed men, the Chicago Dispatch exclaims: "Here's a chance for Anson's Colts."

The celebrated bacchante which has caused Boston such anguish of mind for six months has been withdrawn from the public library by the donor, who will take it elsewhere.

The congressional chess contest with the British parliament having ended in a draw, Speaker Reed may safely play a game of fantail with the Chinese minister.

American mixed drinks are said to be making headway in Japan, which is not surprising, considering that even in America they generally go to the head.

So the Pennsylvania senators, Republicans too, want to put iron ore on the free list! Well! Well! Well!

Convicts in San Quentin have struck for better rations, but so far they have not walked out.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

BRIGHT AND BREEZY.

Detroit Free Press: Hobo—Have you some work, madam, that I could do in exchange for a meal?

Lady of the house—Plenty of it.

Hobo—I'll bid you good day, maaam.

Indianapolis Journal: "By the way," asked the shoe clerk boarder, "who is the patron saint of the space writers?"

"St. Fillup, of course," answered the cheerful idiot.

Puck: First detective—I think I made a big hit in capturing that Boston crook. He thought his disguise was impenetrable.

Second detective—What was his disguise?

First detective—Bad grammar and a pretended dislike to baked beans.

Chicago Record: "I called last evening, Miss Josephine, but thought I would better not come in."

"Why, Mr. Dettop?"

"Your little brother told me you were up stairs, in a dark room, developing negatives."

Detroit Journal: "It makes a woman feel better to cry," remarked the observer of men and things. "She gets lovely prismatic effects by looking at things through her tears."

Brooklyn Life: First chappie—I wonder, now, Chollie, how the donkey ever came to be used as the—er, emblem of stupidity?

Second chappie (with a yawn)—Don't know, I'm sure, deah boy; must have been before our day.

Chicago Post: "I haven't seen you for some time," she said.

"No," he answered. "I've been down in Indiana looking for a gas well."

"He's over there," she responded promptly, indicating the talkative young man who had just left her.

Washington Star: "There's one thing to be said about Gen. Weyler," said a Maddir business man, "and that is that he realizes the power of printer's ink."

"Yes," was the reply. "But what's the use of his advertising pacifications if he can't produce the goods?"

IT WAS EFFECTUAL.

She took off her hat just the wing to repair
Of a little stuffed bird;
When the man behind her murmured,
"What a beautiful hair!"
Which the girl overheard.
When a little adjustment repaired the mishap
She was artlessly gay.
Did she put the hat on? No; let it lay in her lap
To the end of the play.

—Judge.

A BACHELOR'S REFLECTIONS.

New York Press:

A woman has so many sides that there is a right one for every man to get on.

It's about as hard for a girl to get a man just where she wants him as it is for her to sharpen a lead pencil.

A woman will either believe everything she hears about her husband or nothing. It depends on the weather.

The girl who never believed in chaperons when she was young is generally very willing to be one when she gets older.

There are some women who, whenever they see a man look happy and contented, think there must be something wrong with him.

The reason why women cry after they have quarreled with their husbands is because they always think of something they ought to have said.

IMPORTANT ACCESSIONS.

Minneapolis Press: Recent advices from National Chairman C. A. Towne, are very encouraging. He had returned from Ohio and confirms the statement of the rosy outlook for the Buckeye state. He says that the silver party has received some most important accessions from former Republicans. The chairman of the silver meeting was a former chairman of the state Republican committee and the committeeman chosen for the state, and who will represent it at Chicago next week. Judge Harper is one of the well known and hitherto active Republicans of character and standing in that state. Mr. Towne says that there is not the slightest doubt but that that hard work and harmony will carry Ohio, and relegate Hanna to the rear, which he justly nails as the best possible result to add to the triumph of the cause in the congressional elections next year and president in 1900. Mr. Towne specially hopes for a good representation from Minnesota at next week's meeting in Chicago, and the indications are that his wish will be gratified.

CITY OWNS THE PAPER.

The city of Dresden owns a daily paper, the Dresdener Anzeiger, which was given to it by its late proprietor on the condition that all profits arising therefrom should be spent upon the public parks. This year a large playground of nearly eight acres was purchased from Prince George, the king's brother and heir apparent, and it will be ready for use this summer. The paper continues to hold the respect of all citizens, for the trust has been carried out in the broadest spirit, and the power has never been employed to foster any school of opinions—social, political or religious.

A SONG OF SPRING.

Now Gladys sends for catalogues
From seedsmen far and near,
And studies them with diligence,
As she does every year.
Most lovingly she turns the leaves,
And lingeringly she looks
At pictures of plants never seen
Except in seedsmen's books.

A new kind of chrysanthemum
Just fills her with delight.
A pictured sweet-pea is a thing
To dream about at night.
And so fair Gladys turns the leaves,
And makes her mental choice,
And when she speaks of flowers you hear
The love-tones in her voice.

Well, when she's looked the book all through
And made her little list,
She foots the figures up—and then
You see a sudden mist
Of fleeting tears in Gladys's eyes.
Her order represents
An eighteen-dollar outlay, and
Her limit's 50 cents.

—Somerville Journal.

Grand Maccabee Excursion.

For the above occasion the Eastern Minnesota railway will make rate of $4.30 to St. Paul and Minneapolis. Tickets on sale June 1 and 2. Trains leave 1:10 p. m. and 11:15 p. m. Secure tickets at Union depot or City Ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

You may never know it happened if you fail to read The Evening Herald.

THE PROSPERITY OF LABOR.

Kansas City Star: A writer with a genius for statistics, in discussing the conditions of the workingmen of this country, makes the gratifying statement that the are the most prosperous body of toilers in the world, and proves the proposition by facts and figures. Beginning with the farmers, he shows by the records of the agricultural department that they are not only enjoying comparative prosperity, but have been able on the whole to accumulate a considerable fund as the fruit of their labor. For example, the total value of the arms of the country, not on wild estimates, but upon the basis of the tax levies of last year, was $15,000,000,000, which is equal to an equity of $1900 to each owner over and above the value of his personal property, which includes stock, crops, implements and investments. Less than one-third of the farm lands are mortgaged, so that the farmers own in realty, clear of incumbrances, nearly $9,000,000,000 worth of property, half of which has been created since the war and practically out of nothing. That is to say the vast majority of the men who own and operate farms today are those who settled on new lands since 1865, with little more than enough money to reach their destination, and have since, by intelligent industry, not only developed the lands, but created property of the vast value stated.

So far as the acquisition of property is concerned, it is not so easy to estimate the condition of mechanics and other wage-earners, though close observation of their methods of life will to some extent assist in the work. There are certain indications which will be helpful and inquiry in any prosperous city or town will reveal a vast number of houses owned by such citizens. But an infallible barometer of the financial conditions of wage-earners is found in the records of savings banks, building and loan associations and fraternal societies. There may be some capitalists connected with such institutions, and it is possible that here and there a speculator invades that field of investment, but it is safe to say that the prosperity of savings banks, building associations and fraternal societies is measured by the amount and regularity of the wage account of the community in which they are located. With a record of 5,965,494 depositors in savings banks, 5,071,-414 members of fraternal societies and 1,359,306 shareholders in building associations in this country there can be no question of the condition of the wage-earners.

But the real measure of the prosperity of the working people is revealed not so much in the amount of their accumulations in lands, shares and deposits as in their progress in education and in their enlarged enjoyments of the comforts of life. What industrious mechanic of this day lives in squalor or brings up his family in ignorance? Not one. In the homes of such citizens there are books, musical instruments, carpets, curtains and all the essential elements of refinement. These are the most convincing evidences of prosperity. The home of the millionaire may be more elaborately furnished, but it is hardly more comfortable than that of his foreman or any of his employes who make the best use of the money they earn. It wasn't always so in this country, but it is so now, and for the reason that the working people are prosperous, and that prosperity brings with it a better civilization, higher ideals and loftier aspirations.

MORE THAN RARE.

Though nothing's "so rare as a day in June,"
In the year that's past you saw,
Unless there's a change, you'll this year see
Some June days frankly raw.

—Chicago Journal.

MINING LAW WANTED.

Rainy Lake Journal: Specimens of magnificent quartz are being brought in these days from the American side, and much cussing is indulged in because of the fact that Minnesota is not under the operation of the United States mining law.

OUR LADY OF THE BEAUX.

A maiden spoke to a woman
In no uncertain tone:
Daughttr am I in my mother's house,
But I've got a choice of my own.
You've singled out a fellow
With gold and a Roman nose,
But I'm going to send him kiting,
Said our lady of the beaux.

Neither with threats nor weeping
Can you hope to have your way;
Augustus and I have fixed things up
And there's nothing more to say;
Not for your wild clamor,
Nor father's threat of blows
Bow I the knee to Baal,
Said our lady of the beaux.

My speech is clear, I fancy;
I wouldn't marry that thing
Any more than I'd think of wedding
With a wild-eyed cannibal king!
He's got dead loads of money,
As everybody knows.
But I have chosen another,
Said our lady of the beaux.

I love my sweet Augustus
With his seven hundred a year,
And he has browsed on my ruby lips
And I have nibbled his ear;
This is my final answer,
And what I am murmuring goes
I don't care a cent for money,
Said our lady of the beaux.

Carry the word to my sisters,
Some of them, mayhap,
Will let you do her choosing
And marry this wealthy chap;
They are meek and submissive,
But no one treod on my toes,
If you don't want to raise a rumpus,
Said our lady of the beaux.

The maid that spake to her mother
In such an uncertain tone
Eloped with her sweet Augustus,
And now has a girl of her own.
And she's had a divorce from Augustus—
Where he is heaven knows—
And she lives by washing and scrubbing—
Does our lady of the beaux.

—Cleveland Leader.

AT GRAND RAPIDS.

June Term of District Court In Session.

Grand Rapids, Minn., June 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The district court is now in session for the June term, which seems likely to last about ten days. The civil calendar contains only thirty-two cases and there are not more than a dozen cases on the criminal calendar. None of them are of much importance. There is but little in sight upon which the grand jury might find new indictments. Judge Holland and Court Reporter Moody occupy their respective places and the usual array of legal talent is on deck at the court house.

Most of the log drivers of this section are now in the Mississippi. The Swan river drive that was in charge of A. H. Powers finished the tributary work last Friday and Price brothers' Prairie river drive of 35,000,000 feet is moving nicely into the Mississippi. The up river logs are being sluiced through Pokegama dam, except Frank Smith's drive, which is a mile above there at the bay landing and Freeman & Gray's 70,000,000 feet which is in White Oak lake.

The extra water held back by the government dams this season has flooded the Upper Mississippi hay meadows and made log driving more difficult than ever in that section. It has spoiled the hay there to a greater extent than last season. The lumbermen will look more to the Bowstring country for their swamp hay and lively bidding may be expected for Bowstring grass at the state sale, which is to be held at this place in about two weeks.

For packing and moving household goods go to Duluth Van Co., who are headquarters for that business, at reasonable prices. 212 W. Superior st.

P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

DR. HOBBS

CONTINUES TO CURE

THE SICK WITH HIS MARVELOUS

SPARAGUS KIDNEY PILLS.

Especially Those Who Have Been Afflicted With Kidney Troubles and Kindred Ills.

The Grand Universal Specific of Dr. Hobbs Quick to Respond to the Cry of the Afflicted for Help.

Many Wonderful Cures Performed by this Great Remedy Are Known at the Drug Store of S. F. Boyce, 335 West Superior St., Cor. Fourth Ave., and Hundreds of Other Druggists.

Formerly, when a person was attacked with kidney disease there usually came with it a horrible feeling of dread lest the trouble would culminate in Bright's disease or diabetes—two of the worst forms of kidney ailments known to the medical fraternity.

If a diagnosis of the case was insisted upon by the physician, there followed in the patient's mind a terrible suspicion that he might be on the very verge of death.

Frightful visions in his sleep only tended toward intensifying his anguish and add fuel to his miseries.

In fact, the whole tendency of his feelings, if once convinced that either of these terribly painful and dangerous diseases were fastened upon him, immediate death would be far preferable to a mere existence of pain and misery, with the constant dread uncertainty of his condition.

Such was the picture until the great discovery of Dr. Hobbs changed it to one of hope, and that now a certain and safe specific for kidney disease can be had of almost any druggist. That specific, that remedy, is Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills. In view of the volume of testimony that has been introduced during the past few weeks in the columns of this paper, after this, the second public test of Dr. Hobbs' remedy in Duluth, no man or woman should be so blinded to the facts as to doubt for an instant that Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills will cure them.

Such extraordinary voluminous testimony and such high-sounding praises as have greeted Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills, has, in our experience, seldom if ever been witnessed.

What Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Kidney Pills Are Designed and Guaranteed To Do.

They soothe, heal and cure any inflammation of the kidneys or bladder.

They cure backache.

They cause the kidneys to filter out of the blood all poisons and impurities, whether made in the system or taken in from the outside.

They render slugggish kidneys active.

They cause the kidneys to cast out the poison of rheumatism (uric acid), the disease germs of malaria and the grippe.

They cause the kidneys to keep the blood pure and clean and thus prevent neuralgia, headache, dizziness, nervous dyspepsia, skin diseases, eruptions, scales, tetters and rashes.

They cause the kidneys to work steadily and regularly.

They dissolve and cast out brick dust and phosphate deposits and dissolve gravel and calculi in both the kidneys and bladder.

They cure Bright's disease.

They cause the kidneys to rapidly rid the system of the poisons of alcohol and tobacco.

They yield a clear mind, sweet sleep, steady nerves, active bodies, brimful of the zest and happiness of living, bright eyes and rosy cheeks, because they keep the blood free from poisons and impurities that would otherwise clog and irritate it.

Healthy kidneys make pure blood.

Pure blood makes perfect health.

Perfect health makes life worth living.

Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills do this, and do it all the time.

Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills, 50 cents a box.

FOR SALE BY

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,

335 West Superior St., Cor. 4th Ave.,

DULUTH, MINN.

PREVAILING MALADY.

Chicago Record: The great physician was very busy.

"What can I do for you, sir?" he asked, looking up.

A man with his right shoulder raised high above the other, with his head leaning over to the left, with his eyes rolling toward the ceiling, sighed:

"What's the matter with me?"

"How long have you been that way?" asked the keen-eyed Esculapius.

"Since about April 2."

"Are you in any pain?"

"Only a sort of tired strained feeling, doctor."

The doctor felt his pulse, looked at his tongue, felt of his muscles, and questioned again.

"You are going to move this spring?"

"Yes; how did you know?"

"And you have been looking for three weeks for a third-floor flat?"

"Yes; my wife—"

"And it must front south on an east and west street?"

"Exactly; but—"

"But nothing; the best thing you can do for the next ten days is to look for a basement flat on the shady side of the same street.

The patient sighed again.

But the bill was $10.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER

L. N. SCOTT, Manager

JUNE 4-5, With Matinee.

Interest you sure. The mere announcement of a Yale show coming means it's worthy of your immediate attention. On the above date Chas. H. Yale's

GREATEST SPECTACLE

THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS

With a Company of 60 People will be with you for the first time. The performance embraces all kinds of stage amusements skilfully and deftly rolled into one gigantic whole. Prices regular. Matinee 25c and 50c.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of four thousand twenty-seven 20-100 ($4027.20) dollars principal and interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Henry H. Hawkins and Emma E. Hawkins, his wife, mortgagors, to Sarah C. d'Autremont, mortgagee, bearing date the tenth day of December, 1891, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the eleventh day of December, 1891, at eight o'clock a. m., in Book 71 of mortgages, on page 583. And whereas said mortgagors failed to pay the taxes on the premises covered by said mortgage for the years 1892, 1893, 1894 and 1895 and suffered and allowed the same to be sold for said taxes for the years 1892, 1893 and 1894 and suffered and allowed the taxes for the year 1895 to become delinquent. And whereas said Sarah C. d'Autremont, the said mortgagee, on May 1st, 1897, paid all of said taxes for the years 1892, 1893, 1894 and 1895 which said taxes with interest, penalties and costs by her so paid amounted in the aggregate to the sum of seven hundred forty-three and 17-100 dollars and on said May 1st, 1897, the county treasurer of said St. Louis County issued to said Sarah C. d'Autremont, mortgagee as aforesaid, receipts for said taxes so by her paid, amounting in the aggregate to the said sum of seven hundred forty-three and 17-100 dollars, for which said sum of $743.17 with interest thereon at eight per cent per annum from May 1st, 1897, said mortgagee claims an additional lien on said mortgaged premises. Eight per cent per annum being the rate of interest specified in said mortgage, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots numbered one hundred and ninety-four and one hundred and ninety-six (194 and 196) of block numbered twenty-eight (28), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the ninth day of July, 1897, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage and interest and the taxes on said premises of $743.17 so as aforesaid paid by said mortgagee with interest on said taxes so paid at eight per cent per annum from May 1st, 1897, which is claimed as an additional lien on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 25th, A. D. 1897.

SARAH C. D'AUTREMONT,
Mortgagee.

C. D'AUTREMONT, JR.,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
714 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-27-June-3-10-17-24-July-1-8.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage as interest thereon, according to the terms of two certain interest coupon notes, accompanying said mortgage, for the sum of twenty-four dollars ($24.00) each and payable on the 1st day of November, 1896, and the 1st day of May, 1897, respectively; which said mortgage was duly executed and delivered by Henry O. Walisch (unmarried) mortgagor, to Marion E. Bacon, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of October, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 27th day of October, 1894, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 127 of mortgages, on page 308.

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Marion E. Bacon, mortgagee, to Benjamin Sharpless by written assignment dated the 17th day of December, 1894, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 17th day of December, 1894, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 108 of mortgages on page 169.

And whereas the said Benjamin Sharpless, the assignee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred fifty-two and 68-100 dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots numbered thirty-seven (37) and Thirty-eight (38), of Morris Park Division of Lakeside (now Duluth), according to the recorded plat thereof, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 26th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred fifty-two and 68-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 27, A. D. 1897.

BENJAMIN SHARPLESS,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

DANIEL W. AITE,
Attorney,
Offices 705-6 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-27-June-3-10-17-24-July-1.

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN made upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Laura A. McIntyre, unmarried, mortgagor, to Jane W. Hooker, mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of May, 1895, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 7th day of September, 1895, at 8:50 o'clock a. m. in Book 92 of mortgages on page 412; and whereas there is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage the sum of eight hundred and thirty-three dollars and seventy-five cents, four hundred and sixty-five dollars and ninety-five cents thereof being interest, and three hundred and sixty-seven dollars and eighty cents thereof being for taxes on the property covered by said mortgage and which have been paid by said mortgagee.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises therein described, viz: Lots fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), in block thirteen (13), in West Duluth, First Division, St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the indebtedness secured by said mortgage and interest thereon, together with twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees and the disbursements allowed by law. The said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, or his deputy, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, county and state aforesaid, on the 19th day of July, 1897, at 11:45 o'clock a. m., subject to redemption within one year after date of said sale.

Dated Duluth, Minn., June 2, 1897.

JANE W. HOOKER,
Mortgagee.

TOWNE & HARRIS,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
700 and 701 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-3-10-17-24-July-1-8

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN made upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Laura A. McIntyre, unmarried, mortgagor, to Jane W. Hooker, mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of May, 1895, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 7th day of September, 1895, at 8:50 o'clock a. m. in Book 92 of mortgages on page 412; and whereas there is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage the sum of eight hundred and thirty-three dollars and seventy-five cents, four hundred and sixty-five dollars and ninety-five cents thereof being interest, and three hundred and sixty-seven dollars and eighty cents thereof being for taxes on the property covered by said mortgage and which have been paid by said mortgagee.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises therein described, viz: Lots fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), in block thirteen (13), in West Duluth, First Division, St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the indebtedness secured by said mortgage and interest thereon, together with twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees and the disbursements allowed by law. The said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, or his deputy, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, county and state aforesaid, on the 19th day of July, 1897, at 11:45 o'clock a. m., subject to redemption within one year after date of said sale.

Dated Duluth, Minn., June 2, 1897.

JANE W. HOOKER,
Mortgagee.

TOWNE & HARRIS,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
700 and 701 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-3-10-17-24-July-1-8

A RETORT

Messrs. Burt and Rust Make One to the Rockefeller People.

Will Reduce Royalties If the Road Will Reduce Freight Rates.

Claim the Fee Owners Should Not Be Expected to Do Everything.

As a result of the visit of W. R. Burt, Ezra Rust and other owners of fees to mines on the Mesaba range, fee owners have arrived at an understanding between themselves and have submitted a definite proposition to the Rockefeller representatives in response to the request for a reduction of royalties.

After visiting the different mines on the range, and learning by observation that the Consolidated was shipping no ore, the fee owners sought the cause of existing conditions. They concluded that Mr. Rockefeller could not ship ore at present prices and compete with other ranges without a loss from the mining operations. For that reason he was desirous of securing a reduction in royalties that would place him in a position to produce ore at a lower figure than at present.

It was also concluded that while Mr. Rockefeller could afford to operate his mines at a loss because of the great profits he would realize from hauling ore from the mines to Duluth at the rate of 80 cents a ton, that he did not wish to do this for long. It would pay the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad open to the charge of discriminating in favor of the Consolidated mines as against those of independent operators. While technically this might not be done, it would be apparent that the mines could not afford to operate at a loss, unless the owners were reimbursed from some source, and as the owners of the railroad and the mines are the same, it would be apparent that the mining losses would be made up from the enormous profit of the railroad.

The fee owners took into consideration the fact that royalties on the Michigan and Wisconsin ranges have been undergoing a steady reduction, but that while royalties have been going down, freight rates have also been reduced, until now they are only a little more than half what they are on the Minnesota roads. From these facts they concluded that the disadvantage under which Mesaba range mines is laboring, as compared with the mines on the old ranges, was due not only to higher royalties paid here, but to the higher freight rates. They, accordingly, decided that in order to make it possible for Mesaba ore to more successfully compete with that of the old ranges, that not only the royalties, but the freight rates should lower. They have, accordingly, submitted a proposition to Mr. Rockefeller by which they agree to submit to a royalty reduction of about 33 1-3 per cent, provided a freight rate reduction of 25 per cent is made.

They consider that this is meeting him more than half way, and that if he is sincere in his desire to produce ore cheaper than he has been able to do in the past, and thus create a greater demand for the output of the Mesaba, that he will accept their compromise terms. In the meantime, there is practically no ore being shipped from the Consolidated mines on the range, and the fee owners as well as Mr. Rockefeller are the losers.

WILL BE INCREASED.

Missabe Roundhouse is to Be Added to.

The contract will be let in a few days for the construction of an additional eleven stalls to the round house of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad company at Proctorknott. The round house as it now stands contains twenty stalls, but all of the room is not available for engines, as much space is utilized for repair shops. The requirements of the shops for space have been considerably increased during the past winter by the putting in of a lot of new machinery to be used in wood work. The shops are so well equipped that they are not only available for repair work, but complete cars can be turned out.

JUDGE WADDELL DEAD.

West Chester, Pa., June 3.—President Judge W. B. Waddell of the Chester county courts died here today from an attack of heart trouble. He was 69 years of age and had been on the bench about ten years. For forty years he had been a prominent figure in state politics.

PROTECT THE SYSTEM FROM MALARIA.

It is possible to do this even in regions of country where miasma is most rife, and where the periodic fevers which it causes assume their most formidable types. The immense popularity of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is very largely attributable to the fact of its efficacy as a remedy for chills and fever, bilious remittents, and as a preventive of the various forms of malarial diseases. In those portions of the West and South where complaints of this nature prevail, and in the tropics, it is particularly esteemed for the protective influence which it exerts and it has been very widely adopted as a substitute for the dangerous and comparatively inefficient alkaloid, sulphate of quinine. Physicians have not been among the last to concede its merits, and the emphatic professional indorsements which it has received have added to the reputation it has obtained at home and abroad.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore an excellent advertising medium. Advertisers in The Evening Herald always get full value.

Hood's Pills

Are much in little; always ready, efficient, satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. Price 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

CLOUDY OR CLEAR?

The Condition of Your Urine Will Oft Determine Kidney Disease.

Rheumatism Manifests Itself in Pains, but Other Kidney Ailments Are More Insidious—Dodd's Kidney Pills Cure All Kidney Ills.

St. Paul, Minn., June 3.—There is no insurance against kidney disease. The best regulated kidneys of persons of good habits will go wrong. When you reflect how much work the kidneys perform daily—how they filter every drop of the blood in the human body over and over again, you can see their work is prodigious. The kidneys can do only so much work, no more. If worked beyond their capacity they become weakened, and the blood becomes poisoned. The poison remaining in the blood causes rheumatism, or some other blood trouble.

Men who work constantly and take little rest make such demands on their system that it is not strange if some organs give out. Usually the kidneys are affected. Examine your urine and see whether it is clear or cloudy. If it has a dark color, or is muddy or contains deposits or sediment, be sure you have kidney disease. Take it to a doctor and he will verify the diagnosis, if you like.

But, perhaps, your doctor may not know the prescription which is compounded in pill form and sold as Dodd's Kidney Pills, and which has proved a sovereign remedy in all cases and complications of kidney trouble. Here in St. Paul many persons have been cured by a 50-cent box of Dodd's Kidney Pills, who might have spent hundreds of dollars in doctors' bills without effecting a cure.

Mr. Corbin, an insurance agent, writes:

Dodd Medicine Company:

Gentlemen: For two years I was troubled with my kidneys and with rheumatism. I tried other remedies but could get no permanent relief. I got a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and after using them I am cured. I certainly believe they are the best medicine for kidney ailments and rheumatism ever discovered. GEORGE D. CORBIN.
27 East Seventh street, St. Paul, Minn.

COMPANY C TO BANQUET.

Will Celebrate Its Triumph in the Inspection.

Company C will celebrate with a banquet at the Spalding tomorrow evening its achievement at the recent inspection, when, by its meritorious showing, it was graded above eight companies that had heretofore held over it on markings. Of this the boys of the company are exceedingly proud, as the annals of the guard of this or any other state furnish the record of few, if any, similar instances. The banquet will take place at 9 o'clock. Mayor Truelsen and Col. J. H. Shandrew, of St. Paul, commanding the Third regiment, will be present. Sergt. A. L. Konkle will act as toastmaster. The toasts will be as follows: "Our City," Hon. Henry Truelsen; "The Third Regiment," Col. J. H. Shandrew, of St. Paul; "The Company," Capt. F. E. Resche; "The National Guard," Sergt. Charles Joste; "The Ladies," Corporal Walter Flodet; "Camp," Lieut. Richard Little.

Seeks to Recover It.

School district No. 10 yesterday afternoon began a suit in district court against Charles Peterson and Jasper S. Daniels to quiet title to land in 51-15. The defendants were the bondsmen of Henry W. Nolan, who was treasurer of the district in 1890, and who is short in his accounts $843. The district holds a mortgage on the property given to secure the amount, and it asks foreclosure.

Will Issue Transfers.

Beginning next October, Superior will come up to date in one particular at least. Her street car company will act that time begin the issuance of transfers in accordance with the demands of citizens and public bodies. A year ago the company issued transfers between 6 and 8 in the morning and the corresponding period in the evening to accommodate the laboring men, but the new system will prevail all day. It will reduce the cost of transportation between Duluth and Superior.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

See the Crescent tandem at Trott's.

Pure Spring Water.

Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

FAST MAIL SLEEPING CAR SERVICE VIA "THE MILWAUKEE."

Beginning Sunday, May 9, and every day thereafter, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will run a palace sleeping car on the government fast mail train, leaving Minneapolis at 6:25, and St. Paul at 6:55 p. m. Passengers taking this car will reach Chicago at 8:10 o'clock the following morning, early enough to make all Eastern and Southern connections, as well as to give business people a full day in Chicago before departure of evening trains. The vestibuled, electric-lighted limited contemplates to leave Minneapolis at 7:30 and St. Paul at 8:10 p. m., arriving at Chicago at 9:30 the following morning.

For sleeping car space, address
J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't. Gen'l. Pass. Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

PARK POINT.

Subscribers to The Evening Herald who intend camping on the Point this summer can have the paper delivered to their camp by notifying this office.

AMUSEMENTS.

PRIMROSE & WEST.

The weather was sufficiently horrible to discourage anyone from going out last evening, but the Primrose & West minstrels had a fairly large audience nevertheless, and they gave a fine performance. Some changes were noticed in the first part. The colored men had little or no part beyond some singing by a quartet which was good and was encored two or three times. The number of jokes and gags by the end men has been greatly reduced and their quality considerably bettered. The first part was somewhat shorter than usual, too. The introductory overtures introduced Johnny Whalen in his baton evolutions. He is quicker than ever and as great a favorite. Lewis Pritzkow sang a pretty tenor song "Take Back Your Gold," and W. H. Windom, he of the astonishingly feminine voice sang "I Love Them Both the Same." George Primrose sang a couple of happy selections and was wildly applauded. He introduced a couple of pickaninny cake walkers who were very good. George Wilson is the same old George, and has lost none of his old popular favor. His song was encored several times. Jimmy Wall was as pleasing as ever and he too, found a warm spot in the hearts of those in the audience.

The second part opened with a jubilee by the negro element of the company. Henry Williams, advertised as the greatest of all living buck dancers, was introduced and justified the claim made for him. Two pickaninnies also did some very clever dancing. Jerome and Alexis gave an exhibition of contortion feats that was excellent. The staging was quite remarkable, a jungle scene in Florida being presented, with one acrobat made up as a frog and the other as an alligator or some similar animal.

The original George Wilson next came forward with his usual monologue and everyone who has seen anything of minstrels knows what that means. He wound up with a lecture on love and marriage and concluded with a request for every married woman in the audience who loved her husband to stand up. A surprising thing was that not one arose—and there were quite a number in the audience, too.

The Mowett trio, in club-swinging, was a feature not on the program. Two were men and the third a small delicate-looking boy. The way the three juggled Indian clubs was marvelous. Howe, Wall and Walters gave musical specialties that were odd and pleasing, and they were greatly enlivened by Jimmy Wall's clever comedy work.

"The Phantom Guards" was the closing feature. It was a drill by a squad of guards before a black background with calcium light effects. It was led by Johnny Whalen.

"THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS."

"The Twelve Temptations" will be at the Lyceum Friday and Saturday with a matinee on Saturday. In the grand ballet there will be seen the great premieres, Signoritas Ferrero and Bassegio, who are said to be the wonders of the terpsichorean world, and a corps de ballet made up of entirely young and statuesque ladies especially chosen by Signor Aurelia Coccia, the celebrated maitre de ballet from London. There are some of the brightest and most novel specialties of the day by the Rosaires, the Elliott brothers, John Harty, Sisson and Brown and Rose Kesner, while Mr. Vale has furnished several capital descriptive songs, among them, "Over the Bridge" with its realistic East river stage set; "All in a Row," and "Battery Park," ditties that will speedily be whistled everywhere. The final transformation "Davy Jones' Locker," with its series of dazzling and surprising changes, is indeed a crowning triumph in scenic art.

THE GIBSON PICTURES.

The Gibson pictures, which will be seen at the Lyceum next Tuesday evening, will accurately present some of the most prominent of this popular artist's drawings. No artist has appealed so strongly to the American instinct as has Gibson, and it has been demonstrated that this popularity is not merely a fad or the fancy of a passing hour, for he retains his hold unchanged. He undoubtedly the element of nature so conspicuous in his drawings that gives them there fascination. The pictures as they will be presented will be as exactly after the artist's design as it is possible to make them. The entertainment will be given for the benefit of the Women's Home and Hospital.

EFFORTS FOR WORDEN.

San Francisco, June 3.—Despite the fact that his petition for a writ of habeas corpus in the United States district court has been denied by Judge Hawley, and that Judge Gilbert denied a similar petition on behalf of Durrant, the attorneys for Salter D. Worden, the A. R. U. striker under sentence of death for train wrecking, will attempt to secure such a writ in the circuit court and will also apply for leave to appeal to the circuit court of appeals and the supreme court of the United States.

WILL REVISE ITS LAWS.

Pretoria, South African Republic, June 3.—The volksraad has appointed a commission to revise the Grondwa or fundamental law of Feb. 15, 1858, especially in regard to the position of the high court of the South African republic. An epidemic in the Sokunkunis country is killing hundreds of natives.

A VALUABLE PRESCRIPTION.

Editor Morrison, of Worthington, Ind., Sun, writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehie, 2623 Cottage Grove avenue, Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and strength. Prices 50 cents and $1.00. Get a bottle at Duluth

FACE HUMORS

Pimples, blotches, blackheads, red, rough, oily, mothy skin, itching, scaly scalp, dry, thin, and falling hair, and baby blemishes prevented by CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery.

Cuticura

SOAP is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.
"How to Prevent Face Humors," mailed free.

EVERY HUMOR From Pimples to Scrofula cured by CUTICURA REMEDIES.

TO DIVIDE THE SHOW.

Primrose & West Will Have Two Companies Next Year.

Messrs. Primrose and West, whose minstrel show is the greatest in the country, and who have always been in the lead in the introduction of new features and new departures, have another in contemplation for next season. They will put two shows on the road, one to be headed by George H. Primrose, and the other by W. H. West. The demand for the Primrose & West show has been so great that it is impossible to supply it with the one show. Hence the proprietors conceived the idea of putting out two shows, and will carry it into effect next season, opening Aug. 15.

Both companies will be of the very best. George Primrose will have the veteran George Wilson with him, and also Milt Barlow, who was associated with him years ago. W. H. West will have as his stars, Ezra Kendall and Carroll Johnson, who have been identified with farce comedy and Irish drama for some time past. Jerome and Alexis, the acrobatic team, will be with Primrose. Howe, Wall and Walters will no longer be with Primrose & West after this season. The negro element of the show will also be dispensed with.

The partnership is to continue, even though the show is divided. It will be arranged to consolidate the two shows when playing in metropolitan cities. W. H. West is now in New York arranging for the venture. The company will close its season next Sunday night in Minneapolis.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

An Unimportant Meeting Held Yesterday Afternoon.

The chamber of commerce meeting yesterday was a rather brief and unimportant one. The Philadelphia museum had invited T. W. Hugo and E. R. Brace, as trustees of the organization, to attend the banquet given last evening at Philadelphia, in honor of the South and Central American visitors, but they were unable to attend. They, therefore, delegated Congressman Page Morris and ex-Congressman Charles A. Towne to act for them, and credentials were sent to them. The Pan American delegates were expected to visit the Twin Cities and Duluth, but will not come any farther west than Milwaukee.

The international gold mining convention is to be held in Denver, July 7, 8 and 9, and the chamber was asked to appoint five delegates to attend. The chamber was also asked to appoint delegates to the trans-Mississippi congress, which will meet in Salt Lake City, July 14. President Leland will appoint three delegates.

A number of minor matters have been attended to by Secretary Brace since the last meeting.

ALL THREE DISMISSED.

Firemen Who Served on the Committee Are Discharged.

Organized labor is stirred up over the discharge from the fire department of Phemen Shea and Myles. These two men were members of the firemen's committee that was appointed to represent the interests of the firemen in the conference recently held to settle the trouble arising from the promulgation of rules reducing the "off" time of the firemen. Besides Shea and Myles, another member of the firemen's committee was dismissed some time ago. An explanation, satisfactory at the time, of the reasons of the first dismissal was made, but the recent dismissals tend to lead the members of organiezd labor to believe that the firemen who acted on the committee are to be sacrificed, despite the promise of Chief Black and the fire commissioners that such should not be the case.

Chief Black this morning declined to say anything about the matter, beyond the assertion that he had very good cause for dismissing the men.

SPAIN DISCLAIMS RESPONSIBILITY.

Washington, June 3.—The Spanish government has disavowed responsibility for the action of the Mercedes firing upon the Valencia. This disavowal is the result of an official protest filed with Minister De Lome by the state department. The protest was based upon a communication received at the department from the Ward line, stating that the Mercedes had fired on the Valencia while leaving Caimanera in peaceful pursuit of her business. The letter stated that the act of the cruiser was a wanton outrage; that the Valencia was well known in that section, and that her owners desired that proper reparation be made.

CROKER'S HORSE WON.

London, June 3.—Richard Croker's bay horse Americus won the Riddles Down plate of 200 sovereigns at the third day's racing of the Epsom spring meeting today.

$43.30—TO NASHVILLE, TENN., AND RETURN—$43.30.
CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION.

Tickets on sale via the Wisconsin Central lines every day until Oct. 15, with final return limit of Nov. 7. For tickets, sleeping car berths and further information call at city office, No. 423 West Superior street, Spalding House block, Duluth.

A. W. KUEHNOW,
Passenger Agent, N. P. Ry.

A Few Summer Excursions.

VIA "THE NORTHWESTERN LINE."

San Francisco, Cal., meeting Y. P. S. C. E. One-way tickets on sale June 29 to July 3, $29.

Nashville, Tenn., Tennessee centennial. Round-trip tickets on sale daily, $43.30.

Minneapolis-St. Paul, annual meeting Grand lodge B. P. O. Elks. Round-trip tickets on sale July 5 and 6, $4.30.

Milwaukee, Wis., N. E. A. Round-trip tickets on sale July 3, 4 and 5, $13.30.

Buffalo, N. Y., G. A. R., Aug. 21 and 22. Rates to be announced later.

Besides the above mentioned excursions, summer tourist tickets to Colorado and to other summer resorts in general are on sale daily until Oct. 15 at greatly reduced rates. For tickets and information call on your local agent or address B. W. Summers, agent, 405 West Superior street, Duluth.

$18.75—EXCURSION RATES—$18.75.
DETROIT MICH., AND RETURN.

Via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, June 5, 6 and 7. Round trip Detroit, Mich., and return, $18.75, via Grand Trunk, or $19.25 via Michigan Central from Chicago. Particulars at City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Providence building.

A GREAT REMEDY

For Sufferers From Piles.

Dr. Redmond, a specialist in the study and treatment of piles and rectal diseases, recently stated that the Pyramid Pile Cure, the new discovery for the cure of piles, was the most remarkable remedy he had ever seen or tried in one respect, and that was, the instant relief experienced in all cases, no matter how severe, from the moment the remedy was applied. This was the more surprising to him because he had carefully analyzed the preparation and no trace of opium, cocaine or similar poison could be detected.

Physicians look with great favor upon the Pyramid Pile Cure, because it is rapidly taking the place of surgical operations and because it is so simple, so easily applied and contains no mineral or other poisons so commonly used in pile cures.

Dr. Esterbrook reports that the Pyramid Pile Cure not only cures the various forms of piles, but never fails to give immediate relief on the first application, no matter how severe the pain or discomfort may be.

People who have suffered from piles for years are often astonished at the instant relief experienced from the first application. Another important advantage is the fact that anyone can use the remedy without detention from business or intereference with daily occupation. Sold by druggists at 50 cents per package.

Send for free book on "Cause and Cure of Piles."

MIKE TOOLE WINS.

Land Decision in Favor of Itasca's Sheriff.

St. Cloud, Minn., June 3.—The St. Cloud land office has received a copy of the department decision of May 21, 1897, by Secretary of the Interior Bliss, affirming the decision of the general land office, dated Nov. 1, 1895, in the matter of the application of Michael L. Toole, A. Swanson, Dennis Hanlon, Charles A. Burton, Samuel A. Hull, Jesse L. Hull and William A. Berry, involving certain tracts of land in sections 8, 9 and 17, town 144-25, near Pokegama falls on the Mississippi, and covering 440 acres.

The decision of the local land office is fully sustained. The case was carried clear to the secretary because of the value of the claims, which are covered with pine. According to this decision Michael L. Toole, the sheriff of Itasca county, has his application for 160 acres allowed. The claim is worth $10,000. Dennis Hanlon, of this city, gets eighty acres, but there is only 1,000,000 of pine on it, while there is said to be 3,000,000 on Toole's claim. The other applicants get very little.

PILLSBURY'S CHESS VICTORIES.

Washington, June 3.—A wonderful record in chess playing was made by P. N. Pillsbury, the expert, at the Washington Chess club last night. He played simultaneously thirty chess and six checker games, many of his contestants being chess experts in this city. After five hours' consecutive playing the contest closed. Pillsbury having won twenty-seven games at chess and four at checkers. Three chess games and one checker game resulted in a draw and one checker game was lost.

McKINLEY LEAVES PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, June 3.—President McKinley and party, who came to this city yesterday to attend the formal opening of the international commercial conference, returned to Washington this morning. The train, composed of six cars, pulled out of Broad street station at 10:40 o'clock.

BROOKLYN GOES TO ENGLAND.

New York, June 3.—The new armored cruiser Brooklyn sailed today, bound to England to participate in the queen's jubilee celebration to take place this month. The Brooklyn sails under command of Rear Admiral J. N. Miller. She was chosen to represent the United States as being one of the finest ships in the navy. Admiral Miller received from Washington yesterday excellent portraits of President McKinley, which have been hung in a prominent place in his cabin. The Brooklyn will take her time crossing the ocean, so as to appear at her best when she reaches the rendezvous.

COMPLEXION INDICATIONS.

The complexion of persons whose digestion is out of order, who are bilious, or who lack vigor, always exhibits an unhealthy tint. It is by regulating the bodily organs and promoting digestion and assimilation, that the parchment hue indicative of ill health, is banished from the cheeks. To rectify the fault of a sallow complexion, use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an invigorant and alterative which removes those obstacles to renewed health—viz: physical comfort and personal attractiveness—an imperfect digestion and secretion, and a disordered condition of the bowels. Persistence in the use of this inestimable corrective and tonic will assuredly result in renewed physical regularity and vigor, will tend to increase bodily substance, and cause the glow and clear color of health to return to the sallow, wasted cheek.

Crescent

Strong Guarantee.

Crescent makers and Crescent agents are reliable. The Crescent guarantee is as good as a bond. It is backed by a concern of undoubted financial responsibility.

If anything prove wrong with a Crescent you know just where to go to have it made right; and you have the assurance that it will be done in a prompt and liberal manner.

Repair men say that Crescents are in the repair shop less than any other make. Best quality at honest prices—

$75 $50

Bicycles.

WESTERN WHEEL WORKS,
Factory, Chicago.
CATALOGUE FREE. AGENTS EVERYWHERE.

C. D. TROTT,
106 West Superior Street,
AGENT FOR THE
"CRESCENT BICYCLE"
IN DULUTH.

HOFFMAN'S DEATH.

San Francisco Police Are All Tangled Up.

San Francisco, June 3.—The police are avowedly mystified regarding the death of Isaac Hoffman, wholesale clothing dealer, in his Battery street office. Chief of Police Lees is inclined to cling to his theory of suicide, although the autopsy shows that it was almost a physical impossibility that the wound should have been self-inflicted. Taking up the theory that Hoffman was murdered, the suspicion of the police turns most naturally toward Theodore A. Figel who, so far as is known, last saw the merchant alive.

Figel, who is bookkeeper, cashier and confidential clerk for the firm of Hoffman & Rodhschild, says he returned to the office last evening about 6:15 o'clock, remained five minutes and proceeded to Tiburon ferry, taking the 6:30 boat for his home in San Rafael. Figel asserts that he left Hoffman in his usual spirits and he discredits the idea of suicide. The shooting was done with a revolver, and Figel admits that the pistol which apparently caused the wounds, was formerly his, but he states that he sold the weapon to Hoffman several months ago. It has been reported to the police that Figel's books were about to be investigated, some gossip regarding the bookkeeper's free expenditures having come to the ears of his employers. Figel has virtually been under surveillance since.

The development of the theory implicating Figel is that some discussion between him and Hoffman concerning the bookkeeper's accounts occurred in the early evening; that a quarrel ensued, possibly culminating in the shooting of Hoffman. On the other hand, it is urged that Figel has voluntarily acknowledged all of the circumstances which have brought him within the range of inquiry, and has from the first refuted the suicide theory, which the police think would have supplied a convenient loophole for a guilty man.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Five months ago, during the absence of President Percival and owing largely to the fright caused by failures elsewhere, the Merchants' National bank closed its doors at Devil's Lake, Tuesday President Percival completed the deposit of a sufficient sum to pay every depositor in full. It is owing to his ability that this has been possible.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Antone Pfeifer, of Alexandria, has invented a flying machine. It has not yet been tried on a large scale, but a miniature model has worked. Until a patent is secured the details of the machinery will not be made public. It is said by those who have seen it to be a marvel of simplicity and ingenuity, and some who are not easily deceived by mechanical contrivances believe it will prove a success. Pfeifer meets every objection to his plans with the assertion that the model worked and that the machine now in course of construction is a great improvement on the model. Even though the flying machine fails to work, he declares his experiments on it have led to the discovery of a principle which can be used to multiply the power of an ordinary steam engine.

Typhoid fever has been reported in Lead City and has set the officials at work in earnest to prevent a repetition of the sickness of last summer, which proved so fatal. The council has issued a general order to clean up and to be careful as to water. Notices have been posted at the entrances of the mills and workshops.

The Great Northern road has at last succeeded in getting a train of cars over the Jim river, by pushing them across with a long train of empty cars. The water is still two or three feet deep over the rails, so that an engine cannot be run. No trains have arrived at Aberdeen up to this time for about two months via that line.

The stone dam in the Sioux river at Castlewood has been repaired and improved, and all the surplus water is running into Lake Poinsett, which has risen ten feet. The government fish commissioner will place black bass in the lake.

POPULAR PRAYER.

Illinois House Legislative Chaplain is Amusing.

Springfield, Ill., June 3.—The chaplain of the house, the Rev. David G. Bradford, opened proceedings today in the state legislature with the folowing fervent prayer:

"Almight God, we ask Thy presence and blessing at the beginning of another day's diligent labor. Help us, we pray Thee, in the discharge of this day's duties. Help these men to remember the poor, tax-burdened people of this great state. Contract, we pray Thee, the capacious maw of the penal reformatory, charitable and educational institutions of Illinois. May they learn to be content with less money, and may we who refuse to worship a golden calf refuse also to worship gold in any other form. Forbid that any foreigner visiting our shores shall ever again have occasion to write:

"'Money, money, is all their cry;
Money is the total sum.
Give us money or else we die;
Oh, let the money come.'

"And we will ever give Thee endless praise. Amen."

This prayer was greeted with enthusiastic applause.

COLORED MURDERER HANGED.

Morristown, N. J., June 3.—David Wilson, the colored murderer, was hanged here at 10:08 a. m. David Wilson murdered his wife in a tenement known as "The Foley," this city, at noon on June 6, 1896, by chopping her to death with an ax. Her son ran to the police station where he told what had happened. When arrested Wilson admitted his guilt. The murder was the first to occur in Morristown in sixty years. The last previous one was that of the Syrare family by Lee Blanc, a farm hand

NANNIE IS MARRIED.

Omaha, Neb., June 3.—Miss Nannie M. Briggs, granddaughter of the first governor of Iowa, who was christened "The Granddaughter of Iowa" at the Burlington semi-centennial last year, has been married at the home of her parents here to Alex Darby Robertson, of Cherokee, Iowa.

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY FOR CONSUMPTION.

This is the best medicine in the world for all forms of Coughs and Colds and for Consumption. Every bottle is guaranteed. It will cure and not disappoint. It has no equal for Whooping Cough, Asthma, Hay Fever, Pneumonia, Bronchitis La Grippe, Cold in the Head and for Consumption. It is safe for all ages, pleasant to take, and, above all, a sure cure. It is always well to take Dr. King's New Life Pills in connection with Dr. King's New Discovery as they regulate and tone the stomach and bowels. We guarantee perfect satisfaction or return money. Free trial bottles at Duluth Drug company's drug store.
Regular size 50 cents and $1.00.

KENTUCKY KILLING.

Well Known Man is Shot Down From Ambush.

Knoxville, Tenn., June 3.—A special to the Centennial from Hunterville, Tenn., says: Esquire William Claxton, of Campbell county, was shot from ambush and killed by some unknown party yesterday afternoon at the foot of Braden mountain. Constable Poltmore, who was with Claxton, is reported to have taken to his heels. The affair, it is understood, grew out of a feud between Claxton and the Hughetts of that neighborhood.

Claxton shot Elsewick Hughett from ambush in the same neighborhood about two months ago. Claxton was indicted and under bond for murder of William Murphy, by lynching, and was also under bond for killing Hughett. The Claxtons, it is thought, will accuse Henry Hughett of the killing of William Claxton and more trouble is expected.

New Telephone Directory.

The Duluth Telephone company will issue their midsummer directory on July 1. New subscribers desirous of having their names appear in this issue should place their orders before June 10, as the book goes to the printer on that date.

Laugh at the Sun Drink HIRES Rootbeer
Keep Cool-Drink HIRES Rootbeer
Keep Well-Drink HIRES Rootbeer.
Quenches your thirst HIRES Rootbeer.

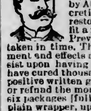
For Rent.

From June 1—an
8-Room House,
All Modern Conveniences,
15 Fifteenth Avenue east—
$30 Per Month.
DULUTH TRUST COMPANY.

ST. JAMES HOTEL

Cuisine First-Class.
Excellent Service.
Newly Refitted Throughout.
Special rates to permanent guests. $1.50 per day.

MADE ME A MAN



AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *All Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine AJAX Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages [full treatment] for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free.
AJAX REMEDY CO., 59 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
For sale in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, 231 West Superior street. MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

BIG G

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

FOR SALE—Houses and lots in different parts of the city for $50 cash and the balance to draw 6 per cent interest. Small payments on the principal monthly being just as easy as to pay rent, and properties at the present exceeding low valuation. Call and see the list. UNION and ZENITH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS, No. 2 First avenue west.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada.
Sold by Local Druggists

The Great Eastern

You'll never Mind the Rain

If provided with a "Great Eastern" Mackintosh.

EVERY GARMENT WARRANTED WATERPROOF OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Men's Box Back Mackintoshes-

Made up of Black Cheviot, double-breasted, with deep velvet collar, all seams sewed; all sizes—34 to 46..... **$7.50**

Five styles at $12.00-

Blue and Black Cheviots and Tricots and Light Gray and Brown Cheviots, double-breasted, full box back, deep velvet collar, plain and fancy plaid all-wool linings; the coats stylishly and handsomely made, and worth $15.00; for sale at..... **$12.00**

Boys' Mackintoshes and Raincoats.
Umbrellas, Rubbers and Rubber Boots.
Oil Clothing—black and yellow.

M. S. Burrows.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion clear. W. A. Foote.

Edison pictures at the Lyceum next Tuesday.

Ladies' Knox sailor hats at Big Duluth.

There were no criminal cases in the municipal court this morning. This is the second consecutive day that there has been a clean docket.

Tickets for Rhedelsberger-Torsini concert to reserved at Coon's and Percival's.

W. R. Jamison, who holds a number of assigned labor claims against the Rink, yesterday began a suit in county court to enforce them against the property on which the rink stands. Lots 1 to 5, block 26, Portland division.

During May the receipts of the Duluth postoffice were $6550.11 and the disbursements $2696.95. The sum of $2853.19 was remitted to the government.

The Christian Endeavor convention that was to have been held last evening at the First Baptist church was postponed to a later date because of the bad weather.

The public library circulated 7736 volumes in May, an average of 309 daily. The greatest number issued in one day was 705. During the month 477 books were added, 279 by purchase and 198 by gift; fifty-eight cards were issued making 13,904 now in circulation.

John J. Madden, of the Western Union office, furnishing cigars because of the auspicious arrival of a girl baby at his home.

The Duluth Paper and Stationery company has bought the balance of the stock of the Duluth Paper company from Assignee Christenson.

The Endeavor convention which was to have been held last evening was postponed to June 9.

The dance which was to have been held at Duluth Heights this evening has been postponed until Friday night.

The prisoners convicted at this term of court will be sentenced tomorrow noon.

Chris Johnson, an employe of Elevator D, had one of his hands crushed yesterday in an apparatus used for unloading cars.

Spain's angry. Kelly cleans clothes.

The storm yesterday undermined about 150 feet of new track on the outside dock at the foot of Second avenue west.

FAILED TO SUICIDE.

Chicago, June 3.—C. R. Pearson, formerly a banker of Della Plaine, Kas., attempted to commit suicide this afternoon by taking poison in a room at the Grand Central passenger station hotel. He was found unconscious and removed to the county hospital. He gave no reasons for his action.

SELL REAL ESTATE

By means of an Evening Herald "want ad."

PERSONALS.

C. S. Timberlake, the well-known St. Paul insurance man, is registered at the Spalding.

E. L. Brown, superintendent of the St. Paul & Duluth, was in the city a few hours today.

N. A. Gilchrist, of Mountain Iron, is a guest at the St. Louis.

H. R. Gardner, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding.

F. W. Wilsey, Western agent of the land department of the Northern Pacific, is in the city from St. Paul, a guest at the Spalding.

H. A. Tuttle, general superintendent of the North American Telegraph company, came up from Minneapolis today. He is at the Spalding.

John J. Rupp, a well known pine land man of Saginaw, Mich., is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

W. S. Bailey, of Cleveland, Ohio, is among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

W. E. Dickinson, of Florence, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

J. L. Murphy and wife, of Minneapolis, are among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

Charles G. Hinds, of Shakopee, grand master workman of the A. O. U. W., returned today from a tour of the range towns, where he has been to inspect the several lodges of the order.

W. G. Bonham, of Tower, is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

Capt. E. Morcom came down from Tower today to attend a meeting of the county commissioners. He is at the St. Louis.

George J. Motsen, of Burlington, Iowa, is registered at the St. Louis.

E. J. Longyear came down from Hibbing today and registered at the Spalding.

D. S. Wagner, an insurance man of Chicago, is a late arrival at the Spalding.

John B. Hall, of Minneapolis, is registered at the Spalding.

Bishop Morrison returned last evening from a month's trip through the northwest corner of his diocese, in the region of Red lake and the missionary district of North Dakota, of which he is temporarily in charge.

Duluth Citizens!

Can always secure lowest round trip rates at the Eastern Minnesota city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

St. Paul-Minneapolis and return, June 1 and 2	$ 4 20
Detroit and return, June 5, 6 and 7	18 75
San Francisco, June 29, July 5..	29 00
Milwaukee and return, July 3, 4 and 5	13 30
St. Paul-Minneapolis and return, July 5 and 6	4 30
Nashville and return (daily)	43 30

Have The Herald in your homes; 45 cents a month.

ONE LADY SAYS

She saved $15.00 in one month by taking advantage of the Grocery advertisements in THE FRIDAY HERALD. What it has done for one, it will for another.

IT PAYS

To read the advertisements in THE EVENING HERALD.

ANOTHER

The Board of Public Works Creates a New Street Commissioner District.

It Embraces the Territory Beyond the West Line of New Duluth.

Council is Liable to Stir Up a Row Over the Matter.

The board of public works has reapportioned the street commissioner districts, creating a new one, making six in all, and appointed new street commissioners. The new district is carved out of old district No. 5, and extends from the west line of New Duluth to the city limits. A member of the board who is adverse to the measure said that, aside from a number of miles of rabbit runways, which require no particular attention, there are but the streets in the comparatively small area embraced in the settled portion of Fond Du Lac that will need to be looked after in this district. The inspector will, however, probably draw the regular salary of $65 per month. The same individual said that, hitherto, the inspector of district No. 5 has always had plenty of time to look after this section. A search of the mortuary record reveals no cases of any street inspector of the last named district who has died of over-work. There will probably be music in the council over the matter.

It is claimed, also, that G. A. Bennison, the new inspector for district No. 3, is a Wisconsin homesteader, and not, of course, a voter in Duluth. A search of the poll lists shows that Mr. Bennison was not registered for the spring election. He, however, did register and vote at the election last fall. The manner in which the entry of his name is made on the poll list, reflects, by the way, great credit on the gentlemen in charge of the books. The entry is as follows: "George A. Bennison, 916 Garfield avenue, birthplace Canada, female." There is no data as to naturalization as is required by law to be entered in the registration of a foreign-born voter.

The districts as they now are, and the appointees, are as follows: District No. 1, from easterly city limits to Tischer's creek, J. Butchart; district No. 2, to Eleventh avenue west, Thomas Stark; district No. 3, to east line of Forty-second avenue west, G. A. Bennison; district No. 4, to east line of Seventy-first avenue west, appointee not determined, probably P. Nicholson; district No. 5, to west line of New Duluth, Otto Kruger; district No. 6, to westerly city limits, E. B. Glass.

There were also the following appointments made: Joseph Pierce, sewer inspector; J. A. Ellis and John Walsh, foreman of chain gangs; G. Eck, blacksmith of chain gang; John Harney, superintendent of street sprinkling.

20 ACRES TO RENT

AT GLEN AVON,

On Woodland Park Street Car Line.
Land is ready for planting. $10 for the season.
GEO. R. LAYBOURN, 14 Phoenix Blk.

THE BORNEMANN CASE.

C. O. Baldwin Objects Strongly to Some Evidence.

The defense in the manslaughter case against Charles and Eureka Bornemann, accused of driving Nora Bornemann to suicide by their cruel treatment, raised some important points this morning. The case was taken up yesterday afternoon, and the jury was completed early this morning. When the first witness, Mrs. Sarah Banks, was called, C. O. Baldwin, who is defending the Bornemanns, objected to the introduction of any testimony on the ground that the indictment does not state a public offense. He argued that if the girl when she committed suicide was capable of forming a purpose like that she was capable of applying for protection from her parents, and if she deliberately took her own life her parents could not be held responsible for it. Judge Moer overruled the objection, and Mrs. Banks was asked what she knew about the manner in which the Bornemanns treated their daughter when they lived with her seven years ago.

Mr. Baldwin objected to this as being without the statute of limitations, and he alleged that the indictment spoke only of ill treatment on the day of the suicide, and that the state could not go back of that. The question was passed and the witness was excused while Coroner Eklund told of the finding of the body and of his opinion that the girl died from drowning. The old question came up again when Mrs. Annie Schumann, a neighbor of the Bornemanns was asked to tell what she had observed of their treatment of Nora during the past three years.

Mr. Baldwin said that while the indictment might have been drawn so as to include such testimony it had not, as it only mentioned cruelty perpetrated on the day of the death. The only theory on which he could see that a conviction could be secured was that the defendants chased Nora to the lake and that she jumped in to get away from them.

With the indictment in its present form Judge Moer was not clear on the matter, but he stated that if he was in error the defendants' remedy was easy, and he would admit the testimony. This was the most important point raised by the defense. After that several witnesses up to noon testified as to the alleged ill-treatment of the dead girl. On of her schoolmates talked with her One of her schoolmates talked with her suicide, but she was not allowed to repeat the conversation.

SOME MEN LAID OFF.

Iron Range Road Reduces Its Force at Two Harbors.

Quite a large number of the employes of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company at Two Harbors have been laid off this week. The force in the machine shops and round house has been materially reduced and is working on half time. Fifteen car repairers have been discharged, some of whom, however, have been re-employed in handling lumber. Two crews comprising about thirty men who were engaged in track ballasting in the new yards have also been dismissed.

There are now 107,000 tons of ore on the docks, and as boats for taking it away are not arriving as rapidly as they were expected, shipments from the mines have been cut down, to prevent clogging the ore pockets. This has made it necessary to lay off a number of train crews.

The general work of car repairing began last fall two months earlier than usual in anticipation of an unusually heavy business this year. The consequence is that the rolling stock of the road is in excellent condition this year and as shipping has been comparatively light there is but little to be done in the repair shops. As soon as the stock on the docks has been reduced by lake shipments, shipments from the mines will again be increased to from 10,000 to 12,000 tons a day.

During the past week ten men employed in the train department were discharged for a violation of rule 118, which prohibits the men frequenting saloons and using intoxicants. The effect of the enforcement of this rule is disastrous to the saloon business in Two Harbors.

EXCURSION!

TO

GRAND MARAIS

ON

STEAMER DIXON.

Leave Duluth FRIDAY 10 a. m. Return arrive Duluth Saturday 7 a. m. Fare $3.00 round trip including meals and stateroom.

The Rights of Wheelmen.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Much adverse criticism has fallen to the lot of the bicyclist and not altogether without cause, but there are two sides to this question. The wheel has its useful place, has become a fact on our streets and has come to stay. It is used to advantage by old and young alike, and its rights are fully recognized by law. Yet it seems that many drivers of horses have a particular spite against the wheelman and make the road as dangerous as possible for him. Now why should a man, because he has a horse and cumbersome wagon or carriage, have any more rights on a road than a man on a wheel? The wagon or carriage and horse occupy as much room as six or eight wheelmen would occupy on the road. They travel slower and are far more apt to block the way than a number of wheels, and when driven fast in crowded streets are the cause of a larger per cent of serious accidents to others. Now a question here arises: Are the roads for the use and convenience of the people, or only for the few who have cumbersome vehicles drawn by clumsy horses, often by more clumsy or less skilled drivers? I venture to say that a thousand men and women could move about their business safely on wheels, in the space that 200 horses with their appendages would make a very unsafe place. Now I do not here have any word for the scorcher. Wheelmen must be made to travel at a reasonable rate of speed but drivers of horses should give them fair way.

What has led me up to this is a painful case in point. On Tuesday afternoon I was leaving the branch Bethel on Superior street for the Bethel on Lake avenue. I waited for an eastbound car to pass and then crossed behind it. At the corner of Fifth avenue a man was coming west with a horse and wagon at about the same rate of speed (I should say about four miles an hour) as I was traveling. As he passed the car he hugged the sidewalk so closely that the only way open for me was next the track, but as he came immediately opposite or within two-thirds of a rod he pulled his horse directly across my path completely blocking my way, with the result that in trying to avoid a collision I got a very bad fall. (The horse was trotting.) The act was so deliberate and the way so completely cut off, that I cannot think otherwise, than that it was done intentionally. Had I been driving a horse a collision would have been unavoidable. I may here say that I am yet undecided as to making an example of the fellow in the interest of fair play to wheelmen. Respectfully yours,

G. H. THOMPSON.
Glen Avon.

American Bonding and Trust Company

Issues Surety Bonds of Every Description.
Federal, State and Bank Officials, Assignees, Receivers, Executors, Administrators and Contractors.
Geo. R. Laybourn, Gen'l Agt., 14 Phoenix Blk

Merritt-Harris Case Again.

In the case of Alfred and Leonidas Merritt against A. A. Harris & Son the plaintiffs have been ordered to show cause at the conclusion of the criminal calendar why the order heretofore made postponing the case until the commission to take the testimony of plaintiffs in Mexico was heard from should not be revoked. A number of grounds are urged. It is alleged that the order was improperly and improvidently issued; that there is no warrant for it in the law and practice of this state; that no showing was made in behalf of it; that it was not mentioned at the hearing, and that the plaintiffs have not used it in good faith, but are trying to hold off till the May term is over.

WHERE FISHING IS GOOD.

Those looking for the best fishing grounds are reminded of Lake Tetonka, at Waterville, and Madison lake, on the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad.

Wall-eyed pike, bass and crappies are found in great abundance at both of these lakes, which have not been fished out to the extent of some of the older and better known localities.

Excellent hotel accommodations, boats, bait, etc., on hand, and all charges are very reasonable.

For further information, address,

A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., M. & St. L. R. R.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

GUILTY

Verdict Found Against Mrs. Rachel Spellman in the Arson Case.

Jury Was Out All Night and Stood Eleven to One.

Jury Cautioned to Consider Only the Evidence Given at the Trial.

The jury in the case against Rachel Spellman was out all night last night, the case having been given into its hands shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. That was not the worst of it, for the jury was kept out by one man, and naturally the remaining eleven, who have their minds made up to one side or the other, were inclined to be indignant at the obstreperous one. There was something in connection with the matter that did not appear on the surface, though there were rumors about the court house which were borne out by the court's charge made this noon.

At 9:30 this morning the jury filed into court and responded to the roll call.

"Have you agreed upon a verdict?" enquired Clerk Peachey.

"We have not," responded E. R. Cobb.

"We have here a statement signed by nine of the jurors which we should like to present to the court."

Judge Moer took the paper, looked it over, and sent the jury back to its room, after ascertaining that it stood 11 to 1, stating that he would look into the matter presented to him later. During the next half hour Judge Moer apparently thought over the document from the jury, and finally he gave some directions to Stenographer Stillman, who proceeded to look up the examinations of jurors.

It was reported around the court house that the jury charged that one of its members was holding out on some information he had heard or seen outside of the evidence and that he was attempting to influence the remainder of the members by the use of that information. That something of that sort was up was evident from what the court said to the jury when it was called in at noon. It was reported to the court that the standing of the jury was the same and Judge Moer said:

"This case is of great importance, both to the state and to the defendant, and a verdict should be reached if it is possible by the honest judgment of each of the jurors. Under your oath as jurors it is your duty to be guided solely by the evidence in this case. Each of you have stated upon your examinations that you had no opinion or prejudice in the case, and it is your duty to try the case solely upon the evidence produced in court. I feel that it is my duty to still keep you out and see if you cannot agree, bearing in mind that your opinions must be founded solely on the evidence produced in the case."

The jury retired again to its room and was still wrestling with the matter this noon.

Later—Shortly before 3 o'clock this afternoon the jury again entered the court room and this time a verdict had been reached. It was "guilty." The jury was polled. All responded that the verdict was correct. A notice of motion for a new trial on the minutes of the court was given at once by Mrs. Spellman's attorney.

A SECOND JURY OUT.

Another Eleven to One Jury is Holding Out.

Two juries were being held out all this morning because one man on each held an opposite opinion to the other eleven, and because these two were possessed of a sufficient amount of courage of their convictions to still hang on after an all night siege. One jury was in the Spellman case and the other was in the personal injury case of Svente G. Johnson against the Bessemer Steamship company, which was given to the jury at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. After remaining out all last night they appeared before Judge Cant at the opening of court this morning and dolefully reported that it stood 11 to 1. After a brief charge the court returned the jury to its room, where it still was at noon. Both the defendant and the plaintiff claimed the eleven, but no one outside the jury room, of course, really knew which was entitled to it.

A NEW DEPARTURE

That should be popular with the traveling public is that of the South Shore train for the East at 6:30 p m., beginning Sunday, May 30 (daily except Saturday). Train arrives at Marquette at 4:30 a. m. and Sault Ste. Marie and St. Ignace same time as at present, making direct connections for all points East. Westbound train will arrive at 8:5 0a. m., except Sunday.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 Years the Standard.

MARINE MATTERS.

Ore Sales But No Freight Contracts For Outsiders.

Cleveland, June 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Sales of ore to the Wheeling furnaces during the past few days aggregate about 300,000 tons, but companies selling it have connections with vessel interests and outsiders get no chance at freight contracts.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., June 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Manola, Malta, 1:10 a. m.; Porter and consorts, Pemobiscot, 2:40; Bannockburn, 3; Republic, 6; Glengarry and consort, 6:20; Uganda, 6:40; Watt, Jenney, 6:50; Holland and consorts, S. Eddy, 7:30; St. Lawrence, 9:20.

Up yesterday: Ericsson, Holley, 11:20 a. m.; John Mitchell, 12:30 p. m.; Ford, 1; Pontiac, 1:20; Bessemer, Nasmyth, 1:50; George Morley, McDavia, North Star, 2:15; China, 2:50; St. Paul, 4:20; Mather and whalebacks, 4:50; Progress, 5:30; Yuma, 6:15; Pratt, Ash, Corona, Fisk, 7:30; Venice, 8:40.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Bangor, Iosco, Northern Queen, 7:30 a. m.; Harper, Tyrone, Continental, Holland, 8:40; Marina, 9; the two Wallaces, Pentland, Dobbins, 10:40. Down: Paris, 10:30 last night; Grecian, Harvey Brown, 6:30 a. m.; Maruba, the two Richards, Winslow, 10; Langell Boys, Comstock, Marquette, 11:20.

Later—Up: Hebard, Peterson, Wilson, Samuel Mitchell, 12:20 p. m.; Sauber, 1; Frontenac, 2. Down: Fulton, Thomas, 1:20 p. m.

Up yesterday: Monarch, Hoyt, 5 p. m.; Venezuela, Crete, 6:30; Crescent City, 7:20. Down: Montana, 2:20 p. m.; Mariska, Cadillac, Siemens, Krupp, 3; Roby, Becker, 5.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., June 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Waldo, 9 a. m.; Codorus, 3:15; Coralia, 3:30; Merida, 4; Nimick, 4:20; McWilliams, 5; Victory, 6:40; Wade, 7; Trevor and consorts, 7:15, Simon Langell and consorts, 9:15; Nicholas, 10; Zenith City, 10:30.

Down yesterday: Corsica, noon; Rees, 12:15 p. m.; Robert Rhodes, Mesaba and consort, 1:20; Saxon, 1:45; Harlem, 2:25; Wetmore, Brunette, 2:40; Olympia, 4:15; Germanic and consort, 5; George Farwell, 6.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Fairport—Cleared: Watt, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Hartnell, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Cranage, Duluth.

Port Colborne—Up: Rosemount, Fort William; Niles, Duluth.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Maricopa, Martha, Waldo, Cleveland.

SINGER LINE SUED.

The Anderson Lumber company, of New Jersey, has begun a libel suit against the tug H. B. Abbott and Walter H. Singer to recover $1441.65. The complaint states that the schooner T. M. Knapp, on Aug. 22, 1895, loaded 533,519 feet of lumber at the Merrill & Ring dock, and secured the services of the tug Abbott to tow the boat out of the harbor. When about half a mile from the dock, the boat careened to starboard and dumped part of the deckload into the bay, and then to port and dumped the balance, 167,740 feet in all, valued at $1441.65. It is claimed that the tug was running too rapidly, and allowed the schooner to strike the bank of the channel. A peculiar allegation is then made. It is that the schooner was top-heavy and unseaworthy by reason of its being improperly loaded, and that the captain of the tug knew this and had no business to take her away from the tug. It is also claimed that the tug made no effort to recover the lumber. Searle & Spencer are the proctors for the libellant.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Avon, Northern Wave, Buffalo, mdse; La Salle, Wright, Fryer, Charles Eddy, Hutchinson, Iron King, Gilchrist, Lake Erie, coal; Fairbairn, Corliss, Iron Queen, Lake Erie, light for ore.

Departed—Kearsarge, Moran, Buffalo, Yakima, Savona, Fort William, light; Peerless, Chicago, pass and flour; Cormorant, Morris, Lake Erie, lumber.

MARINE NOTES.

The North Land went out this morning on her trial trip.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Philadelphia—Arrived: Netherland, from Antwerp.

Liverpool—Arrived: Aurania, New York.

London—Arrived: Massachusetts, New York.

Naples—Arrived: Werra, New York.

THE ENGINEER MUDDLE.

Factions Were Springing Roorbacks This Morning.

There was no change in the city engineer situation today. The adherents of the two factions put in the time springing roorbacks. The anti-Patton men claim that there is something ulterior in the efforts made to keep the office in the Patton camp. When asked for specific statements, they wink one eye and remark that N. F. Hugo is working hard in the interest of the Patton people. The latter, by way of a counter-blast, have started the story that there is religion in it, and thus the war goes on.

There is a good deal of surmise as to what caused the turning down of Mr. McGilvray. He is said to be a graduate of a prominent engineering school, and to be deeply versed in the lore of his profession. And there is no objection urged against him on any other ground, either. One alderman said he had voted against Mr. McGilvray because he did not know him. In this connection, it is interesting to note that Mr. McGilvray has twice been a candidate for the office of county surveyor, the last time being last fall, and was for a number of years assistant city engineer of Lakeside.

E. H. Spalding continues to be mentioned as the next selection, probably, of the board of public works. There was a revival this morning, however, of the talk about Assistant City Engineer Wilson, of St. Paul.

There is as yet but one thing certain, viz., the board of public works will not elect Mr. Duffies. The aldermen, on the other hand, seem determined to have him.

WILL THIS DO?

Only one fare for the round trip to Detroit, Mich., via "The Northwestern Line," (Omaha railway). Tickets on sale June 5 to 7. If you are going down that way, better drop in and see us at No. 405 West Superior street.

Rooms are quickly rented when advertised in The Evening Herald. It costs but 1 cent a word.

Warm and clear
Weather
Is promised for
Saturday,
And if the promise
Comes true
Saturday will
Prove to be
A banner
Trading Day.
The first Saturday
In the month
Is always a big
Trading day
And this week
It will be
Exceptionally so.
The
Bargain-Givers
Will all have
Their lists in
The Friday Herald
And intending
Purchasers
Will find it
Profitable to read
Well the
Advertisements
In
The Friday Herald

JUDGE OLIVE DEAD.

Committed Suicide in Utah a Few Days Ago.

The telegraph dispatches of yesterday contained news of the suicide of Judge Thomas Olive, special Indian agent of the interior department, at St. George, Utah, two or three days ago. Judge Olive spent some time in Duluth while Hoke Smith was secretary of the interior. He was regarded as Hoke Smith's personal representative while here and was looked upon as being entrusted with the delicate missions upon which the secretary had to send some one upon whose judgment he could confidently rely. It was Judge Olive who investigated the charges made against Register Taylor a couple of years ago.

No reason can be assigned for his suicide, the dispatches say, except depression or disappointment over the loss of his position, for he had just been notified that his successor had been appointed. He then put a bullet through his brain. He was quite prominent in Georgia politics in past years.

Are Being Settled.

Judge Cant in district court this morning took up the trial of court cases, the last jury case but one having been completed. The case of Mary J. Stuntz against M. O. Hall, et al, was taken up first, but it was continued. This case with two others of a similar nature are in process of settlement. The plaintiff, by the guardian, alleged that M. O. Hall defrauded her of property by inducing her to sign mortgages while she was insane and incapable of transacting business. She sued to recover the property, and the cases were settled by giving her some land in Washington county.

Judge Ensign today was still hearing the Garfield avenue mandamus case.

WINDOW BOXES

We have put up some collections—enough to fill an ordinary window box and make it pretty all summer—

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

We fill boxes—crowd them full—at 40c to 50c per foot; this is our ordinary price. Three-foot box, $1.20.

WE KEEP GOOD THINGS.

LINDSAY GREENHOUSES, 52nd ave. east.

Lakeside cars stop at the door.

120 West Superior Street.

Your Money, Diamonds, Jewelry and Valuable Papers are safe in the

Duluth Safety Deposit Vaults

Strictly Burglar and Fire Proof (Diebold's Safe—Yale time lock.) You are cordially invited to call and inspect them, 3 West Superior street. ROBT. B. EYSTER, Mgr.

ADVICE GIVEN FREE

All matters treated confidentially.

Benson's Detective Agency. Offices in Exchange Building.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

FIFTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY, JUNE 4, 1897. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Five hundred Men's $10 and $12 Suits for

$6.75

Store Open Saturday Night Till 10:30. The BIG DULUTH Store Open Saturday Night 10:30.

Last week we closed out from a large New York clothing manufacturer 500 Men's $10 and $12 Suits at a very low price. The Suits arrived today and the entire 500 Suits will be placed on sale tomorrow at the uniform price of $6.75. Bear in mind that not one suit in this entire lot of 500 was ever sold before at less than $10.00. The Suits are made of fine all-wool fabrics in Fancy Cheviots, plain blue and black Cheviots, the very newest of Cassimeres in brown plaids, checks and broken plaids, the latest in beautiful Homespuns, the nobbiest in plain and fancy Worsteds. Your choice of any in the entire lot

Six Seventy-Five

For Saturday we'll sell

Men's Mackintosh Coats at
$4.00, $5.00, $6.50, $8, $10
Boys' Mackintosh Coats at
$2.95 and $3.50
Men's Rain Coats at
$1.75, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00
Boys' Rain Coats at
$1.45, $2.00 and $2.50

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125-127 West Superior Street.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

Furnish Electric Current For Light and Power.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT and POWER Co.

Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.

OFFICES—Rooms 4-5-6. 216 W. Sup. St. Duluth.

L. MENDENHALL. Established 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

HIS WIDOW FIGHTS.

Mrs. Rizal Stirs Up the Philippine Rebels.

Tacoma, Wash., June 4.—News has been received here, via Hong Kong, that the beautiful widow of Dr. Rizal is now commanding a company of Philippine Island rebels, armed with rifles, making her headquarters at Naic, Cavite province. Last month definite information received stated that she and her company were in Cavite, awaiting the expected activities of the Spanish troops in that section.

Mrs. Rizal was a step-daughter of a retired Hong Kong gentleman, who went to Manila for his health. There his daughter met Dr. Rizal and married him against her parent's wishes. When her husband was captured and shot, Mrs. Rizal determined to devote her life to the cause he had espoused, and as soon as her preparations could be made she took the field. The Spanish minister at Tokio received telegrams May 19, stating that the Spanish had just won three victories in Cavite province, inflicting heavy losses on the rebels.

INTERNATIONAL COMMERCE OFFICERS.

Philadelphia, June 4.—The international commerce conference this morning elected officers of the international advisory board for the ensuing year. The new officers are: President, Robert Bleackley, of the New Orleans chamber of commerce; vice presidents for the United States, P. A. B. Widener, of Philadelphia; William R. Grace, of New York, and Zina R. Carter, vice president of the Chicago board of trade. Vice presidents for the Southern republics, Brazil, Col. Dr. Mendez; Mexico, Ferrari Perez; Argentina, Carlos Klett; Uruguay, F. De Murguiondo; Chili, Carlos Rogers; Venezuela, Antonio E. Delima; Peru, Calixto Pfeiffer; Costa Rica, Mauro Hernandez; San Salvador, F. Ederic Majia; British Guiana, L. H. Richter.

BELONG TO THE STATE.

Submerged Lands on Chicago's Lake Front.

Chicago, June 4.—Judge Gibbons today decided the case of the attorney general of Illinois against Alexander H. Revell, involving the right of the owners of property on the lake shore to reclaim submerged lands. Judge Gibbons decided that the submerged lands are the property of the state, and he sustained the act of 1895, giving the Lincoln park commissioners control of such lands for park purposes.

SUES FOR $200,000.

Trenton, N. J., June 4.—Carroll Robbins, counsel for Vice Chancellor John Bird, receiver for the Trenton Rubber company, has served papers on ex-Mayor Frank A. Magowan in a suit for $272,000 and interest, making a total of about $300,000. This is for money which, according to the books of the rubber company, Magowan has overdrawn on his accounts. The sale of ex-Mayor Magowan's personal property is going on today.

ALL HANDS DISCHARGED.

Pittsburg, June 4.—This was pay day at Jones & Laughlin's and as each man was paid he was told the mill would start Monday and was asked if he intended to report for work then. Every man said "No," unless their demands were granted, and all were discharged. There are now 3700 men on strike and trouble is feared when an attempt is made to start non-union men Monday.

WON THE EPSOM OAKS.

London, June 4.—At the fourth day's racing of the Epsom summer meeting today, Jenning's chestnut filly Limason won the Oaks stakes of 4500 sovereigns. Lord Rosebery's Chelandry was second, and Lord Ellesmere's Fertalie third. The Oaks stakes is of 4500 sovereigns for 3-year-old fillies, distance about one mile and a half.

LYNCHED

Negro Ravisher Click Mitchell Hanged By a Determined Urbana Mob.

Springfield Militia Came to Protect Him But Marched Away Again.

Prisoner Probably Kicked Almost to Death Before the Hanging.

Columbus, Ohio, June 4.—A special dispatch to the Dispatch from Urbana, Ohio, says: "Click Mitchell, a negro brute, has paid the penalty for his foul crime with his life. An outraged people have taken the law into their own hands and meted out to Mitchell the punishment he so richly deserved, and have obeyed the command and wish of his prostrate and, as announced, dying victim. The sensational and unfortunate events of the night intensified the feeling against Mitchell, if that was possible, and the determination became general that the brute should never leave the town alive.

After the firing of the militia on the crowd of spectators during the early morning hours, Governor Bushnell ordered Company B, Third Infantry, of Springfield, to come here at once. The Springfield militia arrived here at 7:10 this morning and left their special train on the outskirts of the city, or near the waterworks. The company, thirty-six strong, under Capt. Bradbury, marched up town to the jail, where they found 2000 people surrounding it. The company marched into the jail yard and were met by Hon. M. Lomis, who said to Capt. Bradbury: "We don't want you now."

"Who are you?"

"I am the deputy sheriff," replied Lomis. "There is the sheriff over there," pointing to Mayor Ganson, who at that particular moment came forward from the crowd on the court house steps and proceeded to address the militia and the crowd. The mayor assured the militia their services were not wanted; that the people were law-abiding and would assist him in preserving order; that the company could leave the court house yard; when their services were needed he would send for them. The Springfield company, without waiting for further orders, marched down street to the depot, without as much as the sheriff seeing them. The local milltary company had previously refused to serve longer.

With no resistance offered, the crowd at once made a rush for the side door of the jail. Two strong and determined men kicked it down in short order and gained admission to the jail, the crowd following. There were plenty of sledge hammers, chisels and other tools in the crowd and the men went to work. The crowd had previously forced themselves up stairs into the private apartments of the sheriff, and after looking about found a bunch of keys which had been hid away, and which proved to be the keys to the jail. The crowd got into the jail in short order. They did not wait to unlock the door to Mitchell's cell, but burst the lock with a sledge hammer and the door soon flew open. Mitchell was standing in his cell and offered no resistance and did not utter a word. Someone in the crowd had a rope and it was placed over the brute's neck, and the crowd made for the door, Mitchell following at the end.

In going down the steps on the outside of the jail Mitchell fell down and the rope slipped off his neck. The crowd surrounded him, jumping on him like a thousand hungry dogs after one bone. The brute was kicked, beaten and almost killed right then and there. The rope was quickly slipped over his head again and a rush was made for a tree in the court house yard. The end was thrown over a good strong limb and a thousand willing hands pulled the wretch up. The end was tied to the iron fence and Mitchell was left hanging there in full view of several thousand people to die the death he had brought upon himself.

All this was done in a shorter time than it actually takes to tell the story. The lynching took place at about 7:20 this morning. The men taking part in it made no attempt to disguise themselves, but it is not known who did the work, and the person who attempts to find out will get himself into serious trouble. This much is known, however, they did their work well, and that is all the people wish to know.

It is doubtful if Mitchell died from the effects of the hanging. His miserable life had been almost kicked out of him when he fell down. If any life remained in his carcass it was strangled out. It is the general opinion that he was unconscious when strung up. His body was left hanging for an hour or more and the people of the city flocked to see it. All classes of people came to witness the spectacle. It was finally cut down and placed in an undertaker's box and left lying in the court house yard, open to public gaze.

THE MILITIA SHOOT.

And Two Urbana People Are Killed Outright.

Urbana, Ohio, June 4.—In this city at 2:30 this morning, two men were killed and six more seriously wounded, with one more that may die. When the shooting occurred an attempt was being made to lynch the negro "Click" Mitchell, by a mob, who were entering the jail from the rear. The militia were in the hall, on the second floor, and standing at the window. Higgins, of West Liberty, and another man had sledge hammers in their hands and had broken the glass in the door leading to the hall from which the jail is entered. Suddenly the militia opened fire without warning and Higgins fell back with the exclamation: "My God, I am shot!" Then followed the scene of death and destruction that brought others down. One of the panic-stricken citizens exclaimed: "No one is safe here except Mitchell!"

This city of 6000 inhabitants is an unusually orderly one. With its colleges it has always had the highest reputation, but pandemonium reigned last night. Recently Mrs. Eliza Gaumer, the widow of the late publisher of the Urbana Democrat, was criminally assaulted by "Click" Mitchell, a notorious negro who was arraigned last Wednesday, but his victim was too ill to appear in court. The man was taken to her home for identification. As he entered the door she raised herself on her elbow and exclaimed: "The brute. Hang him. How dare you face me, you brute!"

In default of $1000 bail, Mitchell was locked up in the city prison, but on account of the feeling was removed to the county jail the same night for safe keeping. That night the jail was surrounded by a threatening mob that was held back by the sheriff's posse and the local company of the Ohio National Guard. Last night the situation was more threatening than ever and Governor Bushnell was called on for assistance, but he refused to order the militia from any other place here. This city is only twenty miles from Springfield and forty miles from Columbus, from which places troops could soon have been transported, but it was thought that Mitchell could be taken to the penitentiary quietly.

The grand jury was impanelled yesterday and Mitchell was indicted for criminal assault. Then the crowd was thrown off the trail by bringing Mitchell into court in a soldier's uniform. Mitchell was scared, pleading guilty and was sentenced to the limit of twenty years. The trial lasted only a few moments and Mitchell wanted to get to the penitentiary at Columbus quickly, but when the carriage drove up to the jail, the crowd rushed in to get Mitchell and lynch him. Another crowd surrounded the depot. The sheriff remained fortified in jail with his prisoner while the militia patrolled about the ground. The crowds would not disperse, and at 2:30 a. m., they broke through the lines of soldiers and were about entering the jail when the soldiers opened fire.

Hon. Daniel R. Gaumer, publisher of the Zanesville Signal, and Hon. Charles M. Gaumer, formerly publisher of the Mansfield Shield, are brothers-in-law of the victim. They are here with Mrs. Gaumer, who is still in a critical condition.

It was 2:30 this morning when the militia opened fire on the crowd. The volley resulted in Harry Bell, of this city, being shot through the head and killed instantly. A young man named Higgins was shot through the body and killed instantly. Dennis Grancey, of Urbana, was shot in the right foot. Dr. Charles Thompson, of North Lewisburg, received a slight wound on the forehead; Wesley Bowen, of Cable, shot in hip and wounded seriously; Ray Dickinson, living near the city, was shot in the shoulder. Ray McClure, of Urbana, was shot through the muscle of right arm. G. Welser, who was standing on the street, received a slight wound on face, and John Wank was shot in the foot. Ralph McComb was shot in the arm.

BOTH ARE AMBITIOUS.

Heatwole and McCleary Looking For Higher Honors.

Washington, June 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative McCleary will leave Washington for his home in Mankato tomorrow. It is probable that he will not return to Washington until the regular session next December. Representative Heatwole is en route home, and will remain, unless recalled by important business.

It is probable that both McCleary and Heatwole will devote some time to rebuilding their political fences. Heatwole does not expect to be re-elected to congress, but would like to come to the senate or be named for Minnesota's next governor. McCleary has similar ambitions, but will not give up his seat in the lower house unless he is sure he can land one of the other big prizes. By the way, McCleary is anxious to be appointed chairman of the banking and currency committee, and Speaker Reed may give him this position, turning down Walker, of Massachusetts.

WILL BE RESTORED.

Duty of Twenty Per Cent on Barrel Staves.

Washington, June 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Northwestern senators are vigorously protesting against the action of senate finance committee in putting barrel staves and bolts on the free list, and it is understood that the committee has decided to restore the duty of 20 per cent ad valorem. Most of the staves now used in the manufacture of barrels come from Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan.

PORTUGUESE MISSION.

Falls to Lawrence Townsend, a Pennsylvania Man.

Washington, June 4.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

State—Lawrence Townsend, of Pennsylvania, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Portugal.

Treasury—Ellis H. Roberts, of New York, to be treasurer of the United States.

Conrad N. Jordan, of New York, to be assistant treasurer of the United States at New York City; William E. Andrews, of Nebraska, to be auditor for the treasury department; William W. Brown, of Pennsylvania, to be auditor for the war department.

THE DENVER FIRE.

Denver, Col., June 4.—The fire this morning in the Batterson & Thomas block, for which a general alarm was turned in, was extinguished with a loss of only about $10,000. Assistant Fire Chief Freweu was seriously injured by falling. The building is owned by Quincy A. Shaw, of Boston.

HEKLA IS SIGHTED.

New York, June 4.—A cable dispatch has been received from London stating that the steamer Hekla, which was in collision with the Atlantic Transport line steamer Mississippi, passed the Butt of Lewis, Hebrides Island, today.

PANTON & WHITE

GLASS BLOCK STORE.

Saturday Bargains!

STORE OPEN UNTIL 10 P. M.

Tomorrow will be a harvest for thrifty buyers, as in addition to the items advertised, unusually low prices will prevail all over the Big Store. What one dollar will buy here Saturday would take two anywhere else. Besides, you have a quarter million dollar stock to select from, comprising all the latest, choicest, newest, up-to-date Merchandise the market produces.

Ladies and Children's Hosiery and Underwear.

Ladies' Fine Gauge Full seamless fast black Cotton Hose, double heel and toes, worth 20c, Saturday Special..... 12½c

Children's 3 thread 1x1 rib black hose double knee, no seams, famous Itsadandy make, Saturday Special..... 15c

Children's Best Quality Imported Real Maco Cotton Hose, double knee, 1x1 rib, Hermsdorf black, sizes 5 to 9 Saturday..... 25c

AT LAST—The Famous U. S. School Hose are in, in all sizes.

Ladies' bleached Peeler Vests, square neck, no sleeves, taped neck and arms, worth 15c, Saturday Special..... 9c

More of those Ladies' Stylish elegantly trimmed Vests in Maco Cotton or Lisle thread just in, as before your choice..... 25c

Gents' Furnishings.

Gents' fine Dress Shirts laundered, worth $1.00, Saturday 75c

Gents' best 20c 4-ply Linen Collars, all shapes, Saturday. 12½c

Gents' Silk Stripe, Rubber Cord End Suspenders, worth 35c, Saturday..... 19c

Gents' Imported Cotton Half Hose, black or tan, exceptional values, Saturday at..... 12½c, 25c and 35c

Gents' fine Ecru 1x1 Ribbed Undersuits and Drawers, worth 39c each, Saturday each 25c

Gents' best Maco Cotton French Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, twin needle seam throughout, the best 75c underwear in town, Saturday..... 50c

Gents' or Ladies' best Imported French Madras string ties, washable and hand turned, latest patterns, superior to any 25c silk tie made, Saturday 12½c

BARGAIN COUNTER NO. 1.

Laces! Laces! Laces! 3 Great Lots.

LOT 1—500 yds. Machine Torchon and Pillow Lace from 1 to 5 inches wide, Saturday per yd..... 2c

LOT 2—2000 yds Laces of different kinds from 3 to 5 inches wide, extra value at, per yd 5c

LOT 3—Great lot of Cream and White Oriental Normandy Vals and other popular laces at per yd..... 10c

Saturday's Bargains in Dress Goods.

AT 15c—All Wool French Serge and All Wool Fancy Mixtures, regular 25c qualities for, yd ... 15c

AT 27½c—50 pieces All Wool Fancy Dress Stuffs and English Covert Cloths, genuine 50c and 60c qualities for Saturday we cut the price to..... 27½c

AT 47½c—20 pieces Imported Dress Stuffs in Silk and Wool and All Wool Fancies, regular $1.00 and $1.25 Fabrics, Saturday cut to 47½c

FANCY SILKS 18c—Fancy Pongee and Changeable Foulard Silks, 35c and 39c values, Sat. cut to. 18c

LINING SPECIAL—36-inch black Kustle Taffeta and 36-inch Silesias in all colors, 12½c and 15c values, for Saturday we cut the price to... 7½c

Wash Goods Specials.

36-inch Percales and Bates' Seersucker Ginghams in 50 styles to choose from, our 12½c and 15c qualities, cut for Saturday to... 7½c

Indigo Blue Prints and Light Colored Organdies and Dimities, 10c and 12½c qualities, cut to.. 4½c

Amoskeag Apron Ginghams — 100 pieces of the best quality of apron Ginghams, absolutely fast color and never sold less than 7c, for Saturday cut to..... 5c

BARGAIN COUNTER No. 2.

UMBRELLAS—Gents 28-in Silk serge steel rod Umbrellas, usually sold all over at $2; Saturday at $1.39

We have opened the best assortment of Ladies' Parasols in Duluth, at our usual low cash prices, from most elegant things at $8.50 down to our great special at each 99c

Drugs.

	Reg. Price.	Special Price
S. S. S. (large size)	$1.75	$1 29
Mellin's Food	75c	57c
Cuticura Resolvent ...	1.00	71c
Condensed Milk, Eagle Brand	25c	15c
Pennyroyal Pills.....	2.00	1 45
Pears Soap (unscented)	15c	10c

Cloak Room Barg'ns.

One Lot—Ladies' Fancy Checked Dress Skirts, lined with fine percaline, velvet bound, worth $3.50 Saturday's special... $1.98

One Lot—Children's Jackets, all the new empire styles, worth $1.50; Saturday's special..... 98c

DOTTED SWISS DIMITY

Ladies' Shirt Waists

One Lot—Ladies' fine Shirt Waists of Dotted Swiss, Linens and Organdies, worth $1.50—for Saturday..... 98c

One Lot—Shirt Waists of fine Grass Linens, Organdies and Batiste, worth up to $2.25—this lot for Saturday at..... $1.49

Corset Bargains.

One lot of those Kabo Summer Corsets, worth 65c—for Saturday..... 33c

Balance of those Boys' Blouse Waists go at..... 29c

Laundered Waists for Boys —Saturday at..... 39c

Basement Bazar.

Pictures and Wall Pockets Marked at Prices to hasten their going.

10 in landscapes and assorted subjects, white enamel frames, sold at 25c—to close, each..... 12c

15 American Chromos, very pretty scenes, white enamel frames, sold at 35c—to close..... 17c

10 Wall Pockets in Artotype engravings, white enamel frames, sold at 48c—to close..... 23c

2 Oak Frames in Fruit and Hunter Scenes, sold at $2.75—to close..... $1.25

2 gold frames, subjects, "Boy and Girl," "Ideal Heads," sold $2.75..... $1.25

3 in seeded white enamel frames; Artotype engravings, "Psyche at Nature's Mirror," "The Life Saver" and "Autumn," sold at $6.50—to close..... $3.19

1 frame of oak, scene "Wild Ducks," sold at $3.00—to close $1.50

3 very handsome landscape scenes, white and gold enamel frames, round, sold at $6.50; to close..... $2.95

1 in Water Colors, landscape scene, frame in gold and enamel, sold at $8.50—to close $3.95

SEE OUR CENTER TABLES MARKED AT LESS THAN COST—JUST A FEW.

Shoe Dept. Good Goods—Right Prices.

Ladies' Dongola Kid, Button, Yale toe, formerly sold at $2.50, our price Saturday..... $1.98

Misses' Dongola Kid, Button, Good-year welt Shoes, former price $2.50—our price to close out the lot Saturday..... $1.50

Women's Glove Grain and Kid Slippers, all sizes..... 59c

Ladies' Julia Marlow Kid Slippers in Chocolate and black $1.75

Misses and Children's Kid Shoes in Tan, Oxblood and Black..... 98c

Extraordinary Values in Millinery Department.

FOR SATURDAY ONLY.

100 Ladies' Trimmed Hats, the $5.00 kind, each $3.39

200 Children's Trimmed Hats, good value at $3.50, each..... $1.75

500 Ladies' Sailors in all colors, the $1.75 qualities, each..... $1.19

Glove Department.

Saturday's Special Prices.

We will sell you for one day only Ladies' Taffeta Gloves in black and colors, that you will find selling elsewhere at 30c to 35c per pair, for Saturday..... 19c

We will sell three-clasp French Kid Gloves that others would call cheap at $2.00 per pair, Saturday..... $1.50

Silverware Dept.

1847 Roger Bros. Silver plate that wears. And we are now headquarters for Roger Bros. complete line. These prices are new to you.

1847 Roger Bros. Knives, per doz $3.75

1847 Roger Bros. Forks, per doz..... $3.75

1847 Roger Bros. Tea Spoons, per doz..... $2.50

1847 Roger Bros. Dessert Spoons, per doz..... $4.50

1847 Roger Bros. Table Spoons, per doz..... $5.00

Everything else in the line at correspondingly low prices. See our window display.

Bargain Counter No. 3

50 doz Ladies' Bows and Tecks, worth 20c to 30c each, at..... 10c

All Ladies' silk and satin Tecks, regular price 50c, Saturday ..... Half Price

Jewelry Department

Black Silk Belts with engraved Buckle, worth 45c, special..... 25c

Free—one belt pin with every belt.

Leather Belts in all the new and popular grains, worth 50c, for 35c

Free, one belt clasp with every belt.

Shirt Waist Sets, pearl, gold and silver plated and fine enameled sets, now selling at 75c per set, special..... 50c

Alarm Clocks, made and warranted by the Ansonia Clock Co., regular price $1.25, special 90c

Notions.

Milward's Needles, per paper..... 3½c

Dress Stays, same exactly as the celebrated "Twin" Stay, in packages of one dozen, or assorted sets, worth 15c, for..... 7c

Kleinert's Featherweight Shields, No. 3, sold everywhere for 20c per pair, for..... 15c

Basting Cotton, one large spool, worth 3c everywhere, for..... 1c

Brass Thimbles, all sizes, for 1c

Corset Laces in gray only, 3 yards long, and sold usually, for 3c, now..... 1c

Trimmings.

Jet Garnitures—We have a few odd numbers that are now selling for $1.19 and $1.25, to close we make them ..... HALF PRICE

Jet and Colored Garnitures—We still have about 8 choice patterns, that are worth $1.50, and as a magnet for Saturday we mark them half price, 75c

Great Cut in Paper Bound Books.

The stock we now have on hand is composed of many first class books, but odds and ends of several series, so to make room for our new line, we say:

5c Books for..... 2½c

10c Books for..... 6c

15c Books for..... 8c

RAND, McNALLY'S MAPS.

25c Pocket Atlas for..... 13c

15c Vest Pocket Maps, for..... 9c

25c Indexed Pocket Atlas for.... 12c

The above are Rand, McNally's latest issue.

FINE SOCIETY ENGRAVING.

PANTON & WHITE

MANTLE

Montana Senator Addresses the Senate Opposing the Wool Schedule.

Wool Growers of the West Demand Some Different Legislation.

Proposed Rates of Duty Afford No Protection of Any Kind.

Washington, June 4.—The announcement that Senator Mantle would speak in opposition to the wool schedule of the tariff bill drew a number to the senate chamber to hear him.

Senator Mantle addressed the senate for two hours today upon the subject of wool. He said that there had been no opportunity for presenting the wool growers' side of the contention in the other branch of congress, for the reason that owing to the brief time allowed for debate the wool schedule had never been reached in that body. He presented fully and supported with numerous tables and statistics the wool growers' side of the controversy, and showed the enormous losses sustained by the wool growers in the depreciation in value of sheep and wool during the past six years. He declared that by reason of the enormous importations in anticipation of the enactment of the tariff law the wool growers would not receive much benefit from a protective tariff for four years to come.

He asserted that whenever a tariff law is to be enacted the powerful manufacturing interests of the country, with their compact and effective organizations, are always on the ground and in the committee rooms pressing their claims and pushing their interests, while the farmers and wool growers and producers of raw materials generally are an isolated and scattered class, from the nature of their vocations, and were thus lacking in effective organization, hence in the past their interests had been neglected and they had not received their just share of protection. The great majority of the wool growers of the country are, he said, protectionists and Republicans. Most of them are believers in the free coinage of gold and silver independently by this country, but the question of protection and free coinage having been divided in the last campaign, the wool growers accepting the pledge contained in the Republican national platform in favor of "ample protection for wool," and believing protection to be the paramount issue, cast their votes in the doubtful states for President McKinley and elected him. The tariff bill, as it passed the house and as now amended by the senate, utterly fails to meet the expectations of the wool growers and is regarded by them largely as a repudiation of the Republican pledge of "ample protection for wool."

The wool growers of the country, he continued, are indignant over this treatment of their interests, and he warned the Republicans that they must change the proposed rates or they would lose the support of this numerous element in the ensuing campaigns. He asserted that the McKinley law had not afforded the necessary protection to the wool growers, and quoted statistics to prove the assertion. He charged that it was full of loop-holes, permitting fraud and evasion, and was especially emphatic in his denunciation of the ad valorem duties proposed on third-class wools. The senator quoted Senator Aldrich's statement that the proposed senate rates would give from 10 to 20 per cent more protection to the wool growers than they had ever received under any former tariff, and produced statistics to show that the proposed rates were much lower instead of being higher. He enumerated the objections of the wool growers as follows:

1. To the skirting clause.
2. To the ad valorem duties on third-class wools.
3. To the admission of washed wools in second class without payment of additional duties.
4. To the admission of washed and scoured wools on the third class without the payment of additional duties.
5. To the imperfect classifications which permit evasions.

Referring to the large importation of cheap Chinese and other wool produced by like cheap labor, and which comes into competition with American grown wools at rates of duty which Mr. Mantle said afford no protection whatever, he inquired if this policy was not quite as hurtful to the American wool grower as Chinese cheap labor to the industrial wage-earners of the country. In this connection Mr. Mantle continued: "To my mind, the importations of cheap goods produced by ill-paid and degraded labor which comes into competition with like products of our own country without the payment of adequate protective rates are, if possible, more harmful than the importation of the cheap laborer himself. If the laborer comes he must at least live and must help to consume some of the surplus products of our farms and factories. Not only this, but he becomes amenable to our laws. If he acquires property he must pay taxes upon it and thus contribute to the support of our government. If he engages in business among us he must pay for the privilege of doing so, and under these conditions there is at least some slight hope that by contact with an enlightened and progressive people, living in an atmosphere of liberty and enjoying the blessings of a free government, he may possibly gather inspiration from his surroundings and in time become a useful citizen. But when this cheap labor comes in the form of a box of merchandise or a bale of wool, without payment of an adequate protective duty, it monopolizes our market, injures our producers, degrades our labor and takes employment from our own citizens without any just compensation.

"If the laborer himself comes, he may perhaps be induced to co-operate with our own laborers for the protection of labor interests; he can be talked to and reasoned with; but the American wage-earner cannot argue with a box of cheap foreign merchandise, neither can the American farmer argue with a bale of cheap Chinese wool."

In concluding his remarks he quoted from a speech delivered by President McKinley to the Ohio wool growers in 1895, and commenting upon the speech, said he commended those utterances, particularly to the distinguished senator from that state (Hanna), whose re-election, he said, will depend upon next fall's campaign. Mr. Mantle declared that no protective tariff can ever again endure in this nation which does not fully guard the interests of the great mass of producers of what are known as raw materials, and among these he declared the protection of wool is the most important. It is the keystone to the great arch of protection, and unless it be well guarded and preserved the whole structure must fall to the ground.

DULUTH FACTORIES.

They Are Employing More Hands Than Last Year.

St. Paul, June 4.—Deputy Inspector Hammond of the state labor bureau has filed with the bureau the result of his recent factory inspection at Duluth, and the showing made by the Zenith City is most gratifying. Eighty factories inspected employed 2975 persons, of whom 142 were women and only 6 under the 16-year limit. In 1896 the total number of employes was 2335, including 122 women and 17 minors. This shows an increase in the number of people employed of 27 per cent over the year 1896. The greatest per cent of increase was in the flour business, the number having jumped from 90 to 250 within the year. But four branches employing fifty or more persons are operating with a reduced force, as follows.

	1896.	1897.
Hardware	100	66
Woodworking	156	153
Printing	182	170
Boots and shoes	89	56

HE STOLE THE $13,600.

St. Paul, June 4.—The mystery of the disappearance of the sum of $13,600 from the National German American bank in this city on Saturday last was cleared up last evening, when Assistant Paying Teller Zschau, who was arrested Wednesday, confessed to the theft.

Zschau had a confederate, George K. Jackson, a salesman for the Nonotuck Silk company, and suspicion was first fixed on the two by reason of the fact that on Saturday last Jackson made a deposit of $5600 in the First National bank of this city, withdrawing it later in the day. This fact came to the ears of the officials, and as Jackson was a bosom friend of Teller Zschau, led to the arrest of both, and the subsequent confession.

Seven thousand nine hundred dollars of the stolen money was found by a member of Zschau's family, buried beneath the floor of his father's cooper shop. It was turned over to the bank.

CANUCKS AND KINETOSCOPES.

Ottawa, Ont., June 4.—There was a lively discussion in the senate on the bill of Oliver Mowat, minister of justice, to prohibit the exhibition or importation of kinetoscope pictures of prize fights under a penalty of $5000. A motion to kill the bill was rejected by 20 to 16 and the opposition senators then proposed amending clauses to prohibit Canadian newspapers publishing descriptions of fights; to prohibit the entry of foreign papers containing them, and to prohibit people talking about fights at all. The first two amendments were adopted. The penalty was then reduced to $1000, and the bill reported to the house of commons. It is altogether likely the bill will pass the house as amended.

PROF. DYCHE'S JOURNEY.

Lawrence, Kans., June 4.—Professor L. L. Dyche has left here for the Pacific coast and it is given out by the Kansas university authorities that he intends to spend the summer studying in the laboratory of Leland Stanford university. It is rumored, however, that Professor Dyche is off on another Alaskan expedition and that he desires not to have the fact known.

$29.00.

TO SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, ETC.

St. Paul & Duluth railroad will sell June 29 to July 3, one way, tickets to San Francisco at rate of $29.00. Choice of routes. Account Christian Endeavor convention. Particulars at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building.

Household goods stored in good brick storehouse for $1 per ton per month.
DULUTH VAN CO., 212 W. Superior st.
P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

A man may say or think what he pleases but just the same, personal appearance cuts a big figure in success. A well-dressed, neat, cleanly looking man, with the fresh countenance of health will, other things being equal, outstrip the man who isn't wholesome-looking. Many men imagine that hard work—"hustling" they call it—counts for everything. In the long run the easy-going man who takes time to think of his health and his personal appearance outstrips the reckless, neglectful "hustler." Many men are held back in the struggle of life by their personal appearance. Through neglect of the digestion their blood gets full of impurities and humors which show themselves on the face and body in the shape of skin affections, blotches, eruptions, eczema and scrofula.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery drives all impurities from the blood and cures all forms of skin affections. It is the great blood purifier, liver invigorator and flesh builder. It corrects all disorders of the digestion. Thousands have testified to its merits. Druggists sell it.

Wm. Smothers, Esq., of Millston, Jackson, Co., Wis., writes: "I wish to say that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the best medicine for the grip that I have ever tried."

"Health is the best endowment" and a health-preserver the best investment. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser teaches women how to take care of the health of every member of the family. It saves doctor's bills. It contains 1008 pages, over 300 illustrations. Several chapters are devoted to the reproductive physiology of women and diseases that unfit young women for wifehood and young wives for motherhood. For paper-covered copy, send 21 one-cent stamps, to cover the cost of mailing *only*, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. For fine cloth binding, send 10 cents extra, 31 cents in all.

RESPITE

Durrant Will Have at Least Four Months More of Life.

Permission Granted to Appeal to United States Supreme Court.

Execution Will Probably Not Occur Until End of the Year.

San Francisco, June 4.—Theodore Durrant will not be hanged on next Friday. His attorneys have gained for him a new lease of life for four months at least, and the condemned man made merry in his cell last night when he heard the cheerful news. He had become resigned to his fate, and his tearful eyes had turned to the Bible as his only solace, when information was received at the prison that Judge Gilbert of the United States circuit court had granted his attorneys permission to appeal to the United States supreme court from his order made on Wednesday, denying the application for a writ of habeas corpus.

The appeal will be perfected today when Theodore Durrant's father will file a bond of $500 to cover the costs of the appeal. Even if the appeal should be dismissed early in the term, the thirty days allowed by the state law between the time when the day for execution is fixed and the day of execution would carry the matter pretty well toward the end of the year.

No notice of formal stay of execution, however, has been given. Attorney General Fitzgerald has not yet advised Warden Hale not to proceed with the execution on June 11, but he has given verbal advice to Warden Aull, of Folsom, in the Worden case, and the Durrant case stands on precisely the same footing. Durrant's attorneys regard their immediate labors in his behalf as at an end and are preparing for their next effort, which will be before the United States supreme court.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—New York, 6; Louisville, 1. Second game—New York, 10; Louisville, 6.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 0; St. Louis, 1.
At Boston—Boston, 6; Cleveland, 1.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 10; Pittsburg, 1.
At Baltimore with Cincinnati, rain.
At Washington with Chicago, rain.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Columbus—Columbus, 9; Milwaukee, 7; eleven innings.
At Detroit—Detroit, 3; Minneapolis, 11.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 0; St. Paul, 4.
At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 10; Kansas City, 2.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	32	24	.750
Cincinnati	35	23	.657
Boston	34	22	.647
Pittsburg	32	19	.594
New York	31	17	.548
Cleveland	33	17	.515
Brooklyn	34	17	.500
Philadelphia	36	18	.500
Louisville	34	16	.471
Chicago	34	12	.353
Washington	31	9	.290
St. Louis	36	7	.194

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
St. Paul	39	28	.718
Milwaukee	36	23	.639
Indianapolis	34	20	.588
Columbus	33	19	.576
Detroit	35	17	.486
Minneapolis	38	15	.395
Kansas City	38	12	.316
Grand Rapids	35	11	.314

KILLED BY A BICYCLIST.

Kansas City, Mo., June 4.—Madison Staley, a wealthy stockman, aged 55 years, died last night from injuries received in being run down by a bicycle ridden by Nelson J. Stevens, an insurance agent. Stevens lost control of his wheel in attempting to ride down a steep grade on Eighth street from Walnut to Main, striking Staley, fracturing his skull. Mr. Stevens surrendered to the police, but was released.

A CHEROKEE PROTEST.

Tahlequah, I. T., June 4.—A delegation of full-blooded Cherokee Indians have left here for Washington, where they will protest to President McKinley against the changes proposed in the Indian territory. Claiming to represent 12,000 full-blooded Cherokees they will ask the president not to sign the Indian appropriation bill, which carries some of the obnoxious measures. They will also protest against the proposed Dawes treaty.

Your throat is weak. Any unusual exposure or quick change in temperature causes roughness and uneasiness. Sometimes you have a feeling of tightness as if some foreign body were there. You can treat it with troches and washes, but you don't reach the seat of the trouble. Throat weakness is a symptom of more general disturbance. Scott's Emulsion of Cod-liver Oil *does* cure weak throats by healing the inflammation and nourishing and strengthening the system.

For sale by all druggists at 50 cents and $1.00.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

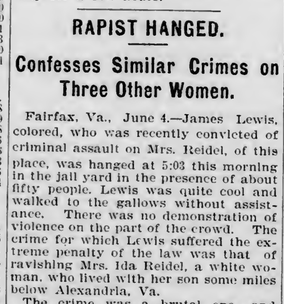
A DANGEROUS WARNING

People are Altogether too Careless in Regard to Coughs and Colds.

The Indians Never Had Them.

We Could be as Free From Such Troubles and as Healthy as They Were if we but Followed Their Example.

There are few people who realize that a cough is really a serious matter, and if neglected, it may result in troubles that never can be remedied. It is but a short step from the first slight tickling in the throat to a severe cough,—and then,—the first thing you know you are down with pneumonia, kept away from your work for weeks, if indeed, you are ever able to go back again. What is worse, this apparently slight cough may develop into consumption. This means months of suffering to be passed through with death the only hope of relief. These coughs, colds and everything resulting from them, were unknown to the Indian. The reason is the Indian's great care and his watchfulness over his



health, and the use at the first symptoms of any trouble, of the remedies which had been used for hundreds of years in his tribe, and which for generations had been proved to be a cure for all such troubles.

All those who suffer from coughs should follow the Indian's example, and take Kickapoo Indian Cough Cure when the first symptoms appear, and they will be like the Indian,—healthy and free from more serious complications.

A few words of praise comes to us from Racine in regard to this wonderful cough remedy, which reads as follows:—

"I had all suffering people: I had a very severe sore throat, Could not speak for a week. My friends recommended me to use Kickapoo Indian Cough Cure. I took three or four doses after four o'clock in the afternoon, and the next morning, to my great surprise, I could speak almost as well as ever. It finally cured me.

Yours truly, Miss Katie Halberstadt,
Racine, Wis."

Kickapoo Indian Cough Cure will positively do the same in your case, if taken from the start. If your cough has gone too far, and your system has, in consequence, become weakened, take Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. It will purify your blood, strengthen your stomach, liver and kidneys, and by making these great organs of the body strong, insure health. To such remedies as these does the Indian owe his perfect health and long life.

Kickapoo Indian Remedies may be had at all druggists.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa sells for $1 per bottle.

POSTAL CONGRESS.

Starts on Its Long Tour of Sight Seeing.

Washington, June 4.—A special train of nine finely appointed Pullman cars left here at 9 o'clock this morning over the Pennsylvania road, carrying the Universal Postal congress on its trip about the country. About 140 persons were aboard, comprising most of the delegates from foreign countries, the United States delegates and postal officials, including Assistant Postmasters General Heath and Shallenberger, together with the ladies of the party.

The train was in charge of Tourist Agent Bell and consisted of four sleeping cars, composite, compartment and observation cars and two dining cars. The trip will occupy about nine days and will embrace many of the leading cities, the stops, however, usually being only for a few hours.

RAPIST HANGED.

Confesses Similar Crimes on Three Other Women.

Fairfax, Va., June 4.—James Lewis, colored, who was recently convicted of criminal assault on Mrs. Reidel, of this place, was hanged at 5:03 this morning in the jail yard in the presence of about fifty people. Lewis was quite cool and walked to the gallows without assistance. There was no demonstration of violence on the part of the crowd. The crime for which Lewis suffered the extreme penalty of the law was that of ravishing Mrs. Ida Reidel, a white woman, who lived with her son some miles below Alexandria, Va.

The crime was a brutal one and stirred the indignation of the people of the surrounding country almost to the lynching point. He had three trials in as many days, the jury in the first two cases being unable to agree and in the last trial declaring him guilty and imposing the death penalty. He asserted his innocence until yesterday, when he admitted that he committed the assault and confessed that he had at various times committed assaults upon three other women, for one of which he served a term in jail.

WILL SELL A CAR PLANT.

St. Louis, June 4.—The master in chancery of Madison county, Ill., will sell on Saturday, June 12, to the highest bidder, the enormous plant of the Madison Car company. The sale will be held to satisfy bonds to the extent of $500,000 issued four years ago on which the interest had been defaulted. The Madison Car company's plant is one of the most expensively and elaborately equipped in the country. Over $1,000,000 is said to have been expended in the purchase of the site and making the improvements. The works cover an area of eleven acres.

PUNISHMENT FOR STRIKERS.

San Francisco, June 4.—Forty ringleaders of the San Quentin strike were sentenced to solitary confinement on bread and water for one month. The allowance of tobacco and possibly sugar and syrup to the others will be cut off at least a year, saving $20,000 to the state. The money will be used to pay for ten extra guards.

POPULISTS WILL STAND ALONE.

Seattle, Wash., June 4.—The state central committee of the Populist party of this state has issued a manifesto to the effect that hereafter the party will stand by itself and fight its own battles.

BANKER DIES SUDDENLY.

Chicago, June 4.—C. R. Pearson, formerly a banker of Belle Plaine, Kans., who was found unconscious in the Grand Central hotel yesterday, died early today.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

There is heavy immigration to Benson county this spring, many of the settlers coming from Indiana, Michigan and Iowa. The number of homestead filings is very large, and the latest arrivals are taking lands fully twenty miles from Minnewaukan, large, and the latest arrivals are taking sands of acres of excellent vacant lands remaining. The amount of new breaking this season, if rain falls soon, will exceed that of any previous year. About 1000 acres within one and one-half miles of this town is now being broken, the land having been held by speculators, and sold recently for about $10 per acre.

The grand jury at Grand Forks returned five indictments against August Normand, two for murder, two for attempted murder and one for rape. The prisoner was arraigned first on the charge of murdering Andrew Adolph Hillestad. Upon the prisoner representing to the court that he had no attorney and no means to employ one, the court appointed Tracy R. Bangs to defend him. After the indictment was read, Attorney Bangs was allowed until tomorrow to plead. The other two indictments were then read. The grand jury is hard at work. A large number of witnesses have been brought in from the country to testify before the grand jury in blind pig cases, indicating that the liquor traffic will be thoroughly shaken up. Other witnesses from all parts of the country will be here to testify before the grand jury.

In district court at Devil's Lake, Judge Morgan presiding, John Anderson, of Church's Ferry, a notorious blind pigger, this morning pleaded guilty to violation of the prohibitory law and was sentenced to ninety days in jail and fined $550. F. T. Ward, another blind pigger of Church's Ferry, was given ninety days in jail and fined $200. In default of payment they will be in jail six months longer. Fred Ames pleaded guilty to grand larceny and was sent to the penitentiary for one year. A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Jack Estes, a blind pigger, who is charged with alienating the affections of another man's wife. Estes cannot be found.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Before the thirty-six capitalists from Pennsylvania, who were in the Black Hills last week, left for their homes, they made many and varied investments in Black Hills soil. Edgemont seems to have captivated them all.

The hot fight by the saloon men and the antis culminated at Redfield, when the council voted to grant licenses to William O'Connell and Matt Goellin. These are the first successful applications since the operation of the new law. The license is fixed at a limit of $1000.

The county auditor at Miller paid out last month about $200 bounty on wolf scalps, 117 being presented, the fee on each being $2.50. They are more plentiful this year than usual. Sometimes a pit containing six or eight young ones is discovered and dug out.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Winners at the Gravesend, New York, races yesterday were Elon Jacket, On Deck, Blue Away, Cassiopia, St. Bartholomew, Uriel and Water Crest.

Northern Texas was visited by a severe rain and rain storm yesterday and crops suffered greatly. At Fort Worth twenty residences were blown from their foundations; at Arlington twelve were similarly treated and one person was fatally injured, and at other places much damage is reported.

The loss of the British ship Zeilka, bound from New York for Wellington, New Zealand, resulted in the death by drowning of twelve men. The disaster to the ship was reported by cable but at the time of the message no details of the loss of life had been received. The disaster occurred during a gale and the first news of it reached Sydney by carrier pigeon.

One of the most extensive counterfeiting plots ever discovered by the secret service bureau was brought to light at New York yesterday, when Richardo D. Requesne and his wife, Eugenia, were arraigned before Commissioner Shields, charged with issuing counterfeit bonds of the Cuban government of the denomination of 100 pesos. It is said that $1,250,000 have been floated.

The King of Siam, Chulalongkorn I, arrived at Rome yesterday. He was received at the railroad station by King Humbert and the crown prince of Italy. A guard of honor was drawn up at the depot, which was surrounded by crowds of people. The Siamese monarch was driven to the Quirinal, where, as the King's guest, he was received by Queen Marguerite and the crown princess.

Dr. S. J. Dorland, of Akron, N. Y., has received notice from D. E. McCann, of Los Angeles, Cal., of the death of his two brothers, Benjamin H. and Peter M. Dorland, formerly of Oakville, Canada. In his letter McCann writes that while the party of seven were prospecting for gold in the Waatsch country, three of them were killed and scalped by Indians.

It is reported that the aldermen of Dublin, at their coming meeting, will elect John Redmond, the Parnellite leader and member of parliament for Waterford city, to the office of lord mayor of Dublin.

ON A FURLOUGH.

A Brave American Aide of Gen. Gomez.

New York, June 4.—When Maj. William D. Smith, who testified concerning Cuban affairs before the senate committee on foreign relations at Washington, was in New York, he was interviewed by the Herald, which says: Maj. Smith was formerly a captain in the United States army and is the only American officer who has reached the field in Cuba. As second chief of the personal escort of Gen. Gomez he has taken part in all the engagements of the last year.

Gomez recently promoted him to the rank of major for bravery displayed on the field, and to more fully show his grateful ordered him on this special mission to New York, at the same time granting him a long furlough to visit his family at Mount Sterling, Wis. He also gave him an order on the junta for his full salary, amounting to about $2500, which has been paid. Maj. Smith stated that he believed that the reports that many Americans were starving in Cuba were greatly exaggerated.

A COURSING DERBY.

Minneapolis, June 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The executive committee of the American Coursing club has added the American Coursing derby for first season greyhounds to the program of the American Waterloo cup meeting to be run at Davenport, Iowa, in October. It is $1000 stake, but $25 entrance.

Catarrh

Mrs. Josephine Polhill, of Due West, S. C., had a severe case of catarrh, which finally became so deep-seated that she was entirely deaf in one ear, and part of the bone in her nose sloughed off. The best physicians treated her in vain, and she used various applications of sprays and washes to no avail. Fourteen bottles of S. S. S. promptly reached the seat of the disease, and cured her sound and well.

CURED BY

SSS

S. S. S. never fails to cure a blood disease, and it is the only remedy which reaches deep-seated cases. *Guaranteed purely vegetable.* Books free; address Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now* Chas. H. Fletcher. *on every bear the fac-simile signature of* wrapper. *This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought.* Chas. H. Fletcher. *on the and has the signature of* wrapper. *No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which ***even he*** does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventy-two thousand seven hundred one and 74-100 dollars ($72,701.74), principal and interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Roger S. Munger and Olive Munger, his wife, mortgagors, to The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of October, A. D. 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on October 2nd, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m. in Book 52 of mortgages on page 271; and

Whereas said mortgagors failed to pay the taxes against said property as provided in said mortgage, and the undersigned on May 12th, 1897, paid delinquent taxes with penalties, interest and costs on the same on the property amounting in all to the sum of nine thousand seven hundred ninety-eight and 50-100 dollars ($9798.50), being for the years 1893, 1894 and 1895; and

Whereas said mortgagors made default in paying assessments against said property which had become delinquent and were paid by the undersigned on May 12th, 1897, amounting in all, with penalties, interest and costs, to three thousand four hundred thirty-two and 65-100 dollars ($3432.65). No part of said taxes and assessments has been repaid to the undersigned, and for which the undersigned claims and has a lien against said premises under the terms of said mortgage. With interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum since May 12th, 1897.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Blocks numbered forty-eight (48) and forty-nine (49), of Third Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds for said county with the hereditaments and appurtenances. Said lands are located in St. Louis County, Minnesota. Said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, county and state aforesaid, on the 26th day of June, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said principal debt and interest, and taxes and assessments, amounting in all to the sum of seventy-nine thousand nine hundred thirty-three and 99-100 dollars ($79,933.99) and interest and two hundred dollars ($200) attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 12th, A. D. 1897.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-14-21-28-June-4-11-18.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of $1065.00, which is claimed to be due, and which is due, at the date of this notice, upon a mortgage, containing a power of sale, made, executed and delivered by Napoleon B. Thayer and Mary Thayer, his wife, of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to Julia A. Ford, of the same place, mortgagee, dated September 1, 1890, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, on September 3, 1890, at 2:10 o'clock p. m. in Book 61 of mortgages, on page 41.

No action or proceeding has been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described, and situate in said St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Lot numbered one hundred forty-five (145), in block numbered forty-three (43), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at public vendue, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the fourteenth day of June, 1897, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the amount due upon said mortgage debt, and interest and $50.00 attorneys' fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the costs and disbursements of such sale allowed by law; subject to redemption within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 30, 1897.

JULIA A. FORD,
Mortgagee.

DIBELL & REYNOLDS,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
802 to 806 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-30-May-7-14-21-28-June-4.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Defaults having been made in the payment of the semi-annual installments of interest which became due on the first day of April, 1896, the first day of October, 1896, and the first day of April, 1897, each being for the sum of one hundred and seventy-seven dollars ($177); which defaults have continued to the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Adaline Hammond and Eleazar S. Hammond, her husband, mortgagors, to The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of April, A. D. 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1893, at 11:15 o'clock a. m. in Book 99 of mortgages on page 97; and

Whereas, said mortgagors made default in paying special assessments against the property, which have become delinquent, payment of which was provided in said mortgage, and the undersigned under the terms of said mortgage on May 10th, 1897, paid said special assessments which had become delinquent, with penalties, costs and interest, amounting to the sum of one hundred twenty-two and 16-100 dollars ($122.16); and

Whereas, said mortgagors made default in paying taxes against the mortgaged premises for the years 1894 and 1895, payment of which was provided in said mortgage, and the undersigned on May 14th, 1897, paid said taxes which had become delinquent on the mortgaged premises, with penalties, costs and interest, amounting to the sum of two hundred fifty-six and 05-100 dollars ($256.05), which the undersigned mortgagee had the right to pay under the terms of said mortgage; and said mortgagee does claim a lien against said mortgaged premises under the terms of said mortgage for the amounts paid as above stated, both for taxes and assessments, and which under the terms of said mortgage become a part of said mortgage debt and bear interest from the days of payment at the rate of six per cent per annum; no part of said sums paid for assessments and taxes have been repaid to the mortgagee.

More than ten days have elapsed since the defaults made in the payment of said installments of interest, and the said The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained.

There is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal on said mortgage debt and interest six thousand four hundred eighty-four and 07-100 dollars ($6484.07) and for taxes and assessments and penalties, costs and interest thereon, paid as above stated, the sum of three hundred seventy-eight and 19-100 dollars ($378.19), making in all the sum of six thousand eight hundred sixty-two and 26-100 dollars ($6862.26). No action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Therefore, notice is hereby given, that under the power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of lot numbered eleven (11), and all of lots numbered twelve (12) and thirteen (13), in block numbered eight (8), New Endion Division of Duluth, according to the accepted and recorded plat thereof, of record in the office of the register of deeds for said county of St. Louis; with the hereditaments and appurtenances, all of said lands being in St. Louis County, Minnesota. Said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 26th day of June, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of six thousand eight hundred sixty-two and 26-100 dollars ($6862.26), and interest thereon and one hundred dollars ($100) attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 14th, 1897.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-14-21-28-June-4-11-18.

First National Bank
OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary

CAPITAL, $500,000.00.
SURPLUS, $250,000.00.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP, Asst. Cashier.

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Received.

DECLINED

Extreme Weakness in the Liverpool Market Caused Lower Wheat Prices.

Fine Weather and a Favorable Ohio Crop Report Were Factors.

A Little Encouragement For Bulls Furnished By a Chicago Trade.

Liverpool was again the leading factor in the wheat market during the morning, a weak opening there causing a like feeling here. A small cash business yesterday, favorable weather and an advance of four points in the condition of the Ohio crop were also factors. When later Liverpool cables were received, showing radical weakness, the market dropped further. Northwest receipts were moderate, reaching 341 cars against 407 last week and 475 the year before.

The taking of 75,000 bus No. 2 spring at from 2c to 2¼c premium over July late yesterday afternoon and early this forenoon was the only encouraging matter the bulls at Chicago had to talk about outside of the threadbare statistics of the trade. The premium of 2¼c being paid for No. 2 spring wheat for shipment was offset by the fact that one of the leading commission houses there was offering June wheat in the pit at 5c over July without finding buyers. The inference from that was that the 2¼c premium had been paid for some choice No. 2 in a special house, and that was generally accepted as explaining the seemingly contradictory character of the trading.

There was a fair amount of trading on the Duluth board. July wheat opened 3c lower at 70¾c and declined to 70c at the end of the first hour. Then it ruled dull throughout the session, touching 69¾c at noon. The close was easy with sellers at 70c, a decline of ¾c for the day. The mills bought 80,000 bus of cash stuff at 1¼c under July, and shippers paid ¾c under July for 10,000 bus. It was estimated that wheat stocks here will decrease 200,000 bus this week. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 71¾c; No. 1 northern, cash, 70¾c; July, 70c asked; September, 68c bid. No. 2 northern, 68¼c; No. 3, 63¾@64¼c. Rejected, 57½@62¾c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 71¾c; No. 1 northern, 70¾c. Rye, 32¾c. No. 2 oats, 20½c; No. 3 oats, 20c. Flax, 95½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 146; oats, 62; rye, 5; barley, 28; flax, 10. Receipts—Wheat, 108,568 bus; oats, 7,130 bus; rye, 1175 bus; barley, 33,530 bus; flax, 17,147 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 151,000 bus; barley, 60,135 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, June 4.—Estimated receipts hogs today, 25,000; left over, 1000; market active and steady to strong. Light, $3.15@3.60; mixed, $3.45@3.80; heavy, $3.25@3.57½; rough, $3.25@3.35. Cattle, receipts, 2500; market steady. Beeves, $4.00@5.00; cows and heifers, $2.00@4.35; Texas steers, $3.20@4.00; stockers and feeders, $3.65@4.60. Sheep, receipts, 6000; market steady. Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 27,643; shipments, 5068. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 883; shipments, 2849. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 10,141; shipments, 2701. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 17,000.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, June 4.—Close, wheat, spot dull; futures quiet; July, 5s 7½d; 1d lower; September, 5s 8½d; 2d lower; December, 5s 7d; 1d lower. Spot corn, firm; futures quiet; June, 2s 7½d; 3d lower; July, 2s 8d; unchanged; September, 2s 9d, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday are holidays.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 4.—Money on call nominally 1½@1¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange quiet and steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87 for demand and at $4.85¾@4.86 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.86¼@4.87 and $4.88@4.88½. Commercial bills $4.85. Silver certificates, 60@60½c. Bar silver, 60c. Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered, $1.27¾@1.28¼; coupon, $1.24@¼; 5s registered, $1.13½@¾; coupon, $1.14@⅜. 4s registered, $1.10½@¾; coupon, $1.12½@1.13; Pacific 6s of '98, $1.01½.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade, Chicago, June 4.—There was a somewhat improved demand for cash wheat this morning but the orders were apparently limited to two 50,000 bus lots, which were bought at increased premiums and then no other demand noted. There is no doubt of our small and decreasing stocks. A man with a little capital and more nerve might easily corner July wheat but the overwhelming demand which was expected this month has failed to appear and the outside public is only interested in selling on the bulges. The visible promises but a small decrease this week and the approaching double holiday indulges evening up trades. Liverpool lost its yesterday's advance. In fact the cash wheat there did not advance at all. Continental markets were not inclined to follow Liverpool either up or down. Minneapolis yesterday made large sales of flour but trade is dull generally and crop conditions with few exceptions throughout the country are all extremely favorable. We look for further decline.

Corn lost yesterday's advance. Receipts larger than expected and the easily frightened shorts all got in. Warmer weather induced the selling but many reports come from various localities indicating very late crop and decreased yield. Oats declined with corn for the same reasons, receivers selling futures.

Provisions again ruled weak and commission houses and local traders both sold freely. Shorts were apparently the only buyers of note.

Puts, July wheat, 69¾@69¾c.
Calls, July wheat, 67¾@69¾c bid.
Curb, July wheat, 67¼c bid.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, June 4.—Wheat weaker and lower; June, 69¾c; July, 68¾c; September, 61¾@¾c. No. 1 hard, 71¾c; No. 1 northern, 70c. Receipts, 168 cars.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	10⅝	10¾	10⅝	10⅝
Atchison	23	23½	23	23⅜
Sugar Trust	116⅝	117⅜	116½	117⅛
Canadian Southern	48¾	48¾	48⅝	48¾
C., B & Q	78¾	79⅛	78½	79⅛
St. Paul	77	77⅜	76¾	77
Chicago Gas	85⅜	86⅜	85⅜	86⅝
D. L. & W.				
General Electric	31	31¾	31	31¾
Omaha	57⅜	58¾	57⅜	58⅜
Reading	19⅞	20¾	19⅞	20⅝
L. & N.	47⅞	47⅞	47⅜	47⅛
Manhattan	85¼	85⅞	84⅜	85
Missouri Pacific	15¾	15¾	15	15
Tobacco	71½	72	71¼	71¼
C. & N. W.	108½	110	108¾	110
N. P. Preferred	38⅜	38¾	38¼	38⅜
Rock Island	67¾	68¾	67½	67⅝
Union Pacific	6¾	7	6⅝	7
Western Union	73½	73⅞	73¾	73¾
Leather	55⅞	55⅞	55	55
Lake Shore				

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, June 4.—Close, wheat, June, 67⅝c; July, 67½c; September, 64c; December, new, 65¾c; old, 65¾c. Corn, June, 23⅝@¼c; July, 23⅞@24c; September, 27¼c. Oats, June, 17¼c; July, 17⅛@18c; September, 17¼@⅜c. Pork, June, $7.67; July, $7.70; September $7.75. Lard, June, $3.47; July, $3.52; September, $3.62. Ribs, June, $4.22; July, 4.22; September, $4.25. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 75@77c; No. 3 red, 72@74c; No. 2 spring, 68@69c; No. 3 spring, 63@66c; No. 2 hard winter, 67c; No. 3 hard winter, 63@65c; No. 1 northern spring, 69@71c. Cash, corn, No. 2, 23⅞@¾c; No. 3, 22¾@¾c. Cash, oats, No. 2, 18¼@⅜c; No. 3, 17@18c. Barley, cash, No. 3, 26@33c. Rye, cash, 32¾c; July, 33c; September, 33¾c. Flax, cash, 76½c; cash, Northwestern, 77c; July, 76½c; September, 77c. Timothy, cash, $2.70; August, $2.70; September, $2.55.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Better weather and better market conditions generally prevailed on Michigan street today. Prices tumbled a little in several lines but the quality was fine in all. Supplies were very plentiful.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.			
Cream., separators, fancy..	16	@	17
Dairies, fancy, special make	13	@	15
Packing stock	8	@	9
Dairy, fair	12	@	13
CHEESE.			
Twins, flats, full cr'm, new	11½	@	12½
Full cr'm, Young America	11	@	12
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12	@	12½
Brick, No. 1	10		
Limb., full cream, choice..	9	@	10
Primost	6		
EGGS.			
Candled, strictly fresh	8	@	9
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	12½	@	13
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½		
Golden rod	11½	@	12
Dark honey	11	@	11½
Buckwheat, dark	11	@	11½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per pound	11		
Ohio, per pound	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	90	@	1 00
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	2½	@	3
NUTS.			
Soft shell almonds, per lb..	12		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb..	12		
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	11		
Brazils, per lb	8		
Pecans, per lb	9	@	11
Filberts, per lb	11		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
Raw peanuts	4½	@	5½
VEGETABLES.			
Sweet potatoes, per bus	85		
Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl	2 25	@	2 50
New potatoes, in sacks, bus	1 75	@	2 00
Carrots, per bus	35	@	40
Beets, per bus	40	@	50
Onions, per bus, new	1 35	@	1 50
Turnips, per bus	40	@	50
Asparagus, per doz	35	@	40
Wax beans, per bus	2 00	@	2 25
Cucumbers, per doz	40	@	50
New beets, per doz bunches	45	@	60
Green peas, per bus	1 50	@	1 75
Mobile cabbage, per crate	3 50		
Pie plant, per 100 lbs	1 00	@	1 25
Potatoes, per bus	25	@	27
Mint, per doz	35		
Parsley, per doz	30		
Parsnips, per bus	55	@	60
Cauliflowers, per doz	2 25	@	2 50
Horse radish, per lb	6	@	7
Mississippi cabbage	3 25	@	3 50
Florida tomatoes, basket	75	@	90
Oyster plant, doz bunches	50		
Green onions, doz bunches	12	@	20
Spinach, per bus	40	@	50
New beets, per doz bunch	25	@	40
Spanish onions, per crate	2 25		
Bermuda onions, per crate	3 50		
Lettuce, per bus	50	@	60
Horse radish roots, per bbl	4 00	@	4 50
Long radishes, per doz	12	@	15
Round radishes, per doz	15	@	20
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	90	@	1 00
Medium, hand picked, bus	90		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90		
Green and yellow peas	70	@	90
Green peas, bus	65		
FRUITS.			
Oregon strawberries	1 75	@	2 00
Illinois and Missouri strawberries, per crate	1 40	@	1 50
California cherries, per case	70	@	90
California navel oranges	3 25	@	4 00
Seedling oranges	2 75	@	3 50
Bananas, bunches	1 25	@	1 50
Lemons, per box	3 00	@	3 25
Cocoanuts, per doz	35		
Cranberries, per bbl	4 50	@	5 00
Cranberries, bus	1 75	@	2 00
Figs, per lb	12	@	15
Pineapples, per doz	1 50	@	1 75
Dates, per lb	9	@	10
APPLES AND CIDER.			
Apples, per bbl	3 00	@	4 25
Mich. sweet cider, per keg	2 50	@	2 75
Fruit juices, per keg	4 50		
DRESSED MEATS.			
Veal, fancy	7	@	7½
Veal, heavy, coarse, thin	5		
Mutton, fancy dressed	6	@	6½
Pork	5½	@	6
LIVE POULTRY.			
Live turkeys	10	@	11
Spring chickens, per lb	9	@	10
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb	12½	@	13
Chickens, per lb	10	@	11
Geese, per lb	10	@	11
BRAN AND SHORTS—CAR LOTS.			
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks included	9 00	@	9 50
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc..	10 00		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc..	9 00		
Red dog	12 00		
Ground feed No. 1	10 00	@	10 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 00	@	10 50
HAY—CAR LOTS.			
Choice south Minn	7 00	@	7 50
Northern Minn	4 00	@	6 50
Medium	4 00	@	6 50
Tame, ton, choice timothy	8 00	@	9 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 4.—Butter, steady; Western creamery, 11@15c; Elgins, 15c; factory, 7½@10½c. Eggs, steady; state and Pennsylvania, 11@11½c; Western, 10@10½c; Southern, $2.25@2.50 per thirty dozen cases.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, June 4.—Butter, firm; creameries, 11@14c; dairies, 7@12c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 8½c.

The Gun Club.

The Central Gun club is having its regular weekly shoot at the grounds at Thirtieth avenue east today, it having been postponed from yesterday afternoon. A meeting was held last evening at J. W. Nelson's store, and the following new members were admitted: George F. McKay, A. W. Loud, F. G. Pettibone, O. Halden, E. A. Mattix, Herman Brown, Hugo Eisenach, M. H. Alworth, Dr. Magie, A. M. Miller, Jr., Ward Ames, Jr., A. S. Chase, Edward Mendenhall and Walter Ayers.

VON TAUSCH ACQUITTED.

Berlin's Chief of Police Found Not Guilty.

Berlin, June 4.—Herr von Tausch, the former chief of the secret political police, who has been on trial here for nearly two weeks past, charged with perjury, high treason and forgery, was acquitted today.

MAJOR ROPES DEAD.

Salem, Mass., June 4.—Maj. J. Miller Ropes, United States army, retired, dropped dead here this afternoon. He was 61 years of age. Death was due to a shock of paralysis. Maj. Ropes served through the civil war in a California regiment. At the close of the war he entered the regular army, serving in the cavalry, and rose to the rank of captain. He was retired a few years ago with the rank of major, and has since lived in this city.

$100 REWARD, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

WEST END

West Duluth and Athletic Ball Teams Will Play Sunday Afternoon.

The Free Reading Room Attendance During May Showed an Increase.

Company H Members Are Determined to Regain Their Standing.

The West Duluth Baseball club will meet the Athletics at the ball park Sunday afternoon. The game will be called at 3 o'clock. The West Duluth club has won more victories this season than any other nine at the head of the lakes, and the boys feel that they are strong enough for any club in this part of the country. Out of a total of seven games played they have won all but two.

THE FREE READING ROOM.

The West Duluth free reading room had 1889 visitors during the month of May, the daily attendance showing a steady increase, which testifies to the popularity of the management. There are not nearly enough books in the library to supply the demand, but contributions are occasionally made, and as the institution is on a sound footing, its permanent success and growth is assured. The Women's Christian Temperance union, which has charge of the room, and which has successfully raised the money necessary to maintain is entitled to much credit for the good work it has already accomplished.

WILL DRILL DILIGENTLY.

The members of Company H, West Duluth, are determined to gain a creditable standing in the Minnesota National Guard, and will apply themselves diligently to drill work, that all possibility of the disbandment of the company because of inefficiency will be removed. The company has had many difficulties to contend with recently, and there is some cause for the part showing made at the state inspection.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Miss Dora Schultz has returned from a visit of two months with relatives and friends at her old home in Iowa and St. Paul.

John Shea, who was recently called to Montreal by the sickness of his father, has returned home. His father was dead before he arrived there.

J. J. Frey has a badly sprained wrist, as a result of a fall on the sidewalk yesterday afternoon.

Niel Shaw, of Winnipeg, is in West Duluth on a short visit to relatives.

Peter Polk thoughtlessly stepped on a banana peel, a few days ago, and now carries a broken hand in a sling.

The Demorest gold medal contest, which will take place at Westminster Presbyterian church, next Monday evening, promises to be the most interesting of the series of contests thus far held.

Dr. Robert Forbes will preach at Asbury M. E. church Sunday morning at 10:30 and in the evening at 8. Sunday school meets at 12 o'clock, the Junior league at 3 p. m., and Epworth league at 7 p. m. Dr. Forbes will preach at Proctorknott at 2:30 p. m. The Sunday school will meet at the conclusion of the sermon.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Opening Prices Were Irregular and Generally Lower.

New York, June 4.—The initial prices on the stock exchange showed some irregularity, the changes either way being narrow. The coalers, however, were pressed for sale and yielded slightly. The grangers displayed improved tone on moderate dealings. Omaha being an exception, with a loss of 1-2. Some concessions were also noted in the highest priced industrials. The market generally displayed a steadier tone after the opening declinings.

A good demand soon developed for Chicago Gas and Sugar, which accelerated the upward tendency of the rest of the list. Sugar was favorably affected by the announcement of an advance of 1-8 per cent in some grades of the staple. The grangers were taken with a considerable degree of confidence in view of the excellent crop advices received from the Northwest and expectations of improved traffic returns. The encouraging new income statement for the year also stimulated the general buying and carried that stock up to 109 1-2, the highest price recorded for a long time. The market ignored the engagement of $500,000 gold for shipment to Europe tomorrow.

The bulls retained control of the stocks speculation up to noon and succeeded in effecting a higher range of values for the prominent stocks. Shorts were frightened by the evidences of laside support in some of the specialties and in their haste to cover marked up prices on themselves. Chicago Gas was conspicuously strong and the bonds of the company also rose sharply. The decided strength of the grangers, coupled with manipulation of the specialties and a renewal of foreign purchases in moderate amounts, were the chief factors toward improvement. Railway bonds were quite active at higher prices. The improvements in the leading issues were not noteworthy, but material gains were recorded in some of the inactive bonds. The sales of stocks to noon were 93,300 shares.

ALL WOOL JERSEY SUITS!

To fit little shavers 3 to 5 years old, only $3 per suit.

CHARLES W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

LOTS OF GOLD THERE.

New York, June 4.—Gold to the amount of $1,500,000 was deposited in the vaults of the clearing house yesterday. The total amount of gold now held by the associated banks is $54,510,000.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, June 4.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $228,971,500; gold reserve, $143,976,196.

Great Reduction in Prices!

Come early and avoid the rush.

Best patent Flour, $2.25 per 100; choice patent, $2.00; good family Flour, $1.90 per 100; Berries, 7 and 8c per box.

CHOICE POTATOES. 25c PER BU.

Choice Oatmeal, $1.60 half bbl.; 50 chests choice new Teas, half price, 8c, 10c, 20c, 25c, 35c per lb; 5000 lbs choice Coffees, 12c, 15c, 18c, 20c, 30c per lb; choice California Sugar Cured Hams, 8c per lb; fancy Hams, 10c per lb; dried salt pork and bbl Pork, 6 & 7c per lb; choice Bacon 9c per lb; best Silver Leaf Lard, 5c and 6c per lb; Evaporated Apples 7c; Peaches and Pears, 10c per lb; Prunes, best, 5c per lb; English Currants, 5 to 18c; Raisins, 5 to 8c; choice Dairy butter, 10c to 16c; fancy Creamery, 18c to 20c per lb; endless line of Canned Goods, choice Tomatoes, Corn, Beans, String Beans, Peas and other brands, from 75c to 85c per dozen or 4 for 25c; large line of California Peaches, Egg Plums, Green Gages, Apricots, Pears, $1.50 per doz, or 15c per can; 45 bars good Soap for $1.00; 32 bars best Soap for $1.00; Kerosene oil, per gal, 9c in bbl lots; strictly fresh Eggs, 8c and 9c per dozen 25 lbs good Rice for $1.00 or 4c per lb. Gasoline 12c a gallon. Choice Java and Mocha Coffee, 18c lb. Best Rio and Java Coffee, 6 lbs for $1.00. Best Broken Java Coffee, 8 lbs for $1.00.

Prices subject to market changes. Mail orders promptly attended to, send money order or cash for about the amount of bill and save delay. All goods guaranteed, prices and quality.

Dry Goods and Shoes must be closed out regardless of cost. Come and take them at your own price. Will sell the entire stock for 50c on the dollar on actual wholesale cost.

Prompt delivery will be made to all points. Terms, cash.

J. WILKEY,
Wholesale and Retail Department House,
203 & 205 E. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

ONE CENT A WORD!

WANTED--FEMALE HELP.

AN APPRENTICE TO LEARN DRESSmaking is wanted by Mlls Lingard, room 19, Phoenix block.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; reasonable wages. Address Reno, Herald.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Call in evening only. 319 Fourth avenue west.

GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK in small family. Corner Grand avenue and Forty-ninth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK AT 1632 East First street.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and girls can always find good places at the cheap and first quality of hair goods and the oldest and most reliable employment office, 225 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Selbold.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEman to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—ONE SALESMAN, SALARY and commission, $90 to $100 per month can be made. No experience needed. Work in the city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

LABOUCHERE WHIPPED.

Son of the "Prince of Beggars" Chastises Him.

London, June 4.—While Henry Labouchere, editor of Truth and Radical member of parliament, was on his way from his residence to the house of commons today, a young man accosted him and struck him several blows with a horsewhip. It was reported at first that the assault arose from the charges which Mr. Labouchere brought against some of the people connected with the Transvaal raid, but later it developed that the assailant of Mr. Labouchere is the son of the Rev. George Brooks, otherwise known as the "prince of begging letter writers," whose doings were exposed in the columns of Truth.

Brooks, who was formerly a Methodist parson, is said to have obtained the sum of $40,000 within a period of five years by sending begging letters to cabinet ministers, dukes, archbishops, directors of the Bank of England, generals, admirals, and it is said to William Waldorf Astor. Brooks, who has been dubbed "bounty" Brooks, from the fact that he succeeded in obtaining a grant of £200 from the royal bounty fund, voted every year by parliament to enable the queen to assist deserving literary men and women, brought a suit for libel against Mr. Labouchere which resulted in a verdict in December last in favor of the editor, who is credited with having spent about $200,000 during recent years in exposing frauds.

The attack was merely a technical assault. Mr. Labouchere was not injured, and after remonstrating somewhat with his assailant, walked down the street with him.

A FATAL CYCLONE.

Utica, N. Y., June 4.—A cyclone swept over a territory about twenty miles long and a half mile wide in the western central part of this county yesterday. Great damage was done by the wind, and especially in the town of Westmoreland, where at least half a dozen barns were blown down and several houses were moved from their foundations. In one barn Mrs. Charles Cook took refuge with her 8-year-old son. The barn fell in during the storm. Mrs. Cook was instantly killed, and the boy was crushed so badly that he cannot live. In every direction the highwtys are blocked by the trees that were blown across them. Telephone and telegraph lines are broken.

Will Open Next Week.

It is said that it has been definitely decided that Hon. C. A. Towne will open the headquarters of the Silver Republicans in Duluth about June 12. At the meeting which will be held at Chicago, June 8, the national committee will be permanently organized. Arrangements for the office force, etc., here are now being made.

SIGNED BY McKINLEY.

Washington, June 4.—The president has signed the sundry civil bill.

Eyes Examined Free

By graduate optician at
F. D. DAY & CO.'S,
315 West Superior Street.

ONE CENT A WORD!

SITUATIONS WANTED.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATION WANTED AS CITY SALESman or collector for wholesale firm, by middle aged man, acquainted with the retail trade and speaks English and German. References and security. Address B 426, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING AND house cleaning. Will go out by the day or take work home. Good work guaranteed. Mrs. Ross, basement of 810 East Second street.

WANTED—WORK OF ANY KIND BY an honest man. Will do any kind of honest work. I am handy at any kind of work. Please give me a call. S. A. Ross, in basement 810 East Second street.

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING OR any kind of work by the day. Address 730 East Third street, city.

A YOUNG GIRL WANTS PLACE IN small family or will take care of children. Address 21 Second avenue west.

WANTED—SEWING BY THE DAY IN private families; 75 cents per day. Address R 82, Herald.

WANTED—SEWING BY THE DAY BY competent seamstress; either at home or will go out. Address R 50, Herald.

TWO BOYS, 16 AND 17, WANT EMployment of any kind. Well acquainted with the city. Address 722 West Fifth street.

AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN WANTS situation as cook in hotel or boarding house. Will leave city. R 58, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, 24 YEARS OF AGE would like a position as traveling man. Can speak four languages. Butcher by trade. Address J. P., Herald.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO GENERAL housework in small family. R 18, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants sewing in private families, by the day or week. Address P. O. Box 511, West Duluth.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING SCRUBbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 320 Lake avenue south.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING.

PROMPT, ACCURATE, CONFIDENtial work; mimeograph and circular work. Stenographers furnished upon call. Depositions; notary public. Harry H. Lemont, 601 First National bank.

CLAIRVOYANT.

NATURE HAS GIFTED PROF. ANFIN with a clairvoyant power unusually strong, and he has never made it subject to falsehood or deceit. He does not deal in charms or other humbuggery, but gives good and true advice on business, social and matrimonial affairs or any other subject of importance. His advice, if followed, and his help, if desired, shows everyone the road to happiness and prosperity. 120 Sixth avenue west, parlor, upstairs.

BUSINESS CLAIRVOYANT. 1421 WEST Michigan street.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO BUY, A NEW MILCH cow at once. Address R 81, Herald.

WANTED—TO BORROW, $1000 ON well improved centrally located property. J. W. S., 408 Palladio.

WANTED—TO BORROW, $1000 ON good security, interest 6 per cent, payable monthly, if desired. J. W. Shellenberger, 408 Palladio.

Fifty Uniforms Ordered.

H. Mitchell, esteemed leading knight of the Duluth lodge of Elks, went to Minneapolis today to attend the final meeting of the representatives of the Minnesota lodges, to perfect arrangements for the grand lodge meeting there next month. Fifty members of the Duluth lodge have already given orders for the uniforms adopted by the local Minneapolis club, and it is expected that this number will be increased to sixty this week. It is now thought that Duluth will be represented at Minneapolis by a uniformed marching club of seventy-five, besides the City band. A magnificent hand-painted banner is being made for the occasion.

Where is the Economy?

President Smith of the board of public works said today that in the interest of economy the salary of the street commissioner of the new district, No. 6, has been fixed at $40 per month instead of $65, as was the impression that might have been conveyed by the article in The Herald last evening.

An investigation shows that this sum, $40, is the same as that hitherto paid the commissioner for the old district, No. 5, which included the new district, and the commissioner for No. 1, at the East End.

CHEAP EXCURSION RATES.

New York, June 4.—The board of managers of the Joint Traffic association has recommended a number of special Fourth of July excursions and has also fixed a rate of one and one-third fares to first-class fare per capita for the national meeting of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks to be held at Minneapolis July 6 to 10. Commissioner Blanchard has made the following recommendations of a one fare rate for the G. A. R. encampment at Buffalo in August, and the meeting of the Army of the Potomac at Troy Aug. 20 and 21.

Projectoscope, Pilgrim church tomorrow night.

To Lease the Dock.

In the case of the Metropolitan Trust company vs. the Duluth Transfer railway an order from Judge Lochren was filed today in the United States circuit court authorizing the receiver of the railway to lease a dock to the Pennsylvania & Ohio Fuel company for five years at $500 a year. The foreclosure of the mortgage is to be made subject to the lease. The trust company consented to the making of the lease.

Postponed a Week.

The joint field day between the Duluth and Minneapolis high schools has been postponed until a week from tomorrow owing to a misunderstanding between the two associations. This will also necessitate the postponement of the Ashland field day, which was to have taken place next Saturday.

FRENCH CABINET SHAKY.

London, June 4.—A special dispatch from Paris says rumors are current at the French capital of serious dissension in the Meline cabinet and that its reconstruction is probable.

DE CAMPOS AT MADRID.

Madrid, June 4.—Marshal Martinez De Campos arrived here today and went immediately to the palace.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TO RENT--HOUSES

BRICK HOUSE, $7. 2010 EAST FIFTH.

SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE FOR rent. Inquire 111 West Second street.

HOUSES AND ROOMS FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, 1007 East Second street; all modern improvements. Inquire 1013 East Second street.

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE, NINE rooms, modern, 2105 East First street. Apply Dr. Schiffman, Burrows block.

HOUSES FOR RENT IN VARIOUS parts of the city at reasonable prices. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT--FLATS.

FOR RENT—NICE 5-ROOM, MODERN brick flat. Volk, Palladio building.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT, NEW FOUR and five room flats, $6 to $10, including water. W. J. Holmes, 504 Palladio.

FLAT AND HOUSE, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER, HAS REmoved to 404 West Superior street. Money to loan on articles of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook.

TO RENT--ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOM TO RENT. 1428 East First street.

FRONT ROOM, WITH ALCOVE. 223 East Third street. References required.

LARGE, WELL FURNISHED ROOMS; electric lights, bath. 720 West First.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, BATH, for housekeeping. 1418 Jefferson street.

ROOMS WITH BATH, $3.50 AND $5. 416 Lake avenue north.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD. If desired; centrally located. Modern conveniences. 211 Third avenue west.

TRANSIENTS CAN HAVE BEST ACcommodations at 329 West Second street. $1.50 per day.

CARD READING.

CARD READER. 1330 W. SUPERIOR ST.

FINANCIAL.

Money to loan on Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry in any amount without delay at a low rate of interest. All business strictly confidential.

Collateral Loan Bank,
319 West Superior Street.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

FRATERNITIES,

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 7, 1897. Work, Second degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Saturday, June 5, 1897. Work, First degree. F. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 21 R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 8, 1897. degree. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1897. M. M. Gasser E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE, leave your order at Boyce's Drug store.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

SPRING GARDEN—FIVE AND TEN acre tracts for sale by George H. Crosby.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—ARE YOU GOING TO MOVE or store your household goods. Separate lock-up rooms furnished on application. Nice, dry, airy, clean brick storehouse, lowest rates of fire insurance; we have the only padded covered vans in Duluth. We take entire charge and guarantee you against damage or loss in the removal of your goods, while in our care. We work rain or shine; we have competent men to do packing, and we furnish all packing material and pack china, books, bric a brac, pictures, pianos, furniture, etc. Call or telephone 492 and we will go out and talk over details. Will furnish estimates for packing, moving, storage free of charge. Only licensed and bonded warehouse in city. Duluth Van, Express and Storage company, 212 West Superior street. (Incorporated.)

EXPRESS AND DRAY LINE.

THE DULUTH TRANSIT EXPRESS line is prepared to move pianos and furniture. Trunks removed for 25 cents. Office 501 West Michigan street. Tel. 525.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A COMPLETE RESTAUrant outfit. A bargain. For particulars address Box 18, Sandstone, Minn.

FOR SALE—ROW BOATS, HUNTING boats and sail boats; either new or second hand; cheap. Patterson's boat house, Sixth

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room—324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK

Every Evening. Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD:
$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., central time, June 4.—A barometric depression central north of Upper Michigan is attended this morning by rain as Sault Ste. Marie and snow at Port Arthur, with a cloud area extending thence westward over Northern Minnesota, Manitoba and the Dakotas. Light showers have also occurred in Northern Wisconsin, Minnesota, South Dakota, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Nebraska and Tennessee.

The temperature continues cool for the season in the Mississippi valley the Lower Missouri valley and throughout the eastern slope of the Rocky mountains from Northern Montana to Southwest Kansas, under the influence of a high pressure area which extends from the Rocky mountain districts to Missouri. At Lander, Wyo., and Havre, Mont., the temperature of 38 was reported at 7 o'clock this morning, and light frost is reported at Havre.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 52; maximum yesterday, 68; minimum yesterday, 39.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Light showers this afternoon or tonight; probably decided change to cooler tonight; southwest winds veering to brisk northwest and north.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 4.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Minnesota: Partly cloudy tonight; Saturday fair; fresh southwest to northwest winds. For Wisconsin: Generally fair tonight and Saturday; fresh westerly winds.

RECIPROCAL NEEDS.

The Brooklyn Eagle presents some interesting statistics regarding the decline in the prices of agricultural products during recent years, and also the great increase in production and the necessity of providing a market for it so that farming may be made profitable. Starting with the assumption, which will hardly be disputed, that the prosperity of any country is in proportion to the excess of its exports over its imports, the Eagle points out that about 69 per cent of the exports of this country comprises farm products, and it is safe to assume that 75 per cent of the farm products that are foods comes from the middle West. In the West the only resource is practically from agriculture, and the present purchasing capacity of the farmer, as compared with five years ago, can best be illustrated by corn, of which he could take at that time a load of, say, fifty bushels to his nearest market town and obtain therefor on an average $15. Today he cannot obtain over $7.50, hence he is short $7.50 on that one load, and his selling power of each individual who provides for his wants, be he an Eastern manufacturer of machinery or clothing or a Western dealer in dry goods and groceries, is correspondingly shortened. It is a truism that the value of any article is determined by its plentifulness or scarcity, and to show the trend of the price of food products the following statistics of English purchase will fully demonstrate that proposition:

From 1884 to 1894 the decline in price in Great Britain (the largest individual food purchaser in the world) was approximately:

1884.	Value. £
Wheat, cwt.....	47,000,000 19,000,000
Meal and flour, cwt.	15,000,000 10,000,000
Other grains, cwt..	56,000,000 17,000,000
1894.	Value. £
Wheat, cwt.....	70,000,000 18,000,000
Meal and flour, cwt.	19,000,000 8,000,000
Other grains, cwt..	108,000,000 12,000,000

It does not follow that all of the foregoing commodities were bought from the United States, but it is fair to assume that a very considerable portion of them came from America, and the next table illustrates how much the United States has been a factor in reducing these prices:

From 1870-4 to 1890-4 the population of the United States increased in round numbers 62 per cent. The farm production increased as follows:

Wheat	81 per cent
Corn	70 per cent
Oats	162 per cent
Hay	147 per cent
Cattle, number of	125 per cent
Hogs, number of	56 per cent

It will be seen that hogs are the only product that did not increase faster than the population, but inasmuch as from 50 to 65 per cent of the United States hog product goes abroad, there was and is an ample supply for home consumption and an abundance to spare.

In 1895 Western food products had decreased in value as compared with the value for the previous fourteen years, as follows: Wheat, 20 per cent; corn, 30 per cent; oats, 43 per cent; lard, 42 per cent; mess pork, 45 per cent; horses, 100 per cent, and there was no change for the better in 1896.

The following carefully prepared estimate shows that it costs the Western farmer (at much less wages than is paid for unskilled labor in towns and cities) $1.65 an acre to raise wheat, $1.67 to raise oats and $5.32 to raise corn, and as the average yield per acre throughout the United States is, of wheat 13 bushels, oats 29.6 bushels and corn 26.2 bushels, it can easily be determined what the farmer makes or loses at present prices, which on May 18 in Chicago were: No. 2 May wheat, 70 7-8 cents per bushel; No. 2 corn, 24 1-2 cents per bushel, and No. 2 oats, 17 3-4 cents per bushel. From this must be deducted for transportation from the average farm 12 cents per bushel for wheat and corn and not less than 7 cents a bushel for oats, the difference being what the farmer receives net. Pork and beef are bringing today fairly remunerative prices, and it has been suggested that the panacea for the farmer is to convert his corn into beef and pork. This, were it possible, would result in such an oversupply of both commodities as to reduce the value to the present unprofitable prices of corn—the raw material that beef and pork come from. Something like 2,000,000,000 bushels of corn were raised in the United States in 1895 and the crop was nearly as large in 1896.

What to do with it is the question, says the Eagle. Much of it must go to waste unless a foreign market is opened, to open which the government ought to be willing freely to spend money, because, if the merits of corn as bread were only known to the different European countries which use dear wheat flour, there is no question but a taste and consequent demand would arise for American corn in every land under the sun.

SIGNS OF PROSPERITY.

A decided improvement in the financial situation is reported by William E. Curtis of the Chicago Record, who is in New York, where he has found that all classes in the industrial and commercial world feel encouraged over the outlook and expectancy has replaced the apprehension that had become the habitual condition of the public mind for the last three years. The people you meet in the banks downtown and visitors from other parts of the country who gossip in the hotel rotundas all tell the story that, while the era of prosperity has not yet begun, the signs of its approach appear in every direction, the most important being an almost universal confidence that it is almost here.

The reports in regard to the crops are giving much encouragement, because abundant crops will make money more plentiful among the farmers of the West, and this will result in the increased consumption of manufactured goods. President Hill of the Great Northern railroad predicts that the wheat fields contributary to that line will furnish 90,000,000 bushels of grain this season for its transportation, and the managers of the other railways contribute intelligence equally favorable to the general store of encouragement. The jobbers say that the supply of manufactured goods which are necessaries of life is generally exhausted throughout the country, and the people must buy and the mills must resume operations to meet the demand, which will bring into circulation the millions of dollars that have been hoarded through the hard times. Everybody agrees that money is plentiful, and that it is only necessary to convince the people that prosperity has come to be an actual reality. The water has been squeezed out of stocks. Unprofitable properties have been reorganized upon an economical basis. Fictitious values have been exposed, bubbles have collapsed and stock corporations are nearer a rock-bottom basis of operation than they have been for many years.

Thus it will be seen that the signs are propitious for an early revival of commercial and industrial activity. The tariff bill will be passed within a few weeks, and this will remove what many manufacturers assert is a disquieting feature. There will then be nothing to disturb the business world, and if the changes in the tariff can produce prosperity, there will be a steady and rapid improvement all along the line.

BENEFICIAL RAINS.

While the people in the cities have been growling about the rainy and disagreeable weather this week, the farmers of the Northwest have been rejoicing. The rains were welcomed by the farmers. They meant much to them, because they saved the crops that were in great danger of destruction from drought. In many sections of the Northwest the growing grain was getting parched and wilted down, and the farmers were regarding the situation with great anxiety. If the rains had been delayed a couple of weeks longer the crop would undoubtedly have been a failure, but the welcome showers have changed the situation, the grain has taken a new start, and the indications are favorable for one of the largest crops on record.

Coupled with the assurance of a large wheat crop in this country is the pleasing prospect of better prices, because of a shortage in the crops in other countries. Mr. Thoman, who is an experienced observer, has completed his preliminary estimate of the wheat crop of the country for 1897. He estimates the probable crop at 530,000,000 bushels, a total that has been exceeded but once in the history of the country. Reports from Europe state that the French crop is 80,000,000 bushels below the average, and that damage has been done to the crop in Austria and Russia, while word comes from Australia that drought has decreased the usual crops, and Argentina reports that insect pests have been at work on the growing wheat with serious results. The famine in India makes it a certainty that there will be no surplus wheat to export from that country. With such an outlook, and with a visible supply smaller than for many years, the farmers of the Northwest, who can now look forward to a bountiful crop and fairly good prices, have reason to feel encouraged.

The Chicago Chronicle publishes a striking cartoon representing Mark Hanna, "senator (by appointment) from Ohio," standing in front of a bulletin board, on which appear several forecasts of the date when "prosperity is bound to come." Three of the forecasts are scratched—June, 1896, after McKinley's nomination; November, 1896, after McKinley's election; March, 1897, after McKinley's inauguration. This leaves the last prediction, which reads: "June, 1897, after the passage of the tariff bill! This is final. Hooray!" Everyone trusts that Mr. Hanna's last propheey will be verified.

The Detroit News expresses hope that George M. Pullman will recognize at once the propriety of having bronze replicas of the medals he has received from the Prague exposition struck for presentation to all the leading unions of the country to be hung in their places of meeting. The medals and diploma testify the decision of the judges that the town of Pullman is altogether the finest industrial city ever founded, both as to its material provisions for the comfort and health of employes and as to the rules and regulations governing residents there.

Those who desire to secure reliable information regarding the Seine River gold district should read the interesting letter from The Herald's special correspondent in the gold regions, which will be published tomorrow. It is written in a bright, breezy style and is entertaining as well as instructive. It should be remarked that in this series of letters no attempt is made to boom anything. The object is to give the exact facts regarding the gold region as closely as they can be obtained.

The Minneapolis Tribune: "There is a 5-year-old boy in Chicago who knows and can describe all the bones in the human frame as well as indicate their uses. He should go down to Washington and hold on a clinic on Jerry Simpson's jawbone to ascertain wherein it differs from Sampson's celebrated weapon." Will the Tribune please tell who this man "Sampson" was or is?

A New York dispatch says: "A lot of ground at the corner of Fifth avenue and Forty-fifth street, fifty feet front by 100 feet deep, was sold today for $410,000; that is $8200 a front foot, and $82 a square foot. That is the highest price ever paid for residence property in the United States." And yet there are some people who contend that the prices asked for Duluth realty are too high!

There will not be many expressions of pleasure because Theodore Durrant, the San Francisco murderer, has secured another respite from hanging, an appeal having been allowed to the federal supreme court. Durrant had a fair trial and was convicted on very strong evidence, and he should have been hanged a year ago.

The fickle goddess of fortune plays odd pranks on her favorites. There is Ole Erickson, a Montana miner. He stubbed his toe against a bit of rock in a Diamond City sand bar. Whether Ole uttered expletives between limps is not stated, but he did not overlook the lump. The gold in it netted him $440.

It is evidently the belief of the editorial writer of the News Tribune that it is his duty to give all the novelists and newspapers daily instruction in "English as she is spoke." And yet his own journal is filled with grammatical errors.

TART TALK.

New York Tribune: Gadzooks—They say Speaker Reed is a little shaky on spelling. Zounds—Well, any Democrat will tell you that he can count all right.

Indianapolis Journal: "This," said the iceman, "is the time of year when I cut considerable ice."

"You," said the kitchen woman, "don't cut half as much as you are paid for."

Yonkers Statesman: "What have you got to say for yourself?" said the judge to the prisoner. "This man says you took $10 from his pocket."

"It was my first offense, judge," replied the prisoner. "I was an honest man until I met him."

Detroit Free Press: "That Miss Willowby, they say, is a remarkably bright girl."

"Didn't anybody have to help her on her essays?"

"Yes, her father wrote that; but just think, she made her gown herself."

Washington Star: "It seems to me," said one young woman, "that Harold talks more clearly on the tariff than any one else I ever heard."

"Yes," replied Miss Cayenne. "He has the advantage of not knowing enough about it to get his ideas confused."

Chicago Post: "Wires ain't working," said the operator tersely. "Can't take your message."

"What's the matter? Storm?" demanded the man with the message.

"Worse than that" replied the operator. "Just received a cablegram in Russian 'What?'" and it has twisted the wires all out of shape."

Indianapolis Journal: He—The trouble with womankind in general is that they won't plainly say what they think.

She—Oh! Really?

"Yes. Take yourself for example. When that step ladder slipped and you fell into the tub of suds, all you said was 'darn!'"

A FATAL SHOCK.
"No papa, I don't want a wheel,"
Replied his student daughter.
"You've spent so much I really feel
As if I hadn't oughter;
I'll plunk the money in the bank;
If you don't mind I'd rather—"
The old man in a deep faint sank;
The blow almost killed father.
—Syracuse Herald.

Chicago Tribune: "I have had such a terrible dream!" exclaimed Mr. Skinflint, waking suddenly and wiping the cold perspiration from his face. "I thought somebody had passed a Canadian quarter on me and got away!"

Somerville Journal: "Laugh and the world laughs with you," but slip and fall and the world laughs at you.

A BACHELOR'S REFLECTIONS.

New York Press: Every man has a sneaking idea that he looks "distinguished."

It is called honeymoon because most everyone gets sick of it when he's young.

The first thing a woman says when she hears anything against a man is: "How I pity his poor wife!"

An ideal couple is one where each claims to make the best sacrifices for the other and reany thinks they are the greatest.

As soon as a man begins to try to look busy and worried to his wife, his wife begins to try and look tired and overworked to him.

A man will dig up the whole yard when he wants to go fishing and not find near so many worms as he does when he spades up one flower bed the next day.

GARDENING GLOVES.
Splendid value in gloves suitable for gardening, at only 25 cents.
CHARLES W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

BANK STATEMENT.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK, DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

At the close of business Friday evening, May 14th, 1897.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 726,550 62
Overdrafts secured		617 67
Overdrafts unsecured		563 70
Real estate		154,436 91
Bonds and stocks		32,000 00
Tax and assessment certificates		3,018 50
Call loans on grain collateral	$222,000 00	
Reserve—		
Cash on hand	153,771 73	
Due from banks	455,331 92	
		831,103 65
		$1,848,031 45

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus and undivided profits		134,510 01
less expenses and taxes paid..		
Individual deposits subject to check	$755,881 25	
Demand certificates of deposit	9,569 50	
Time certificates of deposit	374,191 14	
Certified checks	5,839 76	
Cashier's checks	7,270 43	
Deposits of other banks	60,739 26	
		1,213,521 44
Rediscounts		None
Bills payable		None
		$1,848,031 45

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

I, James C. Hunter, cashier of the American Exchange bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JAMES C. HUNTER,
Cashier.

Attest:
H. M. PEYTON,
A. R. MACFARLANE, Directors.

Sworn to and subscribed before me on this 22nd day of May, 1897.

G. F. MACKENZIE,
Notary Public St. Louis County, Minn.
(Seal.)

Gronseth & Olsen

CASH GROCERS,
401-403 EAST FOURTH STREET.
TELEPHONE 292. Established 1887.

Keep your eye on the BEE HIVE, on the FLOWER PATCH, and on the "VIKING" FLOUR.

There is Sunshine in store for all. We have opened up the windows and widened out the doors and let a little SUNSHINE shine throughout the store. You are all welcome! Our BEE HIVE IS ALIVE full of sweet bargains. The VIKING FLOUR patch is spreading. The bees are busy humming and drawing the honey from the FLOWERS. The SUN is drawing the water from the ocear, the MAGNET moves the needle and the PEOPLE are irresistibly drawn to us for GENUINE BARGAINS IN GROCERIES.

Saturday and Monday we Offer:

White Clover Honey, 1-lb comb ..... (Limit, 5 combs)	11c
Buckwheat Honey, per comb.....	9c
Hockwood & Co. Sweet Chocolate, 10c cake for.....	6c
Lang's Premium Chocolate, per lb.... (Limit, 1 lb)	28c
"Viking" Baking Powder, per 1-lb can	40c
We guarantee this Baking Powder equal to any leading brands in the market.	
"Viking Pride" Flour, 98 lb sack...	$1.95
"Viking" Patent, 98 lb sack.....	$2.05
"Viking Pride" WHITE RYE, 49 lbs....	50c
Corn Meal, per lb.....	1c
Best Pork, per lb.....	5½c
Silver Leaf Lard, per 3-lb pail.....	18c
Best Bacon, per lb	8c
Cal. Ham, Winchester Brand, per lb..	6¾c
Med. Ham, Sweetheart Brand, per lb..	9¾c
Extra Fancy Rice, 4 lbs for.....	25c
Our AA Java and Mocha Coffee, TODAY, per lb	29c
Ceylon Tea, the best Tea in the city, Introduction price, per lb.....	39c
Jap. Tea Nibs, 20c per lb, for.....	15c
3 Crown Raisins, per lb.....	7c
Matchless Tomatoes, per can.....	7½c
Enterprise Corn, per can.....	7½c
Van Camp Pork and Beans in Tomato Sauce, 15c can for.....	10c
Extra Fancy Dairy Butter in 10-lb tubs, per lb.....	15c
"Daisy" Creamery, the finest butter ever put up, per 1-lb print.....	18c
Maine gal Apples, per can.....	15c
Domestic Sardines, per can.....	3c
FREE! FREE! One bar "Viking King" with 9 bars "Viking" Soap for.....	25c
Ammonia, pint bottle.....	6c
Lemons, per doz.....	10c
Spinach, per peck.....	10c
Green Peas, per quart.....	5c
New Potatoes, per peck.....	30c

Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention

Gronseth & Olsen

THE FAMOUS SHOE STORE, 111 W. Superior St.

Here are just a few of the many good bargains we have to offer. Compare our $3 Shoes with the $4 Shoes of other houses.

For Ladies
At $3 We can show more different styles than any other house in the city.

Ladies' $3 and $3.50 Oxfords, wine and seal brown and dark tans, only	$1.98
650 pairs of Ladies' fine Vici Kid and Dongola Lace and button Shoes, every pair worth $3.00, sale price	$1.98
600 pairs of Ladies' Fine Lace Shoes, worth $2; Saturday's price	$1.35
700 pairs of Ladies' $1.50 Oxford Ties, reduced to	98c
600 pairs of Ladies' $1 Oxford Ties, reduced to	75c
Ladies' Comfort House Slippers, Saturday's price	59c
Ladies' $2 Seal Brown Oxfords, Saturday's price	$1.25

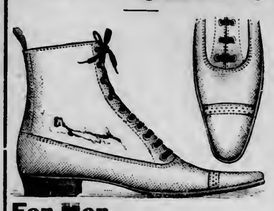
For Ladies.

Ladies' Serge Congress Gaiters, worth $1; reduced to	73c
Ladies' 25c Gilt Edge or Raven's Gloss Shoe Polish, reduced to	15c
Ladies' Tan Shoe Polish, reduced to	9c
400 pairs of Ladies' Button Shoes, worth $1.50; reduced to	98c

For Misses and Children.

Misses' best quality dark brown Lace and Button Shoes, new coin toe, regular price $2.50; Saturday's price	$1.75
All our Misses $2 Dongola Lace and Button Shoes; reduced to	$1.25
150 pairs Misses' Dark Brown and Black Shoes, regular price $1.50; Saturday's price	98c
Child's Brown and Black $1.25 Shoes, lace or button —reduced to	85c
Child's $1 Oxblood and Black Button Shoes, sizes 5 to 8; Saturday's price	75c
Child's 75c Dongola Shoes, sizes 5 to 8; reduced to	69c
Child's Shoes, sizes 5 to 8 only	39c
Infants' Shoes, sizes 1 to 5, only	17c
40c, 35c and	

Men's and Ladies'
$4.00 Bicycle Shoes, reduced to $2.98



For Men.
At $3 For men we carry the largest variety of men's fine shoes in the city.

900 pairs of Men's fine Calf Shoes, worth $2.00, lace and congress, sale price	$1.35
900 pairs of Men's $1 35 lace and congress Shoes, all sizes, reduced to	98c
GREAT BARGAIN—400 pairs of Boys' $2 tan Shoes, sizes 1 to 5— only	$1.00
600 pairs of Men's dark tan and ox blood Shoes, new coin and London toe last, every pair worth $3.00, special price for this sale only	$1.89
Men's $4.00 Calf Shoes, all style toe, only	$2.98

KNOX IS ACQUITTED.

St. Joseph, Mo., June 4.—The ecclesiastical trial of Rev. John D. Knox, of Topeka, Kans., on charges of hypocrisy and fraud, has resulted in a verdict of acquittal. Bishop Merrill of Chicago, who presided at the trial, refused to say more than that Mr. Knox has been acquitted. The charges were an outgrowth of the failure several years ago of a bank which Knox started at Topeka.

75c WASH BOILERS ONLY 27c EACH.

On sale Saturday Only. THE— ONE CENT STORE,

109 West Superior St.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
L. N. SCOTT, Manager
TONIGHT—TOMORROW NIGHT. SATURDAY MATINEE—
Chas. T. Yale's Greatest Spectacle,
THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS
With a Company of 60 People will be with you for the first time. The performance embraces all kinds of stage amusements skilfully and deftly rolled into one gigantic whole. Prices regular. Matinee 25c and 50c.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court. Special Term, May 28th, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Katherine Grochowski, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Andrew Marshall, of the county of St. Louis, representing among other things that Katherine Grochowski, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1897, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to him granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before said court, on Monday, the 21st day of June, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m. at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 28th day of May, A. D. 1897.

By the Court.
PHINEAS AYER.
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, May-28-June-4-11.

If you wish to drink a Choice glass of Lager call for— FITGER'S BEER.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Thomas Benton and Maggie Benton, his wife, mortgagors, to The Union Building and Loan Association, mortgagee, bearing date February 3rd, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on February 6th, 1894, at 8:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 69 of mortgages, page 237; which default consists in the non-payment of monthly interest and premium on the principal sum of said mortgage for more than a space of six months after the same has become due.

And whereas the four shares of stock described in said mortgage have been sold for the non-payment of dues.

And whereas, said mortgage contains a provision that in case of default in the payment of monthly interest or premium, or any part thereof, for the space of six months after the same shall have become due, or should the said four shares of stock described in said mortgage be sold for the non-payment of dues, then in either or any such case, the whole principal debt secured by said mortgage shall immediately become due and payable, and the mortgagee in either such case is authorized to sell the mortgaged premises at public auction to satisfy the mortgage debt, interest and premium and all costs and charges, and also the sum of fifty dollars ($50.00) attorney's fees. Said mortgagee has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole debt due because of such defaults as aforesaid, and there is claimed to be due and is actually due on said mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of seven hundred seventy-three and 50-100 dollars ($773.50).

And whereas said mortgagors made default in paying insurance premium for insurance upon the buildings upon said premises, and the mortgagee paid six dollars ($6.00) on April 26th, 1897, for insurance premium, which the mortgagee had the right to do under the terms of the mortgage, and said amount is to become a part of the mortgage debt and be secured by said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered thirty-seven (37), East First street, Duluth Proper, First Division; and the north half of lot numbered two hundred eighty-five (285); and the whole of lots two hundred eighty-seven (287), two hundred eighty-nine (289), two hundred ninety-one (291), two hundred ninety-three (293), two hundred ninety-five (295), two hundred ninety-seven (297) and two hundred ninety-nine (299), on Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth, according to the plats thereof of record in the office of the register of deeds of said county; with the hereditaments and appurtenances, all of said lands being in St. Louis County, Minnesota. Said sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 26th day of June, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of forty-eight thousand eighty-four and 92-100 dollars ($48,084.92) and interest thereon and two hundred dollars ($200) attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 5th, 1897.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-11-21-28-June-4-11-18.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court. Special Term, May 28th, 1897.

In the matter of the estate of Katherine Grochowski, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Andrew Marshall, of the county of St. Louis, representing among other things that Katherine Grochowski, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1897, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to him granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before said court, on Monday, the 21st day of June, A. D. 1897, at ten o'clock a. m. at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 28th day of May, A. D. 1897.

By the Court.
PHINEAS AYER.
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, May-28-June-4-11.

SUPPLIES WANTED.

Notice is hereby given that up to 10 a. m. Saturday, June 5, 1897, the undersigned will receive sealed proposals for the furnishing of stationery, hardware, drugs, and other supplies for the use of the various departments of city work for the ensuing year, in accordance with specifications on file in the office of the city clerk of the city of Duluth.

Bidders must state the total amount for which they will furnish the articles named in the respective lists upon which they bid.

A certified check for 10 per cent of the amount of the bid to accompany each proposal, to be forfeited to the city in case of failure on the part of the successful bidder to furnish said supplies according to said list at the time and place specified for the delivery of the same.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

Duluth Evening Herald, May 26, June 1 inclusive.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the semi-annual installments of interest which became due on the first day of June, 1896, and the first day of December, 1896, each being for the sum of twelve hundred dollars ($1200.00) which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles W. Culver (unmarried) and Frank R. Culver (unmarried), mortgagors, to The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1892, at 9:30 o'clock a. m. in Book 99 of mortgages, on page 52; and

Whereas said mortgagors made default in paying taxes on the mortgaged premises for the years 1892, 1893, 1894 and 1895 and also made default in paying special assessments against the property, payment of which was provided in said mortgage; and the undersigned on May 7th, 1897, paid said taxes and assessments which had become delinquent on the mortgaged premises with penalties, costs and interest amounting to the sum of four thousand two hundred eleven and 89-100 dollars ($4211.89), no part of which has been repaid to the mortgagee, and for which under the terms of the mortgage, the mortgagee claims and has a lien against the mortgaged premises with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from said 7th day of May, 1897; and

Whereas the mortgagors made default in paying insurance premium to insure the buildings located upon the mortgaged property, and the undersigned paid on the 4th day of May, 1897, for premium three hundred twenty-seven and 38-100 dollars ($327.38), for policies of insurance on the buildings located upon the mortgaged premises; and the undersigned mortgagee has and claims under the terms of the mortgage, a lien against the mortgaged premises for said premium so paid, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from date of payment. No part of said premium so paid has been repaid to the mortgagee.

More than ten days have elapsed since the defaults made in the payment of said installment of interest, and the said The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and

Whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, for principal on said mortgage debt and interest, forty-three thousand five hundred forty-five and 66-100 dollars ($43,545.66) and for taxes and assessments and penalties, costs and interest thereon paid as above stated, the sum of four thousand two hundred eleven and 89-100 dollars ($4211.89) and for insurance premium paid as above stated, the sum of three hundred twenty-seven and 38-100 dollars ($327.38), making in all the sum of forty-eight thousand eighty-four and 93-100 dollars ($48,084.93). No action or proceeding has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Therefore, notice is hereby given, that under the power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered thirty-seven (37), East First street, Duluth Proper, First Division; and the north half of lot numbered two hundred eighty-five (285); and the whole of lots two hundred eighty-seven (287), two hundred eighty-nine (289), two hundred ninety-one (291), two hundred ninety-three (293), two hundred ninety-five (295), two hundred ninety-seven (297) and two hundred ninety-nine (299), on Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth, according to the plats thereof of record in the office of the register of deeds of said county; with the hereditaments and appurtenances, all of said lands being in St. Louis County, Minnesota. Said sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 26th day of June, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of forty-eight thousand eighty-four and 93-100 dollars ($48,084.93) and interest thereon and two hundred dollars ($200) attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 5th, 1897.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-11-21-28-June-4-11-18.

Children's Day Tomorrow.....

All our new Reefer and Empire Jackets for Children from 2 to 12 years will be on sale tomorrow at 25 per cent discount.

Ladies' Jackets
in all the new shades.

Velvet and Silk Capes
Suits all new and fresh will be on sale tomorrow at 25, 33 and 50 per cent discount. The grandest opportunity to buy is offered to you.

New and the very latest styles of Shirt Waists, with the new collars came in today and go on sale tomorrow.

Ladies Hats.
A large variety of new styles and colors, and remember that our prices are lower than anywhere else.

Children's New Parasols.....25c
Ladies' White Silk Parasols..$1.00
Do not delay but come and get one before they are all sold.

Silberstein & Bonds Company.

5000 Carnations for Saturday

Fresh Cut Carnations—5000 of them will be here Saturday at 10:45 a. m. Only 18c a doz or 2 doz for 35c. PANTON & WHITE.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS."

"The Twelve Temptations" will open its engagement at the Lyceum tonight and will be presented tomorrow afternoon and evening. This beautiful spectacle is one of Charles H. Yale's best, and he has produced many. A fortune has been expended on it, and it will be found a realized dream of Oriental splendor. Of course the plot deals with true love, that didn't run smooth, and partakes in a great measure of the fascinating, supernatural fairy element, but it also overflows with rattling fun, pantomimic and otherwise, brought out and intensified by a corps of some of the best and most popular comedians on the American stage, including Gus Bruno, Jr., as Snoro Apropo, and dashing Josie Sisson, the attractive soubrette, as Bright Eyes, while the other roles are filled delightfully by Carrie Rudolph, Madge Torrance, Lola Hutton, Annie Courtney, Charles H. Henry, together with much noted talent too numerous to mention.

THE PROJECTOSCOPE.

Tomorrow evening at Pilgrim Congregational church an exhibition by Edison's Projectoscope will be given, and a variety of scenes will be produced. These will include historical, humorous, theatrical and other views. The pictures are realistic to a startling degree, especially those showing moving trains, cavalry charges or views of that character. Numbers will also be played by Edison's new phonograph, and will include a great many popular selections.

THE GIBSON PICTURES.

Tonight the first rehearsal for the production of the Gibson pictures will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Peyton. On Monday evening the final dress rehearsal will be held at the Lyceum. The presentation of the pictures will be given Tuesday evening at the Lyceum, and will be for the benefit of the Women's Home and Hospital. No local entertainment has ever awakened more interest than this. Gibson, of all artists, has the greatest hold on the American people, especially the society people. His American girl is looked upon as the typical woman of this country. In this connection there is great interest to know what Duluth young woman will be selected to represent the American girl in the pictures. Her identity is known to but few, and curiosity is not to be gratified in advance.

Thousands suffer from catarrh or cold in head and have never tried the popular remedy. There is no longer any excuse, as a 10-cent trial size of Ely's Cream Balm can be had of your druggist or we mail it for 10 cents. Full size, 50 cents. ELY BROS.,
56 Warren Street, New York City.

A friend advised me to try Ely's Cream Balm and after using it six weeks I believe myself cured of catarrh. It is a most valuable remedy.—Joseph Stewart, 624 Grand avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

$18.75—EXCURSION RATES—$18.75.
DETROIT MICH., AND RETURN.
Via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, June 5, 6 and 7. Round trip Detroit, Mich., and return, $18.75, via Grand Trunk, or $19.25 via Michigan Central from Chicago. Particulars at City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Providence building.

Hood's Pills

Cure sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, gas in the stomach, distress and indigestion. Do not weaken, but have tone effect. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

BORNEMANNS ARE FREE.

State Failed to Make a Case Against Them.

Yesterday afternoon Charles and Eurekallornemann were relieved from the charge of manslaughter in the second degree, which has been hanging over them because of the suicide of their daughter Nora on May 7. Shortly before 5 o'clock the county attorney rested the state's case, and Judge Moer asked him if that was all the evidence he had. Upon Mr. Arbury's reply that it was C. O. Baldwin moved that the case be dismissed on the ground that the state had failed to prove an offense, and Judge Moer very promptly granted the motion.

The testimony on the state's part was not nearly so strong as it was before the coroner's jury, largely, of course, because much of that testimony was inadmissable in a court. The Bornemanns seem to have suffered during the proceedings so far, and there is a feeling that they have been sufficiently punished. As Judge Moer's dismissal proves, there is nothing in the state's case which would warrant a jury in sitting on the case.

AND NOW IT CLOSES.

Norrie Mine Reported to Have Shut Down.

It was reported here yesterday that the Norrie mine on the Gogebic range had shut down, throwing 800 men out of employment. Failure to sell ore is given as the cause. It was the owners of this property who insisted on the low prices for ore now ruling being adopted by the ore pool, and which resulted in the old pool's dissolution and the organization of a new one with Mr. Rockefeller left out. At that time in order to prevent the reduction of prices to such a ruinously low figure the representatives of Mr. Rockefeller at the Cleveland meeting offered to buy the entire output of the Norrie for the season at $2.65 a ton, the price that the Norrie insisted upon being adopted by the pool and which it has since been vainly endeavoring to dispose of its product for. Had the offer made by Mr. Rockefeller been accepted the necessity for closing the mine would have been avoided, even if the purchaser should be stocked up with a million or more tons of ore for which there is now no market.

A Few Summer Excursions.

VIA "THE NORTHWESTERN LINE."

San Francisco, Cal., meeting Y. P. S. C. E. One-way tickets on sale June 29 to July 3, $29.

Nashville, Tenn., Tennessee centennial. Round-trip tickets on sale daily, $43.30.

Minneapolis-St. Paul, annual meeting Grand lodge B. P. O. Elks. Round-trip tickets on sale July 5 and 6, $4.30.

Milwaukee, Wis., N. E. A. Round-trip tickets on sale July 3, 4 and 5, $13.30.

Buffalo, N. Y., G. A. R., Aug. 21 and 22. Rates to be announced later.

Besides the above mentioned excursions, summer tourist tickets to Colorado and to other summer resorts in general are on sale daily until Oct. 15 at greatly reduced rates. For tickets and information call on your local agent or address B. W. Summers, agent, 405 West Superior street, Duluth.

15 CENTS OR 2 FOR 25 CENTS.

Latest style of silk band bows and club ties. Call soon. Limited quantity.
CHARLES W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

ARE FIRM

Missabe Road People Are Not Moved By Mr. Burt's Proposition.

Claim They Would Be Giving More Than They Would Get.

Fee Owners Afraid That Their Best Ore is Being Taken Out.

The proposition of the fee owners of Mesaba mines to John D. Rockefeller by which they consent to reduce royalties, provided Mr. Rockefeller will reduce freight rates on ore from the mines to Duluth, will not be accepted. The Evening Herald can state positively the management of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad has no intention of reducing ore freight rates, and that the existing rates will be maintained until some reason for lowering them is offered that is more urgent than any yet suggested.

It is expected that 2,000,000 tons of ore will be shipped over this road this year, which, at 50 cents a ton, will yield a revenue of $1,000,000. With the rate reduced 25 per cent, this revenue would be cut down $500,000, a sum largely in excess of what would be saved Mr. Rockefeller by a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent in royalties. In other words, the reduction in freight rates asked for amounts to 20 cents a ton on all ore produced on the range, while the reduction in royalties that would be granted in case this concession is made would be but 10 cents a ton on that portion of the output of the range leased by the Consolidated, which would be insignificant compared to the loss of revenue that the railroad company would have to bear.

Fee owners of Mesaba range properties are greatly troubled because of the fear that under existing leases the best ore on their properties only will be taken out and shipped, and that the comparatively poor ore will be left in the mine. All Mesaba range leases fail to make any restrictions on this point, and with the market value of ore so low, it is reasonable to expect that lessees will mine only such ore as will prove profitable, leaving the low grades to be taken out when values improve. One of the conditions that fee owners, in considering a proposition to reduce royalties will demand, is that all ore will be taken out as it runs in the mine, and that no selection be made. When Mesaba leases were made ore was bringing a very high price, and it was not deemed necessary to specify in leases that all ore should be mined as it came, for at that time profits of mining were so large that good as well as inferior ore was handled with a large margin. Fee owners are also asking in return for the concession they are asked to make that the minimum output be increased.

Since the final proposition submitted by the fee owners is to be rejected, negotiations between them and Mr. Rockefeller will cease, and leased mines will not be operated to any greater extent than is absolutely necessary.

BURT MINE CLOSED.

Consolidated Has Transferred the Working Force.

The Consolidated has closed the Burt mine, and put the force employed in the Burt at work on the Day. The Day was leased some time ago and $20,000 in advance royalties was paid when the lease was executed. No work has since been done on the property, and it is now being opened up to enable the company to get the money already invested out of it. The stock piles at the Burt are full, and it is not probable, unless there is an unexpectedly large movement of ore in the near future that it will be reopened this season.

Will Give it Up.

It is reported that the Minnesota Iron company has notified the fee owners of the Norman mine on the Mesaba range that it will throw up its lease and abandon the property July 1. It is said that the quality of the ore in the Norman is of such a character that it is not profitable to operate it except when ore is bringing a very high price. The royalty paid under the lease is 25 cents a ton. The property is owned by G. G. Hartley and others.

BOYS' CORDUROY SUITS!
Which we guarantee to stand good hard knocks, at $4.50 per suit, all sizes, from 7 to 15 years.
CHARLES W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

Pure Spring Water.
Delivered daily. Telephone orders to Stewart's livery, telephone No. 334.

PARK POINT.
Subscribers to The Evening Herald who intend camping on the Point this summer can have the paper delivered to their camp by notifying this office.

SLEEP FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES

And rest for tired mothers in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure. CUTICURA REMEDIES afford instant relief, and point to a speedy cure of torturing, disfiguring, humiliating, itching, burning, bleeding, crusted, scaly skin and scalp humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.
"How to Cure Skin-Tortured Babies," free.

SKIN SCALP and Hair Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

PECULIAR POISONS.

GENERATED IN THE HUMAN BODY.

The Result of Imperfect Digestion of Food.

Every living thing, plant or animal, contains within itself the germs of certain decay and death.

In the human body these germs of disease and death (called by scientists Ptomaines), are usually the result of imperfect digestion of food, the result of indigestion or dyspepsia.

The stomach, from abuse, weakness, does not promptly and thoroughly digest the food. The result is a heavy, sodden mass which ferments (the first process of decay) poisoning the blood, making it thin, weak and lacking in red corpuscles, poisoning the brain causing headaches and pain in the eyes.

Bad digestion irritates the heart, causing palpitation and finally bringing on disease of this very important organ.

Poor digestion poisons the kidneys, causing Bright's disease and diabetes.

And this is so because every organ, every nerve depends upon the stomach alone for nourishment and renewal, and weak digestion shows itself not only in loss of appetite and flesh, but in weak nerves and muddy complexion.

The great English scientist, Huxley, said the best start in life is a sound stomach. Weak stomachs fail to digest food properly, because they lack the proper quantity of digestive acids (lactic and hydrochloric) and peptogenic products. The most sensible remedy in all cases of indigestion is to take after meals one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they supply in a pleasant, harmless form all the elements that weak stomachs lack.

The regular use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure every form of stomach trouble, except cancer of the stomach.

They increase flesh. Insure pure blood, strong nerves, a bright eye and clear complexion, because all these result only from wholesome food well digested.

Nearly all druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at 50 cents full-sized package or by mail by enclosing price to Stuart company, Marshall, Mich., but ask your druggist first.

A little book on "Stomach Diseases" mailed free. Address Stuart company, Marshall, Mich.

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

Great Audience Witnessed a Fine Exhibition.

The physical culture exhibition at the High School last night drew a crowd such as seldom appears at any entertainment in this city. Notwithstanding the fact that the same exhibition is to be repeated tonight, the parents, relatives and friends of the pupils who were to take part and a vast number of others apparently concluded to attend last night, for before the hour fixed for the beginning of the entertainment the Assembly hall was packed from gallery to gallery and from front to back. At 8 o'clock the prospective spectator who had not dreamed that so many people were of the same mind as himself as to the exhibition sauntered up to one of the entrances and stopped aghast. There was not a vacant seat in sight, the aisles were full, the doors were packed with a waiting crowd, and altogether the outlook was poor for the late comers. Many were turned away, many stood up during the evening, and many merely looked at the crowd and decided to wait until tonight.

Those who did get in were well repaid. The physical exercises were charming. Beautiful evolutions and graceful and rythmic exercises of little arms, contributed to make up a delightful program, and one that reflected great credit upon Max Alletzhaeusser, who prepared the entertainment and drilled the pupils in their exercises. The musical portion of the program was also especially pleasing, and it showed the result of painstaking cultivation to which Miss Mary B. Caldwell, the musical director, had given her skill and experience. The opening chorus, "Revel of the Leaves," given by 100 voices selected from the schools of the city, was remarkably well rendered, and the volume of fresh young voices, that filled the hall was admirably tuneful. Fifty little ones from the Jackson school next interpreted "A Sign of Spring." Armed with dusters and brooms they went through a unique drill. A wand exercise by the Lester Park pupils, a club-swinging class from Lakeside, a stepping exercise from the Jefferson, a hoop drill from the Emerson, dissimilar calisthenics from the Adams, and a number of difficult, but gracefully rendered exercises of various kinds from various schools filled out the long program. The Maypole drill by the pupils of the Longfellow school was one of the prettiest numbers of the evening.

The immense crowd was delighted with the work of the pupils and the reflected skill of the directors, including the teachers who have contributed not a little to the success of the exhibition. It will be repeated tonight, and again tomorrow afternoon for the benefit of the pupils, who are not allowed to attend the evening performances.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

The Ax Falls in the Sixth District.

Washington, June 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following postmasters were appointed today in the Sixth congressional district: Grand Marais, Cook county, A. J. Johnson, vice Christopher Murphy, resigned; Rutledge, Pine county, R. P. Townsend, vice Hugh Conway, removed.

Washington, June 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Morris was today notified that A. B. Cornell would be appointed postmaster at Hewitt.

WILL MEET AT DENVER.

Philadelphia, June 4.—At this morning's session of the Medical association Denver was selected as the next place of meeting and Dr. George Stenberg, of Washington, was chosen president of the association.

$43.30—TO NASHVILLE, TENN., AND RETURN—$43.30.
CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION.

Tickets on sale via the Wisconsin Central lines every day until Oct. 15, with final return limit of Nov. 7. For tickets, sleeping car berths and further information call at city office, No. 423 West Superior street, Spalding House block, Duluth.
A. W. KUEHNOW,
Passenger Agent, N. P. Ry.

See the Crescent tandem at Trott's.

POWER & SETTLE. | POWER & SETTLE. | POWER & SETTLE.

POWER & SETTLE.

Your money's worth .....or your money back

Is putting it plain, but that is just what we mean. Some very low prices have been made us on case quantities. We thought you would want them for such low figures—if you only think about taking in a bargain as we do—you'll be here tomorrow, rain or shine. We can't afford to not buy them for you—you can't afford to overlook them.

A Handkerchief Bargain.
800 doz. Ladies' Handkerchiefs, beautiful sheer quality, Araback lace edge; made to retail at 20c, but the overstocked importer had to move the big lot at a loss; we took them and think you'll appreciate them at such a trifle, 3 for 25c, each.....9c

At the Glove Counter.
Have you seen the new Bicycle Glove?
New gauntlet, lisle back, mocha palm; it's the comfort you get for the trifle. Selling Saturday at.....$1.25

Another Glove Novelty.
The golden button, the leaf, green, the mocha finish. You never saw their quality for less than $1.75; but, here, Saturday.....$1.25
58 doz. more of the great bargain in the Glace Kid Gloves; $1.50 kind for Saturday selling at even.....$1.00
1 lot Pique Gauntlets, $1.00 kind...50c

Do you think you can get Your Money's Worth in this Collection—We will give it back if you don't.

Silk and Wool Plaids for	46c
Gray French Serge for	65c
Novelty open weave Canvas Cloth	66c
Novelty Mixed Suiting	29c
Fancy Checks	45c
Storm Serges	58c
Plain Cheviots	45c
Mohair Stripes	69c
Imported Canvas Cloths	98c
Silk and Wool Suiting	88c
Black Serge, 56-in wide	65c
Black Storm Serge, 46-inch	48c
Black Drap De Ete Serge, 46-inch	39c
Black Fancy Jacquard	49c
Black Silk Warp, plain weave	$1 25
$2.10 Dress Patterns for	$1.05
$3.50 Dress Patterns for	$1.75
$5.25 Dress Patterns for	$2.63
$6.00 Dress Patterns for	$3 00
$6.30 Dress Patterns for	$3.15
$6.50 Dress Patterns for	$3.25
$8.00 Dress Patterns for	$4.00
$10.00 Dress Patterns for	$5.00

At the Lace Counter Tomorrow.

Low Prices
Will make busy clerks at the lace counter tomorrow. 2000 yards of the laces and embroideries that did not bring the importer half their worth.
1c a yard— 6½c a yard—
3c a yard— 12c a yard
4c a yard— 15c a yard—
9c a yard— 19c a yard—
24c a yard—If you don't want them now, buy them—take our advice—buy them.
200 Sterling Silver Waist Sets, tomorrow.....25c

50 Ladies' Jackets tomorrow Half Price.
30 children's Jackets Tomorrow .....Half Price

Do you want your money's worth? Buy Mackintoshes.

Bargains in Mackintoshes for Saturday—
A good seamless, 2-caped, double texture, plaid lined, velvet collar, velvet straps, rain-proof garments.....$4.77
For Saturday, a fine stylish Mackintosh, in gray and tan mixtures, brown velvet collar, plaid lined.....$7.88
For Saturday, a beautiful red and blue mixture, new shades, two-caped, double texture.....$7.98
For Saturday, the handsome, elite, in solid colors, blue and black, lined with blue and white and black and white striped linings.....$10.00

The Millinery Corner
Will interest you Saturday; can't help it; price fixes that; not only the price, but the new attractions, new ideas, for that little price.

1,000 Roses tomorrow, full bloom and budding kind, to make it very attractive the 20c kind stocked out at.....9c
1,800 elegant Roses in all shades, 75c varieties, all go at.....59c
100 Children's Wreaths, the 40c kind, go at.....18c
Confirmation Wreaths, tomorrow.....29c and 48c

50 Children's wide Chip Hats tomorrow, worth 75c, selling at.....38c
Ladies' Patttern Hats and special trimmed kind, the choice high grade kind, $8, $10 and $12, will figure down to a pleasing price for you tomorrow.

300 Ladies' Sailor Hats, all shades, latest Knox shapes, offered as bargain elsewhere at $1.50, but not a bargain—only, at our price for tomorrow.....98c

Ladies' Underwear.
7c Saturday for a beautiful Swiss ribbed Vest, others want 12½c.
25c Saturday for a 50c Ladies' Union Suit (a wonder).
Saturday—10c, 15c, 19c, 25c bargains in Underwear, Swiss ribbed.

Ladies' Hose.
19c Saturday for Ladies' 30c Hose, just received.
7c Saturday for Ladies' tan and black Hose, not a seam.

POWER & SETTLE.

CONTESTS THE ORDINANCE.

Defense of Manager Marsh in the License Case.

The case against Manager Marsh of the Lyceum, who is charged with giving a public theatrical performance without a license, was on trial before Judge Edson yesterday. At the opening of the case, Attorney Benham, for the defense, objected to the introduction of any evidence on the ground that the ordinance under which the action was brought is invalid, in that it covers more than one subject, contrary to the provisions of chapter 89 of the charter. The point was reserved for argument at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon and evidence was taken subject to the ruling on the motion.

The testimony was as to the public character of the play "The Gladiator," on the production of which the action is based, and as to the Lyceum as a public playhouse. For the defense the testimony of Manager Marsh was introduced tending to support the contention on which the defense will rely in case it fails on the first point raised. This contention is that the exhibitions given are proper and that the character of the patronage is first class, in view of which the ordinance in question is so unreasonable and unjust as to be void.

Thrilling Picture.
The "Black Diamond" express shown at full speed by the wonderful projectoscope at the Pilgrim Congregational church tomorrow evening. Admission 25 cents; children, 15 cents.

New Telephone Directory.
The Duluth Telephone company will issue their midsummer directory on July 1. New subscribers desirous of having their names appear in this issue should place their orders before June 10, as the book goes to the printer on that date.

For packing and moving household goods go to Duluth Van Co., who are headquarters for that business, at reasonable prices, 212 W. Superior st.
P. S.—Trunks delivered for 25 cents.

THEIR ANNUAL JUNKET.

Iron Company Stockholders Arrived Early This Morning.

A special train carrying a party of stockholders of the Minnesota Iron company and Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company arrived in Duluth over the Omaha road this morning at 2 o'clock. Here the car of President Jacob L. Greatsinger was added to the train, a Duluth & Iron Range engine was substituted for that of the Omaha, and at 2:45 the train pulled out for Ely, arriving there at 7:40 o'clock. D. H. Bacon, president of the Minnesota Iron company, joined the party at Tower Junction.

Those in the party were: Ex-Governor Roswell P. Flower of New York; Henry Seibert, of New York, a heavy stockholder in the Minnesota Iron company and one of the principal stockholders of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad; George H. Ball, of Boston; J. C. Morse, late president of the Illinois Steel company; A. J. Patterson, of New York, assistant treasurer of the Minnesota Iron company and Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company; James C. Bishop, of New York; C. P. Coffin, secretary of the Minnesota Iron company; Walter S. Mitchell and William P. Palmer, of New York; H. H. Porter, chairman of the board of directors of both companies; C. W. Hillard, vice-president, secretary and treasurer of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company; J. H. Chandler, of Chicago, general solicitor of both companies; M. J. Carpenter, former president of the Duluth & Iron Range and now president of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad; C. W. Porter, of Hudson, Wis., brother of H. H. Porter; James Belden, private secretary to C. W. Hillard; W. K. Coffin, H. R. Bishop, of New York, and L. B. Arnold, of Chicago.

It is not known when the party will arrive in Duluth on the return trip, but it will probably be Sunday afternoon or early Monday morning. The stockholders' and directors' meetings will be held here Monday forenoon.

H. R. Bishop and others of the stockholders are also interested in other enterprises in Duluth, among which is the Commercial Light and Power company.

A POPULAR RESORT.

Lake Park hotel, at Lake Minnetonka, is the most popular tourist resort in Minnesota. It is only a half hour's ride from Minneapolis, and reached by frequent trains. The accommodations are in every way of the best, and prices extremely reasonable. Good fishing, boating, yachting and bathing. Hotel will open for the season of 1897 on June 24. For further particulars and a beautifully illustrated pamphlet, address
A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., M. & St. L. R. R.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

5000 Carnations For Saturday
Fresh Cut Carnations—5000 of them will be here Saturday at 10:45 a. m. Only 18c a doz or 2 doz for.... 35c
PANTON & WHITE.

A Growing Hat Store, and why?

Thoroughly good styles Derby, Fedora, Straw Hats and Caps.

...NEW HATS...

Tomorrow Our Straw Hats

Are ready—A full and complete line—better and cheaper than shown before.

Derby Hats.

Correct styles in Dunlap and Knox blocks, in black, brown and light shades, goods that other people ask you $3 for—our price while they last $2.50

A Flat Brim Pearl Fedora —With Black band, worth $2.50. A nobby Young Men's Shape $1.50

A Lot of Flat Brim Fedoras In Black, Brown and Pearls, extra fine quality $2.00

30 Dozen More of those Soft and Stiff Hats, for tomorrow. 98c

These hats are undoubtedly the greatest hat values ever offered in this city. Bicycle Caps in endless variety.

M.S.BURROWS

Linens Show Immaculate Whiteness

when they are laundried with

KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO STARCH

"SILVER GLOSS"

gives universal satisfaction.

For sale by all first class grocers.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Gibson pictures at the Lyceum next Tuesday.

Tickets for Rudelsberger-Tonning must be reserved at Coon's and Porter's.

Charles Blumquist appeared before Judge Edson this morning on the charge of larceny in the third degree. Bloomquist is accused of the theft of some tools valued at $5.70 from the blacksmith shop of James Elder, at 24 First avenue west, the offense, it is charged, having been committed on Saturday last. The defendant pleaded not guilty and his trial was set for Monday afternoon.

Clemens Fuhlert, a contractor, was arrested by Officer Forgy this morning on complaint of J. C. Cox, who charges Fuhlert with taking nine cedar poles belonging to the complainant. Fuhlert pleaded guilty to a charge of larceny in the third degree, before Judge Edson, and his trial was set for Tuesday morning.

The annual meeting of the Somerset W will be held tomorrow at the residence of Mrs. A. W. Bradley, 220 West Third street.

A meeting will be held on Monday evening at 1826 West Superior street, the Sham block, for the purpose of effecting the organization of a West End Bicycle club.

Second papers have been granted by the district court to George Coleman, Andrew G. Anderson, C. E. Johanson, Fred Johnson, M. M. Stedal and Hans P. Fix.

A marriage license has been issued to James Ross and Annie McDonald.

In the case of Nathan Marcus against the security bank, to enforce the statutory liability of the stockholders, the board of education and the Crane & Ordway company this morning filed intervening complaints asking that they be made parties to the suit. The claim of the board is $6573.02 and that of the Crane & Ordway company $1062.17. McCordic & Crosby are the attorneys.

Johnson Bros. have secured the contract for the erection of the new house for S. I. Levine on West Third street between First and Second avenues west. It will cost about $8000.

The death of Lyman Jacob, aged 26, of 305 Lake avenue south, has been reported to the health department.

Charles Wolf went up the hill this morning for ten days for drunkenness.

The school board will meet tomorrow night at the High School building. No business of interest is to come up so far as appeared today. The board will probably decide to have its meetings monthly instead of semi-monthly.

The last teachers' meetings of the school year will be held at the High School tomorrow morning, the grade meeting at 9:10 o'clock, and the general meeting at 10 o'clock.

G. C. Steele, manager of the Smith, Farwell & Steele company, appeared before Judge Edson this morning on the charge of operating an elevator without a certificate of city inspection. He pleaded guilty and was given $5 and costs or five days in jail. He paid the fine.

Gen. Lee attends to United States affairs in Cuba. Kelly does the clothes cleaning of Duluth.

The concert which was to have been given at the Armory Wednesday and was postponed because of the unpleasant weather will be given next Wednesday evening, June 9.

Edward King's wife reports that she has received a letter from him explaining his disappearance, which was reported yesterday.

Company G will organize a rifle team and already has selected ground on the hill back of the Pavilion.

The members of Company C will have their banquet in honor of their triumph achieved in inspection tonight at the Spalding.

THE BANKER CASE.

Floodwood Druggist's Trial Concluded This Morning.

Judge Moer, in district court this morning, heard the case against J. B. Banker, a Floodwood druggist who was indicted for practicing medicine without a license. The testimony was to the effect that last fall a man named Hendrickson, living at Floodwood, filled up over the political campaign and, wandering out in the woods, lay down and contracted a case of typhoid pneumonia. Banker is alleged to have treated him, and sent to the county a bill for medical attendance and expenses, including the freight on a coffin furnished by the county, for Hendrickson died. C. M. Stevens, of Floodwood, testified that Banker held himself out there as a physician. The state's evidence was all in this morning, and when the court overruled the defendant's motion to dismiss, the defense rested without introducing any testimony. The case went to the jury this noon.

Banker is a good-looking man of perhaps 25 years, with a clean-cut face covered with a wholesome country tan. When Mr. Arbury read to the jury letters in which he signed himself "M.D." he smiled slightly, but otherwise he did not appear to be much affected by the proceedings.

The jury returned a verdict of guilty after being out but three minutes.

This is the last criminal case of the term.

Bonds Of assignees, receivers, executors, administrators, contractors, federal, state and bank officials furnished by the American Bonding and Trust Company.

Geo. R. Laybourn, Gen. Agent, 14 Phoenix Block.

Claim They Are Delaying.

The case of Alfred and Lon Merritt against A. A. Harris and son came up before Judge Cant late this afternoon on the order for the plaintiffs to show cause why the case should not go to trial, notwithstanding the order allowing the trial to wait until the Merritts' deposition arrives from Mexico. The ground was that the order was being used by the Merritts to delay the trial and cause it to go over the term.

Projectoscope, Pilgrim church tomorrow night.

Blatz MALT-VIVINE TRADE MARK

will build you right up from a condition of lowest vitality to strong, robust health. Contains the highest percentage of nutritive matter of select malt in liquid form. Is a Non-Intoxicant. All druggists.

Vai Blatz Brewing Co. Duluth Branch. Tel. 62.

SEVERE

DeWard Kennedy Sentenced to Ten Years' Imprisonment For Forgery.

Made a Plea For Mercy But It Was His Second Offense.

C. P. Robbins Gets a Two Years' Sentence---Others Get Their Dues.

De Ward Kennedy will not be before the district court of St. Louis county again for some time. He was up for the second time this afternoon on the same charge, forgery, and Judge Moer sentenced him to hard labor in the penitentiary at Stillwater for ten years, the maximum punishment. Tearful, weak and vacillating as ever, Kennedy stood before Judge Moer to receive sentence for the crime of forgery, to which he had pleaded guilty. When he was convicted before he appeared before Judge Morris, and by a truly pitiful tale he got off with a light sentence. He was released a year ago. He seemed very repentant as he stood in court this afternoon and told his story in a trembling voice, nervously twisting his cap around his hands meanwhile.

He said that he was 45 years of age, that he had been married, but that his wife had secured a divorce from him while he was in prison. His children are in the custody of their mother. He said that he came out of the penitentiary a year ago, where he had been sentenced for the same crime. He was guilty then and he was guilty now, he said, but he came out intending to become a good citizen. He did try to become one, and he worked hard at his trade till about three weeks before the time the forgeries were committed, when he got to drinking again. He was discharged for drunkenness, received $18 from his employer and spent that in drink. Then he forged some checks and spent the proceeds in drink, also. He did not believe that he had ever committed a dishonorable act except when he was intoxicated.

Judge Moer regretted that he had no discretion in the matter, as the law provided that in a second offense the court must give the maximum or double it. He therefore sentenced him to ten years hard labor. Kennedy turned pale beneath his sandy complexion and wiped his eyes and calmly sat down.

C. P. Robbins, who acted as his own attorney, and was convicted of passing a check at Tower on a bank where he had no funds stated that he was a newspaper correspondent and that he had worked in the South. He was in this part of the country for his health. He was 37 years old and unmarried. He had nothing to say why sentence should not be passed upon him, though he denied that he had done this kind of thing before. Judge Moer sentenced him to two years at hard labor.

J. L. Steele, a wild looking woodsman, who was convicted of destroying personal property at Hibbing, gave as excuse that he was crazy drunk and that he had never done anything wrong before. He was sentenced to twenty days in the county jail.

Jacob Schuke, who was indicted four times for forgery and who pleaded guilty to one forgery case, was arraigned. He is a fairly good looking young German, and his attorney said that he had gone wrong rather through slothfulness than inate sinfulness. Judge Moer sent him to the state reformatory.

John Roleau a large and very self-possessed man of 42 years of age, who pleaded guilty to stealing some spoons from Geist's window was another victim of drink who was divorced from a wife and four children. He was a barber by trade and was born in St. Paul. He went to Stillwater for two years at hard labor.

William Mattson, a vicious looking Finlander from Soudan who was convicted of grand larceny in the second degree, was up for the second time in this court, so Judge Moer gave him the maximum of five years at hard labor.

THE IRON ORE TRADE.

Wheeling Buyers Take Gogebic and Vermilion Bessemers.

Two Wheeling district buyers have been in the market for ore in the week and between 200,000 and 300,000 tons of Gogebic and Vermilion Bessemers have been taken, says the Iron Trade Review. There have also been some sales, in moderate lots, of non-Bessemer ores, a portion of them for shipment to Central and Eastern Pensylvania. Yet the accumulation of 1896 ore and the stocks at the mines are so great that the year will be one of much curtailed operation at the mines. Every week brings some new reduction of working force and it is already plain that some properties whose resumption is anxiously awaited by the miners will not get a chance to run this year.

Some absurd stories, involving the Rockefeller and Carnegie names have been set afloat for outside consumption, and the dispatches have given the impression that the Rockefeller fleet is carrying all the ore this year; that because of this fleet of, say, 1,800,000 tons carrying capacity the traffic of the lakes, amounting to more than fifteen times that tonnage, is at a standstill. It is sufficient to say of these stories and of the report of a 5,000,000-ton consumption of ore by one Pittsburg interest, that the Rockefeller-Carnegie program was fully exploited months ago, and is not a whit changed.

CHEYENNE INDIANS QUIET.

Washington, June 1.—A telegram from Capt. Stouch at the Tongue River agency, was received at the Indian office this afternoon stating that the Indians are now quiet. He adds that the Indian under arrest for murder will be escorted today by military to the Rosebud agency and delivered to the sheriff. The message was dated yesterday, but as it is sixty miles from the scene of the trouble to the nearest telegraph station it was delayed in transmission.

MARINE MATTERS.

A Visible Improvement in Ore Freights.

Cleveland, June 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The ore freight market is decidedly better this morning. The number of cargoes from the head of the lakes is quite large, probably twice as much as has been offered at any time since the opening of navigation.

PASSED PORT HURORN.

Prt Hurn, Mich., June 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Brown, 11 last night; Paris, 4:30 a. m.; M. Hopkins and consorts, 4:40; Grecian, 6:20.

Down yesterday: Schuck and consorts, 11:30 a. m.; Lagonda, 2:15 p. m.; Stephenson, Bell, 4; Mariska, 4:10; Drake, 4:30; Montana, 7:20; Siemens, Krupp, 8:30; Cadillac, 8:45.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., June 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Joliet, 2:40 a. m.; Kirby, Hartnell, 5; Griffin, 5:30; T. M. Greene, 6:40; New Orleans, 7:30; Mesaba, Magna, 7:40; Rhoda Emily and consorts, Murphy, 8:30; Mahoning, 9; Vulcan, Corsican, 8:30.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Tampa, 11 last night; Street, Lozen, Godfrey, 6:40 a. m.; Pratt, Ash, 8:20; Venice, North Star, Runnells, 8:40; China, 9; Penobscot, Kendall, Leader, Troy, 10; Republic, 10:30; Manitoba, 11; Rappahannock, Ipsley, Grampian, Algeria, Law, 11:20. Down: Athabasca, 6:40 a. m.; Maricopa, Manda, 7:30; Chisholm, Birkhead, Jones, 9:20.

Later—Up: Rosemount, 12:30 p. m.; Fisk, Mather and whalebacks, 1; Manola, Malta, 2. Down: eKarsarge, 1:20 p. m.

Up yesterday: Queen City, 2:40 p. m.; Pontiac, 4; Cort, Russell, 4:30; Spokane, 7; Erlesson, Holley, 8:20; Bessemer, Nasmyth, 9:30. Down: Mary McGregor, 5 p. m.; Colgate and whalebacks, 7; Castalia, 8.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Buffalo—Cleared: India, Glasgow, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Barge 127, Duluth.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Pathfinder, Sagamore, Chicago; Devereaux, Cleveland.

Ashland—Arrived: Sicken, Spademan, McVea, Sheriffs. Cleared: Neilsen, Whitworth, Oglebay, Lansing, Lake Erie ports.

Cleveland—Cleared: Nirvena, Dollar Bay; Specular, Desmond, Northwest, Duluth.

TO PREVENT COLLISIONS.

Washington, June 4.—A bill passed in the house yesterday afternoon to prevent collisions in harbors and inland waters of the United States is of considerable interest to Duluth. The owners of vessels are held primarily liable for any damages arising from neglect or refusal to observe the act. The bill also provides: "Rafts or other water craft not herein provided for, navigating by hand power, horse power or by the current of the river, shall carry one or more good white lights, which shall be placed in such manner as shall be prescribed by the board of supervising inspectors of steam vessels."

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Sacramento, Abyssinia, Iroquois, Fayette Brown, Lake Erie, coal; North Wind, Stevens, Nicol, Buffalo, mdse; Jay Gould, Chicago, pass and flour; Sicken, Melvin, Lake Erie, light for lumber.

Departed—Sitka, Yukon, Two Harbors, light; Fryer, Ashland, light; Yale, Buffalo, grain; Bradley, Peshtigo, Brightie, Santa Maria, Gawn, Lake Erie, lumber; Fairbairn, Corliss, Lake Erie, ore; Japan, Buffalo, pass and flour; Gilbert, Northern Wave, Vanderbilt, Buffalo, flour.

OF FAR-REACHING IMPORTANCE.

The recent decision of the United States supreme court holding that the steamer J. P. Donaldson was not to blame when, in order to save herself, she let go the schooners Bay City, G. W. Wesley and Eldorado, off Erie, in a gale in November, 1888, and herself made the harbor while the schooners were driven on the beach and only released at great expense, establishes a precedent for the future and involves a similar case still pending in the courts. The steamer S. S. Wilhelm dropped the schooners Mears and Midnight on Lake Huron in a heavy gale within the last seven years, both schooners were completely wrecked and the steamer saved herself. The circumstances were much like those in the foregoing case. The suit has been tried and decided against the steamer, but it was carried up and is still pending. It will now have only to be certified to the supreme court and the Wilhelm is likely to win.

Concerning the Donaldson case it is stated that her owners made repeated attempts to settle with the owners of the vessels. At one time Capt. J. W. Wescott, of Detroit, was empowered to offer the owners of the Eldorado $2000, and he did so, but the offer was refused. Others offered the owners of the other vessels various amounts, but all were declined. Scores of cases have in the past been settled by owners of steamers, and they probably wish now they had not been so hasty in paying up.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Columbia, from Hamburg.

Glasgow—Arrived: Ethcopia for New York.

London—Arrived: Ontario from New York.

Cherbourg—Arrived: Fuerst Bismarck New York.

Liverpool—Arrived: Brittanic, from New York.

Sterling Silver Thimbles

15 cents at F. D. Day & Co.'s, 315 West Superior street, Saturday.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

ANDERSON Cash Grocery Company,

Lowell Block, cor. First avenue east and Superior street. 'Phone 555

Here are a few of our Specialties For the next week.

Fancy Creamery Butter, per lb	18c
Choice Dairy Butter, per lb...	15c
Fresh Eggs, per doz..... (Limit 5 doz to a customer)	8c
Our Premium Brand Flour, unsurpassed in quality, 98-lb sack.....	$2.00
49-lb sack.....	$1.05
Best Rye Flour, 49-lb sack....	65c
Choice Graham, 49-lb sack....	65c
10 lbs Cornmeal for.....	10c
17 lbs Granulated Sugar for...	$1.00
Fancy Small Ham, per lb.....	10c
California Shoulder Ham, per lb	7c
Table Salt, per sack.....	2c
A. B. C. Crackers, per lb.....	5c
Choice Burbank Potatoes, per bus	25c
Good Dairy Butter, per lb.....	12½c
MASON FRUIT JARS.	
Pints, per doz, only.....	45c
Quarts, per doz, only.....	55c
Halfs, per doz, only.....	65c
Good Japan Rice, per lb.....	5c
6-lbs Pearl Tapioca for.....	25c
6 lbs Sago for.....	25c
Nice Dried Peaches, 3 lbs for	25c
Nice California Prunes, 6 lbs for	25c
Fancy Rio Coffee per lb.....	20c
Good Navy Beans, per lb.....	2c

Strawberries in abundance at Lowest Possible Prices.

ANDERSON CASH GROCERY CO.

Corner First Avenue East and Superior St., Duluth, Minn. Tel. 555.

PERSONALS.

W. C. McSCarter left on the South Shore road yesterday for Detroit and Ontario points, where he will visit for a few days.

B. J. Whitcomb left yesterday for Detroit and Southern Michigan, where he will visit for a few weeks.

Judge Edson will start tonight on a fishing trip to Moose lake.

Leo A. Ball is down with an attack of typhoid fever and is in St. Mary's hospital.

Judge C. L. Lewis returned today from a trip to the Rainy Lake country. He is greatly impressed with the mineral resources of that region, and expects to see it a country of great wealth.

Ernest Manning, of Marquette, is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

J. G. Ketchum is down from Tower today, a guest at the Spalding.

W. H. Oakley, of Trout Creek, Mich., is a late arrival at the Spalding.

A. J. Thomas came down from Ely today and registered at the St. Louis.

T. R. Hagerty, of Green Bay, Wis., is a guest at the St. Louis.

J. J. McDavitt came up from Minneapolis today. He is at the St. Louis.

George M. Furbush, an Ashland lumberman, is registered at the St. Louis.

C. S. Morgan, of St. Paul, is at the Spalding.

Dr. Thomas McDavitt, of St. Paul, is registered at the Spalding.

Sam Simpson returned from Minneapolis this morning. He is at the St. Louis.

Deputy United States Marshal E. L. Warren, of Detroit, Minn., is in the city, a guest at the St. Louis.

Charles T. Williams, a prominent lumber dealer of Cleveland, Ohio, is among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

F. B. Daugherty came up from St. Paul last night.

C. P. McClure, of St. Cloud, arrived in the city this morning and registered at the Spalding.

Ernest L. Manning, of Marquette, Mich., Western manager of the J. C. Ayer estate, is in the city today.

Bishop Morrison has returned from an extended trip through his diocese an North and South Dakota.

C. Decker left this afternoon on a business trip and a visit with his brothers at Detroit, Mich.

BIDS ON LUMBER.

Board of Public Works Opened Them Today.

The board of public works held a meeting this morning. Among the business transacted was the opening of bids on the year's supply of lumber, amounting to 250,000 feet. The bids run from $9.20 to $10.25 per lineal foot, according to dimensions and surfacing. The bidders were R. L. Cochrane, Scott & Holston, Heinbach Lumber company, J. W. Howe, J. B. Noyes and C. B. Woodruff.

An estimate of $15,851.23 in favor of the Carroll-Porter company on its pipe contract was allowed. The board listened to an argument in behalf of Bishop McGolrick's claim for reimbursement of the sum of $981.90, the cost of a retaining wall in the rear of the cathedral. The question of fact involved is as to whether there had been any improvement to the alley before the wall was built. If it is found there had, the matter will be referred to the city attorney for advice as to whether the amount can be legally made.

Good Day For Fishing.

"You can say to those fellows who like to go out fishing on Sunday that tomorrow and Sunday are almost certain to be fine days," said Mr. Kenealy, the weather manipulator, to The Herald man today. Both days are expected to produce that delightful brand of weather that makes Duluth's summer climate famous. Mr. Kenealy says that the number of inquiries made on Saturday as to prospective weather is much larger than on any other day of the week. The added number of inquiries undoubtedly come from those who plan for outdoor pleasures of some kind on that day.

SUMMER SHOES For LADIES and GENTLEMEN.

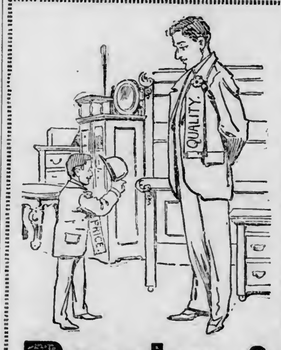
The largest and finest assortment of Tans and Oxfords we have ever shown.

Men's Shoes $2.50 to $5

Ladies' Shoes $2.00 to $5

Children's Shoes for boys and girls of the best kinds that never disappoint and at prices lower than you would expect.

A. Wieland 123 W. Sup. st.



Low Price And High Quality

has been our guiding motto since our doors opened. Quality first and the highest; price second and the lowest. Furniture is not to be judged by a casual inspection. Time tells its worth. We sell only on merit. Our stock of Furniture and Bedding is the best and largest in this city and our prices will astonish you.

Bayha & Co. 24 AND 26 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

Telephone 435

Bayha & Co., City Carpet Cleaning Works.

The only practical, the only genuine Carpet Cleaners in this city. Have your work done direct and you will not be disappointed. Our prices are the lowest and our work guaranteed the best, and done on the shortest notice.

We do all kinds of Furniture Repairing and making over of Mattresses.

Office: 24 East Superior Street.

MR. BALDWIN'S BILL.

It Will Be Considered By the County Board.

The board of county commissioners was to hold its regular monthly meeting this afternoon. So far as appeared up to noon today there was nothing of especial interest to come up. C. O. Baldwin's bill as acting county attorney, was expected to be brought up, and it will in all probability be acted upon. An opinion from the attorney general as to the legality of the bill is expected.

The county surveyor will present a report to the effect that the Johnson bridge contract has been completed, and Deputy Surveyor W. H. Hoyt will report upon the condition of the bridges themselves, which he has found to be satisfactory. The board will test them after this meeting. The St. Louis bridge was to have been tested Wednesday, but the expedition was postponed on account of the weather.

Swenson Cases Continued.

The two bribery cases against ex-County Commissioner Albert Swenson were continued over the term this morning upon the defendant's application. The defense has been depending upon a witness who is up in the Rainy Lake country somewhere, probably in the woods, as it has been impossible to get him down in time for the trial. As he is a material witness to the defense Acting County Attorney Baldwin consented to the continuance.

Saturday.

Saturday only. Silver thimbles 15 cents.

F. D. DAY & CO., 315 West Superior Street.

LADY SOMERSET POPULAR.

New York, June 4.—A cablegram from London states that Lady Henry Somerset has been selected president of the British Women's Temperance association for the eighth time.

VESUVIUS IS IN ERUPTION.

London June 4.—A special dispatch from Naples says that Mount Vesuvius is in eruption. An area of 2000 yards long by 500 wide is covered with lava and it is dangerous to approach within 400 yards of the principal crater.

HUNTINGTON'S NEW RAILROAD.

New York June 4.—C. P. Huntington, president of the Southern Pacific Railway company, who has just returned from a three months' trip in the West said today that he had seen Mr. Garland relative to a railroad to the Old Dominion copper mine in Arizona and it was practically settled that a road should be built to Globe City, Arizona.

BLOOD WILL TELL.

One of these men who came in from the country and has climbed from the bottom of the ladder to the top, likes to tell a story on his wife, whose second beauty is crowned by a mass of silken hair as white as cotton, says the St. Louis Republican.

"We both lived on a farm then," he says. "Anna was an orphan and brought up by a strict old uncle, who was a deacon. She was pretty and bright, but so prim and strait-laced that she would sanction nothing to which the deacon himself objected, and no old Covenanter ever drew the lines more closely than he did.

"Next to Anna, my affections were centered on a colt that was good to look at and developed a wonderful speed and gameness that spoke of aristocratic descent. I told this to no one but Anna and it was with great difficulty that I induced her to ride one Sunday with me to a camp meeting behind a reid trotter.

"Going to the meeting I regulated the colt's pace to suit the day and the occasion, and he was as sedate as the deacon himself. The only girl of the neighborhood who pretended to rival Anna in beauty was there with a young fellow who prided himself on having the fastest horse in the county. Toward sundown she told Anna that we had better start home early. They would require much less time and would probably pass us on the way. That made me mad and I thought I detected an unwonted fire in her eyes. We were jogging homeward as decorously as we had gone, talking solemnly as we should, when there was a rush past us, a cloud of dust and a mocking laugh that bade us 'good-bye.' My colt was prancing and pulling like a tugboat. I was bound to please my girl, grinding as it was.

"'Let 'er go,' came between her red lips and white set teeth, just as a girl of the period would say 'Let 'er go, Gallagher.'

"That was enough. Fences and trees flew the other way. Blood told and the colt seemed on wings. When we were nose and nose Anna was so excited that she wanted to take the reins for fear I couldn't win the Sunday race. But the gallant colt shot us through ahead. It wasn't long till Anna wore a little jewelry and tolerated cards to the extent of playing 'old maid.'"

TEA IN ENGLAND.

The earliest mention of tea by an Englishman is probably that contained in a letter from Mr. Wickham, an agent of the East India company, written June 1615, to Mr. Eaton, another officer of the company, resident at Macao, says June Lippincott's, asking him to send "a pot of the best chaw." In Mr. Eaton's accounts of expenditures occurs this item: "Three silver porringers to drink chaw in."

It was not until the middle of the seventeenth century that the English began to use tea. The first importations were from Japan and the price ranged from six to ten pounds per pound. In the Mercurius Politicus of September, 1658, appears the following advertisement: "That excellent and by all Physitians approved China Drink, called by the Chineans Teha, by other nations Tay, or Tea, is sold at the Sultaness Head, a cophee house in Sweetings Rents, by the Royal Exchange, London."

Pepys enters in his diary on Sept. 25, 1660, "I did send for a cup of tee, a China drink, which I had never drank before." This is a proof of the novelty of the drink in England at that date. In 1664 it is recorded that the East India company presented the king with two pounds and two ounces of "thea."

About this time, however, the consumption of tea and coffee became fashionable and the importations large in proportion.

Flowers Saturday ....AT THE.... ....GLASS BLOCK.

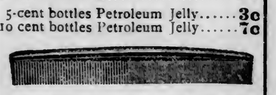
5,000 Fresh Cut Carnations go on Sale at 10:45 a. m.—Per Doz..... 18c OR 2 DOZ. 35c

Panton & White.

STACK & CO. | STACK & CO. | STACK & CO. | STACK & CO. | STACK & CO. | STACK & CO. | STACK & CO.

5 gross 10-qt rinsing pans, just like cut, on sale Saturday and Monday, at..... 5c

5-cent bottles Petroleum Jelly..... 3c
10 cent bottles Petroleum Jelly..... 7c



1 gross rubber dressing combs, like cut..... 4c

Remnants of 7-cent Outing Flannels go at, yard..... 4c

Bird Cages.

Bird cages, two sizes, on sale Saturday and Monday; size like cut..... 37c

Size larger goes at..... 47c

Leather Belts.

Leather Belts, with polished harness buckles, on sale at, each..... 9c

Steel Mincing Knives.

Steel Mincing Knives, always 7c or 8c each. Saturday and Monday, each, at..... 3c

Muslin.

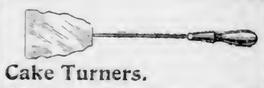
Fruit of the Loom or Lonsdale Muslin, yard..... 6c

Japanned Dust Pans.

Nice Japanned Dust Pans, everyone sells them at 10c. Our price..... 4c

Ladies' Vests.

Ladies' vests, fancy neck and arm holes, worth 15c. Our price..... 10c



Cake Turners.

Cake Turners, just like cut—62 ones; while th y last get them at..... 3c

Towels.

All linen, knotted fringe towels; a regular 25c value, at..... 17c

Shelf Paper.

Shelf paper, per package of 24 sheets, all colors, bunch..... 1c

THE FAIR.

Bowls and Pitchers

like cut, on sale Saturday and Monday, one to a customer, for..... 25c

Here's a Lantern that never sells for less than 75c, Saturday and Monday they go at, each..... 48c

Boys' Hosiery.

Leather Stockings we call them, they are SO HARD to wear out; judged by the wearing qualities they are worth 40c, all sizes, per pair..... 15c

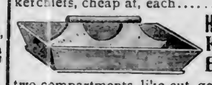
Shelf Brackets.....

like cut, the 12c and 15c kind, go at, per pair, ... 8c

You've heard of Hatchets at 15c, we sell a good one like cut at..... 9c

Handkerchiefs.

20 doz Ladies' embroidered Handkerchiefs, cheap at, each..... 4c



Hardwood Knife Boxes,

two compartments, like cut, go at, each..... 9c

Writing Tablets—10 gross of regular 10c Writing Tablets on sale at, each..... 5c

PLAYING CARDS—We sell a good pack for a nickel, a regular 15c pack for..... 10c

BICYCLE PLAYING CARDS..... 15c

3 qt round Dinner Pails, heavy block tin, regular 19c ones..... 10c

Tin Tea Spoons, doz..... 5c

Stack & Co.

Lunch Boxes

—the handy fibre kind—usually 12½c, 15c and 20c—Saturday and Monday, 3 sizes, at..... 10c

4-hole Mouse Traps (like cut)..... 4c

Lot of **Ladies' Vests** on sale Saturday at..... 4c

Metal Back Dressing Combs, go Saturday at..... 8c

28 and 30 W. Superior St.

THE BIG, BRIGHT KINGDOM OF BARGAINS!

THE NEW STORE,

The Columbus Building.

STACK & CO.

Offer to the people of Duluth and vicinity, this list of unapproachable and unparalleled bargains for our first

SATURDAY SALE

We opened the doors of our new store last Tuesday without one word of newspaper advertising. True, we had filled our windows with bargains, the like of which was new to Duluth. **They told the story—and the good news spread. Here was a store where Good Goods could be bought at the RIGHT PRICES. We have been busy each day—very busy.** Even the rain had no effect on our trade. WHY IS IT? Only that we think—and you know by reading this ad.—that the one place where Bargains reign supreme, where housefurnishings can be bought at correct prices is HERE! Here, where $ $ $ have an increased purchasing power, and where everyone will be treated alike. Come and see us, we are anxious to make your acquaintance.

Dinner Sets.

Here is where we will lead. 13 open-stock Dinner Sets here now—and more coming—and the lowest of all low prices. **Just think of what you have been paying for them heretofore!** Then look at our goods and prices. For instance—

100-piece Dinner Sets, in English Porcelain—3 different decorations, usually sold at $6.98—our price..... $3.48

100-piece Dresden Dinner Sets in two decorations; go Saturday and Monday at..... $6.98

100-piece Dinner Sets in Gold Tracing, or Gold and Blue English Porcelain; go at per set..... $9.98

Toilet Sets.

We have the largest and most complete assortment of Toilet Sets in the city. As for our prices, judge us by these:

6-piece handsomely Decorated Toilets Sets at..... $1.48

10-piece Decorated Toilet Sets go at..... $1.98

12-piece Decorated Toilet Sets in a number of pretty decorations, go at per set..... $2.98

10-qnart **Water Pails** worth 15c, Saturday and Monday, each.... 8c

10-inch Feather Dusters, a regular 20c value; on sale at..... 10c

Muslin.

1 case heavy Brown Muslin—limit 10 yards to a customer—to go at a yd. 3½c

Iron Express Wagons; the small size starts at

69c Each,

With small rise for each larger size.

100 Clothes Pins for... 5c

100 Wash Boards on Sale Saturday and Monday, at.. 10c

Who ever heard of a good Broom for

5c.

We have it and it's a dandy.

4-tie Brooms at—

10c.

Ladies' Ribbed Vests..... 4c
Ladies' Ribbed Vests..... 6c
Ladies' Ribbed Vests..... 9c
Ladies' Ribbed Vests..... 12c
All are worth half more.

10 dozen only, Wire Potato Mashers, like cut—10c ones..... 6c

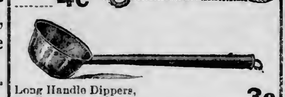
Rice Root Scrub Brushes, Saturday and Monday they go at each—

4c.

Oil Stove Kettles like cut, go at each—

6c.

30-foot Sisal Clothes Lines go at **4c**



Long Handle Dippers, go at..... 3c

Cold Handle Steel Fry Pans, at rock bottom prices; 3 sizes, 6c, 9c and.... 13c

TOILET SOAPS—

4 cakes Toilet Soap in nice box for 8c; 3 cakes Buttermilk Soap in box, at per box, 8c; 3 cakes Clear Glycerine Soap, in box, for 10c; Pear's Soap, cake, 10c; Cuticura Soap, 15c. Lot of fancy soap on sale, at per cake, 5c.

Stack & Co.

Large size Water Pitchers like cut, go Saturday and Monday at..... 10c

Large size Granite Coffee Pots, 2 quarts, always sell at 75c, Special

25c

This No. comes in Blue and White or Grey Enamel.

See the Windows.

One filled with Granite Coffee and Tea Pots, Water Pails, Preserving Kettles, Sauce Pans, etc., all worth up to 50c, choice... 25c

Window 2—Filled with all kinds of Graniteware articles, worth up to 22c, on sale at 10c

17-quart Granite Dish Pans, worth 98c, sale price..... 49c

Wash Basins like cut at, each

3c

6 & 7-in Pie Tins 1c
8 and 9-in. Pie tins 2c

Copper Bottom Boilers, like cut, go at—

59c

Low prices on Sauce Pans, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 quart Preserving Kettles or Sauce Pans all go at, each 10c

Wash Tubs.

3 Hoop Wash Tubs, small size, each 33c
Medium size, each..... 43c
Medium Large size, each 53c
Ironing Board with stand, worth 98c, Saturday and Monday..... 59c
Step Ladders, 4, 5, 6 and 7 feet, all go at, a foot..... 5c

Combination Dinner Pails, just like cut, worth 30c to go in this sale at—

19c

THE FAIR.

GIVES UP

The Accused St. Paul Bank Teller Has Made Another Confession.

Two Other Thefts---One of $6000; the Other of $3700.

General Belief That the Young Man Has More to Confess.

St. Paul, June 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Charles R. Zschau, the receiving teller of the German-American National bank, who last night confessed to the stealing of the package of $13,600 on last Saturday, today added to that confession the further statement that during his connection with the bank he had taken at least $9700 more. Upon one occasion he stole a package of $6000, and there has also been traced to him the disappearance of $3700 more.

He admits all this and declares that he will throw himself upon the mercy of the court. Zschau insists that the man Jackson, arrested as an accomplice, had no connection with the crime, explaining that he hired a stranger to take the package away for him.

It is thought the full confession has not yet been made.

BIG RAILROAD SCHEME.

It Cost $30,000 to Make the Filing Alone.

Springfield, Ill., June 4.—Articles of incorporation were filed with the secretary of state today by the "Chicago Terminal Transfer Railroad company," authorizing the company to build railroad lines from Chicago west to the Mississippi river; another line from Chicago to East St. Louis; another from Chicago to the Ohio river, and another from Chicago to the Indiana and Illinois boundary line through Kankakee. The capital stock is $30,000,000.

The incorporators and first board of directors are William Allen Butler, Jr., Yonkers, N. Y.; Charles H. Coster, Tuxedo, N. Y.; Fred T. Gates, Mont Clair, N. J.; Edward Adams, Henry Budge, Alfred S. Heidelbach, Colgate Hoyt, New York city; Samuel Rainsile, Kemper K. Knapp, Edward S. Parson, Frederiek E. Paradis, Edward R. Knowiton, Mark Breadin, Jr., and William S. Mallette, all of Chicago.

The fee for filing was $30,000, the largest sum ever received for an incorporation in the United States.

MEDICAL CONGRESS.

American Association Chooses Its New Officers.

Philadelphia June 4.—The fourth and last day's session of the congress and semi-official centennial of the American Medical association began here this morning with the reading of a paper on state medicine by Dr. John B. Hamilton, of Illinois. The following officers were elected:

Dr. George M. Sternberg, Washington, president; Dr. J. M. Matthews, Kentucky, first vice-president; Dr. W. H. Thompson, Indianapolis, second vice president; Dr. F. H. Wiggins, New York third vice president; Dr. T. J. Happel, Tennessee, fourth vice president; Dr. Henry P. Newman, Illinois, treasurer; Dr. William B. Atkins Philadelphia secretary; Dr. W. A. Jayne, Colorado assistant; Dr. George W. Webster, Illinois, librarian; Dr. J. W. Graham, Denver, chairman of the committee on arrangements.

Dr. Joseph Eastman, Indiana, and Dr. J. T. Priestly Iowa, whose term expired this year on the board of trustees, were renominated, and Dr. Miller, Chicago, was named as the third member. All the members of the judicial council whose terms expired this year were renominated. They are Dr. D. W. Cronse, Iowa; Dr. T. D. Crothers, Counecticut; Dr. T. W. Bishop Pennsylvania; Dr. R. C. Moore, Nebraska; Dr. G. B. Gilspie, Tennessee; Dr. C. H. Hughes, Missouri, and Dr. Ira J. Heiberger, District of Columbia.

In addition to the officers elected Dr. H. Musser, Philadelphia was appointed to read the next annual address on general medicine, Dr. J. H. Murphy that on general surgery, and Dr. Samuel C. Burey Washington, that on state medicine.

ABOLITIONIST CLARK DEAD.

Indianapolis Ind., June 4.—William F. Clark, Sr., is dead. He was supposed to be the newspaper worker and editor of the longest continuous service in the country. With the exception of three years he had been identified with the press since his fourteenth year and was 88 years old. His house at Mercer, Pa., was formerly a station on the "Underground railway," that took negroes to Canada.

FIVE CENT FARES LEGAL.

Springfield, Ill., June 4.—The Allen bill authorizing five cent fare, and a fifty-year extension of all street railway franchises in Illinois, finally passed both houses of the legislature today. It is not expected that Governor Tanner will veto the bill.

WIFE AND HUSBAND DROWNED.

Galveston, Tex., June 4.—Last night H. S. Towne, wife and sister, went bathing shortly after a squall. Mr. and Mrs. Towne were drowned, while the sister narrowly escaped. They leave two children.

GAVE HIM HIS RIGHTS.

Memphis Tenn., June 4.—Judge Hammond, in the United States circuit court, in the trial of a negro man for perjury on his examination before a pension examiner, directed the jury to acquit the defendant for the reason that the pension examiner did not advise the negro of his constitutional right to stand silent and not answer the questions.

SPAIN'S DILEMMA.

Queen Regent Seems to Be Straightening it Out.

Madrid, June 4.—The queen regent conferred last evening with the president of the senate, the Marquis Pazo De La Merzed. The latter, after the conference, said that he had pointed out to her majesty that the continuance in office of Senor Canovas Del Castillo would constitute the best solution of the crisis. This opinion is shared by the president of the chamber of deputies, Senor A. Pidal, who is to have a conference with the queen regent today.

Martinez De Campos is on his way to Madrid, but as he is not identified with any party he is not concerned in the crisis from a political standpoint and will give attention to other questions, especially to that relating to the Cuban situation. Senor Francisco Silvela, the leader of the Conservatives in the chamber, is among the politicians who have been summoned to the palace. The Heraldo understands that the proposed Paris branch of the Bank of Spain will not be established, the negotiations on the subject having fallen through.

AN INSANE FAMILY.

And a Church Got $250,000 of Property.

Denver, Col., June 4.—Joe A. Fowler, as conservator of the estate of Emma Bell, now in an insane asplum, has filed a petition in the county court, in which he asks, as conservator, that the personal effects of Emma M. Bell be sold to defray the expenses of investigating the making and execution of the last will and testament of the late Ezera M. Bell, who bequeathed his entire property, valued at nearly $250,000 to Trinity M. E. church of this city.

The petitioning conservator alleges that Ezera M. Bell was insane when he willed all his property over to Trinity M. E. church; that he had no right to will away the interests of his wife, Emma M. Bell, in the estate and that she was insane when she signed away her share of the estate. Trinity church has received the income of the estate for the past ten years.

NEW MEXICAN LINE.

Sierra Mojada, Mex., June 4.—The Mexican Northern Railway company has decided to place $3,000,000 bonds in the New York market, the proceeds to be used in the construction of an extension of the road to Bonquilla's Del Carmen on the Rio Grande, where a thriving silver mining camp is situated. This road was completed from Escalon, on the Mexican Central road to this place about five years ago, at a cost of $1,000,000, and its yearly revenue is over $800,000, or 8 per cent on the capital employed.

AN ALABAMA CYCLONE.

Chattanooga, Tenn., June 4.—A special from Gadsden, Ala., says: A small sized cyclone struck this section of country ten miles below Gadsden last evening, blowing down fences, trees and buildings for twenty miles. The barn and other outbuildings of J. W. Driskell are completely wrecked. Immense trees were snapped off like pipe stems. The wind crossed the river half a mile below Gadsden and tore up trees in East Gadsden. In the bottoms of W. A. T. Oliver not a tree was left standing. The damage will exceed $5000. A severe wind in this county uprooted many trees. A heavy rain and hail accompanied the wind. No one was injured.

MURDER CHARGED.

Specialist Doctor Who Runs Wires Through Your Lungs.

Denver, Col., June 4.—Dr. Lewis F. Preston was arrested today on a warrant charging him with the murder of David Prank, a cigarmaker from Brooklyn, N. Y. Dr. Preston is a consumptive specialist. It is said that his method of treatment is to run a trocar or hollow needle through the walls of the chest and introduce an electric wire into the lungs. Prank died under this treatment. The doctor sent a certificate to the health department, giving consumption and weakness of the heart as the cause of the death.

DIRECT INHERITANCE TAX.

Philadelphia, June 4. — President Judge Hanna of the orphans court this afternoon, in adjudicating the estate of George Blight, deceased, decided that the new direct inheritance tax law is unconstitutional. The law was recently passed by the legislature as a revenue measure, and was expected to add between $600,000 and $1,000,000 annually to the revenues of the state. The question will probably be carried to the supreme court for a final decision.

NEW WABASH SERVICE.

Buffalo, June 4.—Leading officials of the Wabash railroad held a meeting in this city yesterday to arrange for the entrance of their road into Buffalo. The new service will be started June 13. Four trains will be put on between Buffalo and Kansas City daily, two each way. The run between the two cities will be made in thirty-two and later on in thirty hours.

WANT MORRIS TO AID.

Washington, June 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Minneapolis Union league has requested the assistance of Congressman Morris in securing the repeal of President Cleveland's last order extending the scope of the civil service law.

MURDERER HARRIS DEAD.

Baltimore, Md., June 4.—Edgar C. Harris, the letter carrier who tried to commit suicide after killing two of his children on Wednesday morning, died at Johns Hopkins hospital this morning.

McCORD PRODUCES AFFIDAVITS.

Washington, June 4.—The senate committee on territories continued its investigation today of the charges against Hon. M. H. McCord, whom the president has nominated for governor of Arizona. Mr. McCord was himself before the committee and submitted numerous affidavits in refutation of the charges. No effort will be made by the committee to decide the case until the affidavits can be thoroughly examined.

CORBETT'S SENATORIAL SEAT.

Washington, June 4.—The senate committee on privileges and elections made an effort today to dispose of the claim of Hon. H. W. Corbett to the vacant senatorial seat from Oregon. Senator Hoar moved a resolution in the committee favorable to seating Mr. Corbett but Senator Pettus called attention to the absence of Democratic senators and asked that the decision be postponed until the next meeting of the committee, which was done.

GOVERNOR CLOUGH.

Executive and Minneapolis Grand Jury Lock Horns.

Minneapolis, June 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The grad jury's investigation of the affairs of the failed banks, with a view to indicting derelict officials, has led to a very unusual dilemma. The jury found it needed the reports of the state bank examiner to the governor, and sent to Governor Clough asking for them. He refused to give them up. The jury then subpoenaed him.

He responded, but came without the reports and refused to furnish them. Today the jury reported its difficulty to the district court, all of whose six judges considered the matter at length. The governor acted only after consulting the attorney general, who held him as the state's chief magistrate to be exempt from subpoena.

The law leaves it to his discretion as to whether the examiners' reports shall be made public or not. It was finally agreed that the matter should be argued tomorrow before the district bench en banc, the attorney general appearing for the governor, and the county attorney against him. The question is considered a most important one.

WOOD SCHEDULES.

Senate Committee Will Recommend Several Changes.

Washington, June 4.—The senate committee on finance today decided to recommend several minor amendments in the wood schedule, as a result of last night's hearings. The most important of these were the following:

Increasing the rate on hewn timber and round timber used for spars (paragraph 192) from 1 cent to 1 1-2 cents per cubic foot; withdrawing the amendment striking out the house duty on kindling wood; increasing the rate on laths from 15 cents to 25 cents per 1000; restoring the house rate of 10 cents per 1000 on shingles, which the committee reduced to 5 cents; restoring the specific house rate on toothpicks and striking out the ad valorem rate; withdrawing the amendment to paragraph 194 (paving posts, etc.), which struck out the words "or other woods," the effect being to leave the house rate of 20 per cent ad valorem in effect.

No change was made in the rate of $2 per 1000 feet on sawed lumber.

REPORT IS DISCREDITED.

Washington, June 4.—No confirmation of the reported murder by Indians of Benjamin and Peter M. Dorland at Mount Wahsatch in the far West has been received at the Indian office. In view of the fact that the agent of the reservation is one of the most efficient and prompt in the service, the authorities here are inclined to discredit the reported murder. The men reported killed were formerly of Oakville, Canada.

WHISKY COMPANY ASSIGNS.

Owensboro, Ky., June 4.—M. V. Monarch company, a distillery corporation, assigned today. Liabilities, $100,000; assets, $50,000.

A LITTLE GOLD SHIPMENT.

New York, June 4.—Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co. will ship $500,000 in gold to Europe by tomorrow's steamer.

Rooms are quickly rented when advertised in The Evening Herald. It costs but 1 cent a word.

Flowers Saturday

....AT THE....

....GLASS BLOCK.

5,000 Fresh Cut Carnations go on Sale at 10:45 a. m.—Per Doz..... 18c

OR 2 DOZ. 35c

Panton & White.

WATSON RUDDY DEAD.

Noted Western Horseman Succumbs to Pneumonia.

Chicago, June 4.—Watson Ruddy, the wealthy horse owner, whose colors, "white with a green harp," are well known on race tracks throughout the West, died today of typhoid pneumonia after a two weeks' illness. Ruddy's career was an interesting one. He was born in Ireland fifty-four years ago and started in business in Chicago as a saloonkeeper. He was a magnificent equestrian, and so was Alice Mackin, daughter of Tom Mackin, the millionaire contractor.

Ruddy and Alice Mackin fell in love, and soon afterward Tom Mackin, who was a widower, went abroad and brought back a wife. Mackin died in about a year and left an estate valued at $4,000,000. A coolness had in the meantime sprung up between Alice Mackin and Ruddy, which resulted in Alice's marrying "the other fellow." Ruddy, not to be outdone, married her father's widow two months after Mackin's death. That was two years ago. The contest after the Mackin estate ensuing excited widespread interest, but was finally adjusted amicably. Ruddy leaves one child, a little daughter.

Have The Herald in your homes; 45 cents a month.

THE POOLING BILL.

Senator Butler Makes an Attack Upon It.

Washington, June 4.—Senator Butler, in the course of a speech this afternoon on the income tax, referred to the "indecent haste" with which the pooling bill was being urged immediately after the recent decision of the United States supreme court sustaining the anti-trust law.

Senator Cullom, chairman of the interstate commerce committee, resented this statement, stating that the pooling bill was not being pressed with indecent haste and that such a statement was a misrepresentation of the facts.

Senator Chilton, a member of the interstate commerce commission, in turn differed in toto with Chairman Cullom and said the pooling bill had not been seriously urged until after the recent decision of the supreme court of the trust law.

The evening paper is always carefully read, especially in the home circle, and is therefore an excellent advertising medium. Advertisers in The Evening Herald always get full value.

See our Display of.....

Plants and Cut Flowers

W. W. Seekins, Florist.

331 West Sup. St.

MME. BOYD,

ELECTROLYSIST.

Superfluous Hair, Warts and Moles permanently eradicated by electricity.

BOYD & WILBUR,

31 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Your Money, Diamonds, Jewelry and Valuable Papers are safe in the

Duluth Safety Deposit Vaults

Strictly Burglar and Fire Proof (Diebold's Safe—Yale time lock.) You are cordially invited to call and inspect them. 9 West Superior street. ROBT. H. EYSTER, Mgr.

ADVICE GIVEN FREE

All matters treated confidentially.

Benson's Detective Agency. Offices in Exchange Building.

The Great Eastern

The Clothing we sell

Is thoroughly dependable in fashion, fabric, fit and finish, and is not approached by any other store in the west.

High Art Clothing!

Special Values For Tomorrow, Saturday!

Values that will blunt the shafts of opposition. Bargains that class the little stores as out of the race. Opportunity to clothing buyers that will crowd Duluth's greatest and largest clothing store with a thrifty throng of economical buyers.

Men's Suits.

Bargains that will enable you to replenish your wardrobe with the requirements of fashion's latest dictates out of splendid and unequaled assortments at prices entirely out of the question at other stores.

Black Clay Worsted Suits $6.00—Tomorrow we offer Black Clay Worsted Suits in frock and sack styles, elegantly made up, Farmer's satin linings, a suit that would be considered cheap at $10, tomorrow **$6.00**

Another bargain that has no equal—Business Suits, a purely all wool Cheviot in neat gray and brown checks, a suit that should never be sold for less than $10.00, tomorrow **$6.50**

Handsome Tailor-Made Suits at $9.00—2 specially dressy patterns in an English Overplaid and Scotch Homespuns, elegant linings and trimmings, other stores will ask $15 for suits not as good, tomorrow **$9.00**

Hundreds of the famous Willoughby, Hill & Co. Suits from which to make your choicest selections and they go at prices something like this:

Willoughby, Hill's $20 Suits, our price..... $15.00
Willoughby, Hill's $25 Suits, our price..... $18.00
Willoughby, Hill's $30 Suits, our price..... $20.00

The New Shoe Dept.

Entrance Third Avenue West and Superior Street.

Exclusively Men's, Youth's, Boys' and Little Gentlemen's Fine Footwear.

Shoes Shined Free.

An Extraordinary Shoe Sale for Tomorrow.

100 pairs Men's Bicycle Shoes $1.00

100 pairs Men's Satin Calf Shoes, laced and congress styles, worth $1.50..... $1.00

42 pairs Men's Grass Green Goat Skin Bicycle Shoes, McKay sewed, corrugated bottom, all solid, worth $3.00, for..... $2.25

125 pairs Men's all-solid Kangaroo Calf Bicycle Shoes, corrugated bottom, McKay sewed..... $1.75

39 pairs Boys' Solid Satin Calf Shoes, square and opera toes at..... $1.25

56 pairs Men's Goat McKay sewed Balls, in Tan, Chocolate and Oxblood colors, all sizes and widths, regular price $2.25—at per pair..... $1.89

45 pairs of the J. P. Smith Shoe Co. stock Shoes, all Russia Calf, Goodyear welt, nice neat toes, sold and worth $4 a pair—will sell them to close them out, at a pair..... $2.25

84 pairs of the J. P. Smith Shoe Co. stock, high grade Russia Calf, Goodyear welt, New ark toe, worth $3.50—at a pair..... $2.25

Boys' Department.

Take elevator, Second Floor.

Tomorrow's Special Values.

89c—suits, 2-piece—100 Boys' School Suits in neat gray Cassimere, neatly and strongly made **89c**

$1.40—200 Boys' 2-piece double breasted school suits in blue and black Cheviots, well lined and trimmed, a splendid suit for school..... **$1.40**

$1.80—Boys' fancy striped double breasted wool Cheviot school suits, pants made up in a strong and thorough manner, all seams stayed and taped **$1.80**

$2.00—300 Boys' 2-piece school suits, in black and blue Cheviots, made up in double breasted style, pants have double seat, double knee, elastic waist band and reinforced in all parts where most likely to wear..... **$2.00**

Boys' Long Pant Suits.

$5.00—Fully 500 suits in blue and black Cheviots, gray and brown Cassimeres, well and strongly made, ... **$5.00**

$6.00—Fully 600 suits for boys from 13 to 19 years, fancy Scotch, blue, brown, red, gray and green mixtures, in all the new and latest effects, double and single breasted.. **$6.00**

Thousands of handsome tailor-made suits for young fellows from 14 to 20 years, in black Clay Worsteds, Vicunas, Cassimeres and Cheviots and Scotch Tweeds—

$7.50, $8.00 and $10.00

50 dozen Boys' knee pants for school wear **19c**

Boys' Short Pants- 3 to 15 years.

Willoughby, Hill's 75c and $1.00 pants, this sale **50c**

Beautiful Neckwear--

A new lot just received, lovely patterns. Flowing End Bibs and Tecks, worth 25c and 35c **19c**

Ladies' Windsor Ties--

New and pretty colors, better than you'll find elsewhere for 40c..... **25c**

Confirmation Suits.

3 styles Knee Pants, Black Cheviots and Clay Worsteds—

$3.00, $4.00 and $5.00

Long Pant Suits.

Black Cheviots and Clay Worsteds—

$6.00, $8.00, $10.00

$3.50—Boys' double breasted school and dress suits, absolutely all wool, in a very handsome and stylish plaid, elegantly made up, a suit that cannot help but give satisfaction. **$3.50**

Boys' Washable Suits--

3 pretty styles of blue, brown, navy stripes, with large sailor collar, well made and neatly trimmed, cord and whistle..... **$1.25**

Boys' Washable Suits--

4 handsome styles white duck with crash trimmings and full crash collars to match, and pretty striped linen ducks made up full blouse style, knee pants, regulation sailor **$1.50**

100 dozen Musser's Celebrated ribbed Hosiery, full fashioned, perfectly stainless, worth 40c, this sale..... **25c**

25 dozen Boys' Waists- Outing Flannel and Cotton Waists **19c**

Dark and light color, plain and fancy stripes, all sizes, 4 to 14 ..... **25c**

Fancy Fauntleroy Blouses

In blue and white striped lawn, plain and white linen, color in plaid effect, large sailor collar, up-turned cuffs with frills, regular price 75c, this sale. **50c**

Beautiful Tam O'Shanters--

A line that has no equal in the city--

25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00

Boys' and Children's Straw Hats

100 dozen Boys' and Children's straw hats, new spring Sailor and Turban shapes, pretty color combinations; trimmed with fancy satin bands, worth 25c and 30c; this sale **19c**

Free—Ball and Bat With Each Suit.

M. S. BURROWS

HE KICKS

Chief Hansen Presents a Peculiar Requisition to Committee on Supplies.

Wants an Able Bodied Man to Attend to Police Legal Work.

Says the Assistant City Attorney Cannot Be Found When Needed.

In due form the police department yesterday transmitted to the city clerk's office for presentation to the council committee on supplies a requisition for "an able bodied man to look after legal business of the police department."

"What does that mean," repeated Chief Hansen, when asked as to the why and wherefore. "It means that we are tired of holding matters here days at a time while the city attorney's office is locked and the whereabouts of the assistant city attorney is known to no man. Recently, a woman complained that her husband had put her out of the house, had barricaded himself inside, and had threatened to kill her if she returned and was putting in his time smashing the furniture. It was necessary for us to have a warrant in order to proceed, but nobody could be found around the city attorney's office. The door was locked and even the stenographer had gone, and that woman sat around police headquarters all day waiting for something to be done so she could go home."

The police say that not long since a vigorous but unsuccessful search for the assistant city attorney was prosecuted for three day in order to get some important work done.

In addition to the putting in the requisition mentioned by way of calling attention to the state of affairs, Chief Hansen yesterday called the attention of some of the aldermen to the matter.

Assistant City Attorney Rustgard said today that he had received no intimation of dissatisfaction from the police department. During the past two weeks both he and Mr. Richards have been engaged on the Garfield viaduct case in court or at the bar library looking up authorities, and during that time there may have been some delay in minor matters. Mr. Rustgard says he has made it a point to be at the office every noon since the trial of the viaduct case has been on to attend to drawing up complaints and such work, and has frequently put in his evenings at the office.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

A Complicated Case Was Taken Up Today.

Judge Ensign this morning took up the court calendar, beginning with the somewhat complicated case of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas company against Emma Norris et al. Some years ago, it appears, the defendant's husband, who was recorder of the village of Lakeside, secured a loan from the plaintiff on his property at Lakeside. Afterwards he is said to have left the city, leaving behind a shortage in his accounts as recorder. During his absence the trust company foreclosed, and after his return he sought to have the foreclosure set aside on the ground that there was no proper service, service having been made upon his wife during his absence. The courts upheld the service, however, and Norris again dropped out of the proceedings. Meanwhile, however, W. C. Sargent secured a judgment against Norris for the amount of his shortage with the village, about $800. He asserts some claim to the property by virtue of this judgment, and the fight is between him and the trust company for possession of the property.

Judge Cant this morning was hearing the case of the Phoenix Manufacturing company against G. F. Mackenzie to recover about $300 alleged to be due as a balance on stock subscriptions. At noon the attorneys were arguing the defendant's motion for judgment on the pleadings.

Yesterday afternoon the jury in the case of Svente G. Johson against the Bessemer Steamship company returned a verdict for $350 for the plaintiff. He sued for $15,400.

The Garfield avenue mandamus case was continued to June 30 for argument.

Trouble in the Trenches.

The recent storm has made bad work in the trenches, the driving rain beating in large quantities of excavated earth. There is now a dispute as to who shall do the re-excavating, the city, those who have the contract to lay the force main, those who have the contract to lay the rider, or the contractor on the work of excavating. There will be no pipe-laying until the trenches are re-excavated.

WILL THIS DO?

Only one fare for the round trip to Detroit, Mich., via "The Northwestern Line," (Omaha railway). Tickets on sale June 5 to 7. If you are going down that way, better drop in and see us at No. 405 West Superior street.

Duluth Citizens!

Can always secure lowest round trip rates at the Eastern Minnesota city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

Detroit and return, June 5, 6 and 7	18 75
San Francisco, June 29, July 3..	29 00
Milwaukee and return, July 3, 4 and 5	13 30
St. Paul-Minneapolis and return, July 5 and 6	4 30
Nashville and return (daily)	42 30

MOTHERS!

We have cunning little Midget suits at $2 and $2.50, sizes for ages 3 to 6 years.

CHARLES W. ERICSON, The Clothier.

Projectoscope, Pilgrim church tomorrow night.

NO DEVELOPMENTS TODAY.

City Engineer Muddle is at a Standstill.

There were no developments in the city engineer fight this morning. Mr. Patton addressed a letter to the city attorney asking an opinion as to the liability of the city for his salary as engineer from the date of Mr. Reed's demand for the office on June 1, allowance of which was withheld by the committee on claims and accounts.

The board of public works yesterday afternoon notified Mr. Patton that in future he and the board will meet as strangers, as it were, and that his letters would be either burned or returned. In other words, Mr. Patton was notified that communications from him purporting to be official will not be recognized and that the board will correspond and transact business with D. A. Reed only, as city engineer. These sentiments were expressed in a cold, cruel letter to Mr. Patton that was indited by Clerk Murchison of the board, by the direction of that body. The immediate cause of the dispatch of the epistle was the receipt from Mr. Patton of a communication announcing the appointment by him of E. S. Palmer as inspector of work on the pumphouse contract.

Later, a communication from Mr. Reed was received announcing the appointment of F. L. Young to the same position. The latter appointment was confirmed by the board and the missive to Mr. Patton above alluded to was sent.

The Danes to Celebrate.

What the Fourth of July is to Americans the Fifth of June is to the Danes. On that date in 1848 the king promulgated and gave to the people the constitution that secured for them universal suffrage and an annual congress elected by the people. In Denmark the day is celebrated by parades, patriotic speeches and fireworks. Even in the United States, wherever Danes congregate, the day is commemorated by festivities of different kinds. In this city the nationality is not very numerous, but in spite of that the ladies of the Danish Sisterhood, a benevolent society, have arranged for a celebration at Kalamazoo hall tomorrow night. Speeches, music and songs, ending with a grand ball, will be the program.

SUITS FOR BIG BOYS!

In pretty all wool plaids, at $6 and $8, to fit all ages from 14 to 19 years old. Baseball and bat free with each suit.

CHARLES W. ERICSON, The Clothier.

THE PROJECTOSCOPE.

Edison's wonderful life pictures at the Pilgrim Congregational church tomorrow evening. Admission, adults, 25 cents; children, 15 cents.

RATHBUN'S CASH GROCERY.

21 EAST SUPERIOR STREET. TELEPHONE 650.

SIMON CLARK, Manager.

Mail Orders Receive Careful Attention.

SPECIAL SALE ON

Fruits and Vegetables FOR SATURDAY.

Strictly Fancy Fruit.

At Lowest Prices Ever Sold on the Market.

100 cases Tennessee Strawberries, 24 quarts in case, $1.35 per case, 4 boxes for 25c.

100 cases strictly fancy large Illinois Strawberries, $1.50 per case, 7c per box, 8 boxes 50c.

Oregon Strawberries, the finest ever sold on this market, 10c per box. Three boxes for 25c. $1.75 per case.

Sweet Mexican Oranges, per doz .. 15c

Large fancy Bananas, 15c per doz, 2 doz 25c.

California Cherries, 10-lb boxes.... 75c

Pineapples, for preserving, at very low prices.

Fresh Crisp Vegetables,

From the Gardens of Minnesota. Best Selection and Lowest Prices in the City.

Home grown Lettuce, per head....	2c
Home grown Table Onions, three bunches	5c
Home grown Radishes, round or long, 3 for	5c
Home grown Cucumbers, 3 for	10c
Home grown Pie Plant, 7 lbs	10c
Home grown Green Peas, per qt...	5c
Home grown Green Beans, per qt..	5c
Home grown Wax Beans, per qt...	5c
Hard heads new Cabbage, each....	5c
Home grown Asparagus, 3 bunches.	10c
Home grown Spinach, peck	10c
New Onions, 3 lbs for	10c
Sweet Potatoes, 4 for	10c
Tomorrow New Potatoes, per peck	30c

All Next Week We Will Sell....

Full Cream N. Y. Cheese, lb	12c
100 jars new made strictly fancy Butter, per lb	14c
Finest Elgin Creamery, in bulk	18c

We are sure to please you in Butter and Cheese.

Fancy Tomatoes, per lb	10c

Now is the time to buy your Strawberries for preserving.

Tomorrow and All Next Week We Will SELL....

Pure Leaf Lard, per lb	5c
Best quality Pork, per lb	5c
Navy Beans, 6 lbs	10c
10 bars Laundry Soap	25c
Home grown Potatoes, bu	25c
3-lb Canton Select Crackers, each	15c
Quart Mason Jars, doz	50c
Pint Mason Jars, doz	45c
3-lb pkts best Dairy Butter, each	42c
5-lb pkts best Dairy Butter, each	70c
Large bars white floating Soap, each	5c
Fancy Java and Mocha Coffee, lb.	30c
Fancy Uncolored Japan Tea, lb	35c

Mail Orders receive careful and prompt attention.

RATHBUN'S,

21 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

SUFFEL & CO.

129-131 W. Superior St.

TODAY! SATURDAY and MONDAY.

Read the Prices!

Ladies' Wrappers.

79 cents.

Another 100 dozen Ladies' "House Wrappers" just received. Very latest New York styles.

Ladies' $1.25 House Wrappers	79c
Ladies' $1.50 House Wrappers	98c
Ladies' $1.75 House Wrappers	$1.19
Ladies' $2.00 House Wrappers	$1.49
Ladies' $2.50 and $3 House Wrappers	$1.98

Compare our Wrappers in Style, fit, quality and price with others.

Corsets.

Ladies, Wear the C-B Corsets Best in the World. Try Them.

50c Corsets reduced to	39c
$1.00 Corsets reduced to	59c
$1.25 C-B Corsets for two days	89c
$1.50 C-B Corsets for two days	98c
$2.00 C-B Corsets reduced to	$1.48
75c Summer Corsets reduced to	49c
$1.00 Summer Corsets reduced to	69c
Cycle C-B Corsets reduced to	59c

Try a C-B Corset---The most perfect fitting.

Kid Gloves

89c a Pair

On account of the very disagreeable weather during the past week our Kid Glove sale will be continued until Monday. The greatest values ever given in Kid Gloves in Duluth. For 3 days more all $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 and $2.50 Kid Gloves go at the uniform price of 89c a pair.

Hosiery

Ladies' Fast Black Hose	Children's Fast Black Hose
5c 10c 15c	5c 8c 10c
20c and upwards.	15c 19c

Boys' 40c Bicycle Heavy Cotton Hose..... **25c**

Men's Fast Black Cotton Sox—

5c 10c 19c
8c 15c 25c

Special.

300 pairs Ladies' extra fine "Burlington" Fast Black Hose, with ribbed Jersey tops, worth 40c pair; for three days at per pair..... **25c**

FREIMUTH'S

The Reliable Store!

Tomorrow will be an active trading day at this store. Dependable merchandise such as we offer at tomorrow's extremely low prices can not fail but to bring every discriminating shopper to our place.

At Half Price Tomorrow!

Ladies' and Children's Hats.

We have just bought a sample line of about 300 Untrimmed Ladies' and Children's Hats and Trimmed Sailors at a great discount from regular prices, and will put them on sale tomorrow at exactly

HALF PRICE!

There are no two Hats in the lot alike, and as the lot is small and the styles all the latest they will not last long. Call early to get the pick. There are choice White Panamas and Fancy Straws in the lot.

Corsets and Muslin Underwear Now on the Second Floor.

We are showing the largest variety of up-to-date Corsets and can fit any shape or figure. See our new **R. W. Gored Hip Corsets** They are comfortable and easy and give a graceful figure to the wearer. Closing out all French C. P. Corsets at less than cost

$2.00 C. P. Corsets at	$1.25
$2.50 C. P. Corsets at	$1.75
$3.00 C. P. Corsets at	$2.25
Royal Worcester Long Waist Corsets, regular price $1.00, tomorrow	79c
Summer Corsets, extra well stayed with double side steels, sateen covered stripes, worth 85c, only	48c
Cambric Corset Covers, a large assortment, from	10c up
Muslin Night Gowns	50c up to $3.50
Muslin and Cambric Skirts	65c up to $5.00
Muslin Drawers	25c and up

All our Muslin Underwear is made of good substantial cottons, ample in length and width, and perfectly finished.

Cloak and Suit Room

Ladies' two-cape Mackintoshes with inlaid velvet collars, worth $6, tomorrow only..... **$4.00**

Ladies' new double texture Mackintoshes, seamless double cape with a velvet collar, guaranteed waterproof, would be a bargain at $7.50, tomorrow only..... **$4.95**

Ladies' single-cape Raincoats in a great variety of colors, well worth $3.50, tomorrow only.. **$2.50**

Ladies' Jackets in clay diagonal, cheviots and covert cloth, well made and silk lined, black and tan, regular price $6.75 to $7.50, now only **$4.75**

Ladies' Jackets, made from fine Kersey cheviot and covert cloth, all taffeta silk lined, been $10, tomorrow only..... **$7.00**

Ladies' tailor made suits in a large range of styles and materials, at prices that will not cover the cost of materials. You want to see them and get our prices.

Ladies' new taffeta silk Shirt Waist, made from best quality taffeta and beautifully gotten up, tomorrow only..... **$4.95**

Ladies' Shirt Waists in a great variety of lawn, dimity and percale, up-to-date in make and finish, worth up to $1.50, only..... **98c**

Women's House Wrappers, made from good fast colors, indigo blue prints, well made and well worth $1.25, tomorrow only.... **89c**

Knit Underwear and Hosiery.

Children's ribbed fast black hose, worth 15c, tomorrow	10c
Boys' heavy ribbed hose with double knees, cheap at 25c, tomorrow	18c
Misses' fine ribbed hose, odds and ends of broken lines, worth up to 50c, tomorrow at	25c
Ladies' seamless fast black hose, double soles and heels, cheap at 18c, tomorrow	12½c
Ladies' fine Hermsdorf dyed hose, with double soles and heels, cheap at 25c, tomorrow 3 pairs for 50c or, a pair	18c
Ladies' silk finished Maco Yarn Hose, worth 40c, tomorrow 3 pairs for 85c, or a pair	29c
Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Vests, cheap at 18c, only	10c
Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Real Lisle Vests, worth 38c, at	25c
Ladies' Ribbed Drawers, summer weight, regular price 35c, tomorrow	25c
Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Vests, made from fine Egyptian yarn, highly trimmed around neck and arms; regular price 25c, price tomorrow	18c

Shirt Waists Sets.

Sterling Silver Shirt Waists Sets, worth 75c, tomorrow only	25c
300 Shirt Waist Link Sets, in silver or gold, only	12c
500 Enameled Shirt Waists Sets, worth 75c, at	39c
500 Link Cuff Buttons, cheap at 50c, tomorrow	25c

An Unrivalled Assortment of Belts From 20c up.

White Japanese Silk Parasols, worth $1.50, only..... **98c**

KID GLOVES

In beautiful Brown and Oxblood shades, with two clasps, equal to any $1.50 gloves; tomorrow, only,

$1.00 per pair

Toilet Soaps.

10 gross Cucumber and Buttermilk Extract Toilet Soap, sold always at 10c, tomorrow, only **5c**

Electric Cloth.

For cleaning bicycles and polishing silver, nothing like it; tomorrow only..... **7c**

OR 3 FOR 20c.

Great Price Cutting of High Grade Footwear for Saturday's Trade.....

Tomorrow we will place on sale all Baker & Bowmans finest hand turn Ladies' Shoes, sold heretofore at $5.00, for a pair	$2.98
Baker and Bowman's best hand made Oxfords and Juliets that sold at $3.50, go on sale Saturday, at a pair	$1.98
Williams-Hoyt & Co.'s Children's hand turn Shoes, cloth top patleather tip, spring heel, sizes 8½ to 10½, a $2 shoe, take all you want of them, tomorrow at, a pair	$1.25
Children's Brown and Oxblood red Shoes, 8½ to 11	98c
Misses' brown and Oxblood red Shoes, 11½ to 2	$1.18
Children's Vici Kid Strap Slippers, bow and buckle, 5 to 8	75c
Children's Vici Kid Strap Slippers, bow and buckle, 8½ to 11	90c
Misses' Vici Kid Strap Slippers, bow and buckle, 11½ to 2	$1.00
A choice line of Bicycle Leggins at a pair	75c

FREIMUTH'S

SIXTEEN PAGES--PART ONE--Pages 1 to 8

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FIFTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1897. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Great Saving in Piano Prices

From $25 to $100 Saved

On any Piano bought here. People have been quick to see the saving and our new department is meeting with flattering success. You see it's like this. We do not depend upon our Piano business for but a small share of the expense of doing business. That's one reason why we can undersell any competition. The other reason is that we buy every instrument we handle for spot cash, and that alone means a large saving to us and to you. We handle only strictly first-class Pianos direct from the manufacturers. We are exclusive agents in Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin for the following leading makes:

THE WEBER PIANO, New York. THE DECKER PIANO, New York
THE WHEELOCK PIANO, New York. BEHR BROS.' PIANOS, New York
THE SINGER PIANO, Chicago. THE SCHAAP PIANO, Chicago.
THE STEGER PIANO, Chicago. And Other Makes.

Prices All new Pianos..... $185 $250 $350 $200 $285 $400 $225 $300 $450

Terms—We sell on the most liberal terms, $10 a month if desired. Remember we save you $25 to $100, so don't fail to call and see our line no matter when you want to buy.

FRENCH & BASSETT.

KNABE Pianos have stood the criticism of the public for over half a century.

DULUTH MUSIC CO. E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

SALESROOMS—Phoenix Block—2nd floor; Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

All the late Books Soon as Issued.....

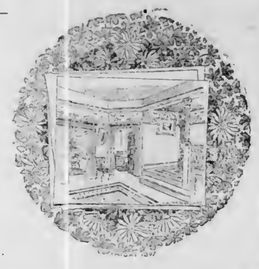
Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore. 323 West Superior Street, Duluth.

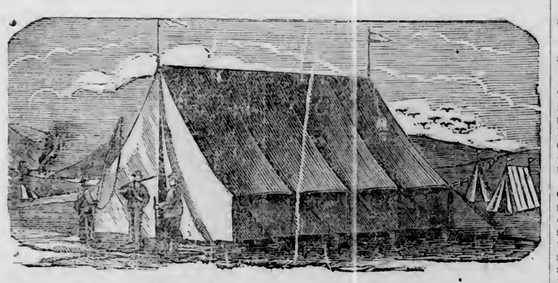
For Fine Interior Decorations

PAINTING and WALL PAPERS go to

LaVaque Paint and Wall Paper Company,

12 West Superior Street.





Summer Sports.

Don't forget that there is a place in this city where you can get anything you want in the way of

Summer Sporting Goods, Fishing Tackle, Base Ball Goods, Lawn Tennis Goods, Foot Balls, Kodaks, Running and Tennis Shoes, Hammocks

and many other things too numerous to mention. Our line of

Bicycles and Sundries is always complete.

Tents for sale or for Rent.

We have the largest and best equipped REPAIR SHOP for doing all kinds of work at lowest prices. Umbrellas recovered while you wait, also repaired.

City Gun Store, R. C. Kruschke Prop.

TELEPHONE 681. 402 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Everyone thinks his is best,
Perhaps they say I'm like the rest.
May be true it's just like me,
Prove the pudding—come and see.

For the balance of June I shall give some unheard of low prices for cash.

To show my confidence in my goods I will put Conover, Blasius, Bradbury and Decker Pianos in competition with any Piano that stands on casters. Pianos and Organs always on hand to rent from $1.00 up. Rent to apply in case of sale.

N. D. COON, 106 W. Superior Street.

SCARED

Urbana, Ohio, Has a Reaction From Its Recent Exciting Experiences.

Sheriff Held Responsible For Yesterday's Shooting of Urbana Citizens.

Militia Boys Make Themselves Scarce---Rapist's Body Undisposed Of.

Columbus, Ohio, June 5.—A special to the dispatch from Urbana says that Urbana this morning is a very different place from the Urbana of yesterday. The city has resumed its normal condition and the scene has changed entirely. Instead of a negro dangling from a tree on the most prominent street corner, the excited populace thronging the streets, the military and sheriff hiding in the county jail, the spectacle of a peaceable community, a fleeing sheriff, a missing captain and a military company making themselves scarce, is presented.

It was reported last evening that a mob of 150 was organized to go to Springfield after the sheriff, having the effect, it is said, of driving the sheriff off to Dayton. He is universally condemned by the people and held responsible for the shooting of citizens by the militia. The citizens insist that he was altogether too officious in this matter and should have refrained from ordering out the troops. As for the captain, he is condemned for ordering the soldiers to fire, and the boys of the company for firing into a crowd of their fellow citizens. After their escape from the jail the members of the company have not dared show their faces upon the street, and many of them have left the city. A livery man took a squad of them to Springfield. Their troubles are not over with yet.

Some friends of the wounded claim to know who shot them and several thrashings are laid up. It is reported that Smith Bell, the father of Henry Bell, who was killed threatens to kill Capt. Leonard on sight. The son was an unmarried man aged about 20 years, and a broommaker by occupation. Baker, the other man killed, was about 37 years of age and married. He was a farmer, being a tenant on a farm north of the city. He leaves a wife and five small children.

The body of "Click" Mitchell, the rapist, who was the cause of all the trouble, is an elephant on the hands of the city. Mitchell's body being unclaimed by relatives, was dumped into Undertaker Humphrey's wagon late in the afternoon and driven hurriedly, amid the jeers of the crowd, to his establishment under the supposition that a Doctor Myers, who proved to be from Springfield, would take it. But upon arrival and consultation he decided not to. It developed that he did not represent one of the Columbus medical colleges, as supposed, but an embalming school, and he wanted the body for demonstration purposes. Accordingly the body was secreted for the night and further efforts made to find somebody to accept it. It became necessary for the authorities to maintain great secrecy as to the place of concealment in order to prevent the mob from wreaking vengeance on the remains. Threats of getting the body and burning it were freely made. Before being removed from the courthouse yard relic hunters had nearly cut the coat off the dead man. Every button was gone and even his shoes and stockings were taken off and carried away.

The mayor of the city, Hon. C. H. Ganson, states that the tragedy of the night before last and the lynching was entirely uncalled for. He urged the sheriff to get the prisoner out of town when he was first taken to jail, but the sheriff neglected to do so. The mayor states that there would have been on trouble then. Concerning the militia, he says: "I do not understand that the governor refused troops as several companies were held in reserve. The Springfield militia, after a consultation with the sheriff were moved two blocks away from the jail to be in readiness if needed. There was no expectation of the lynching taking place at the time. The crowd, at my request, partially dispersed as soon as the Springfield militia started to march away.

"At the time of the lynching the sheriff and his deputies together with twenty of our county militia, were in the jail on guard. I left the jail some time before the lynching. The sheriff had full charge of the military as well as the prisoner. Any part I took in the matter was to keep innocent blood from being shed and also to prevent lynching if possible. No blame can be attached to the governor."

It is thought there is a court-martial in store for somebody over the non-participation of the Springfield company. It was in the city, accompanied by Col. Anthony of the regiment, and instead of participating in the guarding of the jail, marched, away from the scene under the advice of Mayor Ganson. The company is said to have been at the depot awaiting a train home while the lynching was going on. Col. Anthony will no doubt have to explain. The Springfield company was ordered to report to the sheriff. They marched to the jail, but had no consultation with the sheriff, as he did not appear, and there is a question whether the mayor was authorized to speak for him in telling them to retire from the scene.

Capt. Leonard and the local company will no doubt have to explain why they ceased to resist after firing into the mob, and somebody will have to explain how the keys happened to be dropped down on to the hall floor from upstairs after the mob had broken in the outside door. The sheriff and militia were all up there at the time. The sheriff plainly stated before leaving the city that he and the troops retired to the upstairs portion of the jail and quit offering any resistance simply because he was unwilling to shoot down any more citizens. There will, no doubt, be a military investigation as to whether the captain acted under the mayor's orders in this matter.

The sheriff denies responsibility for the shooting, and so does the captain. On the other hand the citizens assert that the sheriff himself fired the first shot. He asserts that a least five shots were fired into the jail from the outside before a shot was fired from the inside.

URBANA'S SHERIFF.

Resting in Safety Far From His Jurisdiction.

Cincinnati, Ohio, June 5.—A Times-Star special from Dayton Ohio, says: Sheriff McLain, of Urbana, arrived in Dayton at 8 o'clock last night and was quietly conveyed to the home of his brother-in-law, A. J. Weaver, on Linden avenue. Great effort was made to keep the presence of the sheriff in this city a secret, and even after it became known that he was here, it was with the greatest difficulty that he was located. The purpose of the secrecy, as subsequently explained, was to avoid interviews. The sheriff is completely worn out, having had no sleep for forty-eight hours.

Early this morning he was seen at his bedside. In explanation of his departure from Urbana he said that he left at the solicitation of his friends and that while he had no personal fear, he deferred to their wishes in the matter. Beyond this statement the sheriff begged to be excused from talking. Sheriff McLain left Urbana in company with Capt. Leonard, the two separating at Springfield.

POSTAL CONGRESS.

Makes a Short Pleasant Stay in Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, June 5.—The delegates to the universal postal congress, representing nearly all the nations of the world, that have a postal department, arrived here this morning at 8:30 o'clock over the Pennsylvania road in a special train. The delegates were met by the reception committee appointed by the board of trade and the Commercial club. The delegates were driven about the city. At 9:30 breakfast was served at the Bates house. Another drive was taken and at 11:30 the delegates left over the Vandalia road for St. Louis. The delegates were in charge of Perry S. Heath, assistant postmaster general, representing the government.

The Countess Di Brazza, who is a member of the Red Cross society, and whose husband is a member of the postal congress representing Italy, addressed an audience at the Lyceum this morning. The countess depicted the suffering of Greece. She said that while the war had apparently ended, the sorrows of Greece had just begun. She said: "While the Christian nations are behaving like boys in a ball game, each afraid of the other, and while Greece lies panting at the awful powerful Turk, her life slowly ebbing away, it remains for the Red Cross society, that powerful organization, which has done more than any one factor in advancing the cause of universal peace, to come to the aid of the suffering Christian nation. The powers may be and are remiss in their duty, but the Red Cross society is not."

THE HAWAIIAN TREATY.

May Cause Division in the Minnesota Delegation.

Washington, June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Hawaiian reciprocity treaty may cause a division in the ranks of the Minnesota delegation as well as in the Spreckels family. The subject will be considered in the senate next week.

Senator Nelson has introduced an amendment abrogating the treaty and Senator Davis one for its continuance. The chances are that a compromise will be made. Both Minnesota senators disclaim any intention of working in the interest of the trust in this matter.

EARTHQUAKE AT BUTTE.

Mining Town Had Quite a Little Shake-Up.

Minneapolis, June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—A special to the Journal from Butte, Mont., says: An earthquake shock lasting two or three seconds passed over Butte about 5:30 o'clock this morning. It rocked houses and rattled dishes but it was all over before people had time to become alarmed. The motion seemed to be nearly east to west.

HELENA FELT IT.

Helena, Mont., June 5.—At 5:22 this morning quite a severe earthquake shock was felt here. Chandeliers rattled and many articles were displaced. The shock lasted twelve seconds. Many people were awakened from sound sleep. It was also felt at Bozeman and Deer Lodge but was not perceptible away from the Rocky Mountain belt.

GAS BILL SIGNED.

Chicago Gas Trust Will Save $250,000 Annually.

Springfield, Ill., June 5.—Governor Tanner signed the gas bills today. As a result the companies forming the Chicago gas trust will be able to consolidate, saving thereby, it is said, $250,000 annually.

THE SCAFFOLD GAVE WAY.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 5.—Two painters met with fatal injuries today in painting a large tenement block in Scoville avenue. A scaffolding fifty feet above the ground gave way and they fell headlong to the sidewalk. It is feared their skulls have been fractured. Their names are Joseph H. Kress and John Bringger.

A PARALYZED CONFEDERATE.

Lexington, Ky., June 5.—Sanders D. Bruce, of New York, a famous ex-Confederate and editor of the American Speed Book, was paralyzed here today. His condition is regarded as critical.

ON PRIVATE BUSINESS.

Washington, June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Morris called at the White House today, but stated that his business was of a private nature.

ARMY BICYCLE CORPS.

Missoula, Mont., June 5.—The corps of troops who propose to ride to St. Louis on bicycles have deferred their departure until Saturday, June 12.

IMPROVED

The Iron Ore Trade Is Showing Signs of Increased Activity.

In Another Month Volume of Shipments Will Reach Normal Size.

Business Finding Its Level and the Weaker Concerns Dropping Out.

Ishpeming, Mich., June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Amid much grumbling and an accompaniment of dismal forebodings, strengthened by frequent disasters befalling individual operators, the Lake Superior iron ore trade is gathering momentum and ore is now going forward at a more rapid rate than at any time since the shipping season opened. There is reason to think that when another month has passed the volume of ore shipments will be fully as large as at a similar season in any past year. Even the present rate of forwarding, although there are many idle vessels, is in excess, very largely, of the work done in the same line in any season previous to the present decade. With the Duluth docks shipping an average of over 30,000 tons a day for a week at a stretch, and promising to keep the rate up indefinitely, it is idle to talk of stagnation in the ore trade, even though the volume of business is as yet satisfacory neither to the shippers nor the vessel owners. Business is finding its level, the weaker concerns unfitted for the fierce competition of the present day are dropping out of the race, and the larger and stronger corporations are, as a rule, getting over their panic fears. The situation is, perhaps, less promising on the Gogebic range than in the other districts, but it is a little brighter there even than two weeks ago. The Mesaba, which was by many considered a "dead duck" five weeks ago, turns out to be the liveliest sort of a corpse, and the owners of mines in that district manifest a commendable disposition to hold up their end, if the business must be conducted with a view to freezing out the weaker concerns rather than with an eye to making respectable profits. In the industrial world, as in the case of rival merchants, it often happens that where one concern attempts to run another out of business by sacrificing profits, the disastrous consequences are divided much more equally than was anticipated by the beginner of the war.

The Pioneer mine has resumed with nearly a full force, although it was closed down for the season less than a month ago. Although large sales have not been made yet the owners of the mine have reason to look upon broad grounds and from the condition of business deduce the consoling opinion that the requirements of the country will necessitate the use of large amounts of ore this season, and that there is bound to be a large demand, a little later, for the excellent ore which their mine furnishes. Their reasoning is undoubtedly correct, and when others awake to a realization of the same facts, vessel owners will no longer be under the unpleasant necessity of transporting a long ton of ore nearly 1200 miles for 50 cents. There is probably no boom ahead of the iron trade for this season, but there are better times in store for the producers of ore in the near future.

The Lillie mine, at Negaunee, has started up in the past few days, and with further increase in forces to be made as soon as the men can be advantageously used, will be employing fully 150 men in a short time. The property has been idle since last summer, and the resumption of activity there on a large scale is a cheering bit of news for the miners of that section and for the business interests dependent on them. There is still no indication of the Buffalo group of mines resuming. The holders of the lease, Messrs. Corrigan, McKinney & Co., of Cleveland, claim that they cannot work the properties unless there is either a reduction in costs, which must come through a lowering of the royalty, or a betterment in the ore trade which will enable them to place large blocks of ore and reduce the mining cost per ton by operating the mines on a large scale.

There has been one suspension on the Menominee range during the week with no resumption of any idle property in that district. The Curry mine, at Norway, suspended operations at the close of the month, throwing a small force of men out of work. The mine has not been looking well for several years, and as it cannot produce largely is consequently unable to make ore cheap enough to meet the trying requirements of the present time.

The new underground pump in the Chapin mine is doing very satisfactory work since it was started up a few weeks ago. It is by far the most powerful underground pump in the world, and the cost of installation and operation will be compared with similar charges connected with the Cornish plunger pumps now generally used for forking the water from all deep mines. As the Chapin runs its machinery on the surface and underground by compressed air, the compressor being in turn run by water power at Quinnesec falls, not far from the mine, the cost of operation is comparatively small, but the power required by the pump and the work it does are being accurately noted and will afford sufficient data to indicate its economy, or the reverse, in mines not so happily situated for obtaining cheap power. The great advantage afforded by the cheap power has been a powerful factor in favor of the Chapin, and now that the three large mines of Iron Mountain have been consolidated some records in cheap mining will probably be made at that property, which is in very efficient hands.

The mania for accusing John D. Rockefeller of responsibility for all the troubles afflicting the iron ore trade is still prevalent and has spread to the vessel owners. A sample of the logical statements made by victims of this hallucination is afforded in a lengthy article recently published in a newspaper at the head of Lake Superior. The article makes the somewhat sweeping statements that Mr. Rockefeller has "simply reached out and wiped out everyone else engaged in the ore-carrying business from the face of the earth," that "he entered into a contract extending over a period of ten years to carry ore and coal at a rate so low none can compete with him. * * * The ore-carrying business, which in ordinary seasons for the Lake Superior region, amounts to about $70,000,000, with a profit of about $15,000,000 to the carriers, is now absolutely absorbed by the Standard Oil magnate."

It would be difficult to get farther from the facts in an equal number of words. Other vessel owners are doing business as of yore, though at prices precluding profits. Mr. Rockefeller has entered into a contract to carry ore for fifty years, not for ten, but the price per ton is to be the average price obtained during the season. The total revenue derived from the transportation of all Lake Superior ore hauled by water averages annually less than half the sum named as net profits, and the gross value of the ore, after being carried an average of nearly 1000 miles by water, is about half the sum named as the annual revenue derived from its transportation by the vessel owners.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

BACCHANTE AT REST.

New York Accepts What the Boston People Refused.

New York, June 5.—The Bacchante by Frederick MacMonnies has been accepted by the Metropolitan museum, and it will at once be placed in the center of the bronze room at the east gallery on the first floor. The much-maligned Bacchante comes to New York as the gift of C. F. McKim, of this city, after a chilling reception in Boston and a rejection of a proposition to put it in one of the libraries of that city.

The tender of the bronze was made to the museum on June 1 in a letter sent by Mr. McKim to Frederick Rhinelander. This offer was by him transmitted to Daniel Huntington, chairman of the committee on sculpture. Under the constitution, in the absence of the members of the board of directors, Henry G. Marquand, president; Hiram Hitchcock, treasurer, and Gen. Louis Di Cesnola, secretary of the museum, are empowered to act with the chairman of the committee on sculpture. This committee of the board of directors met promptly and voted unanimously to accept the gift.

QUEEN'S JUBILEE.

Magnet Which Drew the Canadians to England.

New York, June 5.—Sir Wilfred Laurier, premier of Canada, sailed for England today on the Lucania to take part in the queen's jubilee. He was accompanied by his wife and by Capt. H. Allan Pate, the military attache. In the same party was Sir Henry Strong, chief justice of Canada, who, after the jubilee, will represent the Canadian government in the privy council. Sir Henry has been twenty-seven years in public life.

D. B. McTavish, Q. C., of Ottawa, goes to the home government as the Dominion representative of the Canadian fisheries and is much interested in the subject of jurisdiction over Canadian inland waters. The marquis of Camden, Sir John Turney and Mrs. Robert Garrett were also on the Lucania.

MANY NOMINATIONS.

Consulships, Postmasterships and Other Offices Filled.

Washington, June 5.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

State—Andrew D. Barlow, of Missouri, to be consul general at the City of Mexico, Mexico; Harold S. Van Buren, of New Jersey, to be consul at Nice, France; Carl Bailey Hurst, of the District of Columbia, (now consul at Prague), to be consul general at Vienna, Austria; Henry M. Morgan, of Louisiana, to be consul at Horgen, Switzerland; William W. Canada, of Indiana, to be consul general at Vera Cruz, Mexico.

Justice—Louis A. Pratt, of Wisconsin, to be assistant attorney general.

Interior—Stephen J. Weeks, of Nebraska, to be register of the land office at O'Neill, Neb.

Postmasters—Arkansas, Benjamin M. Forman, Texarkana. Indiana, Oliver C. Gordon, at Union City; Ira Kidwell, Elwood; Morris B. Pote, New Harmony; John H. Daugherty, Frankton. Indian territory, Benjamin L. Robertson, Purcell. Iowa, E. D. Powell, Exida. Michigan, W. W. Colfax, Wyandotte; Eugene S. Upson, Durand. Missouri, Frank S. Jefes, Sarcoxie. Ohio, James R. Barr, Cambridge. Tenessee, George W. Farmer, Martin. West Virginia, J. E. Shields, Alderson.

War—Lieutenant colonels to be colonels, H. E. Noyes, Second cavalry; Guy V. Henry, Third cavalry; John L. Roberts, Second artillery. Majors to be lieutenant colonels—Adna R. Chaffee, Ninth cavalry; Michael Cooney, Fourth cavalry; William L. Haskin, First artillery. Captains to be majors—William C. Forbush, Fifth cavalry; J. A. Augur, Fifth cavalry; James M. Ingalls, First artillery. First lieutenants to be captains—H. J. Goldman, Fifth cavalry; A. C. Macomb, Fifth cavalry; C. L. Best, First artillery; H. Liggett, Fifth infantry. Second lieutenants to first lieutenants—L. J. Fleming, Tenth cavalry; J. J. Hornbrook, Second cavalry; Ed F. McGlachlin, Jr., Fifth artillery; C. C. Clarke, Ninth infantry, and Sergt. F. L. Munson, Sixth infantry, to be second lieutenant.

THEY LIKE BARRETT.

New York, June 5.—A cablegram from Bangkok to the Associated Press today says that the Americans of Siam have signed an unanimous petition asking President McKinley to retain John Barrett as United States minister to Siam. The dispatch is signed: "Hays, Bennette, committee."

SCRUGGS

Smuggling St. Louis Merchant and Clerk Held to Grand Jury.

Scruggs Had Decidedly Liberal Views About Duty Free Articles.

Conflict of Testimony Between Inspector Donohue and Clerk Langhorn.

New York, June 5.—The second hearing before United States Commissioner Shields in the examination of the charges of smuggling against Richard M. Scruggs, the St. Louis dry goods merchant, and E. S. Langhorn, also of St. Louis, was held today. Mr. Scruggs was called in his own defense. He told about his purchases of jewelry in London substantially as was told by Langhorn last Thursday. He said that he was constantly with Langhorn, who carried the common purse and paid all bills. He was with the latter when he purchased a belt in which to keep valuables that would not be safe in trunks. All the articles he purchased were for Scruggs' personal use or for presents. He gave Mr. Langhorn a ring and scarf pin. On other articles he had placed the monograms of the persons for whom he intended them. Most of them were for immediate relatives and friends, some of whom lived in his own house.

"What was your idea about customs duties?" asked Mr. Ketcham.

"I believed that articles purchased for one's self or to be given as presents to one's friends were not dutiable," said Mr. Scruggs. He also testified that for many years he had had nothing to do with the importing business of his house. Mr. Scruggs said that the statement by Inspector Donohue that he had taken a ring out of Mr. Langhorn's pocket and also a watch at the district attorney's office was false. The ring had been taken off Langhorn's chain and the watch out of his pocket at the pier. The empty boxes for the jewelry in the belt found on Mr. Langhorn, Scruggs, said, were in his overcoat pocket. "There was no necessity for searching me," said Mr. Scruggs. "I willingly gave up all I had."

William T. Vandervoort, a member of the Scruggs firm in St. Louis, testified to Mr. Scruggs' good character and said the latter had nothing to do with the firm's importing.

Charles R. Polk, a New York real estate dealer, formerly of St. Louis, said he had known Mr. Scruggs for thirty-five years and that his character was of the highest. Commissioner Shields said it was unnecessary to call any more witnesses as to Mr. Scruggs' character, and the assistant district attorney agreed with him, adding, however, that it had nothing to do with the case.

Clarence W. Kepp, New York representative of the Scruggs firm, and W. T. Stelgess testified as to Mr. Langhorn's good standing.

The commissioner said that he understood that Mr. Scruggs did not dispute having purchased the jewelry in London and brought it here; that it was dutiable and no duty had been paid. He said he was not judging as to guilt, but whether the defendants should be held for the grand jury. The evidence, the commissioner said, was clear that the defendants had brought goods in without paying duty. Another important point was the conflict of testimony between Langhorn and Inspector Donohue about the finding of the jewel belt. The accused were held for the grand jury.

Mr. Scruggs was greatly agitated at the result. The old bonds were renewed.

FAURE IN RUSSIA.

French President's Visit Will Cost Some Money.

Paris, June 5.—The Figaro today announces that a vote for a credit to defray the expenses of President Faure's approaching visit to St. Petersburg will be asked during the last day of the session of parliament, in order to avoid disagreeable discussion. The Figaro adds: "The government is exercised owing to Emperor William desiring to send Prince Henry of Prussia with a German fleet to meet the French squadron and salute President Faure."

M. L. Baseille, a Radical deputy representing the first district of Boltcles, who has just returned from St. Petersburg, says he was told by M. De Witte the Russian minister for finance, that the visit of President Faure to the capital of Russia is regarded at St. Petersburg as being of considerable importance. The deputy adds that naval and military reviews will be held in his honor, while Emperor William of Germany, whose visit was timed prior to President Faure's, will not witness a review.

COLLEGE ATHLETES.

Western Association of Amateurs at Chicago.

Chicago, June 5.—The annual games of the Western Intercollegiate Amateur association were held this afternoon at the Banker Athletic field. A cold east wind was blowing which mitigated greatly against fast time.

Mile walk—F. S. Bunnell, Michigan, won; J. K. Hongland, Illinois, second; C. S. Lieon, Michigan, third. Time, 7:26; breaking Western Intercollegiate record by 4 1-5 seconds.

Running high jump—A. Kraenzlein, Wisconsin, won, distance 5 feet 9 inches; P. C. Vernon, Michigan, second, 5 feet 8 inches; E. W. Waller, third, 5 feet 7 inches.

SEA ARMISTICE SIGNED.

Athens, June 5.—The sea armistice was signed today by the Turkish and Greek delegates.

LONDON

Bloomin' Britishers in the Big City Are Going Jubilee Mad.

Some Freaks Suggest the Name of England Should Be Changed.

A Historical Ball---Queen's Irish Residence---Gossip From All Quarters.

London, June 5.—(Copyrighted 1897, by the Associated Press.)—It is impossible to escape the jubilee echoes. Already everything is turning upon that celebration, dress, decoration and entertainments while there is a chrieking chorus from the press warning everybody against all imaginable disasters which, it is claimed, are likely to ensue. It is even pointed out that the proposed bonfires are likely to set the whole country in a blaze, while other correspondents are so impressed with the importance of the jubilee that they are not satisfied with the name of England or Britain and want England to be rechristened Wiseland, the first four letters being initials of Wales, Ireland, Scotland and England. This is capped by another correspondent who wants the empire to be called Envisealia, so as to bring in the colonies of England and that all subjects of the queen be called Envisealians.

Jubilee seat swindling is rampant. Sharpers are meeting the incoming steamers at Port Said, Brindsia and Queenstown, are selling to unsuspicious passengers unexisting seats to view the jubilee procession. Many Americans have been victimized in this manner at Queenstown.

Complications in regard to the special embassy of Whitelaw Reid are already on the horizon. The queen will receive Mr. Reid alone, following the same precedent with the other special embassies. The foreign office is prepared to provide quarters for Mr. Reid and his suite, embracing in the latter Gen. Nelson Miles and Rear Admiral J. N. Miller, United States navy. Mr. Reid, however, proposes to do credit to the United States and Ogden Miles, his brother-in-law, is already here seeking a large house for the accommodation of the special embassy. The foreign office officials are glad to have Mr. Reid do this, but they say they cannot separate Gen. Miles and Admiral Miller from the rest of his suite and they must provide their own quarters.

Upwards of 35,000 signatures have already been obtained for the Scottish national memorial to the queen, praying that in state documents the words "Great Britain" and "British" should always be substituted for "England" and "English."

John Erskine, a merchant of Belfast, Ireland, has offered the lords of the treasury for the queen's acceptance, a magnificent free-hold over-looking Belfast Lough, as the site of a royal residence in Ireland. The latter country, it is claimed, in some quarters, has always fretted over the fact that the queen does not visit that portion of her dominion and it has been asserted that her failure to do so is the result of the refusal of Dublin in the sixties, to grant a site in Phoenix park for a monument to the late prince consort.

The duchess of Devonshire's historical costume ball on July 28, promises to be a magnificent affair. It is understood that the duchess of Marlborough (formerly Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt), will appear in the character of Columbia, and the duke of Marlborough has ordered a Louis XVI costume with wonderful jewelled embroideries. The prince of Wales will represent one of his ancestors.

In spite of the cordiality with which the United States monetary committee has been received on all sides in France, it is not believed anything practical is likely to be accomplished there. Much has been made of the utterances of M. Meline, the French premier, at last week's banquet; but he carefully pointed out that he spoke in his own name and not in behalf of the government of France. It is also known that he has declared France would not take the initiative unless certain that Great Britain would take part in the movement. Unfortunately for their usefulness in France at least two out of the three American commissioners do not speak a word of French, and neither does the official secretary of the commission. The awkwardness of this was shown at the banquet when the American visitors could not respond to the toasts.

J. Gubbins, the owner of Galtee More, the Irish colt which won the derby on Wednesday last, was a poor man working in America when he inherited a great fortune from his uncle, Mr. Wyse, the Irish distiller, and immediately returned to Ireland. Galtee More is probably one of the most valuable horses in the long list of derby winners. Several weeks before the race Mr. Gubbins refused £25,000 ($125,000) for the colt.

Mrs. Charles Stewart Parnell, widow of the late Irish leader, is about to take up her residence at Trematon Castle, near Plymouth.

The only dramatic novelties of the week have been "The Maid of Athens," produced at the Opera Comique on Thursday night, and "Settled Out of Court," produced on Thursday at the Globe. Neither scored. The former is the usual musical and farcical medley, with music hall comedians, and the latter is a gloomy comedy drama. There seems to be a boom in theatrical goods "made in America" just now. "A Night Off" is still doing good business at the Vaudeville theater, where it has been successfully running for twelve months. "Secret Service" packs the Adelphi theater nightly.

War is reported to have broken out between Audran, the composer of "La Poupee," and Lowenthal, the manager of the opera at the Prince of Wales' theater. "La Poupee" has run for months been playing to big business, said to be partly due to Mlle. Favier, a pupil of Audran, who sings the title role. It appears that Lowenthal sold the American rights of the opera to Oscar Hammerstein, of New York, for production at the Olympia, and agreed to let Mlle. Favier assume the principal part in the New York performance. To this end he objects, and as a result of the quarrel, he is said to have broken off all negotiations for the production of "Le Petit Ouvrier," his latest opera, at the Prince of Wales.

Col. Mapleson announces that he has arranged with Arthur Collins for a six weeks' season of grand opera at Drury Lane, commencing on June 21. While the colonel as yet declines to give the composition of his company, it is probable that it will include Mazzini, with whom Mapleson has become reconciled, and whom he now speaks of as the greatest of living tenors. Mazzini once challenged the colonel to fight a duel for the insult involved in offering him, on behalf of the late Sir A. Harris, £350 ($1750) a night for a short London engagement.

Miss Miriam Clements, now playing in "My Friend the Prince," at the Garrick, is to make a tour of the United States under the management of George Edwards, beginning in the autumn. Austin Freyer's new musical play will probably be entitled "The Japanese Girl."

The latest thing in theatrical souvenirs has been devised by the management of Terry's theater in honor of the queen's jubilee, as well as to increase the attractions of "The French Maid." They propose to give diamond brooches to their most faithful patrons. Their plan is to give coupons to all purchasers of tickets for the galleries, instead of boxes, and those securing the greatest number of coupons for each of these parts of the house will be awarded the trinkets.

TRIPLE TRAGEDY.

Bad Negro Shoots Three People, Two Fatally.

Kansas City, Mo., June 5.—Tom Clark, a notorious negro, ex-convict, shot and instantly killed Elizabeth Hatch, an aged negro woman, mortally wounded her daughter Elizabeth, and shot another woman, Mary Robinson, in the ankle. Clark went to the home of the women on Brooklyn avenue last night, determined to kill the daughter, who is known as Elizabeth Williamson, and who had been his mistress.

The other women were shot as a result of his bad aim. Elizabeth, with three bullets in her body, is dying at the city hospital. Clark escaped.

MODERN WOODMEN ADJOURN.

Dubuque, Iowa, June 5.—Head camp of Modern Woodmen did not adjourn until midnight, the night session being devoted to the closing up business of the week's national convention. Besides concluding revision of laws of the order and installation of officers, the convention voted $75,000 for the erection of a headquarters building at Rock Island, and the board of directors was instructed to begin construction of the building.

It was decided that states having less than twenty camps should not be entitled to representation in the head camp; in states having less than 250 camps, each camp shall be entitled to representation at the state camp. In states having 250 or more camps, the representation at the state camp shall be by counties.

MISS CRAVEN TO MARRY.

San Francisco, June 5.—Miss Margaret Craven, daughter of Mrs. Nettie Craven, who claims to have been married to James G. Fair and is now suing for a share of his vast wealth, is to be married as soon as her mother's suit is settled, or possibly before. It is stated that she is engaged to Henry Koehler, Jr., of St. Louis, president of the American Brewing company and interested in other large corporations. Her fortune is estimated at over $1,000,000. Miss Craven is an actress and was formerly a member of the Frawley company.

CHINA'S NEW RAILROAD.

Washington, June 5.—Under date of April 17 last, United States Consul Read at Tien Tsin, China, reports to the state department that the imperial railway has just opened for traffic another forty miles of road beyond Shang Hai-Kwan, along the Liao Tung gulf in the direction of Kin Chou. The total length of the railway so far constructed—from Tien Tsin to Chung-Hou-So—the terminus of the last new section—is just short of 214 miles.

A GROCER'S SUICIDE.

Savannah, Ga., June 5.—Henry Ingraham, of Ingraham & Bros. leading wholesale grocers of Columbus, committed suicide last night in a room at the Pulaski house. He was 53 years old and well known in business circles throughout the state. He left a note bidding his friends good-bye, but giving no explanation of the deed and none has been discovered.

MARQUETTE'S TOUGH WEATHER.

Marquette, Mich., June 5.—Snow fell here for half an hour last evening. A cold rain fell nearly all day preceding it.

A sickly, fretful baby is a distressful burden to both of the parents. After passing worried and sleepless nights the father is unfitted for business and the mother for her household duties. If a woman will take proper care of herself during the period preceding motherhood, and see to it that the organs that bear the burdens of maternity are kept strong and healthy, her children will be robust and good-natured. The best medicine for keeping these delicate and important organs in a healthy condition is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Thousands of women have testified to the marvelous action of this remedy. More of it is sold than of all other medicines for the same purpose combined. It acts directly upon the organs involved. It restores their health and vigor. It prepares a woman for the duties of motherhood. It insures the health of baby. It makes its advent easy and almost free from pain. Women who use it do not experience the usual discomforts of the period of gestation. It is the most marvelous medicine ever known for wives and mothers. It is the preparation of an eminent and skillful specialist, Dr. R. V. Pierce, who has been for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. Women who wish to know more about it should write him.

"About six years ago my wife became afflicted with female weakness," writes the Rev. I. J. Coopedge, of Elmo, Kaufman County, Texas. "She could not stand on her feet or get in any position in which she did not suffer great pain. She was naturally a strong woman. I had several physicians to treat her without any permanent relief. She despaired of ever again being well. She saw an advertisement of your 'Favorite Prescription' and spoke to me about it. I got her a bottle of the medicine which she soon found was helping her. She kept on until she had taken six bottles. Since taking the last she has not suffered a moment with the old trouble. She has been well nearly twelve months. The 'Favorite Prescription' was all the medicine she took. She is in good health and we are happy."

ARMOR

Brother Zeglen, a Cloistered Monk in Chicago, Is an Inventor.

Very Successful Test on a Woman's Body of Bullet Proof Cloth.

The Body Was Bruised But the Cloth Was Never Punctured.

Chicago, June 5.—With the body of a woman for a target, the bullet-proof cloth invented by Casimir Zeglen, a cloistered brother of the Order of the Resurrectionists, was tested at the Chicago college of dental surgery in the presence of a number of professors, army officers and citizens interested in the science of bodily armor. The test was conducted under the supervision of Lieut. Stanislas De Korwin Sarnecki of the Austrian army.

A 44-caliber revolver was first put into practice after the upper portion of the body had been encased in the alleged impenetrable cloth. Thirty shots failed to pierce the cloth, fired at a distance of from thiry to thirty-five paces.

A 38-caliber revolver was then brought into use and the representative of the inventor demonstrated that it was impossible to puncture the cloth with such a missile. While the cloth over the upper portion of the armor had been disfigured but slightly, an examination later by Dr. Leonhard C. Borland revealed the fact that two of the ribs on the right side of the body had been shattered by the force of the bullet coming in contact with the bullet-proof cloth.

Aside from the bruises in these parts of the body with which the bullets came in direct contact there was no indication that bullets had been directed against it.

NATURALIZATION LAWS.

Spain and United States Contemplating a Treaty.

Washington, June 5.—A convention relative to the naturalization of citizens of the United States and Spain is under consideration by Secretary of State Sherman. It was prepared by the government of Spain and was submitted through the Spanish legation in Washington soon after the McKinley administration came into office. Unusual efforts have been made to keep the matter secret and it was hoped that nothing in regard to it would become public until after the adjournment of congress. Secretary Sherman has expressed his approval of the project and the treaty has received favorable consideration from the president.

The question of a new naturalization treaty was discussed by Secretary Olney and the Spanish minister in connection with a treaty of commerce. Secretary Olney fully approved the plan, but for motives of expediency desired to postpone the subject. There was no disagreement between Mr. Olney and the Spanish minister as to the merits of the question, but the former thought it best to defer the policy and wait a while. No naturalization treaty was actually submitted. Only the general points of one were discussed. The treaty is intended to do away with the perplexing points that now exist between the two governments over the question of citizenship. Consul General Williams, Gen. Lee's predecessor at Havana, strongly advised such a convention.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Fire broke out in the state penitentiary at Lansing, Kan., about 9 o'clock. The fire seemed to be spreading rapidly in the tailoring establishment of the chapel and the imprisoned men begged to be released. Finally the flames became so threatening that fifty convicts, all of them trusties, were released to assist the officers. There was no break for liberty but the men performed their duty and the fire was quenched.

William J. Bryan, of Nebraska, lectured to an immense audience on bimetallism in the Massey Music hall at Toronto, Ont., last night. Among those present were Professor Goldwin Smith, Premier Hardy, Sir Frank Saith and other prominent citizens.

At Charles City, Iowa, during a quarrel between Frank Wiltz and Jerome Dow, brothers-in-law, yesterday, Wiltz threw a stone at Dow missing him and instantly killing Mrs. Dow, his sister, who was running away.

Mrs. W. A. Koch, of 15 Willett street, Cleveland, Ohio, committed suicide at St. Louis yesterday by taking a dose of chloroform. Her body was found at 2712 Walnut street.

Emily Banker, the actress, died at the Albany, N. Y., hospital yesterday of peritonitis, having been ill since Monday. Her husband, Manager Thomas W. Ryllie, was with her.

At Belfast, Ireland, the 4-mile foot race between Bacon and Mullen was won yesterday by the former, the English champion, by a yard and a half. Time, 19:32. The day was fine and the track perfect. The race was watched by nearly 10,000 spectators.

At Chicago the grand jury has voted a true bill against A. L. Luetgert, the rich sausage manufacturer, charging him with the murder of his wife.

FISHING HORROR.

French Trawler and Crew Lost Near Iceland.

London, June 5.—A special dispatch from Dieppe says that the French trawler Liberte, recently engaged in the Iceland fisheries, has been lost with twenty-three members of her crew.

SHARPSHOOTER JUNGBLUT.

San Francisco, June 5.—M. Jungblut has been chosen to represent the German shooting societies of America at the twelfth German Bunders Schuetzen festival, which will be held at Nuremburg from July 6 to 12.

WIRE TAPPERS AT DENVER.

Denver, Col., June 5.—Charles Moran and H. M. Summerfield, the expert wire tappers, who were arrested in this city, have been released. They promised to leave the city immediately.

Worn Out

Tired, nervous and unstrung, exhausted by over-work, the strains of life or exposure. People who find themselves in this condition obtain speedy relief from using

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

which soothes and feeds the wasted nerve tissues, gives stimulative nourishment to the jaded system and imparts new strength to every part of the body. For overcoming weakness in any form, this great stimulant is unequaled. As a tonic and appetizer its effects are immediate and lasting.

Tell your grocer or druggist you will have only Duffy's.

IN THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

The divorce colony in Grand Forks promises to scatter soon, as most of the interesting cases are to be tried at the present term of district court. The most important of the lot is that of John against Amelie Brennan. Mr. Brennan came here from Texas several months ago, and, according to his complaint, his wife had had him confined in an asylum in order to obtain possession of his property, worth something like $50,000. He was released from the institution and was to have been recommitted, when he gave the sheriff the slip and landed in North Dakota, starting a suit for divorce. Mrs. Brennan has retained an attorney and will be here when the case is called. Thousands of pages of testimony have been taken in Texas, and the case will be bitterly fought on both sides.

Walter Larlmore had an altercation at Larlmore with Melvin Sanders, a well-known colored character, and Larlmore made an attempt to shoot Sanders, bystanders grabbed his arm just as he fired, and the bullet struck John Sears, who was standing in the room, the bullet making an ugly wound in his leg. Sears suffered great pain, and P. H. McEwen, a hypnotist, was called in and placed him in a hypnotic sleep. He impressed him with the idea that when he awoke he would be free from pain, and after a sleep of five minutes he awoke and claimed that all pain had left him.

At New Rockford the jury returned a verdict of guilty to the charge of incest against Robert Nunn with his niece, Mattie J. Nunn. The father was convicted of the same crime last week.

A bunch of 1600 head of cattle, mostly young heifers, has been sent from Iowa to the James River valley by Capt. Terrill, an Iowa stock dealer. The cattle are now thirty miles south of Jamestown and are being driven to a ranch location not far from Jamestown. Feeders are being bought from farmers in Dickey, Logan, LaMoure and McIntosh counties and it is reported Twin City prices are paid for cattle in. Several Eastern dealers are looking up the state as a location for feeding young stock and one large firm in Ohio is considering the plan of sending a large bunch of young stock to this state to feed until fall. The stiff price being paid for cattle makes government contractors losers on contracts. It is said that one man with large contracts with Western forts will be out some $80,000.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

One of the richest discoveries of ore known in the Black Hills was made at Garden City the first of the week, besides which all other so-called phenomenal strikes pale into insignificance. The discovery was made on some property belonging to John Blatchford, in which he has been working for some time. The ore was found in the fall of a 200-foot tunnel. It is free milling in character and exists in white quartz. It is authoritively stated that the rock fairly glistened with gold, which existed in the quartz in rich byers, probably half an inch in thickness. It is said that the first samples of rock taken from the tunnel were two-thirds gold. Authentic particulars regarding this rich strike are unobtainable. However, a well-informed man, who is familiar with the facts concerning this last strike, says that it is without question, the richest discovery ever made in the Black Hills.

The wool growers on the range country are agitating the question of a wool market at Fort Pierre, when all the wool growers can meet representatives of Eastern houses. They believe that by thus getting together at a stated time and place, to offer their wool in large amounts, they can secure a better price than when it is offered in small amounts by individual raisers.

The school of mines at Rapid City and the normal of Spearfish have received instructions from the state board of regents to proceed to have their annual catalogues printed. This practically settles the question of changes in the faculties this year, as was expected in both institutions under the new board of regents.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 9; Pittsburg, 0; forfeited.
At Boston with Cleveland, fog.
At Washington—Washington, 5; Chicago, 8.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 4; Brooklyn, 8.
At New York—New York, 5; Louisville, 3.
At Baltimore with Cincinnati, rain.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Detroit—Detroit, 13; Minneapolis, 5.
At Columbus—Columbus, 14; Milwaukee, 9.
At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 11; Kansas City, 4.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	32	24	.750
Cincinnati	35	23	.657
Boston	34	22	.647
Pittsburg	33	19	.576
New York	32	18	.562
Cleveland	33	17	.515
Brooklyn	35	18	.514
Philadelphia	37	19	.514
Louisville	35	16	.457
Chicago	35	13	.371
Washington	32	9	.281
St. Louis	37	7	.189

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
St. Paul	40	28	.700
Milwaukee	37	23	.622
Indianapolis	34	21	.600
Columbus	34	20	.588
Detroit	36	17	.472
Minneapolis	39	15	.385
Grand Rapids	36	12	.333
Kansas City	39	12	.308

DE CAMPOS' GOOD ADVICE.

Madrid, June 5.—The Correspondencia says that Marshal Martinez de Campos has advised the queen regent against retaining Gen. Weyler as captain general of Cuba.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

LAMBETH

Program For the Great Pan Anglican Conference Now About Decided.

Large Number of American Protestant Episcopal Bishops Have Started.

All of Them Have Prominent Preaching Engagements In England.

London, June 5.—So far as at present arranged, the following is the program for the pan-Anglican conference to be held at Lambeth during the present summer: The proceedings are to open June 23 with the annual meeting of the church house at which the archbishop of Canterbury will preside.

The following ecclesiatical dignitaries will attend this meeting and deliver addresses: The archbishop of Armagh, primate of all Ireland; the bishop of Brechin, primate of the Episcopal church in Scotland, and the archbishop of Auckland, metropolitan of New Zealand.

On June 30, the first day of the conference, the bishops will hold a devotional service at Lambeth. On July 1 a service will be held at Westminister abbey, and on the following day a visit will be paid to the Isle of Thanet, where St. Augustine landed on his mission to evangelize the Britons.

Canterbury cathedral and St. Augustine's college will be visited on July 3. On July 5 the conference opens its sessions at the church house. The work of the conference closes on Aug. 12 with a great public service at St. Paul's cathedral.

AMERICAN BISHOPS GO.

All Have Speaking Engagements in English Churches.

New York, June 5.—Five American bishops of the Protestant Episcopal church, Thomas Underwood Dudley, of Kentucky; George Worthington, of Nebraska; William Andrew Leonard, of Ohio; William Stevens Perry, of Iowa, and Boyd Vincent, of Southern Ohio, all accompanied by their wives and some by their families, sailed on the Lucania today to take part in the queen's jubilee and attend the Lambeth congress. Six American bishops sailed last week.

Among the various subjects to be considered by the college of bishops will be the revision of marginal notes and commentaries on the St. James Bible, discussion of foreign mission work, and the relation of brotherhood inside the church. All the American bishops have individual engagements to speak in various English churches. Bishop Worthington will preach at St. Thomas' church, Winchester, and Chatsonbury abbey on invitation of the bishop of Bath and Wells. He will also preach in Canterbury cathedral on the Isle of Thanet. Bishop Dudley will preach at Ely and Canterbury cathedral and before the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in London, and on July 4 will speak to Americans in St. Paul's.

LEFT FOR CHICAGO.

Mr. Towne Goes to Silver Republican Meeting.

Washington, June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Towne has left Washington to attend the meeting of the national committee of Silver Republicans at Chicago next Tuesday. In speaking of this matter before his departure, Mr. Towne said:

"As I understand it, thirty states and territories will be represented. The object of the meeting is to adopt a plan for systematic organization in all the states where it is proposed to make a fight. We will also determine the time and place for the next national convention, which will issue an authoritative statement as to our position on silver and other public problems, and the best manner of solving them. We propose to co-operate with all bimetallic forces in the United States, regardless of party. Encouraging reports are coming from all sections of the country."

Washington, June 5.—Chairman Towne of the National Silver Republican committee will leave here today for Chicago to attend the first meeting of the committee. He will be accompanied by Senator Pettigrew and Representative Hartman. It is expected that Senator Teller of Colorado also will be present. Other Silver Republicans in congress intended to be at the meeting, but they find it impossible to leave at this time.

GOVERNOR OF ARIZONA.

Ex-Congressman McCord Will Probably Be Confirmed.

Washington June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator White, member of the committee on territories, said today, that ex-Congressman McCord, formerly of Ashland, Wis., would probably be confirmed as governor of Arizona, although many of the charges made against him were serious, but a majority of them had been satisfactorily explained. McCord said today that his confirmation was a certainty.

REPRIEVE FOR WORDEN.

Yosemite Valley, Cal., June 5.—Governor Budd has granted Salter D. Worden, the condemned train-wrecker, a reprieve until July 8.

DAYTON MAN SUICIDES.

Dayton, Ohio, June 5.—Frank Makley, member of a well-known and once wealthy family of horse shoers, hanged himself at his boarding house this morning. The cause is supposed to have been despondency. He was 40 years old and separated from his wife.

A Welcome Guest

in every household is **BLATZ**

The STAR Milwaukee Beer ....

because it brings health and happiness in the same bottles in which the delicious beverage is confined.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., Duluth Branch. Tel. 62.

THE TRADE OUTLOOK.

Dun Sees the Signs of Improvement Everywhere.

New York, June 5.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade today says:

The statement of failures in May by branches of business gives much encouragement. In amount of defaulted liabilities the month was the smallest since September, 1895, in manufacturing liabilities the smallest since November, 1895, and in trading liabilities the smallest since September except the last month, 1894. Failures of general stores have not been as small in any month as in May, 1897, in only two months out of thirty-six have there been smaller failures in books and hats. There were only five in groceries, but in furniture failures are rather numerous.

In clothing manufacture the month was the smallest except four out of thirty-six, except five in chemicals, six in woolen goods, seven in machinery, lumber and miscellaneous manufactures, and exceeded the average only in iron and cotton goods and earthenware, owing to a few failures of exceptional size. Nobody can mistake the meaning of these returns.

The statement that, except for the temporary depression in prices, the volume of business transacted is now larger than it was in 1892—the year of prosperity—has been questioned by some. But a comparison of prices this week in the leading branches of manufacture not only confirms that view but shows a remarkable similarity to the course of prices in the earlier months of 1879 when the most wonderful advance in production and prices ever known in this or any other country was close at hand. The key to the situation is the excessive production of some goods in advance of an expected increase in demand. So in 1879 consumption gradually gained, month by month, until suddenly it was found that the demand was greater than the possible supply. All know how prices then advanced and the most marvelous progress in the history of any country resulted within two years.

Reports from all parts of the country now show that retail distribution of products is unusually large and increasing. There is no improvement in the market for farm products. Cotton is not higher and the belief that the next crop will be large in spite of the floods, is general, while the demand for goods does not change, although in this country it is large enough to keep the market for most goods steady.

Nor is there any satisfactory demand for woolen goods and the sales of wool for the week have been only 5,825,900 pounds and for five weeks 34,641,400 against 26,800,150 in the corresponding weeks of 1892. The transactions greatly exceed the demands of the mills although these are larger than of late, because the manufacturers of woolen goods have steadily increasing orders.

The iron industry is apparently expanding production and is certainly getting larger contracts, in part because of very low prices, 1 cent being made for beams. Bessemer pig is stronger and gray forge a shade weaker under prospective Southern anxiety to sell. The rail mills are all full, the Illinois Steel company having orders even a well-informed man, who is familiar with the facts concerning this last strike, says that it is without question, the richest discovery ever made in the Black Hills.

The wool growers on the range country are agitating the question of a wool market at Fort Pierre, when all the wool growers can meet representatives of Eastern houses. They believe that by thus getting together at a stated time and place, to offer their wool in large amounts, they can secure a better price than when it is offered in small amounts by individual raisers.

The school of mines at Rapid City and the normal of Spearfish have received instructions from the state board of regents to proceed to have their annual catalogues printed. This practically settles the question of changes in the faculties this year, as was expected in both institutions under the new board of regents.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 9; Pittsburg, 0; forfeited.
At Boston with Cleveland, fog.
At Washington—Washington, 5; Chicago, 8.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 4; Brooklyn, 8.
At New York—New York, 5; Louisville, 3.
At Baltimore with Cincinnati, rain.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Detroit—Detroit, 13; Minneapolis, 5.
At Columbus—Columbus, 14; Milwaukee, 9.
At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 11; Kansas City, 4.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	32	24	.750
Cincinnati	35	23	.657
Boston	34	22	.647
Pittsburg	33	19	.576
New York	32	18	.562
Cleveland	33	17	.515
Brooklyn	35	18	.514
Philadelphia	37	19	.514
Louisville	35	16	.457
Chicago	35	13	.371
Washington	32	9	.281
St. Louis	37	7	.189

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
St. Paul	40	28	.700
Milwaukee	37	23	.622
Indianapolis	34	21	.600
Columbus	34	20	.588
Detroit	36	17	.472
Minneapolis	39	15	.385
Grand Rapids	36	12	.333
Kansas City	39	12	.308

WHAT BRADSTREET SEES.

New York, June 5.—Bradstreet's today says:

The only favorable features of trade are encouragement at the outlook for fall business and improvement in demand and prices of iron and steel. Crops at the Southwest, particularly Texas, have improved with seasonable rains, and the prospect favors larger exports of wheat from the Pacific coast. A fairly satisfactory jobbing trade continues at leading cities in the Northwest.

Business as a whole shows no pronounced activity, and the tendency of funds is to accumulate. Where the volume of business exceeds that of a year ago, as it has done in a few lines, profits are frequently so reduced as to render this year's movement less satisfactory.

Orders for dry goods, clothing and shoes for nearby delivery have fallen off. The anticipated midsummer industrial disturbances, particularly in iron and steel, promise to influence business unfavorably during the summer months.

Exports of wheat—flour included—from both coasts of the United States and Montreal this week amount to 2,620,000 bushels, compared with 2,081,000 bushels last week, 3,209,000 bushels two years ago, and 3,610,000 bushels in the corresponding week of 1892. Exports of Indian corn amount to 2,396,000 bushels this week, compared with 2,185,000 bushels last week, 1,623,000 bushels the week a year ago, 1,149,000 bushels two years ago, 974,000 bushels three years ago, and 629,000 bushels in the like week of 1893.

There are 197 business failures reported throughout the United States this week, a sharp falling off from last week, when the total was 257. The total one year and two years ago was 236 in each instance and in the like week in 1894 it was 207.

There were thirty-seven business failures reported from the Dominion of Canada this week, against twenty last week, twenty-nine the week a year ago and twenty-seven two years ago.

Bradstreet's publishes this week the results of what is claimed is the most important statistical investigation ever made concerning business failures in various lines of trade. It covers the past three years, and the summary of of its results presents the total number of failures in lines of business in which there were ten or more annually during the three years named.

Purely commercial enterprises, wholesale and retail, are seen to furnish 70 per cent of the business failures each year, and manufacturing embarrassments about 20 per cent. Out of the increase of nearly 2100 failures in 1896 compared with 1895, 1136, or more than one-half, were of retail commercial concerns.

The counting of the total number of individuals, firms and corporations in business in thirty-seven groups of the more important lines of trade is an unprecedented work. These totals constitute what may be termed the business population of the country in these lines, and permit, with the totals of failures in these lines, the calculation of the commercial death rate of the departments or lines of business specified.

This record shows that in 1896 seventy-seven out of every 1000 clothing concerns and fifty-nine out of every 1000 bicycle houses failed in business, the two lines having relatively the greatest commercial mortality last year. The rate throughout the country in all lines last year was fourteen commercial deaths out of every 1000 in business.

Commercial failures were relatively most numerous, after the two lines specified, among manufacturers of or dealers in hats, furniture, glassware, dry goods, notions, woolens, jewelry, lumber and hardware. After that the rate of embarrassment approximated more nearly the normal.

HEALTH RESTORED.

A Chronic Invalid Liberated From the Thraldom of Disease.

The following letter, in the words of the author of it, tells a very important story: Mrs. T. V. Stewart, of Mount Calm, Ala., writes: "Two years ago I wrote to Dr. Hartman concerning my health, which had been wretched for a long while and was growing worse rapidly. I could not eat; everything seemed to aggravate the heart, even a drink of water. I, of course, had medical treatment, and tried a good many patent medicines. All did no good. I was fearful that I would lose the use of my left arm; I had such pain from my breast down the arm. I had cold sweats that would come on any time. Dr. Hartman prescribed Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin and the first two or three doses of Pe-ru-na were a great benefit. I slept better that night and began to mend right away. I think I would have been in my grave but for Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin. My friends all seemed surprised to see me looking so well. I advise all who are ailing to try Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin, and have induced a great many, and they say it is a good medicine, but they cannot so fully realize how good it is not having been so near death's door as myself."

Every woman who desires to have a copy of our new book, "Facts and Faces," should order at once before they are all sent out. This book is sent free and contains several hundred illustrated testimonials from all over the United States. Address the Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing company, Columbus, Ohio.

ILLINOIS LEGISLATION.

Springfield, Ill., June 5.—The Republican congressional apportionment bill, introduced by the so-called "machine" and over which the bitter fight has been waged, was abandoned in the final hours of the legislature, no attempt being made to pass it. Governor Tanner denied that he had any intention at present of calling an extra session. It is thought, however, that the defeat of the revenue bills and the failure of the legislature to take action on the apportionment bill may result in such action.

For Rent.

From June 1—an 8-Room House, All Modern Conveniences, 15 Fifteenth Avenue east—

$30 Per Month.

DULUTH TRUST COMPANY.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience. MIDY

Sold by all druggists.

First National Bank

OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary

CAPITAL, $500,000.00.
SURPLUS, $250,000.00.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP, Asst. Cashier.

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Received.

DECLINED

Wheat Ruled Weaker Today and Lost Half a Cent In Value.

The English Markets Were Closed and All American Markets Weak.

Trading Quiet at Chicago, and Not Very Brisk In Duluth.

Wheat opened steady but lower this morning. London and Liverpool markets were closed, which compelled traders to rely exclusively on domestic news. This rather favored the selling side. The Kansas crop report made the condition 83 against 80 last month. Outside markets, particularly New York and St. Louis, were weak. Northwest receipts were moderate, 240 cars against 450 last week and 157 last year. Trading was exceedingly quiet at Chicago with a general disposition to even up in view of Monday being a holiday there. Trading on the Duluth board was of fair-sized proportions.

The week's clearances of wheat and flour from both coasts, as reported by Bradstreet's were equal to 2,20,000 bus, against 2,381,000 bus the preceding week and 3,329,000 bus the corresponding week of last year. Chicago receipts were 37 cars, and 23,000 bus were inspected out of store. The Atlantic port clearances for the day were very small, being equal to only 115,000 bus, of which all was in the shape of flour but 2315 bus of wheat. Bierbaum was given as authority for a report that the wheat crop of Roumenia had suffered damage by rain, which was said to have reduced the previous promise of the crop about 25 per cent. The comparatively small quantity of contract wheat in store at Chicago caused the shorts there to act timidly and more cautious when they heard it rumored that several firms had wheat sold to Armour & Co., which they could not "ring up."

July wheat opened 1/2c lower at 69¾c and during the next hour declined to 69¼c with fair trading. After 11 o'clock it lost 3/8c more, and ruled dull to the close. There was more firmness during the last half hour, and the close was steady with buyers at 69¾c, a decline of 1/2c for the day. The mills bought 10,000 bus of cash stuff at 1/2c over July, and the elevators took 20,000 bus at 3/8c over July. Following were the closing prices.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 71c; No. 2 northern, cash, 70½c; July, 69¾c bid; September, 69½c bid. No. 2 northern, 67¾c. No. 3, 63¾65c. Rejected, 65¾@65½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 71c; No. 1 northern, 70½c. Rye, 33½c. No. 2 oats, 20½c; No. 3 oats, 20c. Flax, 76c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 115; oats, 70; rye, 5; barley, 66; flax, 15. Receipts—Wheat, 120,214 bus; oats, 78,000 bus; rye, 3462 bus; barley, 23,246 bus; flax, 7331 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 168,354 bus; oats, 75 bus.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 5.—Money on call nominally 1@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 2½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86¾@4.87 for demand and at $4.85¾@4.86 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.86@4.87 and $4.86½@4.86¾. Commercial bills $4.85. Bar silver, 60c. Mexican dollars, 47½c. State bonds dull; railroad bonds strong; government bonds strong. New is registered, $1.24¾, coupon, $1.25¼; 5s registered, $1.13¾; coupon, $1.13¾; 4s registered, $1.10½; coupon, $1.12½; 2s registered, 98; Pacific 6s of '98, $1.04½.

NEW YORK BANKS.

New York, June 5.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes:

Reserve, decrease $1,26,275
Loans, increase 4,460,000
Specie, increase 231,700
Legal tenders, decrease 213,200
Deposits, increase 5,855,100
Circulation, decrease 5,700

The banks now hold $45,320,325 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, June 5.—Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 25,483; shipments, 5699. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 1500; shipments, 1700. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 5000; shipments, 872. Estimated receipts hogs for Monday, 40,000; estimated receipts hogs today, 18,000; left over, 1000. Market fairly active, 2½@5c lower. Light, $3.40@3.60; mixed, $3.40@3.57½; heavy, $3.20@3.55; rough, $3.20@3.30. Cattle, receipts, 250. Market dull and unchanged. Sheep, receipts, 2000. Market steady.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, June 5.—Wheat, steady and lower; June, 69c; July, 69¾@69¾c; September, 61¾@62c. No. 1 hard, 71c; No. 1 northern, 69¾c. Receipts, 225 cars.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baber grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 207 Board of Trade, Chicago, June 5.—This was an uneventful day in the wheat market but prices had a fractional decline and the tone of the market was unmistakably weak. A reaction was looked for after the decline of the past few days but evidently the short interest is not so large as anticipated or else they are fully confident of weak markets after the coming double holiday. English markets were closed but Liverpool traders evidently postponed their trip to the country and sent selling orders to New York and Chicago. The world's shipments were large, clearances for the day small and no new cash business here or at the seaboard. California is now harvesting its spring wheat and the promise is larger than anticipated. Kansas state report shows five points improvement over last report and apparently indicates a yield of over 50,000,000 bus. Outside markets were generally weaker than ours and Paris quoted easier feeling on account of fine weather. Reported very low temperature in the Northwest had but little effect on wheat.

Corn and oats firmer. Receipts overrun but the short interest in corn is immense and the colder weather caused some to cover.

Provisions steady and practically unchanged. English packers were most prominent sellers while shorts as usual were the buyers. Receipts of hogs have considerably moderated.

Puts, July wheat, 69¼@69¾c.
Calls, July wheat, 67¾@67¾c bid.
Curb, July wheat, 66¾-7/8c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
Atchison	25½	26⅛	24½	24⅝
Sugar Trust	117½	118½	117½	118⅜
Canadian Southern	48½	48¾	48½	48½
C., B. & Q	79⅜	80	79⅜	80
St. Paul	77⅜	77⅞	77⅜	77⅞
Chicago Gas	86¾	87⅜	86¾	87⅛
D. L. & W				
General Electric	31½	31⅞	31½	31⅝
Omaha	59¾	59⅝	58⅜	58⅜
Reading	19⅜	20⅛	20⅛	20⅜
L. & N	47⅜	48⅜	47⅜	48⅜
Manhattan	85¼	85⅜	85⅛	85½
Missouri Pacific	15½	16⅜	15⅜	15⅝
Tobacco	71⅜	71⅜	71⅜	71⅜
C. & N. W	110	111	109⅞	110⅜
N. P. Preferred	38½	38⅝	38⅛	38⅜
Rock Island	68¼	69	68¼	69
Union Pacific				
Western Union	79⅜	80	79⅛	79⅜
Leather	35½	36⅜	35½	36⅜
Lake Shore				

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, June 5.—Wheat, June, 67¼c; July, 68⅞c; September, 69⅜c; December, now, 65⅞c. Corn, June, 28⅜c; July, 24c; September, 25¼c. Oats, June, 17⅝c; July, 17¾@18c; September, 17@18c. Pork, June, $7.67; July, $7.70; September, $7.75. Lard, June, $3.47; July, $3.52; September, $3.62. Ribs, June, $4.22; July, 4.22; September, 4.25@4.27. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 70@70c; No. 3 red, 73@75c; No. 2 spring, 68@69c; No. 3 spring, 66@66c; No. 2 hard winter, 65@68c; No. 3 hard winter, 62@65c; No. 1 northern spring, 69@70c. Cash, corn, No. 2, 23½c; No. 3, 22@22½c. Cash, oats, No. 2, 18@18½c; No. 3, 17@19c. Barley, cash, No. 3, 25@34c. Rye, cash, 32¾c; July, 34c; September, 33¾c. Flax, cash, 75c; cash, Northwestern, 75@c; July, 76½c; September, 79½c. Timothy, cash, $2.65; August, $2.70; September, $2.55.

Blood Pure?

Is it? Then take Ayer's Sarsaparilla and keep it so. Is n't it? Then take Ayer's Sarsaparilla and make it so. One fact is positively established and that is that Ayer's Sarsaparilla will purify the blood more perfectly, more economically and more speedily than any other remedy in the market. There are fifty years of cures behind this statement; a record no other remedy can show. You waste time and money when you take anything to purify the blood except

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

PRODUCE MARKET.

Better weather and better market conditions generally prevailed on Michigan street today. Prices tumbled a little in several lines but the quality was fine in all. Supplies were very plentiful.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—the quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market, in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.

Cream., separators, fancy..	16 @	17
Dairies, fancy, special make	15 @	15
Packing stock	8 @	9
Dairy, fair	12 @	13

CHEESE.

Twins, flats, full cr'm, new	11½@	12¼
Full cr'm, Young American	11 @	12
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12 @	12½
Brick, No. 1	10	
Limb., full cream, choice..	9 @	10
Primost	6	

EGGS.

Candled, strictly fresh	8 @	9

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	12½@	13
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½	
Golden rod	11½@	12
Dark honey	11 @	11½
Buckwheat, dark	11 @	11½

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per pound	11	
Ohio, per pound	10	
Maple syrup, per gal	90 @	1 00

POPCORN.

Choice, per lb	2½@	3

NUTS.

Soft shell almonds, per lb..	12	
Soft shell walnuts, per lb..	12	
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	11	
Brazils, per lb	8	
Pecans, per lb	9 @	11
Filberts, per lb	11	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	
Raw peanuts	4½@	5½

VEGETABLES.

Sweet potatoes, per bus	85	
Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl	2 25 @	2 50
New potatoes, in sacks, bus	1 75 @	2 00
Carrots, per bus	35 @	40
Beets, per bus	40 @	50
Onions, per bus, new	1 50 @	2 00
Turnips, per bus	40 @	50
Asparagus, per doz	35 @	40
Wax beans, per bus	2 00 @	2 25
Cucumbers, per doz	40 @	50
New beets, per doz bunches	45 @	60
Green peas, per bus	1 50@	1 75
Mobile cabbage, per crate	50	
Pie plant, per 100 lbs	1 00 @	1 25
Potatoes, per bus	25 @	27
Mint, per doz	35	
Parsley, per doz	30	
Parsnips, per bus	55 @	60
Cauliflowers, per doz	2 25 @	2 50
Horseradish, per lb	6 @	7
Mississippi cabbage	3 25 @	3 50
Florida tomatoes, basket	35 @	40
Oyster plant, doz bunches	50	
Cress onions, doz bunches	12 @	20
Spinach, per bus	40 @	50
New beets, per doz bunch	35 @	40
Spanish onions, per crate	2 25	
Bermuda onions, per crate	3 50	
Lettuce, per bus	50 @	60
Horse radish roots, per bbl	4 00 @	4 50
Long radishes, per doz	12 @	15
Round radishes, per doz	15 @	20

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	90 @	1 00
Medium, hand picked, bus	90	
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90	
Green and yellow peas	75 @	90
Green peas, bus	65	

FRUITS.

Oregon strawberries	1 75 @	2 00
Illinois and Missouri strawberries, per crate	1 40 @	1 50
California cherries, per case	70 @	80
California navel oranges	3 25 @	4 00
Seedling oranges	3 25 @	3 50
Bananas, bunches	1 25 @	1 50
Lemons, per box	2 00 @	2 25
Cocoanuts, per doz	70	
Cranberries, per bbl	4 50 @	5 00
Cranberries, bus	1 75 @	2 00
Figs, per lb	12 @	15
Pineapple, per doz	1 50 @	1 75
Dates, per lb	9 @	10

APPLES AND CIDER.

Apples, per bbl	3 00 @	4 25
Mich. sweet cider, per keg	2 50 @	2 75
Fruit juices, per keg	4 50	

DRESSED MEATS.

Veal, fancy	7 @	7½
Veal, heavy, coarse, thin	5	
Mutton, fancy dressed	6 @	6½
Pork	5½@	6

LIVE POULTRY.

Live turkeys	10 @	11
Spring chickens, per lb	9 @	10

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, per lb	12½@	13
Chickens, per lb	10 @	11
Geese, per lb	10 @	11

BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.

Bran, 200 lbs, sacks included	9 00 @	9 50
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc..	10 00	
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc..	9 00	
Red dog	12 00	
Ground feed No. 1	10 00 @	10 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 00 @	10 50

HAY, CAR LOTS.

Choice south Minn	7 00 @	7 50
Northern Minn	4 00 @	6 50
Medium	4 00 @	6 50
Tame, ton, choice timothy	8 00 @	9 00

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, June 5.—Butter, firm; creameries, 11@14½c; dairies, 7@12c. Eggs, steady; fresh, 8½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 5.—Butter, quiet; Western creamery, 11@15c; Elgins, 15c; factory, 7½@10c. Eggs, quiet; state and Pennsylvania, 11@11½c; Western, 10@10½c; Southern, $2.40@2.55.

$100 REWARD, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Musical Program

Arranged for the concert at the Armory next Wednesday evening comprises numbers by the very best talent in the city.

WEST END

Eighth Anniversary of Asbury Church to Be Celebrated Sunday, June 27.

Prospects For Rebuilding of the Cody Sanitarium Are Not Good.

Sawmill Workers' Union to Hold a Meeting Tuesday---The Baseball Club.

Sunday, June 27, anniversary services will be held in Asbury M. E. church, in celebration of the eighth anniversary of its organization. Sermons appropriate to the occasion will be preached by the pastor, Dr. Robert Forbes, and in the evening short talks will be made by laymen. A collection will also be taken up for the benevolent work of the church. Asbury M. E. church has, like other institutions in West Duluth, been badly hampered in its work by the financial depression, but taking everything into consideration it is in as prosperous a condition as could be expected.

ARE NOT ENCOURAGING.

The prospects for the rebuilding of the Cody sanitarium on Bay View Heights are not considered bright. A petition to Col. William F. Cody, the owner of the property, requesting him to devote the proceeds of one day's exhibition of his Wild West show toward building a new sanitarium was recently circulated and quite generally signed. It was forwarded to Col. Cody, but as yet he has not responded to it. Those who have interested themselves in the matter still hope that he may consider the matter favorably, but his continued silence is looked upon as anything but encouraging.

MILLWORKERS' MEETING.

The Millworkers' Protective union will hold a mass meeting in Great Eastern hall Tuesday evening. The principal speaker will be Rev. Robert H. Craig, of Oneota M. E. church. Other speakers are expected to be present and it is believed that arrangements are complete for the most interesting meeting of the series.

FULL-FLEDGED BALL TEAM.

The West Duluth Baseball club has secured control of the ball park at Thirty-second avenue west, having it purchased from its owners. The club has aroused a great deal of interest in the West End, and it proposes to strengthen up its weak points and be in a position to meet all comers. A new pitcher, from Bay City, Mich., has been engaged, and Frank H. Wade has been chosen as manager. A game will be played tomorrow afternoon with the Athletics.

MR. WILLIAMSON RETIRES.

S. S. Williamson will retire from the position of superintendent of Westminster Presbyterian Sunday school June 13, and he will probably be succeeded by Mrs. Robert Cochrane, who has been a very active and earnest Sunday school worker. Mr. Williamson has proven himself to be a good organizer and the Sunday school has shown remarkable progress under his management. He is deputy county treasurer, and his official duties made it necessary for him to live nearer the court house, so he gave up his residence in West Duluth recently and moved to Duluth. His resignation as superintendent of the Sunday school will be accepted with regret.

FOUR WEDDINGS IN PROSPECT.

Four weddings of prominent West Duluth young people are set for next week. The contracting parties are all of a retiring disposition, however, and desire that public announcement of their approaching nuptials be not made. In reference to their wishes their names will not be mentioned until after the consummation of their respective unions has been formally effected.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mrs. M. Velau, who has been to New Brunswick on a visit to her parents, has returned home.

C. C. Whitney has returned from Minneapolis.

Mrs. C. Murphy and children are in the city from Grand Marais, visiting relatives.

J. C. Murphy returned today from his claim near Tower.

John Wilson will preach at Westminster Presbyterian church tomorrow morning, and Rev. Wilson Aull, of Glen Avon, in the evening.

Ring up tel. 3060, West Duluth Steam laundry.

FITZ SMOKED STOGIES.

The crew of one of the eastbound limited trains is retailing a good story about Bob Fitzsimmons, the champion pugilist, and how he nearly started a riot among the other passengers on his recent trip East. Bob and his great liking for Pittsburg stogies caused the trouble. It seems that he had the drawing room in one of the Pullman cars, and incessantly persisted in smoking green stogies that emitted an odor rivaling a slaughter house on a hot summer's day. Opening windows and ventilators had no effect in changing the air made rich by Champion Bob's stogies and the passengers raved and swore, all to no effect. While the rules of the sleeping car company do not permit smoking in drawing rooms, the trainmen didn't consider it any of their business to look after Mr. Pullman's interests, and the porter refused point blank to take any chances in asking Fitz to quit. In fact, he even didn't have the courage to take a handful of decent cigars to the prize fighter, at the urgent and tearful request of a gentleman anxious to stifle the smoke of the stogies. Between the whole crowd, Champion Bob, his dog Yarrum, the green stogies, and a lot of mad-clear-through passengers, the porter and train crew on that trip had their hands full, and the crew that took the train into Pittsburg sent back word that if Fitz hadn't got off at that point bloodshed would have surely resulted from the smell of those green stogies.

See the projectoscope at the Pilgrim Congregational church tonight.

ONE CENT A WORD!

WANTED--FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; reasonable wages. Address Reno, Herald.

GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK in small family. Corner Grand avenue and Forty-ninth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK AT 1632 East First street.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and girls can always find good places at the cheap and first quality of hair goods and the oldest and most reliable employment office, 225 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

WANTED—A LADY AND GENTLEman to solicit orders for household goods; sold on easy payments. No experience required. John Gately & Co., 705 West Superior street.

WANTED--MALE HELP.

WANTED—SCANDINAVIAN, GERMAN and English speaking salesmen. Salary and commission. Work in city. The Singer Manufacturing company, 614 West Superior street.

WANTED—LIVE HUSTLERS EVERYwhere. Latest and best patented bicycle novelty. Everybody buys. Takes like wildfire. Salary or commission. Address immediately, Slutis & Poe Manufacturing company, Indianapolis, Ind.

NEW LAUNDRY.

426 E. FOURTH ST. ALL WORK GUARanteed first class. Dress shirts, 10c; ladies shirt waists, 15c; collars, 2c; cuffs, 2c; undershirts, 6c; handkerchiefs, 2c. Laundry called for and delivered. H. B. Coon.

What 25 Cents Will Do.

Send this amount with your answers What cities are often called the Hub, Gotham, Metropolis, Queen, Monumental, Iron, Twin, Crescent, Windy, Power, Forest, Zenith and Beer? Contest closes Aug. 23 and names of the winners will appear in the September number of WORLD AT HOME. For the first correct answer we will give a SEWING MACHINE, value $50. 2. Coffee Set, 4 pieces, Quadruple Silver Plate, value $30. 3. Chafing outfit Nickel Finish, value $15. 4th, New Family Atlas of the World, 175 Colored Maps, $7 50 CASH PRIZES: 5th, $5.00. 6th and 7th, $2 50. 8th to 12th, $1.00. 13th to 17th, 50 cents.

In addition to the above all winners receive the WORLD AT HOME for three months and all others for six months

The WORLD AT HOME is a magnificent large 32-page journal unsurpassed for interesting reading. Address the WORLD AT HOME, (room 14) 411 WALNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in conditions of a certain purchase money mortgage duly executed and delivered by L. Levi Forest, mortgagor, to Ann E. Norton and Wm. F. Norton, Jr., mortgagees, bearing date the 24th day of April, 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 28th day of May, 1897, at 3:15 o'clock p. m., in Book 116 of mortgages on page 3.

There is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of $1051 30-100 principal and interest and the further sum of $56.44 for taxes actually paid by said mortgagees for years 1894 and 1895, making the total amount due at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand eighty-one and 74-100 dollars, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lots nine (9) and ten (10), in block six (6), Norton's Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 19th day of July, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 5th, A. D. 1897.

ANN E. NORTON and WM. F. NORTON, JR.,
Mortgagees.

AGATIN, DAVIDSON & CAREY,
Attorneys for Mortgagees.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-5-12-19-26-July-3-10.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Market Was Very Strong and Active at the Opening.

New York, June 5.—The stock market opened strong and active, with heavy dealings in Sugar and Chicago Gas, which displayed the most strength, the latter rising ⅞ to 87¾c. The Anthracite Coal shares also advanced, New Jersey Central showing the extreme gain of a point. Renewed firmness was evident in the grangers and international shares generally, showing slight improvements in spite of the fact that the London exchange was not trading today.

There was no diminution in the volume of dealings during the opening hour and general strength was displayed all through the list. The industrials were the features and moved up rapidly on the execution of liberal orders for both accounts. Sugar touched 118 and Leather, preferred, also gained a point. Chicago Gas eased off from the top figure in response to realizing orders, but the offerings were well taken and the stock soon displayed an improved tone. The course of the railways upward was unimpeded with rumors of pool buying in the leading shares, hastening covering by the short contingent.

The announcement that the gas consolidation bill had been signed by the governor of Illinois was the signal for renewed sales of Chicago Gas to take profits, which led to a fall in the price of ⅞c with partial recovery. Missouri Pacific also exhibited heaviness and lost ⅜c of the extreme rise of 1⅜c. The general market held steady at about the best prices with the dealings widely distributed. Large blocks of Sugar changed hands at 118 to 118½. The net gains were a point or more in prominent stocks. Total sales of stocks 158,000 shares.

EXTENSIBLE BIER.

A new extensible bier, which can be easily moved around in a room or church, through narrow doors, aisles and other places where it is inconvenient for pallbearers to handle a casket, has two skeleton-wheeled standards, detachably connected by a single rod, so that the bier can be adapted to a casket of any length. The legs are rotatably mounted on wheel forks carrying rollers, the crowns of which are provided with ball-bearing joints.

ONE CENT A WORD!

SITUATIONS WANTED.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

WHY CAN'T I GET WORK? HAVE tried hard and want work. Am 47 years of age and willing to work at almost anything. Some one please give me a trial. Address C 61, Herald.

GIRL WANTS PLACE TO DO SECOND work or general housework in a small family. Address R 82, Herald.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD cylinder and job pressman. The best of references. Address Pressman, care Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSITION as cashier, bookkeeper or general office work. Has had six years' experience. Address C. O., 22 West First.

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG MAN, expert stenographer and bookkeeper. Can operate either Densmore or Remington. Best of references. Address Box 664, St. Cloud, Minn.

SITUATION WANTED AS CITY SALESman or collector for wholesale firm, by middle aged man, acquainted with the retail trade and speaks English and German. References and security. Address B 426, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING AND house cleaning. Will go out by the day or take work home. Good work guaranteed. Mrs. Ross, basement of 810 East Second street.

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING OR any kind of work by the day. Address 220 East Third street, city.

A YOUNG GIRL WANTS PLACE IN small family or will take care of children. Address 21 Second avenue west.

WANTED—SEWING BY THE DAY IN private families; 75 cents per day. Address R 82, Herald.

WANTED—SEWING BY THE DAY BY competent seamstress, either at home or will go out. Address R 50, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants sewing in private families, by the day or week. Address P. O. Box 541, West Duluth.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING SCRUBbing, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING.

PROMPT, ACCURATE, CONFIDENtial work; mimeograph and circular work. Stenographers furnished upon call. Depositions; notary public. Harry H. Lemont, 601 First National bank.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO BUY, A NEW MILCH cow at once. Address R 81, Herald.

WANTED—TO BORROW, $1000 ON well improved centrally located property. J. W. S., 408 Palladio.

TRAINED NURSE.

IF YOU WANT A TRAINED NURSE leave your order at Boyce's Drug store.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

COME SOUTH—ANYONE HAVING $5000 to invest in a first class hotel business, best location, long lease, beautiful city. Address me, I wish to retire. W. B. Michael, St. James hotel, Chattanooga, Tenn.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—SNAPS—STAGE SCENERY and settees, etc., suitable for private theatricals or small show. Also a billiard table. Large Cottliff roll top desk. Delivery wagon, single and double harness. W. D. Gordon, 17 First avenue west.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, A MODEL 40 Columbian bicycle in first class condition. Call at 220 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A COMPLETE RESTAURant outfit. A bargain. For particulars address Box 18, Sandstone, Minn.

FOR SALE—ROW BOATS, HUNTING boats and sail boats; either new or second hand; cheap. Patterson's boat house, Sixth avenue west.

WILL RECEIVE SATURDAY, JUNE 5, carload of fresh cows, Sullivan, Twenty-eighth avenue west.

FOR SALE—BICYCLES, WESTMINster ladies or gents, fully guaranteed, only $38 cash, at J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

MARKUS MISFIT CARPET AND FURniture company. Dealers in furniture, carpets, stoves, crockery. Special sales for crockery. All kinds of household goods exchanged. 20 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—BARBER'S COMPLETE outfit. Will sell cheap or rent. Inquire 112 East Superior street.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE OR RENT. Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, 323 West Superior street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

J. K. Newell to R. B. Knox, east ½ lot 24, East Third street, Duluth proper, First division ..... $ 1
B. Magoffin to Lucinda Smith, fractional block 28, Proctorknott 350
William McCue to J. J. Armstrong, lot 8, block 18, Hibbing 175
J. E. Meehan to J. J. Armstrong, lot 3, block 7, Hibbing 130
F. Hibbing to J. E. Meehan, lot 27, block 7, Hibbing 240
H. F. Higgins to M. Huguenin, lot 23, block 15, Duluth proper, Third division 370
H. I. Cole to H. M. Miller, lands in section 31-49-15 2,000
C. M. Hill et al to John Donohue, lands in section 34-54-15 262
C. E. Swerdling et mar to F. Hibbing, lands in section 31-58-20 200
Ann J. Frazer to F. Hibbing, lands in section 31-58-20 375
E. G. Chandler to E. L. Smith, lands in section 14-52-15 200
John Isaacson to Peter Isaacson, lands in section 30-49-15 300
Total ..... $ 4,403

TESTING CEMENT.

The tensile strength of cement is now tested accurately by a machine of peculiar construction in possession of the Massachusetts institute of technology, Boston, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. The cement to be tested is cast in special molds, which fit into two sockets, so that no clamping or binding is required, the size of the cement between the sockets, where the strain is applied, being one inch square, the size generally adopted for making tests of this material. The upper socket is fixed, and the pull is applied to the lower one by a gear and screw; and, as the time at which the cement breaks is of importance, the power is applied at a uniform rate of 400 pounds a minute. A feature in which this machine is preferable to any other is the absence of all jarring. The weight is applied by a small wheel, which runs along the weighing beam and is connected to a small slide running along an upper beam, which is fixed, on which is the scale of weights which shows what power is being applied. It is thus possible to shift the weight without causing the slightest jar or pull on the weighing beam, while the latter never strikes the frame, as it is held by the wheel.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TO RENT--HOUSES.

BRICK HOUSE, $7, 2010 EAST FIFTH.

HOUSES AND ROOMS FOR RENT. Apply to A. H. W. Eckstein, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, 1007 East Second street; all modern improvements. Inquire 1013 East Second street.

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE, NINE rooms, modern, 2105 East First street. Apply Dr. Schiffman, Burrows block.

HOUSES FOR RENT IN VARIOUS parts of the city at reasonable prices. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—TWO MODERN BRICK houses. Inquire of Clark & Dickerman, Trust company building.

TO RENT--FLATS.

FOR RENT—NICE 5-ROOM, MODERN brick flat. Volk, Palladio building.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT, NEW FOUR and five room flats, $6 to $10, including water. W. J. Holmes, 504 Palladio.

FLAT AND HOUSE. ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, Herald building.

PAWNBROKER.

COOK—THE PAWNBROKER, HAS REmoved to 404 West Superior street. Money to loan on articles of value. Bargains in unredeemed pledges. Old gold and silver bought. Julius Cook.

TO RENT--ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, 912 EAST Sixth street. Good well and soft water. Arthur A. Fider.

FRONT ROOM, WITH ALCOVE, 223 East Third street. References required.

LARGE, WELL FURNISHED ROOMS; electric lights, bath, 720 West First.

ROOMS WITH BATH, $3.50 AND $5. 416 Lake avenue north.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, FIRST class board, one block from postoffice. 213 Fifth avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD, if desired; centrally located. Modern conveniences. 211 Third avenue west.

TRANSIENTS CAN HAVE BEST ACcommodations at 329 West Second street. $1.50 per day.

CARD READING.

QUESTIONS ANSWERED FOR 10 cents; pictures of your future husband or wife 25 cents. Address Madame De Zoe, P. O. Box 30, Duluth, Minn.

CARD READER, 1330 W. SUPERIOR ST.

FINANCIAL.

Money to loan on Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry in any amount without delay as a low rate of interest. All business strictly confidential.

Collateral Loan Bank,
319 West Superior Street.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 717 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

CLAIRVOYANT.

NATURE HAS GIFTED PROF. ANFIN with a clairvoyant power unusually strong, and he has never made it subject to falsehood or deceit. He does not deal in charms or other humbuggery, but gives good and true advice on business, social and matrimonial affairs or any other subject of importance. His advice, if followed, and his help, if desired, shows everyone the road to happiness and prosperity. 120 Sixth avenue west, parlor, upstairs.

BUSINESS CLAIRVOYANT. 121 WEST Michigan street.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 7, 1897. Work, Second degree. W. A. McGonagle, W. M.; Edwin Moocers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Saturday, June 5, 1897. Work, First degree. W. Kugler, W. M.; J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 3, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 8, 1897. ..... degree. John F. McLaren, H. P.; George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1897. M. M. Gasser C. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in the Kalamazoo block, third floor, 18 West Superior street. James McDowell, M. W.; J. H. Powers, recorder.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

SPRING GARDEN—FIVE AND TEN acre tracts for sale by George H. Crosby.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room—324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK

Every Evening. Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD:
$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 5.—The barometer continues relatively low from the lake region westward to the Dakotas and Manitoba, and is lowest near Winnipeg. During the past twelve hours it has fallen decidedly in Manitoba and North Dakota, and risen decidedly in the far Northwest.

No rain is reported, save light showers in Upper Michigan, Eastern Wisconsin, Southern Kansas and along the western shore of Lake Superior; also a few local sprinkles in the Lower Missouri valley. The weather is now cloudy in the Dakotas, Minnesota, Iowa and Wisconsin.

It is generally 5 to 10 degrees cooler than yesterday in Upper Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota and North Dakota and killing frost occurred last night at Marquette. In the region between the Missouri valley and the Rocky mountains the temperature has risen decidedly.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 36; maximum yesterday, 66; minimum last night, 34.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Sunday, but probably a light shower tonight; slightly warmer; light, variable winds, followed Sunday by fresh northwest winds.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 5.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Partly cloudy tonight; with possibly showers in northern portion; Sunday generally fair; warmer tonight; variable winds. For Minnesota: Probably showers this afternoon; generally fair tonight and Sunday; warmer in east portion tonight; variable winds.

THE STRUGGLE FOR SUCCESS.

The commencement exercises of medical schools, law schools and theological schools are now being held throughout the country, and graduates in medicine, the law and theology are being turned out by the hundreds. How many will succeed in the battle of life? How many will win the prizes which await those who reach the top of the professions? How many will fall by the wayside unable to force their way to the front and crushed in the fierce, relentless competition? The race is to the strong, and only those who have the determination and perseverance as well as the ability will be successful in the savage contest. Of course, there are some who will succeed more quickly because they have friends, influence and money. The young man who is without these aids must struggle hard indeed to get a foothold on the ladder of success in professional life. A large proportion of the graduates each year fail; they eke out a miserable existence and go through life in a constant struggle to keep the wolf from the door. What wonder, then, that some become disheartened and, mentally deranged by their hard and ineffectual fight for even a modest income, suddenly put an end to it all?

These thoughts are prompted by the story of a middle-aged lawyer who suicided in New York a few weeks ago. He was a graduate of a law school and said to be a well read lawyer, but he had failed for some reason, to attract clients and at the age of 54 he found himself still struggling, and now in competition with younger and more vigorous and ambitious men, to attain the success of which he had dreamed thirty years before when he passed a brilliant examination and was admitted to practice. Before taking his own life, an act which gave evidence of a weakness of mind which may largely account for his failure to rise in his profession, he wrote as follows: "I cannot earn a living. My life is a dreadful failure. I have studied law for many years, but can make nothing out of it. I cannot do anything. I cannot teach, I cannot practice law—I can only live on, as I am doing, in a dreary fashion, without the slightest hope. I may have had some power as a student or theoretical lawyer. But I never had money to take an office, and I had no influence whatever which might procure clients. This horrible idleness is the cause of my condition. This hopeless longing—this shamming employment, this unholy waste of time, this humiliating lack of money, when I ought to be earning an abundance! I cannot meet the responsibilities of life. I have never taken my place in the great army of breadwinners. I have never been a useful man."

Commenting on this story of failure, the Springfield Republican says that probably the worst place in the world for such a man in the law was New York. In the limits of the greater city there are over 8000 lawyers, or at least one to every 375 of the inhabitinas, including children, women and the nearly destitute. When one considers the immense amount of business that goes to the leading 100 law firms of the city, the struggle for existence among the remaining 7000 and odd can dimly be imagined. The competition and strife for clerkships in the established law firms is something terrific, and the pay these lawyer clerks receive is often ridiculous to contemplate. Not long ago a talented young man a college graduate, who had been earning about $1000 a year in a small New England county seat, in order to secure that "wider field" which all young lawyers so ardently desire, accepted a place as clerk in a New York lawyer's office. After a stay of some months he met on the street one day an acquaintance who was also a college graduate, and who at one time had been the private secretary of a cabinet minister in Washington. He also had become employed in a certain law firm in New York. "How much do you get?" asked the former private secretary of a cabinet minister. "Seven dollars a week," answered the talented young man from the county seat. "My God!" exclaimed the other, in surprise, "I get only five." New York is full of lawyers of university training and more experience than either of these two young men, who skimp along on incomes no larger than they were receiving.

But those who succeed in the legal profession may be justly ranked among the most successful money-makers in the country. The incomes of the leading lawyers in the larger cities undoubtedly exceed those of any other profession. The foremost corporation attorneys receive large sums yearly, in some cases as high as $100,000 a year. Of course but few can secure these fat places in the profession, but the ambitious youth is fired with hope and imbued with a determination to rise to the top rung of the ladder where the golden prizes are dangling, and consequently we see and may expect to see always a hundred law schools pouring forth a steady stream of graduates from year to year. The profession is overcrowded, it is true, but the rich rewards which fall to success will always prove tempting to the ambitous to enter the savage struggle. And what is true of the legal profession is true, in a lesser degree, of the other learned professions.

EXPENSES OF A GREAT CITY.

The amount of money required to run the expenses of a great city is almost startling to the average man whose income and expenses are confined within narrow limits. As compared with the expenses of the smaller cities and of many of the states, the expenditures of London, Paris, New York and other great municipalities are fabulous. According to the New York Sun, the municipal expenditures of London, the largest city in the world, amount to about $80,000,000 yearly, thus divided, roughly, among the various items: Water service, $10,000,000; police department, $10,000,000; public charities, $12,500,000; schools, $10,000,000; health department, $3,500,000; fire department, $1,000,000; department of streets, $10,000,000; gas, $3,000,000; interest on municipal debt, $5,000,000; and miscellaneous expenses, the balance, $15,000,000. Paris, with about one-half the total population of the city of London, spends in a year, $75,000,000, or considerably more per capita.

The question has been asked how the expenses of the Greater New York are likely to compare with those of London and Paris, and upon this subject the Sun presents some interesting figures. The present population of London is, roughly, 5,500,000, and the population of the Greater New York is, roughly, 3,300,000, the relation of the two cities to each other in respect of population being as five to three. The population of Paris is 2,500,000. The total expenses of the city of New York in a year amount, approximately, to $47,000,000. Those of the city of Brooklyn amount, approximately, to $13,000,000. The expenses of Long Island City are about $600,000 a year, of Richmond county $500,000, and of the Queens county towns annexed to the Greater New York $150,000, making a total of $61,250,000 for the whole of the territory to be included, on Jan. 1, 1898, in the Greater New York. This is a larger ratio of municipal expenditure to the population than prevails in London, but a smaller one than is the rule in Paris.

Taking up the various items of expense, it is found that the police department of New York city costs $6,000,000 a year, and the police department in Brooklyn $2,300,000, and the total cost of the police in the Greater New York will be about $9,500,000 a year, or nearly as much as that of the city of London. The street and water services are joined in this city instead of being separated, as is the case in London. The expenses of the department of public works in New York are $3,500,000, and those of the department of city works, which corresponds to it in Brooklyn, $2,100,000, and when to this the expense of the department of street improvements in the future borough of Bronx, $630,000 is added, there is a total in excess of $6,000,000 in the whole territory for these items. The expense of the fire department in New York is $2,300,000. In Brooklyn it is $1,300,000, and in all of the Greater New York it is substantially $3,500,000. The item of interest on the public debt amounts in New York to $5,500,000, and in Brooklyn to $3,300,000, and in the other localities included in the Greater New York to $200,000, a total of about $9,000,000, or about twice that of London. The expenditure for charitable purposes in New York city this year is $2,000,000, and in Brooklyn about $400,000. The item of education appears to the extent of $6,000,000 in the budget of New York city, and to the extent of $2,700,000 in the budget of Brooklyn, irrespective of the contributions of these two cities and of the other districts of the Greater New York to the state educational fund, which brings up the total amount to $10,000,000. Long Island City expends $115,000 a year for educational purposes.

In view of these statistics, it is not astonishing that the taxation in New York is very heavy. The large amount of interest paid annually on the public debt shows the extravagance which has prevailed in the city government in past years, which has piled up a debt of huge proportions.

NOT EXCLUSIVE POWER.

Some of the party organs are trying to excuse Speaker Reed's refusal to give a hearing in the house to the Morgan resolution recognizing Cuban belligerency, by asserting that the executive has exclusive power in regard to the recognition of belligerency or independence, and that the passage of the Morgan resolution would only place President McKinley in an embarrassing position, because he would be compelled to veto it and assert the executive prerogative. This is the claim which was promulgated by President Cleveland and formed the subject of a lengthy argument by Secretary Olney.

This view is not held, however, by some of the ablest constitutional authorities, and those who take the stand that the power of the executive is not exclusive certainly seem to have the best of the argument. The recent speech delivered in the senate on this question by Senator Daniel of Virginia, is attracting much attention as an able effort, showing fine logical powers and much learning in constitutional law. Those who are interested in this subject should obtain a copy of the speech, which is remarkably strong and convincing in denial of the claim that exclusive power belongs to the president to recognize belligerency or independence. Mr. Daniel brought to light several supreme court decisions which were not referred to at the time when this question engaged public attention, because of the view promulgated by Secretary Olney. In the United States against Palmer, in 3 Wheaton 648, the court said:

"This court is further of opinion that when a civil war rages in a foreign nation, one part of which separates itself from the old established government and erects itself into a distinct government, the courts of the Union must view such newly-constituted government as it is viewed by the legislative and executive departments of the United States."

Again, in the unanimous decision of the court in the case of Jones against the United States, in 1890, it was declared:

"Who is the sovereign de jure or de facto of a territory is not a judicial but a political question, the determination of which by the legislative and executive departments of any government conclusively binds the judges, etc."

The language used by the court, "the legislative and executive departments," shows that the United States supreme court has never viewed the power of recognition as exclusively an executive one. Consequently it must be held that the Morgan resolution does not encroach in any way upon the prerogative of the executive.

Some of the senators object to another sugar investigation on the ground that the other one was a farce. Well, why was it a farce? Who was responsible? Broker Chapman is serving his sentence in jail, but he will not have purged himself of contempt until the questions put to him in 1894 are answered. The chances are that when he leaves jail the case against him will drop right there, much to the relief, no doubt, of the speculating senators who would be implicated by his answers.

The New York doctors are becoming troubled over the financial outlook. They diagnose pangs of hunger in the near future unless some restriction is placed on free dispensaries. When well dressed people with money in their pockets can give the medical profession a hoarse laugh in payment of a prescription, ailing humanity need no longer vex themselves with the question, "Is life worth living?" Verily, this is a jolly old world.

In a recent interview Prince Bismarck laughed about the sentimental reports of his loss of interest in life. "My depression," he said, "is solely my great age. Wait till you are 82 and see how you feel, especially if you have spent nearly half a century in struggles and anxiety. My whole life has been spent in playing high with other people's money. I could sail my ship on the stream of events, but not steer it."

The Springfield, Mass., Republican says: "In New York state there is much talk in political circles as to whether the Democrats will reaffirm, ignore, or repudiate the Chicago platform, but west and south of New York, so far as can be observed, there is no such discussion. Outside of New York and New England the regular Democratic organizations are showing no signs of faltering. These are the simple facts."

Mrs. John A. Logan claims to have been the first to suggest the observance of Memorial day. It was her husband who, as commander in chief of the Grand Army, issued the first order for its observance twenty-nine years ago, and as married men frequently confess that they derive most of their good ideas from their wives, Mrs. Logan may be given the credit which she claims.

The senate refused yesterday to adopt the amendment to the tariff bill, proposed by Senator Penrose, to put iron ore on the free list. It was a clever trick of the Pennsylvania iron manufacturers, who are always clamoring to have their own products protected by heavy duties, but do not care whether other industries get any protection.

According to the London cablegram of the Associated Press today, it is not believed that the American monetary commission has accomplished anything practical. Messrs. Wolcott, Stevenson and Paine are having a good time at the public expense, but if international bimetallism is dependent upon their trip it is not likely to be ever secured.

Congressman Morris said that his visit to the White House today was on business of a "private nature." There are a number of Republican politicians in this neighborhood who will be puzzled to decide whether their applications for federal jobs come under the head of "private business."

The physical culture exhibitions at the High School hall gave hundreds of citizens a new idea of the splendid work which is being done in the public schools for the physical as well as the mental development of the pupils. The graceful and rythmic exercises delighted the large crowds which witnessed them.

The Mankato Free Press says that even South Carolina is getting tired of Tillman. The Free Press is slightly mixed. It is the senator that dabbles in sugar stock who is tired because Tillman insists on the matter being investigated. And the people believe that Tillman is right on this subject, at least.

An Indiana bank wrecker, who has been sentenced to ten years' imprisonment, consoles the depositors by saying that his intentions were good. A certain place of a high temperature is said to be paved with good intentions.

The political struggle in New York is enriching the vocabulary of the country by adding to it such words as "goo goos," "cits," "spangullkens" and "molbuzzers."

Governor Black allowed over 300 bills passed by the New York legislature to die. But probably some of those which he signed were worse than others that died.

Indianapolis is to invest $750,000 in public parks, and desirable real estate has attained a beautiful golden attitude.

DOMESTIC IDYLS.

Detroit Free Press: "See that woman running—with an enormous bouquet in her hand?"

"That isn't a bouquet; she is trying to save her spring hat from the rain."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: He—Do you think it is unlucky to get married on Friday?

She—No, nor any other day.

He is still wondering why he was fool enough not to have said something else instead.

Indianapolis Journal: "Dare I trust you with my heart?" he asked.

"The main question," answered the lady, with feminine indirection, "is whether you would trust me with a dollar occasionally."

Perhaps it is needless to add that she was a widow.

Philadelphia North American: "Why don't you get married?" to a bloomer girl. "I would but for the financial stringency."

"Tightens your finances, eh?"

"No; it tightens her father's."

Indianapolis Journal: "Poor Madge! Before her husband failed she used to drive such an elegant turnout."

"Yes; and now she has a bicycle and a bloomer suit, and won't turn out for anything less than a trolley car."

Chicago Tribune: "It's absurd and it's unfair, Maria, to accuse me of swearing. You never heard me utter a profane word in your life."

"You're swearing in your mind right now, John Billus, and you know it! I can tell it by the blank look in your face!"

Washington Star: "Did you tell that young man not to call here any more?" asked Mabel's father severely.

"N—no."

"Why not?"

"I didn't think it was necessary. I don't see how he could call any more, now. He calls seven times a week."

Detroit Free Press: "To save me, I can't tell which Jones girl I want to marry."

"What is the trouble?"

"One makes such delicious strawberry shortcake, but the other one looks so lovely on her wheel."

A BACHELOR'S REFLECTIONS.

New York Press: Be good and your wife will not be happy.

The worst kind of a cynic at heart is the man who says he used to be one.

A girl is never really in love with a man till she tells him the funny dreams she has.

Every old bachelor knows less about love than he will admit and every married man knows more.

Probably the serpent told Eve that eating the apple would be just the same as reading over all the bargain-day advertisements.

A woman will quarrel with a man because he sits in his shirt sleeves and then go around the house with no corsets and a combing sack on.

THE PAIN WAS CURED.

New York Independent: At a meeting of women in Omaha not long ago the subject of Christian Science came up for discussion. An adherent said: "You know N. Well, he was doctoring for his eye, but the medicine did no good. He had discontinued its use, but was suffering great pain. I induced him to have one of our healers come in. Well, as soon as she entered the room the pain ceased and he never suffered a moment since. Was that not wonderful?" "But," remarked another, "he also went blind the same day and has never seen since." "Oh, yes," was the reply; "but just think of it! The pain was cured immediately and for good." So the story of the man who put green spectacles on his horse and had nearly succeeded in making him live on shavings when the horse died, may not be quite apocryphal.

ANYTHING ACCEPTABLE.

Wright County Times: We wonder if John Goodnow is the "hoodoo" of the Minneapolis baseball team. What with divorce, failure and a "snide" aggregation of ball players, we don't see what John will have left to recommend himself to President McKinley. It seems to us that an ambassadorship to Timbuctoo, or any old thing, would be acceptable just now.

A VIOLET.

God does not send us strange flowers
every year;
When the spring winds blow o'er the
pleasant places
The same dear things lift up the same
fair faces.
The violet is here.

It all comes back—the odor, grace and
hue—
Each sweet relation of its life repeated;
No blank is left, no looking-for is
cheated;
It is the thing we knew.

So after the death-winter it must be;
God will not put strange signs in
heavenly places;
The old love shall look out from the old
faces—
Veilchen! I shall have thee!

—From the German.

RECRUITS FOR GOOD ROADS.

"Yes, sir, it is entirely appropriate for a Memorial day orator to speak an appropriate word in behalf of good roads."

Such was the answer of a farmer when consulted on the subject by a gentleman who was to deliver a Memorial day address in a Western village. Continuing, he said:

"Why not? The people for miles around here are deeply interested in Memorial day ceremonies. Some years only a few of us could attend because of the horrible condition of the roads. On such occasions our Memorial day ceremonies have been pretty nearly a failure. I was not a soldier, but I had two brothers who were soldiers, and, like myself, they are farmers, but I do not believe that they are more earnest in their hope that Memorial day will be perpetuated long after the last soldier has passed away than myself. I have thought for years that it was very important that these ceremonies be continued. They certainly have resulted in good the past thirty years; they certainly can do the same kind of work for many years to come. I know they will be more largely attended and consequently will do more good if hundreds of thousands of people in the aggregate are not prevented from attending them because of deep mud that we sometimes have at that time of year. I wish I had my way about it. You could depend upon it that every Memorial day orator, until we get good roads, would put in a plea in their behalf, an earnest one, to the millions who assemble on that day and listen to addresses.

"I do not understand why it would be out of place for all of the 7000 or 8000 posts in the country to pass resolutions in favor of them. I do not understand why at all of their state gatherings and at the national gatherings they should not take similar action. They say the war cost $9,000,000,000 or $10,000,000,000 Bad roads in the United States the past fifty years have cost the people fully as much as that. Anything that is so expensive as that, anything in which so many people are deeply interested, it seems to me, is entirely proper for a patriotic organization to take a hand in, to do its full share in agitating for and bringing about. Every class needs good roads; but none more than we farmers. With all my heart I thank the wheelmen and all classes who are working for good roads."

The speaker, in enumerating work which the ex-soldiers could assist in carrying forward during the balance of their years, mentioned agitation in behalf of good roads, devoting four or five minutes in that direction, and men and women of the village, men and women of the country, all classes, cheered it to the echo, which is still further evidence that good roads are coming. Let the work of agitation redouble in earnestness, practicality and effectiveness.

OTTO DORNER.

MICAWBER DUNNELL.

Chicago Tribune: One of the most patient as well as persistent applicants for recognition by the new administration is ex-Congressman Mark H. Dunnell of Minnesota. He has not missed a day at the White House since March 4. Every now and then he gets a chance to pour a few words into the ears of the president. His name has been mentioned for all sorts of places, from commissioner of an important bureau at Washington to a consulship at some remote point of the world, but thus far has failed to find his name in the list of nominations sent to the senate. Apparently unmindful of this neglect, the ex-congressman from Minnesota can be seen every day seated in the corridor which leads to Secretary Porter's office, and is always pointed out to visitors as the most pertinacious place hunter the present administration has had dealings with. He invariably occupies the same chair, where he sits, like Mr. Micawber, "waiting for something to turn up."

GLOBE SIGHTS.

Atchison Globe: We always wonder at this time of the year where the flies come from.

There is more or less vanity wrapped up in everything a man or woman says.

Why is it they call a man "the late" when he has been dead ten or fifteen years.

We would rather not have people give us things than be as grateful as they expect.

When a man falls in other ways, he can attract attention by shaving off his whiskers.

A man has enough troubles and vexations in every day life to worry him, without reading continued stories.

Every one admires the woman who is so loyal to her husband that no one dares pity her when he misbehaves.

A BETTER CHARITY.

Marquette Mining Journal: It is announced that Carnegie is soon to go abroad to spend the summer, and that before he leaves he intends to donate a million or so to some charitable undertaking. If he would increase the wages of the men employed in his furnaces and mills, so that the million he proposes to donate for the purpose mentioned would go into the labor cost of the iron and steel they turn out, it would be the noblest charity he could perform, for he would thus enable other employers to deal better by their labor and would bring happiness to thousands of homes from which the effect of his manipulation of the market has driven even the ordinary comforts of life. But charity of the latter kind obtains no mention in the newspapers, hence is not popular with the Carnegies and Rockefellers.

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ELASTIC STARCH has been before the people of the United States for twenty-three years, and is without doubt the greatest starch invention of the Nineteenth Century. Last year its sales reached the unprecedented number of twenty million packages. It is prepared upon scientific principles by men who have had years of practical experience in fancy laundrying. It makes ironing easy, restores old summer dresses to their natural whiteness, and imparts to linen a beautiful and lasting finish. It is the only starch manufactured that is perfectly harmless, containing neither arsenic, alum or any other substance injurious to linen, and can be used even for a baby powder.

CRIME AMONG CHILDREN.

Philadelphia Press: As a chronicler of the accidents of life the newspaper is called upon to perform few more distressing tasks that when it reports the suicide of children, boys or girls. If, however, those who read the newspapers will but heed the lessons it will be seen that, far from being objectionable, these reports are not only necessary but salutary. The latest suicide of a boy, a victim of the cigarette habit, differs in no respect from others that occur here, there and everywhere, but it serves to accentuate once more the fatal irresponsibility of parents.

It is all very well to explain away each case by means of special pleading, but the essential fact remains that a boy cannot become habitually given up to small or great vices save through parental neglect. This neglect may hide itself under complacent forms of apparent concern for the boy's welfare. The parents themselves may be churchgoers, the boy, at least superficially, may be equally under religious influences. Both parents and children may rely, therefore, on surface reforms, while all the time there is deterioration of character and physical growth. It is so easy to go to Sunday school and so hard to be manly. It is so easy for the parent to sit in a pew and so hard to control and develop character. All cases of this kind do not necessarily lead to suicide. There was the Washington boy, a Don Juan at 18, swindling right and left in New York, whose home influences had, as the phrase goes, been excellent. But it is unnecessary to multiply cases. They are too common and they are all turned with the same stick, a carelessness or irresponsibility of parents, and a fatuity that prevents the application of obvious discipline, and rests complacently in methods through which reform will not come. It is the irresponsibility of parents that forces extra work on the schools and is the cause of the absurd curfew law movements wherein the state is asked to do the work of the family. It is time a reaction set in, and instead of blaming the young, the blame was put where it belongs—on the parents.

WHAT AILS REED?

Princeton Union: Speaker Reed has been receiving numerous letters from Minnesota urging him to change his dilatory tactics and has asked one of our congressmen "What's the matter with Minnesota?" That is not the qustion. Minnesota wants to know what ails Thomas Brackett Reed.

YE ANCIENT STORY.

Once on ye tyme, as tayles are told, a
blushing man and mayd,
Togeither, in ye eventyde, in blissful manner strayed;
No thought hadde they for other thyngs
than those which them concerned,
For fyrce ye love in either heart with
growing passion burned;
Nor hadde ye man, nor hadde ye mayd
thys growing passion spurned.

Ye darkening ryte grew on apace and hyd
ye loving twain,
Then strove ye man to speak hys love
with all ye might and main,
And tho' he was of mayghtie frame and
lytle was ye mayd,
He felt ye synking of ye heart which
mayd him sore afrayd,
Ye moon came smyling thro' ye clouds
while yet ye lovers strayed.

Two ribbons held ye small sky-piece tyed
at ye lovely throat,
And they became unfast—just how ye
scribe hath never wrote—
Ye nyte wind smote ye piece from aff ye
gentle ladye fayre,
Then clove ye lover, in pursuit, ye balmy
evening air,
And brought hym back ye truant lyd and
covered up ye hair.

He strove ye ribbons to entwyne, which
held ye lyd in place,
Hys fingers turned to thumbs as he gazed
at ye lovelye fayce;
"I cannot tye ye knot," he sayeth. Then
smyle ye fayrie creature,
With blushes red. "If I were you I then
would get ye teachyr."
And took ye man ye gentyl hynt and
strayteway gat ye preachyr.

—Chicago News.

LITTLE FEET.

Two little feet so small that both may
nestle
In one caressing hand;
Two tender feet upon the untried border
Of life's mysterious land;
Those rose-white feet along the doubtful
future
Must bear a woman'e load;
Alas! Since woman has the heaviest burden
And walks the hardest road.

Love, for a while will make the path before them
All dainty, smooth and fair;
Will cut away the brambles, letting only
The roses blossom there;
But when the mother's watchful eyes are shrouded
Away from sight of men,
And these dear little feet are left without her guilding,
Who shall direct them then?

Will they go stumbling blindly in the darkness
Of sorrow's tearful shades;
Or find the upland slopes of peace and beauty,
Whose sunlight never fades?
Oh, who may read the future? For this sweetheart; small
We want all blessings sweet,
And pray that he who feeds the crying ravens
Will guide the baby's feet.

—Philadelphia Times.

SHOTS AT THE PULPIT.

Detroit Free Press: The missionary in the Pittsburg convention who will not touch money that is offered until convinced that the gift is clean must have a bank account of his own to fall back on.

Minneapolis Tribune: A Dubuque preacher has admitted that the Sunday newspapers are all right. Of course they are if they are of the right sort, and more of the clerical brethren could afford to admit it than do.

Sioux City Journal: The Presbyterian ministers of Philadelphia have addressed "a judicious letter" to the wheelmen on the use of bicycles on Sunday. The wheelmen need very little advice on the subject. A man may go to church on a bicycle as well as in a carriage, and one who would not go to church at all would be indifferent to advice offered.

Chicago Chronicle: The world is certainly becoming more liberal when a woman may be graduated from the Union Theological seminary to preach in a Presbyterian pulpit. The woman who has been accorded this privilege is no less a person than the daughter of Professor Briggs, who was suspended for heresy in 1894. She has passed with the highest honors, excelling all the men in her class. One may be permitted to wonder how she stands upon the points of faith which caused her father so much trouble.

Springfield Republican: It is estimated that the Protestant theological schools this spring will graduate about 225 men into the clerical profession, but the estimate is too low by considerable. If there are not over 500 few ministers next month, including all the schools in the United States, it will be cause for surprise. Include Canada, and the total will be raised perhaps another hundred. It looks like a glut, but there is none, provided each newcomer is content to find his level—it may be as a life insurance agent.

Philadelphia Record: There was a touch of humor in the proceedings of the Presbyterian assembly at Eagle Lake, Ind., on Saturday. During a speech by ex-Postmaster General Wanamaker on a business topic he found occasion to say that he had never seen a perfect man, and he doubted very much whether there had ever been a perfect woman. "Just then," says the telegraphic report of the proceedings, "a little, timid, shrinking body rose in the back of the room and told the speaker that she had heard of a perfect woman. When inquiry was made as to this remarkable entity, she said: 'It was my husband's first wife.'" This was good. The "little, timid, shrinking body" certainly delivered a dexterous thrust.

VERSES.

Drive me not hence; mine is a world of
shadows,
Whilst thine is peopled with the shapes
of day.
Let me lie here within the effulgent circle
Thy sunshine throws across my empty
way.

Thou wast created for these radiant gardens
Which bathe thy forehead in their fragrant breath;
Immortal summer wreathes thy feet with garlands,
While mine have faltered in the realms of death.

Upon thy lips the joy of life still utters
Sweet foolish words, the secrets of thy soul.
I ask not much, only to list thy childings;
Dumb, to look up and find sufficient dole.

Push me not back into the gloomy twilight
Which until now has always been my part.
Give to my thirst from out the golden chalice,
My full-blown rose, thou bearest in thy heart.

Thou art so rich, and I so poor beside thee—
Bend rosy warmth a moment to my cold!
"I am afraid," the poet sang before me,
"For thou art beautiful and I am old."

Say not again we both have done with springtide;
Who cares for dawn that once has tasted noon?
Why should I fear? touch but my frozen heart strings
And feel them shiver in a rapturous swoon.

Youth comes once more, the glory and the fever
Of those wild dreams with which I fretted fate.
I have found light. Cast me not out to darkness!
Kill me! but tell me not it is too late.

—JULIEN GORDON in June Lippincott's.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
L. N. SCOTT, Manager
TONIGHT
Chas. T. Yale's Greatest Spectacle,
THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS
With a Company of 60 People will be with you for the first time. The performance embraces all kinds of stage amusements skilfully and deftly rolled into one gigantic whole. Prices regular. Matinee 25c and 50c.

In Duluth's Social Circles.

The social circles of the city were never quieter than right now, and June bids fair to go by without even any weddings to create a stir. This is indeed remarkable. The summer season is not fairly opened up as yet, the weather being against it, but it will be here before long, and the usual gaiety will probably prevail, although it is not unlikely that this summer will be a little slower than some others. At least signs point that way. All the talk at present is of the Gibson pictures, which will be presented at the Lyceum next Tuesday evening. There will be a large audience and a fashionable one. The german at Superior Monday evening attracted a number of the Duluth young people. Many have been asking whether the assembly will have another party before the season closes. It is quite likely that there will be one this month, although it has not been definitely fixed.

* * *

The presentation of Gibson pictures at the Lyceum Tuesday evening is interesting society more than anything which has come up in a long time, and a large number of the people who are prominent in the social circles of the city are to take part. Gibson is society's favorite artist, and it is undoubtedly because his drawings presenting society pictures are more natural and truer than those of other artists. He depicts life as it is. The pictures which will be presented Tuesday will be among the most popular of the Gibson series. There will be three of the puzzle pictures, which were so popular when they came out, and are no less so now. "The American Girl," without which no Gibson series could be complete, will of course be seen. "The Last Guest," which will be the closing picture, will be one of the very best. There is a beautiful sentiment in it, one that appeals to every mind.

The entertainment is to be given for the benefit of the Women's Home and Hospital, and there are no worthier institutions in Duluth than these. Permission to present the pictures was obtained from the Life Publishing company of New York.

* * *

On Monday evening a delightful cotillion was given at Truax hall in West Superior by a number of the young people over there. There were eighteen figures in the german, and handsome favors were distributed. I. B. Ferguson led. A number of the young people from Duluth went over. They were: Miss Sellwood, Miss Strayer, Miss Magoffin, Miss Spencer, Miss Jennie Magoffin and Messrs. D. R. McLennan, William Dalrymple, Morton Miller, F. W. Boldrick and James Geggie.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Myers, of 1127 London road, entertained Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Olcott and Mr. and Mrs. Victor Stearns at dinner Thursday evening.

* * *

The Nineteenth Century club will hold its final meeting of the season this evening at the home of Miss Minnie MacLean, of 3 East Fourth street. "Cuba" will be the subject of discussion, and Miss Wright will lead, assisted by Miss Ames and Clarence Shepard.

* * *

The Young Ladies' Card club will be entertained Monday afternoon by Miss Belle Simonds, of 323 West Second street.

* * *

This was university commencement week at Minneapolis, and as a result there were many social festivities in that city. Chief among those was the promenade and ball on Tuesday evening. Mrs. George M. Horton, of Duluth, whose son Lawrence Horton graduated, was present and also Miss Anna Dickinson. The Minneapolis Times said:

"One of the guests of honor was Mrs. George Horton, of Duluth. Her gown was one of the handsomest seen at the ball, although it was almost severely plain. It was of pearl brocade and was without trimming except for a dainty bit of point lace arranged to form a chemisette above the low cut bodice and a corsage trimming of pearls. Mrs. Horton chaperoned one of the belles of the evening, Miss Anna Dickinson, also of Duluth. Miss Dickinson wore yellow silk trimmed across the bodice with straps of duchesse lace and wore a yellow algrette in her hair.'

* * *

The annual meeting of the Somerset Y is being held this afternoon at the home of Mrs. A. W. Bradley, 220 West Third street.

* * *

A musical reception will be given by George Louis Tyler at the Bethel on June 18. He will be assisted by other local musicians, including Gerard Tonning and A. Hoelscher. A fine program is being arranged.

* * *

The Ladies' Relief society held its annual meeting Monday afternoon at the home of Mrs. A. M. Miller. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. A. M. Miller; vice presidents, Mesdames Clinton Markell and D. C. Prescott; secretary, Mrs. David Buchanan; assistant secretary, Mrs. G. A. Elder, treasurer, Mrs. A. B. Chapin; directors, Mrs. C. M. Vance, Mrs. J. H. La Vaque, Mrs. R. T. Lewis, Mrs. E. C. Collins, Mrs. L. P. Totman, Mrs. S. C. McCormick, Mrs. J. M. Taggart, Mrs. M. J Hawksworth

* * *

The concert at Turner hall Monday evening by Herr Carl Riedelsberger, violin virtuoso, and Gerard Tonning, pianist, will be one of exceptional interest to Duluth people. The program presented will be entirely of Mr. Tonning's original compositions. It is only about four years since Mr. Tonning took up composition seriously, and after submitting his works to critics and musicians of standing, decided on their judgment to enter the national field as a composer of classical music. He has succeeded in finding an influential publisher for several vocal and instrumental works, and recently received an invitation to contribute a vocal ensemble number for a representative work to be published shortly.

Herr Carl Riedelsberger is too well known to need any introduction to Duluth people. During the past few months he has appeared extensively in concert work and with great success.

The musicians who will assist are: Miss Farrell and Miss Spencer, sopranos; Miss Justine Shannon, contralto, and the Temple Ladies' quartet. The Riedelsberger string quartet has been organized and is as follows: Carl Riedelsberger, first violin; G. Flaaten, second violin; I. N. Sodal, viola; J. H. Flaaten, 'cello. The program is as follows:

Violin solo—"Romance for Violin"..
Herr Riedelsberger.
Ladies' quartet—"Silent Night" ....
Temple Quartet.
Piano solo—
(a) "Danse Norveigienne"... ..
(b) "Indian Legend".. ....
(c) "Chant du Troubadour".. ..
Gerard Tonning.
Soprano solo—
(a) "On the Water"..... .....
(b) "So Blue Thine Eye"..... ....
Miss Elizabeth Spencer.
Sonata for violin and piano—
"Andantino Quasi Allegretto"..
"Allegro Con Brio" ... .
Herr Riedelsberger and Gerard Tonning.
Soprano solo with strings obligato—
"Persian Song" ... .
Miss Farrell and String Quartet.
Intermezzo for strings..... .. ....
Riedelsberger String Quartet.
"Song of the Spinners"..... .....
Temple Quartet, Alto solo, Miss Shannon.

After the regular program, Herr Riedelsberger, by request, will play the following violin solos:

(a) Nocturne E flat, Op. 9, No. 2..
.....Chopin-Sarasate
(b) "Souvenir de Moscow".....
.....Wienlawski

* * *

The members of the First Baptist church had a picnic at Lester Park yesterday afternoon. A delicious supper was served in the evening, to prepare for which the ladies went out early. The men appeared after such preliminaries as carrying water and preparing the tables had been finished. After supper the young ladies of the congregation had foot races. There were several spirited events, both in the running sprints and walking contests. The fun concluded with a bonfire on the lake shore.

* * *

The concert which was to have been given at the Armroy Wednesday evening was postponed one week and will given at the Armory Wednesday evenwas arranged by Mr. and Mrs. A. Hoelscher and is as follows:

"Echoes of the Metropolitan Opera House".. .. ..Tobani
Professor J. H. Flaaten's Orchestra.
"Kerry Dance"..... .....
Aeolian Quartet.
Reading—"Edith Dombey," scene of "Dombey and Son".... .. ..
Miss M. Finnegan.
Duet—Selected.... .. ..
Mr. James McAuliffe and C. H. Thornton.
"Heaven Hath Shed a Tear"....Gounod
Miss Susan McKay.
Flute obligato.... .. ..
A. Hoelscher.
Quintet—"Elgie".. ....Ernest
Messrs. J. H Flaaten, Gust. Flaaten, J. Sodahl, E. Llewald, A. Hoelscher.
Selected..... .. ..
Temple Ladies' Quartet.
"Let All Obey," from opera "Enchantress"..... .....
Arthur Lahey.
Reading, selected ....
Miss M. Finnegan.
Flute solo ....
A. Hoelscher.
Mrs. A. Hoelscher, accompanist.

* * *

The entertainment given under the auspices of the Ladies' Catholic union last Monday evening was very successful both in the delightful manner in which it was given and financially. Nothing but words of praise have been heard on all sides of the fine program of music and recitations that was given and for the delightful living pictures. The pictures were well presented and added greatly to the novelty of the entertainment. On next Tuesday evening Rt. Rev. Bishop McGolrick will give a lecture on "The Madonna in Art" at the Catholic club rooms.

* * *

The entertainment, followed by an ice cream and strawberry social, given at Grace M. E. church Thursday evening by members of the Epworth league was a complete success. The church was filled with an appreciative audience. The program was a very charming one, each participant acquitting themselves with great credit. The opening number was a recitation by Miss Gillon. Miss Minnie Allen's solo, "Life's Lights and Shadows," was beautiful and well merited the hearty encore received. Miss Allen possesses a remarkably sweet soprano voice. Miss Louise Hopkins read a selection in a very pleasing manner. The club drill by four girls from Lincoln school reflected great credit not only upon themselves but also upon their instructor, Miss Foote. The girls were called back a second time. Master Robert Haskins gave two selections which were well received. A debate followed, after which Miss Anderson gave a "Southern Lullaby." The program closed with a reading by Orrin Watts, "Mark Twain's Interview With a Reporter," which was very amusing. The audience then retired to the room below, where ice cream, strawberries and cake were served. The proceeds were for the benefit of their pastor, Rev. H. H. Dresser, who is just recovering from a long siege of typhoid fever.

* * *

The "Deestrict Skule" is the name of a production which has for its aim the picture of country school life in America some fifty years ago. It is said to be one of the drollest and most side-splitting affairs ever seen on the stage. A company of some thirty ladies and gentlemen are now rehearsing the piece and will give it at the Pavilion Tuesday night, June 15. Although they are all well-known people, they will appear in the program only under the old-fashioned names of fifty years ago. The play or comedy or whatever one may choose to call it opens with the children romping, fighting, playing tricks, etc., in the school yard. The next scene is the school room, where the stern and knowledge-weighted teacher puts the restless scholars through the several courses just as they did half a century ago. The next scene is "examination day." The parents visit the school room and proceed to try and discover what the scholars don't know. Old-fashioned songs will be sung during the progress of "skule" and nothing omitted to make it one of the most complete and most enjoyable entertainments ever seen in Duluth. The "Deestrict Skule" will be presented under the auspices of Majestic and Golden Rebekah lodges of the I. O. O. F. of the city.

* * *

The ladies of the Woman's Relief corps and of Ellen Toucey lodge, No. 31, of West Duluth, spent a very pleasant afternoon on Tuesday with Mrs. Toucey at her home, 424 West Second street. Mrs. Toucey is about to leave for Santa Yurez, Cal. Mrs. Toucey is senior vice president of the W. R. C. and holds two of the highest offices in L. O. L.

* * *

The ladies of the Danish Sisterhood will give an entertainment and ball this evening at Kalamazoo hall in honor of Denmark's independence day.

* * *

Last evening the dance postponed from Thursday evening was given at the town hall on Duluth Heights and was a very pleasant affair.

* * *

Miss Ellen Schibsted, assisted by Mrs. Olund and others will give a concert at Normanna hall next Friday.

* * *

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Elsie Congdon is visiting at Tower.

Mr. and Mrs. William C. Farrington, of Buffalo, N. Y., were visiting in Duluth this week.

Miss Barrett, of Tower, was visiting in the city this week.

Mrs. William McDonald has gone to St. Thomas, Ont., to attend the graduation of her daughter Minnie. Miss McDonald has been studying elocution at Alma college for the past three years. Mrs. McDonald and her daughter will arrive in Duluth the latter part of June.

Mrs. James Redy, of Ashland, formerly of Duluth, was visiting here this week.

Mrs. Alice Harriman, of Minneapolis, was visiting here this week.

T. G. Maheer and bride, of LeSueur, Minn., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Nichols, of 129 West Fourth street.

Mr. and Mrs. James S. Bell, of Minneapolis, and Mrs. E. Ford and Miss Katherine Martin, of Philadelphia, were visiting here this week.

Miss Anna McCarthy, of this city, was visiting at Hibbing this week.

Miss Greene, librarian of the Ashland library, was here this week, the guest of Miss Angie Neff.

Mrs. E. H. Burger and daughter, who have been spending the winter at Los Angeles, Cal., arrived home Monday.

Edward A. Silberstein returned Sunday evening from Denver and will spend the summer here.

Herr Carl Riedelsberger, the violinist, has arrived from Des Moines, Iowa, and will spend the summer here. At present he is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Emil Schmied.

A. W. Hartman was in New York this week.

From the Galena Post the following item is taken: "M. J. Davis and wife left for their home at Duluth, Minn., today, after several days' visit in this city, during which time Mr. Davis was looking over mining interests. Mrs. Davis, who was formerly an early day Galenaite whom everybody admired, met many of her old friends while here and had an enjoyable visit. Mrs. Davis inherited some valuable mining lands several years ago which are now becoming very valuable."

Miss Mabel King, of Topeka, Kan., who is visiting her sister, Mrs. Bert Fesler, of the Buffalo flats, has just recovered from an attack of typhoid fever.

Miss Georgie Stephenson, of Chatham, Ont., is a guest of her brother, John A. Stephenson.

Rev. S. S. Cleaver and wife, of Victoria, B. C., arrived in Duluth this morning to be the guests for several days of Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Rockwell.

E. R. Jacobi has gone to Grand Forks for a few days.

Mrs. M. J. Kelliher and two children left Thursday evening on the Japan for an extended visit in Wesboro, Mass., with the parents of Mr. Kelliher.

WEST DULUTH SOCIAL.

Miss Dora Schultz has returned from a visit of two months with relatives and friends at her old home in Iowa and St. Paul.

Niel Shaw, of Winnipeg, is in West Duluth on a short visit to relatives.

Mrs. C. Murphy and family, of Grand Marais, is visiting with relatives in West Duluth.

Mrs. M. Veiau, of Fifty-eighth avenue west, has returned from New Brunswick, where she has been visiting with her parents.

N. C. Kingsbury is in St. Paul.

The entertainment committee of the Westminster Presbyterian Sunday school has abandoned the idea of giving the "Deestrict Skule" entertainment.

The West Duluth court of the Independent Order of Foresters will join with the Duluth court in giving an excursion to Port Arthur June 20.

Miss Cora O. Gates and Marshall C. Murray were married Tuesday afternoon by Rev. Dr. Forbes at the parsonage of Asbury M. E. church. The wedding was a quiet one, only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties being present. They will begin housekeeping over Murray Bros.' store on Central avenue.

West Duluth court, No. 797, Independent Order of Foresters, will give a social and ball on June 14 at Gilley's hall.

Miss Nannie Shook, of St. Paul, is visiting at the home of Mrs. A. Bagley in West Duluth.

The Ladies' Aid society of Asbury M. E. church met at 2:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Joseph Cochrane.

The ladies of Ellen Toucey lodge, No. 31, of West Duluth, attended a farewell reception tendered to Mrs. Ellen Toucey at her home, 424 West Second street, Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Toucey is about to leave for California.

The preliminary contest for the Demorest gold medal which was to have taken place in Westminster Presbyterian church last Monday under the auspices of the Women's Christian Temperance union, has been postponed until next Monday night.

The operetta, "Snow White," that will be given June 9 at Great Eastern hall by the young people of St. James' church, assisted by some of the best talent of the city, is attracting a large amount of attention and will be a delightful entertainment.

HAS A BRIGHT FUTURE.

Capt. Cohoe Pleased With Rainy Lake Country.

J. G. Cohoe, mine examiner for the Consolidated Iron mines, has returned from a two-months' sojourn in the Rainy Lake and Seine River gold fields, during which time he made a careful examination of the country and inspected a number of the best known properties. His skill as a miner gained him admission to a number of shafts usually denied to outsiders, and he was afforded every opportunity for arriving at a thorough understanding of the mineral deposits of the region as far as they are known.

Capt. Cohoe, while not expressing himself with the enthusiasm shown by novices who are attacked with the gold fever that prevails in that region, is satisfied that the gold mining industry in the country has a bright future and that some splendid mines are certain to be developed there.

IT WAS COLDER THEN.

E. R. Jefferson Tells of a June Some Years Ago.

In the days gone by, during that period of Duluth's history referred to for the purpose of reminiscence, as fish eating days, there was no weather bureau here. The people then depended largely upon the wisdom of local prophets for their forecasts, among the most credited of whom was E. R. Jefferson, now alderman from the Third ward. At that time he was the lighthouse keeper and what little time he had left after trimming the lamps and lighting them he devoted to taking weather observations. Like many other weather prophets his forecasts were not always reliable, but they were probably almost as nearly so as are those of the present day, made with the assistance of scientific apparatus. But as Mr. Jefferson made the weather something of a specialty his evidence of what was experienced during his administration of affairs at the canal pier lighthouse must be accepted as the best. In discussing this always timely topic with an Evening Herald reporter, he said last night that the cold snap that has ushered in the month of June this year is not unprecedented. In fact it is mild compared with that of former years. On the night of June 5, sixteen or seventeen years ago, Mr. Jefferson said, a cold wave swept over Lake Superior and formed a field of ice as far as the eye could see, clear and solid and two inches thick. This, all will admit, beats anything in the cold wave line that 1897 has yet been able to produce.

A Farewell Social.

Rev. H. A. Lundin, the pastor of the Nineteenth Avenue West Baptist church, has received a three-months' summer vacation, during which time he will visit his old home in Sweden. He will leave next week. Because of this, a meeting will be held tonight at the church which promises to be interesting. A musical and literary program will be rendered. Rev. Mr. Hasselblad will deliver a ten-minutes' address on "The Church Work from a Financial Standpoint," and Rev. Mr. Linden on "Good Wishes to Brother Lundin and the Church." Refreshments will be served.

SLEEP FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES

And rest for tired mothers in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.

CUTICURA REMEDIES afford instant relief, and point to a speedy cure of torturing, disfiguring, humiliating, itching, burning, bleeding, crusted, scaly skin and scalp humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.

"How to Cure Skin-Tortured Babies," free.

SKIN SCALP and Hair Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

Merit Talks

"Merit talks" the intrinsic value of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Merit in medicine means the power to cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses actual and unequalled curative power and therefore it has true merit. When you buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, and take it according to directions, to purify your blood, or cure any of the many blood diseases, you are morally certain to receive benefit. The power to cure is there. You are not trying an experiment. It will make your blood pure, rich and nourishing, and thus drive out the germs of disease, strengthen the nerves and build up the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best, in fact—the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills Do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

CHURCHES

Rev. C. H. Patton Will Begin Series of Discourses on "American Prophets."

Rev. G. H. Humason Will Talk on "The Bicycle" Tomorrow Evening.

Services and Subjects of Sermons at Other Churches of the City.

Services at Pilgrim Congregational church will be: Preaching, 10:30 a. m.; Bible school, 12 m.; Christian Endeavor, 7 p. m.; preaching, 8 p. m. Rev. C. H. Patton will preach morning and evening. Morning subject, "The Kingdom of Power." In the evening he will preach upon "Jonathan Edwards, His Life, Times and Teachings." This will be the first in a course of evening discourses on "American Prophets." The other great American religious thinkers whom he will discuss on future Sundays are Channing, Bushnell, Beecher, Brooks. In the morning the choir will be supplemented by Mrs. Thornton and Mr. Maynard, in addition to Mrs. McAuliffe, Miss Moody, Mr. Mandelert and Mr. McGregor. The music will be as follows:

"I Trust in Thee" .....Wagner
Trio—"O Father Mighty" .....Nichols
"Nearer, My God, to Thee"..Schnecker
"He that Soweth Little" .....Shepperd

* * *

Dr. Humason will preach at 10:30 tomorrow morning in the First M. E. church on "The Springtime." In the evening at 8 o'clock he will deliver a discourse on "The Bicycle." There will be new music in the services. The usual lecture at 9:30 a. m. by R. R. Briggs. Sabbath school at 12 m., Junior league at 3:30 p. m., Epworth league at 6:45 p. m. A consecration service will be led by Miss Maud Southwell.

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At the Unitarian church, corner of Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. F. C. Southworth will preach at 10:45 a. m. on "The Jew and the Christian." Sunday school at 12 m.

* * *

At Morley Congregational church there will be the usual service at 10:45 tomorrow morning. Rev. W. W. Newell will preach. Miss Smallwood will sing.

* * *

At the First Presbyterian church tomorrow the pastor, Rev. T. H. Cleland, will preach both morning and evening. Evening subject, "The Basis of an Earnest Life."

* * *

At St. Paul's Episcopal church services will be as follows tomorrow: Holy communion at 8 a. m., Sunday school at 10 a. m., communion service and sermon at 7:30 p. m. Rev. A. W. Ryan will preach both morning and evening.

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At the First Baptist church, 1026 East Second street, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Rev. W. H. Skemp will preach both morning and evening.

* * *

At the Bethel tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. Rev. George Shorter, the evangelist, will preach. Sunday school at 3 p. m., Junior Endeavor at 4 p. m., Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m. In the evening at 7:45 o'clock Rev. C. C. Salter will preach upon "Fear of Trust."

* * *

Rev. Wilson Aull will preach at the Glen Avon church tomorrow morning at 10:45. The topic of the discourse will be "The Retributive Power of Memory." Bible school at noon. Junior Endeavor at 4 o'clock, Endeavor prayer meeting at 7:30.

* * *

At the Nineteenth avenue west Baptist church services tomorrow will be as follows: In the morning at 9:3 o'clock, Sunday school teachers' meeting; at 10:30, sermon by the pastor; at 12 m., Sunday school. At 3:30 o'clock in the afernoon a union meeting of the Young People's societies of the Swedish Baptist churches of the head of the lake will take place. The evening service will be at 8 o'clock. Baptism after evening sermon and also the Lord's supper. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. K. A. Lundin, which will be the last until he returns from his summer vacation.

* * *

At the First Christian church there will be preaching by the pastor, Robert Grieve, tomorrow. Topic at 10:30 a. m., "Overcoming Evil," and at 8 p. m. "Zacchaeus." Bible school at 12 m. and Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

At the Second Presbyterian church there will be preaching at 10:45 a. m. by Rev. T. M. Findley on "Increasing Glory of the Path of the Just." The Lord's supper will be administered. In the evening he will preach on "Chaff." Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. and pastor's Bible class at 10 a. m.

* * *

At St. John's English Lutheran church tomorrow Rev. S. W. Kuhns will preach at 10:30 a. m. Vespers with sermon at 8 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m.

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At the Oneota Methodist church on Forty-sixth avenue west Rev. J. W. Heard will preach at 11 a. m. and Rev. R. H. Craig at 8 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Epworth league at 7 p. m. Leader, John Morgan.

* * *

At Grace Methodist church, corner of Twenty-second avenue west and Third street, Rev. J. D. Newcomb will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 12.

* * *

At Plymouth Congregational church in West Duluth Rev. W. W. Newell will preach tomorrow evening at 7:45 on "Our God of Hope."

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At Hazelwood Presbyterian church there will be preaching tomorrow at 3 p. m. by Rev. T. M. Findley. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

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At Highland Presbyterian church tomorrow John Wilson will conduct services at 3 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

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Rev. R. H. Craig will preach in the Lester Park Methodist church tomorrow morning at 10:45 o'clock.

* * *

At the House of Hope Presbyterian church in New Duluth Rev. F. E. Higgins will preach tomorrow morning and evening. The evening topic will be "Young Men's Trials."

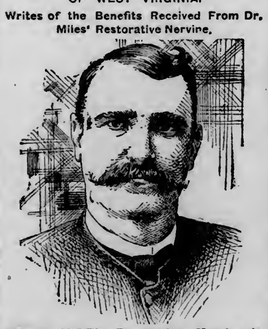
* * *

First Church of Christ, Scientist, hall on fifth floor Masonic Temple. Services at 11 o'clock a. m. Subject, "Warning Against the Unruly Tongue." All are invited.

Rev. W. M. Slaughter,

OF WEST VIRGINIA.

Writes of the Benefits Received From Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.



DR. MILES' Restorative Nervine is particularly adapted to the restoration of health broken down by hard mental work. Rev. W. M. Slaughter of New Haven, W. Va., writes: "I suffered with extreme nervousness, dizziness, dull and nervous headaches and sleeplessness. My heart came to troubling me, I was short of breath from the least exertion, and suffered much pain in my left side. Medicine and physicians gave me no relief. I procured Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, New Heart Cure and Nerve and Liver Pills, and I am sure no words of commendation as to the results can be too strong. I sleep well, the dizziness and confused feeling have disappeared, my heart troubles me no more and I feel perfectly well."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

REV. HENRY G. PERRY, LL. D.

Derives Immediate, Lasting Benefit From Paine's Celery Compound.

Few professional men have had the varied, helpful, successful career of Rev. Henry G. Perry, of Chicago.

A native of Philadelphia, he became an honor man of Kenyon college; was admitted to the Ohio bar and licensed by the supreme court of Illinois; served as United States chaplain under Gen. Davidson in the civil war. He edited the Pacific Churchman in San Francisco and became rector of Trinity church in that city, and in 1870 took charge of St. Paul's, now the pro-cathedral of Springfield, Ill. Dr. Perry is now the second senior priest in city residence in Chicago. He writes the following letter:

Chicago, Ill., April 7, 1897.
Messrs. Wells, Richardson & Co.:

Dear Sirs: Having suffered severely from the grippe during the winter, last month I began taking Paine's celery compound, at the urgent instance of a friend who recommended it very highly. I soon felt its beneficial effects, and deem it a speedy and excellent remedy in such cases; so much so that I freely send you this indorsement, and commend its use to all similar sufferers. It is a boon to the sick. Truly yours, HENRY G. PERRY.

Paine's celery compound can be trusted to make one well. The enthusiastic accounts from near friends and relatives whom it has cured of kidney and liver troubles or a general "run-down" state of health give assurance to thousands of the marvelous power of this greatest of remedies.

A thorough building up of the disordered nervous system follows the use of Paine's celery compound. It dispels harmful humors from the blood, and increases its volume and at the same time its nourishing capacity. The power of Paine's celery compound over dyspepsia, skin diseases, headaches, kidney derangements and other disorders, is unquestioned by the most competent authorities.

Don't suffer from head aches, despondent spells, melancholia or any form of depression that comes from indigestion or liver disorder. Trust Paine's celery compound. You will not be the first person, nor the second, nor the hundredth, nor the thousandth it has permanently and speedily cured of the same trouble.

The nervous system when deranged is like a clock without a balance wheel that goes too fast and strikes every few minutes. The nerves need to be regulated or they quickly "run down" just as a clock would do. The regular, unhurried tic-tic-tic of the heart means that it is working in a healthy manner. Palpitation and throbbing point to a dangerous lack of nerve force, that sooner or later will lead to fatal heart failure.

At the first indication of deficient nerve force, be it heart trouble or nervousness, Paine's celery compound should be used to supply the needed vigor, build up the waning vitality, drive out disease and guard against future mischief.

Concert at Turner Hall
Monday Evening, June 7, 1897.
—BY—
Herr Carl Riedelsberger, Violin Virtuoso.
—AND—
Mr. Gerard Tonning, Pianist.
ASSISTED BY
MISS ANNA FARREL.....Soprano
MISS ELIZABETH SPENCER....Soprano
MISS JUSTINE SHANNON....Contralto
The Temple Ladies' Quartet.
The Riedelsberger String Quartet.
In a program of original compositions by Mr. Gerard Tonning. Admission—Reserved Seats, 75c, general admission 50c. Tickets at Conu's and Porter's, where seats may be reserved.

LYCEUM THEATER,
L. N SCOTT, Manager.
TUESDAY, JUNE 8.
Gibson's Pictures .....of People
Appropriately Staged—Beautiful Costumes—Comic Situations—For the
BENEFIT of the WOMEN'S HOSPITAL and CHILDREN'S HOME.
A Company of 60 people. Box office open at 9 a. m. Saturday (or Monday) morning for reserved seats. Popular Prices—25c, 50c, 75c. Curtain rises at 8:15. Carriages may be called at 10.

Francis E. Woodward, Baritone, Emily Ellis Woodward, Soprano, OF BOSTON, MASS.
Have opened a
SCHOOL OF MUSIC
In the rooms formerly occupied by Prof. Baker, Mesaba block, Duluth.
SBRIGLIA METHOD OF VOICE PRODUCTION.
The Sbriglia school has for its exponents the greatest living artists; viz.: Jean and Edouard de Reske, Plancon Dome, Mme. Nordica, Sanderson. Address them or Duluth for voice or piano, call at Mesaba block. Voices examined free.

Imported Hand-Made English Lace
Mrs. R. W. Wright, formerly located on Tower avenue, West Superior, has removed to 1820 Belknap street, near Spicer-Fanning's dry goods store, and has a large assortment of Imported Hand Made English Lace, which will be sold at a discount of 20 per cent from now until July 1. At home all day Tuesdays and Thursdays and Saturday mornings.

PERSONALS.

J. W. Norton has gone to St. Louis, and will be away three or four weeks.

Rev. George T. Newcomb, the new pastor of Grace M. E. church, arrived in the city this afternoon and will occupy the pulpit in that church tomorrow.

J. Pigott, a lumber buyer from Chatham, Ont., is at the St. Louis.

F. E. McConnell, of St. Paul, is registered at the Spalding.

William L. Seelye, of Ottawa, Ill., is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

F. M. Fraser, of St. Paul, is at the St. Louis.

James Johnson, of New Richmond, Wis., a leading lumber buyer, is among the guests at the St. Louis.

George S. Meek, wife and child, of Portland, Ore., are at the St. Louis. They are on their way home from an Eastern trip.

C. E. Swan and A. E. Macartney, of St. Paul, are registered at the Spalding.

Joseph L. Willford arrived in the city from Minneapolis today and registered at the Spalding.

A. E. Dickinson, the Ashland brownstone quarryman, is a guest at the St. Louis.

George A. St. Clair is up from Minneapolis today, a guest at the St. Louis.

E. L. Aylesworth is in the city from Chippewa Falls, registered at the St. Louis.

E. F. Read, of Buffalo, is among today's arrivals at the Spalding.

C. H. Prescott, Jr., of Cleveland, Ohio, is at the Spalding.

W. H. Yawkey came up from Detroit today and registered at the St. Louis.

W. R. Miller, a well known St. Paul contractor, is among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

C. M. Ross, of Bessemer, Mich., is in the city en route for the Mesaba range. He is at the St. Louis.

Mrs. George A. French, who has been away on a visit of several weeks, has returned.

Mrs. W. W. Schiffman was called to St. Paul this afternoon by a telegram announcing the serious illness of her mother.

Maj. Sears went to Ashland yesterday to inspect government work. He returned today.

THE VETERANS' CASE.

Will Be Taken Up in Court Next Friday.

The "honorably discharged Union veterans," who have appealed to the district court for aid because the city refused to give them public positions will have a hearing next week. The mandamus cases of J. D. Holmes, who would like to be assistant city attorney, and Dr. S. C. Maxwell, who would like to be appointed health officer against the council and the men who occupy the coveted positions were placed upon the district court calendar this morning and assigned for hearing next Friday. They assert their claims to the jobs above mentioned under the statute which provides that where honorably discharged Union veterans are applicants they shall be given the preference, other things being equal.

Another Large Audience.

The physical culture exhibition delighted another large crowd at the High School Assembly hall last night. It is said by those who have had opportunities for comparisons that the exhibition is not only the finest ever seen in Duluth, but that it is head and shoulders above anything observed in any other city. The parents who saw their children participate in the graceful exercises were greatly pleased to think that they were having a training that will give them graceful carriages. The old systems tended to allow the children to learn to carry themselves in their own way, and in consequence a great many people nowadays carry themselves like ducks or playful hippopotami.

Paper Company's Assets.

Hans Christensen, asignee for the Duluth Paper company, yesterday filed a report in the clerk's office. It shows that he has received up to date $18,-238.87, that his expenses have been $14,-691.65, and that the net proceeds are $14,691.65. All the property has been converted into cash, except the accounts, which are of the face value of $15,657.72, but which the assignee estimates at $700. He asks the court to limit the time within which releases may be filed and that a dividend be made at the expiration of that time.

Gun Club Shoot.

The Central Gun club held its postponed shoot yesterday afternoon, shooting four events, two of ten birds and one each of five pairs and twenty-five birds. The latter event was for the Nelson medal, and Brooks and Nelson tied, each breaking eighteen birds. They will shoot off the tie next week. In the first 10-bird event Brooks and Nelson each made nine, and in the second Nelson made nine. In the event of five pairs Brooks made eight birds.

Y. M. C. A. Bicycle Races.

The Y. M. C. A. Bicycle club met last night to consider matters relating to the bicycle races to be held by the club June 19. The committee appointed at a previous meeting reported that the fair grounds had been secured for that date, and Messrs. Driver, Kemp and Moore were appointed to the management of the races. This committee will report at a meeting of the club to be held next Friday night. Entries must be in by 8 p. m. June 17. There will be a list of nice prizes.

May Weather.

The average temperature during the month of May was 48 degrees. The highest was 87 degrees on the 17th and the lowest 32 degrees on the 1st. Prevailing winds were northeast, the highest velocity attained was 36 miles on the 18th and the total movement was 6747 miles. Rainfall was rather light the total being 1.63 inches. There were 10 partly clear days, 12 partly cloudy and 9 cloudy.

Owing to the late spring, we have reduced hats to half price at Humes'.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Gibson pictures at the Lyceum next Tuesday.

Tickets for Riedelsberger-Tonning must be reserved at Coon's and Porter's.

Ladies' Knox sailor hats at Big Duluth.

The plumbers have issued a challenge to the cigarmakers to play a game of baseball sometime between now and July 4 for $50 a side.

A concert for the benefit of the Norwegian Danish M. E. church will be given at the Bethel, Friday evening, June 18, by the pupils of George Louis Tyler, assisted by Gerard Tonning, pianist, and A. Hoelscher, flute soloist. Those who will take part are Miss Satie McNeil, Miss Mae Kennedy, Miss Flora Louden, Miss Anna Farrell, Miss May Spicer, Messrs. R. H. Cox, Frank Salter, J. E. Foran, G. H. Winsor, H. L. Linton.

The police department has received from the St. Paul police department the photographs of seventy-five criminals for the rogues' gallery.

A baseball game will be played at Zenith Park, Sunday, June 13, between the Bachelors and Benedicts for the benefit of a sick man, a friend of the players. J. Cargill will pitch and B. Campbell catch for the Benedicts. Charles Lynch will pitch and Doc French catch for the Bachelors. N. H. Wilson will play left handed at center field for the Benedicts.

A special train for the accommodation of Duluth & Iron Range railroad conductors who wish to attend the regular semi-monthly meeting of the Order of Railway Conductors will arrive in the city from Two Harbors at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

City Attorney Richards has been asked to render an opinion on the claim of Hartman & Patterson, amounting to about $500, for commission for handling city orders. The claim has been held up by the council committee on claims and accounts.

Duluth's best cleaner is Kelly.

The Duluth Dredge and Dock company's dredge arrived from Grand Marais this morning. It has completed its contract at that place. This company has one of the best dredges at the head of the lakes.

A new counter, made in banking style, is being put in room 6 of the United States land office. It will be the receiver's office, and hereafter the room now occupied by Receiver Ryan will be the private office of that official.

William Gray, who was arrested for allowing a dead horse to lie in a vacant lot near Sixty-sixth avenue west and Highland street, in West Duluth, was fined $1 and costs by Judge Boyle this morning. The fine was made light on the representation of the health department that Gray had disposed of the body according to instructions.

The Scandinavian Workingmen's society will have a picnic at Zenith Park on Thursday, June 24.

Mrs. C. E. Lovett gave a reception this afternoon in honor of Miss Anna Noble.

CAN BUY ORE CHEAPER.

Lessers of Sellers Mine Make That Claim.

Work on the Sellers' mine on the Mesaba range is still at a standstill. The pumps are kept in motion, to prevent the mine from being filled with water, but the lessees of the property, Pittsburg furnace men, claim that they can purchase ore cheaper than they can mine it and that consequently it is good business policy to permit the Sellers to remain idle. In the meantime they are negotiating with the fee owners of the property with a view to securing a reduction in royalties. Their claim that ore can be bought for their furnace cheaper than it can be mined in the Sellers is discredited by iron ore men, but it may prove an effective argument with the fee owners in favor of a reduction of royalty.

STILL IN THE LEAD.

E. H. Spalding Likely to Be the Board's Choice.

Aside from the matter of the confirmation of the city engineer, who will be selected by the board of public works Monday, the council will probably have but little important business before it Monday evening. It is still thought that E. H. Spalding will be the next selection of the board for city engineer.

It is said that the vote on the ordinance reducing the license fee for pawnbrokers from $250 to $100, which was defeated last Monday, will be reconsidered and the measure passed. A resolution will probably be introduced, also, authorizing a pro rata refund on hack and dray license fees paid for the present year, to make the change conform to the new rates.

It Costs you nothing to listen to the CITY BAND at the.....PAVILION Tomorrow afternoon and evening. Take the Incline.

Claims the Furniture.

Jerry Congdon and Patrick White were before Judge Boyle this morning on the charge of petit larceny. The complainant is Florence Schiebe, who claims the defendants appropriated a table and seven stools belonging to her to their own use. They pleaded not guilty and their trial was set for Monday, they being released on their own recognizance.

Millinery at half price. Call early for best selections. Humes', over Suffel's.

ONE BARREL OF THIS FLOUR

WILL MAKE MORE THAN 300 LOAVES OF THE BEST BREAD YOU EVER ATE.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

AS A TEST

Two Cases Intended to Settle a Mooted Question Brought Up Today.

Involves Right of Appeal From Ely and Virginia Municipal Courts.

Hearing Set For Next Saturday---Appeal to Supreme Court Is Likely.

Two test cases came up in special term this morning, the purpose of each of them being to determine whether or not there is any authority for appeals from the municipal courts of Ely and Virginia to the district court of this county. As the question is of considerable importance, and as it is in a measure undecided, it was thought better to put the hearing off until next Saturday afternoon, when the arguments will be heard by the three judges and a decision rendered by them. Whatever this decision is an appeal will be taken to the supreme court, so that the question may be finally settled.

The cases are mandamus proceedings. In the case of the state of Minnesota ex rel. Robert Whiteside against the municipal court of Ely and W. J. Cowling, judge, the relator states that on May 25 a judgment was rendered against him in the Ely court for $170.42. He desired to appeal, but the justice refused to allow him to do so, stating that the law made no provision for such an appeal. The relator, therefore, asked for a writ of mandamus ordering the respondent to certify a transcript of the case to the district court.

The Virginia case is that of the state ex rel. A. J. Shea et al against C. E. Nelson, the municipal judge of Ely, and it raises the same question. In this case the judge refused to allow an appeal until the relators had paid the costs in that court. Alternative writs were issued in both cases, returnable today, and when the matter came up this morning, it was put over until next Saturday. Recently the court dismissed an appeal from the Virginia court on the ground that it had no jurisdiction, but the matter was not argued at any great length. It will be fully reviewed next Saturday by the district court, and later by the supreme court.

Jaques & Hudson are the attorneys in the Virginia case, and L. H. Corcoran and S. F. White in the Ely cases.

Charming Dancing Party.

A charming informal hop was given last evening in the Kalamazoo block by the G. G. G. club. A number of the younger society girls form this club, and as entertainers show good taste. The floor was neatly arranged, and Hoare's orchestra furnished music for sixteen regular numbers and a few extras. All present pronounced it a lovely affair. Among those present were: Misses Rowley, Wigdahl, Budd, Mann, Mary Scott, Payne, Bessie Joy, Marian McMillan, Olive Kemp, Caro Spears, Miclaud, Haines, Marinette Slocum, Mrs. Scott and Mrs. Cash, and Messrs. Haines, John Scott, Davis, Goggie, Applehagen, Horton, Messenger, Preston, Raymond, Driesbach, Letteau, H. Benson.

Enters the Field.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railroad company has formed a traffic arrangement with the Northern Michigan Transportation company, and has entered the field for business between Duluth and Milwaukee and Chicago. It is claimed that by this arrangement freight from Chicago can be laid down in Duluth sixty hours quicker than by the boat line, while the schedule of rates established is the same as that now in force on the all-lake line.

Special Notice to Ladies.

Madam Ranney, of Minneapolis, invites the ladies of Duluth and Superior to a reception for free facial treatment June 7 and 8; also a parlor talk upon health and beauty Tuesday at 3 p. m. at Mrs. McKiel's parlors, 202 Lowell block.

ATTRACTING ATTENTION.

Many Duluth Men Are Agents For the Cameron Machine.

A number of well known Duluth men will shortly leave the city to open offices in various parts of the country to represent the Cameron Fabric Turfing machine.

The wonderful simplicity and capacity of this machine for making rugs, fancy work and everything which the sewing machine cannot make, seems bound to lift it among the notable inventions of the century.

The fact that many Duluth men are taking hold of it, and others backing competent agents, is proof positive that this latest industry to Duluth's commerce is a success of the first order.

The Herald is authorized to hereby extend an invitation to its readers to call at the company's office, in the Exchange building, and see this marvelous machine operated and the beautiful work it does.

Modern Samaritans.

The charter council of the Modern Samaritans of Duluth will be instituted at the Kalamazoo block on Tuesday evening, June 15.

Duluth Citizens!

Can always secure lowest round trip rates at the Eastern Minnesota city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

Detroit and return, June 5, 6 and 7	18 75
San Francisco, June 29, July 3..	29 00
Milwaukee and return, July 3, 4 and 5	13 30
St. Paul-Minneapolis and return, July 5 and 6	4 30
Nashville and return (daily)	43 30

LOOKING OVER THE PIONEER.

Minnesota Iron Company Stockholders View That Property.

The Minnesota Iron company stockholders' special train ran over to Virginia this morning on the Mesaba branch of the Duluth & Iron Range road, and most of the day was spent in looking over the company's property on that range. The party will probably arrive in Two Harbors tomorrow morning and will reach Duluth some time during the day.

The Pioneer mine at Ely was, perhaps, the most interesting property visited by the stockholders yesterday because of its contemplated purchase. A couple of months ago the option on a large block of Pioneer stck was secured, which is said to be sufficient to give the Minnesota Iron company control of it, together with what it is already able to control. This option expires July 1 and whether the sale will be finally consummated before that time will depend on the decision of the men who visited the property and who will have the authority to take official action upon it at the meeting to be held in this city on Monday. The option price of the block of stock to be purchased is said to be $25 a share, which fixes the value of the property at $1,000,000. 400,000 shares of stock having been issued. The Pioneer now shows the largest body of high grade ore of any mine in the country and, perhaps, in the world. It adjoins the Minnesota Iron company's famous Chandler mine and can be mined to greater advantage by the Minnesota Iron company than by an independent corporation. The mine was shut for several weeks this spring, but was started up again with a full force a short time ago, so that the stockholders were enabled to see it in operation.

When the option above referred to was sold it was reported that it was secured for the Illinois Steel company, which is closely associated with the Minnesota Iron company. This rumor was undoubtedly due to the fact that the leading spirits of the two corporations are the same. It is now quite well established that the option was taken by representatives of the Minnesota Iron company and that the limit was fixed at July 1 in order to permit of action to be taken upon it in a regular way at the annual meeting of the stockholders. Should the directors decide to purchase the property there will be ample time to arrange for the final details of the trade between next Monday and July 1, the date on which the option expires.

EXCURSIONS TO TWO HARBORS

SUNDAY, JUNE 6.

Stmr. H. R. Dixon

Will leave Booth's Dock at 10 a. m. and

Stmr. Hunter at 2 p. m. Returning

leave Two Harbors 5 p. m.

FARE 50c ROUND TRIP.

WHEAT THIEVES AGAIN.

Railroad People Are Finding Them Troublesome.

Wheat thieves are troubling the railroad people again. The Eastern Minnesota Railway company has addressed a letter to the police department saying that the company's cars are being plundered at Rice's Point and asking that an example be made of some of the offenders in order to check the depredations. F. Dyikeoski, John Nelson and John Lynch were arrested yesterday by Officer Ryan for stealing wheat from Eastern Minnesota cars. They all pleaded guilty before Judge Boyle in the afternoon and were let off with suspended sentences.

The Board of Health.

The board of health held a meeting this morning and allowed a few bills and received the monthly reports, in part of the work of the department. The mortuary report is not yet completed. There were not to exceed twenty typhoid cases reported during the month, according to Secretary Hurlbut. There were four diphtheria and five scarlet fever cases.

The reports received were as follows: Inspections—Meat markets, 136; grocery stores, 294; commission houses, 73; cellars, 2075; barns and stables, 257. There were condemned as unfit for food, 40 pounds of meat, 40 pounds of fish and 1275 pounds of fruit and vegetables. There were 463 nuisances abated, 165 complaints received, 165 complaints attended to, 403 cellars ordered cleaned, 1457 notices to clean premises served, and nine houses fumigated and placarded.

A Fond du Lac Quarrel.

Joe Murray, of Fond du Lac, complained to the police this morning that John Chambers, also of Fond du Lac, had threatened to kill him and had shot at his dog. Murray says that the threat to kill him was made Thursday, and that yesterday Chambers appeared and drawing a revolver shot at the dog in the presence of Mrs. Murray, who is in delicate health. Mr. Murray was sent to the county attorney with his troubles.

Wednesday Evening, June 9.

Is the date of the Hoelscher concert at the Armory.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.

IS A LAW

Sundry Civil Bill, Containing Duluth Appropriation, Is Now In Effect.

Work on Improvement of the Harbors Will Soon Be Under Way.

Division Made By Capt. Barker and Williams, Green & Williams.

The sundry civil bill, containing an appropriation of $437,500 for the improvement of Duluth and Superior harbors, which has passed both houses of congress, was signed by the president yesterday, and is now a law. This means that work on the improvement of the harbors under the continuous contract project will be actively prosecuted this summer.

Maj. Sears cannot say as yet how he will lay out the work. He is not supposed to act until he has received official notice from Washington that the measure is a law. He has already outlined a plan for the conduct of the work, and has forwarded it to Washington to the chief of engineers for approval. This he will undoubtedly hear from within a short time.

As has already been published, Williams, Green & Williams have put one dredge at work. They will undoubtedly have their full force of dredges at work within a week or ten days more. As to Capt. Barker's plans, not so much is known. He has three dredges now at work elsewhere, two at Houghton and one at Ashland, and in consequence of this will probably not have more than three or four at work here until later in the sason, possibly not until next year. Capt. Barker and Williams, Green & Williams, as is well known, each secured an undivided half of the big contract. Between them they have agreed on a division of the work. Capt. Barker doing the work on the Superior side and Williams, Green & Williams the work on the Duluth side. The latter get a slightly larger part of the contract than Capt. Barker, but in the event it will even itself up to about an equal thing because some of the work taken by the Duluth firm is the least desirable portion, for the deepening of the Duluth basin. The work there is more of the "skimming" kind, the dipper not being sure to bring up a full load each time. Dredging is most profitable when the dipper can be filled each time in the quickest possible time.

The contractors will probably need no official notification to go at the work. They are already aware of the passage of the bill and know that they must get at work. Maj. Sears is not likely to push them very hard this year, as the contract, when let, did not contemplate the beginning of work much before May 1, 1898. This year, however, they will have to go at it in earnest and take out the required 5,000,000 yards, or about one-quarter of the whole. In the prosecution of this work a large force of men will be employed. Each dredge requires from sixteen to eighteen men to operate, and besides these the government engineer's force will be considerably increased.

DOUBLE CORNER $3000

Two lots, corner, upper side of West Superior street, Second Division.

Only $1500 apiece.

Geo. R. LAYBOURN, 14 Phoenix Block

OF INTEREST TO VOCALISTS.

"POSITION AND ACTION" IN SINGING.

Edmund J. Myer, the eminent vocal teacher of New York, and author of "Truths of Importance to Vocalists," "The Voice from a Practical Standpoint," "Vocal Reinforcement," etc., has recently published a small volume, which condenses his previous orks, besides many new "ideas' which suggested themselves from his vast experience with pupils since then. The book contains a solution of automatic (artistic) breath-control, and the latter part is of practical benefit, being devices to cultivate the tone. The work is of inestimable value to beginners and advanced students as well, and is selling enormously in the East. Those interested are invited to call and examine the book at Smith & Smith's drug store, No. 101 West Superior street, where it will be on sale.

The only Fun in town. Two Grand Concerts TOMORROW AFTERNOON AND EVENING at the PAVILION by the City Band. Admission Free.

CHEAP EXCURSION RATES

To Detroit, Mich., and return, via the Wisconsin Central lines, June 5, 6 and 7, the Wisconsin Central lines will sell tickets to Detroit, Mich., at one fare for the round trip, with final limit June 13. For tickets, berths and further information, call at office, No. 423 West Superior street. A. W. KUEHNOW, Pass. Agent.

WILL THIS DO?

Only one fare for the round trip to Detroit, Mich., via "The Northwestern Line," (Omaha railway). Tickets on sale June 5 to 7. If you are going down that way, better drop in and see us at No. 405 West Superior street.

The Musical Soiree

Has been postponed until next Wednesday evening, June 9.

Duluth Steam Carpet Cleaning Works,

F. S. KELLY, Prop. Telephone 591. All work guaranteed.

Office 524 West Superior Street.

Carpets

Taken up, cleaned, laid and made over at moderate prices.

Furnish Electric Current For Light and Power.

COMMERCIAL LIGHT and POWER Co.

Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.

OFFICES—Rooms 4-5-6. 210 W. Sup. St. Duluth.

L. MENDENHALL. Established 1870. T. W. HOOPES.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

COMPANY C'S BANQUET.

Officers and Men Feasted at the Spalding Last Night.

Company C and its guests feasted and toasted at the Spalding last evening in celebration of the record made by the command at the last inspection, when it carried off the palm by getting the highest markings of any company in the Third regiment and took rank, on the score of markings, as the third in the brigade.

The discussion of the menu began at 9:30 o'clock. The tables were loaded with choice viands in the preparation of which all the resources of the culinary art had been exhausted. It is unnecessary to say that the carnage was great. After the engagement, the command fell back in its chairs and partook of the feast of eloquence and wit provided in the responses to the toasts. This part of the program was opened by the toastmaster, Sergt. A. L. Kenkle with a brief adress, after which Mayor Truelsen was introduced, the mayor responding to the toast "Our City." The speaker expressed the pride and pleasure he felt in being called on to respond to such a toast, Duluth being first and foremost in his heart, he said, as well as the hearts of all her citizens. He had seen, in his twenty-eight years of residence, the city grow from an infant to a giant, fully justifying all the predictions of its glorious future that had been made. The mayor enumerated the splendid institutions of which the city is proud, not least among which he ranked the National Guard, and especially Company C. He congratulated the company on its achievements and expressed the belief that it will be found fully equal to any occasion that may arise in the future.

Capt. Resche, C's commandant, followed in response to the toast, "The company." His speech was brief, the captain explaining that he was more at home in the field in command of the company than in speechmaking. He expressed his pride in his command, paid a tribute to the loyalty of its members and uttered his conviction that after next year's inspection C will be found at the head of the brigade.

Sergt. Charles Josten responded to the toast, "The National Guard." He spoke of the trust reposed in the Guard by the nation, and, in conclusion, proposed a health to the Guard, which was heartily responded to.

In response to the toast "The Rear Rank," Private C. L. O. Lucken pointed to the private as the cornerstone of the structure. The captain and a few lieutenants and corporals might be spared, but what if the privates should desert?

Chief Black responded to the toast "Our Mayor," in a witty speech.

Other toasts were: "The Ladies," Corp. W. A. Floden; "The Camp," Lieut. R. Little; "As Private Citizen," Corp. J. O. Olson.

A letter of regret because of inability to be present was received from Col. Shandrew. A picture of the capture of Sebastopol copied from a government historical painting in Paris was received from Thomas Dowse. It is a rare work and will be greatly prized by the company.

See the projectoscope at the Pilgrim Congregational church tonight.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS."

"The Twelve Temptations" drew a fairly large audience last evening. It was a top heavy house, the gallery being filled. And it was a wildly enthusiastic, whistling gallery too. The performance was a good one. The spectacle has been seen here several times but has undergone changes and is better than ever. The scenery is excellent and the light effects and costuming are brilliant.

As is usual in such performances the specialties are the features which the audience looks for. The work of the acrobats Rosaire and Elliott took the audience by storm and it certainly was as clever as was ever seen here. Harty, the juggler, was also remarkably good and performed some marvelous feats. Gus Bruno's antics tickled everyone. He is an excellent comedian. Miss Josie Sisson's songs were good and took well. The "Battery Park" song led by Miss Kessner made a decided hit. Miss Carrie Rudolph's song "Over the Bridge" was also good. But the feature which took the house by storm was the boxing match by Rosaire and Elliott, a remarkably humorous conceit.

The ballets were cleverly designed and well put on and the dancing of the premiere's was excellent.

This afternoon the performance is being repeated and tonight it will again be given.

Duncan McEachren Dead.

Capt. Duncan McEachren, of this city, died at Port Arthur yesterday morning. He had been in bad health for some time, but the immediate cause of his death was pneumonia. He has been in Port Arthur for some time negotiating the sale of some property in the Black Bay and Nipigon districts, where he had large interests. Capt. McEachren was 70 years of age. He was born in Kintyre, Scotland, in 1827, and went to sea when only 14 years old and spent many years on the ocean. He had been to every seaport of note in the world. He came to Lake Superior in the early 50s and his stories of his early experiences on the lake would fill a large sized volume. Mrs. McEachren and daughters left Duluth today on the steamer Monarch for Port Arthur where it is expected the burial will take place Sunday.

A Delightful Entertainment.

Edison's wonderful projectoscope at Pilgrim Congregational church tonight. Adults, 25 cents; children, 15 cents.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

Change of Venue Asked in the Merritt vs. Harris Case.

Judge Cant yesterday continued the case of the Phoenix Manufacturing company against George F. Mackenzie to allow the plaintiff to file amended pleadings, after the defendant's motion for judgment had been denied. The next case taken up was that of C. E. Peaslee against the Duluth Heights Land company, to recover $3500 on a note. It was still on when court adjourned and will be taken up Monday. Judge Ensign decided the case of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Trust company against Emma Norris in favor of the trust company.

Monday the case of Alfred and Leonidas Merritt against A. A. Harris & Son will be taken up, the parties having stipulated that the order delaying the trial should be revoked. The defendants yesterday afternoon filed a paper in which they objected to Judge Cant trying the case on the ground that he is prejudiced and biased and that they did not believe they would get a fair trial before him. They asked that one of the other judges be given the case.

The following call of cases for next week has been made:

Monday—86, 65, 71, 73, 78, 82, 83, 93, 98, 99.

Tuesday—101, 102, 104, 107, 108, 109, 117, 118, 121.

Wednesday—122, 123, 126, 128, 130, 134, 135, 136, 138.

Thursday—142, 144, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 155, 156.

Friday—157, 34, 47, 88, 96, 112, 30-31, 113, 158, 48.

The Reason of It.

G. C. Steele, of the firm of Smith, Farwell & Steele, says that an improper idea may be gained by the public of his action in admitting that he runs his elevator without city inspection. He insures his elevator with the Fidelity and casualty company of New York and that company inspects it four times a year. Mr. Steele considers it unjust for him to be asked to pay for inspection by the city also when the chances are that the inspection will be less thorough. He did not care, however, to go to the trouble and expense of testing the ordinance.

Discharged Mr. Lewis.

D. A. Reed today appointed D. Wheeler to have charge of the work on the trenches between Lakewood and Lester river. Mr. eRed, also, notified E. W. Lewis, who has been in charge of the work from Lester river westward that his services were no longer required.

Your Money, Diamonds, Jewelry and Valuable Papers are safe in the Duluth Safety Deposit Vaults

Strictly Burglar and Fire Proof (Diebold's Safe—Yale time lock.) You are cordially invited to call and inspect them, 3 West Superior street. ROBT. B. ESTER, Mgr.

ADVICE GIVEN FREE

All matters treated confidentially.

Benson's Detective Agency. Offices in Exchange Building.

ST. JAMES HOTEL

Cuisine First-Class. Excellent Service. Newly Refitted Throughout.

Special rates to permanent guests. $1.50 per day.

WINDOW BOXES

We have put up some collections—enough to fill an ordinary window box and make it pretty all summer—

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

We fill boxes—crowd them full—at 40c to 50c per foot; this is our ordinary price. Three-foot box, $1.20.

WE KEEP GOOD THINGS.

LINDSAY GREENHOUSES, 52nd ave. east.

Lakeside cars stop at the door.

120 West Superior Street.

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PATENTS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, JAMES T. WATSON.

Patent Lawyers, Solicitors and Experts. Estab'd Washington, D. C. 1851. 407 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn. (Inventors guide book free.)

...STEAM YACHT NAUTILUS...

Will leave Duluth at 8 a. m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, for all points on the North Shore between Duluth and Chicago Bay, landing passengers at all points and stopping for them as they may wish. This gives pleasure seekers and FISHING PARTIES an opportunity to avail themselves of fishing in the streams on the North Shore and a delightful trip on the lake. For further information enquire on board of boat at dock,

FOOT OF SIXTH AVENUE WEST.

TRAFFIC

Two Million Tons of Freight Through the Sault in May.

Decreases in Wheat and Iron Ore, Compared With Last Year.

Coal Shipments Also Declined But Flour Shows a Large Increase.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The report of the traffic through the American and Canadian canals for the month of May has been issued, and show a total of 2,005,452 tons of freight. The east-bound freight amounted to 1,610,755 tons and the west-bound to 394,687 tons. The total is over 460,000 tons less than in May, 1896. The principal decreases are in the eastward shipments of iron ore and wheat and the westward shipments of coal. Iron ore shows a decrease of nearly 400,000 tons as compared with May of last year, and the wheat shipments decreased nearly 2,000,000 bushels. Coarse grain shipments fell off almost 1,000,000 bushels. On the other hand, flour shipments increased 200,000 barrels. There was a decrease of 50,000 tons in the coal traffic.

Following was the east-bound freight during May this year: Copper, 19,147 tons; grain, 2,538,297 bus; flour, 1,079,395 bbls; iron ore, 887,560 tons; lumber, 10,464 M feet; wheat, 9,236,100 bus; unclassified freight, 30,805 tons. The west-bound freight was as follows: Coal, 326,079 tons; manufactured iron, 8,361 tons; salt, 46,335 bbls; unclassified freight, 33,555 tons. There were 579 passengers east-bound and 779 west-bound during the month.

COAL CHARTERS.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Coal is more plentiful this morning. Charters: Ed Smith No. 2, Duluth, 20 cents.

ORE CARGOES.

Cleveland, June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ore cargoes are not quite as numerous as they were yesterday, but there is enough to go around. Coal boats are again very scarce.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Ford, 10:10 last night; Joliet, 6:20 a. m.; Hoilanda, Goshawk, Jenness, 8; City of Duluth, 8:45; Thomson and whalebacks, 10; Arabia, 11. Down: Linden, 12:30 a. m.; Lansing, 2; Yale, 4:30; Maritana, 5; Pathfinder, Sagamore, 8:30; Peerless, 9:20; Venezuela, Crete, 10:40.

Later—Up: German, Saxon, noon; Matoa, Marcia, 12:30 p. m. Down: Gilbert, Burnham, noon.

Up yesterday: Schuylkill, 4 p. m.; Watt, Jenny, 4:40; Keystone, Masten, 6, Ames, Selwyn Eddy, 6:30. Down: Waldo, Roman, 4 p. m.; Cherokee, Chippewa, 5:20; Nielson, Whitworth, 7:30; Maricopa, Martha, 9; Oglebay, Moran, 9:30.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Langell Boys and consort, 2:20 a. m.; Lewiston, 2:40; Richards and consorts, 4; Coralia, 4:30; Berlin, 6:20.

Down yesterday: Pawnee and consorts, noon; Volunteer and raft, 1:15 p. m.; Fulton, Thomas, 4; Christie, Sonsmith, 4:30; Cambria, 5:20; Marquette, 5:40.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Shores, midnight; Desmond and consorts, 12:30 a. m.; Louisiana, 1:10; Portage, 2; Wade, 7:50, Johnson, Helvetia, 8:10; Hope and consort, 9:50; Codorus, Fedora, Bielman, 10:50; Thew and consorts, Benton and consorts, 11.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Cleveland—Cleared: Cadillac, Wade, Antrim, Duluth; Victory, Ashland.

Buffalo—Cleared: Neshoto, Duluth.

Toledo—Cleared: Bielman, Duluth.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Sitka, Yukon, Crescent City, Cleveland; Maritana, Chicago.

Conneaut—Cleared: Nimick, Trevor, Duluth.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Murphy, Hancock; McWilliams, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Rees, Duluth.

Ashland—Arrived: Iosco, Connelly Bros., Oscedo and tow. Cleared: Green, Genoa, Our Son, Yakima.

BOND-BUILT STEAMERS.

A number of the big steel lake steamers were built on bonds—what is known as the 50 per cent plan—and running up to twenty years with interest at 5 per cent per annum says the Detroit Free Press. A few more seasons like the present, and little more than the interest on these bonds can be paid, let alone the principal. The bondholders by the plan are halfowners in each vessel. The owners of the other half have but to pay 2½ per cent interest or $5000 on a $200,000 vessel. Though they are all big carriers it can be seen that they are not equal to much more than this in the present state of the freight market. The bondholders are of course fully insured against all form of loss, so that they stand to lose only on the natural lowering of value through the passing of time and the construction of still larger vessels.

THE BARKENTINE RIG.

It is said of the late Capt. William Cary that he introduced the barkentine rig on the lakes, the vessel carrying it having been the Pathfinder. His first command was the schooner John Porter on Lake Ontario. He at one time owned interests in vessels among them the barkentine Republic and schooner Meridian.

TOOK UP MUCH ROOM.

According to the Buffalo Express the great length of the steamer Andrew Carnegie made navigation up and down Buffalo creek and Blackwell canal very difficult. When she arrived in port she went to the Sturges elevator. Here her stern stuck far out into the Blackwell canal and her bow equally as far out in to the creek. From the Sturges elevator the Carnegie went to the Marine elevator, and it was necessary for the excursion boats at the foot of Main street to move down the creek, so as to allow the big steamer to get there.

MARINE NOTES.

Daly Bros. of Ogdensburg have the contract for removing the rock shoal near Dark Island, St. Lawrence river.

It is reported from Detroit that a few ore charters have been offered by the Rockefeller-Carnegie syndicate at 65 cents from the head of Lake Superior to October 1, with no takers. The contracts required coaling with certain specified dealers.

The steamer C. B. Lockwood has been placed out of commission at Sandusky.

Capt. Golden, of the tug Golden fell into the hatch of one of the car ferries at Peshtigo, sustaining quite severe injuries.

The Anchor liner Mahoning had a narrow escape from serious collision with a tow of McDougall pigs at the Limekiln crossing in Detroit river on Wednesday.

John McGregor, founder of the firm of McGregor & Sons, boiler manufacturers at Detroit, is dead at the age of 78 years. Deceased had been a resident of Detroit since 1848.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—City of Bangor, Colgate Hoyt, 104, Samuel Mitchell, Harper, Tyrone, Crrt, Russell, Ericsson, Hoiley, Bessemer, Nasmyth, Lake Erie, light for ore; Northern Queen, Buffalo, light for flour; Monarch, Sarnia, pass and mdse; Cormorant, for repairs to engine; Argo, Queen City, Sauber, Lake Erie, coal; Monteagle, Buffalo, light for grain; Oscoda, Corning, King, Buffalo, salt.

Departed—Mohegan, Mingoe, Siberia, City of Bangor, Mitchell, Hoyt, 104, Onoko, Harper, Tyrone, Lake Erie, ore; Avon, Nicol, North Wind, Buffalo, flour; Gilchrist, Alcona, Alta, Charles Eddy, Hutchinson, Two Harbors, light.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Queenstown—Arrived: Umbria, from New York, for Liverpool.

New York—Arrived: Paris, from Southampton.

Hamburg—Arrived: Furst Bismarck, from New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

THE COUNTY BOARD.

Virginia's Request For Road Building Sidetracked.

At yesterday afternoon's meeting of the county board the citizens of Virginia petitioned for an extension of the Miller Trunk road from Virginia seventeen and a half miles north to join the Tower and Itasca road. County Surveyor Nichols estimated the cost at $18,000. Mayor Scott of Virginia and O. D. Kinney offered to insure that the orders for the work would be taken up at par. Commissioner Dinham objected to spending so much money on roads while the poorhouse was in its present condition. Commissioner Williams thought that there was a difference, because there were bonds for the road and none for the poorhouse. Acting County Attorney Phelps thought that the proposed extension was a "fake" to get people work at the county's expense. The matter went over until today.

Mr. Phelps was asked in what shape the litigation over the county's deposits in dead banks is, and he gave little hope and suggested grand jury investigations. This met with approval.

C. O. Baldwin's bill did not come up as the attorney general's opinion did not arrive. A petition asked that a reward of $200 be offered for the arrest of John Miller, accused of the murder of E. L. Smith, but no action was taken.

The board this morning had a very quiet session, transacting business of minor importance with great smoothness and unanimity. A number of applications to allow commissioners to issue relief orders to the extent of $50 a year were received, and Commissioner Dinham objected to their hasty consideration. They might be all right, yet it might be found that the parties had relatives who were able to support them. He therefore moved that the superintendent of poor be ordered to investigate all such cases and report at the next meeting. The motion was adopted.

The Miller Trunk road extension was not touched again, and the petition for the board to offer a reward for John Miller was turned down. There being some question whether the appropriation of $8000 for the Crane lake road was legal, a new resolution confirming the appropriation was passed to relieve the doubt.

Wangenstein & Bray presented plans for a poorhouse complete and up-to-date in all respects, to cost not to exceed $45,000. They presented a bill of $1200 for drawing the plans. This afternoon the board was looking over the plans.

W. H. H. Stowell Assigns.

W. H. H. Stowell this morning filed a voluntary assignment for the benefit of his creditors to Frank Hicks. Accompanying the deed of assignment is an affidavit to the effect that his unexempt property does not exceed the sum of $5000.

In the case of R. S. Miller against Cephas Fullerton, Judge Ensign this morning applied for an order setting aside the verdict and granting a new trial. The arguments were made this morning and Judge Ensign took the matter under advisement.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, June 5.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $229,472,251; gold reserve, $144,177,037.

At Full Speed.

The "Black Diamond Express" shown by Edison's projectoscope at the Pilgrim Congregational church tonight. Adults, 25 cents; children, 15 cents.

Shea Demands a Hearing.

John Shea, one of the firemen recently dismissed from the department, has requested a hearing of his case by the fire commissioners. The matter will probably be taken up at the next meeting of the board. Shea has been a member of the fire department for a number of years. He resigned on his own motion some time ago, afterwards being again taken on.

SNORING

Mason's Robust Proboscis Causes a Child's Death In Brooklyn.

His Snore Sent Little Anna Churchill Into Fatal Convulsions.

Washington Store Walls Fall and Crush a Man in the Debris.

New York, June 5.—The snoring habit has broken up families and severed friendships, but for the first time on record, it is believed snoring has been held responsible for death and, unfortunately not the death of the snorer, but of an innocent victim.

Fright, due to hearing a man snore, caused the death of a 3-year-old child, Anna E. Churchill, in Brooklyn last evening. The man who caused the child's death indirectly was Edward Mason, a painter, who boards at the Churchills. After he had been drinking heavily Mason went to the Churchill house, lay down in the kitchen and fell asleep. The child was sleeping in an adjoining room.

Mason's snore is said to be such that most of the people in his block know it. At any rate, it awakened the little Anna Churchill and threw her into convulsions. The family turned Mason out of doors and he was arrested and sent to jail for ten days. A doctor was called in to attend the child, but she passed from one convulsion into another and died last evening.

The case will be investigated by the coroner, who will endeavor to ascertain whether Mason's responsibility for the child's death is a criminal responsibility.

THE WALLS FELL.

Washington Store Collapses and Crushes One Man.

Washington, June 5.—A part of the front wall of the Boston Variety store on Market space between Seventh and Eighth streets fell outwards this afternoon, but fortunately with no serious results, the only one injured being James Hamilton, a white man who was passing the store at the time and was caught beneath the falling bricks and scaffolding. His injuries are slight. The building was owned by Emmons Smith, the proprietor of the sore, and was in process of repair. Damage to the building slight.

Meet me at the
Pavilion
Tomorrow afternoon and evening.
Two popular Music Concerts by the
City Band.
Admission Free.
Take the Incline.

Butchart is Sanguine.

Ex-Sheriff W. W. Butchart is back from the new Eldorado, with his hirsute appendage sprinkled with gold dust and his brain teeming with praises of the riches which fill the rocks of the Rainy Lake country. "It's a grand country," said he this morning, "and don't you forget it. Of course there has been more or less exaggeration, and lots of claims which are hooned to the zenith are worth no more than a Florida swamp. But that is true of any gold country, and that section is going to turn out one of the biggest gold producers of the world." And the genial ex-sheriff stroked his auriferous whiskers and remarked to an enquirer that as soon as he got his mine in shape he would run a pipe line to Duluth for the shipment of gold bricks.

City Band Concerts.

The Duluth City band will give concerts tomorrow afternoon and evening at the Pavilion. Ernst Meier, the popular leader of the band, has prepared an exceptionally fine program, containing a number of the band's most popular selections.

TROOPS FOR NASHVILLE.

Nashville, June 5.—Application has been made by the citizens committee of Nashville to have some United States troops present at Nashville on the arrival of the president and his party there to act as an escort. Middlejohn has decided to accede to the request and will send four companies of infantry from Fort Thomas near Louisville, with the entire regimental band stationed there to Nashville in advance of the presidential party.

CABLE CONSOLIDATION.

Chicago, June 5.—The Daily News says with the possible exception of the City Railway company the Chicago cable lines will be consolidated under the name of the Chicago Traction company. The organizers are J. Pierpont Morgan, C. T. Yerkes, William L. Elkins and P. A. B. Widener.

RUN BY WOMEN.

The state of Besglukovshtschina, in Russia, is probably the only place in the world that is run entirely by women, says Pearson's Weekly. This state is made up of seven villages, each presided over by a mayoress, the whole under the superintendence of a lady named Saschka, who acts as president. There are women magistrates, women preachers, women policemen—in fact, every capacity in the state is filled by women. The roads are made by women, and women sell milk and deliver letters. If you want to bring an action against your neighbor in this state, you go to a woman lawyer, and if there is anything in your house to be stolen, then a burglar of the weaker sex steals it. No place of any importance is filled by a man.

This state of affairs has been brought about by an epidemic which occurred in 1861, and during which the men of the place behaved so badly as to reduce the population to starvation. Since then the women have taken the state in hand and made it prosperous.

THE MERRITTS RETURN.

Are Pursuing Their Mining Explorations in Mexico.

Alfred and Leonidas Merritt arrived in the city this morning from Jalisco, Old Mexico, where they have been for the past four months looking after mining and other investments. In an interview with a reporter for The Evening Herald this afternoon Alfred Merritt said that he had returned to Duluth a month earlier than he expected to in order to look after his interests in litigation now pending in the courts. He will return to Mexico in a short time to look personally after the development of his mining property. Asked if he intended to make his home in Mexico, he replied, "only temporarily," and denied positively the report that he intended to give up his residence in Oneota.

Mr. Merritt was reticent concerning his investments in the Mexican republic, and when asked if his mines were panning out satisfactorily, replied that it would be impossible to answer that question definitely for a year.

RAILROAD MEETINGS.

Sioux City and Omaha Roads Hold Their Annuals.

St. Paul, June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The annual meeting of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, and of the St. Paul & Sioux City railroads were held today.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha road elected Horace G. Burt a director to fill the unexpired term of E. W. Winters, resigned, and re-elected the others.

The officers were re-elected. Executive committee, M. Hughitt, Albert Keep, C. M. Depew, Cornelius Vanderbilt, M. L. Sykes, William K. Vanderbilt, David P. Kimball. A dividend of 2½ per cent on the preferred stock was declared payable Aug. 20, to stockholders of record July 31, 1897.

The St. Paul & Sioux City Railroad company re-elected the old directors. President, M. Hughitt; vice president, Thomas Wilson; treasurer, M. L. Sykes; secretary, E. E. Woodman; assistant secretary, S. O. Howe; assistant treasurer, C. P. Nash. Executive committee, M. Hughitt, A. Keep, C. M. Depew, M. L. Sykes, H. G. Burt, D. P. Kimball, Thomas Wilson.

EX- MAYOR AN EMBEZZLER.

Atlanta, Ga., June 5.—John Tyler Cooper, formerly mayor of Atlanta, and for several years clerk of the board of county commissioners, was found guilty of embezzlement in the superior court here today. Cooper was dismissed from the office of the county commissioners several months ago, and a shortage of $2350 was found in his accounts.

TWO GIRLS FATALLY HURT.

San Luis, Obispo, Cal., June 5.—Misses Stella and Lizzie Hansen, while driving across the Southern Pacific railroad track today, were struck by the northbound passenger train and received injuries which will result fatally. They were aged 15 and 19 respectively.

FRENCH LEGISLATIVE ROW.

Paris, June 5.—During the discussion of the labor troubles in the chamber of deputies today, M. Gerault Richard, a Socialist member, was suspended for referring to some of his colleagues as police spies. He refused to leave and was ejected by the guard. Another Socialist member protested and the session closed in the wildest tumult.

LONG BURIED CITIES.

What the Luxuriant Forests of Ceylon Conceal.

It may be still counted among other things not generally known that in the luxuriant forests of Ceylon the ruins of cities are concealed not inferior in boldness of conception of richness and design to any in the world. They lie in the northern half of the island, almost buried among vegetation, and in some cases still difficult of access, says the London Standard. They were visited and described by Sir Emmerson Tennant, in his classic work on "Ceylon," in which also several small illustrations were published, and from time to time they have received notice from other travelers, but now many of the most remarkable ruins are accurately depicted in the reproductions of photographs which adorn H. W. Cave's new volume on the "Ruined Cities of Ceylon." They have been smitten in bygone ages by the fury of conquerors; they have suffered yet more severely from the hand of time. Trees have taken root on walls and roofs, and have wrenched them asunder; the rank forest vegetation has buried ornamental carvings and sculptured figures. Yet what remains is wonderful, and what would reward excavation may be easily inferred.

The ruins belong to very varied dates, some going back to well before the Christian era, others to three or four centuries after it, while one very beautiful and extensive group belongs mainly, if not wholly, to a comparatively late period in Shinghalese prosperity, the middle of the twelfth century. Their connection with Buddhism is very close, the most conspicuous remains at the present times being commonly temples, monasteries and dagabas—huge, dome-like structures which in magnitude are not unworthy rivals of the pyramids of Egypt.

One of the most remarkable of the groups of ruins is Mimintale, the mountain city. A rocky mass arises abruptly from the plain to a height of 1000 feet. The slopes are now covered with dense forest from the base almost to the top, except on the space where a gigantic stairway of granite slabs leads up to the summit. This might well be taken for a part of the natural hill; in reality it is a huge ruined edifice, the remnant of a dagaba, in the construction of which millions of bricks have been employed.

Near it are other dagabas of great size, and beside these, rock cut chambers and many other remains of the ancient monastery. The city is associated with sacred memories in the history of Ceylon. Here it was that the nation, in the third century before Christ, adopted Buddhism. Gotama himself is said to have visited the island, the inhabitants of which were then snake worshippers, and to have converted the king. On a second visit he left his footprint on the rock as he rose into the air from the summit of Adam's peak. But this sign is appropriated, as is well known, by the followers of different creeds to diverse personages. The Mohammedans attribute it to Adam, the Portuguese Christians were divided in opinion, as to whether it had been left by St. Thomas or by eunuch of Candace, queen of the Ethiopians. Indeed, some critics go so far as to doubt whether Buddha ever visited Ceylon at all, whatever may be the origin of the footprint.

LUMBER

After a Sugar Protest From Austria, the Senate Discussed Lumber.

Senator Vest Opposed the Duty on White Pine Very Forcibly.

Mr. Bacon, of Georgia, Claimed That the Schedule Was Proper.

Washington, June 5.—On the opening of the senate today a letter from the secretary of state was received transmitting a letter from the minister of Austria-Hungary, Baron Von Hengelmueller, protesting, in behalf of his government, against the discriminations of the sugar schedule in the pending tariff bill against bountied sugar. The minister's letter was read in full at the request of Mr. Vest. It urges that the discrimination against sugar receiving bounties denies to Austria-Hungary the most favored nation treatment and also threatens to damage heavily the exports of the country. The communication was referred to the finance committee. At 12:15 the consideration of the tariff bill was resumed. The first paragraph of the wood schedule relating to hewn timber, etc., was agreed to at 1 1-2 cents per cubic foot, the new rate proposed by the committee. When the next paragraph, sawed boards, planks, deals, etc., was reached, Mr. Vest said he would later move to place the articles of this paragraph and those of the previous one on the free list.

Mr. Allison then perfected the proviso referring to the addition of the export duty upon saw logs coming from countries paying an export duty, so that the proviso will apply also to "boom sticks and chains used in towing logs." This amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Jones of Arkansas spoke against an additional tax on lumber, referring to the heavy burden it imposed on the people of the West. He said the rates of the bill were the result of a determined and systematic effort by the lumbermen, and in this connection he read a letter from the national lumber convention, issued from an office in Washington, urging that petitions to senators and members be prepared bearing the names of workingmen. This, Mr. Jones declared, was the means by which the new high rates were being urged.

Mr. Vest said there was not a single item in the bill so utterly indefensible as that increasing the rate on white pine, taking it from the free list and placing it at $2 per 1000 feet. White pine was justly called "the king of coniferous woods," and yet the clear intent of the framers of this bill was to make the rates absolutely prohibitory on this wood. It was due to some extent to a combination between the lumber interests of the West and the South, and he had been confronted by this combination during his last canvass. The senator referred to the manner in which the Maine delegation—the ablest one in congress—had succeeded for years in keeping spruce on the dutiable list. It was a credit to their capacity, which they displayed in all directions, securing among other things more public buildings than any other state.

Mr. Vest declared that the proposed rate on white pine was in the interest of the lumber barons, who have "accumulated millions upon millions" at the expense of the people. As evidence of this the senator read a letter from Michigan giving the names of "Michigan pine kings." In fervid tones Mr. Vest referred to this added burden on the poor to whom every penny was almost a dollar and every dollar almost a drop of blood. It was, he said, the most indefensible item of the bill, without justification or palliation.

Mr. Jones warned his Southern associates against the argument that the lumber interests of the South would be benefited by the exclusion of Canadian lumber. He read a letter from an American lumberman on the border saying the result of the rates would be to compel Canadians to reduce the price of their lumber and it eventually would come into the United States cheaper than at present.

Mr. McLaurin who recently entered the senate, made his initial speech criticising the rates of the wood schedule, saying they were not designed to benefit any Southern industry and that if there was anything of the kind it was merely incidental.

Mr. Vest moved an amendment excepting white pine from the operation of the paragraph.

Mr. Bacon expressed his differences with Mr. Vest. The latter, he said, had pointed out rates increased 100 per cent, while in this schedule the average ad valorem was below 20 per cent. That being the case Mr. Bacon asserted that Mr. Vest's statement that this was the most unjustifiable feature of the bill was not warranted. "I regard it as the most reasonable feature of the whole bill," declared Mr. Bacon. "I regard the schedule as a proper one irrespective of the party from which it comes."

The only fun in town! Two grand Concerts Tomorrow Afternoon and Evening at the
PAVILION
by the City Band. Admission Free.

HIS BRIEF FREEDOM.

Jackson, Miss., June 5.—Charles Price, alias Teller, he diamond robber, a notorious crook, was released from the state prison today, but was immediately rearrested by a deputy United States marshal on a charge of robbing mail boxes in St. Joseph, Mo. He was taken to Detroit for arraignment. Price escaped from the prison here four years ago and was not recaptured until two years later. During the interval the Missouri robberies took place.

The best Ten-Cent Union Cigar EVER MADE.

MANUFACTURED BY H. T. DINHAM,
21 West Superior Street.

PARIS PECULIARITIES.

How the Gay City Differs From Other Places.

If you happen to know Paris fairly well, you are liable to pass unnoticed the little odds and ends that differentiate French life from the American article, says the New York Home Journal. Professor Louis P. Marks has compiled a list of "The Hundred Oddities of Paris." They are so simple that only a scientist would have thought of tabulating them, yet they are just the things that every one notices, and that make up, in sum, the American's impression of Paris. Here are some of them:

It is proper to bow on entering a store, and also on leaving.

Writing materials is furnished in all cafes.

Absence of pie.

When a funeral passes in the street, you take off your hat.

Freight and merchandise wagons are forbidden on many streets.

Streets, instead of being numbered, are named after great men; the streets near the opera, after musicians; those near the national theaters, after dramatists, poets, etc.

Toothpicks used and teeth picked in restaurants.

Very few high buildings; no "sky scrapers."

Octroi stations at all the gates of Paris, where a tax is collected on all food brought in.

Large business concerns have shabby offices; the richer the concern, the shabbier the offices.

Chairs on the sidewalks in front of cafes; even in winter people dine out of doors.

Bootblacks are licensed; do not run the streets; few stands; no boys—mostly old men.

Rubbers are seldom seen; thick-soled shoes are worn.

Men take off their hats to each other; grown-up sons kiss their fathers.

The city economizes in gas; after midnight a man goes along and turns the street lamps down to half-each.

Fruit scarce and dear; for instance, at a modest shop, Feb. 10, 1897, apples, 80 centimes apiece (16 cents apiece); oranges, 50 centimes (10 cents each); mandarins, 30 centimes (6 cents apiece.)

No fire escapes on buildings.

Full dress is common at the theaters only on first nights. No return coupons are given.

Charge for theater programs is common, but not universal.

No place under theater seats for hats; there is, however, a hook on the back of the chair in front, on which the hat may be hung.

No hurry in the streets; no hurry to catch bus or train.

Busses and trains are allowed to carry only a certain number of passengers; no over-crowding; transfers are given fom one line to another; excellent service.

Paintings of the nude are very common in shop windows; everywhere photographs that would interest Anthony Comstock.

The women of all classes lift their dresses higher—when walking in the streets—than in New York, or than seems necessary. They wear embroidered silk petticoats, often very beautiful.

Breakfast takes at least two hours—usually three. It is the chief meal. It is better to ask a man to breakfast than dinner—especially if he is married.

In restaurants prices are burned into the dishes; for instance, "40" in the saucer of your dish of coffee.

No labels on the wine bottles—except the old and expensive wines.

Men tell you they are poets, as calmly as an American would say he is an electrician; they think it is a business.

Many of the streets are lined with trees; if a tree dies, another of the same kind, age, and size, is brought from the state forests and put in its place; the cost is tremendous, but Paris is the most beautiful of modern cities.

The streets are kept clean without the aid of bands of school-girls and school-boys.

At crowded crossings there are islands in the middle of the street.

A Frenchman never says "Oui;" he says "Oui, oui," at least, and often a dozen times.

Statements (even when made in the presence of witnesses) do not count in law; must be in writing and on stamped paper.

The decanter with liquor brought you in a cafe is graded in centimeters to show how much you have taken.

Many women have mustaches; they are not unpopular.

The Frenchman has no conception of feet or inches, quarts or pounds.

Few negroes seen here; they are treated like white men.

Finger-bowls common; a mouth-gargle is passed around between courses at restaurants and in private homes.

No "French mustard" in France; the sweet stuff is called German mustard, and "Irish potatoes" are called English.

Bus drivers blow a horn to clear the way.

Coal is dear—$10 a ton—and is exhibited in glass dishes in the shop windows.

No newsboys; old men only.

French playing cards (government monopoly) much larger and narrower than ours; no small numbers in the corners.

Babies are placed backward in perambulators, so the nurse can face them and watch them.

Nurses wear caps with long ribbons streaming to their heels. Many of them are comely.

The French love pantomime; they will sit for hours, without signs of restlessness, watching nothing being done on the stage.

NATURAL STEAM.

The deepest well in the world will soon be completed near Pittsburg, Pa. It is now more than one mile deep, and, when finished, it may reach down two miles into the earth, says the Washington Star. It is being bored in the interest of science. The object in penetrating so deeply is to determine just what the interior of the human footstool is like. From a commercial point of view, the well was a success long ago. A comparatively few feet below the surface both gas and oil were struck in paying quantities, but the company owning the plant determined to dedicate it to science and invited Professor William Hallock of Columbia college to carry on a series of temperature investigations as the hole is carried deeper and deeper into the earth. The results of these invstigations are very interesting, and it is the opinion of several well-known scientists that the ultimate result of the boring will prove to be of widespread economic as well as of scientific value. Most significant of all the facts so far ascertained is that the well grows steadily hotter as its depth increases.

It is the intention of the company to continue the boring process until something entirely new and original is developed. This may seem a crude way of putting the statement, but it has long been a theory among wellmen that if it is possible to go deep enough some new geologic condition or economic feature would be found to exist. At the very least they claim natural steam would be encountered, or the well walls would finally become so hot that water could be pumped down cold and pumped up in the form of steam, and thus the natural power of the future be obtained. At any rate, there is material for much speculation and the interest becomes greater in increased ratio as the drill descends, and a startlin govent is expected to happen almost any day. One remarkable feature of the well is that the gas found near the surface is now used to operate the powerful engines which do the drilling. Thus the natural power already issuing from the well is utilized for the purpose of deepening it.

A COLUMBUS LETTER.

W. C. Zimmerman, circuit court clerk of Citrus county, and an archaeologist of note, has just reached Fort Myers, Florida, from San Carlos Bay islands, south of Fort Myers, where with a number of friends he has been on a camp hunt. On one of the islands Zimmerman and his friends found the relics of a Spanish expedition sent out from Cuba by Christopher Columbus when the great discoverer was governor of that island. While hunting the men passed a low mound, and at Zimmerman's request an investigation was made, says the Atlanta Constitution.

After a little digging, something hard was struck, and when unearthed it was found to be a complete suit of armor. Further digging unearthed three more suits of armor. Zimmerman pried open the helmet of one of the suits and was shocked to see a skull. The entire suit was then opened and found to contain a skeleton. The other suits were opened and also found to contain skeletons. Four swords made in Toledo were found near the skeletons.

Further digging brought to light an iron box filled with Spanish doubloons and easily worth $6000, a few blunderbusses and cutlasses of antique pattern, bearing the name of Sebastian Velasquez and the date 1490. Zimmerman continued to dig and was rewarded by unearthing another iron box, which proved the most interesting find of all. In this box was found a portrait of a beautiful woman painted on ivory, a medallion dated 1495, on which was a raised figure of Christopher Columbus and a roll of parchment covered with writing.

Zimmerman, who is a fine linguist, soon saw that the parchment was a letter from Columbus to Sebastian Velasquez and related to an expedition which the latter was to lead from Cuba to explore the coasts of Florida. The letter was one of instructions and was signed by Columbus as governor of Cuba. Zimmerman thinks Velasquez's expedition was wrecked near San Carlos, and the members, afraid to venture inland because of the aborigines, settled on this island, where they remained until they perished.

Zimmerman has with him the suits of armor, the doubloons, parchment and other relics. The doubloons will be divided among members of the party and the relics disposed of to the government or one of the great universities.

This is a Money-Saving Sale right in the midst of the season. You can better afford to borrow the money than to miss it. Read the prices carefully and bring the list along to do your shopping.

FREIMUTH'S

THE RELIABLE STORE.

No limit to quantity—you can get all you want as long as the goods hold out, but at the prices we have marked them at, they can't last long. Better come early and get the cream of the bargains.

The Greatest of All Clearing Sales Commences Monday, June 7, and Lasts All Week.

A MAMMOTH JUNE BARGAIN FEAST!

The unusual backward season has left many of our Departments with stocks which ought to have been disposed of the past month and although there is still a good part of the season for their advantageous disposal left, our ever progressive policy to show each season full lines of the latest and newest wares, makes it mandatory for us to inauguarate this **SLAUGHTERING OF MERCHANDISE** and to sacrifice all and every profit in order to make a quick and clean clearance of all this season's stocks. We recognize the fact of taking a heavy loss, but an old proverb says, "One bird in the hand, etc.," and we are appreciating fully its great significance.

A Profitable Purchasing Opportunity is at Hand! Never Has the Dollar Yielded Such Grand Results!

Silks.

For the Clearing Bargain Feast.....

French Brocade and plain colored Surah Silks values up to 45c a yard. Bargain Price, a yard..... **17c**

Printed Silks and Figured Foulards, exceptional good patterns, the serviceable kind, well worth 18c a yard; at this Bargain Sale, only a yard... **29c**

Cheney Bros.' Printed Silks and Figured Foulard Silks. You know they are as good wearing silks as there are made, the price should be double. Special for this sale, a yard.... **38c**

Striped and Brocaded Taffeta Silks in changeable effects, inferior qualities sell elsewhere at $1.00 a yard, we make the price for the Bargain Feast at, a yard **49c**

Colored Taffeta Silks that have been selling at 75c and 85c a yard. These Silks are so much in demand for Shirt Waists, for this Bargain Sale at, a yard **48c**

200 Black and Colored Silk Remnants sell at exactly ..... **½ Price.**

Satin Striped Foulards and Figured China Silks, medium and dark, the choicest printings, never sold at less than $1.00 a yard, Bargain Price, a yard **57c**

2 pieces of Black Taffeta Silk sells at, a yard **47c**

2 pieces of Black Satin Duchess, sells at, a yard..... **63c**

$1.00 and $1.25 a yard Black Brocaded Taffeta Silks, the kind for Skirts and Waists, 22 to 24 inches wide go in this Bargain Feast at, a yd **63c**

25-inch Black Satin Serge Lining Silk at, a yard **48c**

$1.25 Black Peau de Soie sells at, a yard..... **89c**

$1.00 Black Armure Silk sell at, a yard..... **69c**

5 pieces of Black Taffeta Silks with pink, blue, red and gold stripes, well worth $1.00 a yard, go for this sale at, a yard **68c**

Black Dress Goods.

Grand values for this sale that would be impossible under ordinary conditions. We must clear the stock. Here are prices that will make you eager to help us.

8 pieces of double width Black Wool Corded Serges that usually sell at 25c a yard, go in the Stock Clearing Sale at, a yard..... **14c**

55-inch Black All Wool Imported Serge that other houses claim such a bargain at 63c a yard, sell at this sale at, a yard **38c**

A lot of Figured Brilliantines and Wool Brocades 42 to 44 inches wide, a real snap at 75c a yard, to close the stock at, a yard **48c**

48-inch Black All Wool Clay Serge and Wool Figures, well worth 95c, we cut the price deep, a yard... **58c**

45-inch PRIESTLEY'S Black Wool and Mohair Figured Dress Materials that sell all over the land at $1.38 and $1.50 a yard, Stock Clearing Price is, a yard..... **73c**

Priestley's 44 and 46-inch Black Satin Figured Brocades and Fancy Empress Cords $1.75 and $2.00 a yard has been the price for these popular wares, the time for clearing is here, we make the Bargain price, a yd.. **97c**

Imported Novelty Dress Patterns.

We are not going to carry any of them over—the only way out of the difficulty is a selling regardless of cost or values.

These are the Prices for the Bargain Festival.

Patterns worth $12 50 sell at, each.. $6 25
Patterns worth $15.00 sell at, each.. $7 95
Patterns worth $18, $20 sell at, each $9 98
Patterns worth $22, $25 sell at, each $12.50
Patterns worth $30, $35 sell at, each $17.50

Colored Dress Fabrics.

Good values at low prices are bound to make trade. Here are bargain prices that must appeal to buyers who want good values for their money.

36-inch Wool Cashmeres all the leading shades in the lot, 25c a yard has been the price, the Bargain Price is a yard..... **16c**

36 inch and 40-inch Illuminated Diagonals, Brocades and Plain Dress Fabrics, you have never bought equal qualities at less than 40c a yard, Bargain Price, a yard..... **18c**

10 pieces of double fold Novelty Mohair Figured Dress Fabrics, three color blendings, 40c kind, for Clearing Stock price, a yard **25c**

38 inch Fancy Mohair Figured Dress Novelties, Illuminated Colorings, 50c and 60c a yard, would be cheap for them the time for price cutting is here, they sell at, a yard..... **36c**

38 and 40-inch Novelty Dress Materials that have been selling all season at 65c a yard, go in this Bargain Feast at, a yard..... **43c**

500 Wool Dress Goods Remnants sell at about ..... **½ Price.**

AT 50c a yard, choice from about 25 choice spring style Dress Wares in pretty color combinations, including high class pure wool checks in green, navy and other colorings never less than 75c, sale price..... **50c**

AT 75c a yard, a large range of imported German and English Dress Fabrics, 42 to 46 inches wide, brought over to retail at $1.25, clearing price **75c**

Housekeeping Goods.

One bale extra fine quality yard-wide Sheeting, regular price 8c; sale price..... **5½c**

One case of Masonville bleached Muslin, worth 9c—Sale Price..... **6c**

One case of extra heavy Bleached Sheeting, 2¼ yds wide, cheap at 23c—Sale Price..... **17½c**

One case of heavy Crochet Bed Spreads, regular price $1.25—Sale Price..... **89c**

40 fine quality Marseilles Bed Spreads, cheap at $2 50—Sale Price..... **$1.89**

500 yards of short ends of Bleached Table Damask 68-in wide, length of pieces 2½ to 3½ yards; regular value 85c—Sale Price..... **59c**

6-4 Chenille Table Covers, heavy quality, regular price $1.25—Sale Price..... **89c**

8-4 Chenille Table Covers, same quality as above; regular price $2 25—Sale Price..... **$1.85**

Wool-tied Silkoline-covered Summer Comforters; regular price $1.50—Sale Price..... **$1.18**

Wool-tied Summer Comforters, covered with fine Silkoline, and fine cotton filled, cheap at $2.50—Sale Price..... **$1.88**

Good quality Cotton Huck Towels, worth 10c—for this sale at..... **4c**

Hemmed Linen Huck Towels, size 18x38, cheap at 18c—for this sale..... **11½c**

Fine Bleached Hemmed Huck Towels, with fancy fast colored borders, size 19x39, well worth 22c—Sale Price **15c**

Bleached Damask Towels, with knotted fringe, size 20x43 worth 20c—Sale Price **12½c**

Extra large and heavy Damask Towels, with knotted fringe, size 22x46, worth 35c—Sale Price..... **25c**

Bleach Turkish Towels, good quality and size, worth 15c—Sale Price..... **10c**

Brown Turkish Towels, extra large size, 27x52-in, worth 25c—Sale Price **16c**

White Checked and Striped Nainsooks and Lawns, worth 12½c and 15c—for this sale **10c**

Fine White Dimity Striped Nainsooks, specially adapted for Children's Dresses and Aprons, worth from 15c to 18c—Sale Price. **12½c**

500 Stick Pins, worth from 10c to 20c each, for this bargain sale at..... **5c**

Wash Goods

At quick selling prices for this Bargain Feast.

One case of Half-Wool Figured Challies..... Worth 15c, for this sale—per yard only **6c**

One case of Indigo Blue Calicos, regular 7c quality—for the Clearing Sale, per yard.... **4½c**

12½c Lace effect Organdies, light and dark grounds, very newest effects at per yard.... **6½c**

1 case Zephyr Ginghams, plaids, checks and stripes, the 12½c quality; for this sale per yard..... **7c**

30 pieces of American Queen Organdies, and Paris Figured Dimities, none but choice colorings in this lot, well worth 23c and 25c a yard—Bargain price per yard..... **15c**

One case

Apron Checked Ginghams,

The 6c a yard kind, for this sale--per yard **5c**

12½c and 10c a yard quality Outing Flannels go for the Bargain Sale at..... **7½c**

Linings.

Best quality Lining Cambric at..... **3½c**

12½c Silesia Lining, in black and colors, at **8½c**

12½c Black Taffeta Lining at..... **8½c**

20c Gray and Black Taffeta Lining at **15c**

20c Silk Finished Lining at..... **15c**

15c Silk Finished Lining at **12½c**

20c Fast Black Sateen Lining at **16c**

Hosiery.

Ladies' Seamless Foot Hose, fast black, worth 12½c—Sale Price.... **7c**

Ladies' Seamless Hose, heavy quality, worth 15c—Sale Price.... **10c**

Ladies' Hermsdorf fast black 40-gauge Hose, double soles and heels, worth 25c; sale price 3 pairs for 50c; or per pair..... **18c**

Ladies' fine silk finished Maco yarn Hose, cheap at 38c—sale price 3 pairs for 80c, or per pair..... **27c**

Children's Ribbed Fast Black Hose, seamless foot, worth 15c—sale price **10c**

Children's Heavy Ribbed Hose, sizes 6 to 9½, seamless foot, fast black, worth 25c—Sale price 3 pairs for 50c, or per pair..... **18c**

Misses' fine ribbed imported Hermsdorf fast black Hose, worth up to 40c a pair—Sale Price **25c**

Knit Underwear.

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Vests, worth 20c, sale price..... **10c**

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Vests in ecru or white, very nicely finished around neck and arms, would be cheap at 23c, for this sale 2 for **25c**

Ladies' Vests, with long sleeves and high neck, cheap at 25c, sale price **18c**

Ladies' Vests, high neck and long sleeves, regular price 35c, sale price..... **25c**

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Drawers, a bargain at 35c, sale price **25c**

Notions.

	Regular Price.	Sale Price
Ladies' Side Hose Supporters	20c	15c
Misses' Hose Supporters	18c	13c
Children's Hose Supporters	15c	11c
Babies' Hose Supporters	13c	9c
Ladies' Belt Hose Supporters	28c	19c
500-yd Spool Basting Cotton	5c	3c
Pure White Pearl Buttons	10c	5c
Hair Pins, large box	5c	3c
Safety Pins, a card	5c	2c
Linen Crochet Thread	5c	3c
Crown Dress Shield	30c	19c
Stockinet Dress Shields	15c	9c
Hooks and Eyes, black and white, a card	5c	1c
Shell Hair Pins, per doz	20c	10c
Corduroy Dress Binding, yard	9c	7c
Velveteen Dress Binding	7c	5c
Dress Stays, best quality, set	15c	9c

Shirt waist Ball Link Sets, either gold or silver, cheap at 35c, for this sale..... **15c**

500 pairs of Link Cuff Buttons, worth from 50c to 75c, go at this sale at, a pair..... **25c**

Gloves.

15 doz Kid and Chamois Gauntlet Gloves in white and colors, regular price $1.50, sale price, pair.. **79c**

30 doz Zettie 5-hook Kid Gloves, colors brown and black, regular $1.25 Gloves, for this sale at, a pair..... **$1.00**

Children's Lisle Thread Gloves, worth 20c, for this sale, a pair **10c**

Ladies' Pure Milanese black Silk Gloves, worth 40c, for this sale at, a pair **25c**

Ladies' Pure Milanese black Silk Gloves, heavy quality, regular price 50c a pair, sale price.. **35c**

50 doz Pure Silk Mitts, black, well worth 30c, bargain price, a pair..... **18c**

100 doz pure Irish Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, well worth 10c, sale price, each..... **5c**

100 doz Embroidered Lawn Handkerchiefs, worth 18c, for this sale, each..... **10c**

50 doz Gents' Hemstitched Lawn Handkerchiefs, worth 20c, for this sale at, each..... **10c**

25 doz Pure Irish Linen Hemstitched Unlaundered Handkerchiefs, worth 25c, go in this sale at..... **12½c**

25 doz fine grain leather Belts with covered buckles, cheap at 35c, bargain price..... **25c**

Sterling Silver Link Sets, worth 75c a set, go in this sale at..... **25c**

White Pearl Shirt Waist Sets, sell at this bargain feast at, a set **39c**

Ribbons.

1000 yards of silk Ribbons, cheap at 10c a yard, sale price **5c**

1000 yards of Silk Ribbons, worth 15c a yard, sale price..... **8c**

500 yards of Fancy Ribbons, 3 to 3½ inches wide, never sold at less than 35c and 45c a yard, bargain price..... **25c**

500 large rols of Crepe Paper, worth 15c, for this bargain sale at..... **10c**

Buttermilk and Cucumber extract Soap that always sells at 10c a cake, for the bargain sale, a cake..... **5c**

100 doz Vegatine Bequet Soaps, always sold at 5c a cake, for this sale 3 cakes for **8c**

25 doz highly perfumed Tube Rose Toilet Soap, cheap at 12c a cake, for this sale 3 cakes for 20c, or per cake..... **7c**

20c Hand Mirrors at..... **15c**
50c Hand Mirrors at..... **35c**
25c Hair Brushes at **17c**
50c Hair Brushes at **39c**
15c Tooth Brushes at..... **10c**
35c Celluloid Combs at **25c**
15c Rubber Combs at..... **10c**

The Shoe Bargain Festival.

Choice of 150 pairs Children's stylish and durably-made Shoes, in black, brown and oxblood; lace or button; sizes 8½ to 11; never sold at less than $1.25 a pair—sale price, per pair.... **93c**

Ladies' hand-turn Dongola and Tan Oxfords, very flexible, $1 75 value—sale price..... **$1.25**

Ladies' hand-turn Dongola Strap Slippers, bow and buckle; warranted not to rip, others ask $1.25—sale price..... **89c**

Ladies' Dongola Button Shoes, extension sole, all solid, patent leather tip; a good wearer, $2.00 value—sale price, per pair..... **$1.25**

Children's hand-sewed brown Shoes, lace or button, sizes 5 to 8, $1.00 value—sale price..... **73c**

Infants' hand-sewed Dongola Button Shoes, patent leather tip, soft silky stock, sizes 2 to 5; 60c value—sale price..... **39c**

One lot of Ladies small sizes of Oxfords, sizes 2½, 3 and 3½—choice, per pair..... **50c**

A large assortment of Misses' and Children's Fancy Strap Slippers in black or colored—sale prices..... **$1, 90c, 75c**

Youths' Shoes, good wearers—per pair..... **98c**

Muslin Underw'r and Corsets.

Second Floor.

Ladies' Muslin Corset Covers, for this sale only **10c**

Ladies' Cambric Corset Covers, well made and well fitting, worth 25c, sale price..... **15c**

Ladies' Corset Covers, richly trimmed with embroidery, cheap at 35c, sale price **23c**

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, embroidery trimmed, cheap at 35c, sale price only..... **25c**

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, made from extra quality cotton and trimmed with fine embroidery, a bargain at 50c, sale price **39c**

Ladies' Night Gowns, embroidery trimmed, worth 65c, sale price ... **43c**

Ladies' Night Gowns, made from extra quality muslin, with wide flowing collar and cuffs, worth 85c, sale price **68c**

Ladies' Night Gowns, made from extra good cotton, embroidery trimmed, cheap at $1.20, sale price..... **89c**

Ladies' Night Gowns, very exquisitely trimmed with Hamburg Edging, cheap at $1.50, sale price **$1.18**

Ladies' Ventilating Summer Corsets, the best 50c Corset made, for this sale at..... **39c**

Royal Worsted extra long waist Corsets, regular price $1—to close out only..... **79c**

Jenness Miller $2 Waists at..... **$1.25**

Jenness Miller $2 50 Waists at..... **$1.75**

Jenness Miller $3 Waists at..... **$2.25**

Millinery.

Children's Sailor Hats, worth 25c—at..... **13c**

Children' Muslin and Lace Caps; regular price 25c to 40c; at..... **15c**

Children's Lace Caps, worth 50c, at..... **25c**

Children's untrimmed Hats; worth 50c, at..... **29c**

Fancy Linen Crash Bicycle Hats, worth $1.00, at.... **50c**

Milan Straw Trimmed Sailors, worth $1 25, at..... **75c**

Trimmed White Sailor Hats, worth 60c, at..... **35c**

Fancy Straw Sailor Hats, worth $1.85, at..... **$1.25**

Children's Trimmed Hats, worth $1 50, at..... **98c**

Ladies' trimmed Hats at Special Bargain Prices.

Special good bargains in Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.

Lace Curtain Bargains.

3rd Floor.

Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3 yds long, worth $1.25; sale price **85c**

Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3 yards long, worth $1.50; sale price..... **$1.00**

Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, worth $2.50; sale price..... **$1.75**

Nottingham Lace Curtains, 4 yards long, worth $2 75; for this sale..... **$1.98**

Nottingham Lace Curtains, very fine quality, worth $3.50; for this sale..... **$2.50**

Brussels Lace Curtains, 3½ yds long, worth $5.00; for this sale **$3.75**

Brussels Lace Curtains, very fine quality, cheap at $10; for this sale..... **$7.50**

Irish Point Lace Curtains, 3 yds long, always cheap at $4 50; for this sale..... **$3.50**

Irish Point Lace Curtains, a bargain at $10; for this sale.. **$6.98**

Choice from $6 to $7 Chenille or Derby Portieres, for this sale **$5.00**

Extra quality Smyrna Rugs, size 27x54, only..... **$1.69**

Extra quality Smyrna Rugs, size 30x60, only..... **$1.98**

Extra quality Smyrna Rugs, size 36x72, only..... **$3.25**

Carpet Bargains.

Heavy Velvet Carpet, made and laid during this sale at..... **78c**

Good Tapestry Brussels Carpet, made and laid during this sale at **58c**

All-wool Ingrain Carpet, good heavy quality, made and laid during this sale..... **58c**

Good Union Wool Carpet, only..... **25c**

Ladies' and Misses Jackets

Almost Given Away...

AT $3.00

Black and Colored Jackets in Reefer and Fly Front Styles that sold all season from $5.00 to $6.50.

AT $4.00

Black and colored Kersey and Clay Diagonal Jackets, many of them Silk lined and worth from $7.50 to $9 00.

AT $5.00

Black and Colored Silk lined Jackets none of them worth less than $10.00 and up to $12.50.

AT $6.50

Choice of Covert Cloth Clay Worsted and fine Kearsey Cloth Jackets, worth from $12.50 to $15 00.

40 Tan colored Capes, very stylish and nobby at exactly ..... **½ Price**

Tailor Made Suits

AT $5.75

Ladies' Canvas Cloth Suits in either fly front or Eton style Jackets, this price don't cover the cost of the material.

AT $6.95

Ladies' tailor-made Covert Cloth and Storm Serge Suits, would be a bargain at $10.00.

AT $8.50

Your choice from Covert cloth and fancy Novelty Cloth Suits with the new Eton style silk lined Jackets, regular value $12 50.

AT $10.00

Fine quality Serge Eton Suits in navy, green and plum, very stylish and dressy and quick sellers all season at $14 00.

AT $11.50

Your choice from about 25 stylish up-to-date Suits in a variety of colors and cloth, worth from $15.00 to $17.50.

Children's Reefer Jackets at 1-4 off from regular price during this sale.

Japanese Silk Shirt Waists in plain black, navy and red, cheap at $3 75, during this sale only $2 75.

25 dozen German **Kid Gloves**, colors brown, mode and slate, very serviceable Gloves, regular price $1 00, bargain price, per pair **50c**

Men's Furnishings.

Men's Unlaundered Shirts, extra heavily re-inforced front, back and under arms, fine linen front, collar and cuff bands, worth 75c—sale price..... **48c**

Men's Neglige Shirts, made from good quality Percale, laundered collars and cuffs, soft bosom; cheap at 75c—sale price..... **50c**

Men's Dress Shirts, London Percale bosom and white body, with collars and cuffs, sold always at $1.25—sale price..... **98c**

Men's fine Balbriggan Shirts and Pants, worth 75c—sale price..... **49c**

Men's fine Seamless Sox, worth 18c—sale price..... **10c**

Men's extra quality Fast Black and Tan Sox, worth 23c—for this sale at..... **15c**

Boys' extra heavy Percale Shirt Waists, regular price 35c—sale price..... **25c**

Boys' Mother's Friend Laundered Shirt Waists, in beautiful patterns, worth 75c, at **50c**

We will fill mail orders for any of the above goods providing the same have not been closed out, and will refund the money if goods ARE NOT EXACTLY as advertised.

FREIMUTH'S

We are sole agent in Duluth for Butterick Patterns and Butterick publications, also for Her Majesty's Corsets and the Equipoise Waists.